# Jessica Witt, Ph.D. Professor of Psychology

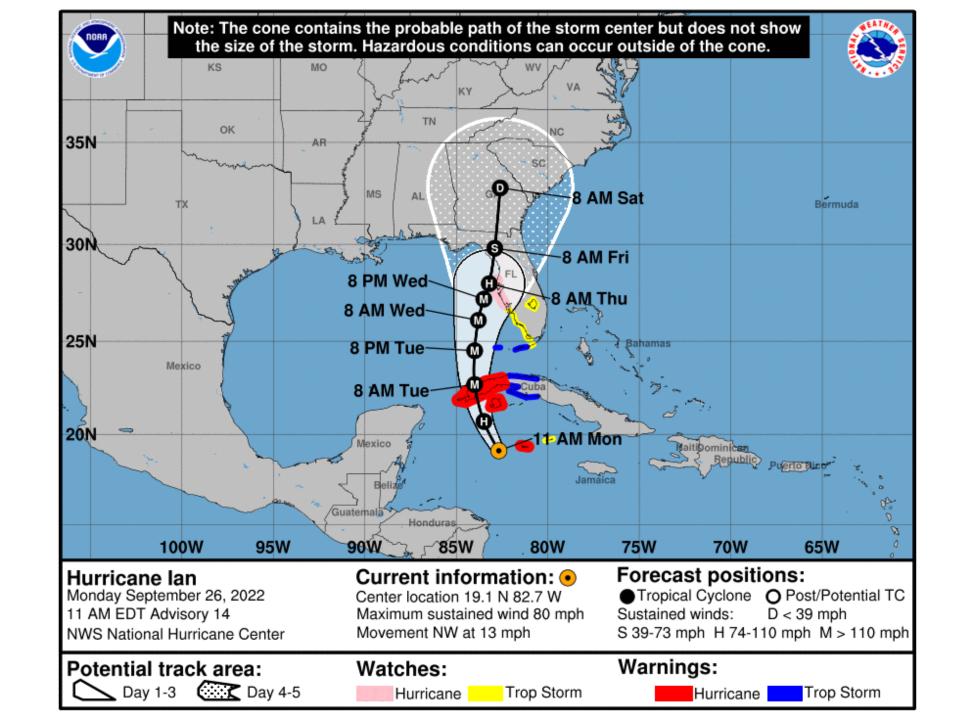
**Graphical Displays of Information** 

## Motivation

Understand how vision works

• Vision ← → data visualization

- Issues in Data Communication
  - Example: Hurricane forecasts



#### Tampa Bay Times

LOCAL WEATHER / HURRICANE

## Ian turned, Southwest Florida scrambled. Was there enough time to leave?

Some residents said evacuation orders came too late. Gov. Ron DeSantis said forecasts left few options.



#### **Hurricane Ian made clear:** Misinterpreting risks jeopardizes lives

HUFFMAN, OPINION CONTRIBUTOR - 10/06/22 4:00 PM ET S EXPRESSED BY CONTRIBUTORS ARE THEIR OWN AND NOT THE VIEW OF THE HILL













**CAPITAL WEATHER GANG** 

#### Cone of confusion: Why some say iconic hurricane map misled Floridians



#### The forecast cone and why it's often misunderstood

Delayed evacuations in Lee County during Hurricane Ian bring the issue front and center

## Time to end cone confusion?



Former Chief, Hurricane Specialist Unit, National Hurricane Center, NOAA/NWS (retired)

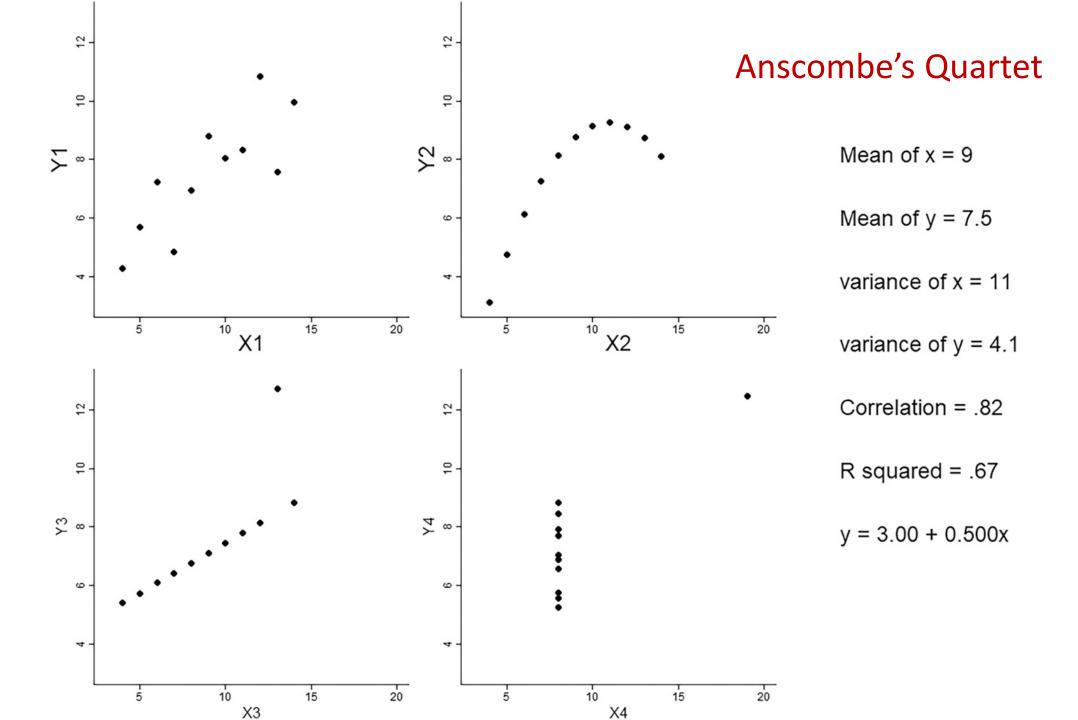
#### Motivation

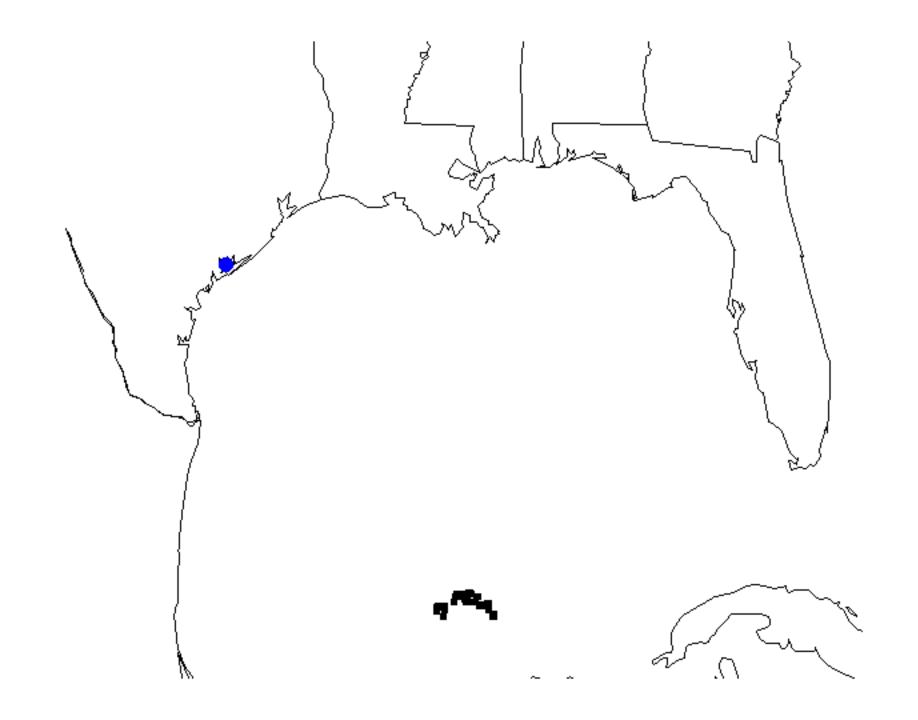
New way to visualize forecasts that leverage visual abilities

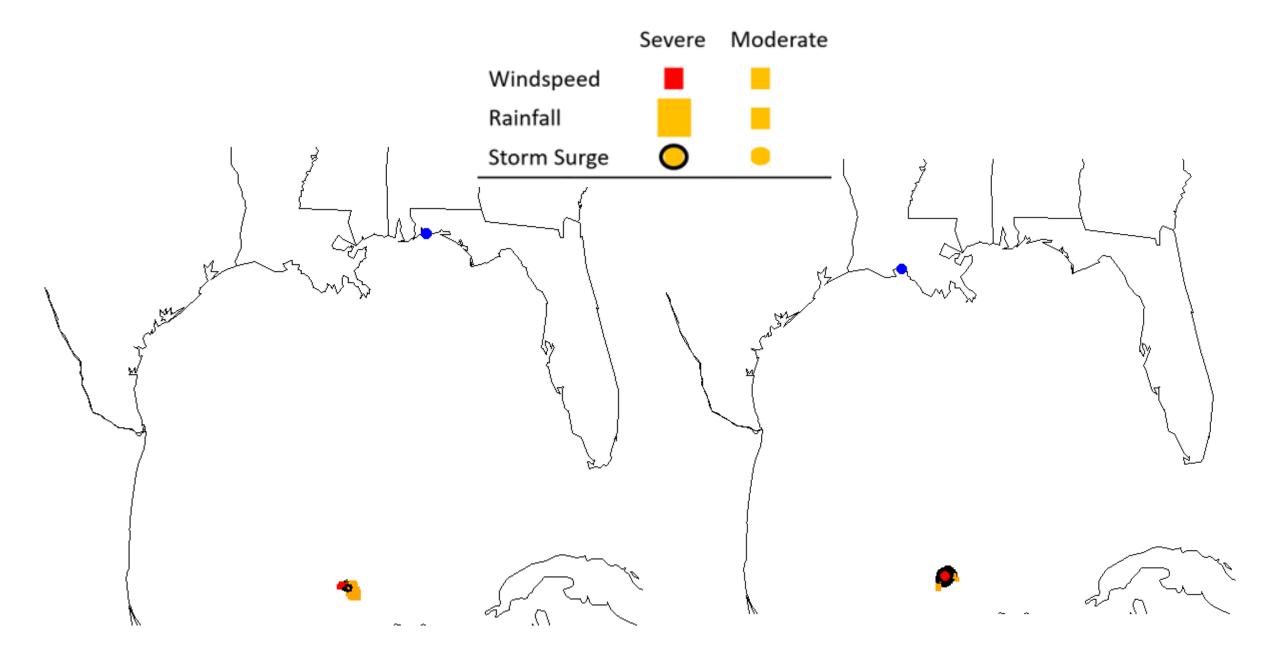
Visual system is good at seeing groups of objects (ensembles)

Cone: summary statistics

New visualization: ensembles

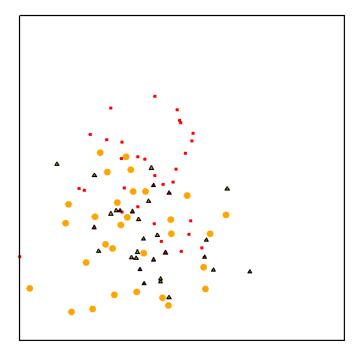






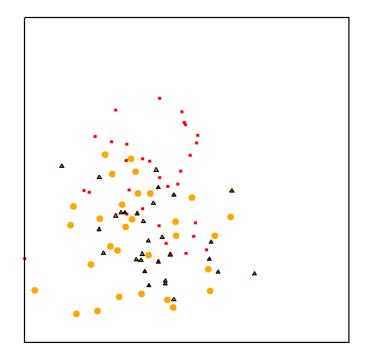
## Research Question

• Can people process all the dots in this display?



## Research Task: Centroid Decision

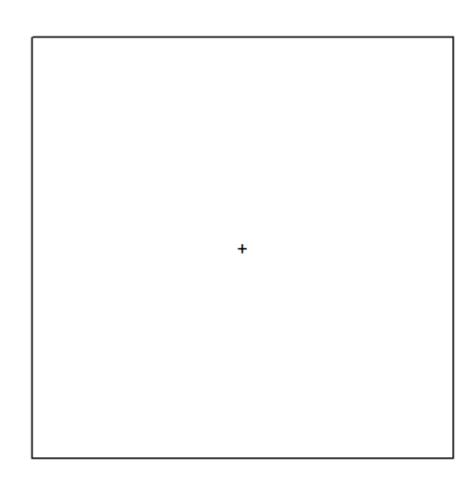
- The centroid task is a purely vision task
- View a group of objects (dots) and estimate the mean location
  - Estimation of the quadrant of the centroid due to program limitations

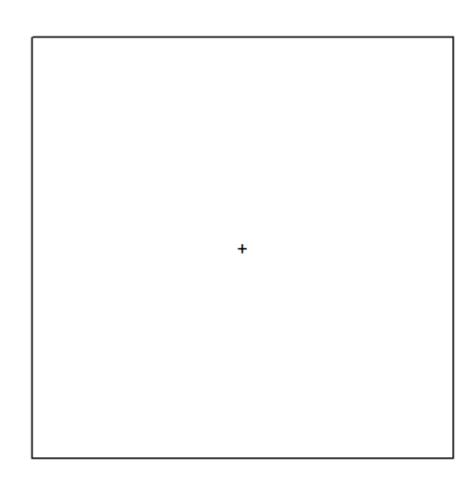


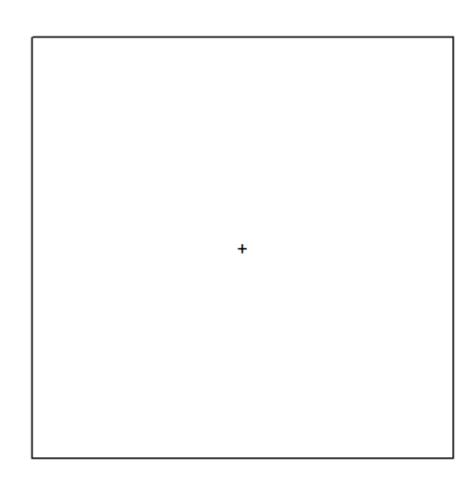
Α	В
С	D

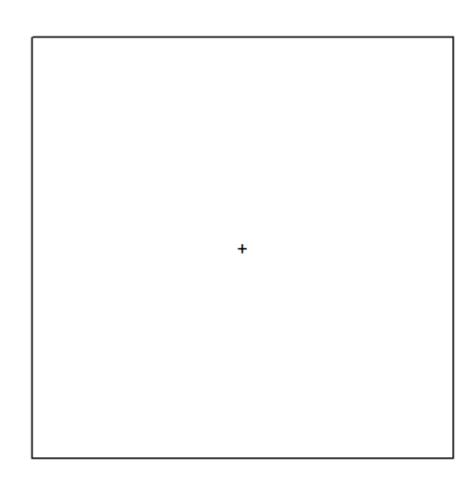
In this study, you will see a group of dots. They will flash up then disappear. You will then see a grid of 4 quadrants (A, B, C, D).

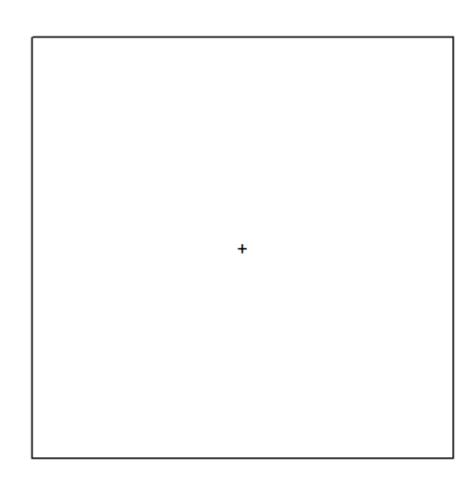
Your task is to determine the center location of all the dots. Pick the quadrant of the center location of the dots and click the corresponding button.

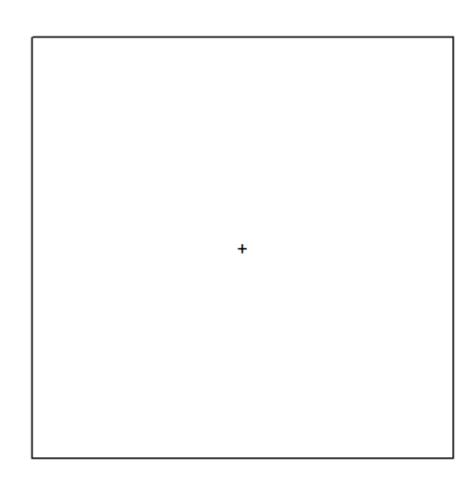


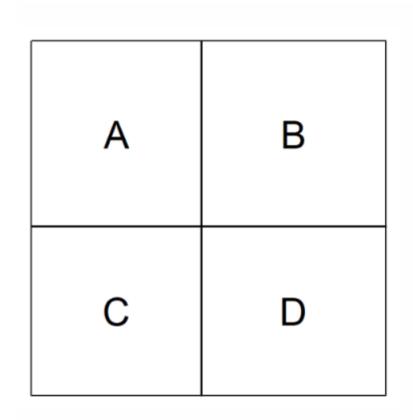












Α

В

C

D

## Data File

- 52 human participants ("subj")
- 400 unique displays ("currImg")
- Each participant completed 200 trials
  - 200 displays were randomly selected of the 400 options
- Each row in the data corresponds to one participant seeing one display (we call this a trial)
- For each trial (row), the data has:
  - The participant's response on that trial
  - The quadrant of the mean location ("corrQuad")
  - The distance of the mean location to the middle of the display ("distToMiddle")
  - The standard deviation of the dots ("meanSD")
  - Whether the mean of each type of dot is the same mean as all the dots
    - "isColSame" "isSizeSame" "isPulseSame"
    - 1 means that feature is same as group mean
    - So if "isColSame" is 1, that means the mean of the red dots is in the same quandrant as the mean of all the dots

#### Motivation

- Data need to be communicated
- Visual system can process large quantities of information
- Data should be communicated via graphs

- Research Question: Can people process multiple bits of information
  - Follow-ups: When do they succeed? When is performance worse?

## "Client" Wishes

Can people do this task?

- If I were to use this task and these images in a follow-up experiment, are there any images I should use (or should not use)?
  - If some images lead to terrible performance, I would not want to use them

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**Graphical Displays of Information** 

Vision  $\leftarrow \rightarrow$  Data visualization

