

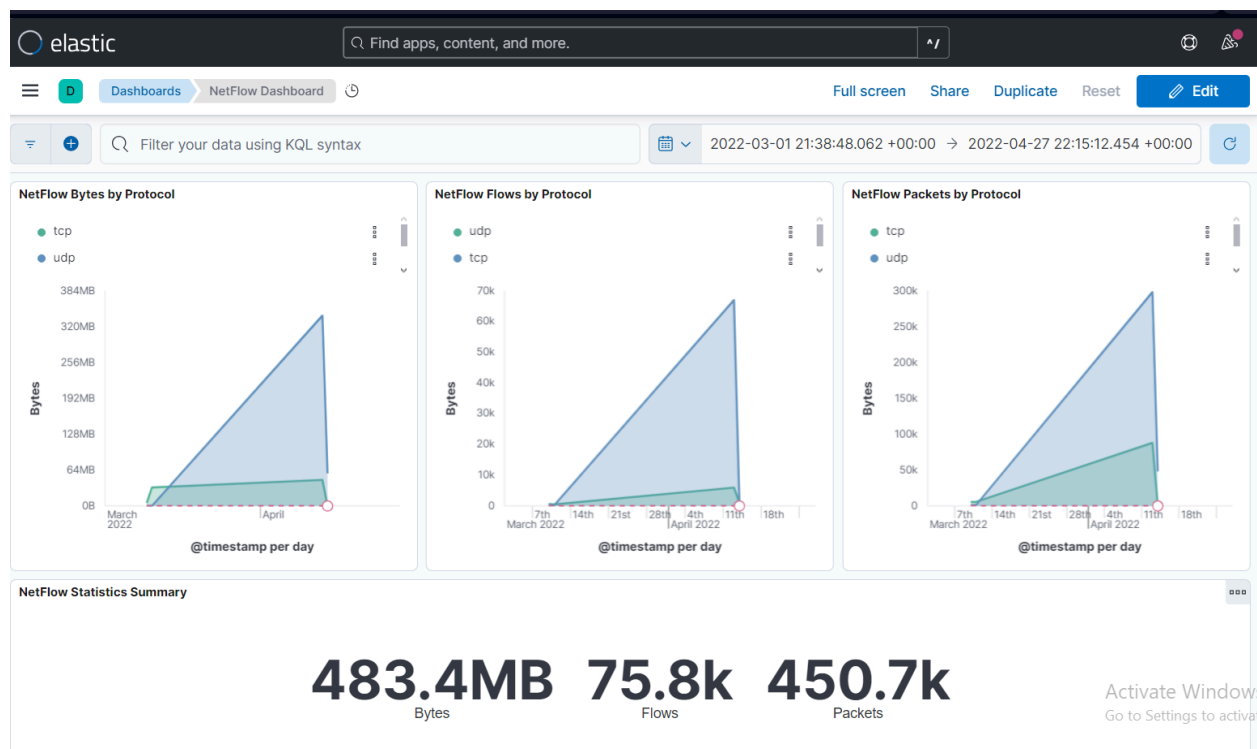
Overview

This exercise involved analyzing NetFlow data using SOF-ELK to identify suspicious traffic, such as port scans and SYN flood attacks. The goal was to filter out normal traffic, focus on anomalies, and determine what might have occurred.

Steps to Analyze Network Traffic and Findings

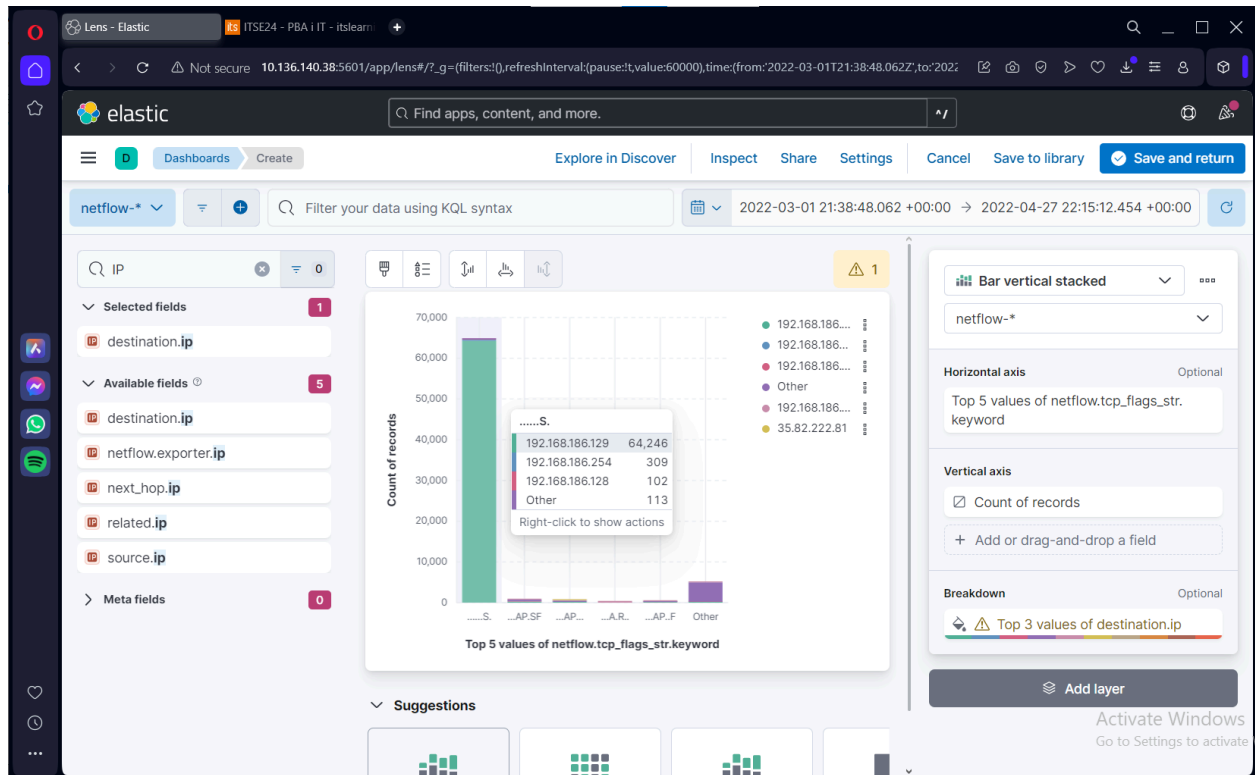
1. Importing and Setting Up the NetFlow Data

- Imported netflow-lab-v14042022.zip into SOF-ELK.
- Set the time frame to **March 1, 2022 – April 27, 2022**, where most data was present.



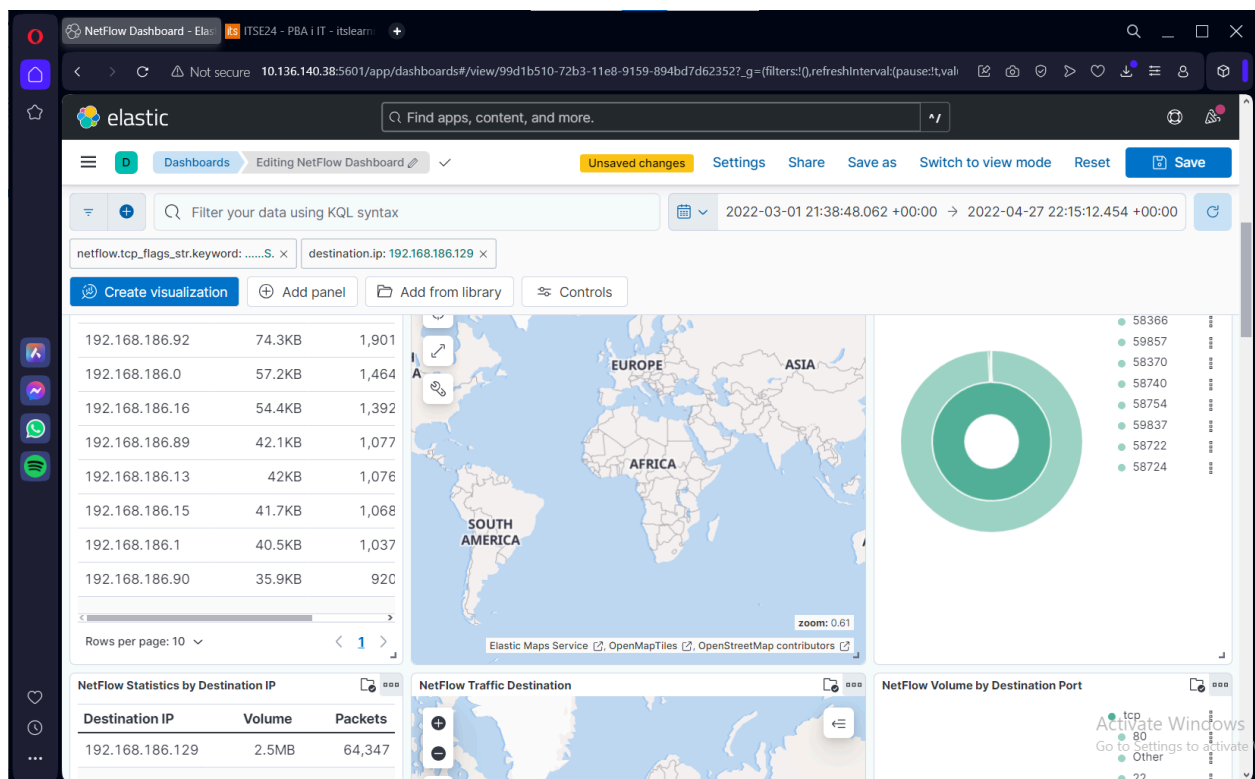
2. Initial Filtering and Observations

- The destination IP 192.168.186.129 had **over 64,000 records**, far higher than typical traffic (100–300 records for other IPs).

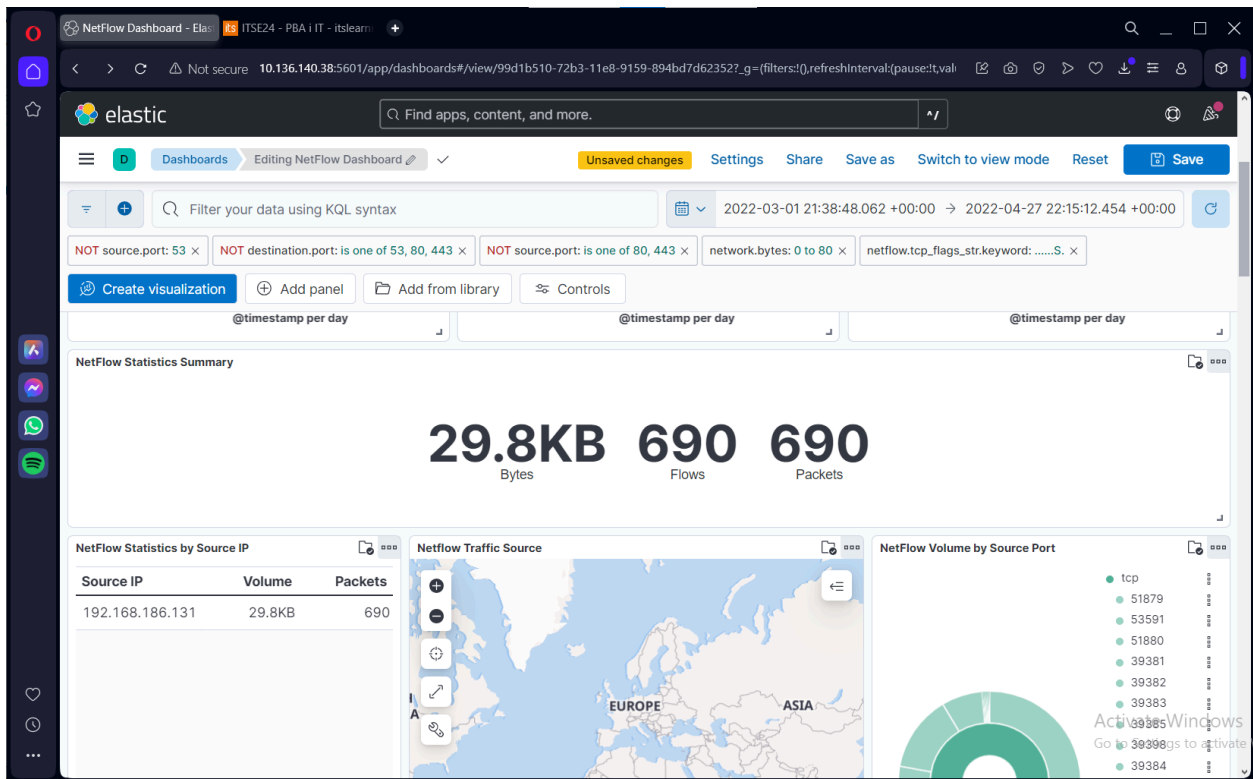


3. Filtering Suspicious Traffic

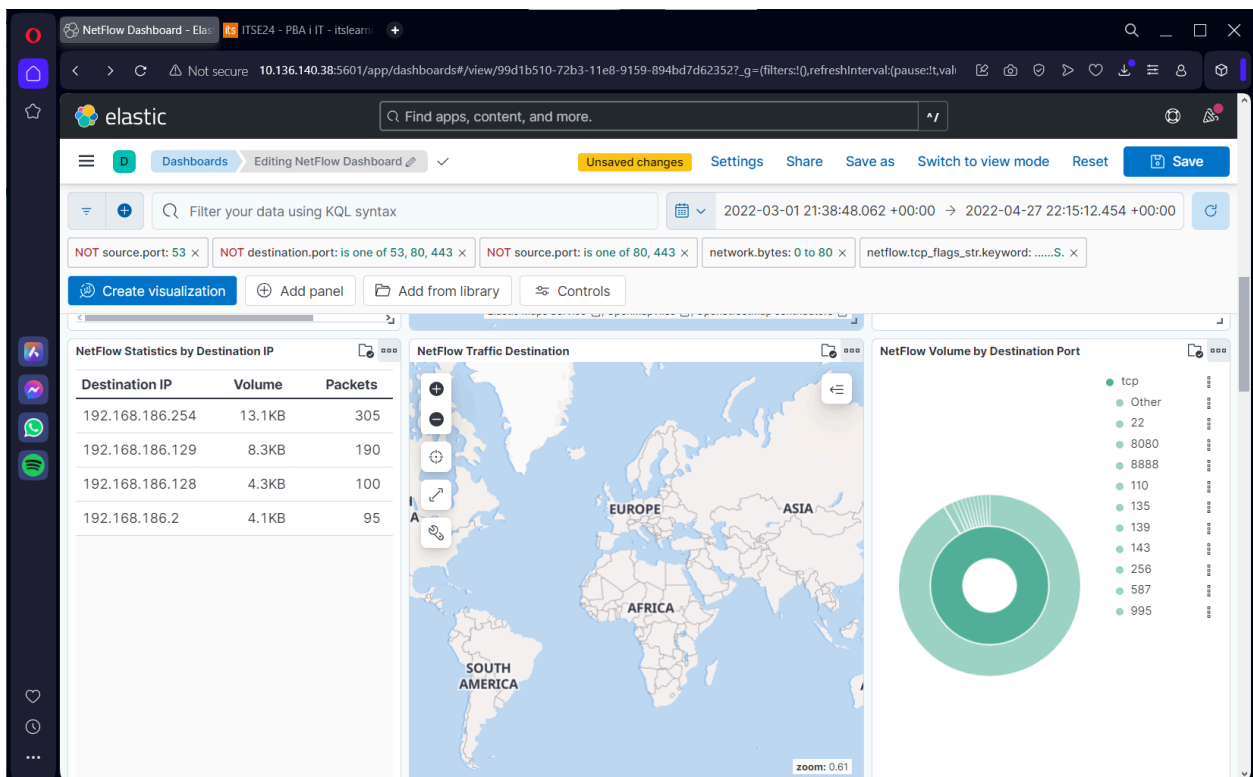
- Applied filters to focus on **TCP SYN packets** (.....S) and small network byte sizes (≤ 80 bytes - typical to SYN packets).



- Excluded normal traffic by filtering out common ports like 53 (DNS), 80 (HTTP), and 443 (HTTPS).



- The refined data revealed unusual traffic patterns likely related to scanning or attacks.



Conclusion

The analysis revealed that 192.168.186.129 was likely targeted by a **SYN flood attack** and **port scanning activity**.