

Content T. List

- ① Introduction
- ② Operators
- ③ Condition
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- ⑤ Array
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- ⑨ String
- ⑩ Function
- ⑪ Structure.

Exam

- ① Output
- ② code connection
- ③ manual tracing
- ④ Identifine

(iii)

```
int a = 0, b = 100;
for(i=0; i<5; i++) {
    if(i%2 == 0) {
        a++;
    } else {
        b--;
    }
}
```

$i < 5$	i	a	b	$i \% 2 == 0$
—	—	0	100	—
true	0	1	100	true
true	1	1	99	false
true	2	2	99	true
true	3	2	98	false
true	4	3	98	true
false	5	3	98	false

↓ output

(iv) Identifine

- dollar sign

711712

14

③

* value

int a = 15

float b = 3.000000

float c = 3.000000

int d = (a>b) && c

= 15 > 3.00 true

3.000000 true

= true & true

= true

= 1.

a = 10 ; b = 20 , c = 25

* $(a < c) \& b + 11 @ - 25$

1 " 1 " 0

= 1.

27-09-2023
L-2

#Errors Connection,

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int num1 = 5;
    float num2;
    char chn = 'q';
    scanf ("%f", &num2);
    num1 = num2 % chn;
    printf ("Result is = %.d", num1);
}
```

num1 = num2 % chn
num1 = (int) num2 % chn
typecast
need

Precedence

• $\ast, /, \%$ → L to R

$$17 \% 7 * 5 \\ \rightarrow$$

\leftarrow
 $++a * ++b$

$a++ * b++$
 \rightarrow

$\overset{4}{+} \overset{5}{@} * \overset{1}{\textcircled{b}} \overset{2}{++} * \overset{3}{\textcircled{c}} \overset{2}{++} * \overset{3}{\textcircled{d}}$

output

$$\begin{array}{r} 123.125 \\ -150 \\ -150 \\ \hline -150 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 123 \\ -150.000 \\ -1.000000 \\ \hline 1.500000 \\ -150 \end{array}$$

$\sim 150, \sim 1.500000$

$$a \% = b$$

$$a = a \% b$$

Increment/decrement :

$a++$ ① Inere
 ② assign

After after what one assign

then, increment /decrement

$b = a++$ (Post \rightarrow after assign)

$$\begin{array}{l} b = a \\ \cancel{a} = a+1 \end{array} \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} a = 4 \\ b = 4 \\ a = 5 \end{array} \right.$$

$b = ++a$ (Pref \rightarrow)

$$\begin{array}{l} a = a+1 \\ \cancel{b} = a \end{array}$$

$\frac{5}{10} \frac{10}{12}$

int i = 10;

$i = i + 1$

printf("%d", i) 11

$i = i + 1$

printf("%d", i) 1

printf("%d", i+1) 2

printf("%d", ++i) 3

printf("%d", i) 3

$i++(+)$

$\circledcirc 1 = 1$

$b = 2 \quad ++a \times a + a \times ++b \times b +$

$$3 \times 1 \times 4 \times 2 = 24$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \swarrow 1 \\ x = a+1 \\ = 2 \\ 2 = ++a \\ = 3 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \swarrow 2 \\ y = b+1 \\ = 3 \\ 3 = ++b \\ = 4 \end{array}$$

L-3 / 10/1/2023

Post \rightarrow L to R
↓
Pre \rightarrow R to L

$$a=1, b=2$$

2010+1=2

$$y = 2 / b = -2$$

$$\begin{array}{cccccc} & + & a & \times & a - & + & b & \times & b - \\ & & \overline{a} & & \overline{a} & & \overline{b} & & \overline{b} \\ x = & a & + & 3 & & 1 & & & \\ & \downarrow 2 & & & & & & & \\ y = & b & - & 1 & & & & & \end{array}$$

$$+ + 0 \times x = + + b \times y$$

$$P = \frac{1}{2} \delta_{ij}$$

$$z = ++b$$

$\# \quad \downarrow \quad 11$
 $(a++) = (++a) * (++c * b--)$ $a = 10, c = 20, b = 30$
 $\underline{a} \quad \underline{c} \quad \underline{b}$
 $10 - (++a) * (++c * 30)$
 $10 - 10 * (21 * 30)$
 $= 10 - 12 * 630$
 $= 10 - 7560$
 $= 7550$

Conditional statement :

Every positive value is true

'0' is False

#include < stdbool.h >

#include <ctype.h>

nested if

Switch

CT-1 - 08/10/2023 (switch)

Output $i=7, j=2$
① $sum = ++i * j --$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 8 \times 2 \\ &= 16 \end{aligned}$$

print - 16, 8, 1

② num = 1, 2

$i = 10, j = 5$

$$\begin{aligned} sum &= 2 * 10 \\ &= 20 \end{aligned}$$

$i = 11$

$j = 6$

$$\begin{aligned} sum &= 2 * 6 \\ &= 12 \end{aligned}$$

$j = 5$

$i = 11$ print(12, 5, 12)

~~sum =~~

* break condition यदि कोई व्यापक
व्यापक स्विच्स हो तो उसका प्रभाव.

+ break की वाली always latest value

पहले from तक, अपर्याप्त।

③ →

$sum = ++i * j --$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 11 * 5 \\ &= 55 \end{aligned}$$

$sum = i++ * j--$

$$= 49$$

default $\frac{j}{i} = 3$

print - (0, 0, 0)

int main()
int num = 3, sum = 10, i = 7, j = 2;

~~if (num == 1) {
 sum = 10;
}
else if (num == 2) {
 sum = 55;
}
else if (num == 3) {
 sum = 49;
}
else if (num == 4) {
 sum = 0;
}
else {
 sum = 0;
}
break;~~

if (num == 1 || num == 2) {

sum = sum + -j * 2;

} else if (num == 3) {

sum = ++i * j --;
break;

else if (num == 4) {

sum = i++ / j --;

} else {
 sum = 0;
}
break;

if else to switch

```
switch( n>a ) {
```

~~case 1:~~

```
case 1: switch( n-a > 5 ) {
```

```
    case 1: printf( " " )  
        break;
```

```
    case 0/ default : printf( " less than" );
```

```
    }  
        break;
```

```
case 0/ default :
```

```
    printf( " give large value" );
```

```
    break;
```

```
}
```

100 transit 40% discr reg
-MOT
 100×0.4

" output - CT
if/else
statement
increment/decrement

"

conditional statement

condition ? statement : statement

→ T → F

```
(a>b)? printf( "%d", a ) : printf( "%d", b )
```

```
(a, b, c) → (a>b)? (a>c) ? printf( "%d", a ) : printf( "%d", b )
```

```
(b>c) ? printf( "%d", b ) :
```

#

getchar() → scan

getline() → scan

putchar() → print

loop

single
nested

CT-1 → code correction

- * validation che.
- * output
- * statement

Summer-22

Q1 - #include <stdio.h>

```
void main() {
    int num1 = 5; float num2; char chr = '9';
    scanf ("%f", &num2);
    num1 += (int) num2 % chr;
    printf ("Result is = %d", num1);
}
```

⑤ valid,

smallest-val → invalid because of hyphen

while → invalid because of loop

2nd Num → invalid because number2 is in the first.

!New → invalid because of conditional statement.

arg mark → invalid because of space bet'n two variable.
valid.

$$\text{⑥ } \begin{array}{l} \text{float } a = 5 * (5 / 2) \\ = 12.50000000 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{int } b = 5 * (5 / 2) \\ = 10 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{float } c = 5 * (5.0 / 2) \\ = 12.500000 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{int } d = 5 * (5.0 / 2) \\ = 12 \end{array}$$

Q_{n-2}

② int sum=0, i=10, j=5

n=1

1 sum = $2 * \overset{i}{\cancel{1}} + \overset{j}{\cancel{5}}$

= $2 * 10$

= 20

j = 6

2 sum = $2 * \overset{i}{\cancel{j}} - \overset{5}{\cancel{1}}$

= $2 * 6$

= 12

i = 12

Point = 12 5 12

n=3

3 sum = $11 * 5$

= 55

to second bitemi & last condition

4 sum = $11 * 4$

= 44

to second bitemi & last condition

i = 12

sum = 0, i = 0, j = 0

so final point = 0, 0, 0 is second bitemi & last condition

Fall-22

Q1 a) #include <stdio.h>

```
int main() {  
    int a, b;  
    float sum;  
    scanf ("%d", &a);
```

b = 10;

sum = a + b

printf ("%f", sum);

return;

}

⑥ valid

switch → invalid cz library function

calculate sum → " " spaces betn - -

valid

valid

calculate - sum → invalid cz hyphen

1st - sum → " " number at first

⑦ int a = 17%7 * 5

= 15

float b = (int)(17.0 / 5)

= (int) 3.4

= 3.000000

17%7

711712

14

13 * 5

= 15

float c = 17 / 5

= 3.000000

int d = (a > b) & a < e

= 15 > 3,000.. true

c = 3.000000 true

true & true

= 1.

Q₂

① int num = 3, sum = 10, i=7, j=2;

$$\text{num} = 1 \rightarrow \text{sum} = \text{sum} + --j * 2$$

$$= 10 + 1 * 2$$

$$= 12$$

$$j = 1$$

$$i = 6$$

$$\boxed{\begin{aligned}\text{sum} &= \text{sum} + i + j - - \\ &= \cancel{10} * 6 / 1 \\ &\approx 72 \\ &= 12 + 7 *\end{aligned}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{sum} &= i + j + \cancel{i} + \cancel{j} - - \\ &= 7 * 1 \\ &= 7\end{aligned}$$

print (7, 7, 0) ;

$$\text{num} = 3 \rightarrow \text{sum} = + i * j - -$$

i, j to increase

$$= 8 * 2$$

$$\approx 16$$

| i = 8
| j = 1

print (16, 8, 1) ;

⑥

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main() {
    int num = 3, sum = 10, i = 7, j = 2;
    if (num == 1 || num == 2) {
        sum += --j * 2;
        i--;
    } else if (num == 3) {
        sum = ++i * j--;
    } else if (num == 4) {
        sum *= i++ / j--;
        i = i % j;
    } else {
        printf("Tata");
    }
    printf("%d, %d, %d", sum, i, j);
    return 0;
}
```

CT-2 ↴

while

```
while ( n!=0 ) {  
    printf( "%d", num%10 );  
    num /= 10;  
}
```

Conversion ↴

```
for( int i=0; num!=0 ; i++ )
```

```
for( ; num!=0 ; )
```

while to for

do while

① first statement, then condition

```
for ( i=0; i<5 ; i++ )
```

```
do {
```

int i=0;

do

{ int i=0;

printf("%d", i); int i=0

do { printf("%d", i);

i++; } while(i<4);

i++; }

while(i<5);

Output of program:

{ while(i<5)

```
# for(i=0; i<5 ; i++) {
```

```
    printf( "%d", i );
```

```
    for( j=0 ; j<4 ; j++ ) {
```

```
        printf( "%d", j );
```

}

```
    printf( '\n' );
```

do while(i<5) { printf("%d", i); i++; }

while(j<5)

{ printf("%d", j);

j++; }

{ i++;

printf("\n");

i++; }

09-10-2023

```

int i=0
do {
    printf(
        "i = %d\n"
    );
    do {
        printf(
            "j = %d\n"
        );
        j++;
    } while (i < 4);
    i++;
} while (i < 5);
printf(" ");
}

```

```

int i=1
# do {
    printf("week: %d \n", i); int j=1

```

```

    do {
        if (i%2==0) {
            if (j%2==0)
                printf(" -- ");
            else
                if (j%2!=0)
                    printf(" ") & j++;
        } while (j < 4);
    }
}

```

```

i++ } while (i<=weeks);
}

```

```

while (i < 5) {
    printf(i--);
    int j=0;
    do {
        printf("j = ");
        j++;
    } while (j < 4);
    printf(" ");
    i++;
}

```

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{sum} = 24 \quad j=5 \\
 & i-- \times j-- + ++i \\
 & 3 \times 6 + 4 \quad i=4 \\
 & \quad \quad \quad 29 \quad j=4
 \end{aligned}
 \Rightarrow$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{sum} = 2 \times 5 \\
 & 2 \times 5 \quad i=2 \\
 & \quad \quad \quad j=4
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{sum} = \text{sum} + i++ / j-- \\
 & = 15 \times 1 / 4 \\
 & = 0 \quad i=2 \\
 & \quad \quad \quad j=3
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{sum} = 12 + 3 / 7$$

#break statement

```
break;  
continue;
```

```
while(i<=5){}
```

```
break;
```

```
i++
```

```
{  
}
```

```
if
```

```
else
```

```
for
```

```
do
```

```
while
```

```
switch
```

```
case
```

```
default
```

```
while(n>0){}
```

```
if(n==0)
```

```
continue;
```

```
{  
}
```

```
if
```

```
else
```

```
for
```

```
do
```

```
while
```

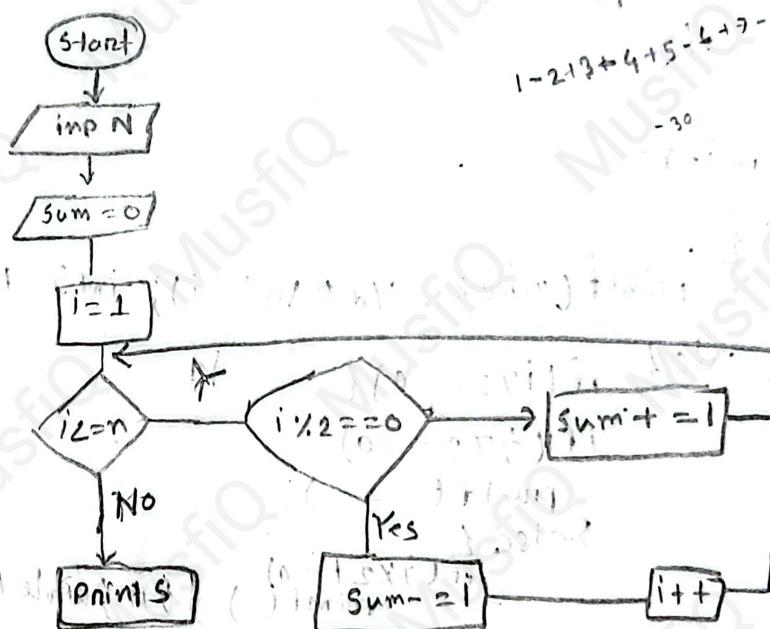
```
switch
```

```
case
```

```
default
```

#Flowchart

$$1-2+3-4+5-\dots-n$$



$$1^3 - 2^3 + 3^3 - \dots$$

$$1 + 8 + 27 + \dots$$

$i+11+111+1111+\dots$

int sum = 0, temp = 2;

```

for(i=0; i<n; i++) {
    printf("%d", temp);
    if(i<n-1) {
        print("+");
    }
    sum = sum + temp;
    temp = temp * 10 + 2;
}

```

series

$$1+2+3+4+5+\dots$$

$$1+4+7+10+\dots$$

$$1+11+111+\dots$$

$$1^2+2^2+3^2+4^2+5^2+\dots$$

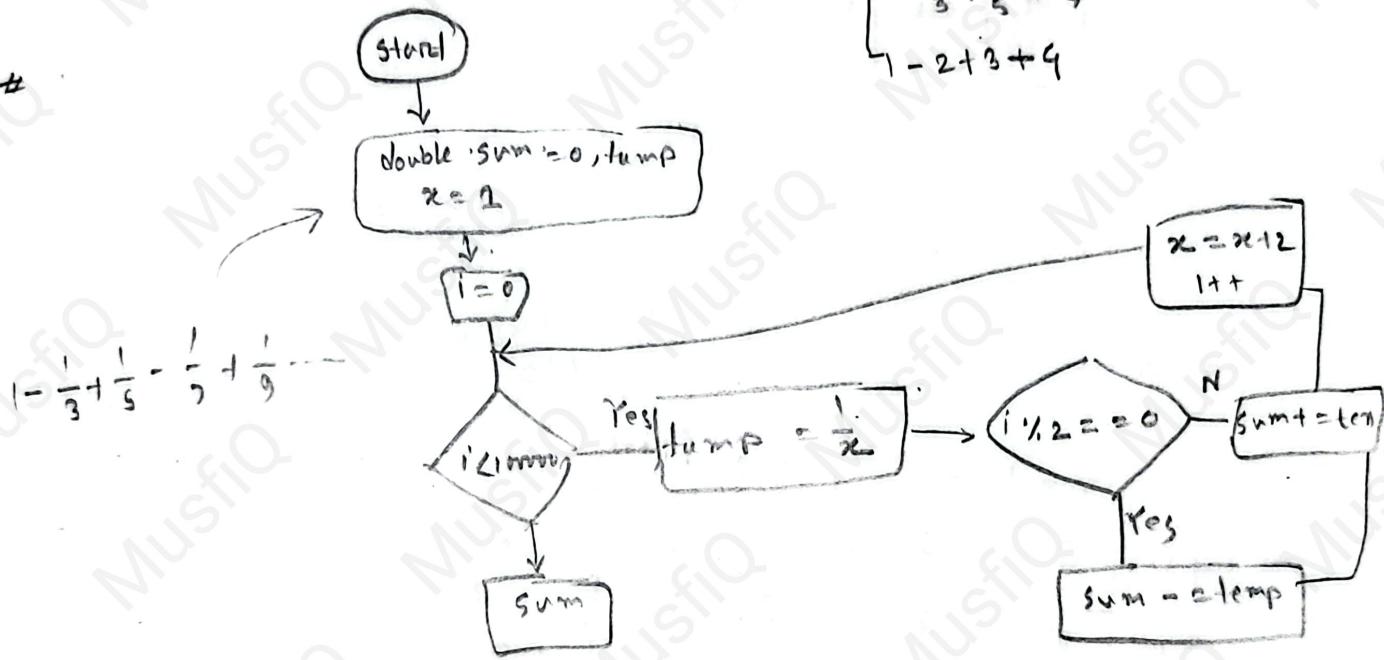
$$\frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \dots$$

$$\frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{9} + \dots$$

$$1 + \frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{27} + \frac{1}{64} + \frac{1}{512} + \dots$$

$$1 - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{9} - \dots$$

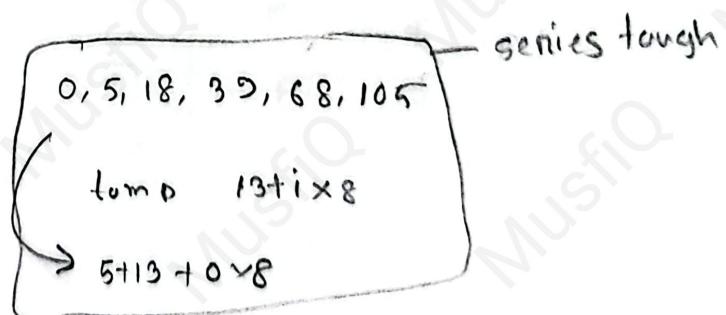
$$1 - 2 + 3 + 4 - \dots$$



CT-2

Loop, Flow chart

Series + manual traces



15-10-23

manual tree

i	sum	b	a	y	z
0	0	90	1	1	1
1	1	7	8	2	3
2	3	10	27	3	6
3	36	37	64	4	10
4	100	61	125	5	15
5	225	91	216	6	21
6	-	-	-	-	-

int sum=0, i=a=1, x=1, y=1

for(i=1; i<=5; i++)

{ sum = sum + a;

b = 6 * x + 1;

a = a + b;

y++;

x = x + y;

}

n=4

66 | 339 | 5
3307 | 1339 | 150
1330

66

i	i<n	n-f _i	value-f _i +i	
0	0	9	0	-
1	T	9	0	1
2	T	9	9	3
3	T	9	20	5
4	F	4	15	-
5			2	

value+i*x
0 + 0 * 0

= 0

1 + 9 = 10

5 + 9 = 14

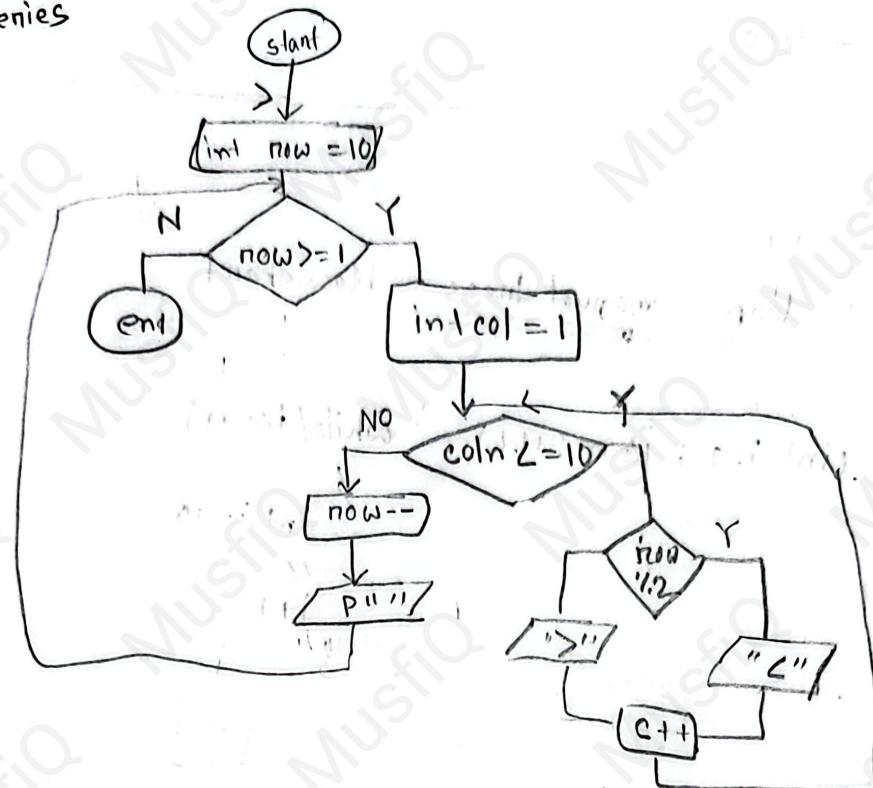
14 + 16 = 30

4 + 4 * 9 = 20

i=3
i=.3 | 1339 | 999
1332

2 - 1

Flow chart + Series



$$1+11+111+1111+\dots$$

$$2 = -\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{9} \dots$$

```

int sum = 0;
int temp = 1;
for(i<0 ; i < n ; i++)
{
    printf("%d");
    if (i < n - 1)
    {
        printf("+");
    }
    sum = sum + temp;
    temp = temp * 10 + 1;
}
    
```

$$1 + \frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{27} + \frac{1}{64} + \frac{1}{125}$$

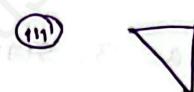
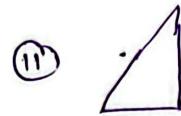
$$\text{temp} = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$x = 1$$

```

int sum = 0;
int temp = 1;
int x = 1; int n = 10000;
for(i=0 ; i < n ; i++)
{
    if (i % 2 == 0)
    {
        sum = sum - temp;
    }
    else
    {
        sum = sum + temp;
    }
    x = x + 1;
}
    
```

Pattern



```
① int main () {
    int i, j, n;
    for (i=1; i<=n; i++) {
        for (j=1; j<=i; j++) {
            printf ("%d", j);
        }
        printf ("\n");
    }
}
```



```
int main()
{
    int i, j, n;
    for (i=1; i<=n; i++) {
        for (j=i; j<=n; j++) {
            printf (" ");
        }
        printf ("\n");
        for (j=2; j<=i; j++) {
            printf ("%d", j);
        }
        printf ("\n");
    }
}
```



```
int main()
{
    int i, j, n;
    for (i=1; i<=n; i++) {
        for (j=i; j<=n; j++) {
            printf ("%d", j);
        }
        printf ("\n");
    }
}
```

3

printf ("\n");

3

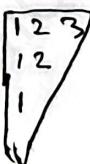
for (i=n; i>=1; i--) {

for (j=1; j<=i; j++) {

printf ("%d")

3

printf ("\n")



X

```
for(i=1; i<=n; i++) {  
    for(j=1; j<=n; i++) {  
        if(i+j==1 || j==n-i+1) {  
            printf("x");  
        } else  
            printf("n");  
    }  
}
```

T

N

H

Y

```
if((i>n/2+1 && j==n/2+1) || (j<n/2+1 && (i==j || j==n-i+1)))
```

mid syllabus 2

① Error connection, semantic error

② identify → valid / invalid

i, no digit at first

ii, no special character, except ":"

iii, no keyword

int x int r

③ Operator

① precedence + associativity

② output

$$x = 6, y = 7$$

$$\text{int } a = 12 * 5 / x++ * y-- \text{ if } (x > 5)$$

$$= 60 / 6 * 7 \text{ Post } T$$

$$= 10 * 7 \text{ Post } T$$

$$= 70 \text{ Post } T$$

$$= T \text{ Post } T$$

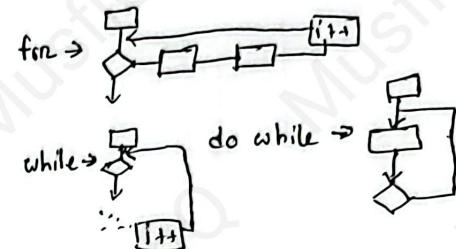
= (1) if float then, 1.00...

⑧ 2D Array

① manual trass

⑨ Flowchart

① series



1st

$$n = x++$$

$$m = y--$$

Post the pre

$$\# \text{int } a = \frac{x++ * -y * y++}{2} * ++x$$

$$= \frac{6 * -7 * 7 * + + 8}{2}$$

$$= 6 * 7 * 7 * 8$$

$$= 42 * 56$$

④ Condition

① conversion ↗ ① if — independent (True 2nd next condition chk করাব না)

② Output

② else if

③ else

④ switch

⑤ conversion

if(a>5) {

" " ;
if(c<5) {

" " ;

switch() {

case 1:

case 2:

:

⑥ Array

① WAP → aggregate function

② manual trassing

⑦ Pattern

→ A A

▽ ▽

→ M

T

⑤ Loop

① for

② while

③ do while

④ conversion

⑤ Output + manual trass

→ X, Y, M, N, T, I (if condition handle)