

## SQL Fundamentals (SQL CASE Statement)

1) Products - Classify each product by Price

Select product\_name, price,

CASE

When price > 1000 THEN 'Expensive'

When price Between 100 AND 1000 THEN 'Mid-range'

When price < 100 THEN 'Budget'

END AS price\_category

From products;

Product Name	Price	Price Category
Laptop	1200	Expensive
Phone	800	Mid-range
Keyboard	45	Budget
Monitor	300	Mid-range
Mouse	25	Budget

2) CASE Statement - ORDERS - High, Mid, Low Value

Select customer\_name,

amount

CASE

When amount >= 1000 THEN 'High Value'

When amount between 500 AND 999.99 THEN 'Medium Value'

When amount < 500 THEN 'Low Value'

END AS Order\_value - category

From orders;

Customer Name	Amount	Order	Value	Category
Alice	150		Low Value	
Bob	560		Medium Value	
Charlie	999.99		Medium Value	
Diana	45.5		Low Value	
Ethan	1200		High Value	

### ③ Employee - Position Level

Select Emp-name, department, Salary

CASE

When department = 'IT' AND salary > 8000 THEN 'Senior IT'

When department = 'HR' AND salary > 55000 THEN 'Experienced HR'

ELSE Staff

END AS position\_level

FROM Employees;

Emp-Name	department	Salary	Position Level
John	IT	85000	Senior IT
Sara	HR	60000	Experienced HR
Mark	IT	75000	Staff
Lucy	Finance	95000	Staff
Tom	HR	55000	Staff

### ④ Students - Assign a letter Grade

Select Student-name, Score,

CASE

When Score >= 90 THEN 'A'

When Score between 80 AND 89 THEN 'B'

When Score between 70 AND 79 THEN 'C'

When Score between 60 AND 69 THEN 'D'

ELSE 'F' END AS GRADE

FROM Students;

Student - Name	Score	Grade
ANNA	92	A
BEN	76	C
Cara	59	F
Daniel	83	B
Ella	68	D

## ⑤ Deliveries - Label delivery performance

Select delivery-id, delivery-time-minutes

CASE

When delivery-time-minutes  $\leq 30$  THEN 'Fast'

When delivery-time-minutes between 31 AND 60 THEN 'On time'

When delivery-time-minutes  $> 60$  THEN 'Late'

END AS Performance

FROM Deliveries;

Delivery - id	delivery_time-minutes	Performance
1	45	on time
2	80	Late
3	30	Fast
4	65	Late
5	100	Late

## ⑥ Tickets - Convert priority to labels

Select issue-type, priority,

CASE

When priority = 3 THEN 'High'

When priority = 2 THEN 'Medium'

When priority = 1 THEN 'Low'

END AS priority-label

FROM TICKETS

Issue-type	Priority	Priority-Label
Login Issue	1	Low
Server down	3	High
Slow System	2	Medium
Email Error	2	Medium
Password Reset	1	Low

## (7) Attendance - Calculate attendance% and Classify

Select Student-id,  
 $(\text{days-present} \times 100.0 / \text{total days})$  AS Attendance,

CASE

When  $(\text{days-present} \times 100.0 / \text{total days}) \geq 90$  THEN 'Excellent'

When  $(\text{days-present} \times 100.0 / \text{total days})$  between 75 AND 89 THEN 'Good'

ELSE 'Needs Improvement'

END AS attendance\_Status

FROM attendance;

Student-ID	Attendance_Percentage	Attendance_Status
1	80	Excellent
2	60	Needs Improvement
3	96	Excellent
4	50	Needs Improvement
5	100	Excellent

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## SQL Fundamentals: (SQL CASE Statement)

### (8) Product Inventory - Label Stock Status

Select product\_id, stock\_qty,

CASE

when stock\_qty = 0 THEN 'out of stock'

When stock\_qty between 1 AND 4 THEN 'low stock'

Else 'in stock'

END AS Stock\_Status

From product\_inventory;

Product_id	Stock_Qty	Stock_Status
1	5	In Stock
2	0	Out of Stock
3	25	In Stock
4	10	In Stock
5	3	Low Stock

### (9) CLASSES - Classify by Size

Select Subject, Enrolled\_Students,

CASE

When enrolled\_Students >= 25 THEN 'large'

When enrolled\_Students between 10 AND 24 THEN 'medium'

Else 'small'

END AS Class\_Size\_Category.

From CLASSES;

Subject	Enrolled-students	class size (st.)
Math	30	Large
English	25	Large
Science	15	Medium
Art	5	Small
History	20	Medium

## (ii) Payments - Apply discount flag

Select Payments-id, payment-method, amount

CASE

When payment-method = 'Cash' AND amount >= 200  
 ~ Eligible for discount  
 ELSE ~ not eligible  
 END AS discount-eligibility  
 FROM PAYMENTS;

Payment-id	Payment-method	Amount	discount --
1	Cash	50	Not Eligible
2	Cash	200	Eligible for Discount
3	Cash	150	Not Eligible
4	PayPal	75	Not Eligible
5	Cash	300	Eligible for Discount