

Q Develop a java program that prints all the real solutions to the quadratic equation $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$. Read in a, b, c and use the quadratic formula. If the discriminant $b^2 - 4ac$ is negative, display a message stating that there are not real solutions.

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
class quadratic.
```

```
{
```

```
    public static void main (String args []) {
```

```
        double root1=0, root2=0;
```

```
        Scanner ss = new Scanner (System.in);
```

```
        System.out.print ("Enter the value of a in  
                            $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$  : ");
```

```
        double a = ss.nextDouble();
```

```
        System.out.print ("Enter the value of b in  
                            $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$  : ");
```

```
        double b = ss.nextDouble();
```

```
        System.out.print ("Enter the value of c in  $ax^2 + bx + c$   
                            $= 0$  : ");
```

```
        double C = ss.nextDouble();
```

```
        double denominator = 2*a;
```

```
        double D = (b*b) - 4*a*C;
```

```
        if (D > 0)
```

```
        {
```

```
            System.out.println ("The solutions are real and  
                                distinct");
```

```
            root1 = ((-b + Math.sqrt(D)) / denominator);
```

```
            root2 = ((-b - Math.sqrt(D)) / denominator);
```

```
            System.out.println ("Roots are " + root1 + " " + root2);
```



```

{

```

```

else if (D==0)
{

```

```

System.out.println("The solutions are real and equal");

```

```

root1 = root2 = -b / denominator;

```

```

System.out.println("Roots are " + root1 + " and " + root2);

```

```

}

```

```

else {

```

```

System.out.println("Equation has no real solutions");

```

```

}

```

```

}

```

OUTPUT

Enter the coefficient of a of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$: 15

Enter the coefficient of b of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$: 68

Enter the coefficient of c of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$: 3

The solutions are real and distinct

Roots are -0.04455558333472335 -4.488777774999861

Enter the coefficient of a of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$: 1

Enter the coefficient of b of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$: -3

Enter the coefficient of c of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$: 4

Equation has no real solution

Enter the coefficient of a of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$: 4

Enter the coefficient of b of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$: 4

Enter the coefficient of c of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$: 1

The solutions are real and equal

Roots are -0.5 and -0.5



ALGORITHM:-

Step 1: Input A, B, C values of equation $Ax^2 + Bx + C$

Step 2: SET ~~Denominator~~ $= 2a$ & $D = b^2 - 4ac$

Step 3: If $D > 0$, print Real solutions and discrete
root 1 = $-b + \sqrt{D}/2a$
root 2 = $-b - \sqrt{D}/2a$

Step 4: If $D = 0$, print Solution real and equal
root 1 = root 2 = $-b/2a$

Step 5: else print & No real solution

Step 6: END