# **Report on Text-to-Speech**

This report covers a Python script developed to simulate text-to-speech (TTS) functionalities with multiple character voices using the eSpeak library.

# **Script Overview**

### 1. Character Configuration:

A list of dictionaries is used to store configurations for each character, including name, voice type, speech rate, and volume.

#### 2. Function Definitions:

speak\_with\_settings (text, voice, rate, volume): This function constructs and executes an eSpeak command with the given text and character settings.

show\_characters(): This function displays the list of available characters to the user.

### 3. Main Loop:

A while loop prompts the user to input text, select a character, and trigger the TTS function. The loop continues until the user types an exit command.

#### Code Breakdown

## **Character Configuration**

The 'characters' list defines ten characters with specific attributes:

Each character dictionary includes:

-name: The character's name.

-voice: The eSpeak voice identifier.

-rate: Speech rate in words per minute.

-volume: Volume level.

### **Text-to-Speech Function**

The speak\_with\_settings function constructs the eSpeak command and uses subprocess.run to execute it:

```
def speak_with_settings(text, voice, rate, volume):
    command = f'espeak "{text}" -v {voice} -s {rate} -a {volume}'
    subprocess.run(command, shell=True)
```

The command integrates user input text and character-specific settings.

# **Character Display**

The show\_characters function prints the list of available characters:

```
def show_characters():
    print("Available characters:")
    for i, char in enumerate(characters, 1):
        print(f"{i}. {char['name']}")
```

### **Main Program Loop**

The main loop handles user input and character selection:

```
while True:
    answer = input("Enter what you want the robot to say (type 'exit', 'bye', or 'quit' to quit): \n")

if answer.lower() in ['exit', 'bye', 'quit']:
    print("Exiting the program.")
    break

show_characters()

char_index = input("Enter character number (1-10): ")

try:
    char_index = int(char_index) - 1
    if 0 <= char_index < 10:
        char_settings = characters[char_index]
        speak_with_settings(answer, char_settings["voice"], char_settings["rate"], char_settings["volume"])

else:
    print("Invalid character number. Please enter a number between 1 and 10.")

except ValueError:
    print("Invalid input. Please enter a number between 1 and 10.")</pre>
```

The loop continues until the user inputs an exit command, at which point the program terminates.