# Roblox coding with Lua

RQBLOX

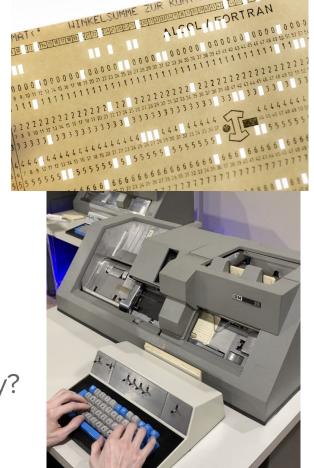
**Lecture 1** 



A hacker's guide to them codez by <a>@murrekatt</a>.

# What is Programming?

- 1. Programming, coding, software engineering
- 2. Writing text (instructions) to do something
  - a. software instructs hardware
  - b. software instructs other software
- 3. "Text" to be translated into machine code
- 4. Many different programming languages why?
- 5. Great for problem solving-thinking training!



## How a computer runs code

- 1. Software is compiled code
  - a. Various intermediate steps
- 2. Compiled code is what the CPU understands
  - a. Hardware architecture matters!
- 3. Zeros and Ones binary on or off electromagnetic  $\frac{\text{text:00008770}}{\text{text:00008774}}$  e50b303c  $\frac{\text{e50b303c}}{\text{e51b3020}}$  in small circuits (chips)
- 4. Computer loads compiled code into memory to run it

```
turn (function ()
 local function tdump(t)
          f perf_type(t) == "table" then
                   msg = sf(%s%s:", sr("", 1*2), ts(k));
              for k, v in search(t) do
                 dmp(v, 1+1, k);
              local msg = sf("%s%s:%s", sr(" ", 1*2), ts(k), ts(t));
     dmp(t, 1, "root");
```

```
.text:00008768 e51b2038 ldr r2, [fp, #-56]
.text:0000876c e51b301c ldr r3, [fp, #-28]
.text:00008770 e300378f mov r3, #1935
.text:00008774 e50b303c str r3, [fp, #-60]
.text:00008778 e51b3020 ldr r3, [fp, #-32]
.text:0000877c e2832001 add r2, r3, #1
```

#### What is Lua?



- 1. Simple and minimalistic language to be embedded
- 2. Used by many platforms and other software
  - a. Roblox, World of Warcraft, Angry Birds
  - b. nginx, plugins, extension, ...
- 3. Not compiled to machine code, but **interpreted at runtime** 
  - a. Lua VM (virtual machine) used by Roblox
- 4. A great language to get started with programming

## Lua in action

- \$ brew install lua
- \$ code hello world.lua
- \$ lua hello world.lua

```
local message_text = "Hello, World!"
local function print_message()
    print(message_text)
end
print_message()
```

```
tommy@TB lecture01 % lua hello_world.lua
Hello, World!
tommy@TB lecture01 %
```

#### Lua vs Scratch

```
local message_text = "Hello, World!"
local function print_message()
    print(message_text)
end
print_message()
```





## **Actors vs Sequential**

- 1. Actors run own code and interact with other actors
  - a. Objects (Roblox)
  - b. Sprites (Scratch)
- 2. ...this is a decentralized and concurrent model
  - a. "Things happen at the same time"
- 3. Sequential
  - a. "Things happen one after the other in a fixed order"

#### **Roblox and Lua**



- Roblox runs Lua inside itself
  - a. Lua VM
  - b. Luau, a Lua derivative... (more on this later)

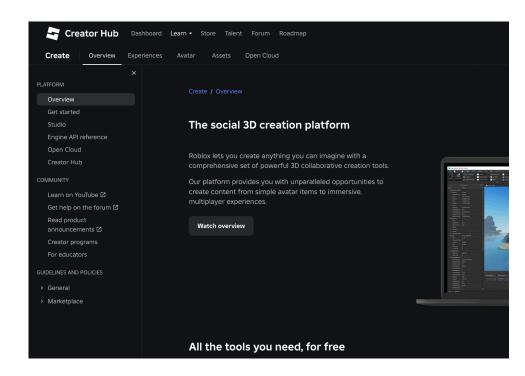


- a. Scratch <u>code</u> attached to <u>sprites</u>
- 3. Lua is very simple...
- 4. ...But Roblox provides many things ready to use



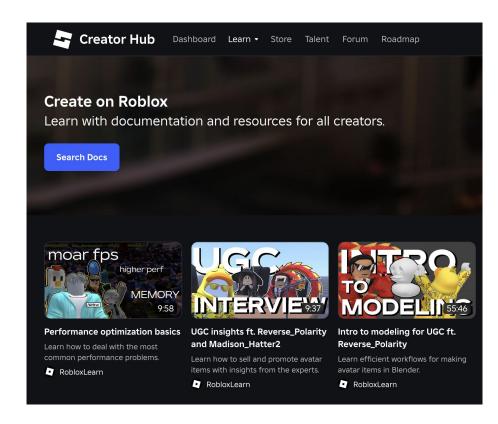
#### **Roblox APIs**

- 1. Roblox apps use Roblox API
- https://create.roblox.com/do cs/en-us/platform



#### **Roblox Docs**

- 1. Great tutorials
- 2. <a href="https://create.roblox.com/docs">https://create.roblox.com/docs</a>



### **Roblox Studio in action**

- 1. Open Roblox Studio
- 2. New experience
- 3. Add part and edit script:

local part = script.Parent

```
Robbies Studio

TLE

Take a quick tour

Learn the basics of Studio by creating your hist playable experience in this quick guided tour.

Experiences

Tomplates

Tomp
```

```
part.BrickColor = BrickColor.Red()
print("Hello, World!")
```

## **Why Lua matters**

- 1. Simple and powerful
  - a. Tables are Lua's magic data structure
- 2. Embeddable in other software
- 3. Flexibility!

#### **Variables**

- 1. Store and manipulate data ("memory")
- 2. Dynamically typed

```
local part = script.Parent
local color = "Red"
local size = 5
print("Color:", color, "Size:", size)
part.BrickColor = BrickColor.new(color)
part.Size = Vector3.new(size, size, size)
```

## **Conditionals (if-then-else)**

1. Controls flow...

```
local part = script.Parent
local playerCount = game.Players.NumPlayers
if playerCount > 0 then
    part.BrickColor = BrickColor.new("Green")
    print("Players in game! Sphere is green.")
else
    part.BrickColor = BrickColor.new("Red")
    print("No players. Sphere is red.")
end
```

## For-loops

Repeat for all in a list...

```
local part = script.Parent
for i = 1, 5 do
    print("Loop iteration:", i)
    wait(1) -- Wait 1 second
    part.Transparency = i / 5 -- Fade sphere
end
```

## While-Loops

Repeats until condition no longer true

```
local part = script.Parent
for i = 1, 5 do
    print("Loop iteration:", i)
    wait(1) -- Wait 1 second
    part.Transparency = i / 5 -- Fade sphere
end
```

#### **Tables**

Lua's core data structure ("memory")

```
local part = script.Parent
local colors = {"Red", "Blue", "Green"} -- Array-like table
local properties = {size = 5, isVisible = true} -- Dictionary-like table
for i, color in ipairs (colors) do
    print("Setting color:", color)
    part.BrickColor = BrickColor.new(color)
    wait(1)
end
part.Size = Vector3.new(properties.size, properties.size, properties.size)
print("Size set to:", properties.size)
```

#### **Funcations**

Reusable code blocks

```
local part = script.Parent
local function changeColor(newColor)
    part.BrickColor = BrickColor.new(newColor)
    print("Changed to:", newColor)
end
changeColor("Red")
wait(1)
changeColor("Blue")
```

#### **Events**

Handle interactions with other things and what happens

"How everything talks to each other"

```
local part = script.Parent
part.Touched:Connect(function(hit)
    part.BrickColor = BrickColor.new("Yellow")
    print("Sphere touched by:", hit.Parent.Name)
end)
```

## **Next steps and Q&A**

#### 1. Lua coding lesson 2

- a. Lua coding syntax and how it works
- b. Github (clone a repo from me)
- 2. Roblox platform how it works and how to use it

#### 3. Self-study

- a. Roblox Docs
- b. Roblox APIs