

Murano Administrator's Guide

Murano Administrator's Guide

v0.2

Publication date 2013-09-09

Copyright ©

Abstract

This document is intended for individuals who wish to install and use our product or intend to contribute.

Table of Contents

1. General Deployment Steps	1
Prepare A Lab For Murano	1
Lab Requirements	1
Test Your Lab Host Performance	1
Baseline Bata	2
Host Optimizations	2
Install OpenStack	3
Configure OpenStack	3
2. Install Murano Components	4
3. Prepare Image Builder	5
Image Builder	5
Install Required Packages	5
Configure Shared Resource	5
Additional Software	6
Windows ADK	6
Putty	6
Windows Server 2012 ISO image	6
VirtIO Red Hat drivers ISO image	7
Floppy Image With Unattended File	7
4. Build Windows Image (Automatic Way)	8
5. Build Windows Image (Manual Way)	9
Get Windows Post Install script	9
Copy scripts to the shared folder	9
Create guest VM	9
Way 1 - from console	9
Way 2 - from virt-manager UI	10
Finish process	10
6. Upload Image Into Glance	11

List of Tables

1.1. Hardware requirements	1
1.2. OS Requirements	1
3.1. Required Packages	5

Chapter 1. General Deployment Steps

Prepare A Lab For Murano

This section provides basic information about lab's system requirements. It also contains a description of a test which you may use to check if your hardware fits the requirements. To do this, run the test and compare the results with baseline data provided.

Lab Requirements

Table 1.1. Hardware requirements

Criteria	Minimal	Recommended
CPU	4 core @ 2.4 GHz	24 core @ 2.67 GHz
RAM	8 GB	24 GB or more
HDD	2 x 500 GB (7200 rpm)	4 x 500 GB (7200 rpm)
RAID	Software RAID-1 (use mdadm as it will improve read performance almost two times)	Hardware RAID-10

There are a few possible storage configurations except the shown above. All of them were tested and were working well.

- 1x SSD 500+ GB
- 1x HDD (7200 rpm) 500+ GB and 1x SSD 250+ GB (install the system onto the HDD and mount the SSD drive to folder where VM images are)
- 1x HDD (15000 rpm) 500+ GB

The list of OSes which we used in our lab is shown below.

Table 1.2. OS Requirements

List
Ubuntu Server 12.04 LTS

Test Your Lab Host Performance

We have measured time required to boot 1 to 5 instances of Windows system simultaneously. You can use this data as the baseline to check if your system is fast enough.

You should use sysprepped images for this test, to simulate VM first boot.

Steps to reproduce test:

1. Prepare Windows 2012 Standard (with GUI) image in QCOW2 format. Let's assume that its name is ws-2012-std.qcow2
2. Ensure that there is NO KVM PROCESSES on the host. To do this, run command:

```
># ps aux | grep kvm
```

3. Make 5 copies of Windows image file:

```
># for i in $(seq 5); do cp ws-2012-std.qcow2 ws-2012-std-$i.qcow2; done
```

4. Create script start-vm.sh in the folder with .qcow2 files:

```
#!/bin/bash
[ -z $1 ] || echo "VM count not provided!"; exit 1
for i in $(seq $1); do
    echo "Starting VM $i ..."
    kvm \
        -m 1024 \
        -drive file=ws-2012-std-$i.qcow2,if=virtio \
        -net user -net nic,model=virtio \
        -nographic \
        -usbdevice tablet \
        -vnc :$i &
done
```

5. Start ONE instance with command below (as root) and measure time between VM's launch and the moment when Server Manager window appears. To view VM's desktop, connect with VNC viewer to your host to VNC screen :1 (port 5901):

```
># ./start-vm.sh 1
```

6. Turn VM off. You may simply kill all KVM processes by

```
># killall kvm
```

7. Start FIVE instances with command below (as root) and measure time interval between ALL VM's launch and the moment when LAST Server Manager window appears. To view VM's desktops, connect with VNC viewer to your host to VNC screens :1 thru :5 (ports 5901-5905):

```
># ./start-vm.sh 5
```

8. Turn VMs off. You may simply kill all KVM processes by

```
># killall kvm
```

Baseline Bata

The table below provides baseline data which we've got in our environment.

Avg. Time refers to the lab with recommended hardware configuration, while **Max. Time** refers to minimal hardware configuration.

	Boot ONE instance	Boot FIVE instances
Avg. Time	3m:40s	8m
Max. Time	5m	20m

Host Optimizations

Default KVM installation could be improved to provide better performance.

The following optimizations may improve host performance up to 30%:

- change default scheduler from **CFQ** to **Deadline**
- use **kvm**
- use **vhost-net**

Install OpenStack

Currently we use Devstack (<http://devstack.org/>) to build our lab environment.

Use Devstack's guide to install single VM OpenStack (<http://devstack.org/guides/single-vm.html> [<http://devstack.org/guides/single-vm.html>])

localrc example.

```
HOST_IP=  
FLAT_INTERFACE=  
FLOATING_RANGE=
```

```
ADMIN_PASSWORD=swordfish  
MYSQL_PASSWORD=swordfish  
RABBIT_PASSWORD=swordfish  
SERVICE_PASSWORD=swordfish  
SERVICE_TOKEN=token
```

```
ENABLED_SERVICES+=,heat,h-api,h-api-cfn,h-api-cw,h-eng
```

```
# Image's cache is in $TOP_DIR/files
```

```
IMAGE_URLS+=",http://fedorapeople.org/groups/heat/prebuilt-jeos-images/F17-x86_64-
```

```
# /etc/nova/nova.conf
```

```
EXTRA_OPTS=(force_config_drive=true libvirt_images_type=qcow2 force_raw_images=fal
```

```
# Logging
```

```
SCREEN_LOGDIR=/opt/stack/log/
```

```
LOGFILE=$SCREEN_LOGDIR/stack.sh.log
```

If you need to image builder only, then install only packages required to run **KVM** (see below).

Configure OpenStack

New OpenStack installation requires configuration. However, if you are using Devstack, then it's have been done.

Otherwise, configure your OpenStack before proceed.

Chapter 2. Install Murano Components

Murano Components installation notes are described in Murano developer's guide. Please consult that document.

Chapter 3. Prepare Image Builder

Murano requires a Windows Image in QCOW2 format to be builded and uploaded into Glance.

The easiest way to build Windows image for use with Murano is to build it right on the host where your OpenStack is installed.

Image Builder

The following packages should be installed on any host which will be used to build Windows Image.

Install Required Packages

Note

Please check that hardware virtualization supported and enabled in BIOS.

Table 3.1. Required Packages

Package Name	Package Version
ipxe-qemu	1.0.0+git-4.d6b0b76-0ubuntu2
kvm-ipxe	1.0.0+git-4.d6b0b76-0ubuntu2
qemu-kvm	1.4.0+dfsg-1expubuntu4
munin-libvirt-plugins	0.0.6-1
python-libvirt	1.0.2-0ubuntu11
libvirt-bin	1.0.2-0ubuntu11
libvirt0	1.0.2-0ubuntu11
munin-libvirt-plugins	0.0.6-1
python-libvirt	1.0.2-0ubuntu11
virt-goodies	0.4-2
virt-manager	0.9.4-2ubuntu3
virt-top	1.0.7-1
virt-what	1.12-1
virtinst	0.600.3-3ubuntu1
python	2.7.4-0ubuntu1

```
># apt-get install ipxe-qemu kvm-ipxe qemu-kvm virt-goodies \
    virtinst virt-manager libvirt0 libvirt-bin \
    munin-libvirt-plugins python python-libvirt \
    python-libxml2 python-minimal python-pycurl \
    python-pyorbit python-requests python-six \
    samba samba-common openssh-server virt-top virt-what
```

Configure Shared Resource

Configure samba based share.

```
># mkdir -p /opt/samba/share
># chown -R nobody:nogroup /opt/samba/share
```

Configure samba server (/etc/samba/smb.conf).

```
...
[global]
    ...
    security = user
...
[share]
    comment = Deployment Share
    path = /opt/samba/share
    browsable = yes
    read only = no
    create mask = 0755
    guest ok = yes
    guest account = nobody
...
```

Restart services.

```
># service smbd restart
># service nmbd restart
```

Additional Software

This section describes additional software which is required to build an Windows Image.

Windows ADK

Windows Assessment and Deployment Kit (ADK) for Windows® 8 is required to build your own answer files for auto unattended Windows installation.

You can download it from <http://www.microsoft.com/en-us/download/details.aspx?id=30652> [<http://www.microsoft.com/en-us/download/details.aspx?id=30652>] .

Putty

PuTTY is a useful tool to manage your Linux boxes via SSH.

You can download it from <http://www.chiark.greenend.org.uk/~sgtatham/putty/download.html> [<http://www.chiark.greenend.org.uk/~sgtatham/putty/download.html>]

Windows Server 2012 ISO image

We use the following Windows installation images:

Windows Version	Image Name
Windows Server 2008 R2	7601.17514.101119-1850_x64fre_server_eval_en-us-GRMSXEVAL_EN_DVD.iso
Windows Server 2012	9200.16384.WIN8_RTM.120725-1247_X64FRE_SERVER_EVAL_EN-US-HRM_SSS_X64FREE_EN-US_DV5.iso

You may download them using one of the following links:

Windows Version	Download Link
Windows Server 2008 R2	http://www.microsoft.com/en-us/download/details.aspx?id=11093 [http://www.microsoft.com/en-us/download/details.aspx?id=11093]
Windows Server 2012	http://technet.microsoft.com/en-US/evalcenter/hh670538.aspx?ocid=&wt.mc_id=TEC_108_1_33 [http://technet.microsoft.com/en-US/evalcenter/hh670538.aspx?ocid=&wt.mc_id=TEC_108_1_33]

VirtIO Red Hat drivers ISO image

Download drivers from <http://alt.fedoraproject.org/pub/alt/virtio-win/stable/> [<http://alt.fedoraproject.org/pub/alt/virtio-win/stable/>]

Please, choose stable version instead of latest, We've got errors with unstable drivers during guest unattended install.

Floppy Image With Unattended File

Run followinf commands as root:

1. Create empty floppy image in your home folder

```
># dd bs=512 count=2880 \  
    if=/dev/zero of=~/.floppy.img \  
    mkfs.msdos ~/.floppy.img
```

2. Mount the image to **/media/floppy**

```
># mkdir /media/floppy mount -o loop \  
    ~/.floppy.img /media/floppy
```

3. Download **autounattend.xml** file from <https://raw.githubusercontent.com/murano-deployment/master/image-builder/share/files/ws-2012-std/autounattend.xml> [<https://raw.githubusercontent.com/murano-deployment/master/image-builder/share/files/ws-2012-std/autounattend.xml>]

```
># cd ~  
># wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/murano-deployment/  
    /master/image-builder/share/files/ws-2012-std/autounattend.xml
```

4. Copy our **autounattend.xml** to **/media/floppy**

```
># cp ~/autounattend.xml /media/floppy
```

5. Unmount the image

```
># umount /media/floppy
```

Chapter 4. Build Windows Image (Automatic Way)

1. Clone **murano-deployment** repository

```
># git clone git://github.com/stackforge/murano-deployment.git
```

2. Change directory to **murano-deployment/image-builder** folder.

3. Create folder structure for image builder

```
># make build-root
```

4. Create shared resource

Add to /etc/samba/smb.conf.

```
[image-builder-share]
comment = Image Builder Share
browsable = yes
path = /opt/image-builder/share
guest ok = yes
guest user = nobody
read only = no
create mask = 0755
```

Restart samba services.

```
># restart smbd && restart nmbd
```

5. Test that all required files are in place

```
># make test-build-files
```

6. Get list of available images

```
># make
```

7. Run image build process

```
># make ws-2012-std
```

8. Wait until process finishes

9. The image file **ws-2012-std.qcow2** should be stored under **/opt/image-builder/share/images** folder.

Chapter 5. Build Windows Image (Manual Way)

Warning

Please note that the preferred way to build images is to use **Automated Build** described later in this book.

Get Windows Post Install script

All post-install actions are performed by script named **wpi.ps1**. You may download it using the link <https://raw.githubusercontent.com/stackforge/murano-deployment/master/image-builder/share/scripts/ws-2012-std/wpi.ps1> [<https://raw.githubusercontent.com/stackforge/murano-deployment/master/image-builder/share/scripts/ws-2012-std/wpi.ps1>]

To finish image preparation **Start-Sysprep.ps1** script is used. You may download it using the link <https://raw.githubusercontent.com/stackforge/murano-deployment/master/image-builder/share/scripts/ws-2012-std/Start-Sysprep.ps1> [<https://raw.githubusercontent.com/stackforge/murano-deployment/master/image-builder/share/scripts/ws-2012-std/Start-Sysprep.ps1>]

Note

There are a few scripts named **wpi.ps1**, each supports only one version of Windows image. The script above is intended to be used to create Windows Server 2012 Standard. To build other version of Windows please use appropriate script from **scripts** folder.

Copy scripts to the shared folder

All scripts should be copied to the shared resource folder, subfolder **Scripts**.

Create guest VM

Way 1 - from console

Run all commands as root.

Preallocate disk image.

```
># qemu-img create -f qcow2 -o preallocation=metadata \  
/var/lib/libvirt/images/winserv_vio.qcow2 20G
```

Start guest install.

```
># virt-install --connect qemu:///system --hvm --name WinServ \  
--ram 2048 --vcpus 2 --cdrom /opt/samba/share/9200.16384.WIN8_RTM\  
.120725-1247_X64FRE_SERVER_EVAL_EN-US-HRM_SSS_X64FREE_EN-US_DV5.ISO \  
--disk path=/opt/samba/share/virtio-win-0.1-52.iso,device=cdrom \  
--disk path=/opt/samba/share/flop.img,device=floppy \  
--disk path=/var/lib/libvirt/images/winserv_vio.qcow2\
```

```
,format=qcow2,bus=virtio,cache=none \  
  --network network=default,model=virtio \  
  --memballoon model=virtio --vnc --os-type=windows \  
  --os-variant=win2k8 --noautoconsole \  
  --accelerate --noapic --keymap=en-us --video=cirrus --force
```

Way 2 - from virt-manager UI

- launch virt-manager from shell as root
- set Guest VM name and Local install media
- add 1 cdrom - Windows Server ISO image
- set OS type: Windows and version: Windows Server 2008
- set CPU and RAM amount
- deselect Enable storage for this virtual machine
- select Customize configuration before install
- add 2 cdrom - virtio ISO image
- add floppy - our floppy image
- add/or create HDD image with Disk bus: VirtIO and storage format: QCOW2
- set network device model: VirtIO
- If everything OK - start installation process, guest vm screen accessible through Console button

Finish process

After install process finished for reference image compression run as root

```
># qemu-img convert -O qcow2 /var/lib/libvirt/images/winserv_vio.qcow2 \  
  /var/lib/libvirt/images/winserv_vio_ref.qcow2
```

Chapter 6. Upload Image Into Glance

Services deployed by Murano require specially prepared images, that can be created manually or via automated scripts. Please refer to corresponding chapters of this book to create image. After images are created they should be registered in Openstack Glance - image operation service.

1. Use the glance image-create command to import your disk image to Glance:

```
>$ glance image-create --name <NAME> \  
    --is-public true --disk-format qcow2 \  
    --container-format bare \  
    --file <IMAGE_FILE> \  
    --property <IMAGE_METADATA>
```

Replace the command line arguments to glance image-create with the appropriate values for your environment and disk image:

- Replace **<NAME>** with the name that users will refer to the disk image by. E.g. **'ws-2012-std'**
- Replace **<IMAGE_FILE>** with the local path to the image file to upload. E.g. **'ws-2012-std.qcow2'**.
- Replace **IMAGE_METADATA** with the following property string

```
murano_image_info='{ "title": "Windows 2012 Core Edition", "type": "ws-2012-core"
```

where

- title - user-friendly description of the image
- type - one of possible image types
 - ws-2012-std - Windows Server 2012 Standart Edition
 - ws-2012-core - Windows 2012 Core Edition
 - ws-2008r2-std - Windows Server 2008R2 Standart Edition
 - ws-2008r2 - Windows Server 2012R2

Warning

Setting *murano_image_info* property is required to pick up image from Murano Dashboard.

2. To update metadata of the existing image run the command:

```
>$ glance image-update <IMAGE-ID> --property <IMAGE_METADATA>
```

- Replace **<IMAGE-ID>** with image id from the previous command output.
- Replace **<IMAGE_METADATA>** with *murano_image_info* property, e.g.

```
murano_image_info='{ "title": "Windows 2012 Core Edition", \  
    "type": "ws-2012-core" }'
```

After these steps desired image can be chosen in Murano dashboard and used for services platform.