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Classification of OGC Web Services

CSW Servers (Catalog Service for the Web)

- Metaver.de
 - Repository: metaver.de
 - Main URL: https://metaver.de/csw?
 - GetCapabilities Request: https://metaver.de/csw?
 SERVICE=CSW&version=2.0.2&request=GetCapabilities
- Federal Institute for Geosciences and Natural Resources
 - Repository: geoportal.bgr.de
 - Main URL: https://geoportal.bgr.de/smartfindersdi-csw/api?
 - GetCapabilities Request: https://geoportal.bgr.de/smartfindersdi-csw/api?
 Request=GetCapabilities&Service=CSW&Version=2.0.2

WMS Servers (Web Map Service)

- German Aerospace Center
 - Repository: geoservice.dlr.de
 - Main URL: https://geoservice.dlr.de/eoc/elevation/wms?
 - GetCapabilities Request: https://geoservice.dlr.de/eoc/elevation/wms?
 SERVICE=WMS&VERSION=1.3.0&REQUEST=GetCapabilities
 - GetMap Request Sample: SRTM-X DEM Mosaic
- Hamburg Building Footprints (INSPIRE/ATKIS)
 - Repository: transparenz.hamburg.de
 - Main URL: https://geodienste.hamburg.de/ HH_WMS_INSPIRE_Gebaeude_2D_ATKIS_Basis_DLM?
 - GetCapabilities Request: https://geodienste.hamburg.de/
 HH_WMS_INSPIRE_Gebaeude_2D_ATKIS_Basis_DLM?
 SERVICE=WMS&VERSION=1.3.0&REQUEST=GETCAPABILITIES
 - GetMap Request Sample : HH_WMS_Gebaeude_2D_ATKIS_Basis

WMTS Servers (Web Map Tile Service)

BaseMap.de

- Repository: basemap.de
- Capabilities URL: https://sgx.geodatenzentrum.de/wmts_basemapde/1.0.0/ WMTSCapabilities.xml
- GetTile URL: https://sgx.geodatenzentrum.de/wmts_basemapde/tile/1.0.0/de_basemapde_web_raster_farbe/default/
 DE_EPSG_25832_ADV/09/383/297.png

TopPlusOpen

- Repository: Bundesamt für Kartographie und Geodaesie
- Capabilities URL: https://sgx.geodatenzentrum.de/wmts_topplus_open/1.0.0/ WMTSCapabilities.xml
- GetTile URL (sample): https://sgx.geodatenzentrum.de/wmts_topplus_open/ tile/1.0.0/web/default/WEBMERCATOR/10/343/549.png

TIP: An important clue about WMTS servers is that they work in a similar way to XYZ tiles. The key difference between XYZ tiles and TMS-based (Tile Map Specification) WMTS services is the order of the axes of the desired tile:

- XYZ tiles is calling tile with this order: {Zoom Level/Z} / {Row Number/Y} / {Column Number/X}
- WMTS service is calling tile with this order: {Zoom Level/Z} / {Column Number/X} / {Row Number/Y}

It is therefore theoretically possible to call a WMTS service as an XYZ tile layer. You can test the same service on QGIS by registering it as both WMTS and XYZ and changing the order of the {x} and {y} values.

WFS Services (Web Feature Service)

- Hamburg Minimum groundwater level 2019
 - Repository: transparenz.hamburg.de
 - Main URL: https://geodienste.hamburg.de/HH_WFS_Grundwasserschutz?
 - GetCapabilities Request: https://geodienste.hamburg.de/
 HH WFS Grundwasserschutz?REQUEST=GetCapabilities&SERVICE=WFS
 - GetFeature Request Sample (Max 3): HH_WFS_Grundwasserschutz
- World Heritage Sites in Berlin
 - Repository: daten.berlin.de
 - Main URL: https://gdi.berlin.de/services/wfs/welterbe?
 - GetCapabilities Request: https://gdi.berlin.de/services/wfs/welterbe?
 REQUEST=GetCapabilities&SERVICE=wfs
 - GetFeature Request Sample (Max 3): Welterbestätten / Heritage Sites

OGC API - Features services

• Verkehrsstärken Hamburg

- Repository: transparenz.hamburg.de
- Main URL: api.hamburg.de/datasets/v1/verkehrsstaerken
- API Conformance URL: api.hamburg.de/datasets/v1/verkehrsstaerken/ conformance?f=json
- Collections: api.hamburg.de/datasets/v1/verkehrsstaerken/collections?f=json
- Items: https://api.hamburg.de/datasets/v1/verkehrsstaerken/collections/radverkehr_dtv_dtvw/items?&limit=10&offset=0&f=json

Niedersachsen ALKIS Data

- Repository: ni-lgln-opengeodata.hub.arcgis.com/
- Main URL: alkis.stac.lgln.niedersachsen.de/
- API Conformance URL: alkis.stac.lgln.niedersachsen.de/conformance
- Collections : alkis.stac.lgln.niedersachsen.de/collections
- Items: alkis.stac.lgln.niedersachsen.de/collections/alkis-hausumringe/items? limit=10&bbox=-175.05,-85.05,175.05,85.05&datetime=2018-02-12T23:20:50Z

• North Rhine-Westphalia, Cadastre

- Repository: www.bezreg-koeln.nrw.de/
- Main URL: ogc-api.nrw.de/lika/v1
- API Conformance URL: https://ogc-api.nrw.de/lika/v1/conformance?f=json
- API Interface : https://ogc-api.nrw.de/lika/v1/api

WCS Services (Web Coverage Service)

• Copernicus Data Hub

- Repository: documentation.dataspace.copernicus.eu
- Main URL: https://sh.dataspace.copernicus.eu/ogc/wcs/<INSTANCE_ID>
 (Instance_ID is the token given to the registered users)
- Sample URL: https://sh.dataspace.copernicus.eu/ogc/ wcs/81ee4fd4-3ef6-4a0e-b2fd-054e6780f32d?
- Get Capabilities URL: https://sh.dataspace.copernicus.eu/ogc/ wcs/81ee4fd4-3ef6-4a0e-b2fd-054e6780f32d?
 REOUEST=GETCAPABILITIES&SERVICE=WCS

• USGS ScienceBase

- Repository: https://www.sciencebase.gov/catalog/
- Get Capabilities URL: https://sciencebase.usgs.gov/geoserver/ows?
 service=WCS&acceptversions=2.0.1&request=GetCapabilities

Accessing to CSW services with Python

Please check first the documentation page of the OWSLib.

```
In [46]: # Get the CSW class from the OWSLib.
         from owslib.csw import CatalogueServiceWeb
         from owslib.fes import PropertyIsLike
         #Specify the CSW Server
         my csw = CatalogueServiceWeb('https://geoportal.bgr.de/smartfindersdi-
         csw/api?')
         #Check the available operations for the CSW service
         for op in my csw.operations:
             print(op.name)
         # Prepare the query for listing relevant services or data sources
         bremen query = PropertyIsLike('csw:AnyText', '%Bremen%')
         # Get results of the given query
         my csw.getrecords2(constraints=[bremen query], maxrecords=10)
         # Alternatively, you can use CQL (Common Query Language) expressions:
         #my csw.getrecords2(cql='csw:AnyText like "%Bremen%"')
         # Learn how many records fits actually to our query:
         print(my csw.results)
         # Check the available attributes and methods of any instance in the
         records object
         # print(dir( next(iter(my csw.records)) ) )
         for x in my csw.records:
           print(my csw.records[x].identifier, ' : ', my csw.records[x].title)
        GetCapabilities
        GetRecords
        GetRecordById
        DescribeRecord
        Harvest
        {'matches': 15, 'returned': 10, 'nextrecord': 11}
        4466C8F0-3CA5-4098-9869-DBA4269CF0C3 : Bodenübersichtskarte 1:200.000 (B
        ÜK200) - CC3110 Bremerhaven
        3EE608D6-D46F-4406-933F-2492C55308D3 :
                                                 Bodenübersichtskarte 1:200.000 (B
        ÜK200) - CC3118 Hamburg-West
        AC3815DC-663E-4325-9283-CAC631989F15 :
                                                 Karte der oberflächennahen Rohsto
        ffe der Bundesrepublik Deutschland 1:200.000 (KOR200) - CC 3118 Hamburg-We
        B36CD520-A63B-4DEF-8F83-79DE64E07236 :
                                                 Bodenübersichtskarte 1:200.000 (B
        ÜK200) - CC2310 Helgoland
                                                 3D Modell des tieferen Untergrund
        8b70fe0f-0b03-477b-a3cd-c0f13a2c41b2 :
        es des Norddeutschen Beckens
        66CFEE61-8B60-4DA7-9632-56753CE0BFE8 :
                                                 Schutzpotenzial der Grundwasserüb
        erdeckung
                                                 Processed seismic data of Cruise
        a3f2f6a5-120c-4732-97a0-1db01f26557d :
                                                 Processed seismic data of Cruise
        d973f1af-db9f-4632-bd05-8964cc906b38 :
        AL278 2006
        8BEBDE77-8C6A-48D5-BBAA-C7D7EF01D85D :
                                                 Schutzpotenzial der Grundwasserüb
        erdeckung (WMS)
        2bd333c5-ed2b-4bc2-9c43-eb735ba37f6c :
                                                 Hubschrauber-Elektromagnetik (HE
        M) Gebiet 196 Gnarrenburg
```

Accessing to WMS services with Python

```
In [94]: from owslib.wms import WebMapService as wms
         # Add a WebMapService object using its alias
         my wms = wms('https://geoservice.dlr.de/eoc/elevation/wms?')
         # Inspect the service type, version and title
         print(my wms.identification.type)
         print(my wms.identification.version)
         print(my wms.identification.title, '\n')
         # Check the available operations for the WMS service
         ops list = []
         for op in my_wms.operations:
             ops_list.append(op.name)
         print(ops_list, '\n')
         # Check the layers available in the WMS service
         print( list(my wms.contents) )
         # Check the supported image formats by the WMS service
         # print(my_wms.getOperationByName('GetMap').formatOptions)
        OGC:WMS
        1.1.1
        EOC Elevation Map Service
        ['GetCapabilities', 'GetMap', 'GetFeatureInfo', 'DescribeLayer', 'GetLegen
        dGraphic', 'GetStyles']
        ['srtm x-sar mosaic', 'srtm x-sar hillshade mosaic', 'srtm x-sar dem mosai
        c', 'TDM90 AM2', 'TDM90 AMP', 'TDM90 COM', 'TDM90 COV', 'TDM90 DEM', 'TDM9
        0 HEM', 'TDM90 LSM', 'TDM90 WAM', 'TDM POLARDEM90 ANT DEM', 'TDM POLARDEM9
        O ANT HSC', 'TDM POLARDEM90 ANT HSM', 'TDM POLARDEM ANT COASTLINE', 'srtm
        x-sar hem mosaic']
In [93]: import requests
         from IPython.display import Image
         # Decide to which extent must be rendered with which CRS. Use your GIS
         app if you need.
         # SAMPLE GETMAP REQUEST WAS:
         sample_request = """https://geoservice.dlr.de/eoc/elevation/wms?\
         SERVICE=WMS\
         &VERSION=1.3.0\
         &REQUEST=GetMap\
         &BB0X=47,9.05,47.2,9.25\
         &CRS=EPSG:4326\
         &WIDTH=1200\
         &HEIGHT=1200\
         &LAYERS=srtm x-sar dem mosaic\
         &STYLES=\
         &FORMAT=image/png\
         &DPI=96\
         &MAP RESOLUTION=96\
         &FORMAT OPTIONS=dpi:96\
```

```
&TRANSPARENT=TRUE"""
# So, you can test it with requests library too:
test wms = requests.get(sample request)
# Check the available methods and attributes for the requests object:
# print(dir(test wms))
# Render the response
# Image(test wms.content)
# If your test goes well with the sample URL, you can specify your own
request
img = my_wms.getmap(
    layers=['srtm x-sar mosaic'],
    size=[300, 300],
    srs="EPSG:4326",
    bbox=[47,9.05,47.2,9.25],
    format="image/png")
Image(img.read())
```

Out[93]:



Accessing to WMTS services using Python

```
In [107... from owslib.wmts import WebMapTileService as wmts

my_wmts = wmts('https://sgx.geodatenzentrum.de/wmts_basemapde')

print(my_wmts.identification.type)
print(my_wmts.identification.version)
print(my_wmts.identification.title, '\n')

# Check the available layers for the WMTS service
print( list(my_wmts.contents), '\n' )

# Check the available TileMatrixSets in the WMTS service
print(my_wmts.tilematrixsets, '\n')

# Store the Capabilities document on to your computer
with open("responses/samples_for_discussion/my_wmts_servicexml.xml",
```

```
"wb") as wmts xml:
                 wmts xml.write(my wmts.getServiceXML())
                 print ('File (' + wmts_xml.name + ') has been saved.')
        OGC WMTS
        1.0.0
        WMTS DE BASEMAP.DE WEB RASTER
        ['de basemapde web raster farbe', 'de basemapde web raster grau']
        {'DE EPSG 25832 ADV': <owslib.wmts.TileMatrixSet object at 0x7e95475eb4a0>
        , 'DE_EPSG_3857_ADV': <owslib.wmts.TileMatrixSet object at 0x7e95475e80e0>
        , 'DE_EPSG_25833_ADV': <owslib.wmts.TileMatrixSet object at 0x7e95475e9c10
        >, 'GLOBAL WEBMERCATOR': <owslib.wmts.TileMatrixSet object at 0x7e95475ead
        20>}
        File (responses/samples_for_discussion/my_wmts_servicexml.xml) has been sa
        ved.
In [122... img = my_wmts.gettile(
             layer='de_basemapde_web_raster_farbe',
             tilematrixset="DE EPSG 25832 ADV",
             tilematrix='01',
             row=1,
             column=1,
             format="image/png")
         Image(img.read())
Out[122...
              München
```

Accessing to WFS with Python

```
In [209... from owslib.wfs import WebFeatureService as wfs

my_wfs = wfs('https://gdi.berlin.de/services/wfs/welterbe?')

# Inspect the service type, version and title
print(my_wfs.identification.type)
print(my_wfs.identification.version)
print(my_wfs.identification.title, '\n')

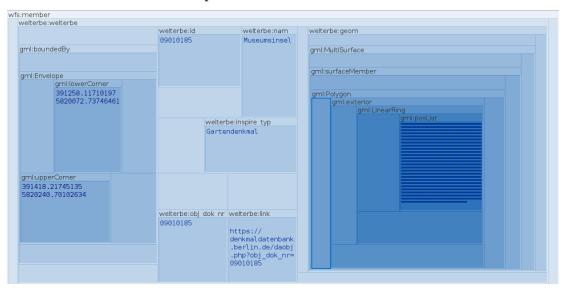
# List available operations with a Python comprehension (shorten function)
op_list = [op.name for op in my_wfs.operations]
```

```
print( op list , '\n')
 # Check the available contents for the WFS service
 print( list(my wfs.contents), '\n' )
 # Get help document for a selected operation
 #help(my wfs.getfeature)
 # Sample GetFeature Request URL:
 # https://gdi.berlin.de/services/wfs/welterbe?
 #SERVICE=WFS&REQUEST=GetFeature&VERSION=2.0.0&
 #TYPENAMES=welterbe:welterbe&STARTINDEX=0&COUNT=3&SRSNAME=urn:ogc:def:crs
 my_objects = my_wfs.getfeature(
     typename = ['welterbe:welterbe'],
     srsname = 'urn:ogc:def:crs:EPSG::25833',
     maxfeatures = 3,
     startindex = 0
 # Check the type of the request.
 # print( type(my_objects) )
 # Check the supported image formats by the WMS service
 print(my wfs.getOperationByName('GetFeature').formatOptions)
 # Store the response file on to your computer
 with open("responses/samples_for_discussion/my_wfs_response.gml", "wb")
 as wfs gml:
         wfs_gml.write(my objects.read())
         print ('File (' + wfs_gml.name + ') has been saved.')
WFS
1.0.0
Welterbestätten Berlin
['GetCapabilities', 'DescribeFeatureType', 'GetFeature']
['welterbe:welterbe']
['{http://www.opengis.net/wfs}GML2']
File (responses/samples for discussion/my wfs response.gml) has been save
```

Parsing XML/GML in Python

XML/GML files are often structured as complex data models. Storing responses is therefore not always sufficient to understand the data content. Despite this challenge, we have multiple options for understanding the structure of data models:

- Open downloaded data with an XML Software (see picture below)
- Download XML Schema (XSD files) using the DescribeFeatureType operation
- Reading the data source documentation that may be provided by the provider
- An additional solution can be parsing XML files in Python with help of xmltodict library.



```
In [239...
         import xmltodict as xd
         import pprint
         with open("responses/samples_for_discussion/my_wfs_response.gml", "r")
         as stored wfs:
             wfs_text = stored_wfs.read()
             wfs_text_enc = wfs_text.encode('utf-8')
             my dict = xd.parse(wfs text enc)
         my pp = pprint.PrettyPrinter(indent=4)
         my_pp.pprint(my_dict['wfs:FeatureCollection']['gml:featureMember'][1]
         ['welterbe:welterbe']['gml:boundedBy'])
        { 'gml:Box': { '@srsName': 'http://www.opengis.net/gml/srs/epsg.xml#25
        833',
                            'gml:coordinates': {
                                                   '#text': '393520.19630308,582276
        6.23041044 '
                                                             '393944.72582015,582316
        1.95202459',
                                                   '@cs': ',',
                                                   '@decimal': '.',
                                                   '@ts': ' '}}}
```

Accessing to OGC API - Features with Python

```
In [52]: from owslib.ogcapi.features import Features as ftr
import pprint

my_pp = pprint.PrettyPrinter(indent=2)

my_api = ftr('https://ogc-api.nrw.de/lika/v1/')

# Print the Conformance document
# print(my_pp.pprint(my_api.conformance()))

print( list(my_api.feature_collections()) , '\n')

# Print the information of parcel collection
print( my_api.collection('flurstueck')['id'] )
print( my_api.collection('flurstueck')['title'] )
print( my_api.collection('flurstueck')['extent']['temporal'] , '\n')
```

```
# Check the queryables for a specific collection
# Sample request: https://ogc-api.nrw.de/lika/v1/collections/flurstueck/
queryables?f=json
# print(my pp.pprint(my api.collection queryables('flurstueck')))
# Check an instance from the collection
# Sample request : https://ogc-api.nrw.de/lika/v1/collections/
my sample = my api.collection item(collection id='flurstueck',
identifier='05510005500013 ')
#print( my pp.pprint(my sample) )
# You can also list features with using following queryables:
# gemaschl: Gemarkung-Schlüssel: district key
# flur: Bezeichnung/Name der Flur: Description / name of the field
# flstnrzae: Zähler der Flurstücksnummer: Counter of the parcel number
my query = my api.collection items('flurstueck', gemaschl='055100',
flur='55', flstnrzae='13')
# my_pp.pprint(my_query)
['flurstueck', 'flurstueck punkt', 'gebaeude bauwerk', 'katasterbezirk', '
nutzung', 'nutzung flurstueck', 'verwaltungseinheit']
flurstueck
Flurstück
{'interval': [['2008-05-20T12:10:43Z', '2023-09-08T04:24:02Z']], 'trs': 'h
ttp://www.opengis.net/def/uom/ISO-8601/0/Gregorian'}
```

Accessing to WCS services with Python

If you want to try Copernicus Hub, please register first, then go to "User Dashboard" > "Configuration Utility". Select "Full WMS Template" and save it. You will find your token under the "Service Entry Points" pane.

```
In [111... from owslib.wcs import WebCoverageService as wcs
         from IPython.display import Image
         my wcs = wcs('https://sh.dataspace.copernicus.eu/ogc/
         wcs/81ee4fd4-3ef6-4a0e-b2fd-054e6780f32d?')
         print(my wcs.identification.type)
         print(my wcs.identification.version)
         print(my wcs.identification.title)
         # List available operations with a Python comprehension
         op list = [op.name for op in my wcs.operations]
         print( op_list , '\n')
         # Print available coverages
         print(my wcs.contents.keys(), '\n')
         # Print the Bounding Box for the coverage
         print(my_wcs.contents['TRUE_COLOR'].boundingboxes, '\n')
         # Print available output options:
         print( my_wcs.getOperationByName('GetCoverage').methods )
```

```
#help(my wcs.getCoverage)
 cov = my wcs.getCoverage(
     identifier="TRUE COLOR",
     bbox=(-180, -90, 180, 90),
     version="1.0.0",
     format="image/png",
    width=600,
     height=600,
     res x=72,
     res y=72)
 requested coverage = cov.read()
 # Store the Capabilities document on to your computer
 with open("responses/samples for discussion/my wcs sample query.png",
 "wb") as wcs sample:
         wcs sample.write(requested coverage)
         print ('File (' + wcs sample.name + ') has been saved.')
 Image(cov.read())
OGC:WCS
1.0.0
Sentinel Hub WCS service - Murat Kendir
['GetCapabilities', 'DescribeCoverage', 'GetCoverage']
dict keys(['AGRICULTURE', 'ARI1', 'ARI2', 'ATMOSPHERIC PENETRATION', 'B01'
, 'B02', 'B03', 'B04', 'B05', 'B06', 'B07', 'B08', 'B09', 'B10', 'B11', 'B
12', 'B8A', 'BAI', 'BATHYMETRIC', 'CHL_RED_EDGE', 'CRI1', 'CRI2', 'EVI', '
EVI2', 'FALSE COLOR', 'FALSE COLOR URBAN', 'GEOLOGY', 'GRVI1', 'LAI SAVI',
'MOISTURE_INDEX', 'MSAVI2', 'NBR_RAW', 'NDVI', 'NDVI_GRAY', 'NDVI GREEN GR
AY', 'NDWI', 'PSRI', 'PSRI_NIR', 'RED_EDGE_NDVI', 'RE_NDWI', 'RGB_11_8_3',
'RGB_4_3_1', 'RGB_8_11_12', 'RGB_8_11_4', 'RGB_8_5_4', 'RGB_8_6_4', 'SAVI'
, 'SWIR', 'TRUE COLOR'])
[{'nativeSrs': 'EPSG:3857', 'bbox': (-20037508.342789, -20037508.342789, 2
0037508.342789, 20037508.342789)}]
[{'type': 'Get', 'url': 'https://sh.dataspace.copernicus.eu/oqc/wcs/8lee4f
d4-3ef6-4a0e-b2fd-054e6780f32d?'}]
File (responses/samples for discussion/my wcs sample query.png) has been s
aved.
```

Out[111...

