

# **PHISHING EMAIL DETECTION & AWARENESS SYSTEM**

**Cyber security Internship -TASK 2**

**Internship Program: Future Interns**

**Submitted By:** shashank

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## **Introduction**

Phishing is a type of cyberattack in which attackers impersonate trusted organizations to trick users into revealing sensitive information such as passwords, banking credentials, OTPs, or personal data. These attacks are commonly delivered through email and rely heavily on social engineering techniques such as urgency, fear, and reward-based manipulation.

The objective of this task is to analyze sample emails, identify phishing indicators, classify them into Safe, Suspicious, or Phishing categories, and provide awareness and prevention guidelines.

## **Tools Used**

- Sample phishing emails (simulated)
- Email content analysis
- Link inspection method
- Domain verification concept
- MS Word for documentation

## **Email Analysis & Classification**

### **Email 1 – Phishing**

Subject: Urgent: Your Bank Account Will Be Suspended

From: [support@hdfc-alert-demo.com](mailto:support@hdfc-alert-demo.com)

Email Content:

Dear Customer,

We detected unusual activity in your HDFC Bank account.

Your account will be suspended within 24 hours.

Click below to verify immediately:

<http://hdfc-verify-demo.com>

**Indicators Identified:**

- Fake domain (not official hdfcbank.com)
- Urgency & Fear tactics.
- Generic greeting.
- Suspicious link.

**Risk Level: High**

**Classification:** Phishing Email.

**Email 2 -Suspicious**

Subject: Congratulations! You Won ₹5,00,000

From: [rewardcenter-demo@gmail.com](mailto:rewardcenter-demo@gmail.com)

Email Content:

Congratulations!

You have been selected as a winner of ₹5,00,000 in our lottery program. Send your Adhaar number and bank details to claim your reward.

**Indicators Identified:**

- Unrealistic reward offer
- Non-official sender (Gmail)
- Request for sensitive personal information
- No verification of organization

**Risk Level: Medium**

**Classification:** Suspicious Email

### Email 3 – Safe

Subject: Monthly Account Statement – January

From: [noreply@hdfcbank.com](mailto:noreply@hdfcbank.com)

Email Content:

Dear Mr. Sharma,

Your January account statement is now available. Please log in through the official HDFC Bank Net Banking portal to view your statement.

### Indicators Observed:

- Official domain (hdfcbank.com)
- Professional tone
- No urgency or threats
- No request for sensitive information
- No suspicious links.

**Risk Level:** Low

**Classification:** Safe Email

### Phishing Techniques Identified

Attackers often use psychological tricks and technical methods to trick users. The following techniques were identified during analysis:

- **Domain Spoofing:** Using fake or similar-looking email addresses to impersonate a trusted source.
- **Urgency / Fear Tactics:** Messages that create panic, e.g., “Account will be suspended within 24 hours.”
- **Greed / Reward Scams:** Fake lottery or prize messages to lure users.
- **Suspicious Links:** URLs that do not match official domains or redirect to malicious sites.
- **Social Engineering:** Manipulating user behaviour through emotions or trust.

## Risk Impact Explanation

If phishing emails are successful, the potential risks include:

- **Financial Fraud:** Unauthorized transactions or account compromise.
- **Identity Theft:** Attackers may steal personal information.
- **Credential Compromise:** Login details may be harvested.
- **Malware Infection:** Malicious links or attachments may infect devices.
- **Organizational Data Breach:** Sensitive company data can be exposed.

## Prevention & Awareness Guidelines

### For Individuals:

- Verify the sender’s email address carefully.
- Hover over links before clicking to check the actual URL.
- Never share OTPs, passwords, or banking details via email.

- Enable Two-Factor Authentication (2FA) wherever possible.
- Avoid downloading attachments from unknown sources.
- Report suspicious emails to IT/security teams.

### **For Organizations:**

- Conduct regular phishing awareness training for employees.
- Implement email filtering and spam detection systems.
- Use SPF, DKIM, and DMARC email authentication policies.
- Perform simulated phishing exercises to test employees.
- Maintain endpoint protection and monitor unusual activities.

**Table of Email Classification**

Email	Subject	From	Indicators Identified	Risk level	Classification
Email1	Urgent: Your HDFC Bank Account will be Suspended	<a href="mailto:support@hdfc-alert-demo.com">support@hdfc-alert-demo.com</a>	Fake domain, urgency/fear, generic greeting, suspicious link.	High	Phishing
Email 2	Congratulations! You Won ₹5,00,000	<a href="mailto:Rewardcenter-demo@gmail.com">Rewardcenter-demo@gmail.com</a>	Unrealistic reward, non-official sender, requests sensitive info, no org verification.	Medium	Suspicious
Email 3	Monthly Account statement - January	<a href="mailto:noreply@hdfcbank.com">noreply@hdfcbank.com</a>	Official domain, professional tone, no urgency, no sensitive info requested.	Low	Safe

## Phishing Process Flowchart



### Conclusion:

Phishing attacks remain one of the most common cybersecurity threats. By identifying suspicious indicators such as fake domains, urgency tactics, and requests for sensitive information, users can reduce the risk of cyber fraud. Awareness, preventive measures, and technical controls are essential for maintaining cybersecurity hygiene.