# **Elasticsearch Documentation**

Release 6.3.0

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Official low-level client for Elasticsearch. Its goal is to provide common ground for all Elasticsearch-related code in Python; because of this it tries to be opinion-free and very extendable.

For a more high level client library with more limited scope, have a look at elasticsearch-dsl - it is a more pythonic library sitting on top of elasticsearch-py.

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# CHAPTER 1

## Compatibility

The library is compatible with all Elasticsearch versions since 0.90.x but you have to use a matching major version:

For **Elasticsearch 6.0** and later, use the major version 6 (6.x.y) of the library.

For **Elasticsearch 5.0** and later, use the major version 5(5.x.y) of the library.

For **Elasticsearch 2.0** and later, use the major version 2 (2 . x . y) of the library, and so on.

The recommended way to set your requirements in your setup.py or requirements.txt is:

```
# Elasticsearch 6.x
elasticsearch>=6.0.0,<7.0.0

# Elasticsearch 5.x
elasticsearch>=5.0.0,<6.0.0

# Elasticsearch 2.x
elasticsearch>=2.0.0,<3.0.0</pre>
```

If you have a need to have multiple versions installed at the same time older versions are also released as elasticsearch2 and elasticsearch5.

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Installation

Install the elasticsearch package with pip:

pip install elasticsearch

# CHAPTER 3

# **Example Usage**

```
from datetime import datetime
from elasticsearch import Elasticsearch
es = Elasticsearch()
doc = {
    'author': 'kimchy',
    'text': 'Elasticsearch: cool. bonsai cool.',
    'timestamp': datetime.now(),
res = es.index(index="test-index", doc_type='tweet', id=1, body=doc)
print(res['result'])
res = es.get(index="test-index", doc_type='tweet', id=1)
print (res['_source'])
es.indices.refresh(index="test-index")
res = es.search(index="test-index", body={"query": {"match_all": {}}})
print("Got %d Hits:" % res['hits']['total'])
for hit in res['hits']['hits']:
   print("%(timestamp)s %(author)s: %(text)s" % hit["\_source"])
```

**Features** 

This client was designed as very thin wrapper around Elasticsearch's REST API to allow for maximum flexibility. This means that there are no opinions in this client; it also means that some of the APIs are a little cumbersome to use from Python. We have created some *Helpers* to help with this issue as well as a more high level library (elasticsearch-dsl) on top of this one to provide a more convenient way of working with Elasticsearch.

### 4.1 Persistent Connections

elasticsearch-py uses persistent connections inside of individual connection pools (one per each configured or sniffed node). Out of the box you can choose between two http protocol implementations. See *Transport classes* for more information.

The transport layer will create an instance of the selected connection class per node and keep track of the health of individual nodes - if a node becomes unresponsive (throwing exceptions while connecting to it) it's put on a timeout by the <code>ConnectionPool</code> class and only returned to the circulation after the timeout is over (or when no live nodes are left). By default nodes are randomized before being passed into the pool and round-robin strategy is used for load balancing.

You can customize this behavior by passing parameters to the *Connection Layer API* (all keyword arguments to the *Elasticsearch* class will be passed through). If what you want to accomplish is not supported you should be able to create a subclass of the relevant component and pass it in as a parameter to be used instead of the default implementation.

### 4.2 Automatic Retries

If a connection to a node fails due to connection issues (raises <code>ConnectionError</code>) it is considered in faulty state. It will be placed on hold for <code>dead\_timeout</code> seconds and the request will be retried on another node. If a connection fails multiple times in a row the timeout will get progressively larger to avoid hitting a node that's, by all indication, down. If no live connection is available, the connection that has the smallest timeout will be used.

By default retries are not triggered by a timeout (ConnectionTimeout), set retry\_on\_timeout to True to also retry on timeouts.

## 4.3 Sniffing

The client can be configured to inspect the cluster state to get a list of nodes upon startup, periodically and/or on failure. See *Transport* parameters for details.

Some example configurations:

## 4.4 Thread safety

The client is thread safe and can be used in a multi threaded environment. Best practice is to create a single global instance of the client and use it throughout your application. If your application is long-running consider turning on *Sniffing* to make sure the client is up to date on the cluster location.

By default we allow urllib3 to open up to 10 connections to each node, if your application calls for more parallelism, use the maxsize parameter to raise the limit:

```
# allow up to 25 connections to each node
es = Elasticsearch(["host1", "host2"], maxsize=25)
```

**Note:** Since we use persistent connections throughout the client it means that the client doesn't tolerate fork very well. If your application calls for multiple processes make sure you create a fresh client after call to fork. Note that Python's multiprocessing module uses fork to create new processes on POSIX systems.

### 4.5 SSL and Authentication

You can configure the client to use SSL for connecting to your elasticsearch cluster, including certificate verification and http auth:

```
from elasticsearch import Elasticsearch
# you can use RFC-1738 to specify the url
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```

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```
es = Elasticsearch(['https://user:secret@localhost:443'])
# ... or specify common parameters as kwargs
es = Elasticsearch(
    ['localhost', 'otherhost'],
   http_auth=('user', 'secret'),
    scheme="https",
   port=443,
# SSL client authentication using client_cert and client_key
from ssl import create_default_context
context = create_default_context(cafile="path/to/cert.pem")
es = Elasticsearch(
    ['localhost', 'otherhost'],
   http_auth=('user', 'secret'),
    scheme="https",
    port=443,
    ssl_context=context,
```

Warning: elasticsearch-py doesn't ship with default set of root certificates. To have working SSL certificate validation you need to either specify your own as cafile or capath or cadata or install certifi which will be picked up automatically.

See class Urllib3HttpConnection for detailed description of the options.

## 4.6 Logging

elasticsearch-py uses the standard logging library from python to define two loggers: elasticsearch and elasticsearch.trace. elasticsearch is used by the client to log standard activity, depending on the log level. elasticsearch.trace can be used to log requests to the server in the form of curl commands using pretty-printed json that can then be executed from command line. Because it is designed to be shared (for example to demonstrate an issue) it also just uses localhost: 9200 as the address instead of the actual address of the host. If the trace logger has not been configured already it is set to propagate=False so it needs to be activated separately.

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# CHAPTER 5

## **Environment considerations**

When using the client there are several limitations of your environment that could come into play.

When using an http load balancer you cannot use the Sniffing functionality - the cluster would supply the client with IP addresses to directly connect to the cluster, circumventing the load balancer. Depending on your configuration this might be something you don't want or break completely.

In some environments (notably on Google App Engine) your http requests might be restricted so that GET requests won't accept body. In that case use the send\_get\_body\_as parameter of Transport to send all bodies via post:

```
from elasticsearch import Elasticsearch
es = Elasticsearch(send_get_body_as='POST')
```

# 5.1 Compression

When using capacity constrained networks (low throughput), it may be handy to enable compression. This is especially useful when doing bulk loads or inserting large documents. This will configure compression on the request.

```
from elasticsearch import Elasticsearch
es = Elasticsearch(hosts, http_compress = True)
```

## 5.2 Running on AWS with IAM

If you want to use this client with IAM based authentication on AWS you can use the requests-aws4auth package:

```
from elasticsearch import Elasticsearch, RequestsHttpConnection
from requests_aws4auth import AWS4Auth
host = 'YOURHOST.us-east-1.es.amazonaws.com'
awsauth = AWS4Auth(YOUR_ACCESS_KEY, YOUR_SECRET_KEY, REGION, 'es')
```

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```
es = Elasticsearch(
   hosts=[{'host': host, 'port': 443}],
   http_auth=awsauth,
   use_ssl=True,
   verify_certs=True,
   connection_class=RequestsHttpConnection
)
print(es.info())
```

# CHAPTER 6

Customization

## 6.1 Custom serializers

By default, JSONSerializer is used to encode all outgoing requests. However, you can implement your own custom serializer:

```
from elasticsearch.serializer import JSONSerializer

class SetEncoder(JSONSerializer):
    def default(self, obj):
        if isinstance(obj, set):
            return list(obj)
        if isinstance(obj, Something):
            return 'CustomSomethingRepresentation'
        return JSONSerializer.default(self, obj)

es = Elasticsearch(serializer=SetEncoder())
```

# CHAPTER 7

Contents

### 7.1 API Documentation

All the API calls map the raw REST api as closely as possible, including the distinction between required and optional arguments to the calls. This means that the code makes distinction between positional and keyword arguments; we, however, recommend that people use keyword arguments for all calls for consistency and safety.

**Note:** for compatibility with the Python ecosystem we use from\_instead of from and doc\_type instead of type as parameter names.

### 7.1.1 Global options

Some parameters are added by the client itself and can be used in all API calls.

#### Ignore

An API call is considered successful (and will return a response) if elasticsearch returns a 2XX response. Otherwise an instance of *TransportError* (or a more specific subclass) will be raised. You can see other exception and error states in *Exceptions*. If you do not wish an exception to be raised you can always pass in an ignore parameter with either a single status code that should be ignored or a list of them:

```
from elasticsearch import Elasticsearch
es = Elasticsearch()

# ignore 400 cause by IndexAlreadyExistsException when creating an index
es.indices.create(index='test-index', ignore=400)

# ignore 404 and 400
es.indices.delete(index='test-index', ignore=[400, 404])
```

#### **Timeout**

Global timeout can be set when constructing the client (see Connection's timeout parameter) or on a per-request basis using request\_timeout (float value in seconds) as part of any API call, this value will get passed to the perform\_request method of the connection class:

```
# only wait for 1 second, regardless of the client's default
es.cluster.health(wait_for_status='yellow', request_timeout=1)
```

**Note:** Some API calls also accept a timeout parameter that is passed to Elasticsearch server. This timeout is internal and doesn't guarantee that the request will end in the specified time.

### **Response Filtering**

The filter\_path parameter is used to reduce the response returned by elasticsearch. For example, to only return \_id and \_type, do:

```
es.search(index='test-index', filter_path=['hits.hits._id', 'hits.hits._type'])
```

It also supports the \* wildcard character to match any field or part of a field's name:

```
es.search(index='test-index', filter_path=['hits.hits._*'])
```

#### 7.1.2 Elasticsearch

Elasticsearch low-level client. Provides a straightforward mapping from Python to ES REST endpoints.

The instance has attributes cat, cluster, indices, ingest, nodes, snapshot and tasks that provide access to instances of CatClient, ClusterClient, IndicesClient, IngestClient, NodesClient, SnapshotClient and TasksClient respectively. This is the preferred (and only supported) way to get access to those classes and their methods.

You can specify your own connection class which should be used by providing the connection\_class parameter:

```
# create connection to localhost using the ThriftConnection
es = Elasticsearch(connection_class=ThriftConnection)
```

If you want to turn on *Sniffing* you have several options (described in *Transport*):

```
# create connection that will automatically inspect the cluster to get
# the list of active nodes. Start with nodes running on 'esnode1' and
# 'esnode2'
es = Elasticsearch(
    ['esnode1', 'esnode2'],
    # sniff before doing anything
    sniff_on_start=True,
    # refresh nodes after a node fails to respond
    sniff_on_connection_fail=True,
    # and also every 60 seconds
```

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```
sniffer_timeout=60
)
```

Different hosts can have different parameters, use a dictionary per node to specify those:

If using SSL, there are several parameters that control how we deal with certificates (see *Urllib3HttpConnection* for detailed description of the options):

```
es = Elasticsearch(
    ['localhost:443', 'other_host:443'],
    # turn on SSL
    use_ssl=True,
    # make sure we verify SSL certificates
    verify_certs=True,
    # provide a path to CA certs on disk
    ca_certs='/path/to/CA_certs'
)
```

SSL client authentication is supported (see *Urllib3HttpConnection* for detailed description of the options):

```
es = Elasticsearch(
    ['localhost:443', 'other_host:443'],
    # turn on SSL
    use_ssl=True,
    # make sure we verify SSL certificates
    verify_certs=True,
    # provide a path to CA certs on disk
    ca_certs='/path/to/CA_certs',
    # PEM formatted SSL client certificate
    client_cert='/path/to/clientcert.pem',
    # PEM formatted SSL client key
    client_key='/path/to/clientkey.pem'
)
```

Alternatively you can use RFC-1738 formatted URLs, as long as they are not in conflict with other options:

By default, JSONSerializer is used to encode all outgoing requests. However, you can implement your own custom serializer:

```
from elasticsearch.serializer import JSONSerializer

class SetEncoder(JSONSerializer):
    def default(self, obj):
        if isinstance(obj, set):
            return list(obj)
        if isinstance(obj, Something):
            return 'CustomSomethingRepresentation'
        return JSONSerializer.default(self, obj)

es = Elasticsearch(serializer=SetEncoder())
```

#### **Parameters**

- hosts list of nodes we should connect to. Node should be a dictionary ({"host": "localhost", "port": 9200}), the entire dictionary will be passed to the Connection class as kwargs, or a string in the format of host[:port] which will be translated to a dictionary automatically. If no value is given the <code>Urllib3HttpConnection</code> class defaults will be used.
- transport\_class Transport subclass to use.
- **kwargs** any additional arguments will be passed on to the *Transport* class and, subsequently, to the Connection instances.

#### bulk (\*\*kwargs)

Perform many index/delete operations in a single API call.

See the bulk () helper function for a more friendly API. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-bulk.html

- body The operation definition and data (action-data pairs), separated by newlines
- index Default index for items which don't provide one
- doc\_type Default document type for items which don't provide one
- \_source True or false to return the \_source field or not, or default list of fields to return, can be overridden on each sub- request
- \_source\_exclude Default list of fields to exclude from the returned \_source field, can be overridden on each sub-request
- \_source\_include Default list of fields to extract and return from the \_source field, can be overridden on each sub-request
- **fields** Default comma-separated list of fields to return in the response for updates, can be overridden on each sub-request
- pipeline The pipeline id to preprocess incoming documents with
- **refresh** If *true* then refresh the effected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait\_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* (the default) then do nothing with refreshes., valid choices are: 'true', 'false', 'wait\_for'
- routing Specific routing value
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

• wait\_for\_active\_shards – Sets the number of shard copies that must be active before proceeding with the bulk operation. Defaults to 1, meaning the primary shard only. Set to *all* for all shard copies, otherwise set to any non-negative value less than or equal to the total number of copies for the shard (number of replicas + 1)

### clear\_scroll(\*\*kwargs)

Clear the scroll request created by specifying the scroll parameter to search. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-request-scroll.html

#### **Parameters**

- scroll\_id A comma-separated list of scroll IDs to clear
- **body** A comma-separated list of scroll IDs to clear if none was specified via the scroll\_id parameter

#### count (\*\*kwargs)

Execute a query and get the number of matches for that query. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-count.html

#### **Parameters**

- index A comma-separated list of indices to restrict the results
- doc\_type A comma-separated list of types to restrict the results
- body A query to restrict the results specified with the Query DSL (optional)
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- analyze\_wildcard Specify whether wildcard and prefix queries should be analyzed (default: false)
- analyzer The analyzer to use for the query string
- **default\_operator** The default operator for query string query (AND or OR), default 'OR', valid choices are: 'AND', 'OR'
- df The field to use as default where no field prefix is given in the query string
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **lenient** Specify whether format-based query failures (such as providing text to a numeric field) should be ignored
- min\_score Include only documents with a specific \_score value in the result
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- **q** Query in the Lucene query string syntax
- routing Specific routing value

#### create(\*\*kwargs)

Adds a typed JSON document in a specific index, making it searchable. Behind the scenes this method calls index(..., op\_type='create') http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-index\_.html

- index The name of the index
- doc\_type The type of the document
- id Document ID
- body The document
- parent ID of the parent document
- pipeline The pipeline id to preprocess incoming documents with
- **refresh** If *true* then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait\_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* (the default) then do nothing with refreshes., valid choices are: 'true', 'false', 'wait\_for'
- routing Specific routing value
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- timestamp Explicit timestamp for the document
- ttl Expiration time for the document
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- **version\_type** Specific version type, valid choices are: 'internal', 'external', 'external\_gte', 'force'
- wait\_for\_active\_shards Sets the number of shard copies that must be active before proceeding with the index operation. Defaults to 1, meaning the primary shard only. Set to *all* for all shard copies, otherwise set to any non-negative value less than or equal to the total number of copies for the shard (number of replicas + 1)

### delete(\*\*kwargs)

Delete a typed JSON document from a specific index based on its id. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-delete.html

- index The name of the index
- doc\_type The type of the document
- id The document ID
- parent ID of parent document
- **refresh** If *true* then refresh the effected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait\_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* (the default) then do nothing with refreshes., valid choices are: 'true', 'false', 'wait for'
- routing Specific routing value
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- version\_type Specific version type, valid choices are: 'internal', 'external', 'external gte', 'force'
- wait\_for\_active\_shards Sets the number of shard copies that must be active before proceeding with the delete operation. Defaults to 1, meaning the primary shard only. Set to *all* for all shard copies, otherwise set to any non-negative value less than or equal to the total number of copies for the shard (number of replicas + 1)

#### delete\_by\_query (\*\*kwargs)

Delete all documents matching a query. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-delete-by-query.html

- index A comma-separated list of index names to search; use \_all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- body The search definition using the Query DSL
- doc\_type A comma-separated list of document types to search; leave empty to perform the operation on all types
- \_source True or false to return the \_source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- \_source\_exclude A list of fields to exclude from the returned \_source field
- \_source\_include A list of fields to extract and return from the \_source field
- allow\_no\_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes \_all string or when no indices have been specified)
- analyze\_wildcard Specify whether wildcard and prefix queries should be analyzed (default: false)
- analyzer The analyzer to use for the query string
- **conflicts** What to do when the delete-by-query hits version conflicts?, default 'abort', valid choices are: 'abort', 'proceed'
- default\_operator The default operator for query string query (AND or OR), default 'OR', valid choices are: 'AND', 'OR'
- df The field to use as default where no field prefix is given in the query string
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **from**\_ Starting offset (default: 0)
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **lenient** Specify whether format-based query failures (such as providing text to a numeric field) should be ignored
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- **q** Query in the Lucene query string syntax
- refresh Should the effected indexes be refreshed?
- request\_cache Specify if request cache should be used for this request or not, defaults to index level setting
- requests\_per\_second The throttle for this request in sub-requests per second. -1 means no throttle., default 0
- routing A comma-separated list of specific routing values
- scroll Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search
- scroll size Size on the scroll request powering the update by query

- search\_timeout Explicit timeout for each search request. Defaults to no timeout.
- **search\_type** Search operation type, valid choices are: 'query\_then\_fetch', 'dfs\_query\_then\_fetch'
- **size** Number of hits to return (default: 10)
- slices The number of slices this task should be divided into. Defaults to 1 meaning the task isn't sliced into subtasks., default 1
- **sort** A comma-separated list of <field>:<direction> pairs
- stats Specific 'tag' of the request for logging and statistical purposes
- **terminate\_after** The maximum number of documents to collect for each shard, upon reaching which the query execution will terminate early.
- timeout Time each individual bulk request should wait for shards that are unavailable., default '1m'
- version Specify whether to return document version as part of a hit
- wait\_for\_active\_shards Sets the number of shard copies that must be active before proceeding with the delete by query operation. Defaults to 1, meaning the primary shard only. Set to *all* for all shard copies, otherwise set to any non-negative value less than or equal to the total number of copies for the shard (number of replicas + 1)
- wait\_for\_completion Should the request should block until the delete-by-query is complete., default True

#### delete script(\*\*kwargs)

Remove a stored script from elasticsearch. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/modules-scripting.html

#### Parameters id – Script ID

#### exists(\*\*kwargs)

Returns a boolean indicating whether or not given document exists in Elasticsearch. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-get.html

- index The name of the index
- **doc\_type** The type of the document (use *\_all* to fetch the first document matching the ID across all types)
- id The document ID
- source True or false to return the source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- \_source\_exclude A list of fields to exclude from the returned \_source field
- \_source\_include A list of fields to extract and return from the \_source field
- parent The ID of the parent document
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- realtime Specify whether to perform the operation in realtime or search mode
- refresh Refresh the shard containing the document before performing the operation
- routing Specific routing value
- stored fields A comma-separated list of stored fields to return in the response

- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- **version\_type** Specific version type, valid choices are: 'internal', 'external', 'external\_gte', 'force'

#### exists source(\*\*kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/docs-get.html

#### **Parameters**

- index The name of the index
- doc\_type The type of the document; use \_all to fetch the first document matching the ID across all types
- id The document ID
- \_source True or false to return the \_source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- \_source\_exclude A list of fields to exclude from the returned \_source field
- \_source\_include A list of fields to extract and return from the \_source field
- parent The ID of the parent document
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- realtime Specify whether to perform the operation in realtime or search mode
- refresh Refresh the shard containing the document before performing the operation
- routing Specific routing value
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- **version\_type** Specific version type, valid choices are: 'internal', 'external', 'external\_gte', 'force'

#### explain (\*\*kwargs)

The explain api computes a score explanation for a query and a specific document. This can give useful feedback whether a document matches or didn't match a specific query. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-explain.html

- index The name of the index
- doc\_type The type of the document
- id The document ID
- body The query definition using the Query DSL
- \_source True or false to return the \_source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- \_source\_exclude A list of fields to exclude from the returned \_source field
- \_source\_include A list of fields to extract and return from the \_source field
- analyze\_wildcard Specify whether wildcards and prefix queries in the query string query should be analyzed (default: false)
- analyzer The analyzer for the query string query
- **default\_operator** The default operator for query string query (AND or OR), default 'OR', valid choices are: 'AND', 'OR'

- **df** The default field for query string query (default: \_all)
- lenient Specify whether format-based query failures (such as providing text to a numeric field) should be ignored
- parent The ID of the parent document
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- **q** Query in the Lucene query string syntax
- routing Specific routing value
- stored\_fields A comma-separated list of stored fields to return in the response

#### field\_caps (\*\*kwargs)

The field capabilities API allows to retrieve the capabilities of fields among multiple indices. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-field-caps.html

#### **Parameters**

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names; use *\_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **body** Field json objects containing an array of field names
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes \_*all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **fields** A comma-separated list of field names
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)

#### get (\*\*kwargs)

Get a typed JSON document from the index based on its id. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-get.html

- index The name of the index
- doc\_type The type of the document (use \_all to fetch the first document matching the ID across all types)
- id The document ID
- \_source True or false to return the \_source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- \_source\_exclude A list of fields to exclude from the returned \_source field
- \_source\_include A list of fields to extract and return from the \_source field
- parent The ID of the parent document
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- realtime Specify whether to perform the operation in realtime or search mode
- refresh Refresh the shard containing the document before performing the operation
- routing Specific routing value

- stored\_fields A comma-separated list of stored fields to return in the response
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- **version\_type** Specific version type, valid choices are: 'internal', 'external', 'external\_gte', 'force'

#### get\_script(\*\*kwargs)

Retrieve a script from the API. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/modules-scripting.html

#### Parameters id - Script ID

#### get\_source(\*\*kwargs)

Get the source of a document by it's index, type and id. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-get.html

#### **Parameters**

- index The name of the index
- doc\_type The type of the document; use \_all to fetch the first document matching the ID across all types
- id The document ID
- \_source True or false to return the \_source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- \_source\_exclude A list of fields to exclude from the returned \_source field
- \_source\_include A list of fields to extract and return from the \_source field
- parent The ID of the parent document
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- realtime Specify whether to perform the operation in realtime or search mode
- refresh Refresh the shard containing the document before performing the operation
- routing Specific routing value
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- **version\_type** Specific version type, valid choices are: 'internal', 'external', 'external gte', 'force'

#### index (\*\*kwargs)

Adds or updates a typed JSON document in a specific index, making it searchable. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-index .html

- index The name of the index
- doc\_type The type of the document
- body The document
- id Document ID
- op\_type Explicit operation type, default 'index', valid choices are: 'index', 'create'
- parent ID of the parent document
- pipeline The pipeline id to preprocess incoming documents with

- **refresh** If *true* then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait\_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* (the default) then do nothing with refreshes., valid choices are: 'true', 'false', 'wait for'
- routing Specific routing value
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- timestamp Explicit timestamp for the document
- ttl Expiration time for the document
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- **version\_type** Specific version type, valid choices are: 'internal', 'external', 'external\_gte', 'force'
- wait\_for\_active\_shards Sets the number of shard copies that must be active before proceeding with the index operation. Defaults to 1, meaning the primary shard only. Set to *all* for all shard copies, otherwise set to any non-negative value less than or equal to the total number of copies for the shard (number of replicas + 1)

#### info(\*\*kwargs)

Get the basic info from the current cluster. http://www.elastic.co/guide/

#### mget (\*\*kwargs)

Get multiple documents based on an index, type (optional) and ids. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-multi-get.html

#### **Parameters**

- **body** Document identifiers; can be either *docs* (containing full document information) or *ids* (when index and type is provided in the URL.
- index The name of the index
- doc\_type The type of the document
- \_source True or false to return the \_source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- \_source\_exclude A list of fields to exclude from the returned \_source field
- \_source\_include A list of fields to extract and return from the \_source field
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- realtime Specify whether to perform the operation in realtime or search mode
- refresh Refresh the shard containing the document before performing the operation
- routing Specific routing value
- stored\_fields A comma-separated list of stored fields to return in the response

#### msearch (\*\*kwargs)

Execute several search requests within the same API. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-multi-search.html

- **body** The request definitions (metadata-search request definition pairs), separated by newlines
- index A comma-separated list of index names to use as default
- doc type A comma-separated list of document types to use as default

- max\_concurrent\_searches Controls the maximum number of concurrent searches the multi search api will execute
- pre\_filter\_shard\_size A threshold that enforces a pre-filter roundtrip to pre-filter search shards based on query rewriting if the number of shards the search request expands to exceeds the threshold. This filter roundtrip can limit the number of shards significantly if for instance a shard can not match any documents based on it's rewrite method ie. if date filters are mandatory to match but the shard bounds and the query are disjoint., default 128
- **search\_type** Search operation type, valid choices are: 'query\_then\_fetch', 'query\_and\_fetch', 'dfs\_query\_then\_fetch', 'dfs\_query\_and\_fetch'
- **typed\_keys** Specify whether aggregation and suggester names should be prefixed by their respective types in the response

#### msearch\_template(\*\*kwargs)

The /\_search/template endpoint allows to use the mustache language to pre render search requests, before they are executed and fill existing templates with template parameters. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-template.html

#### **Parameters**

- body The request definitions (metadata-search request definition pairs), separated by newlines
- index A comma-separated list of index names to use as default
- doc\_type A comma-separated list of document types to use as default
- max\_concurrent\_searches Controls the maximum number of concurrent searches the multi search api will execute
- **search\_type** Search operation type, valid choices are: 'query\_then\_fetch', 'query\_and\_fetch', 'dfs\_query\_then\_fetch', 'dfs\_query\_and\_fetch'
- **typed\_keys** Specify whether aggregation and suggester names should be prefixed by their respective types in the response

#### mtermvectors (\*\*kwargs)

Multi termvectors API allows to get multiple termvectors based on an index, type and id. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-multi-termvectors.html

- index The index in which the document resides.
- doc type The type of the document.
- **body** Define ids, documents, parameters or a list of parameters per document here. You must at least provide a list of document ids. See documentation.
- **field\_statistics** Specifies if document count, sum of document frequencies and sum of total term frequencies should be returned. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs"., default True
- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields to return. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs".
- ids A comma-separated list of documents ids. You must define ids as parameter or set "ids" or "docs" in the request body
- offsets Specifies if term offsets should be returned. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs", default True

- parent Parent id of documents. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs".
- payloads Specifies if term payloads should be returned. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs", default True
- **positions** Specifies if term positions should be returned. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs", default True
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random) .Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs".
- realtime Specifies if requests are real-time as opposed to near- real-time (default: true).
- routing Specific routing value. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs".
- term\_statistics Specifies if total term frequency and document frequency should be returned. Applies to all returned documents unless otherwise specified in body "params" or "docs".. default False
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- **version\_type** Specific version type, valid choices are: 'internal', 'external', 'external\_gte', 'force'

### ping(\*\*kwargs)

Returns True if the cluster is up, False otherwise. http://www.elastic.co/guide/

#### put\_script(\*\*kwargs)

Create a script in given language with specified ID. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/modules-scripting.html

#### **Parameters**

- id Script ID
- body The document

#### reindex (\*\*kwargs)

Reindex all documents from one index to another. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-reindex.html

- body The search definition using the Query DSL and the prototype for the index request.
- **refresh** Should the effected indexes be refreshed?
- requests\_per\_second The throttle to set on this request in sub- requests per second. -1 means no throttle., default 0
- **slices** The number of slices this task should be divided into. Defaults to 1 meaning the task isn't sliced into subtasks., default 1
- timeout Time each individual bulk request should wait for shards that are unavailable., default '1m'
- wait\_for\_active\_shards Sets the number of shard copies that must be active before proceeding with the reindex operation. Defaults to 1, meaning the primary shard only. Set to *all* for all shard copies, otherwise set to any non-negative value less than or equal to the total number of copies for the shard (number of replicas + 1)

wait\_for\_completion – Should the request should block until the reindex is complete., default True

#### reindex\_rethrottle(\*\*kwargs)

Change the value of requests\_per\_second of a running reindex task. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-reindex.html

#### **Parameters**

- task id The task id to rethrottle
- requests\_per\_second The throttle to set on this request in floating sub-requests per second. -1 means set no throttle.

#### render\_search\_template(\*\*kwargs)

http://www.elasticsearch.org/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-template.html

#### **Parameters**

- id The id of the stored search template
- **body** The search definition template and its params

#### scroll(\*\*kwargs)

Scroll a search request created by specifying the scroll parameter. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-request-scroll.html

#### **Parameters**

- scroll id The scroll ID
- **body** The scroll ID if not passed by URL or query parameter.
- scroll Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search

### search(\*\*kwargs)

Execute a search query and get back search hits that match the query. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-search.html

- index A comma-separated list of index names to search; use \_all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- doc\_type A comma-separated list of document types to search; leave empty to perform the operation on all types
- body The search definition using the Query DSL
- source True or false to return the source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- \_source\_exclude A list of fields to exclude from the returned \_source field
- \_source\_include A list of fields to extract and return from the \_source field
- allow\_no\_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes \_all string or when no indices have been specified)
- allow\_partial\_search\_results Set to false to return an overall failure if the request would produce partial results. Defaults to True, which will allow partial results in the case of timeouts or partial failures
- analyze\_wildcard Specify whether wildcard and prefix queries should be analyzed (default: false)

- analyzer The analyzer to use for the query string
- batched\_reduce\_size The number of shard results that should be reduced at once on the coordinating node. This value should be used as a protection mechanism to reduce the memory overhead per search request if the potential number of shards in the request can be large., default 512
- default\_operator The default operator for query string query (AND or OR), default 'OR', valid choices are: 'AND', 'OR'
- df The field to use as default where no field prefix is given in the query string
- docvalue\_fields A comma-separated list of fields to return as the docvalue representation of a field for each hit
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **explain** Specify whether to return detailed information about score computation as part of a hit
- **from**\_ Starting offset (default: 0)
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- lenient Specify whether format-based query failures (such as providing text to a numeric field) should be ignored
- max\_concurrent\_shard\_requests The number of concurrent shard requests this search executes concurrently. This value should be used to limit the impact of the search on the cluster in order to limit the number of concurrent shard requests, default 'The default grows with the number of nodes in the cluster but is at most 256.'
- pre\_filter\_shard\_size A threshold that enforces a pre-filter roundtrip to pre-filter search shards based on query rewriting if the number of shards the search request expands to exceeds the threshold. This filter roundtrip can limit the number of shards significantly if for instance a shard can not match any documents based on it's rewrite method ie. if date filters are mandatory to match but the shard bounds and the query are disjoint., default 128
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- **q** Query in the Lucene query string syntax
- request\_cache Specify if request cache should be used for this request or not, defaults to index level setting
- routing A comma-separated list of specific routing values
- scroll Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search
- **search\_type** Search operation type, valid choices are: 'query\_then\_fetch', 'dfs\_query\_then\_fetch'
- **size** Number of hits to return (default: 10)
- sort A comma-separated list of <field>:<direction> pairs
- stats Specific 'tag' of the request for logging and statistical purposes
- stored fields A comma-separated list of stored fields to return as part of a hit

- suggest\_field Specify which field to use for suggestions
- suggest\_mode Specify suggest mode, default 'missing', valid choices are: 'missing', 'popular', 'always'
- **suggest\_size** How many suggestions to return in response
- **suggest\_text** The source text for which the suggestions should be returned
- **terminate\_after** The maximum number of documents to collect for each shard, upon reaching which the query execution will terminate early.
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- track\_scores Whether to calculate and return scores even if they are not used for sorting
- track\_total\_hits Indicate if the number of documents that match the query should be tracked
- **typed\_keys** Specify whether aggregation and suggester names should be prefixed by their respective types in the response
- **version** Specify whether to return document version as part of a hit

## search\_shards(\*\*kwargs)

The search shards api returns the indices and shards that a search request would be executed against. This can give useful feedback for working out issues or planning optimizations with routing and shard preferences. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-shards.html

#### **Parameters**

- index A comma-separated list of index names to search; use \_all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes \_*all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- routing Specific routing value

## search\_template(\*\*kwargs)

A query that accepts a query template and a map of key/value pairs to fill in template parameters. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-template.html

- index A comma-separated list of index names to search; use \_all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- doc\_type A comma-separated list of document types to search; leave empty to perform the operation on all types
- body The search definition template and its params

- allow\_no\_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes \_all string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **explain** Specify whether to return detailed information about score computation as part of a hit
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- **profile** Specify whether to profile the query execution
- routing A comma-separated list of specific routing values
- scroll Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search
- **search\_type** Search operation type, valid choices are: 'query\_then\_fetch', 'query\_and\_fetch', 'dfs\_query\_then\_fetch', 'dfs\_query\_and\_fetch'
- **typed\_keys** Specify whether aggregation and suggester names should be prefixed by their respective types in the response

#### termvectors (\*\*kwargs)

Returns information and statistics on terms in the fields of a particular document. The document could be stored in the index or artificially provided by the user (Added in 1.4). Note that for documents stored in the index, this is a near realtime API as the term vectors are not available until the next refresh. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-termvectors.html

- index The index in which the document resides.
- **doc\_type** The type of the document.
- id The id of the document, when not specified a doc param should be supplied.
- **body** Define parameters and or supply a document to get termvectors for. See documentation.
- **field\_statistics** Specifies if document count, sum of document frequencies and sum of total term frequencies should be returned., default True
- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields to return.
- offsets Specifies if term offsets should be returned., default True
- parent Parent id of documents.
- payloads Specifies if term payloads should be returned., default True
- positions Specifies if term positions should be returned., default True
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random).
- realtime Specifies if request is real-time as opposed to near-real-time (default: true).
- routing Specific routing value.

- term\_statistics Specifies if total term frequency and document frequency should be returned., default False
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- **version\_type** Specific version type, valid choices are: 'internal', 'external', 'external\_gte', 'force'

### update (\*\*kwargs)

Update a document based on a script or partial data provided. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-update.html

#### **Parameters**

- index The name of the index
- doc\_type The type of the document
- id Document ID
- body The request definition using either script or partial doc
- \_source True or false to return the \_source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- \_source\_exclude A list of fields to exclude from the returned \_source field
- \_source\_include A list of fields to extract and return from the \_source field
- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields to return in the response
- lang The script language (default: painless)
- parent ID of the parent document. Is is only used for routing and when for the upsert request
- **refresh** If *true* then refresh the effected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait\_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* (the default) then do nothing with refreshes., valid choices are: 'true', 'false', 'wait\_for'
- retry\_on\_conflict Specify how many times should the operation be retried when a conflict occurs (default: 0)
- routing Specific routing value
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- **timestamp** Explicit timestamp for the document
- ttl Expiration time for the document
- version Explicit version number for concurrency control
- version\_type Specific version type, valid choices are: 'internal', 'force'
- wait\_for\_active\_shards Sets the number of shard copies that must be active before proceeding with the update operation. Defaults to 1, meaning the primary shard only. Set to *all* for all shard copies, otherwise set to any non-negative value less than or equal to the total number of copies for the shard (number of replicas + 1)

#### update\_by\_query (\*\*kwargs)

Perform an update on all documents matching a query. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/docs-update-by-query.html

### **Parameters**

• index – A comma-separated list of index names to search; use \_all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices

- doc\_type A comma-separated list of document types to search; leave empty to perform the operation on all types
- body The search definition using the Query DSL
- source True or false to return the source field or not, or a list of fields to return
- \_source\_exclude A list of fields to exclude from the returned \_source field
- \_source\_include A list of fields to extract and return from the \_source field
- allow\_no\_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes \_all string or when no indices have been specified)
- analyze\_wildcard Specify whether wildcard and prefix queries should be analyzed (default: false)
- analyzer The analyzer to use for the query string
- **conflicts** What to do when the update by query hits version conflicts?, default 'abort', valid choices are: 'abort', 'proceed'
- **default\_operator** The default operator for query string query (AND or OR), default 'OR', valid choices are: 'AND', 'OR'
- df The field to use as default where no field prefix is given in the query string
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **from**\_ Starting offset (default: 0)
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **lenient** Specify whether format-based query failures (such as providing text to a numeric field) should be ignored
- pipeline Ingest pipeline to set on index requests made by this action. (default: none)
- **preference** Specify the node or shard the operation should be performed on (default: random)
- **q** Query in the Lucene query string syntax
- refresh Should the effected indexes be refreshed?
- request\_cache Specify if request cache should be used for this request or not, defaults to index level setting
- requests\_per\_second The throttle to set on this request in sub- requests per second. -1 means no throttle., default 0
- routing A comma-separated list of specific routing values
- scroll Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search
- scroll\_size Size on the scroll request powering the update\_by\_query
- search\_timeout Explicit timeout for each search request. Defaults to no timeout.
- **search\_type** Search operation type, valid choices are: 'query\_then\_fetch', 'dfs\_query\_then\_fetch'
- size Number of hits to return (default: 10)

- slices The number of slices this task should be divided into. Defaults to 1 meaning the task isn't sliced into subtasks., default 1
- sort A comma-separated list of <field>:<direction> pairs
- stats Specific 'tag' of the request for logging and statistical purposes
- **terminate\_after** The maximum number of documents to collect for each shard, upon reaching which the query execution will terminate early.
- timeout Time each individual bulk request should wait for shards that are unavailable., default 'lm'
- version Specify whether to return document version as part of a hit
- **version\_type** Should the document increment the version number (internal) on hit or not (reindex)
- wait\_for\_active\_shards Sets the number of shard copies that must be active before proceeding with the update by query operation. Defaults to 1, meaning the primary shard only. Set to *all* for all shard copies, otherwise set to any non-negative value less than or equal to the total number of copies for the shard (number of replicas + 1)
- wait\_for\_completion Should the request should block until the update by query operation is complete., default True

### 7.1.3 Indices

class elasticsearch.client.IndicesClient(client)

### analyze (\*\*kwargs)

Perform the analysis process on a text and return the tokens breakdown of the text. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-analyze.html

### **Parameters**

- **index** The name of the index to scope the operation
- **body** Define analyzer/tokenizer parameters and the text on which the analysis should be performed
- format Format of the output, default 'detailed', valid choices are: 'detailed', 'text'
- **prefer\_local** With *true*, specify that a local shard should be used if available, with *false*, use a random shard (default: true)

## clear\_cache(\*\*kwargs)

Clear either all caches or specific cached associated with one ore more indices. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-clearcache.html

- index A comma-separated list of index name to limit the operation
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *\_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- field\_data Clear field data
- fielddata Clear field data

- fields A comma-separated list of fields to clear when using the field\_data parameter (default: all)
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- query Clear query caches
- recycler Clear the recycler cache
- request Clear request cache
- request\_cache Clear request cache

### close(\*\*kwargs)

Close an index to remove it's overhead from the cluster. Closed index is blocked for read/write operations. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-open-close.html

#### **Parameters**

- index The name of the index
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes \_*all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- master\_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

## create(\*\*kwargs)

Create an index in Elasticsearch. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-create-index.html

#### **Parameters**

- index The name of the index
- **body** The configuration for the index (*settings* and *mappings*)
- master\_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- wait\_for\_active\_shards Set the number of active shards to wait for before the operation returns.

### delete(\*\*kwargs)

Delete an index in Elasticsearch http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-delete-index.html

- index A comma-separated list of indices to delete; use \_all or \* string to delete all indices
- allow\_no\_indices Ignore if a wildcard expression resolves to no concrete indices (default: false)

- **expand\_wildcards** Whether wildcard expressions should get expanded to open or closed indices (default: open), default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- ignore\_unavailable Ignore unavailable indexes (default: false)
- master\_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

### delete\_alias(\*\*kwargs)

Delete specific alias. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-aliases.html

#### **Parameters**

- index A comma-separated list of index names (supports wildcards); use \_all for all indices
- name A comma-separated list of aliases to delete (supports wildcards); use *\_all* to delete all aliases for the specified indices.
- master timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit timeout for the operation

### delete\_template(\*\*kwargs)

Delete an index template by its name. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-templates.html

#### **Parameters**

- name The name of the template
- master\_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

### exists(\*\*kwargs)

Return a boolean indicating whether given index exists. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-exists.html

### **Parameters**

- index A comma-separated list of index names
- allow\_no\_indices Ignore if a wildcard expression resolves to no concrete indices (default: false)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether wildcard expressions should get expanded to open or closed indices (default: open), default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **flat\_settings** Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- ignore\_unavailable Ignore unavailable indexes (default: false)
- include\_defaults Whether to return all default setting for each of the indices., default False
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

## exists\_alias(\*\*kwargs)

Return a boolean indicating whether given alias exists. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-aliases.html

#### **Parameters**

- index A comma-separated list of index names to filter aliases
- name A comma-separated list of alias names to return
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes \_*all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both, default 'all', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

### exists\_template(\*\*kwargs)

Return a boolean indicating whether given template exists. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-templates.html

#### **Parameters**

- name The comma separated names of the index templates
- **flat\_settings** Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

### exists\_type (\*\*kwargs)

Check if a type/types exists in an index/indices. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-types-exists.html

#### **Parameters**

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use \_all to check the types across all indices
- doc\_type A comma-separated list of document types to check
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *\_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

### flush(\*\*kwargs)

Explicitly flush one or more indices. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-flush.html

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use \_all or empty string for all indices
- allow\_no\_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *all* string or when no indices have been specified)

- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **force** Whether a flush should be forced even if it is not necessarily needed ie. if no changes will be committed to the index. This is useful if transaction log IDs should be incremented even if no uncommitted changes are present. (This setting can be considered as internal)
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- wait\_if\_ongoing If set to true the flush operation will block until the flush can be executed if another flush operation is already executing. The default is true. If set to false the flush will be skipped iff if another flush operation is already running.

### flush\_synced(\*\*kwargs)

Perform a normal flush, then add a generated unique marker (sync\_id) to all shards. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-synced-flush.html

#### **Parameters**

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use \_all or empty string for all indices
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes \_*all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)

## forcemerge (\*\*kwargs)

The force merge API allows to force merging of one or more indices through an API. The merge relates to the number of segments a Lucene index holds within each shard. The force merge operation allows to reduce the number of segments by merging them.

This call will block until the merge is complete. If the http connection is lost, the request will continue in the background, and any new requests will block until the previous force merge is complete. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-forcemerge.html

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use \_all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- allow\_no\_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **flush** Specify whether the index should be flushed after performing the operation (default: true)
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- max\_num\_segments The number of segments the index should be merged into (default: dynamic)
- only\_expunge\_deletes Specify whether the operation should only expunge deleted documents

• operation\_threading - TODO: ?

### get (\*\*kwargs)

The get index API allows to retrieve information about one or more indexes. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-get-index.html

#### **Parameters**

- index A comma-separated list of index names
- allow\_no\_indices Ignore if a wildcard expression resolves to no concrete indices (default: false)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether wildcard expressions should get expanded to open or closed indices (default: open), default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- flat\_settings Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- ignore\_unavailable Ignore unavailable indexes (default: false)
- include\_defaults Whether to return all default setting for each of the indices., default False
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

## get\_alias(\*\*kwargs)

Retrieve a specified alias. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-aliases. html

#### **Parameters**

- index A comma-separated list of index names to filter aliases
- name A comma-separated list of alias names to return
- allow\_no\_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes \_all string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'all', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- ignore\_unavailable Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

#### get field mapping(\*\*kwargs)

Retrieve mapping definition of a specific field. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-get-field-mapping.html

- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields
- index A comma-separated list of index names
- doc\_type A comma-separated list of document types
- allow\_no\_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes \_all string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'

- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- include\_defaults Whether the default mapping values should be returned as well
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

### get\_mapping(\*\*kwargs)

Retrieve mapping definition of index or index/type. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-get-mapping.html

### **Parameters**

- index A comma-separated list of index names
- doc\_type A comma-separated list of document types
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *\_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

### get settings(\*\*kwargs)

Retrieve settings for one or more (or all) indices. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-get-settings.html

## **Parameters**

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use \_all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- name The name of the settings that should be included
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *\_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default ['open', 'closed'], valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- flat settings Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- include\_defaults Whether to return all default setting for each of the indices., default False
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

## get\_template(\*\*kwargs)

Retrieve an index template by its name. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-templates.html

- name The name of the template
- flat\_settings Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

#### get upgrade(\*\*kwargs)

Monitor how much of one or more index is upgraded. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-upgrade.html

#### **Parameters**

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names; use *\_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes \_*all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)

## open (\*\*kwargs)

Open a closed index to make it available for search. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-open-close.html

#### **Parameters**

- index The name of the index
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes \_*all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'closed', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- master\_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

### put\_alias(\*\*kwargs)

Create an alias for a specific index/indices. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-aliases.html

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names the alias should point to (supports wild-cards); use *\_all* to perform the operation on all indices.
- name The name of the alias to be created or updated
- body The settings for the alias, such as routing or filter
- master\_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit timeout for the operation

### put\_mapping(\*\*kwargs)

Register specific mapping definition for a specific type. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-put-mapping.html

#### **Parameters**

- doc\_type The name of the document type
- body The mapping definition
- **index** A comma-separated list of index names the mapping should be added to (supports wildcards); use *\_all* or omit to add the mapping on all indices.
- allow\_no\_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes \_all string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- master\_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

#### put settings(\*\*kwargs)

Change specific index level settings in real time. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-update-settings.html

#### **Parameters**

- body The index settings to be updated
- index A comma-separated list of index names; use \_all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes \_*all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **flat\_settings** Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- master\_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- **preserve\_existing** Whether to update existing settings. If set to *true* existing settings on an index remain unchanged, the default is *false*

## put\_template(\*\*kwargs)

Create an index template that will automatically be applied to new indices created. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-templates.html

- name The name of the template
- body The template definition
- **create** Whether the index template should only be added if new or can also replace an existing one, default False

- **flat\_settings** Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- master timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- **order** The order for this template when merging multiple matching ones (higher numbers are merged later, overriding the lower numbers)
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

### recovery (\*\*kwargs)

The indices recovery API provides insight into on-going shard recoveries. Recovery status may be reported for specific indices, or cluster-wide. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-recovery.html

#### **Parameters**

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names; use *\_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- active\_only Display only those recoveries that are currently on-going, default False
- detailed Whether to display detailed information about shard recovery, default False

### refresh(\*\*kwargs)

Explicitly refresh one or more index, making all operations performed since the last refresh available for search. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-refresh.html

#### **Parameters**

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names; use *\_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- allow\_no\_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes \_all string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)

#### rollover (\*\*kwargs)

The rollover index API rolls an alias over to a new index when the existing index is considered to be too large or too old.

The API accepts a single alias name and a list of conditions. The alias must point to a single index only. If the index satisfies the specified conditions then a new index is created and the alias is switched to point to the new alias. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-rollover-index.html

- alias The name of the alias to rollover
- new\_index The name of the rollover index
- body The conditions that needs to be met for executing rollover
- dry\_run If set to true the rollover action will only be validated but not actually performed even if a condition matches. The default is false
- master\_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- wait\_for\_active\_shards Set the number of active shards to wait for on the newly created rollover index before the operation returns.

### segments (\*\*kwargs)

Provide low level segments information that a Lucene index (shard level) is built with. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-segments.html

#### **Parameters**

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names; use *\_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- allow\_no\_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes \_all string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- ignore\_unavailable Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- operation\_threading TODO: ?
- verbose Includes detailed memory usage by Lucene., default False

### shard\_stores(\*\*kwargs)

Provides store information for shard copies of indices. Store information reports on which nodes shard copies exist, the shard copy version, indicating how recent they are, and any exceptions encountered while opening the shard index or from earlier engine failure. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-shards-stores.html

#### **Parameters**

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names; use *\_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *\_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- operation\_threading TODO: ?
- **status** A comma-separated list of statuses used to filter on shards to get store information for, valid choices are: 'green', 'yellow', 'red', 'all'

## shrink(\*\*kwargs)

The shrink index API allows you to shrink an existing index into a new index with fewer primary shards. The number of primary shards in the target index must be a factor of the shards in the source index. For example an index with 8 primary shards can be shrunk into 4, 2 or 1 primary shards or an index with 15 primary shards can be shrunk into 5, 3 or 1. If the number of shards in the index is a prime number it can only be shrunk into a single primary shard. Before shrinking, a (primary or replica) copy of every shard in the index must be present on the same node. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-shrink-index.html

- index The name of the source index to shrink
- target The name of the target index to shrink into
- **body** The configuration for the target index (*settings* and *aliases*)

- master\_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- wait\_for\_active\_shards Set the number of active shards to wait for on the shrunken index before the operation returns.

#### stats (\*\*kwargs)

Retrieve statistics on different operations happening on an index. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-stats.html

#### **Parameters**

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use \_all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- metric Limit the information returned the specific metrics.
- **completion\_fields** A comma-separated list of fields for *fielddata* and *suggest* index metric (supports wildcards)
- fielddata\_fields A comma-separated list of fields for fielddata index metric (supports wildcards)
- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields for *fielddata* and *completion* index metric (supports wildcards)
- groups A comma-separated list of search groups for search index metric
- include\_segment\_file\_sizes Whether to report the aggregated disk usage of each one of the Lucene index files (only applies if segment stats are requested), default False
- **level** Return stats aggregated at cluster, index or shard level, default 'indices', valid choices are: 'cluster', 'indices', 'shards'
- types A comma-separated list of document types for the *indexing* index metric

### update\_aliases (\*\*kwargs)

Update specified aliases. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-aliases. html

### **Parameters**

- **body** The definition of *actions* to perform
- master\_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master
- timeout Request timeout

#### upgrade (\*\*kwargs)

Upgrade one or more indices to the latest format through an API. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/indices-upgrade.html

- index A comma-separated list of index names; use \_all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes \_*all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'

- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- only\_ancient\_segments If true, only ancient (an older Lucene major release) segments will be upgraded
- wait\_for\_completion Specify whether the request should block until the all segments are upgraded (default: false)

### validate query(\*\*kwargs)

Validate a potentially expensive query without executing it. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/search-validate.html

#### **Parameters**

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names to restrict the operation; use *\_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- doc\_type A comma-separated list of document types to restrict the operation; leave empty to perform the operation on all types
- body The query definition specified with the Query DSL
- all\_shards Execute validation on all shards instead of one random shard per index
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes \_*all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- analyze\_wildcard Specify whether wildcard and prefix queries should be analyzed (default: false)
- analyzer The analyzer to use for the query string
- **default\_operator** The default operator for query string query (AND or OR), default 'OR', valid choices are: 'AND', 'OR'
- df The field to use as default where no field prefix is given in the query string
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **explain** Return detailed information about the error
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- lenient Specify whether format-based query failures (such as providing text to a numeric field) should be ignored
- operation threading TODO: ?
- **q** Query in the Lucene query string syntax
- rewrite Provide a more detailed explanation showing the actual Lucene query that will be executed.

# **7.1.4 Ingest**

class elasticsearch.client.IngestClient(client)

### delete\_pipeline(\*\*kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/plugins/current/ingest.html

#### **Parameters**

- id Pipeline ID
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

#### get pipeline(\*\*kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/plugins/current/ingest.html

#### **Parameters**

- id Comma separated list of pipeline ids. Wildcards supported
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

### put\_pipeline(\*\*kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/plugins/current/ingest.html

#### **Parameters**

- id Pipeline ID
- body The ingest definition
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

### simulate(\*\*kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/plugins/current/ingest.html

#### **Parameters**

- body The simulate definition
- id Pipeline ID
- verbose Verbose mode. Display data output for each processor in executed pipeline, default False

## 7.1.5 Cluster

class elasticsearch.client.ClusterClient(client)

### allocation\_explain(\*\*kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cluster-allocation-explain.html

#### **Parameters**

- **body** The index, shard, and primary flag to explain. Empty means 'explain the first unassigned shard'
- include\_disk\_info Return information about disk usage and shard sizes (default: false)
- include\_yes\_decisions Return 'YES' decisions in explanation (default: false)

### get\_settings(\*\*kwargs)

Get cluster settings. cluster-update-settings.html

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/

- **flat\_settings** Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- include defaults Whether to return all default clusters setting., default False
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

### health(\*\*kwargs)

Get a very simple status on the health of the cluster. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cluster-health.html

#### **Parameters**

- index Limit the information returned to a specific index
- level Specify the level of detail for returned information, default 'cluster', valid choices are: 'cluster', 'indices', 'shards'
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- wait\_for\_active\_shards Wait until the specified number of shards is active
- wait\_for\_events Wait until all currently queued events with the given priority are processed, valid choices are: 'immediate', 'urgent', 'high', 'normal', 'low', 'languid'
- wait\_for\_no\_relocating\_shards Whether to wait until there are no relocating shards in the cluster
- wait\_for\_nodes Wait until the specified number of nodes is available
- wait\_for\_status Wait until cluster is in a specific state, default None, valid choices are: 'green', 'yellow', 'red'

### pending\_tasks(\*\*kwargs)

The pending cluster tasks API returns a list of any cluster-level changes (e.g. create index, update mapping, allocate or fail shard) which have not yet been executed. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cluster-pending.html

### **Parameters**

- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master timeout Specify timeout for connection to master

### put\_settings(\*\*kwargs)

Update cluster wide specific settings. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cluster-update-settings.html

- **body** The settings to be updated. Can be either *transient* or *persistent* (survives cluster restart).
- **flat\_settings** Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

#### reroute (\*\*kwargs)

Explicitly execute a cluster reroute allocation command including specific commands. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cluster-reroute.html

#### **Parameters**

- **body** The definition of *commands* to perform (*move*, *cancel*, *allocate*)
- dry\_run Simulate the operation only and return the resulting state
- explain Return an explanation of why the commands can or cannot be executed
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- metric Limit the information returned to the specified metrics. Defaults to all but metadata, valid choices are: '\_all', 'blocks', 'metadata', 'nodes', 'routing\_table', 'master\_node', 'version'
- retry\_failed Retries allocation of shards that are blocked due to too many subsequent allocation failures
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

### state(\*\*kwargs)

Get a comprehensive state information of the whole cluster. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cluster-state.html

#### **Parameters**

- metric Limit the information returned to the specified metrics
- **index** A comma-separated list of index names; use *\_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- **allow\_no\_indices** Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes *\_all* string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- flat\_settings Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master\_timeout Specify timeout for connection to master

### stats (\*\*kwargs)

The Cluster Stats API allows to retrieve statistics from a cluster wide perspective. The API returns basic index metrics and information about the current nodes that form the cluster. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cluster-stats.html

- **node\_id** A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information; use *\_local* to return information from the node you're connecting to, leave empty to get information from all nodes
- flat\_settings Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

## **7.1.6 Nodes**

class elasticsearch.client.NodesClient(client)

### hot\_threads (\*\*kwargs)

An API allowing to get the current hot threads on each node in the cluster. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cluster-nodes-hot-threads.html

#### **Parameters**

- **node\_id** A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information; use *\_local* to return information from the node you're connecting to, leave empty to get information from all nodes
- type The type to sample (default: cpu), valid choices are: 'cpu', 'wait', 'block'
- **ignore\_idle\_threads** Don't show threads that are in known-idle places, such as waiting on a socket select or pulling from an empty task queue (default: true)
- interval The interval for the second sampling of threads
- **snapshots** Number of samples of thread stacktrace (default: 10)
- threads Specify the number of threads to provide information for (default: 3)
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

### info(\*\*kwargs)

The cluster nodes info API allows to retrieve one or more (or all) of the cluster nodes information. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cluster-nodes-info.html

### **Parameters**

- node\_id A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information; use \_local to return information from the node you're connecting to, leave empty to get information from all nodes
- metric A comma-separated list of metrics you wish returned. Leave empty to return all.
- flat settings Return settings in flat format (default: false)
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

## stats (\*\*kwargs)

The cluster nodes stats API allows to retrieve one or more (or all) of the cluster nodes statistics. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cluster-nodes-stats.html

- node\_id A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information; use *\_local* to return information from the node you're connecting to, leave empty to get information from all nodes
- metric Limit the information returned to the specified metrics
- **index\_metric** Limit the information returned for *indices* metric to the specific index metrics. Isn't used if *indices* (or *all*) metric isn't specified.
- **completion\_fields** A comma-separated list of fields for *fielddata* and *suggest* index metric (supports wildcards)
- **fielddata\_fields** A comma-separated list of fields for *fielddata* index metric (supports wildcards)

- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields for *fielddata* and *completion* index metric (supports wildcards)
- groups A comma-separated list of search groups for *search* index metric
- include\_segment\_file\_sizes Whether to report the aggregated disk usage of each one of the Lucene index files (only applies if segment stats are requested), default False
- **level** Return indices stats aggregated at index, node or shard level, default 'node', valid choices are: 'indices', 'node', 'shards'
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- types A comma-separated list of document types for the *indexing* index metric

### usage (\*\*kwargs)

The cluster nodes usage API allows to retrieve information on the usage of features for each node. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/master/cluster-nodes-usage.html

#### **Parameters**

- node\_id A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information; use *\_local* to return information from the node you're connecting to, leave empty to get information from all nodes
- metric Limit the information returned to the specified metrics
- human Whether to return time and byte values in human-readable format., default False
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

## 7.1.7 Cat

class elasticsearch.client.CatClient(client)

### aliases(\*\*kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-alias.html

#### **Parameters**

- name A comma-separated list of alias names to return
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- **help** Return help information, default False
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- **s** Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

#### allocation(\*\*kwargs)

Allocation provides a snapshot of how shards have located around the cluster and the state of disk usage. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-allocation.html

- node\_id A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information
- bytes The unit in which to display byte values, valid choices are: 'b', 'k', 'kb', 'm', 'mb', 'g', 'gb', 't', 'tb', 'p', 'pb'
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- **s** Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- **v** Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

## count (\*\*kwargs)

Count provides quick access to the document count of the entire cluster, or individual indices. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-count.html

#### **Parameters**

- index A comma-separated list of index names to limit the returned information
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- **s** Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

### fielddata(\*\*kwargs)

Shows information about currently loaded fielddata on a per-node basis. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-fielddata.html

- **fields** A comma-separated list of fields to return the fielddata size
- bytes The unit in which to display byte values, valid choices are: 'b', 'k', 'kb', 'm', 'mb', 'g', 'gb', 't', 'tb', 'p', 'pb'
- format a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- **s** Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by

• v – Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

### health(\*\*kwargs)

 $health is a terse, one-line \ representation \ of the same information \ from \ health \ () \ API \ https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-health.html$ 

#### **Parameters**

- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- s Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- **ts** Set to false to disable timestamping, default True
- **v** Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

### help(\*\*kwargs)

A simple help for the cat api. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat.html

#### **Parameters**

- help Return help information, default False
- **s** Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by

### indices (\*\*kwargs)

The indices command provides a cross-section of each index. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-indices.html

#### **Parameters**

- index A comma-separated list of index names to limit the returned information
- bytes The unit in which to display byte values, valid choices are: 'b', 'k', 'm', 'g'
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- health A health status ("green", "yellow", or "red" to filter only indices matching the specified health status, default None, valid choices are: 'green', 'yellow', 'red'
- help Return help information, default False
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- pri Set to true to return stats only for primary shards, default False
- s Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- **v** Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

## master(\*\*kwargs)

Displays the master's node ID, bound IP address, and node name. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-master.html

#### **Parameters**

- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- s Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- **v** Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

#### nodeattrs (\*\*kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-nodeattrs.html

#### **Parameters**

- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- s Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- **v** Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

### nodes (\*\*kwargs)

The nodes command shows the cluster topology. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-nodes.html

#### **Parameters**

- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- **full\_id** Return the full node ID instead of the shortened version (default: false)
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- **s** Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- ullet v Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

### pending\_tasks(\*\*kwargs)

pending\_tasks provides the same information as the pending\_tasks() API in a convenient tabular format. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-pending-tasks.html

- format a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display

- help Return help information, default False
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- **s** Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

## plugins(\*\*kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-plugins.html

#### **Parameters**

- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- s Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

#### recovery (\*\*kwargs)

recovery is a view of shard replication. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-recovery.html

### **Parameters**

- index A comma-separated list of index names to limit the returned information
- bytes The unit in which to display byte values, valid choices are: 'b', 'k', 'kb', 'm', 'mb', 'g', 'gb', 't', 'tb', 'p', 'pb'
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- s Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- **v** Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

### repositories (\*\*kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-repositories.html

- format a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node, default False
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

- **s** Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- **v** Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

## segments (\*\*kwargs)

The segments command is the detailed view of Lucene segments per index. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-segments.html

#### **Parameters**

- index A comma-separated list of index names to limit the returned information
- bytes The unit in which to display byte values, valid choices are: 'b', 'k', 'kb', 'm', 'mb', 'g', 'gb', 't', 'tb', 'p', 'pb'
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- **s** Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- **v** Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

#### shards (\*\*kwargs)

The shards command is the detailed view of what nodes contain which shards. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-shards.html

#### **Parameters**

- index A comma-separated list of index names to limit the returned information
- bytes The unit in which to display byte values, valid choices are: 'b', 'k', 'kb', 'm', 'mb', 'g', 'gb', 't', 'tb', 'p', 'pb'
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- **local** Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- **s** Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- **v** Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

#### snapshots (\*\*kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-snapshots.html

- repository Name of repository from which to fetch the snapshot information
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- ignore\_unavailable Set to true to ignore unavailable snapshots, default False
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- **s** Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by

• v – Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

### tasks(\*\*kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/tasks.html

#### **Parameters**

- actions A comma-separated list of actions that should be returned. Leave empty to return all.
- **detailed** Return detailed task information (default: false)
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- **nodes** A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information; use *\_local* to return information from the node you're connecting to, leave empty to get information from all nodes
- parent\_task\_id Return tasks with specified parent task id. Set to -1 to return all.
- **s** Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- **v** Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

### templates (\*\*kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-templates.html

#### **Parameters**

- name A pattern that returned template names must match
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- **s** Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- **v** Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

### thread\_pool(\*\*kwargs)

Get information about thread pools. https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/cat-thread-pool.html

- thread\_pool\_patterns A comma-separated list of regular-expressions to filter the thread pools in the output
- **format** a short version of the Accept header, e.g. json, yaml
- h Comma-separated list of column names to display
- help Return help information, default False
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- **s** Comma-separated list of column names or column aliases to sort by
- size The multiplier in which to display values, valid choices are: ", 'k', 'm', 'g', 't', 'p'
- v Verbose mode. Display column headers, default False

## 7.1.8 Snapshot

class elasticsearch.client.SnapshotClient(client)

### create(\*\*kwargs)

Create a snapshot in repository http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/modules-snapshots.html

#### **Parameters**

- repository A repository name
- snapshot A snapshot name
- body The snapshot definition
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- wait\_for\_completion Should this request wait until the operation has completed before returning, default False

## create\_repository(\*\*kwargs)

Registers a shared file system repository. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/modules-snapshots.html

### **Parameters**

- repository A repository name
- body The repository definition
- $\bullet \ \, \textbf{master\_timeout} Explicit \ operation \ timeout \ for \ connection \ to \ master \ node \\$
- timeout Explicit operation timeout
- **verify** Whether to verify the repository after creation

### delete(\*\*kwargs)

Deletes a snapshot from a repository. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/modules-snapshots.html

#### **Parameters**

- repository A repository name
- snapshot A snapshot name
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

#### delete repository(\*\*kwargs)

Removes a shared file system repository. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/modules-snapshots.html

## **Parameters**

• repository – A comma-separated list of repository names

- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

## get (\*\*kwargs)

Retrieve information about a snapshot. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/modules-snapshots.html

#### **Parameters**

- repository A repository name
- snapshot A comma-separated list of snapshot names
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether to ignore unavailable snapshots, defaults to false which means a NotFoundError *snapshot\_missing\_exception* is thrown
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- **verbose** Whether to show verbose snapshot info or only show the basic info found in the repository index blob

### get\_repository (\*\*kwargs)

Return information about registered repositories. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/modules-snapshots.html

#### **Parameters**

- repository A comma-separated list of repository names
- local Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

## restore(\*\*kwargs)

Restore a snapshot. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/modules-snapshots.html

#### **Parameters**

- repository A repository name
- snapshot A snapshot name
- body Details of what to restore
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- wait\_for\_completion Should this request wait until the operation has completed before returning, default False

### status (\*\*kwargs)

Return information about all currently running snapshots. By specifying a repository name, it's possible to limit the results to a particular repository. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/modules-snapshots.html

- repository A repository name
- **snapshot** A comma-separated list of snapshot names
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether to ignore unavailable snapshots, defaults to false which means a NotFoundError *snapshot\_missing\_exception* is thrown
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

### verify\_repository(\*\*kwargs)

Returns a list of nodes where repository was successfully verified or an error message if verification process failed. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/modules-snapshots.html

#### **Parameters**

- repository A repository name
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

### 7.1.9 Tasks

class elasticsearch.client.TasksClient(client)

### cancel (\*\*kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/tasks.html

#### **Parameters**

- task\_id Cancel the task with specified task id (node\_id:task\_number)
- actions A comma-separated list of actions that should be cancelled. Leave empty to cancel all.
- **nodes** A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information; use *\_local* to return information from the node you're connecting to, leave empty to get information from all nodes
- parent\_task\_id Cancel tasks with specified parent task id (node\_id:task\_number). Set to -1 to cancel all.

### get (\*\*kwargs)

Retrieve information for a particular task. http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/tasks.html

#### **Parameters**

- task\_id Return the task with specified id (node\_id:task\_number)
- wait for completion Wait for the matching tasks to complete (default: false)

### list(\*\*kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/tasks.html

- actions A comma-separated list of actions that should be returned. Leave empty to return all.
- detailed Return detailed task information (default: false)
- **group\_by** Group tasks by nodes or parent/child relationships, default 'nodes', valid choices are: 'nodes', 'parents'
- **nodes** A comma-separated list of node IDs or names to limit the returned information; use *\_local* to return information from the node you're connecting to, leave empty to get information from all nodes
- parent\_task\_id Return tasks with specified parent task id (node\_id:task\_number). Set to -1 to return all.

• wait\_for\_completion - Wait for the matching tasks to complete (default: false)

## 7.2 X-Pack APIs

X-Pack is an Elastic Stack extension that bundles security, alerting, monitoring, reporting, and graph capabilities into one easy-to-install package. While the X-Pack components are designed to work together seamlessly, you can easily enable or disable the features you want to use.

### 7.2.1 Info

X-Pack info provides general info about the installed X-Pack.

class elasticsearch.client.xpack.XPackClient(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

```
info(**kwargs)
```

Retrieve information about xpack, including build number/timestamp and license status https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/info-api.html

#### **Parameters**

- categories Comma-separated list of info categories. Can be any of: build, license, features
- human Presents additional info for humans (feature descriptions and X-Pack tagline)

```
usage(**kwargs)
```

Retrieve information about xpack features usage

**Parameters** master\_timeout – Specify timeout for watch write operation

## 7.2.2 Graph Explore

X-Pack Graph Explore enables you to extract and summarize information about the documents and terms in your Elasticsearch index.

class elasticsearch.client.xpack.graph.GraphClient(client)

```
explore (**kwargs)
```

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/graph-explore-api.html

- index A comma-separated list of index names to search; use \_all or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- doc\_type A comma-separated list of document types to search; leave empty to perform the operation on all types
- body Graph Query DSL
- routing Specific routing value
- timeout Explicit operation timeout

## 7.2.3 Licensing API

```
Licensing API can be used to manage your licences.
```

```
class elasticsearch.client.xpack.license.LicenseClient(client)
```

```
delete(**kwargs)
```

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/x-pack/current/license-management.html

```
get (**kwargs)
```

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/x-pack/current/license-management.html

**Parameters** local – Return local information, do not retrieve the state from master node (default: false)

```
post (**kwargs)
```

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/x-pack/current/license-management.html

#### **Parameters**

- body licenses to be installed
- acknowledge whether the user has acknowledged acknowledge messages (default: false)

## 7.2.4 Machine Learning APIs

Machine Learning can be useful for discovering new patterns about your data. For a more detailed explanation about X-Pack's machine learning please refer to the official documentation.

```
class elasticsearch.client.xpack.ml.MlClient(client)
```

```
close job(**kwargs)
```

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-close-job.html

### **Parameters**

- **job\_id** The name of the job to close
- force True if the job should be forcefully closed
- timeout Controls the time to wait until a job has closed. Default to 30 minutes

```
delete_datafeed (**kwargs)
```

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-delete-datafeed.html

### **Parameters**

- datafeed id The ID of the datafeed to delete
- force True if the datafeed should be forcefully deleted

```
delete_expired_data(**kwargs)
```

delete\_filter(\*\*kwargs)

Parameters filter\_id - The ID of the filter to delete

delete\_job (\*\*kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-delete-job.html

### **Parameters**

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- job\_id The ID of the job to delete
- force True if the job should be forcefully deleted

## delete\_model\_snapshot(\*\*kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-delete-snapshot.html

#### **Parameters**

- job\_id The ID of the job to fetch
- **snapshot\_id** The ID of the snapshot to delete

### flush\_job(\*\*kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-flush-job.html

#### **Parameters**

- job\_id The name of the job to flush
- body Flush parameters
- advance\_time Advances time to the given value generating results and updating the model for the advanced interval
- calc\_interim Calculates interim results for the most recent bucket or all buckets within the latency period
- end When used in conjunction with calc\_interim, specifies the range of buckets on which to calculate interim results
- **skip\_time** Skips time to the given value without generating results or updating the model for the skipped interval
- **start** When used in conjunction with calc\_interim, specifies the range of buckets on which to calculate interim results

## forecast\_job (\*\*kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-forecast.html

### **Parameters**

- job\_id The name of the job to close
- duration A period of time that indicates how far into the future to forecast
- **expires\_in** The period of time that forecast results are retained.

#### get buckets(\*\*kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-get-bucket.html

- job\_id ID of the job to get bucket results from
- timestamp The timestamp of the desired single bucket result
- body Bucket selection details if not provided in URI
- anomaly\_score Filter for the most anomalous buckets
- desc Set the sort direction
- end End time filter for buckets
- exclude\_interim Exclude interim results
- expand Include anomaly records

- from skips a number of buckets
- size specifies a max number of buckets to get
- sort Sort buckets by a particular field
- **start** Start time filter for buckets

### get\_categories (\*\*kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-get-category.html

#### **Parameters**

- job\_id The name of the job
- category\_id The identifier of the category definition of interest
- body Category selection details if not provided in URI
- from skips a number of categories
- size specifies a max number of categories to get

### get datafeed stats(\*\*kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-get-datafeed-stats.html

Parameters datafeed\_id - The ID of the datafeeds stats to fetch

```
get_datafeeds (**kwargs)
```

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-get-datafeed.html

Parameters datafeed\_id - The ID of the datafeeds to fetch

```
get_filters(**kwargs)
```

### **Parameters**

- filter id The ID of the filter to fetch
- **from** skips a number of filters
- size specifies a max number of filters to get

## get\_influencers(\*\*kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-get-influencer.html

#### **Parameters**

- job\_id None
- body Influencer selection criteria
- **desc** whether the results should be sorted in decending order
- end end timestamp for the requested influencers
- exclude\_interim Exclude interim results
- **from** skips a number of influencers
- influencer\_score influencer score threshold for the requested influencers
- size specifies a max number of influencers to get
- sort sort field for the requested influencers
- **start** start timestamp for the requested influencers

### get\_job\_stats(\*\*kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-get-job-stats.html

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Parameters job\_id - The ID of the jobs stats to fetch

## get\_jobs (\*\*kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-get-job.html

Parameters job\_id - The ID of the jobs to fetch

### get\_model\_snapshots(\*\*kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-get-snapshot.html

#### **Parameters**

- job\_id The ID of the job to fetch
- snapshot\_id The ID of the snapshot to fetch
- body Model snapshot selection criteria
- desc True if the results should be sorted in descending order
- end The filter 'end' query parameter
- from Skips a number of documents
- **size** The default number of documents returned in queries as a string.
- sort Name of the field to sort on
- start The filter 'start' query parameter

### get\_records (\*\*kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-get-record.html

#### **Parameters**

- job\_id None
- body Record selection criteria
- desc Set the sort direction
- end End time filter for records
- exclude\_interim Exclude interim results
- from skips a number of records
- record\_score -
- size specifies a max number of records to get
- sort Sort records by a particular field
- **start** Start time filter for records

## open\_job (\*\*kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-open-job.html

Parameters job\_id - The ID of the job to open

## post\_data(\*\*kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-post-data.html

- job\_id The name of the job receiving the data
- **body** The data to process
- reset end Optional parameter to specify the end of the bucket resetting range

• reset\_start - Optional parameter to specify the start of the bucket resetting range

#### preview datafeed(\*\*kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-preview-datafeed.html

**Parameters** datafeed\_id - The ID of the datafeed to preview

#### put\_datafeed(\*\*kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-put-datafeed.html

#### **Parameters**

- datafeed\_id The ID of the datafeed to create
- body The datafeed config

```
put_filter(**kwargs)
```

#### **Parameters**

- filter id The ID of the filter to create
- body The filter details

## put\_job (\*\*kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-put-job.html

#### **Parameters**

- job\_id The ID of the job to create
- body The job

## revert\_model\_snapshot(\*\*kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-revert-snapshot.html

## **Parameters**

- job\_id The ID of the job to fetch
- snapshot\_id The ID of the snapshot to revert to
- body Reversion options
- **delete\_intervening\_results** Should we reset the results back to the time of the snapshot?

## start\_datafeed(\*\*kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-start-datafeed.html

#### **Parameters**

- datafeed\_id The ID of the datafeed to start
- body The start datafeed parameters
- end The end time when the datafeed should stop. When not set, the datafeed continues in real time
- start The start time from where the datafeed should begin
- timeout Controls the time to wait until a datafeed has started. Default to 20 seconds

#### stop\_datafeed(\*\*kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-stop-datafeed.html

#### **Parameters**

• datafeed id - The ID of the datafeed to stop

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- **force** True if the datafeed should be forcefully stopped.
- timeout Controls the time to wait until a datafeed has stopped. Default to 20 seconds

## update\_datafeed(\*\*kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-update-datafeed.html

#### **Parameters**

- datafeed\_id The ID of the datafeed to update
- body The datafeed update settings

```
update_job(**kwargs)
```

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-update-job.html

#### **Parameters**

- job\_id The ID of the job to create
- body The job update settings

#### update\_model\_snapshot(\*\*kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/ml-update-snapshot.html

#### **Parameters**

- job\_id The ID of the job to fetch
- **snapshot\_id** The ID of the snapshot to update
- body The model snapshot properties to update

validate(\*\*kwargs)

Parameters body - The job config

validate\_detector(\*\*kwargs)

**Parameters** body – The detector

## 7.2.5 Security APIs

Security API can be used to help secure your Elasticsearch cluster. Integrating with LDAP and Active Directory.

```
class elasticsearch.client.xpack.security.SecurityClient(client)
```

```
authenticate(**kwargs)
```

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/security-api-authenticate.html

```
change_password(**kwargs)
```

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/security-api-change-password.html

#### **Parameters**

- body the new password for the user
- username The username of the user to change the password for
- **refresh** If *true* (the default) then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait\_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* then do nothing with refreshes., valid choices are: 'true', 'false', 'wait\_for'

```
clear_cached_realms (**kwargs)
```

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/security-api-clear-cache.html

#### **Parameters**

- realms Comma-separated list of realms to clear
- usernames Comma-separated list of usernames to clear from the cache

#### clear\_cached\_roles (\*\*kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/security-api-roles.html# security-api-clear-role-cache

#### Parameters name – Role name

#### delete\_role(\*\*kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/security-api-roles.html# security-api-delete-role

#### **Parameters**

- name Role name
- **refresh** If *true* (the default) then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait\_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* then do nothing with refreshes., valid choices are: 'true', 'false', 'wait\_for'

## delete\_role\_mapping(\*\*kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/security-api-role-mapping.html#security-api-delete-role-mapping

#### **Parameters**

- name Role-mapping name
- **refresh** If *true* (the default) then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait\_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* then do nothing with refreshes., valid choices are: 'true', 'false', 'wait\_for'

#### delete\_user(\*\*kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/security-api-users.html#security-api-delete-user

#### **Parameters**

- username username
- **refresh** If *true* (the default) then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait\_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* then do nothing with refreshes., valid choices are: 'true', 'false', 'wait\_for'

#### disable user(\*\*kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/security-api-users.html#security-api-disable-user

#### **Parameters**

- username The username of the user to disable
- **refresh** If *true* (the default) then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait\_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* then do nothing with refreshes., valid choices are: 'true', 'false', 'wait\_for'

### enable\_user(\*\*kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/security-api-users.html# security-api-enable-user

#### **Parameters**

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- **username** The username of the user to enable
- **refresh** If *true* (the default) then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait\_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* then do nothing with refreshes., valid choices are: 'true', 'false', 'wait\_for'

#### get\_role (\*\*kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/security-api-roles.html# security-api-get-role

Parameters name - Role name

## get\_role\_mapping(\*\*kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/security-api-role-mapping.html#security-api-get-role-mapping

**Parameters** name – Role-Mapping name

#### get\_token (\*\*kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/security-api-tokens.html#security-api-get-token

**Parameters** body – The token request to get

#### get\_user(\*\*kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/security-api-users.html#security-api-get-user

**Parameters** username – A comma-separated list of usernames

## invalidate\_token(\*\*kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/security-api-tokens.html#security-api-invalidate-token

**Parameters** body – The token to invalidate

#### put\_role(\*\*kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/security-api-roles.html# security-api-put-role

#### **Parameters**

- name Role name
- body The role to add
- **refresh** If *true* (the default) then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait\_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* then do nothing with refreshes., valid choices are: 'true', 'false', 'wait for'

#### put\_role\_mapping(\*\*kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/security-api-role-mapping.html# security-api-put-role-mapping

- name Role-mapping name
- body The role to add
- **refresh** If *true* (the default) then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait\_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* then do nothing with refreshes., valid choices are: 'true', 'false', 'wait for'

```
put_user (**kwargs)
```

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/security-api-users.html#security-api-put-user

#### **Parameters**

- username The username of the User
- body The user to add
- **refresh** If *true* (the default) then refresh the affected shards to make this operation visible to search, if *wait\_for* then wait for a refresh to make this operation visible to search, if *false* then do nothing with refreshes., valid choices are: 'true', 'false', 'wait\_for'

## 7.2.6 Watcher APIs

Watcher API can be used to notify you when certain pre-defined thresholds have happened.

class elasticsearch.client.xpack.watcher.WatcherClient (client)

#### ack\_watch(\*\*kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/watcher-api-ack-watch.html

#### **Parameters**

- watch id Watch ID
- action id A comma-separated list of the action ids to be acked
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

```
activate_watch(**kwargs)
```

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/watcher-api-activate-watch.html

#### **Parameters**

- watch\_id Watch ID
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

```
deactivate_watch(**kwargs)
```

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/watcher-api-deactivate-watch.html

#### **Parameters**

- watch\_id Watch ID
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

```
delete_watch(**kwargs)
```

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/watcher-api-delete-watch.html

#### **Parameters**

- id Watch ID
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

#### execute watch(\*\*kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/watcher-api-execute-watch.html

#### **Parameters**

• id - Watch ID

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- body Execution control
- **debug** indicates whether the watch should execute in debug mode

## get\_watch(\*\*kwargs)

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/watcher-api-get-watch.html

#### Parameters id – Watch ID

```
put watch(**kwargs)
```

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/watcher-api-put-watch.html

#### **Parameters**

- id Watch ID
- body The watch
- active Specify whether the watch is in/active by default
- master\_timeout Explicit operation timeout for connection to master node

```
restart (**kwargs)
```

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/watcher-api-restart.html

```
start (**kwargs)
```

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/watcher-api-start.html

```
stats (**kwargs)
```

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/watcher-api-stats.html

#### **Parameters**

- metric Controls what additional stat metrics should be include in the response
- emit\_stacktraces Emits stack traces of currently running watches

```
stop (**kwargs)
```

http://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/watcher-api-stop.html

## 7.2.7 Migration APIs

Migration API helps simplify upgrading X-Pack indices from one version to another.

```
class elasticsearch.client.xpack.migration.MigrationClient (client)
```

```
get_assistance(**kwargs)
```

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/migration-api-assistance.html

- **index** A comma-separated list of index names; use *\_all* or empty string to perform the operation on all indices
- allow\_no\_indices Whether to ignore if a wildcard indices expression resolves into no concrete indices. (This includes \_all string or when no indices have been specified)
- **expand\_wildcards** Whether to expand wildcard expression to concrete indices that are open, closed or both., default 'open', valid choices are: 'open', 'closed', 'none', 'all'
- **ignore\_unavailable** Whether specified concrete indices should be ignored when unavailable (missing or closed)

#### upgrade (\*\*kwargs)

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/migration-api-upgrade.html

#### **Parameters**

- index The name of the index
- wait\_for\_completion Should the request block until the upgrade operation is completed, default True

## 7.3 Exceptions

#### class elasticsearch. ImproperlyConfigured

Exception raised when the config passed to the client is inconsistent or invalid.

#### class elasticsearch.ElasticsearchException

Base class for all exceptions raised by this package's operations (doesn't apply to ImproperlyConfigured).

## class elasticsearch.SerializationError(ElasticsearchException)

Data passed in failed to serialize properly in the Serializer being used.

#### class elasticsearch.TransportError(ElasticsearchException)

Exception raised when ES returns a non-OK (>=400) HTTP status code. Or when an actual connection error happens; in that case the status\_code will be set to 'N/A'.

#### error

A string error message.

### info

Dict of returned error info from ES, where available, underlying exception when not.

#### status code

The HTTP status code of the response that precipitated the error or 'N/A' if not applicable.

#### class elasticsearch.ConnectionError(TransportError)

Error raised when there was an exception while talking to ES. Original exception from the underlying Connection implementation is available as .info.

#### class elasticsearch.ConnectionTimeout (ConnectionError)

A network timeout. Doesn't cause a node retry by default.

#### class elasticsearch.SSLError(ConnectionError)

Error raised when encountering SSL errors.

#### class elasticsearch.NotFoundError(TransportError)

Exception representing a 404 status code.

## class elasticsearch.ConflictError(TransportError)

Exception representing a 409 status code.

#### class elasticsearch.RequestError(TransportError)

Exception representing a 400 status code.

## 7.4 Connection Layer API

All of the classes responsible for handling the connection to the Elasticsearch cluster. The default subclasses used can be overriden by passing parameters to the Elasticsearch class. All of the arguments to the client will be passed

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on to Transport, ConnectionPool and Connection.

For example if you wanted to use your own implementation of the <code>ConnectionSelector</code> class you can just pass in the <code>selector\_class</code> parameter.

**Note:** ConnectionPool and related options (like selector\_class) will only be used if more than one connection is defined. Either directly or via the *Sniffing* mechanism.

## 7.4.1 Transport

Encapsulation of transport-related to logic. Handles instantiation of the individual connections as well as creating a connection pool to hold them.

Main interface is the *perform\_request* method.

- hosts list of dictionaries, each containing keyword arguments to create a *connection class* instance
- connection\_class subclass of Connection to use
- connection\_pool\_class subclass of ConnectionPool to use
- host\_info\_callback callback responsible for taking the node information from /\_cluser/nodes, along with already extracted information, and producing a list of arguments (same as hosts parameter)
- **sniff\_on\_start** flag indicating whether to obtain a list of nodes from the cluser at startup time
- **sniffer\_timeout** number of seconds between automatic sniffs
- sniff\_on\_connection\_fail flag controlling if connection failure triggers a sniff
- **sniff\_timeout** timeout used for the sniff request it should be a fast api call and we are talking potentially to more nodes so we want to fail quickly. Not used during initial sniffing (if sniff\_on\_start is on) when the connection still isn't initialized.
- serializer serializer instance
- **serializers** optional dict of serializer instances that will be used for deserializing data coming from the server. (key is the mimetype)
- **default\_mimetype** when no mimetype is specified by the server response assume this mimetype, defaults to 'application' json'
- max\_retries maximum number of retries before an exception is propagated
- retry\_on\_status set of HTTP status codes on which we should retry on a different node. defaults to (502, 503, 504)
- retry\_on\_timeout should timeout trigger a retry on different node? (default False)

• **send\_get\_body\_as** – for GET requests with body this option allows you to specify an alternate way of execution for environments that don't support passing bodies with GET requests. If you set this to 'POST' a POST method will be used instead, if to 'source' then the body will be serialized and passed as a query parameter *source*.

Any extra keyword arguments will be passed to the *connection\_class* when creating and instance unless over-ridden by that connection's options provided as part of the hosts parameter.

#### add connection (host)

Create a new Connection instance and add it to the pool.

**Parameters** host – kwargs that will be used to create the instance

#### close()

Explicitly closes connections

#### get\_connection()

Retreive a Connection instance from the ConnectionPool instance.

#### mark\_dead(connection)

Mark a connection as dead (failed) in the connection pool. If sniffing on failure is enabled this will initiate the sniffing process.

Parameters connection - instance of Connection that failed

#### perform request (method, url, headers=None, params=None, body=None)

Perform the actual request. Retrieve a connection from the connection pool, pass all the information to it's perform\_request method and return the data.

If an exception was raised, mark the connection as failed and retry (up to max\_retries times).

If the operation was successful and the connection used was previously marked as dead, mark it as live, resetting it's failure count.

#### **Parameters**

- method HTTP method to use
- url absolute url (without host) to target
- headers dictionary of headers, will be handed over to the underlying Connection class
- params dictionary of query parameters, will be handed over to the underlying Connection class for serialization
- body body of the request, will be serializes using serializer and passed to the connection

#### set connections (hosts)

Instantiate all the connections and create new connection pool to hold them. Tries to identify unchanged hosts and re-use existing Connection instances.

Parameters hosts – same as \_\_init\_\_

#### sniff hosts(initial=False)

Obtain a list of nodes from the cluster and create a new connection pool using the information retrieved.

To extract the node connection parameters use the nodes\_to\_host\_callback.

Parameters initial - flag indicating if this is during startup (sniff\_on\_start), ignore the sniff\_timeout if True

## 7.4.2 Connection Pool

Container holding the Connection instances, managing the selection process (via a ConnectionSelector) and dead connections.

It's only interactions are with the Transport class that drives all the actions within ConnectionPool.

Initially connections are stored on the class as a list and, along with the connection options, get passed to the *ConnectionSelector* instance for future reference.

Upon each request the *Transport* will ask for a *Connection* via the *get\_connection* method. If the connection fails (it's *perform\_request* raises a *ConnectionError*) it will be marked as dead (via *mark\_dead*) and put on a timeout (if it fails N times in a row the timeout is exponentially longer - the formula is *default\_timeout* \* 2 \*\* (*fail\_count - 1*)). When the timeout is over the connection will be resurrected and returned to the live pool. A connection that has been previously marked as dead and succeeds will be marked as live (its fail count will be deleted).

#### **Parameters**

- connections list of tuples containing the Connection instance and it's options
- dead\_timeout number of seconds a connection should be retired for after a failure, increases on consecutive failures
- timeout\_cutoff number of consecutive failures after which the timeout doesn't increase
- **selector\_class** ConnectionSelector subclass to use if more than one connection is live
- randomize\_hosts shuffle the list of connections upon arrival to avoid dog piling effect across processes

#### close()

Explicitly closes connections

#### get connection()

Return a connection from the pool using the *ConnectionSelector* instance.

It tries to resurrect eligible connections, forces a resurrection when no connections are available and passes the list of live connections to the selector instance to choose from.

Returns a connection instance and it's current fail count.

#### mark\_dead (connection, now=None)

Mark the connection as dead (failed). Remove it from the live pool and put it on a timeout.

Parameters connection – the failed instance

#### mark\_live (connection)

Mark connection as healthy after a resurrection. Resets the fail counter for the connection.

Parameters connection - the connection to redeem

#### resurrect (force=False)

Attempt to resurrect a connection from the dead pool. It will try to locate one (not all) eligible (it's timeout is over) connection to return to the live pool. Any resurrected connection is also returned.

**Parameters** force – resurrect a connection even if there is none eligible (used when we have no live connections). If force is specified resurrect always returns a connection.

## 7.4.3 Connection Selector

```
class elasticsearch.ConnectionSelector(opts)
```

Simple class used to select a connection from a list of currently live connection instances. In init time it is passed a dictionary containing all the connections' options which it can then use during the selection process. When the *select* method is called it is given a list of *currently* live connections to choose from.

The options dictionary is the one that has been passed to *Transport* as *hosts* param and the same that is used to construct the Connection object itself. When the Connection was created from information retrieved from the cluster via the sniffing process it will be the dictionary returned by the *host\_info\_callback*.

Example of where this would be useful is a zone-aware selector that would only select connections from it's own zones and only fall back to other connections where there would be none in it's zones.

**Parameters** opts – dictionary of connection instances and their options

```
select (connections)
```

Select a connection from the given list.

Parameters connections – list of live connections to choose from

## 7.4.4 Urllib3HttpConnection (default connection\_class)

If you have complex SSL logic for connecting to Elasticsearch using an *SSLContext* object might be more helpful. You can create one natively using the python SSL library with the *create\_default\_context* (https://docs.python.org/3/library/ssl.html#ssl.create\_default\_context) method.

To create an SSLContext object you only need to use one of cafile, capath or cadata:

```
>>> from ssl import create_default_context
>>> context = create_default_context(cafile=None, capath=None, cadata=None)
```

- cafile is the path to your CA File
- capath is the directory of a collection of CA's
- cadata is either an ASCII string of one or more PEM-encoded certificates or a bytes-like object of DER-encoded certificates.

Please note that the use of SSLContext is only available for Urllib3.

Default connection class using the *urllib3* library and the http protocol.

- host hostname of the node (default: localhost)
- port port to use (integer, default: 9200)
- url prefix optional url prefix for elasticsearch
- timeout default timeout in seconds (float, default: 10)
- http\_auth optional http auth information as either ':' separated string or a tuple

- use ssl use ssl for the connection if *True*
- verify certs whether to verify SSL certificates
- **ca\_certs** optional path to CA bundle. See https://urllib3.readthedocs.io/en/latest/security.html#using-certifi-with-urllib3 for instructions how to get default set
- client\_cert path to the file containing the private key and the certificate, or cert only
  if using client\_key
- **client\_key** path to the file containing the private key if using separate cert and key files (client\_cert will contain only the cert)
- **ssl\_version** version of the SSL protocol to use. Choices are: SSLv23 (default) SSLv2 SSLv3 TLSv1 (see PROTOCOL\_\* constants in the ssl module for exact options for your environment).
- ssl\_assert\_hostname use hostname verification if not False
- **ssl\_assert\_fingerprint** verify the supplied certificate fingerprint if not *None*
- maxsize the number of connections which will be kept open to this host. See https: //urllib3.readthedocs.io/en/1.4/pools.html#api for more information.
- headers any custom http headers to be add to requests
- http\_compress Use gzip compression

close()

Explicitly closes connection

## 7.5 Transport classes

List of transport classes that can be used, simply import your choice and pass it to the constructor of *Elasticsearch* as *connection\_class*. Note that the *RequestsHttpConnection* requires requests to be installed.

For example to use the requests-based connection just import it and use it:

```
from elasticsearch import Elasticsearch, RequestsHttpConnection
es = Elasticsearch(connection_class=RequestsHttpConnection)
```

The default connection class is based on urllib3 which is more performant and lightweight than the optional requests-based class. Only use RequestsHttpConnection if you have need of any of requests advanced features like custom auth plugins etc.

#### 7.5.1 Connection

Class responsible for maintaining a connection to an Elasticsearch node. It holds persistent connection pool to it and it's main interface (*perform request*) is thread-safe.

Also responsible for logging.

- host hostname of the node (default: localhost)
- port port to use (integer, default: 9200)

- url\_prefix optional url prefix for elasticsearch
- timeout default timeout in seconds (float, default: 10)

## 7.5.2 Urllib3HttpConnection

class elasticsearch.connection.Urllib3HttpConnection(host='localhost',

port=9200, http\_auth=None, use\_ssl=False, verify\_certs=None, ca\_certs=None, client\_cert=None, client\_key=None, ssl\_version=None, ssl\_assert\_hostname=None, maxsize=10, headers=None, ssl\_context=None, http\_compress=False, \*\*kwargs)

Default connection class using the *urllib3* library and the http protocol.

- **host** hostname of the node (default: localhost)
- port port to use (integer, default: 9200)
- url\_prefix optional url prefix for elasticsearch
- timeout default timeout in seconds (float, default: 10)
- http\_auth optional http auth information as either ':' separated string or a tuple
- use\_ssl use ssl for the connection if *True*
- **verify\_certs** whether to verify SSL certificates
- **ca\_certs** optional path to CA bundle. See https://urllib3.readthedocs.io/en/latest/security.html#using-certifi-with-urllib3 for instructions how to get default set
- client\_cert path to the file containing the private key and the certificate, or cert only
  if using client\_key
- **client\_key** path to the file containing the private key if using separate cert and key files (client\_cert will contain only the cert)
- **ssl\_version** version of the SSL protocol to use. Choices are: SSLv23 (default) SSLv2 SSLv3 TLSv1 (see PROTOCOL\_\* constants in the ssl module for exact options for your environment).
- ssl\_assert\_hostname use hostname verification if not False
- ssl\_assert\_fingerprint verify the supplied certificate fingerprint if not *None*
- maxsize the number of connections which will be kept open to this host. See https://urllib3.readthedocs.io/en/1.4/pools.html#api for more information.
- headers any custom http headers to be add to requests
- http\_compress Use gzip compression

## 7.5.3 RequestsHttpConnection

```
class elasticsearch.connection.RequestsHttpConnection (host='localhost', port=9200, http_auth=None, use_ssl=False, verify_certs=True, ca_certs=None, client_cert=None, client_key=None, headers=None, **kwargs*)
```

Connection using the requests library.

#### **Parameters**

- http\_auth optional http auth information as either ':' separated string or a tuple. Any value will be passed into requests as *auth*.
- use\_ssl use ssl for the connection if *True*
- **verify\_certs** whether to verify SSL certificates
- ca\_certs optional path to CA bundle. By default standard requests' bundle will be used.
- **client\_cert** path to the file containing the private key and the certificate, or cert only if using client\_key
- **client\_key** path to the file containing the private key if using separate cert and key files (client\_cert will contain only the cert)
- headers any custom http headers to be add to requests

## 7.6 Helpers

Collection of simple helper functions that abstract some specifics or the raw API.

## 7.6.1 Bulk helpers

There are several helpers for the bulk API since its requirement for specific formatting and other considerations can make it cumbersome if used directly.

All bulk helpers accept an instance of Elasticsearch class and an iterable actions (any iterable, can also be a generator, which is ideal in most cases since it will allow you to index large datasets without the need of loading them into memory).

The items in the action iterable should be the documents we wish to index in several formats. The most common one is the same as returned by <code>search()</code>, for example:

```
{
    '_index': 'index-name',
    '_type': 'document',
    '_id': 42,
    '_routing': 5,
    'pipeline': 'my-ingest-pipeline',
    '_source': {
        "title": "Hello World!",
        "body": "..."
```

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```
}
```

Alternatively, if \_source is not present, it will pop all metadata fields from the doc and use the rest as the document data:

```
{
   "_id": 42,
   "_routing": 5,
   "title": "Hello World!",
   "body": "..."
}
```

The bulk () api accepts index, create, delete, and update actions. Use the \_op\_type field to specify an action (\_op\_type defaults to index):

```
{
    '_op_type': 'delete',
    '_index': 'index-name',
    '_type': 'document',
    '_id': 42,
}
{
    '_op_type': 'update',
    '_index': 'index-name',
    '_type': 'document',
    '_id': 42,
    'doc': {'question': 'The life, universe and everything.'}
}
```

## **Example:**

Lets say we have an iterable of data. Lets say a list of words called mywords and we want to index those words into individual documents where the structure of the document is like { "word": "<myword>"}.

For a more complete and complex example please take a look at https://github.com/elastic/elasticsearch-py/blob/master/example/load.py#L76-L130

**Note:** When reading raw json strings from a file, you can also pass them in directly (without decoding to dicts first). In that case, however, you lose the ability to specify anything (index, type, even id) on a per-record basis, all documents will just be sent to elasticsearch to be indexed as-is.

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```
elasticsearch.helpers.streaming_bulk (client, actions, chunk_size=500, max_chunk_bytes=104857600, raise_on_error=True, expand_action_callback=<function expand_action>, raise_on_exception=True, max_retries=0, initial_backoff=2, max_backoff=600, yield_ok=True, *args, **kwargs)
```

Streaming bulk consumes actions from the iterable passed in and yields results per action. For non-streaming usecases use bulk() which is a wrapper around streaming bulk that returns summary information about the bulk operation once the entire input is consumed and sent.

If you specify max\_retries it will also retry any documents that were rejected with a 429 status code. To do this it will wait (by calling time.sleep which will block) for initial\_backoff seconds and then, every subsequent rejection for the same chunk, for double the time every time up to max\_backoff seconds.

#### **Parameters**

- client instance of *Elasticsearch* to use
- actions iterable containing the actions to be executed
- **chunk\_size** number of docs in one chunk sent to es (default: 500)
- max\_chunk\_bytes the maximum size of the request in bytes (default: 100MB)
- raise\_on\_error raise BulkIndexError containing errors (as .errors) from the execution of the last chunk when some occur. By default we raise.
- raise\_on\_exception if False then don't propagate exceptions from call to bulk and just report the items that failed as failed.
- **expand\_action\_callback** callback executed on each action passed in, should return a tuple containing the action line and the data line (*None* if data line should be omitted).
- max\_retries maximum number of times a document will be retried when 429 is received, set to 0 (default) for no retries on 429
- initial\_backoff number of seconds we should wait before the first retry. Any subsequent retries will be powers of initial\_backoff \* 2\*\*retry\_number
- max\_backoff maximum number of seconds a retry will wait
- yield\_ok if set to False will skip successful documents in the output

```
elasticsearch.helpers.parallel_bulk (client, actions, thread_count=4, chunk_size=500, max_chunk_bytes=104857600, queue_size=4, expand_action_callback=<function expand_action>, *args, **kwargs)
```

Parallel version of the bulk helper run in multiple threads at once.

- client instance of Elasticsearch to use
- actions iterator containing the actions
- **thread\_count** size of the threadpool to use for the bulk requests
- **chunk\_size** number of docs in one chunk sent to es (default: 500)
- max\_chunk\_bytes the maximum size of the request in bytes (default: 100MB)
- raise\_on\_error raise BulkIndexError containing errors (as .errors) from the execution of the last chunk when some occur. By default we raise.

- raise\_on\_exception if False then don't propagate exceptions from call to bulk and just report the items that failed as failed.
- **expand\_action\_callback** callback executed on each action passed in, should return a tuple containing the action line and the data line (*None* if data line should be omitted).
- **queue\_size** size of the task queue between the main thread (producing chunks to send) and the processing threads.

```
elasticsearch.helpers.bulk (client, actions, stats only=False, *args, **kwargs)
```

Helper for the <code>bulk()</code> api that provides a more human friendly interface - it consumes an iterator of actions and sends them to elasticsearch in chunks. It returns a tuple with summary information - number of successfully executed actions and either list of errors or number of errors if <code>stats\_only</code> is set to <code>True</code>. Note that by default we raise a <code>BulkIndexError</code> when we encounter an error so options like <code>stats\_only</code> only apply when <code>raise\_on\_error</code> is set to <code>False</code>.

When errors are being collected original document data is included in the error dictionary which can lead to an extra high memory usage. If you need to process a lot of data and want to ignore/collect errors please consider using the <code>streaming\_bulk()</code> helper which will just return the errors and not store them in memory.

#### **Parameters**

- client instance of Elasticsearch to use
- actions iterator containing the actions
- **stats\_only** if *True* only report number of successful/failed operations instead of just number of successful and a list of error responses

Any additional keyword arguments will be passed to <code>streaming\_bulk()</code> which is used to execute the operation, see <code>streaming\_bulk()</code> for more accepted parameters.

#### 7.6.2 Scan

```
elasticsearch.helpers.scan (client, query=None, scroll=u'5m', raise_on_error=True, preserve_order=False, size=1000, request_timeout=None, clear_scroll=True, scroll_kwargs=None, **kwargs)
```

Simple abstraction on top of the scroll() api - a simple iterator that yields all hits as returned by underlining scroll requests.

By default scan does not return results in any pre-determined order. To have a standard order in the returned documents (either by score or explicit sort definition) when scrolling, use preserve\_order=True. This may be an expensive operation and will negate the performance benefits of using scan.

#### Parameters

- client instance of Elasticsearch to use
- query body for the search () api
- scroll Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search
- raise\_on\_error raises an exception (ScanError) if an error is encountered (some shards fail to execute). By default we raise.
- **preserve\_order** don't set the search\_type to scan this will cause the scroll to paginate with preserving the order. Note that this can be an extremely expensive operation and can easily lead to unpredictable results, use with caution.
- **size** size (per shard) of the batch send at each iteration.

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- request\_timeout explicit timeout for each call to scan
- **clear\_scroll** explicitly calls delete on the scroll id via the clear scroll API at the end of the method on completion or error, defaults to true.
- scroll\_kwargs additional kwargs to be passed to scroll()

Any additional keyword arguments will be passed to the initial search () call:

```
scan(es,
    query={"query": {"match": {"title": "python"}}},
    index="orders-*",
    doc_type="books"
)
```

#### 7.6.3 Reindex

```
elasticsearch.helpers.reindex(client, source_index, target_index, query=None, target_client=None, chunk_size=500, scroll=u'5m', scan\_kwargs=\{\}, bulk\_kwargs=\{\})
```

Reindex all documents from one index that satisfy a given query to another, potentially (if *target\_client* is specified) on a different cluster. If you don't specify the query you will reindex all the documents.

Since 2.3 a reindex () api is available as part of elasticsearch itself. It is recommended to use the api instead of this helper wherever possible. The helper is here mostly for backwards compatibility and for situations where more flexibility is needed.

**Note:** This helper doesn't transfer mappings, just the data.

#### **Parameters**

- **client** instance of *Elasticsearch* to use (for read if *target\_client* is specified as well)
- source\_index index (or list of indices) to read documents from
- target\_index name of the index in the target cluster to populate
- query body for the search () api
- target\_client optional, is specified will be used for writing (thus enabling reindex between clusters)
- **chunk\_size** number of docs in one chunk sent to es (default: 500)
- scroll Specify how long a consistent view of the index should be maintained for scrolled search
- scan\_kwargs additional kwargs to be passed to scan ()
- bulk\_kwargs additional kwargs to be passed to bulk ()

## 7.7 Changelog

## 7.7.1 6.4.0 (dev)

Removed deprecated option update\_all\_types.

## 7.7.2 6.3.0 (2018-06-20)

- · Add an exponential wait on delays
- · Fix issues with dependencies
- · Adding X-pack Docs
- Adding forecast to x-pack ML client

## 7.7.3 6.2.0 (2018-03-20)

- · cleanup for SSL Context
- Add X-Pack clients to -py
- · Adding Gzip support for capacity constrained networks
- \_routing in bulk action has been deprecated in ES. Introduces a breaking change if you use routing as a field in your documents.

## 7.7.4 6.1.1 (2018-01-05)

- Updates to SSLContext logic to make it easier to use and have saner defaults.
- · Doc updates

## 7.7.5 6.1.0 (2018-01-05)

· bad release

## 7.7.6 6.0.0 (2017-11-14)

• compatibility with Elasticsearch 6.0.0

## 7.7.7 5.5.0 (2017-11-10)

- streaming\_bulk helper now supports retries with incremental backoff
- scan helper properly checks for successful shards instead of just checking failed
- compatible release with elasticsearch 5.6.4
- fix handling of UTF-8 surrogates

## 7.7.8 5.4.0 (2017-05-18)

• bulk helpers now extract pipeline parameter from the action dictionary.

## 7.7.9 5.3.0 (2017-03-30)

Compatibility with elasticsearch 5.3

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## 7.7.10 5.2.0 (2017-02-12)

The client now automatically sends Content-Type http header set to application/json. If you are explicitly passing in other encoding than json you need to set the header manually.

## 7.7.11 5.1.0 (2017-01-11)

· Fixed sniffing

## 7.7.12 5.0.1 (2016-11-02)

Fixed performance regression in scan helper

## 7.7.13 5.0.0 (2016-10-19)

Version compatible with elasticsearch 5.0

- when using SSL certificate validation is now on by default. Install certifi or supply root certificate bundle.
- elasticsearch.trace logger now also logs failed requests, signature of internal logging method log\_request\_fail has changed, all custom connection classes need to be updated
- added headers arg to connections to support custom http headers
- passing in a keyword parameter with None as value will cause that param to be ignored

## 7.7.14 2.4.0 (2016-08-17)

- ping now ignores all TransportError exceptions and just returns False
- expose scroll\_id on ScanError
- increase default size for scan helper to 1000

#### Internal:

• changed Transport.perform\_request to just return the body, not status as well.

## 7.7.15 2.3.0 (2016-02-29)

- added client\_key argument to configure client certificates
- debug logging now includes response body even for failed requests

## 7.7.16 2.2.0 (2016-01-05)

Due to change in json encoding the client will no longer mask issues with encoding - if you work with non-ascii data in python 2 you must use the unicode type or have proper encoding set in your environment.

- adding additional options for ssh ssl\_assert\_hostname and ssl\_assert\_fingerprint to the default connection class
- fix sniffing

## 7.7.17 2.1.0 (2015-10-19)

• move multiprocessing import inside parallel bulk for Google App Engine

## 7.7.18 2.0.0 (2015-10-14)

• Elasticsearch 2.0 compatibility release

## 7.7.19 1.8.0 (2015-10-14)

- removed thrift and memcached connections, if you wish to continue using those, extract the classes and use them separately.
- added a new, parallel version of the bulk helper using thread pools
- In helpers, removed bulk\_index as an alias for bulk. Use bulk instead.

## 7.7.20 1.7.0 (2015-09-21)

- elasticsearch 2.0 compatibility
- thrift now deprecated, to be removed in future version
- make sure urllib3 always uses keep-alive

## 7.7.21 1.6.0 (2015-06-10)

- Add indices.flush\_synced API
- helpers.reindex now supports reindexing parent/child documents

## 7.7.22 1.5.0 (2015-05-18)

- Add support for query\_cache parameter when searching
- helpers have been made more secure by changing defaults to raise an exception on errors
- removed deprecated options replication and the deprecated benchmark api.
- Added AddonClient class to allow for extending the client from outside

## 7.7.23 1.4.0 (2015-02-11)

- Using insecure SSL configuration (verify\_cert=False) raises a warning
- reindex accepts a query parameter
- enable reindex helper to accept any kwargs for underlying bulk and scan calls
- when doing an initial sniff (via sniff\_on\_start) ignore special sniff timeout
- option to treat TransportError as normal failure in bulk helpers
- fixed an issue with sniffing when only a single host was passed in

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## 7.7.24 1.3.0 (2014-12-31)

- Timeout now doesn't trigger a retry by default (can be overriden by setting retry\_on\_timeout=True)
- Introduced new parameter retry\_on\_status (defaulting to (503, 504, )) controls which http status code should lead to a retry.
- Implemented url parsing according to RFC-1738
- Added support for proper SSL certificate handling
- · Required parameters are now checked for non-empty values
- · ConnectionPool now checks if any connections were defined
- DummyConnectionPool introduced when no load balancing is needed (only one connection defined)
- Fixed a race condition in ConnectionPool

## 7.7.25 1.2.0 (2014-08-03)

Compatibility with newest (1.3) Elasticsearch APIs.

- Filter out master-only nodes when sniffing
- · Improved docs and error messages

## 7.7.26 1.1.1 (2014-07-04)

Bugfix release fixing escaping issues with request\_timeout.

## 7.7.27 1.1.0 (2014-07-02)

Compatibility with newest Elasticsearch APIs.

- Test helpers ElasticsearchTestCase and get\_test\_client for use in your tests
- Python 3.2 compatibility
- Use simple json if installed instead of stdlib json library
- Introducing a global request\_timeout parameter for per-call timeout
- · Bug fixes

## 7.7.28 1.0.0 (2014-02-11)

Elasticsearch 1.0 compatibility. See 0.4.X releases (and 0.4 branch) for code compatible with 0.90 elasticsearch.

- major breaking change compatible with 1.0 elasticsearch releases only!
- Add an option to change the timeout used for sniff requests (sniff\_timeout).
- empty responses from the server are now returned as empty strings instead of None
- get\_alias now has name as another optional parameter due to issue #4539 in es repo. Note that the order of params have changed so if you are not using keyword arguments this is a breaking change.

## 7.7.29 0.4.4 (2013-12-23)

- helpers.bulk\_index renamed to helpers.bulk (alias put in place for backwards compatibility, to be removed in future versions)
- Added helpers.streaming\_bulk to consume an iterator and yield results per operation
- helpers.bulk and helpers.streaming\_bulk are no longer limited to just index operations.
- unicode body (for incices.analyze for example) is now handled correctly
- changed perform\_request on Connection classes to return headers as well. This is a backwards incompatible change for people who have developed their own connection class.
- changed deserialization mechanics. Users who provided their own serializer that didn't extend JSONSerializer need to specify a mimetype class attribute.
- · minor bug fixes

## 7.7.30 0.4.3 (2013-10-22)

- Fixes to helpers.bulk\_index, better error handling
- More benevolent hosts argument parsing for Elasticsearch
- requests no longer required (nor recommended) for install

## 7.7.31 0.4.2 (2013-10-08)

- ignore param accepted by all APIs
- Fixes to helpers.bulk\_index

## 7.7.32 0.4.1 (2013-09-24)

Initial release.

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