

# **Murano Developers Guide**

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# Murano Developers Guide

v0.3

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# Chapter 1. Overview

Welcome to Murano Project. Full information about Murano in Openstack wiki page [<https://wiki.openstack.org/wiki/Murano>].

Murano Project introduces an application catalog, which allows application developers and cloud administrators to publish various cloud-ready applications in a browsable categorised catalog, which may be used by the cloud users (including the unexperienced ones) to pick-up the needed applications and services and composes the reliable environments out of them in a “push-the-button” manner. Key goal is to provide UI and API which allows to compose and deploy composite environments on the Application abstraction level and then manage their lifecycle

## Intended Audience

This guide is intended to individuals who want to contribute to our project.

## Document Change History

This version of the Murano Manual replaces and obsoletes all previous versions. The most recent changes are described in the table below:

Revision Date	Summary of Changes
April. 4, 2013	• Initial document creation
September. 4, 2013	• Update for Release-0.2
December. 9, 2013	• Update for Release-0.4
February. 5, 2013	• Update for Release-0.4.1



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# Chapter 2. Install Murano

This chapter describes Murano services installation in virtual environment.

Note that all Murano modules can be downloaded from our page [<https://launchpad.net/murano/>] on launchpad.

## Pre-Requisites

Murano supports the following operating systems:

1. Ubuntu 12.04
2. RHEL/CentOS 6.4

These system packages are required for Murano:

### *Ubuntu*

1. gcc
2. python-pip
3. python-dev
4. libxml2-dev
5. libxslt-dev
6. libffi-dev

### *CentOS*

1. gcc
2. python-pip
3. python-devel
4. libxml2-devel
5. libxslt-devel
6. libffi-devel

### **Note**

Before installing any packages make sure that your system is updated and upgraded.

### **Note**

To deploy web farm services Neutron LBaaS (Neutron extension package) should be installed in Openstack

# Installing with virtual environment

For a local development, all Murano components can be installed in a virtual environment. First thing you need to do is to install check that prerequisites are installed, system is updated and upgraded. Next, install virtualenv package if you don't have one:

```
sudo pip install virtualenv
```

## Murano Api

- Check out git repository with murano component:

```
git clone https://github.com/stackforge/murano-api
```

- Execute a script located at the `murano-api/tools` directory to create virtual environment automatically:

```
cd murano-api && python ./tools/install_venv.py
```

- Copy murano-api sample config file located at `etc/murano/murano-api.conf.sample` to `etc/murano/murano-api.conf`. In config file set up keystone endpoint in Openstack installation. Other settings are described in 'Murano Admin Guide'. Config `etc/murano/murano-api-paste.conf` doesn't require any modification.
- And finally run Murano API:

```
./tools/with_venv.sh python muranoapi/cmd/api.py --config-file=./etc/murano/muran
```

## Murano Conductor

- Check out git repository with murano component:

```
git clone https://github.com/stackforge/murano-conductor
```

- Execute the following script located at the `murano-conductor/tools` directory to create virtual environment automatically:

```
cd murano-conductor && python ./tools/install_venv.py
```

- Copy Murano Conductor sample config file located at `etc/murano/conductor.conf.sample` to `etc/murano/conductor.conf`. In config file set up keystone endpoint in Openstack installation. All other possible configuration described in the Murano Admin Guide.
- Run Murano Conductor:

```
./tools/with_venv.sh python muranoconductor/cmd/run.py --config-file=./etc/murano
```

### **Murano Repository**

- Check out git repository with murano component:

```
git clone https://github.com/stackforge/murano-repository
```

- Execute a script located at the `murano-repository/tools` directory to create virtual environment automatically:

```
cd murano-repository && python ./tools/install_venv.py
```

- Copy a config file `etc/murano/murano-repository.conf.sample` to `etc/murano/murano-repository.conf` and point out Keystone parameters.
- And finally run Murano Repository:

```
./tools/with_venv.sh python muranorepository/cmd/run.py --config-file=./etc/murano
```

### **Murano Dashboard**

- Check out git repository with murano component:

```
git clone https://github.com/stackforge/murano-dashboard
```

- Execute a script located at the `murano-dashboard/tools` directory to create virtual environment automatically:

```
cd murano-dashboard && python ./tools/install_venv.py
```

- Murano is a plugin for a Openstack dashboard. So need to install it and it's dependency:

- ```
# ./tools/with_venv.sh pip install https://github.com/openstack/horizon/archive
```

*Ubuntu*

```
# apt-get install nodejs
```

*CentOS*

```
# yum install nodejs
```

- To configure Murano Dashboard copy example config file:

```
# cp muranodashboard/local/local_settings.py.example muranodashboard/local/local_
```

and set in just copied file the following parameters:

- *MURANO\_API\_URL* Required if murano-api service is not registered in keystone. Provide valid URL where Murano API is running
- *MURANO\_METADATA\_URL* Required if murano-repository service is not registered in keystone. Provide valid URL where Murano Repository service is running

- *NETWORK\_TOPOLOGY*

- network configuration. Duplicates murano-conductor setting (routed - default, flat, nova).

Since all UI forms are described in Metadata Repository and kept in Django sessions - default Memcached as a session backend is not suitable for a dynamic UI and we need to use Database backend. (It's already set up in murano settings file). But this requires to synchronize database with the specified settings:

```
./tools/with_venv.sh ./manage.py syncdb
```

- *Run Murano Dashboard:* To start the Murano development server use the Django manage.py utility with the context of the virtual environment:

```
./tools/with_venv.sh ./manage.py runserver 0.0.0.0:8080
```

---

# Chapter 3. Architecture

The Murano Service communicates with the following OpenStack components:

- Horizon - provides a GUI with ability to use all Murano features;
- Keystone - authenticates users and provides the security token that is used to work with OpenStack, hence limiting the user abilities in Murano based on OpenStack privileges;
- Heat - is used to provision VMs and other OpenStack resources
- Glance - stores VM images, with preconfigured OS and a containing sets of initial scripts
- Quantum - provides the network configuration API
- Agent - provides agent functionality to communicate with the Orchestration Engine and executes tasks on VMs

**Figure 3.1. Architecture**



## REST API

Murano exposes a service endpoint for communication with a client. It exposes API functions to manipulate objects such as environment and service. This component is responsible for translating API function parameters to Object Model attributes and propagating the deployment status from the Orchestration Engine.

## Object Model

An internal representation of Services and Environments. All attributes and entities are described in the API specification.

## Orchestration Engine

This is the core component which evaluates Object Model changes and creates a plan for implementing these changes on the instances or in the cloud. This component will support extensions via plug-ins. Plugins can add new services and extend existing services for integration.

## Metadata Repository

Murano Repository operates with metadata objects: store, display, group and use for deployment. Custom objects can be uploaded to the Murano Metadata Server and these data will be accessible to all Murano components.

### **Integration with Heat**

Heat is a cloud resource management engine that allows you to manipulate resources that represent OpenStack entities (Security Groups, Instances, Floating IPs, Volumes, etc.) and some entities such as AutoScaling groups from a single point of control.

OpenStack resource provisioning is one of the steps required for environment deployment and Heat will be used for that purpose. Heat allows you to define all OpenStack resources in a single document that will be easy to maintain and will not require resorting to multiple OpenStack APIs while keeping the software configuration separate.

---

# Chapter 4. API Specification

| Revision Date     | Summary of Changes                                                                                                                                      |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| February 4, 2013  | • Initial                                                                                                                                               |
| February 22, 2013 | • Enhance API with latest architecture changes                                                                                                          |
| March 06, 2013    | • Fix specification according to remarks from Dmitry Teselkin                                                                                           |
| Jun 06, 2013      | • ASP.NET Application, Web Server Farm and ASP.NET Application Farm Services Added, uri/address/endpoint corrections, hostname assignment section added |

## Introduction

Murano Service API is a programmatic interface used for interaction with Murano. Other interaction mechanisms like Murano Dashboard or Murano CLI should use API as underlying protocol for interaction.

## Glossary

For detailed information about entities and terms used in this document, please refer first to architecture.

|                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Environment      | <p>Environment is a set of logically related Services managed by a single tenant. Environment defines Windows environment boundaries.</p> <p>Services within single Environment may comprise some complex configuration while Services in different Environments are always independent from one another. Each Environment is associated with single OpenStack project (tenant).</p> |
| Service          | <p>Service is building block of Windows environment. Service is a set of one or more Virtual Machines sharing a common purpose and configured together. Each service belongs to a single Environment and single Service Type.</p> <p>Services are comprised from one or more Service Units.</p>                                                                                      |
| Service Type     | <p>Service type is definition for describing set of features exposed by service.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Service Unit     | <p>Service Units are the actual Windows Server VMs instantiated by OpenStack and then configured according to its Service Type (this may also correspond to one of predefined Windows Server roles).</p>                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Service Metadata | <p>Service Metadata is a JSON-encoded definition of Environment, its Services and their Service Units along with all their attributes. Service Metadata may describe both current and the intended state of the Environment.</p>                                                                                                                                                     |
| Session          | <p>All changes to environment done in scope of Session. After all changes to Environment state are accumulated, changes actually are applied only after session is deployed.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

## Return codes and errors

All REST API calls return the natural HTTP response codes for the operations, e.g. a successful GET returns a HTTP 200, a successful PUT returns a HTTP 201, a GET for a non-existent entity returns HTTP 404, unauthorized operations return HTTP 401 or HTTP 403, internal errors return HTTP 500.

## Response of POSTs and PUTs

All POST and PUT requests by convention should return the created object (in the case of POST, with a generated ID) as if it was requested by GET.

## Authentication

All requests include a Keystone authentication token header (X-Auth-Token). Clients must authenticate with Keystone before interacting with the Murano service.

## Workflow

**Figure 4.1. Sample Workflow**



Let's review a sample workflow (series of API calls) for creating new Environment with Active Directory Service deployment:

1. POST /environments/ - Creating new Environment
2. POST /environments/id/configure – Creating new configuration session for Environment
3. POST /environments/id/services – Creating new ActiveDirectory service
4. POST /environments/id/sessions/session\_id/deploy – Saving and deploying changes

## Hostname assignment

Each Service Object definition may have an attribute "unitNamingPattern" that is used to control hostnames that will be assigned to spawned VM instances of the service.

Hostname pattern has the form of "name#" where "#" character is replaced with sequential number of unit within the service (starting with 1) and all other characters remain intact. For example Service with unitNamingPatter equal to "ad#-loc" will have units with hostnames "ad1-loc", "ad2-loc" etc.



"unitNamingPattern" attribute is optional. If it is omitted then a unique random hostname would be assigned.

# API

## Environment API

This section describes API calls for Environment management.

### Get a List of existing Environments

**Table 4.1. Environment Object**

| Attribute | Type     | Description                                  |
|-----------|----------|----------------------------------------------|
| id        | string   | Unique ID                                    |
| name      | string   | User-friendly name                           |
| created   | datetime | Creation date and time in ISO format         |
| updated   | datetime | Modification date and time in ISO format     |
| tenant_id | string   | OpenStack tenant ID                          |
| version   | int      | Current version                              |
| status    | string   | Deployment status: ready, pending, deploying |

### Call

**Table 4.2. GET /environments Call**

| Method | URI           | Description                         |
|--------|---------------|-------------------------------------|
| GET    | /environments | Get a list of existing Environments |

### Payload

None

### Returns

This call returns list of environments. Only the basic properties are returned. For details see "Get Environment Instance Detailed Information":

```
{
  "environments": [
    {
      "id": "0ce373a477f211e187a55404a662f968",
      "name": "dc1",
      "created": "2010-11-30T03:23:42Z",
      "updated": "2010-11-30T03:23:44Z",
      "tenant_id": "0849006f7ce94961b3aab4e46d6f229a",
```

```
        "version": 1,
        "status": "ready"
    },
    {
        "id": "c697bd2429304820a928d145aa42af59",
        "name": "dc2",
        "created": "2010-11-30T03:23:42Z",
        "updated": "2010-11-30T03:23:44Z",
        "tenant_id": "0849006f7ce94961b3aab4e46d6f229a",
        "version": 2,
        "status": "deploying"
    }
]
}
```

## Create Environment instance

**Table 4.3. Environment Object**

| Attribute | Type   | Required | Description        |
|-----------|--------|----------|--------------------|
| name      | string | yes      | User-friendly name |

## Call

**Table 4.4. POST /environments Call**

| Method | URI           | Description            |
|--------|---------------|------------------------|
| POST   | /environments | Create new Environment |

## Payload

```
{
  "name": "env1"
}
```

## Returns

This call returns created environment:

```
{
  "id": "ce373a477f211e187a55404a662f968",
  "name": "env1",
  "created": "2010-11-30T03:23:42Z",
  "updated": "2010-11-30T03:23:44Z",
}
```

```
    "tenant_id": "0849006f7ce94961b3aab4e46d6f229a",  
    "version": 0  
  }
```

## Update Environment Instance

**Table 4.5. Environment Object**

| Attribute | Type   | Required | Description        |
|-----------|--------|----------|--------------------|
| name      | string | yes      | User-friendly name |

### Call

**Table 4.6. PUT /environments/<id> Call**

| Method | URI                | Description                               |
|--------|--------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| PUT    | /environments/<id> | Update properties of Environment instance |

**Table 4.7. Error Response Codes**

| Code | Description                                            |
|------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| 401  | User is not authorized to access this tenant resources |

### Payload

```
{  
  "name": "env1-changed"  
}
```

### Returns

This call returns modified environment object:

```
{  
  "id": "ce373a477f211e187a55404a662f968",  
  "name": "env1-changed",  
  "created": "2010-11-30T03:23:42Z",  
  "updated": "2010-11-30T03:23:44Z",  
  "tenant_id": "0849006f7ce94961b3aab4e46d6f229a",  
  "version": 0  
}
```

## Get Environment Instance Detailed Information

### Call

**Table 4.8. GET /environments/<id> Call**

| Method | URI                | Description                                                             |
|--------|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| GET    | /environments/<id> | Returns detailed information about Environment including child entities |

**Table 4.9. Error Response Codes**

| Code | Description                                            |
|------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| 401  | User is not authorized to access this tenant resources |

### Payload

None

### Returns

This call returns environment object with underlying services:

```
{
  "environments": [{
    "id": "0ce373a477f211e187a55404a662f968",
    "name": "dc1",
    "created": "2010-11-30T03:23:42Z",
    "updated": "2010-11-30T03:23:44Z",
    "tenant_id": "0849006f7ce94961b3aab4e46d6f229a",
    "version": 1,
    "status": "deploying",
    "services": [
      "activeDirectories": [{
        "id": "96365940588b479294fe8e6dc073db04",
        "name": "acme.dc",
        "created": "2010-11-30T03:23:42Z",
        "updated": "2010-11-30T03:23:44Z",
        "status": "deploying",
        "units": [{
          "id": "d08887df15b94178b244904b506fe85b",
          "isMaster": true,
          "location": "west-dc"
        }, {
          "id": "dcf0de317e7046bea555539f19b8ea84",
          "isMaster": false,
          "location": "west-dc"
        }
      ]
    ]
  }
]
```

```
}
```

## Remove Environment

### Call

**Table 4.10. DELETE /environments/<id> Call**

| Method | URI                | Description                   |
|--------|--------------------|-------------------------------|
| DELETE | /environments/<id> | Remove specified Environment. |

**Table 4.11. Error Response Codes**

| Code | Description                                            |
|------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| 401  | User is not authorized to access this tenant resources |

### Payload

None

### Returns

None

## Environment Configuration API

Multiple sessions could be opened for one environment simultaneously, but only one session going to be deployed. First session that starts deploying is going to be deployed; other ones become invalid and could not be deployed at all. User could not open new session for environment that in `deploying` state (that's why we call it "almost lock free" model).

**Table 4.12. Configuration Session Object**

| Attribute      | Type     | Description                                                   |
|----------------|----------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| id             | string   | Session unique ID                                             |
| environment_id | string   | Environment that going to be modified during this session     |
| created        | datetime | Creation date and time in ISO format                          |
| updated        | datetime | Modification date and time in ISO format                      |
| user_id        | string   | Session owner ID                                              |
| version        | int      | Environment version for which configuration session is opened |
| state          | string   | Session state. Could be: open, deploying, deployed            |

## Configure Environment / Open session

During this call new working session is created, and session ID should be sent in header (X-Configuration-Session) to all next API calls.

## Call

**Table 4.13. POST /environments/<id>/configure Call**

| Method | URI                          | Description                        |
|--------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| POST   | /environments/<id>/configure | Creating new configuration session |

**Table 4.14. Error Response Codes**

| Code | Description                                                              |
|------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 403  | Could not open session for environment, environment has deploying status |

## Payload

None

## Returns

This call returns created session:

```
{
  "id": "4aecdc2178b9430cbbb8db44fb7ac384",
  "environment_id": "4dc8a2e8986fa8fa5bf24dc8a2e8986fa8",
  "created": "2010-11-30T03:23:42Z",
  "updated": "2010-11-30T03:23:54Z",
  "user_id": "d7b501094caf4daab08469663a9e1a2b",
  "version": 12,
  "state": "open"
}
```

## Deploy changes from Session

### Call

**Table 4.15. POST /environments/<id>/sessions/<sessionId>/deploy Call**

| Method | URI                                            | Description                                                  |
|--------|------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| POST   | /environments/<id>/sessions/<sessionId>/deploy | Deploying changes made in session with specified <sessionId> |

**Table 4.16. Error Response Codes**

| Code | Description                                              |
|------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| 403  | Session is invalid                                       |
| 403  | Session is already deployed or deployment is in progress |

## Payload

None

## Returns

None

## Get session information

### Call

**Table 4.17. GET /environments/<id>/sessions/<sessionId> Call**

| Method | URI                                     | Description                                              |
|--------|-----------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| GET    | /environments/<id>/sessions/<sessionId> | Getting details about session with specified <sessionId> |

**Table 4.18. Error Response Codes**

| Code | Description                                   |
|------|-----------------------------------------------|
| 401  | User is not authorized to access this session |
| 403  | Session is invalid                            |

## Payload

None

## Returns

This call returns session information:

```
{
  "id": "4aecdc2178b9430cbbb8db44fb7ac384",
  "environment_id": "4dc8a2e8986fa8fa5bf24dc8a2e8986fa8",
  "created": "2010-11-30T03:23:42Z",
  "updated": "2010-11-30T03:23:54Z",
  "user_id": "d7b501094caf4daab08469663a9e1a2b",
  "version": 0,
  "state": "deploying"
}
```

## Delete Session

### Call

**Table 4.19. DELETE /environments/<id>/sessions/<sessionId> Call**

| Method | URI                                     | Description                               |
|--------|-----------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| DELETE | /environments/<id>/sessions/<sessionId> | Delete session with specified <sessionId> |

**Table 4.20. Error Response Codes**

| Code | Description                                            |
|------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| 401  | User is not authorized to access this session          |
| 403  | Session is in deploying state and could not be deleted |

**Payload**

None

**Returns**

None

## Services API

This section describes API calls for managing all types of services.

### Calls and Endpoints

**GET**

Using GET calls to services endpoint user works with list containing all services for specified environment. User can request whole list, specific service, or specific attribute of specific service using tree traversing. To request specific service user should add to endpoint part with service id, e.g.: `/environments/<id>/services/<service_id>`. For selection of specific attribute on service, simply appending part with attribute name will work. For example to request service name, user should use next endpoint: `/environments/<id>/services/<service_id>/name`

**Call****Table 4.21. GET /environments/<id>/services Call**

| Method | URI                         |
|--------|-----------------------------|
| GET    | /environments/<id>/services |

**Table 4.22. Headers**

| Name                    | Type   | Required | Description                       |
|-------------------------|--------|----------|-----------------------------------|
| X-Configuration-Session | string | no       | ID of valid configuration session |

**Payload**

None

**Returns**

Json Object

**PUT**

Using PUT calls user can update or add any attribute on any service.



**Call****Table 4.23. PUT /environments/<id>/services Call**

| Method | URI                         |
|--------|-----------------------------|
| PUT    | /environments/<id>/services |

**Table 4.24. Headers**

| Name                    | Type   | Required | Description                       |
|-------------------------|--------|----------|-----------------------------------|
| X-Configuration-Session | string | yes      | ID of valid configuration session |

**Payload**

Json Object

**Returns**

Json Object

**POST**

POST calls used for adding new elements to lists with objectes.

**Call****Table 4.25. POST /environments/<id>/services Call**

| Method | URI                         |
|--------|-----------------------------|
| POST   | /environments/<id>/services |

**Table 4.26. Headers**

| Name                    | Type   | Required | Description                       |
|-------------------------|--------|----------|-----------------------------------|
| X-Configuration-Session | string | yes      | ID of valid configuration session |

**Payload**

Json Object

**Returns**

Json Object

**DELETE**

User can remove any attribute or list item using DELETE calls.

**Call****Table 4.27. DELETE /environments/<id>/services Call**

| Method | URI                         |
|--------|-----------------------------|
| DELETE | /environments/<id>/services |

**Table 4.28. Headers**

| Name                    | Type   | Required | Description                       |
|-------------------------|--------|----------|-----------------------------------|
| X-Configuration-Session | string | yes      | ID of valid configuration session |

**Payload**

None

**Returns**

None

## Example Calls using Web Server as example

Please use this example for constructing general CRUD calls to services.

### Get a List of existing services

**Call****Table 4.29. GET /environments/<id>/services Call**

| Method | URI                         | Description                       |
|--------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| GET    | /environments/<id>/services | Get a list of existing WebServers |

**Table 4.30. Headers**

| Name                    | Type   | Required | Description                       |
|-------------------------|--------|----------|-----------------------------------|
| X-Configuration-Session | string | no       | ID of valid configuration session |

**Payload**

None

**Returns**

This call returns list of services:

```
[
  {
    "id": "0ce373a477f211e187a55404a662f968",
    "name": "frontend",
    "type": "webServer",
    "created": "2010-11-30T03:23:42Z",
    "updated": "2010-11-30T03:23:44Z",
    "domain": "ACME",
    "uri": "http://10.0.0.2",
    "units": [{
      "id": "1bf3491c409b4541b6f18ea5988a6437",
      "address": "10.0.0.2",
```

```
        "location": "west-dc"
      }
    ],
  },
  {
    "id": "c697bd2429304820a928d145aa42af59",
    "name": "backend",
    "type": "webServer",
    "created": "2010-11-30T03:23:42Z",
    "updated": "2010-11-30T03:23:44Z",
    "domain": "ACME",
    "uri": "http://10.0.0.3",
    "units": [{
      "id": "eb32f97866d24001baa430cb34e4049f",
      "address": "10.0.0.3",
      "location": "west-dc"
    }]
  }
}
```

## Create Web Server instance

### Call

**Table 4.31. POST /environments/<id>/services Call**

| Method | URI                         | Description           |
|--------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
| POST   | /environments/<id>/services | Create new Web Server |

**Table 4.32. Headers**

| Name                    | Type   | Required | Description                       |
|-------------------------|--------|----------|-----------------------------------|
| X-Configuration-Session | string | yes      | ID of valid configuration session |

### Payload

```
{
  "name": "frontend",
  "type": "webServer",
  "adminPassword": "password",
  "domain": "acme.dc",
  "units": [{
    "location": "west-dc"
  }]
}
```

### Returns

This call returns created web server:

```
{
  "id": "ce373a477f211e187a55404a662f968",
  "name": "frontend",
  "type": "webServer",
  "created": "2010-11-30T03:23:42Z",
  "updated": "2010-11-30T03:23:44Z",
  "domain": "ACME",
  "units": [{
    "id": "1bf3491c409b4541b6f18ea5988a6437",
    "location": "west-dc"
  }]
}
```

## Remove Web Server

### Call

**Table 4.33. DELETE /environments/<id>/services/<service\_id> Call**

| Method | URI                                      | Description               |
|--------|------------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| DELETE | /environments/<id>/services/<service_id> | Remove specified service. |

**Table 4.34. Headers**

| Name                    | Type   | Required | Description                       |
|-------------------------|--------|----------|-----------------------------------|
| X-Configuration-Session | string | yes      | ID of valid configuration session |

### Payload

None

### Returns

None

## Shared Attributes

This section describes attributes common to all services.

## Request Object Specs

**Table 4.35. Service Object Specs**

| Attribute | Type     | Description                          |
|-----------|----------|--------------------------------------|
| id        | string   | Unique ID                            |
| type      | string   | Service Type                         |
| created   | datetime | Creation date and time in ISO format |

| Attribute         | Type     | Description                              |
|-------------------|----------|------------------------------------------|
| updated           | datetime | Modification date and time in ISO format |
| unitNamingPattern | string   | Unit instances naming pattern            |
| availabilityZone  | string   | Availability where service is located    |
| flavor            | string   | Active Directory Unit object             |
| osImage           | string   | Name of image used to power instance     |

## Create Object Specs

**Table 4.36. Service Object Specs**

| Attribute         | Type   | Description                           |
|-------------------|--------|---------------------------------------|
| type              | string | Service Type                          |
| unitNamingPattern | string | Unit instances naming pattern         |
| availabilityZone  | string | Availability where service is located |
| flavor            | string | Active Directory Unit object          |
| osImage           | string | Name of image used to power instance  |

## Active Directory Specs

This section describes objects specs for Active Directory service.

Please, refer to Shared Attributes article for shared/common attributes specification.

Type: activeDirectory

## Request Object Specs

**Table 4.37. Active Directory Object**

| Attribute | Type   | Description                  |
|-----------|--------|------------------------------|
| name      | string | User-friendly name           |
| domain    | string | Domain name                  |
| units     | object | Active Directory Unit object |

**Table 4.38. Active Directory Unit Object**

| Attribute | Type    | Description                                         |
|-----------|---------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| id        | string  | Unique ID                                           |
| isMaster  | boolean | true for primary domain controller, false otherwise |

## Create Object Specs

**Table 4.39. Active Directory Object**

| Attribute | Type   | Required | Description        |
|-----------|--------|----------|--------------------|
| name      | string | yes      | User-friendly name |

| Attribute     | Type   | Required | Description                                |
|---------------|--------|----------|--------------------------------------------|
| adminPassword | string | yes      | Password from domain administrator account |
| domain        | string | yes      | Domain name                                |
| units         | object | yes      | Active Directory Unit object               |

**Table 4.40. Active Directory Unit Object**

| Attribute        | Type    | Required | Description                                         |
|------------------|---------|----------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| isMaster         | boolean | yes      | true for primary domain controller, false otherwise |
| recoveryPassword | string  | yes      | Recovery password                                   |

## Web Server Specs

This section describes API calls for managing Windows web-server software – IIS.

Please, refer to Shared Attributes article for shared/common attributes specification.

Type: webServer

## Request Object Specs

**Table 4.41. Web Server Object**

| Attribute | Type   | Description                                                                             |
|-----------|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| name      | string | User-friendly name                                                                      |
| uri       | string | URI of the Service                                                                      |
| domain    | string | Domain name. This attribute may be empty/null/omitted if machine is not a domain member |
| units     | object | Web Server Unit object                                                                  |

**Table 4.42. Web Server Unit Object**

| Attribute | Type   | Description |
|-----------|--------|-------------|
| id        | string | Unique ID   |

## Create Object Specs

**Table 4.43. Web Server Object**

| Attribute | Type   | Required | Description            |
|-----------|--------|----------|------------------------|
| name      | string | yes      | User-friendly name     |
| domain    | string | no       | Domain name            |
| units     | object | yes      | Web Server Unit object |

**Table 4.44. Web Server Unit Object**

| Attribute | Type | Required | Description |
|-----------|------|----------|-------------|
| -         | -    | -        | -           |

## ASP.NET Application Specs

This section describes API calls for managing ASP.NET Applications

Please, refer to Shared Attributes article for shared/common attributes specification.

Type: aspNetApp

### Request Object Specs

**Table 4.45. ASP.NET Application Object**

| Attribute  | Type   | Description                                                                             |
|------------|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| name       | string | User-friendly name                                                                      |
| repository | string | URL of git repository containing the application source files                           |
| uri        | string | URI of the Service                                                                      |
| domain     | string | Domain name. This attribute may be empty/null/omitted if machine is not a domain member |
| units      | object | ASP.NET Application Unit object                                                         |

**Table 4.46. ASP.NET Application Unit Object**

| Attribute | Type   | Description |
|-----------|--------|-------------|
| id        | string | Unique ID   |

### Create Object Specs

**Table 4.47. ASP.NET Application Object**

| Attribute  | Type   | Required | Description                                                   |
|------------|--------|----------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| name       | string | yes      | User-friendly name                                            |
| repository | string | yes      | URL of git repository containing the application source files |
| domain     | string | no       | Domain name                                                   |
| units      | object | yes      | ASP.NET Application Unit object                               |

**Table 4.48. ASP.NET Application Unit Object**

| Attribute | Type | Required | Description |
|-----------|------|----------|-------------|
| -         | -    | -        | -           |

## Web Server Farm Specs

This section describes API calls for managing Web Server (IIS) Web Farm services

Please, refer to Shared Attributes article for shared/common attributes specification.

Type: webServerFarm

## Request Object Specs

**Table 4.49. Web Server Farm Object**

| Attribute        | Type    | Description                                                                             |
|------------------|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| name             | string  | User-friendly name                                                                      |
| uri              | string  | URI of the Service                                                                      |
| loadBalancerPort | integer | Port number of the Farm                                                                 |
| domain           | string  | Domain name. This attribute may be empty/null/omitted if machine is not a domain member |
| units            | object  | Web Server Farm Unit object                                                             |

**Table 4.50. Web Server Farm Unit Object**

| Attribute | Type   | Description |
|-----------|--------|-------------|
| id        | string | Unique ID   |

## Create Object Specs

**Table 4.51. Web Server Farm Object**

| Attribute        | Type    | Required | Description                 |
|------------------|---------|----------|-----------------------------|
| name             | string  | yes      | User-friendly name          |
| loadBalancerPort | integer | yes      | Port number for the Farm    |
| domain           | string  | no       | Domain name                 |
| units            | object  | yes      | Web Server Farm Unit object |

**Table 4.52. Web Server Farm Unit Object**

| Attribute | Type | Required | Description |
|-----------|------|----------|-------------|
| -         | -    | -        | -           |

## ASP.NET Application Farm Specs

This section describes API calls for managing ASP.NET Web Farm Application Services

Please, refer to Shared Attributes article for shared/common attributes specification.

Type: aspNetAppFarm

## Request Object Specs

**Table 4.53. ASP.NET Application Farm Object**

| Attribute | Type   | Description        |
|-----------|--------|--------------------|
| name      | string | User-friendly name |
| uri       | string | URI of the Service |



| Attribute        | Type    | Description                                                                             |
|------------------|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| repository       | string  | URL of git repository containing the application source files                           |
| loadBalancerPort | integer | Port number of the Farm                                                                 |
| domain           | string  | Domain name. This attribute may be empty/null/omitted if machine is not a domain member |
| units            | object  | ASP.NET Application Farm Unit object                                                    |

**Table 4.54. ASP.NET Application Farm Unit Object**

| Attribute | Type   | Description |
|-----------|--------|-------------|
| id        | string | Unique ID   |

## Create Object Specs

**Table 4.55. ASP.NET Application Farm Object**

| Attribute        | Type    | Required | Description                                                   |
|------------------|---------|----------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| name             | string  | yes      | User-friendly name                                            |
| repository       | string  | yes      | URL of git repository containing the application source files |
| loadBalancerPort | integer | yes      | Port number for the Farm                                      |
| domain           | string  | no       | Domain name                                                   |
| units            | object  | yes      | ASP.NET Application Farm Unit object                          |

**Table 4.56. ASP.NET Application Farm Unit Object**

| Attribute | Type | Required | Description |
|-----------|------|----------|-------------|
| -         | -    | -        | -           |

## MS SQL Server Specs

This section describes API calls for managing MS SQL Server Service.

Please, refer to Shared Attributes article for shared/common attributes specification.

Type: msSqlServer

## Request Object Specs

**Table 4.57. MS SQL Server Object**

| Attribute     | Type   | Description                                                                             |
|---------------|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| name          | string | User-friendly name                                                                      |
| mixedModeAuth | bool   | Use LDAP to access SQL Server                                                           |
| saPassword    | string | SQL Server admin password                                                               |
| domain        | string | Domain name. This attribute may be empty/null/omitted if machine is not a domain member |

| Attribute     | Type   | Description            |
|---------------|--------|------------------------|
| adminPassword | string | Domain password        |
| units         | object | SQL Server Unit object |

**Table 4.58. SQL Server Unit object**

| Attribute | Type   | Description |
|-----------|--------|-------------|
| id        | string | Unique ID   |

## Create Object Specs

**Table 4.59. SQL Server Unit object**

| Attribute     | Type   | Required | Description                   |
|---------------|--------|----------|-------------------------------|
| name          | string | yes      | User-friendly name            |
| mixedModeAuth | bool   | yes      | Use LDAP to access SQL Server |
| saPassword    | string | no       | SQL Server admin password     |
| domain        | string | no       | Domain name                   |
| adminPassword | string | no       | Domain admin password         |
| units         | object | yes      | SQL Server Unit object        |

**Table 4.60. MS SQL Server Unit Object**

| Attribute | Type | Required | Description |
|-----------|------|----------|-------------|
| -         | -    | -        | -           |

## MS SQL Server Cluster Specs

This section describes API calls for managing MS SQL Server Cluster Service.

Please, refer to Shared Attributes article for shared/common attributes specification.

Type: msSqlClusterServer

## Request Object Specs

**Table 4.61. MS SQL Server Object**

| Attribute           | Type    | Description                                                                                                       |
|---------------------|---------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| name                | string  | User-friendly name                                                                                                |
| externalAD          | boolean | Is Active Directory is configured by the System Administrator                                                     |
| domainAdminUserName | string  | Username for Active Directory user with admin role, if Active Directory is configured by the System Administrator |
| domain              | string  | Domain name. This attribute may be empty/null/omitted if machine is not a domain member                           |

| Attribute      | Type   | Description                                           |
|----------------|--------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| mixedModeAuth  | bool   | Use LDAP to access SQL Server                         |
| clusterIp      | string | A valid IPv4 fixed IP                                 |
| clusterName    | string | Service name for new SQL Cluster service              |
| agGroupName    | string | Availability Group Name                               |
| agListenerName | string | FQDN name of a new DNS entry for AG Listener endpoint |
| agListenerIP   | string | Availability Group Listener IP                        |
| units          | object | MS SQL Server Cluster Unit object                     |

**Table 4.62. MS SQL Server Cluster Unit object**

| Attribute | Type    | Description                |
|-----------|---------|----------------------------|
| id        | string  | Unique ID                  |
| isMaster  | boolean | Is this node master?       |
| isSync    | boolean | Is this node in sync mode? |

## Create Object Specs

**Table 4.63. MS SQL Server Cluster Unit object**

| Attribute           | Type    | Required | Description                                                                                                       |
|---------------------|---------|----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| name                | string  | yes      | User-friendly name                                                                                                |
| adminPassword       | string  | yes      | Domain password                                                                                                   |
| externalAD          | boolean | yes      | Is Active Directory is configured by the System Administrator                                                     |
| domainAdminUserName | string  | no       | Username for Active Directory user with admin role, if Active Directory is configured by the System Administrator |
| domainAdminPassword | string  | no       | Password for Active Directory user with admin role, if Active Directory is configured by the System Administrator |
| domain              | string  | no       | Domain name. This attribute may be empty/null/omitted if machine is not a domain member                           |
| mixedModeAuth       | bool    | yes      | Use LDAP to access SQL Server                                                                                     |
| saPassword          | string  | no       | SQL Server admin password                                                                                         |
| clusterIp           | string  | yes      | A valid IPv4 fixed IP                                                                                             |
| clusterName         | string  | yes      | Service name for new SQL Cluster service                                                                          |
| agGroupName         | string  | yes      | Availability Group Name                                                                                           |
| agListenerName      | string  | yes      | FQDN name of a new DNS entry for AG Listener endpoint                                                             |
| agListenerIP        | string  | yes      | Availability Group Listener IP                                                                                    |
| sqlServicePassword  | string  | yes      | User password that will be created to manage cluster instances                                                    |

| Attribute | Type   | Required | Description                    |
|-----------|--------|----------|--------------------------------|
| units     | object | yes      | SQL Server Cluster Unit object |

**Table 4.64. MS SQL Server Cluster Unit Object**

| Attribute | Type    | Required | Description                |
|-----------|---------|----------|----------------------------|
| isMaster  | boolean | yes      | Is this node master?       |
| isSync    | boolean | yes      | Is this node in sync mode? |

## Linux Apache Specs

This section describes objects specs for Linux Apache Service.

Please, refer to Shared Attributes article for shared/common attributes specification.

Type: linuxApacheService

## Request Object Specs

**Table 4.65. Linux Apache Object**

| Attribute       | Type    | Description                             |
|-----------------|---------|-----------------------------------------|
| name            | string  | User-friendly name                      |
| deployApachePHP | boolean | Enable PHP support on installed service |
| units           | object  | Linux Apache Unit object                |

**Table 4.66. Linux Apache Unit Object**

| Attribute | Type | Description |
|-----------|------|-------------|
| -         | -    | -           |

## Create Object Specs

**Table 4.67. Linux Apache Object**

| Attribute       | Type    | Required | Description                             |
|-----------------|---------|----------|-----------------------------------------|
| name            | string  | yes      | User-friendly name                      |
| deployApachePHP | boolean | no       | Enable PHP support on installed service |
| units           | object  | yes      | Linux Apache Unit object                |

**Table 4.68. Linux Apache Unit Object**

| Attribute | Type | Required | Description |
|-----------|------|----------|-------------|
| -         | -    | -        | -           |

## Linux Telnet Specs

This section describes objects specs for Linux Telnet service.

Please, refer to Shared Attributes article for shared/common attributes specification.

Type: linuxTelnetService

## Request Object Specs

**Table 4.69. Linux Telnet Object**

| Attribute | Type   | Description              |
|-----------|--------|--------------------------|
| name      | string | User-friendly name       |
| units     | object | Linux Telnet Unit object |

**Table 4.70. Linux Telnet Unit Object**

| Attribute | Type | Description |
|-----------|------|-------------|
| -         | -    | -           |

## Create Object Specs

**Table 4.71. Linux Telnet Object**

| Attribute | Type   | Required | Description              |
|-----------|--------|----------|--------------------------|
| name      | string | yes      | User-friendly name       |
| units     | object | yes      | Linux Telnet Unit object |

**Table 4.72. Linux Telnet Unit Object**

| Attribute | Type | Required | Description |
|-----------|------|----------|-------------|
| -         | -    | -        | -           |

---

# Chapter 5. Metadata-Repository API Specification

| Revision Date        | Summary of Changes                                        |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| December, 9th, 2013. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Initial</li></ul> |

## Introduction

Murano Metadata Repository is used to operate (store, display, group and use for deployment) the metadata objects. It is the simplest possible storage for metadata objects, without any significant modifications in the existing Murano components.

## Glossary

|                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Metadata object type | Name of supported metadata objects. For now there are 6 of them: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Service Manifest - <i>manifests</i></li><li>• Workflow - <i>workflow</i></li><li>• Heat templates - <i>heat</i></li><li>• Agent templates - <i>agent</i></li><li>• Scripts - <i>scripts</i></li><li>• UI definitions - <i>ui</i></li></ul> |
| Service Manifest     | Defines basic properties of the services. It binds together metadata objects by defining the names of the files required for a given service. The manifest should be defined as a yaml file.                                                                                                                                                        |
| Workflow             | Definition of workflow rules and actions needed to deploy a service                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Heat templates       | A parametrized Heat template                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Agent templates      | A template for Agent execution plan (contains script imports and commands to execute)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Scripts              | A script which is referenced in execution plan and is executed on the Agent. Conductor loads the content of this file, base-64 encodes it and injects it into the execution plan                                                                                                                                                                    |
| UI definitions       | A definition of the dynamic User Interface for service configuration in the Dashboard.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

## v1

This chapter defines all available api calls for v1 version. All definitions are listed without version prefix. Just add "v1" to the beginning of any call. Example: v1/client/ui

### Return codes and errors

All REST API calls return the natural HTTP response codes for the operations, e.g. a successful GET returns a HTTP 200, a successful PUT returns a HTTP 201, a GET for a non-existent entity returns HTTP 404, unauthorized operations return HTTP 401 or HTTP 403, internal errors return HTTP 500.

### Authentication

All requests include a Keystone authentication token header (X-Auth-Token). Clients must authenticate with Keystone before interacting with the Murano Repository Service.

## Client API

This section describes API calls for Metadata Repository clients.

### Get archive for a specified client

#### Call

**Table 5.1. Get archive for a specified client**

| Method | URI                   | Description                                                                            |
|--------|-----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| GET    | /client/<client_type> | Returns archive with all metadata objects for specified client for all active services |

**Table 5.2. Parameters**

| Parameter   | Description                                                                                       | Required |
|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| client_type | One of supported Murano Repository client: ui - Murano Dashboard;<br>conductor - Murano Conductor | true     |

**Table 5.3. Response Codes**

| Code | Description                                                                                           |
|------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 200  | Archive with metadata objects successfully composed and sent                                          |
| 401  | User is not authorized to access this tenant resources                                                |
| 404  | Client_type is not supported                                                                          |
| 304  | Returns empty body if the hash matches the hashsum of current version of the metadata objects archive |

#### Payload

None

#### Returns

This call returns an array of bytes represents tar.gz archive

### Download the service definition

**Table 5.4. Download the service definition**

| Method | URI                                  | Description                                                                               |
|--------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| GET    | /client/services/<full_service_name> | Returns a tar.gz archive containing service definition along with all referenced metadata |

| Method | URI | Description                                                   |
|--------|-----|---------------------------------------------------------------|
|        |     | objects, directory structure of metadata objects is preserved |

**Table 5.5. Parameters**

| Parameter         | Description                                                                | Required |
|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| full_service_name | Identifies the type service (corresponds to full_service_name in manifest) | true     |

**Table 5.6. Error Response Codes**

| Code | Description                                                                                         |
|------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 401  | User is not authorized to access this tenant resources                                              |
| 404  | Service with specified full_service_name does not exist(there is no manifest file for this service) |

#### Payload

None

#### Returns

This call returns an array of bytes represents tar.gz archive with all files required for given service

## Admin API

### List Metadata Objects

**Table 5.7. List Metadata Objects**

| Method | URI                         | Description                                                                                                                                                  |
|--------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| GET    | /admin/<object_type>/<path> | Returns a json-array containing the filenames of the metadata objects of a given type in a given subdirectory. Includes all subdirectories and their content |

**Table 5.8. Parameters**

| Parameter   | Description                                                                                                               | Required |
|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| object_type | One of supported Murano Repository objects: workflow, scripts, ui, agent, heat, manifests                                 | true     |
| path        | May define a directory (which is present under the root directory of the appropriate type of metadata). If specified, the | false    |



| Parameter | Description                                                                                            | Required |
|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
|           | output will include only files and subdirectories of this directory (the path will be relative to it). |          |

**Table 5.9. Error Response Codes**

| Code | Description                                                                 |
|------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 401  | User is not authorized to access this tenant resources                      |
| 404  | Metadata object type or directory specified in path parameter are not exist |

### Payload

None

### Returns

This call returns list all files for specified object type and path

```
{
  "ui": [
    "MsSqlClusterServer.yaml",
    "AspNetAppFarm.yaml",
    "LinuxApache.yaml",
    "WebServerFarm.yaml",
    "Demo.yaml",
    "WebServer.yaml",
    "ActiveDirectory.yaml",
    "MsSqlServer.yaml",
    "AspNetApp.yaml",
    "LinuxTelnet.yaml"
  ]
}
```

## Get Metadata Object

**Table 5.10. Get Metadata Object**

| Method | URI                              | Description                                          |
|--------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| GET    | /admin/<object_type>/<file_name> | Returns a file containing specified metadata object. |

**Table 5.11. Parameters**

| Parameter   | Description                                                                               | Required |
|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| object_type | One of supported Murano Repository objects: workflow, scripts, ui, agent, heat, manifests | true     |

| Parameter | Description                                                                                              | Required |
|-----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| file_name | Defines a filename of the file to be downloaded. Should be relative to the root folder of the given type | true     |

**Table 5.12. Error Response Codes**

| Code | Description                                                                 |
|------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 401  | User is not authorized to access this tenant resources                      |
| 404  | Metadata object type or directory specified in path parameter are not exist |

**Payload**

None

**Returns**

This call returns an array of bytes represents a file

## Upload a metadata object

**Table 5.13. Upload a metadata object**

| Method | URI                                                        | Content-Type             | Description                                                                                                                        |
|--------|------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| POST   | /admin/<br><object_type>/<br><path>                        | multipart/form-data      | Submits a new metadata file of a given type. Attribute "file" that points to the uploading file should be in request.FILES section |
| POST   | /admin/<br><object_type>/<br><path>?<br>filename=test.yaml | application/octet-stream | Submits a new metadata file of a given type. Filename parameter is required                                                        |

**Table 5.14. Parameters**

| Parameter   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Required |
|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| object_type | identifies the type of the new metadata object. May be one of the following: workflow, scripts, ui, agent, heat, manifests                                                                                                                                                                                           | true     |
| path        | May define a directory (which is present under the root directory of the appropriate type of metadata). If specified, the file will be placed into that dir. If omitted, the file will be placed into the root directory of the given metadata type. This parameter may not be defined for files of type "manifests" | false    |

**Table 5.15. Error Response Codes**

| Code | Description                                                                                                                                              |
|------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 401  | User is not authorized to access this tenant resources                                                                                                   |
| 404  | The object_type is unknown or the path is set to an non-existing directory                                                                               |
| 400  | The is no parameter 'file' in request.FILES(for multipart/form-data Content type) or there is no filename parameter in URL(for application/octet-stream) |

#### **Payload**

File will be stored on Metadata Repository Server in a directory corresponds to given object type or in it's nested directory

#### **Returns**

In case of successful result this call returns a json:

```
{"result": "success"}
```

## **Create directory**

**Table 5.16. Create directory**

| Method | URI                                        | Description                               |
|--------|--------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| PUT    | /admin/<object_type>/<full_directory_name> | Creates a new directory in the given path |

**Table 5.17. Parameters**

| Parameter           | Description                                                                                                                                               | Required |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| object_type         | Identifies the type of the new metadata object. May be one of the following: workflow, scripts, ui, agent, heat.                                          | true     |
| full_directory_name | Defines a name of a new directory. If any components of the path are missing, they will be created. If the directory already exists, nothing will happen. | true     |

**Table 5.18. Error Response Codes**

| Code | Description                                            |
|------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| 401  | User is not authorized to access this tenant resources |
| 404  | The object_type is unknown                             |
| 403  | The object_type is "manifest"                          |

#### **Payload**

None

### Returns

In case of successful result this call returns a json:

```
{"result": "success"}
```

## Delete metadata object or directory

**Table 5.19. Delete metadata object or directory**

| Method | URI                                                | Description                                                                       |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DELETE | /admin/<br><object_type>/<br><full_path_to_object> | Deletes a metadata object or a directory. Directory should be empty to be deleted |

**Table 5.20. Parameters**

| Parameter           | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Required |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| object_type         | Identifies the type of the new metadata object. May be one of the following: workflow, scripts, ui, agent, heat, manifests.” typed cannot be specified, as subdirectories for the service manifests cannot be created | true     |
| full_path_to_object | Specifies the full path a file or a directory .                                                                                                                                                                       | true     |

**Table 5.21. Error Response Codes**

| Code | Description                                                                                         |
|------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 401  | User is not authorized to access this tenant resources                                              |
| 404  | The object_type is unknown or the full_path_to_object is set to an non-existing directory or object |
| 403  | The object specified by full_path_to_object is a not empty directory                                |

### Payload

File or directory with the given name permanently deletes from Murano Metadata Repository Server

### Returns

In case of successful result this call returns a json:

```
{"result": "success"}
```

## List all the services

**Table 5.22. List all the services**

| Method | URI             | Description                                                                                                                                            |
|--------|-----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| GET    | /admin/services | Returns a json-array containing all the info (version, display name, author, etc) about each service except their references to other metadata objects |

### Payload

None

### Returns

In case of successful result this call returns a json:

```
{
  "services": [
    {
      "author": "Mirantis Inc.",
      "description": "<strong> Demo Service </strong>
                    shows how Murano is working.",
      "enabled": true,
      "full_service_name": "demoService",
      "service_display_name": "Demo Service",
      "service_version": "",
      "valid": true,
      "version": "0.1"
    },
    {
      "author": "Mirantis Inc.",
      "description": "<strong> The Internet Information Service </strong>
                    sets up an IIS server and joins it into an existing dom
      "enabled": true,
      "full_service_name": "webServer",
      "service_display_name": "Internet Information Services",
      "service_version": 1,
      "valid": true,
      "version": 0.1
    }
  ]
}
```

## List metadata objects of a given service

**Table 5.23. List metadata objects of a given service**

| Method | URI                                 | Description                                                                           |
|--------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| GET    | /admin/services/<full_service_name> | Returns a json-dictionary containing the filenames of the metadata objects referenced |

| Method | URI | Description                                                                                                                                                                    |
|--------|-----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|        |     | by a given service. Filenames include all parent directories, all objects belonging to a certain %metadata_type% are grouped into an array value for of a %metadata_type% key. |

**Table 5.24. Parameters**

| Parameter         | Description                                                                | Required |
|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| full_service_name | Identifies the type service (corresponds to full_service_name in manifest) | true     |

**Table 5.25. Error Response Codes**

| Code | Description                                            |
|------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| 401  | User is not authorized to access this tenant resources |
| 404  | The full_service_name is unknown                       |

### Payload

None

### Returns

This call returns a json:

```
{
  "agent": [
    "Demo.template"
  ],
  "heat": [
    "Demo.template",
    "RouterInterface.template",
    "Network.template",
    "NNSecurity.template",
    "Param.template",
    "Subnet.template",
    "InstancePortWSubnet.template",
    "InstancePort.template"
  ],
  "scripts": [],
  "ui": [
    "Demo.yaml"
  ],
  "workflows": [
    "Networking.xml",
    "Common.xml",
    "Demo.xml"
  ]
}
```

}

## List meta information of a given service

**Table 5.26. List meta information of a given service**

| Method | URI                                      | Description                                                         |
|--------|------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| GET    | /admin/services/<full_service_name>/info | Returns a json-dictionary containing information of a given service |

**Table 5.27. Parameters**

| Parameter         | Description                                                                | Required |
|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| full_service_name | Identifies the type service (corresponds to full_service_name in manifest) | true     |

**Table 5.28. Error Response Codes**

| Code | Description                                            |
|------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| 401  | User is not authorized to access this tenant resources |
| 404  | The full_service_name is unknown                       |

### Payload

None

### Returns

This call returns a json:

```
{
  "author": "Mirantis Inc.",
  "description": "Demo Service shows how Murano is working.",
  "enabled": true,
  "full_service_name": "demoService",
  "service_display_name": "Demo Service",
  "service_version": "",
  "version": "0.1"
}
```

## Switch service parameter: enabled/disabled

**Table 5.29. Switch service parameter: enabled/disabled**

| Method | URI                                                | Description                                                          |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| POST   | /admin/services/<full_service_name>/toggle_enabled | Toggle current state of 'Enabled' parameter in service manifest file |

**Table 5.30. Parameters**

| Parameter         | Description                                                                | Required |
|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| full_service_name | Identifies the type service (corresponds to full_service_name in manifest) | true     |

**Table 5.31. Error Response Codes**

| Code | Description                                            |
|------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| 401  | User is not authorized to access this tenant resources |
| 404  | The full_service_name is unknown                       |

### Payload

None

### Returns

In case of successful result this call returns a json:

```
{ "result": "success" }
```

## Upload the complete service definition

**Table 5.32. Upload the complete service definition**

| Method | URI             | Content-Type             | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|--------|-----------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| POST   | /admin/services | application/octet-stream | Uploads a tar.gz archive containing service definition to be added to catalog along with the referenced metadata objects. Metadata objects could be located in nested directories, the directory structure will be preserved on server-side |
| POST   | /admin/services | multipart/form-data      | Uploads a tar.gz archive containing service definition to be added to catalog along with the referenced metadata objects. Attribute "file" that points to the uploading file should be in request.FILES section                             |

**Table 5.33. Parameters**

| Parameter         | Description                                                                | Required |
|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| full_service_name | Identifies the type service (corresponds to full_service_name in manifest) | true     |



**Table 5.34. Error Response Codes**

| Code | Description                                                                                                |
|------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 401  | User is not authorized to access this tenant resources                                                     |
| 404  | The full_service_name is unknown                                                                           |
| 400  | Uploading file is not tar.gz or archive is invalid (archive structure not correspond to defined in config) |

**Payload**

All files from archive are copied to corresponds location in Metadata Service

**Returns**

In case of successful result this call returns a json:

```
{"result": "success"}
```

## Create or modify service definition

**Table 5.35. Create or modify service definition**

| Method | URI                                 | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| PUT    | /admin/services/<full_service_name> | Create or modify manifest file.<br>Request data should be a json object If full_service_name is not specified new manifest file will be created. Otherwise existent service definition (manifest file) will be rewritten with the given data. |

**Table 5.36. Parameters**

| Parameter         | Description                                                                | Required |
|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| full_service_name | Identifies the type service (corresponds to full_service_name in manifest) | true     |

**Table 5.37. Error Response Codes**

| Code | Description                                                                                                    |
|------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 401  | User is not authorized to access this tenant resources                                                         |
| 400  | If specified full_service_name is not equivalent to that parameter in json or there is no json data in request |

**Payload**

New manifest created in manifests directory. Metadata Service

**Example**

Here are json that will create new service manifest in Metadata Repository (json for service update looks the same - all data will be overwritten with the new one). Note that service\_display\_name is a required parameter and full\_service\_name should correspond to full\_service\_name given in URL or skipped.

```
{
  "full_service_name": "new_service",
  "service_display_name" : "Test Service",
  "version": "0.1"
}
```

All other parameters will be set to default parameters.

#### Returns

In case of successful result this call returns a json:

```
{"result": "success"}
```

## Delete service from repository

**Table 5.38. Delete service from repository**

| Method | URI                                 | Description                       |
|--------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| DELETE | /admin/services/<full_service_name> | Deletes a service from repository |

**Table 5.39. Parameters**

| Parameter         | Description                                                                | Required |
|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| full_service_name | Identifies the type service (corresponds to full_service_name in manifest) | true     |

**Table 5.40. Error Response Codes**

| Code | Description                                            |
|------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| 401  | User is not authorized to access this tenant resources |
| 404  | The full_service_name is unknown                       |

#### Payload

Manifest for specified service deleted from

#### Returns

In case of successful result this call returns a json:

```
{"result": "success"}
```

## Reset cache

**Table 5.41. Reset cache**

| Method | URI                 | Description                                            |
|--------|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| POST   | /admin/reset_caches | Clear server cache in case of manual data modification |

### Payload

None

### Returns

In case of successful result this call returns a json:

```
{"result": "success"}
```

---

# Chapter 6. Workflows XML DSL

## XML DSL

Workflows are written using XML markup language. This XML has no fixed structure but instead XML tags are translated into Python function calls. Thus such XML can be considered as a simplified programming language.

Consider the following XML fragment:

```
<func arg1="value1" arg2="value2" />
```

This is an equivalent to `func(arg1='value1', arg2='value2')` in Python. Tag name is mapped to a function name, one that Murano Conductor knows. Each attribute corresponds to function argument.

XML functions may also have a body. It is evaluated to "body" argument. Thus

```
<func arg1="value1" arg2="value2">some text</func>
```

is translated to `func(arg1='value1', arg2='value2', body='some text')`

In example above all function arguments were constant values. But they also can be evaluated:

```
<foo arg="value">
  <bar/>
</foo>
```

turns to

```
body_value = bar()
foo(arg='value', body=body_value)
```

Tag body may consist of several function invocations. In such case all values would be concatenated. For example if

```
def foo(**kwargs):
    return "foo"

def bar(**kwargs):
    return "bar"
```

then `<func><foo/> - <bar/></func>` will result in `func(body = 'foo - bar')`

Function parameters can also be function calls using `<parameter>` tag

```
<foo arg="value"/>
```

can be rewritten as

```
<foo>
  <parameter name="arg">value</parameter>
</foo>
```

while that later form is more verbose it allows having dynamically evaluated values as function arguments:

```
<foo>
  <parameter name="arg"><bar/></parameter>
</foo>
```

Functions may also have other custom tags in their body that interpreted in a way different from plain function invocation.

## DSL functions

There are a number of functions in Murano Conductor that can be used in XML DSL:

- `<true/>` - returns True
- `<false/>` - False
- `<null/>` - None
- `<text><foo/></text>` - converts body to string (`str(foo())`)
- list - form list (array) object -

```
<list>
  <item>item1</item>
  <item>item2</item>
  <item><true/></item>
</list>
```

equals to `["item1", "item2", True]`

- map - form dictionary (map) object

```
<map>
  <item name="key1">value1</item>
  <item name="key2">value2</item>
</map>
```

equals to `{ "key1": "value1", "key2": "value2" }` For both list and map functions names of item nodes ("item" in examples above) is irrelevant and can be changed to better match structure usage. For example

```
<map>
  <set name="key"><null/></set>
```

```
</map>
```

Structures can be nested:

```
<list>
  <item>
    <map>
      <item name="name 1">value 1</item>
      <item name="name 2">value 2</item>
    </map>
  </item>
  <item>
    <map>
      <item name="name 1">value 3</item>
      <item name="name 2">value 4</item>
    </map>
  </item>
</list>
```

equals to

```
[
  { 'name 1': 'value 1', 'name 2': 'value 2' },
  { 'name 1': 'value 3', 'name 2': 'value 4' }
]
```

## Workflows

Workflows are XML DSL scripts that describe the steps that conductor need to perform in order to deploy specified environment. All workflow constructs are just ordinary DSL functions similar to those described above.

Usually workflows extract some data from input environment definition (Object Model) and then invoke one of the actions with these data as a input arguments.

Actions are:

- Heat commands that update or delete Heat Stack: <update-cf-stack>, <delete-cf-stack>
- Send command to Murano Agent: <send-command>
- Report state to API: <report>

Workflow logic can be described in 6 steps:

1. Choose a node (set of nodes) to update. If none of the nodes can be updated we are done.
2. According to the current state of node (that is a part of input Object Model) choose appropriate command to execute (update Heat stack or issue PowerShell command)
3. Select appropriate information from Object Model and substitute it into chosen template
4. Execute command

5. Update Object Model according to command execution result

6. Go to step 1

## Accessing Object Model

Object Model is a definition of environment that Murano Conductor was asked to deploy.

Lets take the following Object Model that describes Active Directory service with single controller for our further examples:

```
{
  "name": "MyDataCenter",
  "id": "adc6d143f9584d10808c7ef4d07e4802",
  "services": [ {
    "name": "TestAD",
    "type": "activeDirectory",
    "osImage": { "name": "ws-2012-std", "type": "ws-2012-std" },
    "availabilityZone": "nova",
    "flavor": "ml.medium",
    "id": "9571747991184642B95F430A014616F9",
    "domain": "acme.loc",
    "adminPassword": "SuperP@ssw0rd",
    "units": [ {
      "id": "273c9183b6e74c9c9db7fdd532c5eb25",
      "name": "dc01",
      "isMaster": true,
      "recoveryPassword": "SuperP@ssw0rd!2"
    } ]
  } ]
}
```

There are several functions to select values from Object Model and function to modify it so that the Workflow can persist the changes made during deployment.

All reads and writes to Object Model are relative to some cursor position which is managed by workflow rule. Lets call it current cursor position.

The simplest method of accessing Object Model is a select function. Suppose current cursor position points to a single unit of our single service. Then `<select path="name"/>` is "dc01" and `<select path="isMaster"/>` is True.

Path parameter may start with colon to indicate navigation to one level up or slash to go to Model root:

```
<select path=":"/>
```

is

```
[
  {
    "id": "273c9183b6e74c9c9db7fdd532c5eb25",
    "name": "dc01",
    "isMaster": true,
```

```
    "recoveryPassword": "SuperP@ssw0rd!2"
  }
]
```

`<select path="::domain">` is "acme.loc" and `<select path="/name" />` is "MyDataCenter"

The path also supports drill-down notation: `<select path="::osImage.name">` is "ws-2012-std" `<select path="::units.0.name">` equals to `<select path="/services.0.units.0.name">` that is "dc01"

If the path does not exist then result of a select would be None: `<select path="::noSuchProperty"/>` = None

`<select/>` without path results in object pointed by current cursor position.

It also possible to select multiple values using JSONPath selection language:

```
<select-all path="/$.services[?(@.type == 'activeDirectory')].units[*]"/>
```

- returns array of all units of all services of type 'activeDirectory'

JSONPath expressions by default select data relative to current cursor position and has no way for navigating up the Model tree. But Conductor has several improvements to JSONPath language:

- JSONPath expression may start with one or more colon characters to perform query relative to current cursor parent (grandparent etc.)
- JSONPath expression may also start with slash as in example above to query the whole Model from the tree root
- Expressions may reference nonexistent Model attributes in the same way as `<select/>` function does. Such attributes considered to have None values

`<select-single path="JSONPath expression"/>` is similar to `<select-all/>` ,but returns only the first value matched by a JSONPath query or None.

Object Model can also be modified using `<set/>` function. `<set/>` is very similar to `<select/>` with the only difference in that `<select/>` writes values while `<set/>` reads them: `<set path="name">dc02</set>` changes unit name (eg. the object pointed by current cursor position) to "dc02". `<set>` can also introduce new attributes, even nested ones: `<set path="newProperty">value</set>` creates new attribute "newProperty" with given value, `<set path="state.property">value</set>` makes current unit have property "state": `{ "property": "value" }`

In this case "state" is just a convention - a reserved property that would never be used for service our units input properties. There is a also a special property called "temp". The contents of this property (on all services and units and environment itself) if wiped after each deployment.

## Function context

Function context is an equivalent to Python stack frame. This allows functions to have local variables that are visible only to the function XML body.

Function context may be considered as a key-value storage. If a key does not exist in current context then parent context is searched for the key.



Data may be published to function context using ordinary `<set/>` function by using path in a form of "#key": `<set path="#myKey">value</set>` sets "myKey" function context value to "value". This value may be later accessed in inner block using select: `<select path="#myKey"/>`

Values in function context may be not just scalars but a whole objects: `<set path="#myKey"><select/></set>` sets myKey local variable to an object pointed by current cursor position. Because this is a reference to a model part rather than its copy if one edits its content the changes will be also present in original Model. To edit content of local variable (eg. value in function context) "target" argument of `<set/>` function is used: `<set path="property" target="myKey">value</set>`. Because target always denotes a key in function context there is no need for # sign.

Function context values may also be the source for the `<select/>` and other selection functions: `<select path="property" source="myKey"/>`

## Workflow rules

Workflow consists of rules. Rule is a function with the following parameters:

- **match** - JSONPath expression to be executed relative to current cursor position
- **desc** - optional human-readable free-form rule description
- **id** - optional rule ID (auto-generated if not provided)

for example

```
<rule match="$.services[?(@.type == 'msSqlClusterServer' and @.domain)].units[
  <set path="domain">
    <select path="::domain"/>
  </set>
</rule>
```

The logic of rule is simple:

1. Execute given JSONPath expression
2. For each of matched objects make current cursor position point to it and then execute function XML body
3. If JSONPath hasn't matched any object execute `<empty>...</empty>` block if present

Rules can be nested. In this case nested rule's JSONPath expression would be executed relative to parent's rule current cursor position. For outermost rules current cursor position is the Object Model itself.

Rules are grouped into workflows:

```
<workflow>
  <rule id="rule1" match="...">
    ...
  </rule>

  <rule id="rule2" match="...">
    ...
</workflow>
```

```
</rule>
</workflow>
```

Workflow which is happen to be a XML DSL function and also a root element of workflow XML files. Workflow function executes rules one by one. If one of the rules has modified some part of Object Model then all rules executed once again. This repeats until there are no more actions that can be performed by workflow. At this point all pending actions (e.g. all the invocations of update-cf-stack, send-command etc.) got executed and the workflow loop is repeated. When there no more actions that can be performed by workflow and also no pending commands then we are done and Object Model with all modifications made by workflows (except for "temp" attributes) returned back to Murano API service.

## Workflow actions

There are several actions (functions) that can be invoked by rules to do the actual deployment. When action is invoked it is not executed immediately but enqueued and executed later when there are no more actions that can be performed by workflow.

The following actions are available for workflow rules:

- **update-cf-stack** - updates Heat stack by substituting values into Heat template and merging it into Heat stack definition. It has the following parameters:
  - **template** - Heat template filename without extension
  - **error** - function context variable to be populated with command error info in case of command failure
  - **mappings** - dictionary to be used for values substitution into template. All values in JSON template file in the form of "\$myKey" are replaced with a value under key "myKey" in this parameter
  - **arguments** - optional dictionary of Heat template arguments ("Parameters" section of Heat templates)

update-cf-stack function also searches for 2 predefined tags in its body:

- **<success>** - a block to be executed after successful stack update
- **<failure>** - block that would be executed in case of function failure

Templates are located in data/cf directory

- **send-command** - sends an execution plan to Murano Agent on specific VM. It has the following parameters:
  - **template** - execution plan template filename without extension
  - **error** - function context variable to be populated with command error info in case of command failure
  - **service** - ID of a service that target units belongs to
  - **unit** - ID of target unit (VM)
  - **mappings** - dictionary to be used for values substitution into template. All values in JSON template file in the form of "\$myKey" are replaced with a value under key "myKey" in this parameter

send-command function also searches for 2 predefined tags in its body:

- **<success>** - a block to be executed after successful stack update
- **<failure>** - block that would be executed in case of function failure

Templates are located in data/agent directory

- **report** - sends status report back to REST API service. It has the following parameters:
  - **entity** - entity type ("unit", "service", "environment")
  - **level** - log level
  - **id** - ID of unit/service/environment
  - **text** - reported status text

## Workflow control

There are several functions that affect workflow execution. `<stop/>` stops execution of workflows causing Conductor returning current result back to REST API service and stop deployment activities.

`<mute/>` excludes current object from being processed by the current rule during next workflow rounds. Mutes table tracks items using pairs of rule id (that is rule function argument, auto-generated if not provided) and object ID ("id" attribute of current object. If object has no such attribute it cannot be muted). It is possible to explicitly specify rule id via "rule" argument and object id via "id" argument. Missing parameters are auto-guess from current context - current rule ID and current object ID.

Note that objects are automatically muted for every object that matched by the rule but the mutes get reset after each workflow loop round. `<mute/>` places a permanent mute on the object

Mutes can be removed by `<unmute/>` function which has exactly the same arguments as `<mute/>` command but is only usable with explicit specification of rule and id because otherwise if the current object is already muted the rule body would not be executed for the object and thus `<unmute/>` would not be executed either.

When referencing id of a nested rule IDs of all rule chain must be joined by dot. E.g.

```
<rule id="id1">
  <rule id="id2">
    <mute rule="id1.id2"/>
  </rule>
</rule>
```

## Execution Plans

Execution plans are a description of what should be executed on Murano Agent at VM to perform some deployment step.

Execution plans is a JSON document that has 3 keys:

- **Commands** array - list of functions to be executed. Each function has a "Name" property and "Arguments" dictionary which maps function argument names to parameter values.
- **Scripts** - list of PowerShell script file names to be included into execution plans. The scripts contain function implementations that can be referenced in Command array. Script files need to be located in data/templates/agent/scripts directory.
- **RebootOnCompletion** - 0 = do not reboot, 1 = reboot only upon successful plan execution, 2 = reboot always. Murano Agent send execution result after system reboot.

As for other Murano JSON templates keys and values starting with \$ sign will be replaced with a values provided in Workflow.

Example of execution plan:

```
{
  "Scripts":
  [
    "ImportCoreFunctions.ps1",
    "DeployWebApp.ps1"
  ],
  "Commands":
  [
    {
      "Name": "Deploy-WebAppFromGit",
      "Arguments":
      {
        "URL": "$repository"
      }
    }
  ],
  "RebootOnCompletion": 0
}
```

Result of execution plan has the following format:

```
{
  "IsException": false,
  "Result":
  [
    {
      "IsException": false,
      "Result": [ "result value" ]
    }
  ]
}
```

There are result entry for each source command. Each result can have many values - all the outputs of PowerShell function. If IsException is set to true then Result is an array in form of ["Exception type", "Error message"]. IsException at command level means exception during function invocation while root IsException means that execution plan cannot be even started (corrupted data, PowerShell engine failure etc.)

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# Chapter 7. Known Issues

Actual bug state can be found in Murano launchpad page. [<https://bugs.launchpad.net/murano>]

- Due to current Heat limitation services that involve load-balancer creation (farms) can be deployed only by tenant administrators.
- When Heat creates different clients for Nova, Cinder and others it doesn't pass SSL-related options to clients' constructor. If Nova is configured to have SSL endpoints and self-signed certificates Heat will fail to create instances because there is no way to disable server certificate validation as there is no "insecure" flag passed etc.
- Farm services can't be deployed without KeyPair. If KeyPair is not set load balancer won't be created and these messages will show up in logs:

```
2013-08-06 09:10:07 - Unable to deploy instance ipkrmhk0vzq4b6 (asp-farm_instance)
2013-08-06 09:10:07 - Unable to create a Server Farm load balancer on unit ipkrmhk0vzq4b6
```

And deploy will hang up.

- MS SQL Cluster service relies on Quantum for 'virtual-ip' (address-pair) functionality, and to work on Nova Network or Quantum configured as "Mixed Flat and Private Network", anti-spoofing rules on compute nodes should be disabled.

Internet Information Services Web Farm & ASP.NET Application Web Farm services are based on Heat, particularly on resource called `AWS::ElasticLoadBalancing::LoadBalancer`, that currently does not support specification of any network related parameters. Without support for network configuration specification LoadBalancer does not work in Murano over OpenStack deployments with Quantum configured as "Per-tenant Routers with Private Networks".

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# Chapter 8. Release History

**Table 8.1. Murano Releases**

Release	Tag	Date
Release-0.1	0.1	2013-05-30
Release-0.2	0.2	2013-09-05
Release-0.2.11	0.2.11	2013-10-01
Release-0.2.12	0.2.12	2013-11-18
Release-0.3	0.3	2013-11-25
Release-0.4	0.3	2013-12-20
Release-0.4.1	0.3	2014-02-05

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## Chapter 9. How To Participate

If you would like to ask some questions or make proposals, feel free to reach us on #murano irc channel at FreeNode. Typically somebody from our team will be online at irc from 6:00 to 20:00 UTC. You can also contact Murano community directly by [openstack-dev@lists.openstack.org](mailto:openstack-dev@lists.openstack.org) [<mailto:openstack-dev@lists.openstack.org>]

We're going to hold public weekly meetings on Tuesdays at 17:00 UTC on #openstack-meeting-alt irc channel.

If you want to contribute either to docs or to code, simply send us change request via [review.openstack.org](http://review.openstack.org) [<http://review.openstack.org>] (gerrit). You can file bugs and register blueprints at Murano launchpad page [<https://launchpad.net/murano>].