

United International University

Department of Computer Science and Engineering

Course Code: CSI 217 | Course name: Data Structure and Algorithms - I

Laboratory Section E

Summer 2023 # Final Class Performance

Total Marks: 25

Deadline: 27 - 08 -2023

Question 1 : Special Stack (Mark 9)

In a mystical realm where algorithms come to life, you've stumbled upon an extraordinary data structure known as the "Enchanted Stack." This stack isn't bound by the ordinary rules of stacks; it possesses two magical operations: `popEnd()` and `popMagic()`.

push(val): Add an element `val` to the top of the stack.

popEnd(): Remove and return the last element from the stack.

popMagic(): Remove and return the **middle element** from the stack. In case the number of elements is even, choose the second middle element.

Question 2 : Binary Search Tree (Mark 8)

Finding Sum of Two Nodes : You are allowed to use the Binary Search Tree (BST) implementation that supports the `find(number)` function. Using this function, your task is to implement another function called **`isSumPossible(root, sum)`**.

The `isSumPossible` function takes as input the root node of a BST and a target sum. Your goal is to determine whether there exist two distinct nodes in the BST such that their values add up to the given sum.

Here's the Example :

```
    10
   / \
  5  15
 / \  \
2  7  20
```

For the BST above, `isSumPossible(root, 17)` should return `True` since $7 + 10 = 17$.

For the same BST, `isSumPossible(root, 25)` should return `True` since $5 + 20 = 25$.

For the same BST, `isSumPossible(root, 12)` should return `False` as no two distinct nodes add up to 12.

Question 3 : The Maze of Mysteries - Finding Paths with Treasures with certain moves (Mark 8)

You've now mastered the art of maze navigation and treasure hunting in offline assignments ! In this challenge, you're tasked with determining **whether you can find a treasure in just 3 moves**.

You need to decide whether you can reach a treasure in exactly 3 moves from your starting position, while following the rules of the maze (avoiding walls).

If you can reach a treasure in 3 moves, print **"Eureka"**.

If there's no way to reach a treasure in 3 moves, print **"Treasure hunt is boring"**.

Here's the Example :

Consider the following maze:

```
maze = [  
  [0, 1, 0, 0, 2],  
  [0, 0, 0, 1, 0],  
  [0, 3, 1, 0, 0],  
  [0, 1, 0, 1, 0],  
  [0, 0, 0, 0, 0]  
]
```

For this maze and starting position (1, 0), you should print **"Eureka and Can reach End"**

```
maze = [  
  [0, 1, 0, 0, 2],  
  [0, 0, 0, 1, 0],  
  [0, 0, 1, 0, 0],  
  [0, 1, 0, 1, 0],  
  [0, 0, 0, 0, 3]  
]
```

For this maze and starting position (1, 0), You should print **"Treasure hunt boring and Can reach End"** because there's no path to reach a treasure in exactly 3 moves.