

Output:-

Area = 200 m² // SOP in PSVM

Volume = 6000 m³

Expt. No. _____

→ WAP to show working of inheritance.

Class Room

{

int l;

int b;

Room(int x, int y)

{

l = x;

b = y;

y

int area()

return (l * b);

y

Class Bedroom() extends Room

{

int height;

Bedroom(int x, int y, int z)

{

super(x,y);

height = z;

y

int volume()

{

return (l * b * h)

y

y

class init()

{

public static void main(String args[])

{

BedRoom B = new BedRoom (10, 20, 30);

int area = B.area();

int volume = B.volume();

System.out.print (area);

System.out.println (volume);

{

{

Output:-

(Out)
Output is: 300

Expt. No.

→ WAP to show working of constructor.

class Box {

 double width;

 double height;

 double depth;

}

Box(double w, double h, double d)

{

 width = w;

 height = h;

 depth = d;

}

 double volume()

{

 return (width * height * depth)

}

class BoxDemo

{

 PSVM

{

 Box mybox1 = new Box(10, 20, 15);

 vol = mybox1.volume();

y

y

Output

NO parameters

$$a = 10$$

$$a = 10, b = 20$$

$$\text{result} = 123.25$$

d) WAP to show working of overloading

class OverloadDemo

{

void test()

{

System.out.println("NO parameters");
 y

void test(int a)

{

System.out.println("a");
 y

void test(int a, int b)

{

System.out.println("a,b")
 y

double test(double a)

{

System.out.println("double a")

return (a*a);

y y

class Overload {

 svm

OverloadDemo ob = new OverloadDemo();

double result();

{

 ob.test()

 ob.test(10);

 ob.test(10, 20);

 result = ob.test(123.25);

 System.out.println("result = ", result);

y y y

Teacher's Signature _____

Output:-

3 Calling the overriding function
in B^{class} hence print the
value of C.

Q) WAP to showcase working of overriding

Class A

{

int (i, j);

A (int a, int b)

{

i = a;

j = b;

g

void show()

{

System.out.print (i, j);

Class D extends A {

int k;

B (int a, int b, int c)

{

super (a, b);

k = c; g

void show()

{

System.out.println(k);

Class override

{

PSVM {

B subb = new B (1, 2, 3);

subb.show()

g

g

Output:-

inside A's call-me method

// r=a
r.call me()

inside B's call-me method

// r=b
r.call me()

inside C's callme method

r=c
r.call me()

Q) WAP to show working of dynamic method dispatch.

Class A

{

void callme

{

S.O.P (inside A's call-me method)

yy

Class B extends A

{

void callme

{

S.O.P (inside B's call me method) yy

Class C extends A

{

void callme

{

S.O.P (inside C's callme method)

y

y

Class Dispatch {

PSVM {

A a = new A();

B b = new B();

C c = new C();

A a;

a = a;

a.callme();

A b;

b.callme();

b = c

c.callme(); yy

Output:-

B is implementation of call me 11 b. call me

This is a concrete method 11 b. call me too

⇒ WAP to show working of Abstract class.

abstract class A

{

abstract void callme();

void callme too();

{

sop ("This is a concrete method")

y

class B extends A

{

void call me()

{

sop ("B is implementation of callme");

y y

class Abstract Demo

{

PSUM

{

B b = new B();

b. callme();

b. (callme too());

y

y

Output :-

Caught inside demoBlock //try in PSVM
Recought demo //SOP

Q) WAP to show working of try-catch using throw.

User ThrowDemo

{

Static void DemoProc()

{

try {

throw (new NullPointerException ("demo"));
 ^

catch (NullPointerException e)

{

SOP ("Caught inside DemoProc");
 throw e;

 ^ ^

PSVM

{

try {

DemoProc();

 ^

Catch (NullPointerException e)

 ^

S.O.P ("Recought" + e);

 ^ ^

Output :-

Inside throw one

11. PSVM

→ WAP to show working of trycatch using throws.

class ThrowsDemo

{

 static void throwone () throws IllegalAccessException

{

 System.out.println("Inside throw one");

 throw new IllegalAccessException ("demo");

y

 public static void main (String args [])

{

 throwone();

y

y

Output:-

ProcA is finally
exception caught

|| finally
|| try.

Inside Proc B

|| Proc B in PSVM

Inside Proc C

|| Proc C in PSVM

Q) WAP to show working of try-catch using finally.

class FinallyDemo

{

 static void procA()

{

 try {

 S.O.P("Inside Proc A");

 throw new Runtime Exception("Demo");

 }

 Finally {

 S.O.P("ProcA is finally");

 }

 static void procB()

{

 try {

 S.O.P("Inside Proc B");

 finally {

 S.O.P("Inside Proc B")

 }

 }

 static void procC()

{

 S.O.P("Inside Proc C")

 }

PSVM

{

 try {

Proc A();

γ
 catch (Exception e);

ϵ
 SOP ("exception caught");

γ

 Proc B();

 Proc C();

γ

γ

Output:-

My exception a= 1
caught a

Normal exit

|| a > 10

Expt. No. _____

Java Build-In-Exception

WAP to create your own exception

Class MyException extends Exception

{

private int detail;

MyException (int a)

{

detail = a;

}

public String toString()

{

return "MyException (" + detail + ")";

}

}

Class ExceptionDemo

{

Static void compute (int a) throws MyException

{

System.out.println ("Called compute (" + a + ")");

if (a > 10)

throw new MyException (a);

System.out.println ("Normal Exit");

}

PSVM

{

try

{

```
compute(1);
compute(20);
}
catch (MyException e)
{
    System.out.println("Caught " + e);
}
```

Output :-

Main Thread
Current Thread

Main Thread
current thread

Main Thread
current Thread

Main Thread
current thread

Main Thread
current Thread.

→ WAP to show the working of Multithreading

class CurrentThread Demo

{

PSVM

Thread t = Thread.currentThread();

System.out.println("Current Thread" + t);

t.setName("mythread");

System.out.println("After name change" + t);

try

{

for (int n=5; n>0; n--)

{

System.out.println(n);

Thread.sleep(1000)

y

y

catch (InterruptedException e)

{

System.out.println("main thread interrupted")

y

y

y