

# **Murano User Guide**

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# Murano User Guide

v0.5

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# Chapter 1. Overview

Murano is an Application catalog for Openstack. Full information about Murano in Openstack wiki page. [<https://wiki.openstack.org/wiki/Murano>] Murano Project introduces an application catalog, which allows application developers and cloud administrators to publish various cloud-ready applications in a browsable categorised catalog. It may be used by the cloud users to pick-up the needed applications and services and composes the reliable environments out of them in a “push-the-button” manner. Murano UI is just a plugin to Openstack dashboard - Horizon. Please visit horizon user guide first to see how dashboard is organized and how to log in to it. This document describes Murano Application Catalog usage in detail.

## Document change history

The following table describes the most recent changes:

| Revision Date     | Summary of Changes       |
|-------------------|--------------------------|
| September 4, 2013 | • Update for Release-0.2 |
| December 9, 2013  | • Update for Release-0.4 |
| April 22, 2014    | • Update for Release-0.5 |

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# Chapter 2. Application Catalog

## Environments

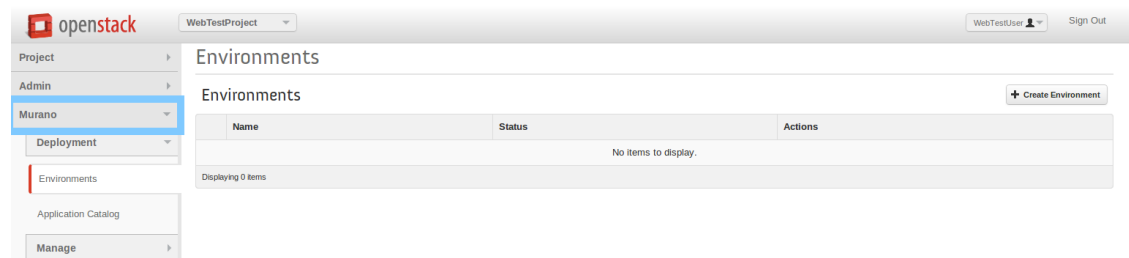
**Application Catalog Environment** - a virtual unit to store different services (applications). They can be connected with each other or be individual. The following actions with environment are available:

- Create;
- Edit;
- Delete;
- Deploy.

More information about actions with environment are described in this chapter.

## Creating environment

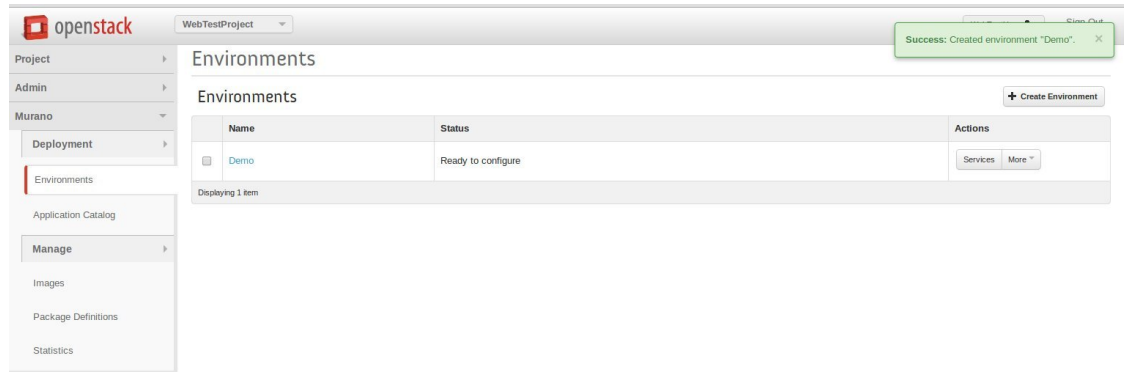
Once you installed all Murano components and logged-in to horizon dashboard successfully you will see Murano tab:



First thing you need to do is to create an environment. To do this, navigate to the Application Catalog > Environments page and click to the "Create Environment". After setting name to your virtual environment it will be created.

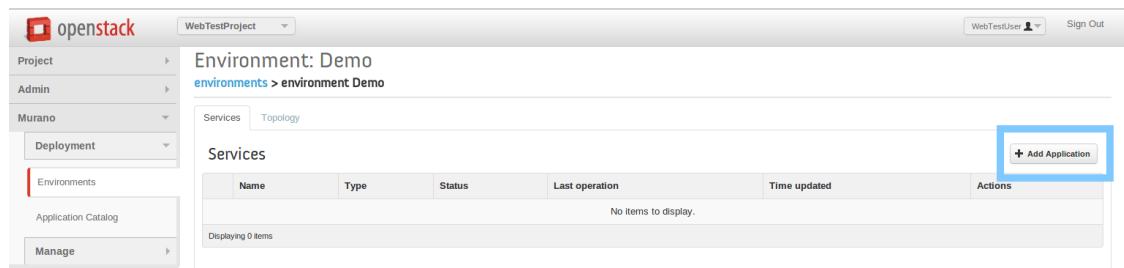


Just created environment has status *Ready to configure*.

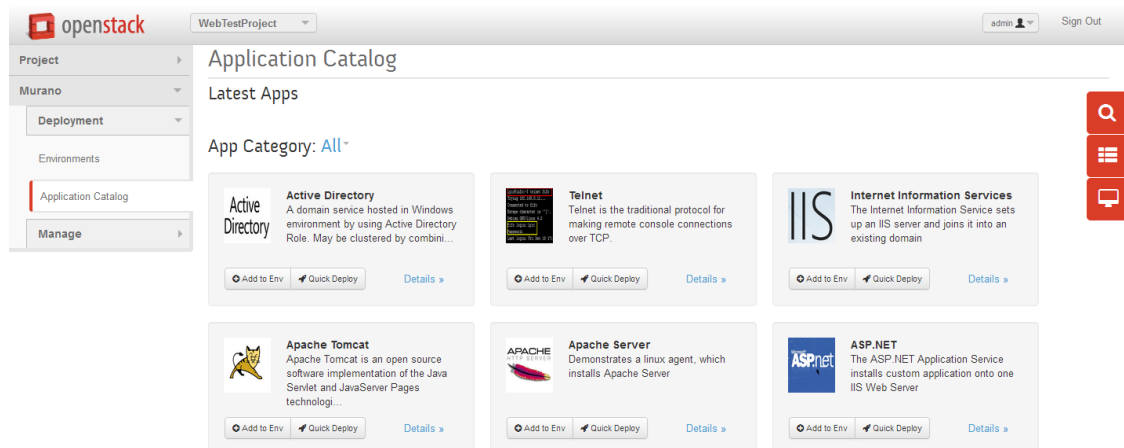


## Adding application to the environment

After Environment is created, you need to add applications to this environment and then send the environment to deploy. When deploy process is done instances with your applications will be spawned in OpenStack. To add an application, navigate to the page with the list of environment components by clicking on the environment name (or on the "Components" button) and then, click the "Add Application" button.



After that, you will be redirected to the "Applications" page. Here you can see all applications: tenant applications and public applications. (Information about how to upload your own application package to repository is available in appropriate chapter.) Base Murano public applications are described below.



Once you choose application that you want to add click "Add to Env" and fill the form. Forms for each application are specific. To see more information about filling the form for a specific application follow one of the link below:

- **ASP.NET Application:** is a server-side Web application framework designed for Web development to produce dynamic Web pages. Application is able to install custom services onto one IIS Web Server. Murano installs all needed components and makes proper configuration.
- **ASP.NET Farm Application:** ASP.NET Farm Application installs a custom application on a load-balanced array of IIS servers.
- **Active Directory:** Active Directory is a directory application implemented by Microsoft for Windows domain networks. In one installation, in addition to primary Domain Controller, you can add optional count of secondary Domain Controllers. Any other applications you are intending to create can be joined to that domain.
- **Apache Application:** Apache HTTP Server is a web server application notable for playing a key role in the initial growth of the World Wide Web. This application can install Apache with PHP module or without it.
- **Apache Tomcat:** Apache Tomcat is an open source software implementation of the Java Servlet and JavaServer Pages technologies.
- **Demo Application:** Installs test application that demonstrates how to Murano interconnects with Murano Demo Agent. For this application light-weight Linux Cirros image can be used.
- **Internet Information Application:** IIS is a web server and a set of feature extension modules.
- **Internet Information Web Farm Application:** Murano installs the Web Farm Framework on the controller server, configures the primary server and prepares the secondary servers. In addition load balancer is installed to monitor application statuses.
- **Linux Telnet:** "AD Telnet - is a network protocol used to provide a bidirectional interactive text-oriented communication facility using a virtual terminal connection.
- **MS SQL Application:** Microsoft SQL Application is a relational database management system.
- **MS SQL Server Failover Cluster:** Murano installs all needed components and configures your SQL Server Cluster the way you want.
- **PostgreSQL:** PostgreSQL, often simply "Postgres", is an object-relational database management system with an emphasis on extensibility and standards-compliance.

On the last step of creating application prototype you have opportunity to set the hardware flavor of the instance which will be created - and the image with the operating system, which will be installed on the instance. Also you may select availability zone, if there are more then one in your environment.

### Create Service ✕

**Instance flavor**

m1.medium

**Instance image**

Windows Server 2012 Standard

**Availability zone**

nova

#### Internet Information Services Service

**Instance Configuration:** Specify some instance parameters on which service would be created.

**Instance flavor:** Select registered in Openstack flavor. Consider that service performance depends on this parameter.

**Instance image:** Select valid image for a service. Image should already be prepared and registered in glance.

**Availability zone:** Select availability zone where service would be installed.

Back

Create

## Active Directory

After you picked the Active Directory application you'll see the following form:



## Create Service



Domain Name

Instance Count

Account Name

Administrator password

Confirm password

Recovery password

Confirm password

Hostname template

## Active Directory Service

**Domain Name:** Enter a desired name for a new domain. This name should fit to DNS Domain Name requirements: it should contain only A-Z, a-z, 0-9, (.) and (-) and should not end with a dash. DNS server will be automatically set up on each of the Domain Controller instances. Note: Only first 15 characters or characters before first period is used as NetBIOS name.

**Instance Count:** You can create several Active Directory instances by setting instance number larger than one. One primary Domain Controller and a few secondary DCs will be created.

**Passwords:** Windows requires strong password for service administration. Your password should have at least one letter in each register, a number and a special character. Password length should be a minimum of 7 characters. Once you forget your password you won't be able to operate the service until recovery password would be entered. So it's better for Recovery and Administrator password to be different.

**Hostname template:** For your convenience all instance hostnames can be named in the same way. Enter a name and use # character for incrementation. For example, host# turns into host1, host2, etc. Please follow Windows hostname restrictions.

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Next

Enter or select values for this fields:

|                        |   |
|------------------------|---|
| Domain name            | Enter a desired name for a new domain. This name should fit to DNS Domain Name requirements: it should contain only A-Z, a-z, 0-9, (.) and (-) and should not end with a dash. DNS server will be automatically set up on each of the Domain Controller instances. Period characters are allowed only when they are used to delimit the components of domain style names. Single-level domain is not appropriate. Note: Only first 15 characters or characters before first period is used as NetBIOS name. |
| Instance Count         | You can create several Active Directory instances by setting instance number larger than one. One primary Domain Controller and a few secondary DCs will be created.  |
| Account Name           | You account will have Active Directory administrator rights. So initial value is "Administrator" but you can change it to any name you like.  |
| Administrator password | Windows requires strong password for service administration. Your password should have at least one letter in each register, a number and a special character. Password length should be a minimum of 7 characters.   |

|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
|                   | Once you forget your password you won't be able to operate the service until recovery password would be entered. So it's better for Recovery and Administrator password to be different. |
| Confirm password  | Password confirmation is required.   |
| Recovery password | Restrictions are the same as for the Administrator password. Please provide password that is different from Administrator. It's not required for form validation though.                 |
| Confirm password  | Password confirmation is required.   |

## Internet Information Service

### Create Service



Service Name

Administrator password

Confirm password

Domain

Hostname template

### Internet Information Services Service

Standalone IIS Server

**Service Name:** Enter a desired name for a service. Just A-Z, a-z, 0-9, dash and underline are allowed.

**Passwords:** Windows requires strong password for service administration. Your password should have at least one letter in each register, a number and a special character. Password length should be a minimum of 7 characters.

**Domain:** Service can be joined to the Active Directory domain. If you want to create an AD domain create the AD Service first.

**Hostname template:** For your convenience all instance hostnames can be named in the same way. Enter a name and use # character for incrementation. For example, host# turns into host1, host2, etc. Please follow Windows hostname restrictions.

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## Internet Information Web Farm Service

### Create Service



Service Name

Administrator password

Confirm password

Domain

Instance Count

Load Balancer port

Hostname template

### Internet Information Services Web Farm Service

A load-balanced array of IIS servers

**Service Name:** Enter a desired name for a service. Just A-Z, a-z, 0-9, dash and underline are allowed.

**Passwords:** Windows requires strong password for service administration. Your password should have at least one letter in each register, a number and a special character. Password length should be a minimum of 7 characters.

**Domain:** Service can be joined to the Active Directory domain. If you want to create an AD domain create the AD Service first.

**Instance Count:** Several instances with IIS Service can be created at one time.

**Load Balancer port:** Specify port number where Load Balancer will be running

**Hostname template:** For your convenience all instance hostnames can be named in the same way. Enter a name and use # character for incrementation. For example, host# turns into host1, host2, etc. Please follow Windows hostname restrictions.

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## ASP.NET Service

### Create Service



Service Name

Administrator password

Confirm password

Domain

Not in domain



Git repository

Hostname template

Optional

### ASP.NET Application Service

ASP.NET application will be installed onto one IISWeb Server

**Service Name:** Enter a desired name for a service. Just A-Z, a-z, 0-9, dash and underline are allowed.

**Passwords:** Windows requires strong password for service administration. Your password should have at least one letter in each register, a number and a special character. Password length should be a minimum of 7 characters.

**Domain:** Service can be joined to the Active Directory domain. If you want to create an AD domain create the AD Service first.

**Git repository:** URL of a git repository with the application you want to deploy.

**Hostname template:** For your convenience all instance hostnames can be named in the same way. Enter a name and use # character for incrementation. For example, host# turns into host1, host2, etc. Please follow Windows hostname restrictions.

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## ASP.NET Farm Service

**Create Service** ×

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>Service Name</b><br><input type="text"/>                       | <b>ASP.NET Application Web Farm Service</b><br>The ASP.NET application will be installed on a number of IIS Web Servers, and load balancing will be configured.<br><b>Service Name:</b> Enter a desired name for a service. Just A-Z, a-z, 0-9, dash and underline are allowed.<br><b>Passwords:</b> Windows requires strong password for service administration. Your password should have at least one letter in each register, a number and a special character. Password length should be a minimum of 7 characters.<br><b>Domain:</b> Service can be joined to the Active Directory domain. If you want to create an AD domain create the AD Service first.<br><b>Git repository:</b> URL of a git repository with the application you want to deploy.<br><b>Instance Count:</b> Several instances with ASP.NET application can be created at one time.<br><b>Load Balancer port:</b> Specify port number where Load Balancer will be running<br><b>Hostname template:</b> For your convenience all instance hostnames can be named in the same way. Enter a name and use # character for incrementation. For example, host# turns into host1, host2, etc. Please follow Windows hostname restrictions. |
| <b>Administrator password</b><br><input type="password"/>         |  |
| <b>Confirm password</b><br><input type="password"/>               |  |
| <b>Domain</b><br><input type="text" value="Not in domain"/> ▼     |  |
| <b>Git repository</b><br><input type="text"/>                     |  |
| <b>Instance Count</b><br><input type="text" value="2"/>           |  |
| <b>Load Balancer port</b><br><input type="text" value="80"/>      |  |
| <b>Hostname template</b><br><input type="text" value="Optional"/> |  |

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## MS SQL Service

**Create Service** ×

|  |   |
|--|---|
| <div>Service Name</div> <div></div>                                      | <b>MS SQL Server Service</b><br>MS SQL Server   |
| <div>Administrator password</div> <div></div>                            | <b>Service Name:</b> Enter a desired name for a service. Just A-Z, a-z, 0-9, dash and underline are allowed.  |
| <div>Confirm password</div> <div></div>                                  | <b>Passwords:</b> Windows requires strong password for service administration. Your password should have at least one letter in each register, a number and a special character. Password length should be a minimum of 7 characters.                                   |
| <div>Domain</div> <div>Not in domain <span>▼</span></div>                | <b>Domain:</b> Service can be joined to the Active Directory domain. If you want to create an AD domain create the AD Service first.  |
| <div><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mixed-mode Authentication</div> | <b>Mixed-mode Authentication:</b> Mixed authentication mode allows the use of Windows credentials but supplements them with local SQL Server user accounts that the administrator may create and maintain within SQL Server. If this mode is on SA password is required |
| <div>SA Password</div> <div></div>                                       | <b>SA Password:</b> Set system administrator password for the MS SQL Server.  |
| <div>Confirm password</div> <div></div>                                  | <b>Hostname template:</b> For your convenience all instance hostnames can be named in the same way. Enter a name and use # character for incrementation. For example, host# turns into host1, host2, etc. Please follow Windows hostname restrictions.                  |
| <div>Hostname template</div> <div>Optional</div>                         |   |
| <div><div>Back</div><div>Next</div></div>                                |   |

## MS SQL Server Failover Cluster

**Create Service**
✕

**Service Name**

### MS SQL Server Cluster Service

MS SQL Failover Cluster

**Service Name:** Enter a desired name for a service. Just A-Z, a-z, 0-9, dash and underline are allowed.

**Passwords:** Windows requires strong password for service administration. Your password should have at least one letter in each register, a number and a special character. Password length should be a minimum of 7 characters.

**Domain:** Service can be joined to the Active Directory domain. If you want to create an AD domain create the AD Service first.

**Mixed-mode Authentication:** Mixed authentication mode allows the use of Windows credentials but supplements them with local SQL Server user accounts that the administrator may create and maintain within SQL Server. If this mode is on SA password is required

**SA Password:** Set system administrator password for the MS SQL Server.

**Administrator password**

**Confirm password**

☐ **Active Directory is configured by the System Administrator**

**Domain**

▼

☒ **Mixed-mode Authentication**

**SA Password**

**Confirm password**

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Next

Enter or select values for the following fields:

|  |   |
|--|---|
| Service Name   | Enter a desired name for a service. Just A-Z, a-z, 0-9, dash and underline are allowed.   |
| Administrator password                                     | Windows requires strong password for service administration. Your password should have at least one letter in each register, a number and a special character. Password length should be a minimum of 7 characters.                     |
| Confirm password   | Password confirmation is required.  |
| Active Directory is configured by the System Administrator | Enable this option only if you have properly configured rules that will include service to the domain, that already exists in you environment. Once you set this option to true, additional fields will appear. (See information below) |
| Domain   | Application should be joined to the Active Directory domain. Please, create Active Directory Application prototype first.   |
| Mixed-mode Authentication                                  | Mixed authentication mode allows the use of Windows credentials but supplements them with local SQL Server user accounts that the administrator may create and maintain within SQL Server. If this mode is on SA password is required   |

|             |  |
|-------------|--|
| SA Password | Set system administrator password for the MS SQL Server. Password requirements are the same as previous. |
|-------------|--|

In case pre-configured AD is enabled following fields will appeared:


☒ **Active Directory is configured by the System Administrator**

**Active Directory User**

**Active Directory Password**

**Confirm password**

**Domain**

|   |  |
|---|--|
| Active Directory User<br>Active Directory<br>Password | Specify administrator user credentials to the existent AD domain (to which application will be join according to your system automation setup) |
|---|--|



## Create Service



Cluster Static IP

Cluster Name

Availability Group Name

Availability Group Listener Name

Availability Group Listener IP

SQL User Name

SQL User Password

Confirm password

Instance Count

Hostname template

**MS SQL Server Cluster Service****Cluster Static IP:** Specify a valid IPv4 fixed IP.**Cluster Name:** Specify a name of a cluster. Just A-Z, a-z, 0-9, dash and underline are allowed.**Availability Group Name:** Specify a name of an AG. Just A-Z, a-z, 0-9, dash and underline are allowed.**Availability Group Listener Name:** Specify a name of an AG Listener. Just A-Z, a-z, 0-9, dash and underline are allowed.**Availability Group Listener IP:** Specify a valid IPv4 fixed IP.**SQL User Name:** User name that will be created to manage cluster instances.**SQL User Password:** User password that will be created to manage cluster instances.**Instance Count:** Microsoft SQL Failover Cluster includes up to 5 instances.**Hostname template:** For your convenience all instance hostnames can be named in the same way. Enter a name and use # character for incrementation. For example, host# turns into host1, host2, etc. Please follow Windows hostname restrictions.

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## Create Service

Nodes

| Node  | Sync                                | Primary                          |
|-------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| node1 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="radio"/> |
| node2 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="radio"/>            |

Add node
Remove node

Database list

### MS SQL Server Cluster Service

**Nodes:** Configure cluster instances. Cluster node quantity can be set with 'Add' and 'Remove' buttons. Configure Sync mode by enabling corresponding checkbox. All other nodes will be in Async mode. Just 2 nodes are allowed to be Sync. Also one Master node need to be selected. SQL Failover cluster has limit of 5 instances.

**Database list:** Specify names for new databases which will be created as part of service installation. Here should come comma-separated list of database names, where each name has the following syntax: first symbol should be latin letter or underscore; subsequent symbols can be latin letter, numeric, underscore, at sign, number sign or dollar sign.

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## Linux Apache Application

## Create Service

Service Name

☐ PHP module

Instance Count

1

Key Pair

murano-lb-key
▼

Hostname

Optional

### Apache Service Service

**Service Name:** To identify your service in logs please specify a service name

**PHP module:** Add php support into Apache web server.

**Instance Count:** Several instances with Apache web Service can be created at one time.

**Key Pair:** The Key Pair for VMs with this service

**Hostname:** For your convenience instance hostname can be specified. Enter a name or leave blank for random name generation.

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|                  |  |
|------------------|--|
| Application Name | Enter a desired name for an application. Just A-Z, a-z, 0-9, dash and underline are allowed. |
| PHP module       | PHP module can be installed with Apache. Enable or disable this options via checkbox.        |
| Key Pair         | Select SSH Key Pair from the existing to control access to your instance.                    |

|          |  |
|----------|--|
| Hostname | Machine hostname. If blank - random name will be used. |
|----------|--|

## Linux Telnet Application

### Create Service

Service Name

Key Pair

murano-lb-key ▼

Hostname

### Linux Telnet Service

Telnet service that can be installed at linux

**Service Name:** Enter a desired name for a service. Just A-Z, a-z, 0-9, dash and underline are allowed.

**Key Pair:** The Key Pair for VMs with this service

**Hostname:** For your convenience instance hostname can be specified. Enter a name or leave blank for random name generation.

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|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| Service Name | Enter a desired name for a service. Just A-Z, a-z, 0-9, dash and underline are allowed. |
| Key Pair     | Select SSH Key Pair from the existing.  |
| Hostname     | Machine hostname. If blank - random name will be used.                                  |

## Deploying environment

Once environment has all applications, it can be sent to deploy. Just press the "Deploy This Environment" button.

The screenshot shows the OpenStack dashboard interface. On the left is a sidebar with navigation links: Project, Admin, Murano, Deployment, Environments, Application Catalog, and Manage. The main content area is titled 'Environment: Demo' and shows a list of services. The 'Services' tab is active, displaying a table with columns: Name, Type, Status, Last operation, Time updated, and Actions. Two services are listed: 'postgresql' and 'ApacheTomcat', both with a status of 'Ready to configure'. In the top right corner of the main content area, there are three buttons: '+ Add Application', 'Delete Services', and 'Deploy This Environment'. The 'Deploy This Environment' button is highlighted with a blue rectangular box.

And you'll see a message about successful start of deploying your services in Openstack. Since now all you have to do is just wait for a little bit while Murano is installing and configuring your applications.

Environment: Demo  
environments > environment Demo

Components

| Name | Type       | Status             | Last operation                    | Time updated        | Actions |
|------|------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|---------|
| Demo | PostgreSQL | Deploy in progress | Creating VM for a PostgreSQL app. | 2014-04-28 12:31:53 |         |

Deploying 1 item

You can monitor deploying process. Just go to the Log tab on application detailed page, where you can get by clicking on the application name. And now you can see installation logs.

Service Detail: demo.com  
environments > environment Demo > service demo.com

Service Logs

```
2013-09-05 21:29:41 - Creating instance ad (demo.com_instance_0)
2013-09-05 21:29:16 - Instance ad (demo.com_instance_0) created
2013-09-05 21:28:19 - Creating Primary Domain Controller on unit ad (demo.com_instance_0)
2013-09-05 21:44:01 - Primary Domain Controller created
```

As long as installation and configuration are in progress, environment is in *Deploy in progress* state. Depending on how many applications you are deploying or how many nodes in your cluster, process of spawning instances, installation and post installation settings takes from 10 minutes up to one hour.

Environments

| Name | Status             | Actions         |
|------|--------------------|-----------------|
| Demo | Deploy in progress | Components More |

Displaying 1 item

If installation process finished without any errors, environment changes its status to *Ready*:



Environments

Logged in as: anastasia [Settings](#) [Help](#) [Sign Out](#)

Environments [+ Create Environment](#)

| <input type="checkbox"/> | Name | Status | Actions                                       |
|--------------------------|------|--------|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Demo | Ready  | <a href="#">Services</a> <a href="#">More</a> |

Displaying 1 item

## Working with deployed environment

Congratulations! After some time waiting you are able to operate with the applications. To get information about installed application, navigate to application detailed page. To do that click on the environment name and then on the name of the application you want to know about.



Service Detail: IISdemo

Logged in as: anastasia [Settings](#) [Help](#) [Sign Out](#)

[environments](#) > [environment Demo](#) > service IISdemo

Service [Logs](#)

**Service Details**

**Info**

**Name**  
IISdemo

**ID**  
83e46d472d3d49199763bec4b4effe44

**Type**  
Internet Information Services Web Farm

**Status**  
Ready

**Domain**  
demo.com

**Load Balancer URI**  
80

**Service unit1**

**Hostname**  
[mhyfhl8hi0713](#)

**Service instance name**  
[ef489cd02b66d4abd8b251fedcf0d350f.mhyfhl8hi0713](#)

**Service unit2**

**Hostname**  
[llchhl8hi0774](#)

**Service instance name**  
[ef489cd02b66d4abd8b251fedcf0d350f.llchhl8hi0774](#)

172.18.79.30/localhost/project/0/environments/environments

Now you are seeing general information about the application in terms of Murano Environment. To get information about the instance in Openstack terms follow the link on application instance name.

## Service unit1

Hostname  
IIS1

Service instance name  
e98a933da40ee4dc096b7f7d7be4fa3de.IIS1

You can log in to the virtual machine directly from the horizon (if your Openstack installation allows you) or by RDP protocol.



There are more things you can do with Murano Environment:

- Add new application and deploy it again;
- Delete outdated and unnecessary environments or applications;
- Browse deployment history and application installation logs;
- Rename your environment.

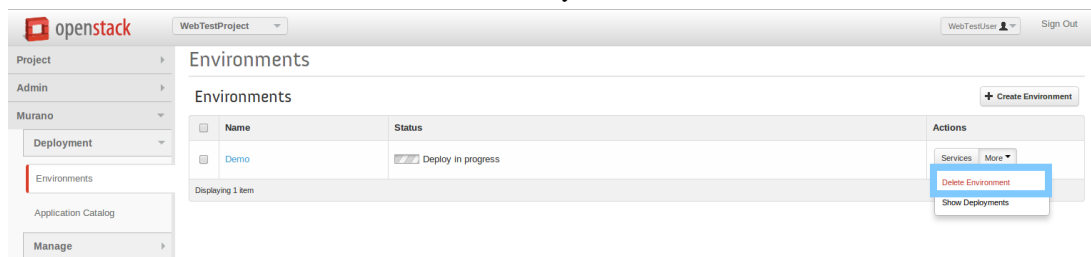
## Redeploy Murano Environment

Murano gives an opportunity to supplement already deployed environment. Thus if you already deployed the Active Directory application and want to add any other applications just create desired application prototype and click the "Deploy This Environment" button. During application prototype creation you can join this application to the existent Active Directory domain.

## Delete

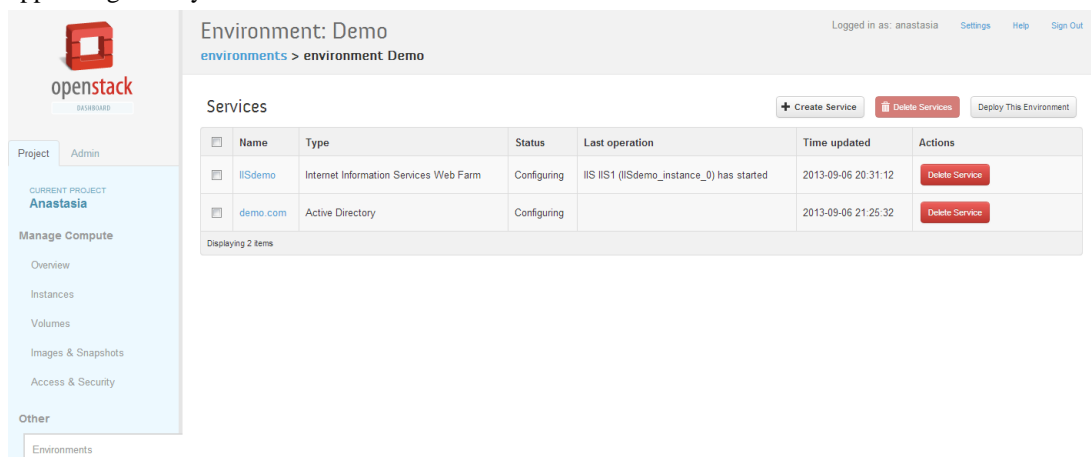
Applications as well as environments can be easily deleted.

- To delete an environment go to the Application Catalog > Environments index page and click "More" -> "Delete Environment" in Actions column of ready to delete environment.



Environment deletion means to kill all services with instances on which they are installed. Instances will be scheduled to delete right after you choose the "Delete Environment" action.

- To delete an application go to the application list page and click the "Delete Service" button in Actions column. **Note:** If you are deleting application that was already deployed you'll need to *Deploy* the environment again by pressing corresponding button. In case you want to delete application prototype - it has *"Service draft created"* in the *Last operation* column (see the screenshot below) - changes applies right away.



## Browse Murano Deployment

Since Murano Environment can be deployed many times you may want to see the history of its deployments. To do that click the "More-> Show deployments" button on environments index page:



From this page it's easy to see how many times and when Murano Environment was deployed:



For each deployment you can get a detailed information by clicking the "Show Details" button. You always can go back to any level using navigation string at the page header. From here you can observe which applications were installed during deployment:



Also deployment logs are available at the "Logs" tab:



The screenshot shows the OpenStack Dashboard interface. On the left is a sidebar with the OpenStack logo and navigation links: Project, Admin, CURRENT PROJECT Anastasia, Manage Compute (Overview, Instances, Volumes, Images & Snapshots, Access & Security), Other, and Environments. The main content area is titled 'Deployment information' and shows the breadcrumb 'environments > Demo deployments > deployment at 2013-09-06 21:29:35'. It has tabs for 'Configuration' and 'Logs'. The 'Logs' tab is active, displaying a list of deployment events:

```
2013-09-06 21:29:35 - Deployment scheduled
2013-09-06 21:29:39 - Creating instance IIS1 (IISdemo_instance_0)
2013-09-06 21:29:39 - Creating instance IIS2 (IISdemo_instance_1)
2013-09-06 21:29:39 - Creating instance ad (demo.com_instance_0)
2013-09-06 21:29:54 - Instance IIS1 (IISdemo_instance_0) created
2013-09-06 21:29:55 - Instance IIS2 (IISdemo_instance_1) created
2013-09-06 21:29:55 - Instance ad (demo.com_instance_0) created
2013-09-06 21:29:56 - Creating Primary Domain Controller on unit ad (demo.com_instance_0)
2013-09-06 21:45:03 - Primary Domain Controller created
2013-09-06 21:45:09 - Deployment finished
```

## Rename Murano Environment

It's possible to change the name of your environment: just click the "More-> Edit Environment" button on environment index page:

The screenshot shows the OpenStack Dashboard interface for the 'WebTestProject'. The sidebar on the left has links for Project, Admin, Murano, Deployment, Environments, Application Catalog, and Manage. The main content area is titled 'Environments' and shows a table with one environment named 'Demo' with a status of 'Ready to configure'. The 'Actions' column for the 'Demo' environment has a 'More' dropdown menu that is open, showing options: 'Services', 'Edit Environment' (highlighted with a blue box), and 'Delete Environment'.

Environment name will correspond with heat stack name. So the name must contain only alphanumeric characters (case sensitive) and - character.



## Applications

At the Application Catalog -> Applications page all applications, registered in Application Catalog, are shown.



To see the full description of an application just click on the Details button.



And you will see all information about the application, its requirements and licence. From here you can add application to the current environment by pressing the corresponding button.



If there are more then six applications you can use navigation bar underneath.

Desired application can be easily found with the Search button. It's located on the right side. You can enter any words or digits: applications will be searched by there names, tags, categories or by date of creation or modification.



Applications can be added to the existing environment. To select the environment witch you want to add application just click to the environment selector button.



You can filter applications by categories with category selector. It's located on the top of the page. Click on the desired category name and all applications not related to that category will be hidden.



# Chapter 3. Murano Management

## Package definitions

Cloud administrator has rights to manage applications in the catalog: upload new applications, modify existing, disable or delete them. All this actions are available in Murano UI and will be described in this section. Go to the *Manage ->Package Definitions* page.



- Upload Package provides a form for uploading an application package. After this operation your application will be acceptable from application catalog.

### Upload Package

Application .zip package \*

Выберите файл Файл не выбран

Application Category \*

Web  
Databases  
Message Queue  
Application Servers

### Description:

Choose package archive to upload.

Files could be nested and should not be exist in the server.

Cancel

Upload

You'll need to provide path to the package with your application. It should be in a zip format. See here [https://wiki.openstack.org/wiki/Murano/Documentation/How\_to\_create\_application\_package] for more information on how to prepare an application package. Also select one category to which your application belongs too.

- **Toggle Active** makes an application active or disabled depending on the current state.
- **Delete Packages** removes applications from the catalog
- **Modify Package** gives you opportunity to modify meta information about the application.

### Modify Package

Name

Categories

Web  
Databases  
Message Queue  
Application Servers

Tags

☒ Public  
☐ Active

Description

Apache Tomcat is an open source software implementation of the Java Servlet and

**Description:**  
**Name** is a human-readable name of a package.  
  
**Categories** are a predefined set of values used to filter the packages.  
  
**Tags** are an arbitrary comma-separated values also used to filter the packages.  
  
**Public** defines whether or not should be package shown to the other tenants.  
  
**Active** is used for temporarily disabling a package.  
  
**Description** consists of several sentences about the package's purpose.

The following properties are allowed to edit:

- **Name** - visible application name
- **Categories** - change application category
- **Tags** - specify comma-separated list of words, associated with the application
- **Public** - indicates access for non-admin users from all tenants
- **Active** - indicates if this application is enabled or disabled
- **Description** - extend information about application, which will be shown at the Application Details page
- **Download Package** saves application definition as zip archive, as it was uploaded

## Murano Images

Murano uses preconfigured images for spawning instances. Image suitable for Murano should have Murano Agent installed at least. See [here](http://murano-docs.github.io/latest/administrators-guide/content/ch03.html) [http://murano-docs.github.io/latest/administrators-guide/content/ch03.html] how to build Murano images and upload it to Glance. Since Murano supports different operating systems it's not possible to use one image to build every single application. To classify images

Metadata property of Glance image is used. Murano Dashboard allows to add that property from a separate view. Navigate to the Murano tab and go to Images panel.

## Warning

To operate with Glance Images you need to have admin rights!



You are browsing Glance images with correctly set "murano\_image\_info" property - image metadata. From this view you are able to:

- Delete an existing image metadata with "Delete Metadata" button (only image's property get deleted, the image itself stays in Glance)
- Add new murano metadata to an image that is already registered in Glance by clicking on "Mark Image" button

Take a look at the "Mark Image" form:

### Mark Image ×

**Image \***

**Title \***

**Type \***

**Description:**

Mark image with specific Murano metadata. Valid image metadata will be added to the selected image so image can be picked during service creation.

**Image:** Select one of the images registered in the Glance

**Title:** Image description which will help you to recognize the image during service creation

**Type:** Pick image type from types supported by Murano

|       |   |
|-------|---|
| Image | From all images registered in Glance pick one that was created with Murano Image Builder. |
| Title | Set name for a selected image to recognize it easier during service creation.             |
| Type  | For now there are three supported types:  |

- |  |
|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Windows Server 2012 - used to build Windows-based applications</li><li>• Murano Demo - light-weight Linux Cirros image with Murano Demo Agent</li><li>• Generic Linux - used to build Linux-based applications</li></ul> |
|--|



---

# Chapter 4. Troubleshooting

## FQN

### **How to debug OpenStack Heat?**

If you can execute Heat command via console interface - all good. It is the most simple way to check Heat state on the node - just execute CLI command 'heat list'. See more information about Heat in openstack wiki page [<https://wiki.openstack.org/wiki/Heat/TroubleShooting>]

### **If 'heat list' returns 503 error**

It means that OpenStack Heat configuration files contain incorrect credentials. Need to set 'user' = 'heat' and change passwords 'verybadpass' in all configuration files from directory /etc/heat/

### **If 'heat list' hangs up**

Sometimes you can see that 'heat list' hangs up. The root of this problem - connection to the rabbitMQ.

### **How I can connect to LoadBalancer instance in Server Farms?**

First of all you should have KeyPair file 'murano-lb-key'. You can create this file using commands

```
nova keypair-add murano-lb-key > murano-lb-key.priv  
chmod 600 murano-lb-key.priv
```

And after that server farms need to be created with this KeyPair. The second step is to 'how to connect to VM with LoadBalancer':

```
ssh -i murano-lb-key.priv root@10.0.0.3
```

### **Murano dashboard can not connect to Murano API. How I can fix it?**

This problem has two ways to fix: Add string

```
MURANO_API_URL='http://localhost:8082'
```

to the /etc/openstack-dashboard/local\_settings (or /etc/openstack-dashboard/local\_settings.py - it depends on OpenStack configuration) and after that web server restart is needed. Add keystone endpoints for Murano API

```
keystone service-create --name muranoapi --type murano --description "Murano-API S
keystone endpoint-create --region RegionOne --service-id
--publicurl http://localhost:8082 --internalurl http://localhost:8082 --adminurl h
```

**Murano API Service does not work on CentOS 6.x. WebUI can not connect to this service. How to fix this?**

The problem in pip lib routes. Need to upgrade this lib and restart Murano API:

```
python-pip install routes --upgrade
initctl stop murano-api
initctl start murano-api
```

**Error 'Unexpected state' during the deployment of Web Farms. What the problem?**

Sometimes we can see in deployments logs:

```
2013-08-06 09:10:07 - Unable to deploy instance ipkrmhk0vzq4b6 (asp-farm_instance_
2013-08-06 09:10:07 - Unable to create a Server Farm load balancer on unit ipkrmhk
```

The root of this problem is incorrect configuration - Heat can not create Load Balancer instance. Please, remember that you should have admin access for the project in OpenStack to deploy LoadBalancer and also, you should have KeyPair with default name 'murano-lb-key'.

**Error in Murano API logs 'No module named helpers.token\_sanitizer'**

This pip version problem. Need to install pip 1.4 and after that reinstall murano-client, murano-common and murano-api.