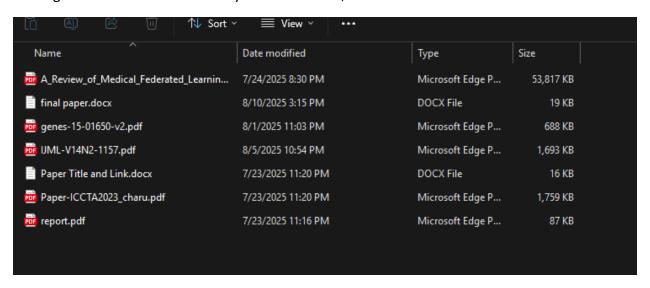
Apart from learning about Parallel Computing foundation from Distributed Computing system, I first tried connecting it with my area of interest that is Genomic Data Science. Genomic Data Science is a vast area with a focus on next generation sequencing for personalized drug discovery and health issues. My focus was on Cancer genomics. However, to fulfill my abstract I studied some articles on federated learning and genomics with some learning videos from YouTube. Upon my realization that within short time this research can't be completed, I shifted my focus on NLP, LLM hallucination within federated learning field. Here is short summary of what I learned throughout my journey of finalizing the final project as these learnings are as it was a good start for the base of my master's thesis,



Here is a screenshot of learning timeline. Below is my learning journey,

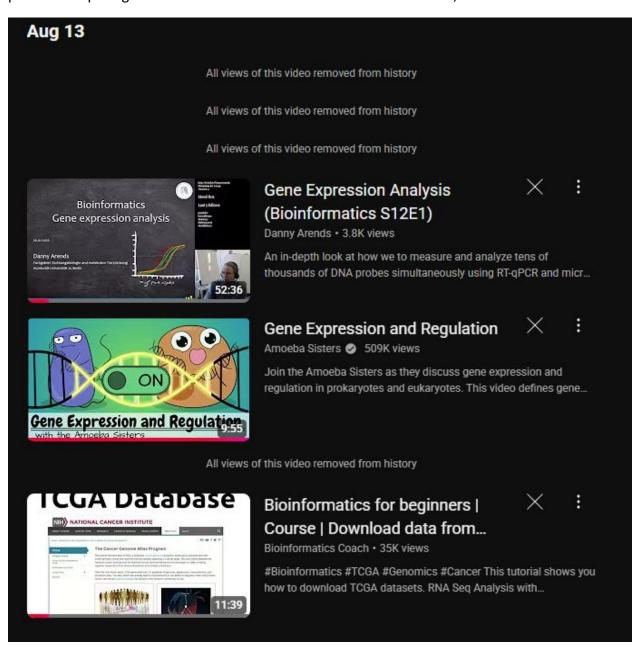
Background and finding motivation:

First, I reviewed genomics and cancer's relation to it. According to WHO [1], Cancer is a leading cause of death worldwide, accounting for nearly 10 million deaths in 2020, or nearly one in six deaths. It is caused by some behavioral factors along with inheritance. However, early detection and effective treatment can cure cancer. Accordingly, many cross functional arrangements have been made to detect types of cancer. Furthermore, Digital sensing technologies are being adopted by healthcare's, enabling precise diagnosis along with data collection and processing [2]. Many approaches have been traversed by data scientists and bioinformaticians to minimize the complexity of diagnosis and personalized treatment. For instance, image segmentation using AI now gives about more than 90% accuracy in classifying cancer. [3]. Also, a good change is happening both in centralized and decentralized approaches such as deep learning and federated learning respectively. In spite of all these activities, in genomic cancer research, we are still far from adapting these tools and technologies due to many limitations. [4]. The field of cancer genomics is constantly growing and changing, fueled by the development of new

laboratory and computational technologies. However, issues such as data silos, privacy concerns, and regulatory challenges hinder large-scale data integration and collaboration. Federated Learning (FL) has emerged as a transformative solution, enabling decentralized data analysis while preserving privacy and complying with regulations such as the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR). [5].

Dataset Exploring:

I tried exploring TGCA data and how to access those for analysis. [6]. My final goal was using a client-server environment analyzing those genomic data where my future work aimed to do parallel computing of those. Here are some videos I watched for that,



References:

- [1] https://www.who.int/news-room/fact-sheets/detail/cancer
- [2] https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S2590137025000780
- [3] https://dl.acm.org/doi/10.1145/3605423.3605433
- [4] https://www.nature.com/articles/s41576-024-00776-0#Sec7
- [5] https://www.mdpi.com/2073-4425/15/12/1650
- [6] https://portal.gdc.cancer.gov/