Assignment-6

```
1. # include < Stdio. h>
  Void main ()
  int array [10], Sumloc, Proloc;
  înt i, j, z, k, num, temp, keynum;
  int low, mid, high;
  Printf ("Enter the value of Sort \n");
 Scanf ("1.d", & num);
 Printf (" Enter the elements \n");
 for (i=0, iznum; i++)
 Scanf ("1.d", & array [i]);
 Printf ("Input array elements \n");
 for (i=0, iz num; i++)
 Printf ("%d \n", array [i]);
  3
  for (i=0; iz num, i++)
  for (j=0; j < (num -i-1); j++)
  9
  if (array [i] Larray [i+1])
```

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temp = array [j];
array [j] = array [j+1];
array [j+1] = temp;
Printf ("The Sorted array \n");
for (i=0; iznum; i++)
Printf ("1.d \n", array [i]);
Printf ("Enter the element that need to be Searched \n");
Scanf ("%d", & keynum);
low = 1;
high = num;
mid = (low + high)\2;
if (keynum > arroy [mid])
 high = mid - 1;
 else if (keynum > array [mid])
 low = mid +1;
```

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While (Keynum! = array [mid] && low < = high);
if (keynum = = array [mid])
Printf ("Search Successful and "I.d found at location" I.d
                                  \n", keynum, mid+1);
else
Printf ("Search failed \n");
      ("Enter the location in the Sorted array \n");
Sconf ("%d", & Z, & K);
Z - - ;
K - -i
for (i=o;iLnum;i++)
Sumloc = array [z] + array [k];
Proloc = array [z] * array [K];
 Printf ("In sum of the locations is "d," sumloc);
 Printf (" In Product of the locations is ".d," Proloc);
 4
```

```
Output
 Enter the Value of Sort
 4
Enter the elements
l
2
3
4
The Sorted Array
4
3
2
Enter the element that needed to be Searched
3
Search Successful 3 is found at location 2
Enter the location in the Sorted array
2
3
Sum of the Location is 5
product of the location is 6
```

```
2. # include & Stdio. h>
   Void mergesort (înt array [], înti, întj);
  Void merge (int array (], intil, intil, inti2, inti2);
  Void main ()
  int array [30], n, i, K;
   Printf (" Enter the Value of Sort");
  Scanf ("1/d", &n);
  Printf ("Enter the values in array");
  for (i=0; izn; i++)
  Scanf ("/d", & array [i]);
  mergesort (array, 0, n-1);
  printf ("In Sorted array is");
  for (i=0; izn; i++)
  printf ("%d", array (i));
  int prod b=1, prodl=1;
  printf ("In Enter the value of K");
  Scanf ("1.d", & K);
  K = K-1;
  for (i=0; i <= K; i++)
```

```
Prodb = prod * array [i];
for (i=n-1; i >= K; i--)
Prod = prod (i);
Printf ("In the product from Start is Equal to ",d,"
                                                Prodb);
Printf ("In the product from last is equal to "!d",
                                                prodl);
3
Void mergesort (int array [], inti, inti)
4
int mid;
if (i4i)
mid = (itj)/2;
merge sort (array, i, mid);
merge sort (array, mid+1,j);
merge (arroy, î, mid, mid+1, j);
void merge (int array [], intil, intil, intil, intil, intil)
int temp [50];
```

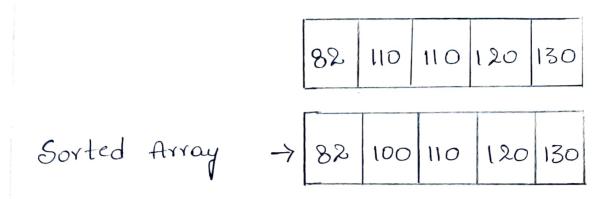
```
int 1, j, K;
1 = 11;
رُ ع لُ= لُ
K = O_j
While (iz=j, && jz=j2)
if (array [i] L array [j])
temp (k++) = array [i++];
else
temp [k++] = array [j++];
While (iz=ji)
temp (K++) = array (i++);
While (jz=j2)
temp (K++] = array [j++];
for (i=i1,j=0; i <=j2; i++,j++)
array [i] = temp[j];
Z
Output:
Enter the Value of Sort 4
Enter the value in the array
 4
```

3. Insertion Sort

Insertion Sort in C is a Simple and efficient algorithm, that Creates the final Sorted array one element at a time. Insertion Sort works in a Similar manner as we arrange a deck of Cards. Similar manner as we arrange a deck of this algorithm Average & wrost - Case Complexity of this algorithm is o (n2). Insertion Sort is not good for large data Sets.

Eg: Initial Array

120	(28)	110	130	100
120	120	110	130	100
82	120	(10)	130	100
82	120	120	130	100
82	110	120	30	100
82	110	120	130	(100



Selection Sort

In Selection Sort, the Smallest element is exchanged with the first element of the unsorted list of elements. Then the Second Smallest element is exchanged with the Second element of the unsorted list of elements and so on until all the elements are sorted.

Average & wrost - case Complexity of this algorithm is $o(n^2)$

5 11 8 3 4

Scan 5, Smallest 3

Exchange

3 11 8 5 4

Scan 11, Smallest 4

Exchange

```
11
                        Exchange
                   5
                         8
                         1
Smallest - exchange
     3
          4
                 5
                        8
                                11
4. # include & stdiooh>
  int main ()
  int array [100], n, c, d, i, m, swap, sumo=0, proo=1;
  Printf ("Enter the elements (n");
  Scanf ("%d", &n);
  Printf ("Enter %d Integers In", n);
  for (c=0; c < n; c++)
  Scanf ("1.d", & array [c]);
  for (c=0; c < n-1; c++)
  5
  for (d=0; d cn-(-1; d++)
```

```
if (array [d] L array [d+1])
Swap = array (d);
array [d] = array (d+1);
array (d+1) = Swap;
Printf ("Sorted Array in Ascending Order In");
for (c=0; czn; c++)
Printf (".l.d \n", array (c));
Printf ("The Alternative Series is");
for (1=0, 12n, 1++);
if (i4.2 ==0)
Printf ("1.d", arroy [i]);
4
for (1=0; 12n; 1++)
if (i1.2!=0)
```

```
Sumo = Sumo + array [i];
else
Pro = proo * array (i);
Printf ("In sum in odd positions is %d," sum o);
Printf ("In Product in even position "l.d," proo);
Printf ("In Enter the Value");
Scanf ("1.d", &m);
for ( =0; izn; i++)
if (array [i] % m ==0)
Printf ("1.d," array [i]);
```

```
Output
Enter the elements 4
Enter 4 Integers
4
3
2
Sorted Array in Ascending order
1
2
3
4
The Alternative Series is 13
Sum in ODD postions is 4
product in Even position is 8
Enter the Value
2
2 4
```

```
5. # include 2 Stdio. h>
   #include & Stlib. h>
   int Binary Search (intarr [], int num, int first,
                                       intlast)
  if (first > last)
  Printf ("Number you have entered is not found");
   યુ
  else
  {
  int mid;
  mid = (first +last)/2;
  if (arr [mid] = = num)
  Printf ("Element you have asked for is found at index
                                          ol. d, "mid);
  exit (0);
  else if (arr [mid] > num)
   J
   Binary Search (arr, num, first, mid-1);
```

```
else
Binary Search (arr, num, mid+1, last);
3 3 3
int main ()
Int arr () = {100, 130, 150, 170, 110};
int num = 130;
int first = 0, last = (Size of (arr) \ Size of (arr (0))-1;
Binary Search (arr, num, first, last);
Output
Element you have asked for is found at Index 2
```