Thapar Institute of Eng. & Technology ECED Department

RAILWAY RESERVATION SYSTEM

Submitted by:

Devanshi Arora(102015029 Muskan Arora(102015040) Ritika Godara (102065011)

Submitted to:

Dr. Satnam Kaur



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PROBLEM STATEMENT

Developing a railway reservation system to effectively manage aspects such as:

- Records for Train schedule.
- Managing passenger records.
- Tracking routes of the trains.
- Records of platform number and station.

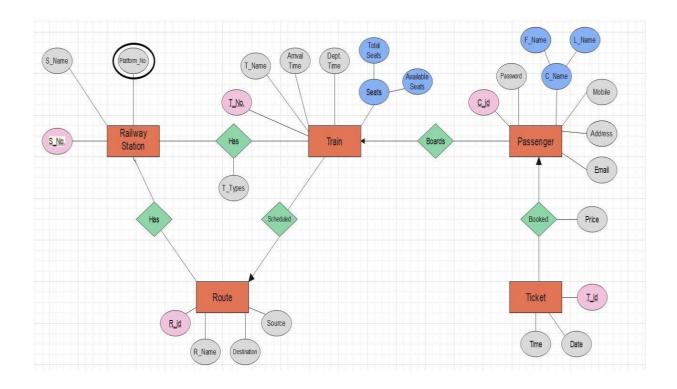
Overview

Organizations such as railways deal with a lot of passengers regularly and hence a lot of data. Hence, it is very important for railways to have a database that manages train timing, platform, station, routes etc.

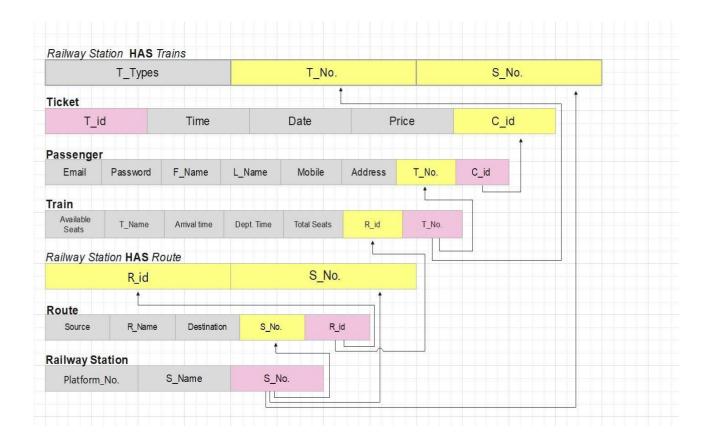
Functional Requirements

- All passengers to view train timings.
- Avoid clash of route of trains.
- Ticket booked by passengers.
- If train is delayed.
- If passenger boards the train or not.
- Train is on scheduled time.
- If accommodation is present or not in a particular tra

ER DIAGRAM



ER TO TABLE



NORMALIZATION

1. Railway Station Has Trains: -

T_types	T_No.	S_No.
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 $R = (\underline{T} \ No., \underline{S} \ No., \underline{T} \ types)$

FDs:

a) T No., S No. -> T types

Table is in 1NF since all attributes are atomic.

Table is in 2NF since there is no partial dependency.

Table is in 3NF due to absence of any transitive dependency.

2. Ticket: -

T_id	Time	Date	Price	C_id
-				_

 $R = (\underline{T} id., \underline{C}id., Time, Date, Price)$

FDs:

- a) T id -> Time
- b) T id -> Date
- c) T_id -> Price

Table is not in 1NF since all attributes are not atomic.

T_id	Time	Date	Price
T_id		C_id	

Now table is in 1NF.

Table is in 2NF since there is no partial dependency.

Table is in 3NF due to absence of any transitive dependency.

3. Passenger: -



 $R = (\underline{T} id., \underline{C} id., Time, Date, Price)$

FDs:

- a) C id -> Email
- b) C_id -> Password
- c) C_id -> F_Name
- d) C id -> L Name
- e) C id -> Mobile
- f) C_id -> Address

Table is not in 1NF since all attributes are not atomic

C_id				T_No.		
			•			
Email	Password	F_Name	L_Name	Mobile	Address	C_id

Now table is in 1NF.

Table is in 2NF since there is no partial dependency.

Table is in 3NF due to absence of any transitive dependency.

4. Train: -

Available	T_Name	Arrival_time	Dept_time	Total	R_id	T_No.
Seats				Seats		

Table is in 1NF since all attributes are atomic (because it has one to one relation unlike table above).

Table is in 2NF since there is no partial dependency.

Table is in 3NF due to absence of any transitive dependency.

5. Route: -

Source	R_Name	Destination	R_id
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6. Railway Station Has Routes: -

S_No. R_id

Table is in 1NF since all attributes are atomic (because it has one to one relation unlike table above).

Table is in 2NF since there is no partial dependency.

Table is in 3NF due to absence of any transitive dependency.

7. Railway_Station: -

Platform_No	S_No
S_Name	S_No

SQL CODE

Select * from Passenger

```
Create table Ticket(
T id number,
Tim timestamp,
Dat date,
Price number,
C_id number);
INSERT ALL
INTO Ticket VALUES(2819542664, '22-Oct-2022 09:15:00', '22-Oct-2022', 186, 11741)
INTO Ticket VALUES(2819542612,'14-Sep-2021 10:45:00','14-Sep-2021',125, 11248)
INTO Ticket VALUES(2819542687,'26-Apr-2021 10:10:55','26-Apr-2021', 550, 11875)
INTO Ticket VALUES(2819542655, '10-Aug-2021 03:40:21', '10-Aug-2021', 240, 11657)
INTO Ticket VALUES(2819542694,'07-Mar-2021 01:57:43','07-Mar-2021',605,11432)
SELECT 1 FROM DUAL:
Select * from Ticket
Create table Passenger(
Email varchar(200),
Pass varchar(200),
F Name varchar(200),
L Name varchar(200),
Mobile number,
Address varchar(200),
T No number,
C id number);
INSERT ALL
INTO Passenger VALUES('ybansal@gmail.com', '****', 'Yash', 'Bansal', 123456789, 'Faridabad',
12926,11248)
INTO Passenger VALUES('ayadav@yahoo.in','****', 'Arvind','Yadav',234567891,'Bhatinda',
12013,11432)
INTO Passenger VALUES('rsingh@gmail.com', '****',
'Rajat', 'Singh', 345678921, 'Hyderabad', 22429, 11741)
INTO Passenger VALUES('pchauhan@gmail.com','****',
'Puneet', 'Chauhan', 456789312, 'Mumbai', 12497, 11875)
INTO Passenger VALUES('hmalhotra@gmail.com', '****',
'Harshit','Malhotra',567894231,'Jaipur',20807,11657)
SELECT 1 FROM DUAL;
```

Create table Train(
AvailableSeats number,
T_Name varchar(200),
ArrivalTime timestamp,
DepartureTime timestamp,
TotalSeats number,
R_id number,
T_No number);

INSERT ALL

INTO Train VALUES(823, 'ASR SHTBDI EXP', '10-Jan-2021 07:20:00', '10-Jan-2021 01:30:30', 1000, 843, 22429)

INTO Train VALUES(060, 'AII ASR EXP', '10-Jan-2021 8:05:05', '11-Jan-2021 12:35:35', 500, 321, 12926)
INTO Train VALUES(005, 'PASCHIM EXP', '10-Jan-2021 11:30:00', '10-Jan-2021 02:30:30', 500, 654, 12497)
INTO Train VALUES(081, 'MEWAR EXP', '10-Jan-2021 07:20:00', '10-Jan-2021 1:30:30', 250, 784, 20807)
INTO Train VALUES(450, 'HEMKUNT EXP', '10-Jan-2021 5:20:20', '10-Jan-2021 9:58:58', 1000, 591, 12013)
SELECT 1 FROM DUAL;

Select * from Train

Create table Route(
Source varchar(200),
R_Name varchar(200),
Destination varchar(200),
S_No number,
R id number);

INSERT ALL

INTO Route VALUES('Jaipur','JPJUC','Jalandhar',31,321)
INTO Route VALUES('Kota', 'KOTAUDZ', 'Udaipur', 43,784)
INTO Route VALUES('Rishikesh','RKSHCDG','Chandigarh',54,591)
INTO Route VALUES('Amritsar', 'ASRNDLS', 'New Delhi',28,843)
INTO Route VALUES('Mumbai','MMCT','Ambala',62,654)
SELECT 1 FROM DUAL;

Select * from Route

Create table RailwayStation(
Platform_No number,
S_Name varchar(200),
S No number);

INSERT ALL

INTO RailwayStation VALUES(3,'Rishikesh',54) INTO RailwayStation VALUES(6,'Amritsar',28) INTO RailwayStation VALUES(2,'Mumbai',62) INTO RailwayStation VALUES(5,'Kota',43) INTO RailwayStation VALUES(1,'Jaipur',31)

Select * from RailwayStation

Create table HasRoute(
R_id number,
S No number);

SELECT 1 FROM DUAL

INSERT ALL

INTO HasRoute VALUES(654,62)

INTO HasRoute VALUES(591,54)

INTO HasRoute VALUES(321,31)

INTO HasRoute VALUES(843,28)

INTO HasRoute VALUES(784,43)

SELECT 1 FROM DUAL;

Select * from HasRoute

Create table HasTrain(

T Types varchar(200),

T No number,

S_No number);

INSERT ALL

INTO HasTrain VALUES('Express',22429,28)

INTO HasTrain VALUES('Express',20807,43)

INTO HasTrain VALUES('Express',12926,31)

INTO HasTrain VALUES('Express',12497,62)

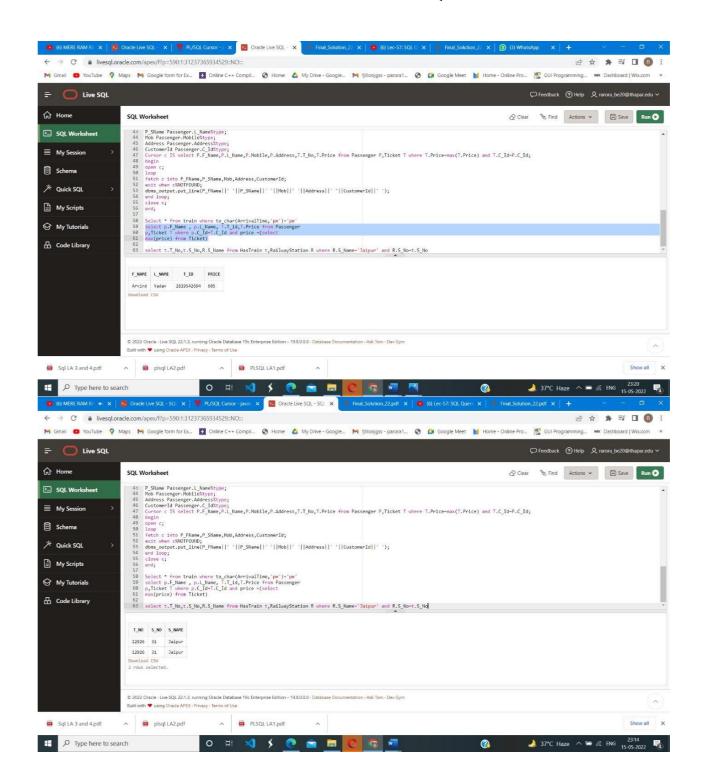
INTO HasTrain VALUES('Express',12013,54)

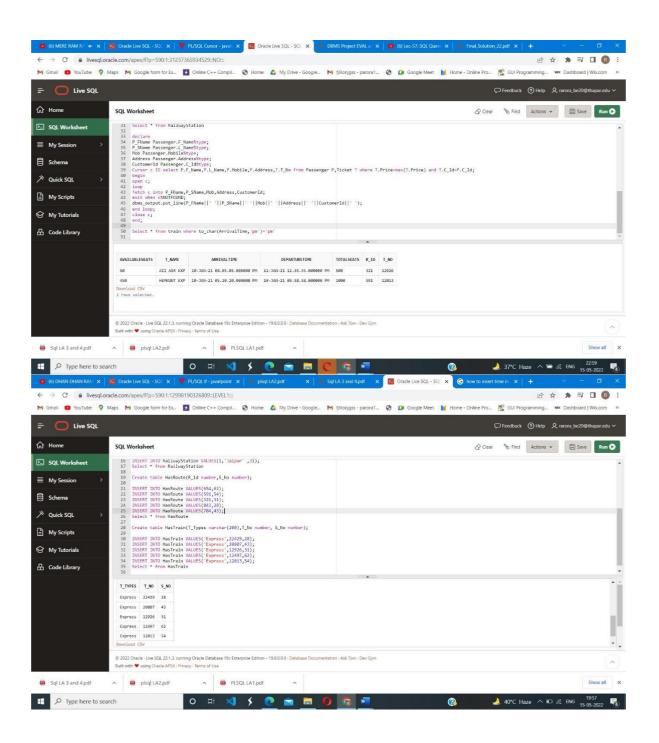
SELECT 1 FROM DUAL;

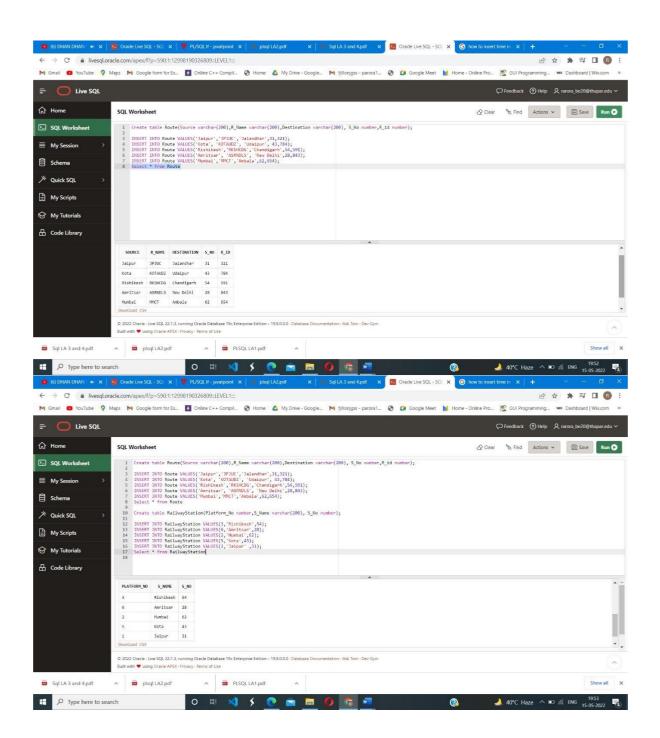
Select * from HasTrain

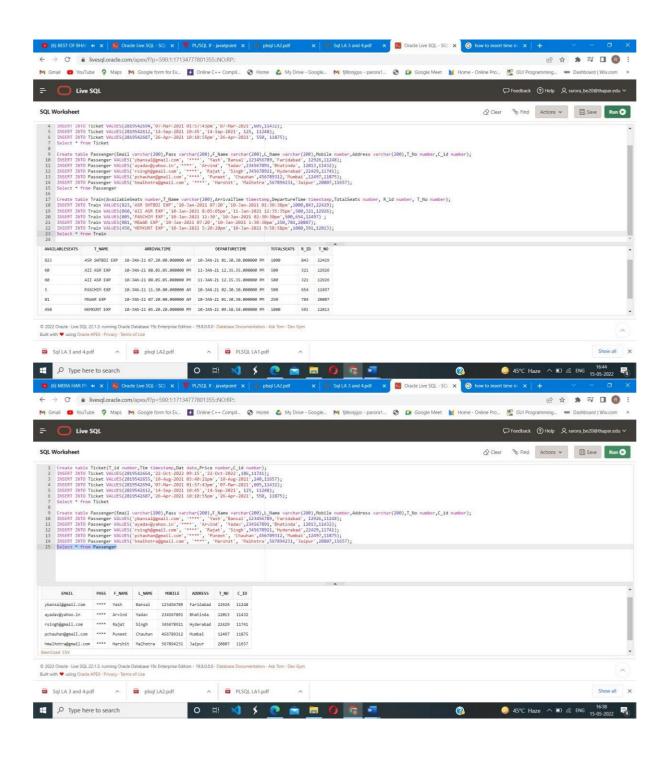
- --Query to display details of train which arrive in evening at the station Select * from train where to_char(ArrivalTime,'pm')='pm'
- --Query to display details of passenger who has taken highest Fair Ticket select p.F_Name , p.L_Name, T.T_id,T.Price from Passenger p,Ticket T where p.C_Id=T.C_Id and price =(select max(price) from Ticket)
- --Query to display train no whose station is Jaipur select t.T_No,t.S_No,R.S_Name from HasTrain t,RailwayStation R where R.S_Name='Jaipur' and R.S_No=t.S_No

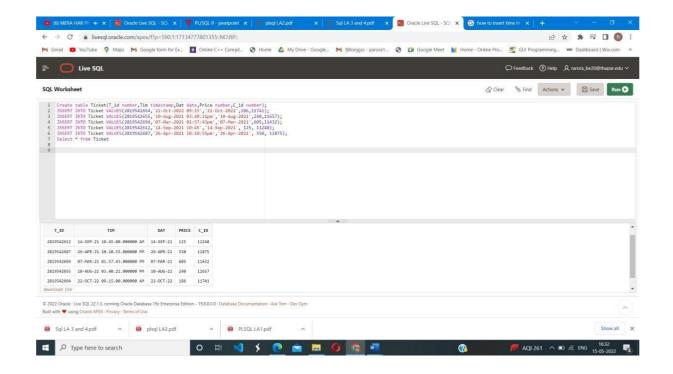
OUTPUT SCREENSHOTS OF SQL CODE











PL/SQL CODE

```
-- To display details of passenger
declare
P FName Passenger.F Name%type;
P SName Passenger.L Name%type;
Mob Passenger.Mobile%type;
Address Passenger.Address%type;
Cursor c IS select F Name, L Name, Mobile, Address from Passenger;
begin
open c;
loop fetch c into P_FName,P_SName,Mob,Address;
exit when c%NOTFOUND; dbms_output.put_line(P_FName||''||P_SName||''||Mob||''||Address);
end loop;
close c;
end;
-- To display the details of passenger whose train is in evening
declare
P FName Passenger.F Name%type;
P_SName Passenger.L_Name%type;
Mob Passenger. Mobile % type;
Address Passenger.Address%type;
TrainNo Passenger.T_No%type;
Cursor c IS select P.F Name, P.L Name, P.Mobile, P.Address, T.T No from Passenger P, Train T where
to char(T.ArrivalTime,'pm')='pm' and T.T No=P.T No;
begin open c;
loop fetch c into P FName, P SName, Mob, Address, TrainNo; exit when c%NOTFOUND;
dbms_output.put_line(P_FName||''||P_SName||''||Mob||''||Address||''||TrainNo||'');
end loop;
close c;
end;
-- To display the details of passenger whose has taken highest fair ticket
declare
P FName Passenger.F Name%type;
P_SName Passenger.L_Name%type;
Mob Passenger. Mobile % type;
Address Passenger.Address%type;
CustomerId Passenger.C Id%type;
Cursor c IS select P.F_Name, P.L_Name, P.Mobile, P.Address, T.C_Id from Passenger P, Ticket T where
Price=(select max(Price) from Ticket) and T.C Id=P.C Id;
begin open c;
loop fetch c into P_FName,P_SName,Mob,Address,CustomerId; exit when c%NOTFOUND;
dbms_output.put_line(P_FName||''||P_SName||''||Mob||''||Address||''||CustomerId||'');
end loop;
close c;
end;
```

OUTPUT SCREENSHOTS OF PLSQL CODE

