

CSS Display





Table of Contents



- Display Property
- Hide an Element
- visibility:hidden





Display Property





Display Property

- The display property sets how an element is displayed.
- The default display value for most elements is block or inline.
- The <div> element is a block-level element.
- The element is inline by default.
- The <script> element uses display: none; as default.



Display Property



Display Property

 The following example displays element as block element.





2 Hide an Element





Hide an Element



Hide an Element

 Hiding an element can be done by setting the display property to none. The element will be hidden, and the page will be displayed as if the element is not there.

```
HTML
                                                    Welcome to Clarusway
   <!DOCTYPE html>
   <html>
      <body>
         <h1>Display Property</h1>
         \Welcome to Clarusway
      </body>
   </html>
CSS
   h1{
     display: none;
```





visibility:hidden





visibility:hidden



visibility:hidden

 visibility:hidden; also hides an element. However, the element will still take up the same space as before. The element will be hidden, but still affect the layout.

```
HTML
   <!DOCTYPE html>
   <html>
                                                    Welcome to Clarusway
      <body>
         <h1>Display Property</h1>
         Welcome to Clarusway
      </body>
   </html>
CSS
   h1 {
     visibility: hidden;
```

