

Drone Based Mapping for Crop Health Assessment

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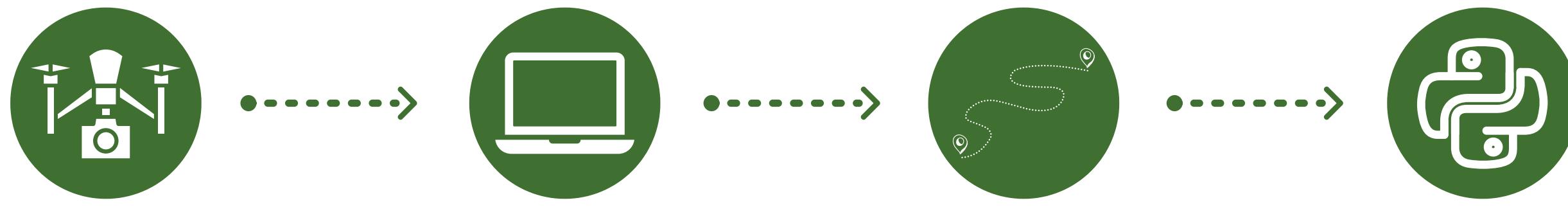
Team members: Maheen, Musab, Shayaan, Sheza

Project Objectives

- Develop an autonomous UAV platform capable of safe and reliable flights for agricultural monitoring.
- Map crop fields over an entire growth cycle using synchronized multi-sensor data (RGB, LiDAR, IMU).
- Generate accurate 3D reconstructions (point clouds and orthomosaics) to monitor crop growth dynamics.
- Design and deploy pipelines for crop health assessment through vegetation segmentation and heatmap visualization.

WORKFLOW

Drone Based Mapping for Crop Health Estimation



1- Hardware Setup

- Drone
- Realsense D455 Camera
- Livox

2 - Software Setup

- ROS1
- Ubuntu 20.04

3- SLAM Algorithm

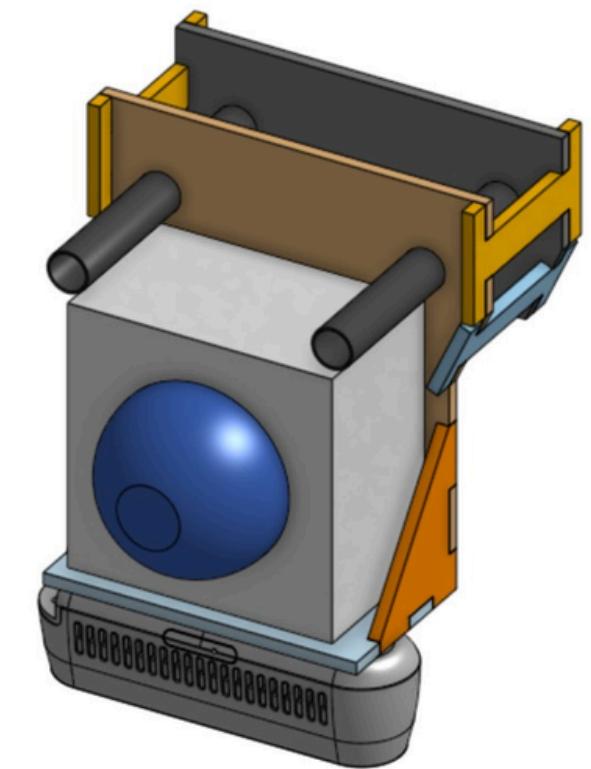
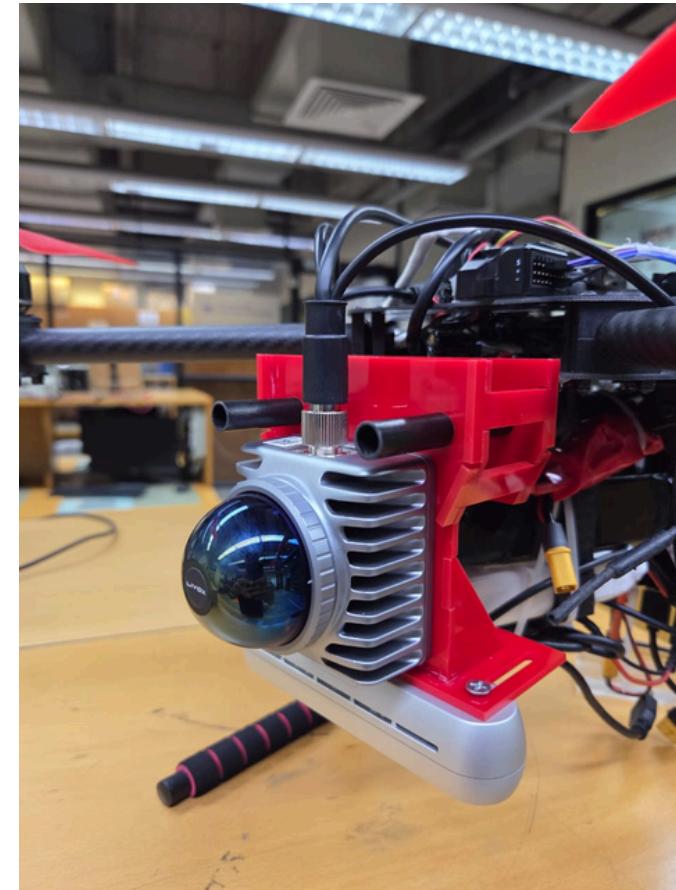
- FASTLIO
- DLIO
- LIOSAM
- FAST LIVO2
-

4- Post Processing

- Plane Fitting
- Mosaic
- Ground vs Vegetation
- Weekly Growth

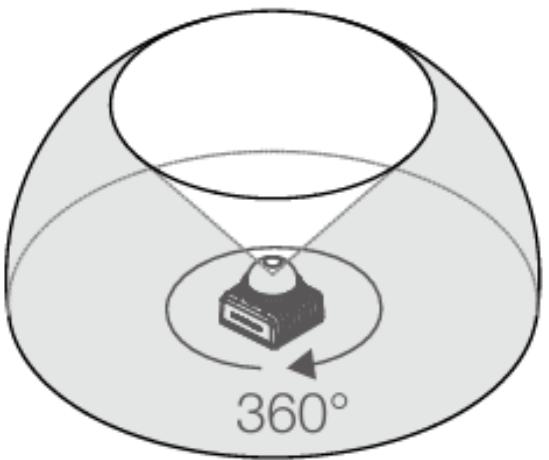
Hardware Setup

- Drone Platform (500mm, Carbon Fiber Frame)
- Pixhawk 6C flight controller with dual IMUs and onboard magnetometer
- 4S LiPo battery, ESCs, telemetry radio, GPS + compass module
- LiDAR: Livox Mid360
- 360° horizontal field of view, dense point cloud capture for mapping and crop canopy structure
- Depth Camera: Intel RealSense D455
- RGB + depth sensing for vegetation segmentation, plant counting, and fusion with LiDAR
- Companion Computer: Odroid N2+
- Runs ROS stack, SLAM pipelines, sensor fusion, and crop analysis pipeline
- Supporting Systems
- Telemetry radio for ground control communication
- ESCs, motors, and power system for stable autonomous flight

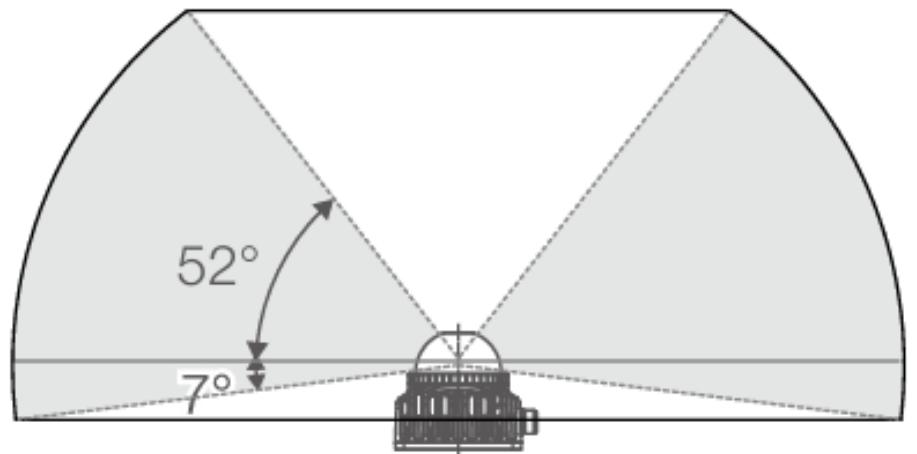


Hardware Setup

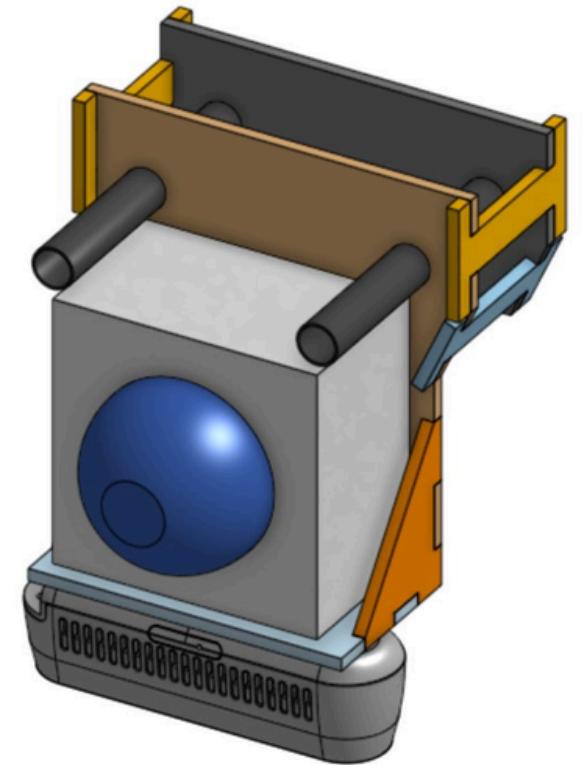
- LiDAR: Livox Mid360
- 360° horizontal field of view, dense point cloud capture for mapping and crop canopy structure
- FOV: Horizontal: 360°, Vertical: -7°~52°
- Point Rate: 200,000 points/s (first return)
- Frame Rate: 10 Hz (typical)
- Detection Range (@ 100 klx): 40 m @ 10% reflectivity, 70 m @ 80% reflectivity



Horizontal

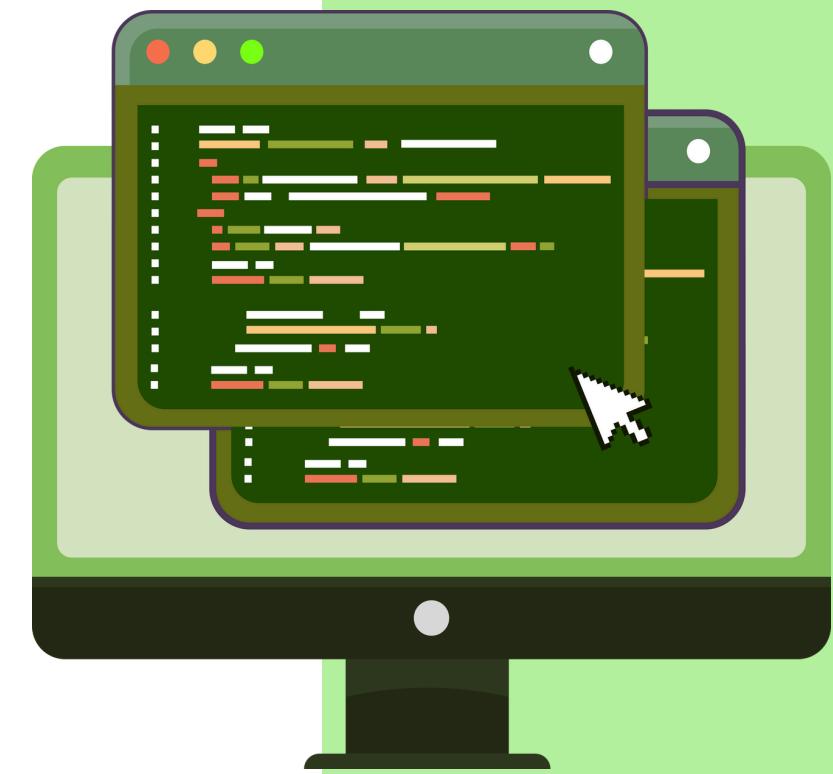


Vertical



Software Framework

- ROS1 (Ubuntu 20.04) – Core middleware for multi-sensor integration and autonomous navigation
- SLAM & Mapping – Benchmarked FAST-LIO, FAST-LIVO, DLIO, ORB-SLAM3 for LiDAR-inertial and visual SLAM
- Point Cloud Processing – CloudCompare and Python (Open3D, NumPy) for alignment, segmentation, and analysis
- Computer Vision – OpenCV and AprilTag detection for visual localization and correction
- Data Management – rosbag logging and onboard SD card storage for flight data and experiments



SLAM

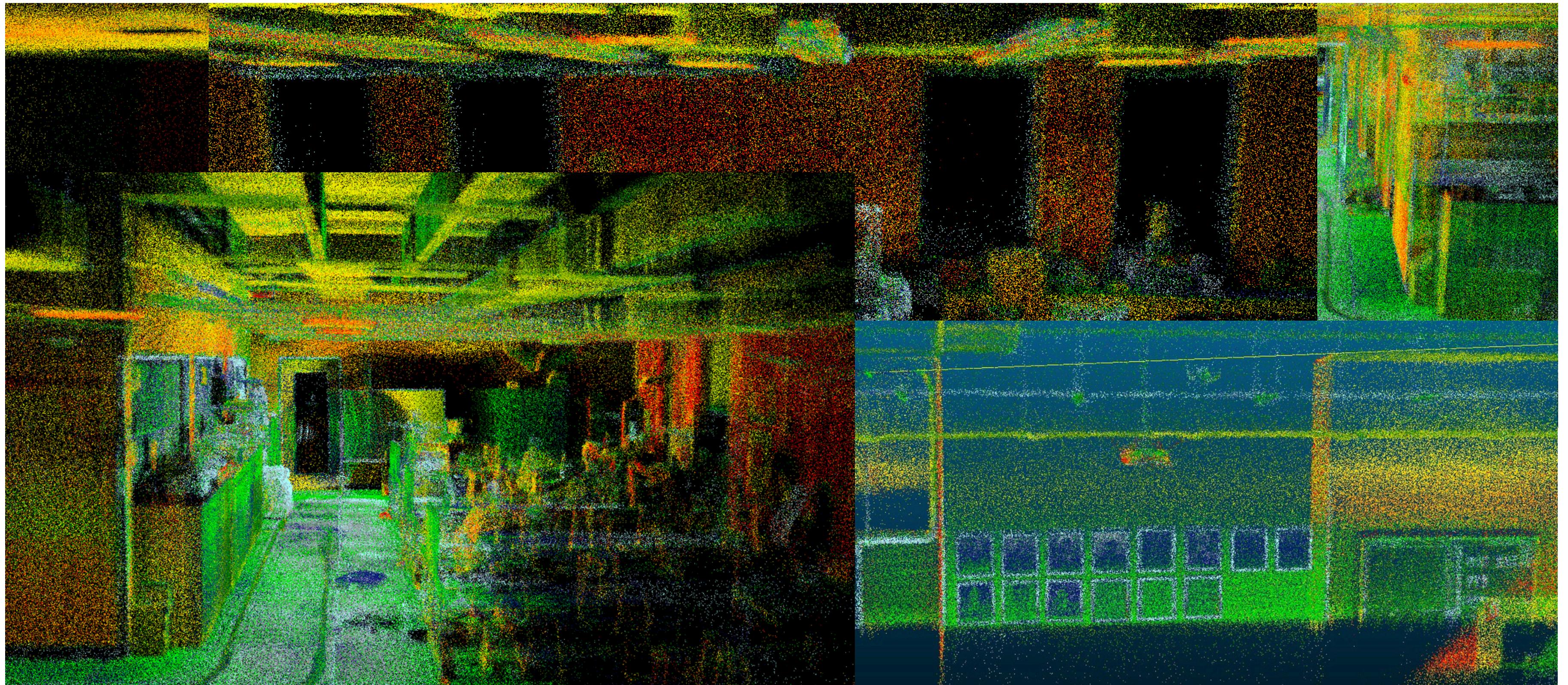
LIOSAM, DLIO, FASTLIO

- Uses LiDAR + IMU only
- Focus on geometry (point cloud structure, motion from IMU)
- Depends mostly on LiDAR features (scan matching, edges, planes)
- Robust mapping & localization, but may struggle in low-texture or repetitive crop rows
- Useful for height maps, growth tracking, structure

FAST LIVO2

- Uses LiDAR + IMU + Camera
- Adds appearance cues (color, texture) via visual input
- Fuses LiDAR with image patches directly (no feature descriptors)
- Visual info helps disambiguate scenes → stronger in visually rich environments
- Extends to crop stress analysis and richer 3D models

Indoor Testing

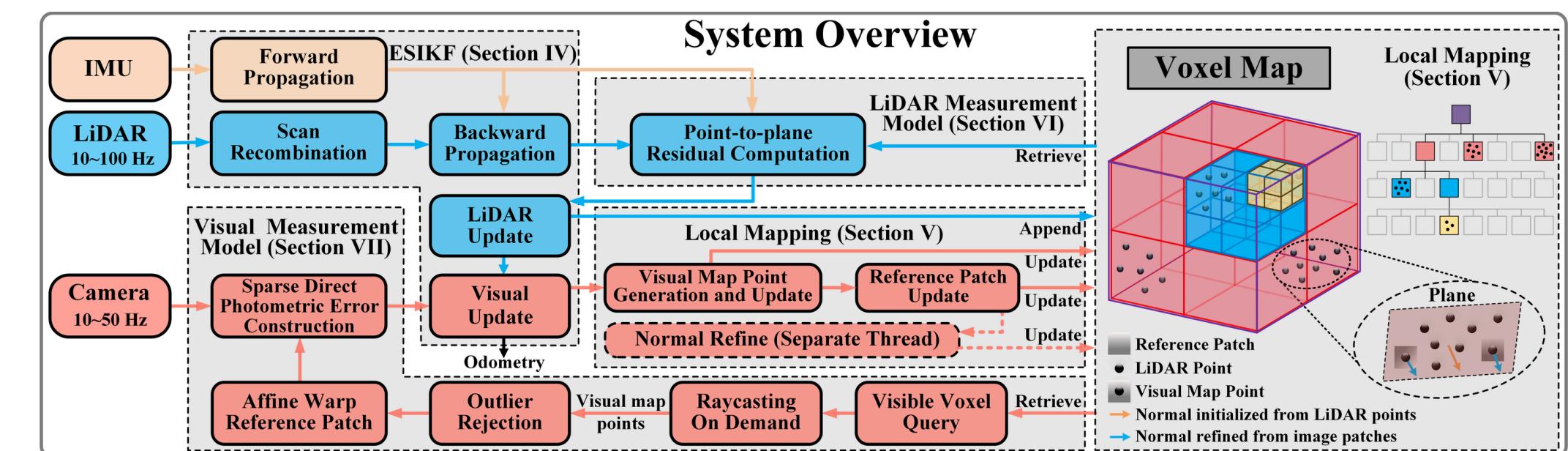


Integration of Sensors

```
lid_topic      "/livox/lidar"
imu_topic:    "/livox/imu
time_sync_en: false
time_offset_lidar_to_imu: 0.0
6
7
8 preprocess:
9     lidar_type: 1
10    scan_line: 4
11    blind: 0.5
12
13 mapping:
14     acc_cov: 0.1
15     gyr_cov: 0.1
16     b_acc_cov: 0.0001
17     b_gyr_cov: 0.0001
18     fov_degree:    360
19     det_range:    100.0
20     extrinsic_est_en: false      # true: enable the onl
21     extrinsic_T: [ -0.011, -0.02329, 0.04412 ]
22     extrinsic_R: [ 0, 0, 1,
23                      0, 1, 0,
24                      -1, 0, 0 ]
25
26 publish:
27     path_en: false
28     scan_publish_en: true      # false: close all the p
29     dense_publish_en: true      # false: low down the p
30     scan_bodyframe_pub_en: true # true: output the poi
31
32 pcd_save:
33     pcd_save_en: true
34     interval: -1
35                                     # how many LiDAR frames
# -1 : all frames will
```

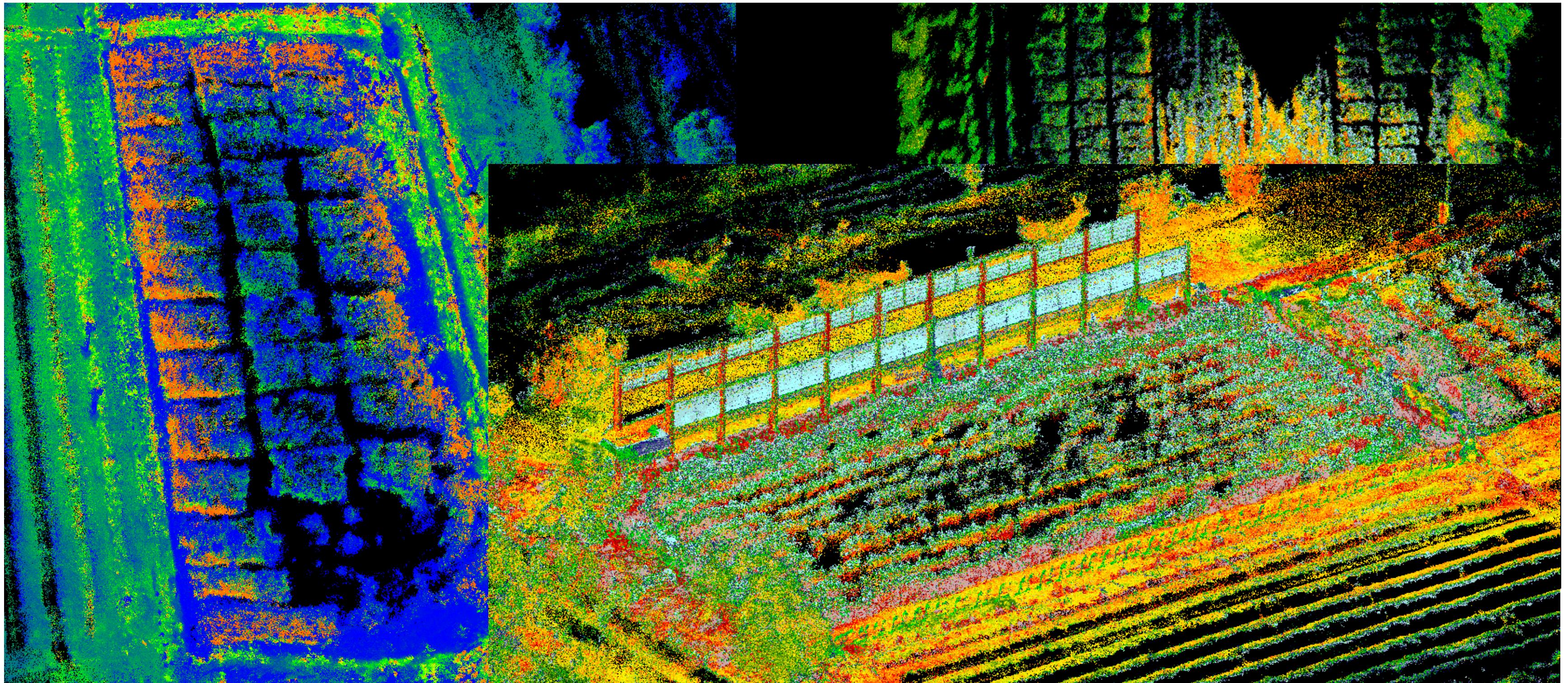


```
header:  
  seq: 29  
  stamp:  
    secs: 1756892624  
    nsecs: 836100578  
  frame_id: "camera_color_optical_frame"  
height: 720  
width: 1280  
distortion_model: "plumb_bob"  
D: [-0.05350247770547867, 0.06272049993276596, -0.0009051245870068669,  
  0.0007467924151569605, -0.020540514960885048]  
K: [644.1622924804688, 0.0, 656.0423583984375, 0.0, 642.6459350585938,  
  352.03619384765625, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0]  
R: [1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0]  
P: [644.1622924804688, 0.0, 656.0423583984375, 0.0, 0.0, 642.6459350585938,  
  352.03619384765625, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0, 0.0]
```



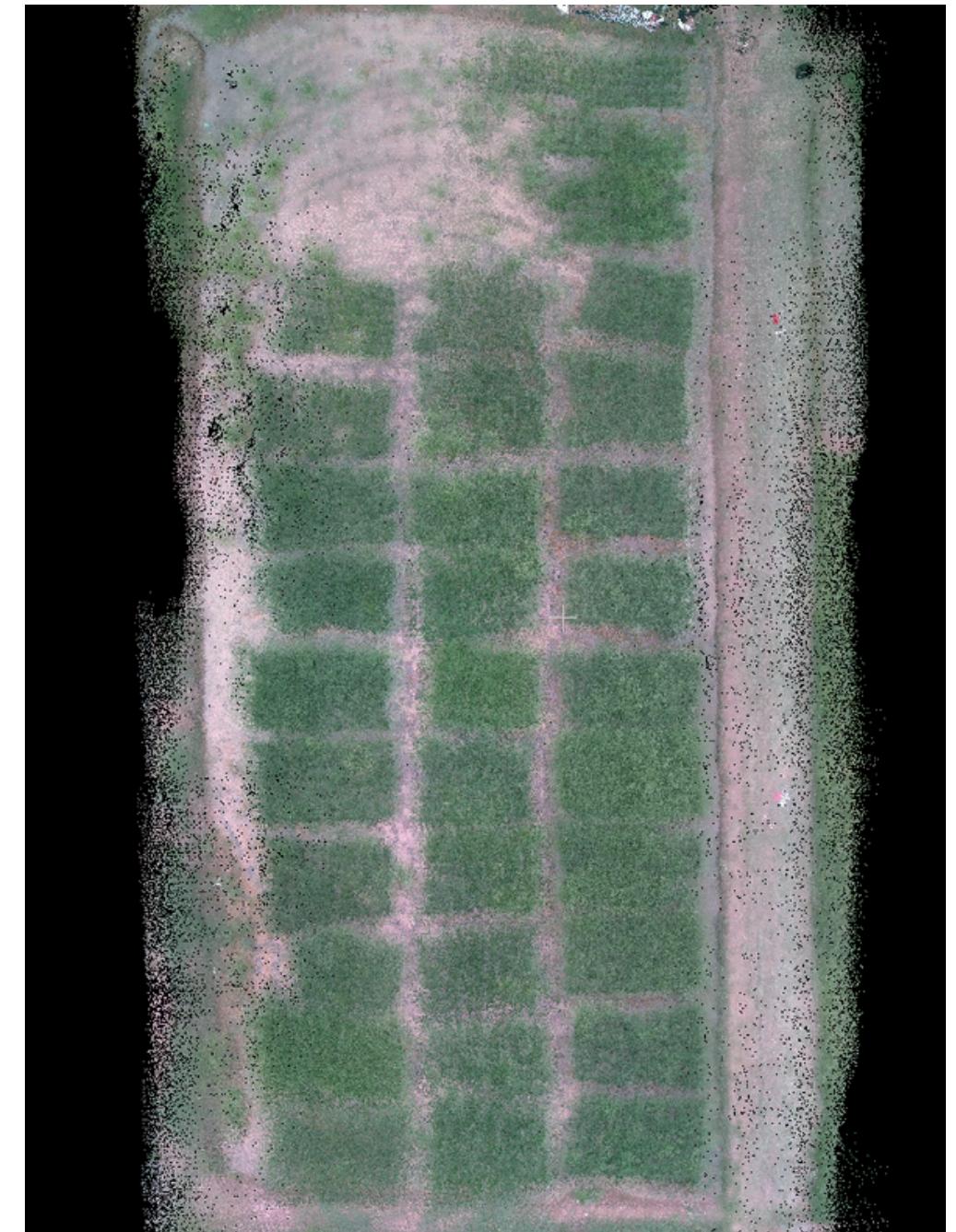
LiDAR-Inertial SLAM

Results



LiDAR-Inertial-Visual SLAM

Results



Real-time processing

FAST LIVO2

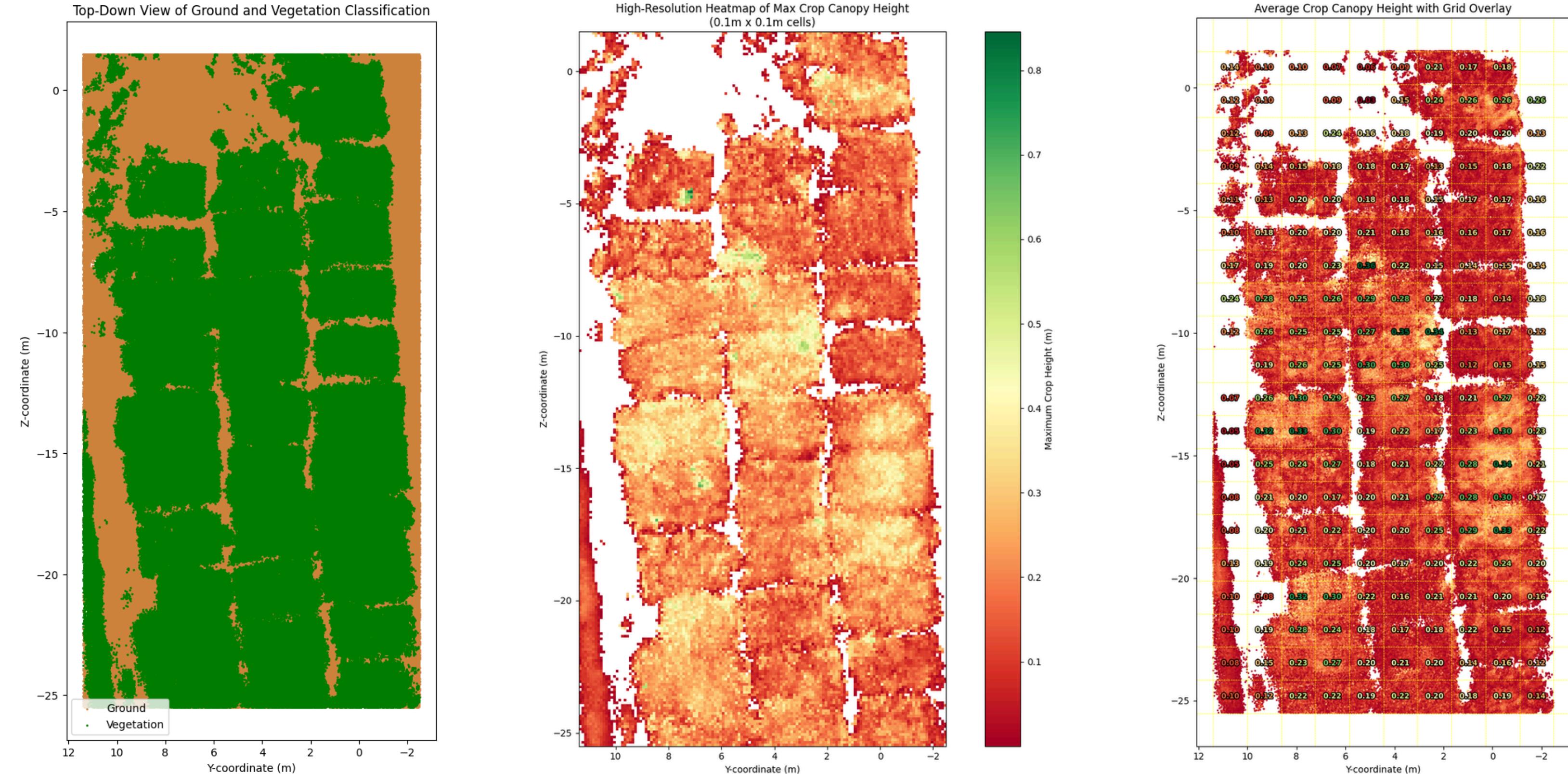


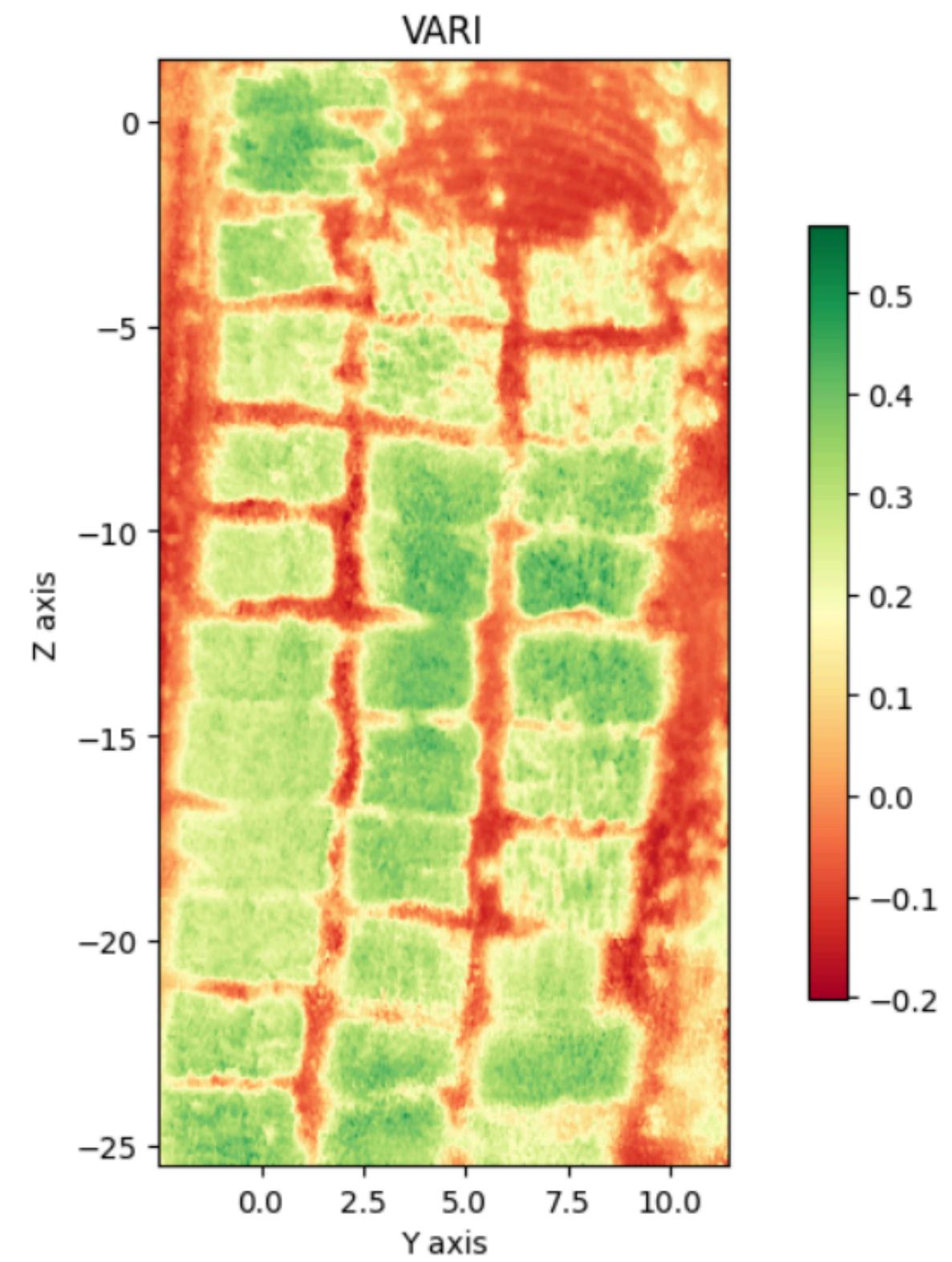
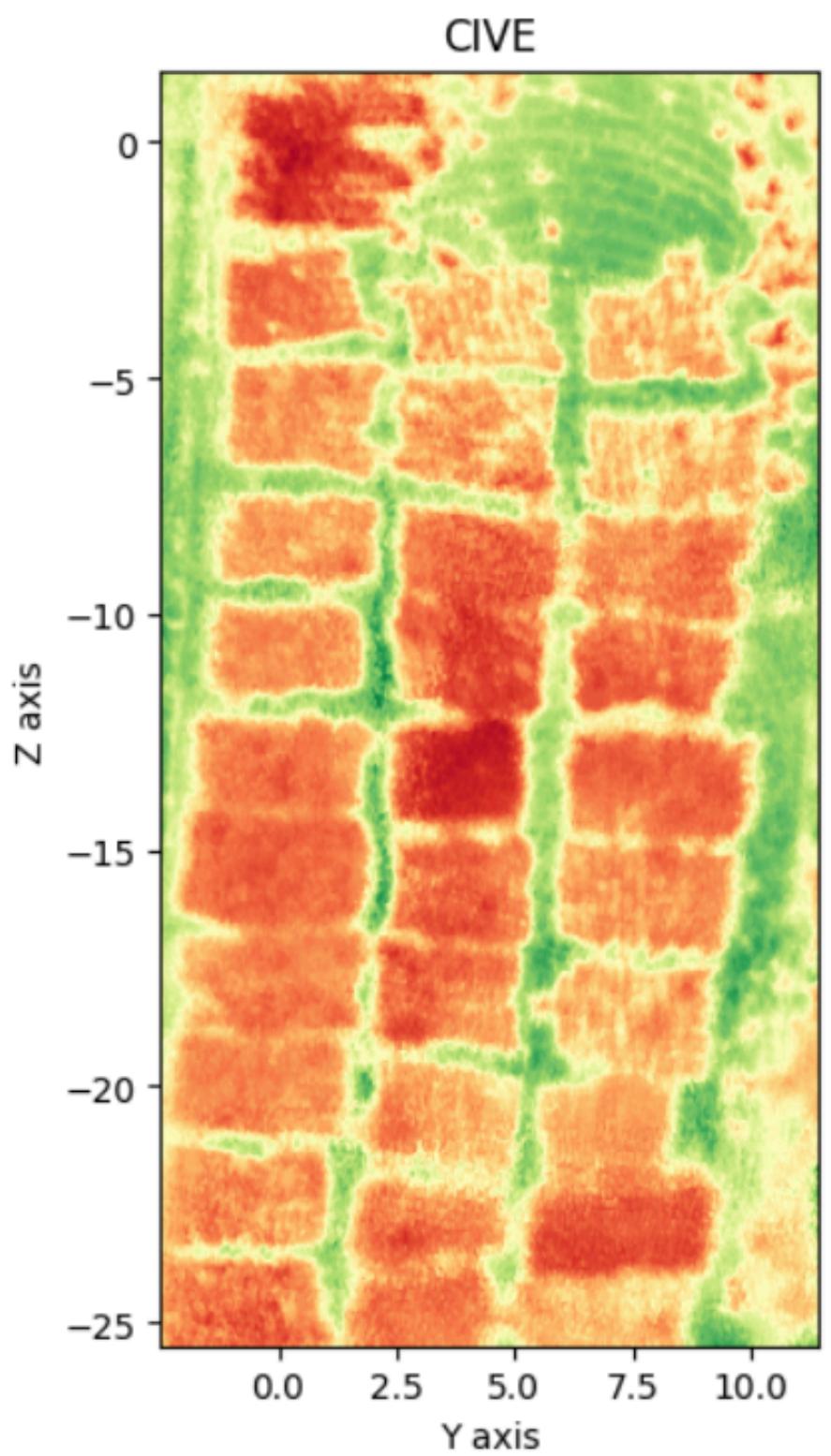
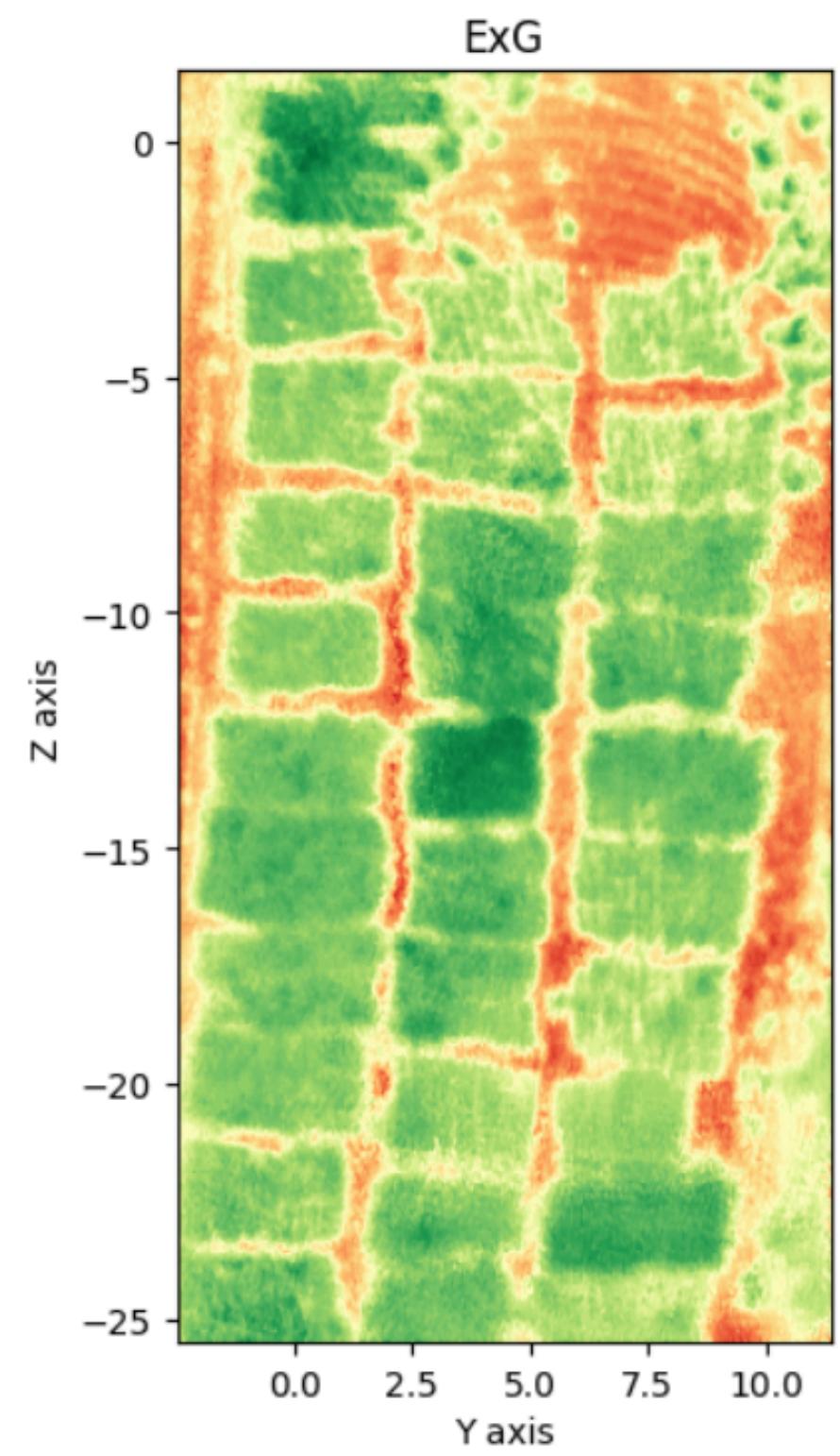
Realsense Orthomosaics

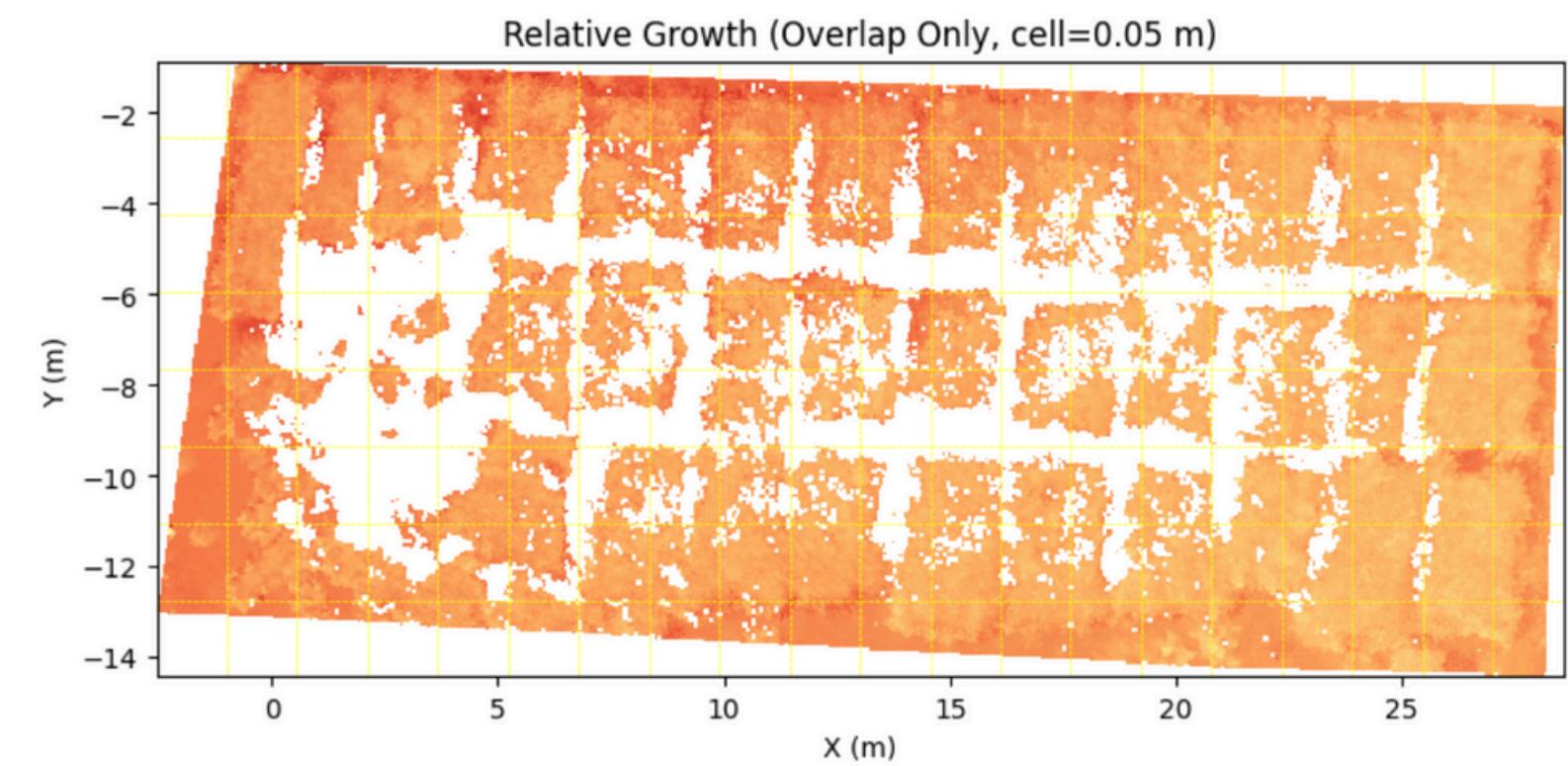
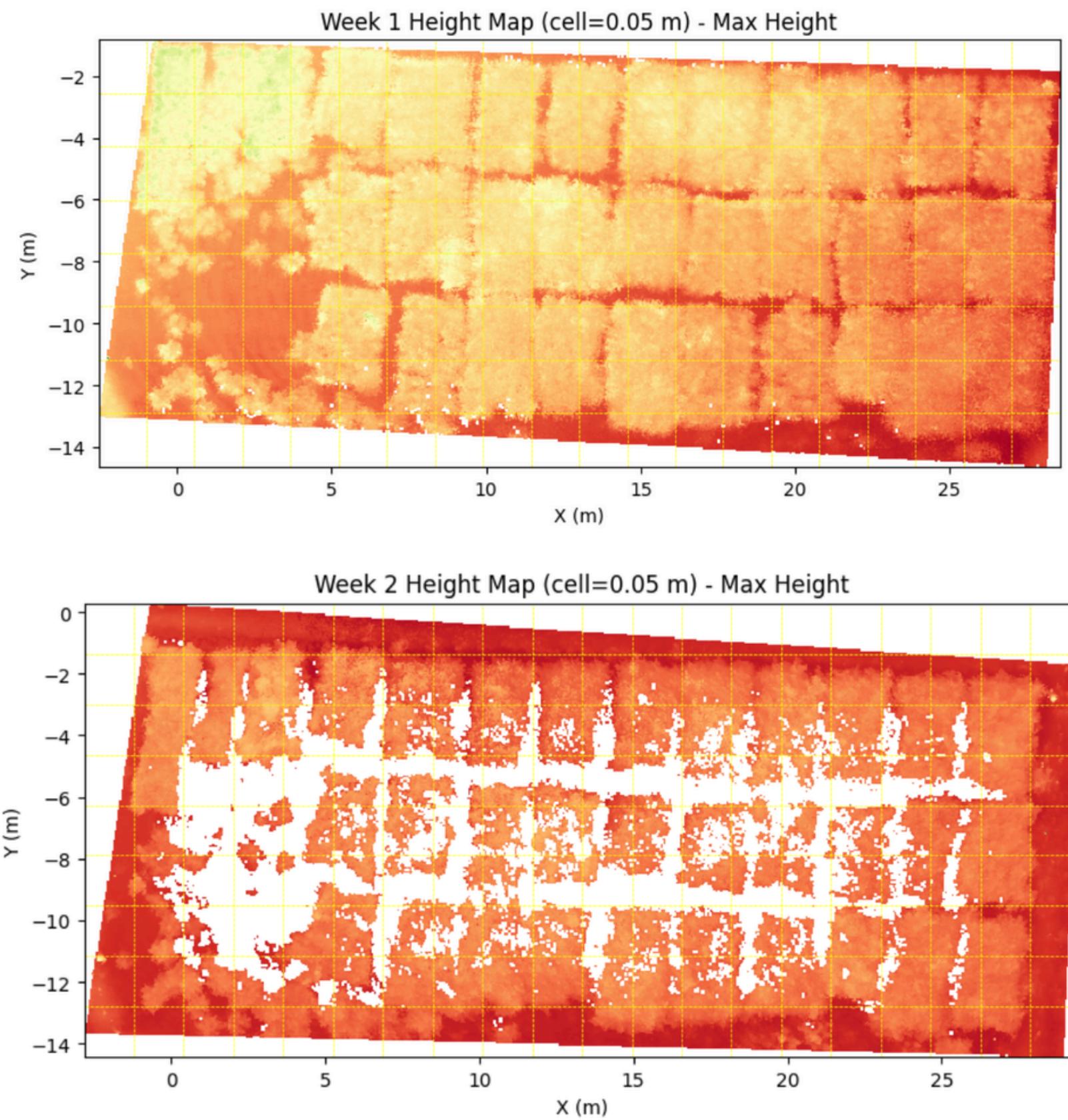
Agisoft Metashape



Postprocessing







Incident Log & Hardware Failures

Crash 1: Violent Jerks and loss of control

- SD card cracked (data loss)
- Drone arm detached



Crash 2: Hardware care, ArduPilot errors (possible GPS spoofing / magnetic interference observed recently)

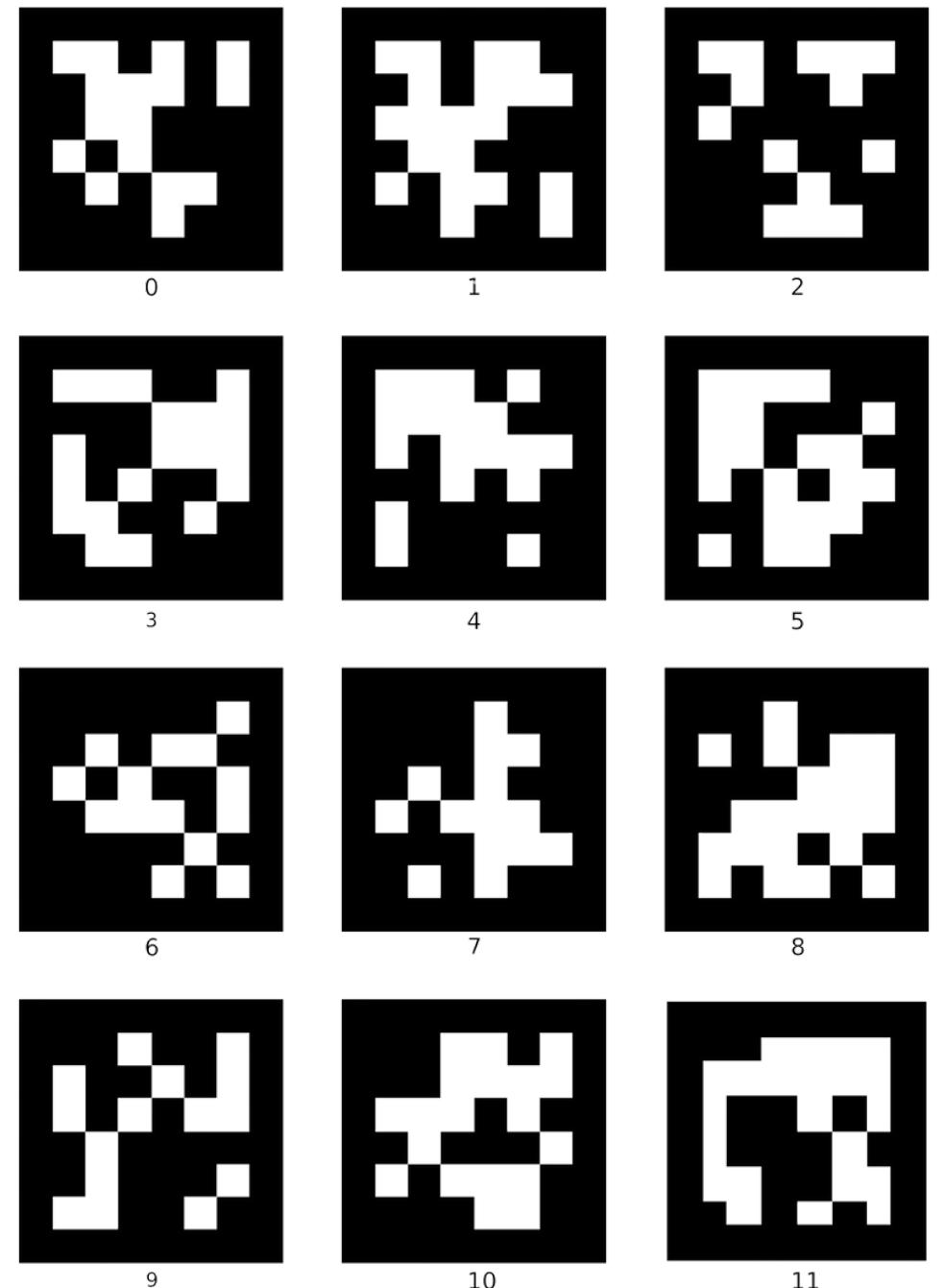
- RealSense D455 damaged
- LIVOX scratched
- Drone Frame dismantled



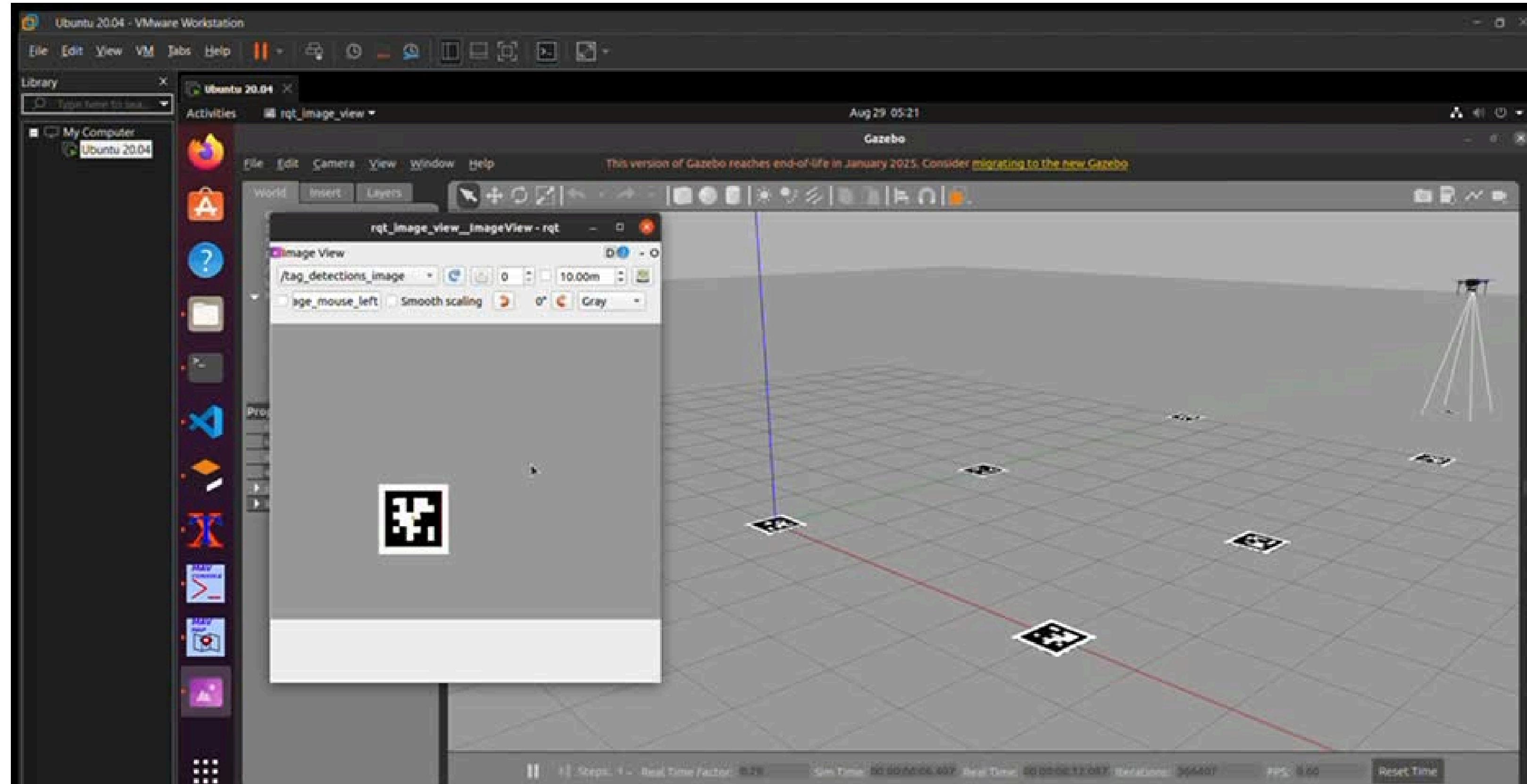
The future:

Vision-Assisted (AprilTag) Navigation and Pose Correction

The power that lies behind
`/mavros/local_position/odom` and `/tag_detections`



Simulation Demo



Thank You!

