Speech signal processing using MATLAB

Assignment 1 (May 13, 2016)

Each task below requires you to write a small MATLAB script. Please create a separate script file for each of these and name it appropriately. Submit your results by uploading all files using the Moodle infrastructure until Tuesday, June 7.

MATLAB quick guide

- script files can be created inside MATLAB using the menu "File → New → Script"
- save a script file by using "File → Save as..." and run it in MATLAB's command line window by simply typing its name
- when computing values use unique variable names beginning with a letter
- the content of any variable can always be inspected by double-clicking its name in MATLAB's Workspace window ("Desktop → Workspace")
- code lines terminated by a semicolon (;) produce no output in command line window, whereas lines without terminating semicolon do:

```
>> a = sqrt( 2 ); % will give no output
>> b = sqrt( 2 ) % will give 1.4142 as output
```

- code lines starting with a percent sign (%) are comments and will be ignored by MAT-LAB (please try to comment your submissions well)
- plots can be generated using the following code snippet, e.g. plotting amplitude values xi over time values ti and labeling axes:

```
>> figure(); % create a figure
>> plot( ti, xi ); % plot data
>> xlabel( 'time' ); % set x-axis label
>> ylabel( 'amplitude' ); % set y-axis label
```

• plot range can be limited on both x- and y-axis:

```
>> xlim( [0, L] ); % limit x-range to 0...L
>> ylim( [0, 1000] ); % limit y-range to 0...1000
```

• you can search for MATLAB commands by running the command

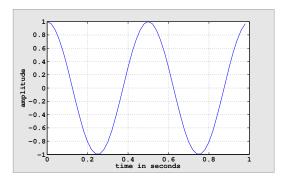
```
>> help SEARCHTERM
```

- also refer to the lecture's example scripts provided on Moodle
- an additional online resource is available on http://www.tutorialspoint.com/matlab/matlab_quick_guide.htm

Task 1, Sampling (5 points)

- 1. Create a continuous cosine signal with frequency f = 2 Hz and length L = 1 s.
- 2. Discretize this signal (time and amplitude values) using a sampling rate of $f_S = 50 \,\text{Hz}$ and $n_S = 8 \,\text{bits}$.
- 3. Plot the waveform of that discrete signal.

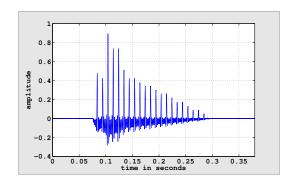
The result should look similiar to this:

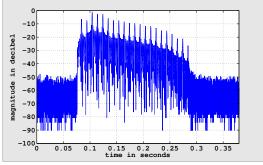


Task 2, Time domain (10 points)

- 1. Read the content of the wave file https://github.com/murtex/spl/raw/master/matlab/sound.wav (download it before).
- 2. Compute the discrete time values ti for this recording.
- 3. Compute the total energy and average power of this recording.
- 4. Convert recording's amplitude to magnitude values (using abs(xi)) and further to decibel values.
- 5. Plot the recording's waveform, both on linear and logarithmic (decibel) scale.

The result should look similiar to this:





Task 3, Frequency domain (10 points)

- 1. Read the content of the wave file https://github.com/murtex/spl/raw/master/matlab/sound.wav (download it before).
- 2. Fourier transform that signal.
- 3. Compute the discrete frequency values including negative ones.
- 4. Compute the power spectrum and restrict it to positive frequencies.
- 5. Convert linear power values to logarithmic (decibel) scale.
- 6. Plot the linear and logarithmic power spectrum. Limit the frequency range to 0 . . . 1000 Hz.

The result should look similiar to this:

