

Sass @import and Partials

Sass keeps the CSS code DRY (Don't Repeat Yourself). One way to write DRY code is to keep related code in separate files.

You can create small files with CSS snippets to include in other Sass files. Examples of such files can be: reset file, variables, colors, fonts, font-sizes, etc.

Sass Importing Files

Just like CSS, Sass also supports the `@import` directive.

The `@import` directive allows you to include the content of one file in another.

Sass Import Syntax:

```
@import filename;
```

You can import as many files as you need in the main file:

```
Example:
@import "variables";
@import "colors";
@import "reset";
```

Sass Partials

By default, Sass transpiles all the .scss files directly. However, when you want to import a file, you do not need the file to be transpiled directly.

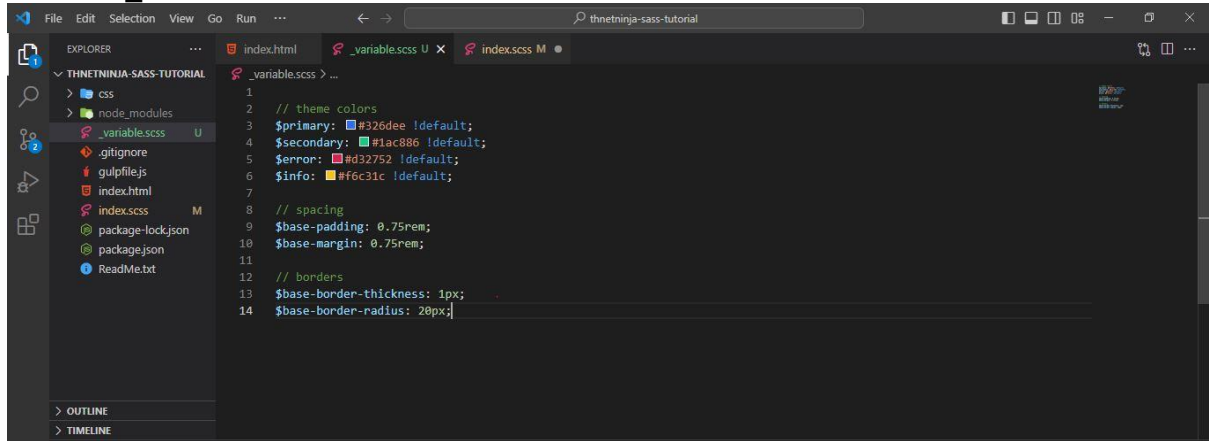
Sass has a mechanism for this: If you start the filename with an underscore, Sass will not transpile it. Files named this way are called partials in Sass.

So, a partial Sass file is named with a leading underscore:

Sass Partial Syntax:

```
_filename;
```

Create _variable.scss file



Import file in index.scss file

