



## ☰ Objective

Build a CLI-based background job queue system called `queuectl`.

This system should manage background jobs with worker processes, handle retries using exponential backoff, and maintain a Dead Letter Queue (DLQ) for permanently failed jobs.

### ☰ Problem Overview

You need to implement a minimal, production-grade job queue system that supports:

Enqueuing and managing background jobs

Running multiple worker processes

Retrying failed jobs automatically with exponential backoff

Moving jobs to a Dead Letter Queue after exhausting retries

Persistent job storage across restarts

All operations accessible through a CLI interface

### ☰ Job Specification

Each job must contain at least the following fields:

```
{  
  "id": "unique-job-id",  
  "command": "echo 'Hello World'",  
  "state": "pending",  
  "attempts": 0,  
  "max_retries": 3,  
  "created_at": "2025-11-04T10:30:00Z",  
  "updated_at": "2025-11-04T10:30:00Z"  
}
```

### ☰ Job Lifecycle

StateDescription  
pendingWaiting to be picked up by a worker  
processingCurrently being executed  
completedSuccessfully executed  
failedFailed, but retryable  
deadPermanently failed (moved to DLQ)

### ☰ CLI Commands

Your tool must support the following commands:

Category	Command	Example	Description
Queue	<code>queuectl enqueue</code>	'{"id":"job1","command":"sleep 2"}'	Add a new job to the queue
Workers	<code>queuectl worker start --count 3</code>	Start one or more workers	Start one or more workers
Workers	<code>queuectl worker stop</code>	Stop running workers	Stop running workers
Jobs	<code>queuectl status</code>	Show summary of all job states & active workers	Show summary of all job states & active workers
Jobs	<code>queuectl list --state pending</code>	List jobs by state	List jobs by state
DLQ	<code>queuectl dlq list / queuectl dlq retry job1</code>	View or retry DLQ jobs	View or retry DLQ jobs
Config	<code>queuectl config set max-retries 3</code>	Manage configuration (retry, backoff, etc.)	Manage configuration (retry, backoff, etc.)

Job Execution  
Each worker must execute the specified command (e.g. sleep 2, echo hello, etc.)

Exit codes should determine success or failure.

Commands that fail or are not found should trigger retries.

Retry & Backoff Failed jobs retry automatically.

Implement exponential backoff:

delay = base ^ attempts seconds

Move to DLQ after max\_retries.

Persistence Job data must persist across restarts.

Use file storage (JSON) or SQLite/embedded DB or anything which you think is best for this usecase.

Worker Management Multiple workers can process jobs in parallel.

Prevent duplicate processing (locking required).

Implement graceful shutdown (finish current job before exit).

Configuration Allow configurable retry count and backoff base via CLI.

#### Expected Test Scenarios

Candidates are expected to ensure the following:

Basic job completes successfully.

Failed job retries with backoff and moves to DLQ.

Multiple workers process jobs without overlap.

Invalid commands fail gracefully.

Job data survives restart.

#### Must-Have Deliverables

Your submission must include:

- ✓ Working CLI application (queuectl)
- ✓ Persistent job storage
- ✓ Multiple worker support
- ✓ Retry mechanism with exponential backoff
- ✓ Dead Letter Queue
- ✓ Configuration management
- ✓ Clean CLI interface (commands & help texts)
- ✓ Comprehensive [README.md](#)
- ✓ Code structured with clear separation of concerns
- ✓ At least minimal testing or script to validate core flows

#### README Expectations

Your [README.md](#) should cover:

Setup Instructions — How to run locally

Usage Examples — CLI commands with example outputs

Architecture Overview — Job lifecycle, data persistence, worker logic

Assumptions & Trade-offs — Decisions made, any simplifications

Testing Instructions — How to verify functionality

#### Evaluation Criteria

Criteria Weight Description Functionality 40% Core features (enqueue, worker, retry, DLQ) Code

Quality 20% Structure, readability, maintainability Robustness 20% Handles edge cases and concurrency safely Documentation 10% Clear setup and usage

Instructions Testing 10% Demonstrates correctness and reliability

Bonus Features (Optional) Extra credit will be given for:

Job timeout handling  
Job priority queues  
Scheduled/delayed jobs (run\_at)  
Job output logging  
Metrics or execution stats  
Minimal web dashboard for monitoring, I WANT TO DO THIS IN JAVA  
YOUR TASK IS TO EXPLAIN THIS PROJECT MAKE ME A LLD AND HLD

Now I'll create comprehensive high-level and low-level design documentation for the queuectl background job queue system.

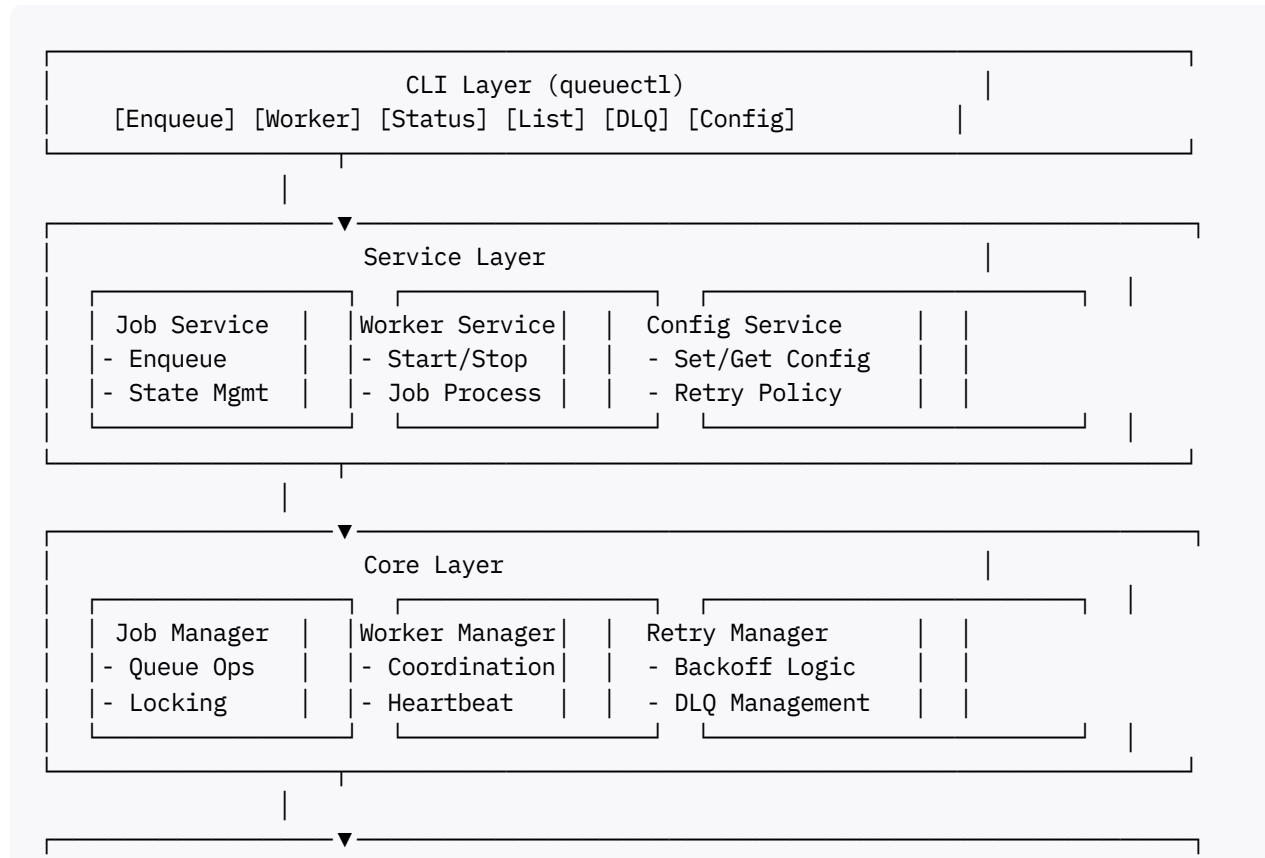
# QueueCTL: CLI-Based Background Job Queue System - Design Document

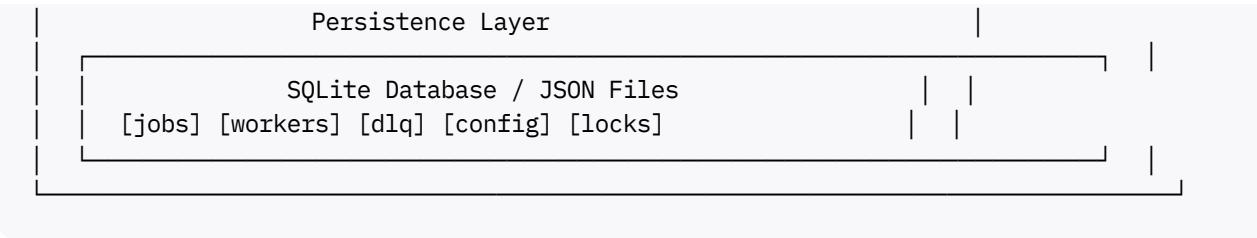
## High-Level Design (HLD)

### System Overview

QueueCTL is a production-grade, CLI-based job queue system that manages background task execution with multiple worker processes, automatic retry mechanisms using exponential backoff, and a Dead Letter Queue (DLQ) for handling permanently failed jobs. The system provides persistent storage across restarts and offers complete job lifecycle management through an intuitive command-line interface.<sup>[1]</sup> <sup>[2]</sup> <sup>[3]</sup> <sup>[4]</sup>

### Architecture Diagram





## Key Components

### 1. CLI Layer (CommandLine Interface)<sup>[3]</sup> <sup>[4]</sup>

- Built using Picocli framework for robust command parsing
- Handles user interactions and command routing
- Provides help text and command validation
- Subcommands: enqueue, worker, status, list, dlq, config

### 2. Service Layer

- **JobService**: Manages job enqueueing, state transitions, and retrieval
- **WorkerService**: Controls worker lifecycle (start/stop/status)
- **ConfigService**: Handles system configuration management
- **DLQService**: Manages Dead Letter Queue operations

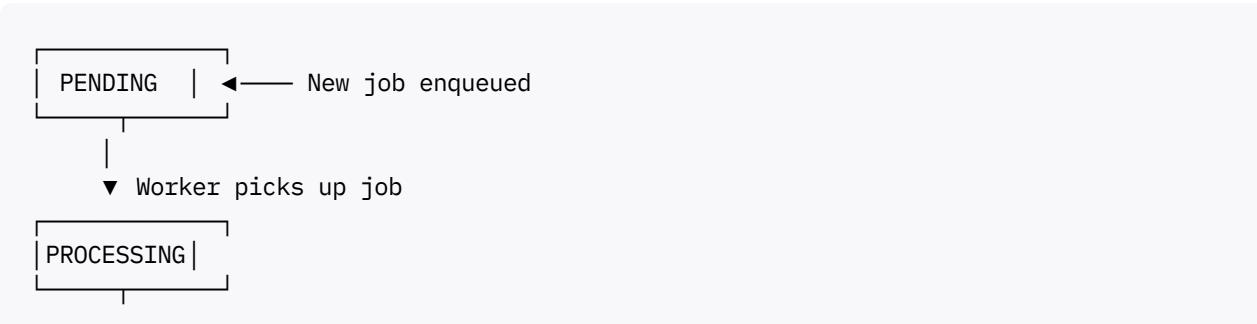
### 3. Core Layer<sup>[2]</sup> <sup>[1]</sup>

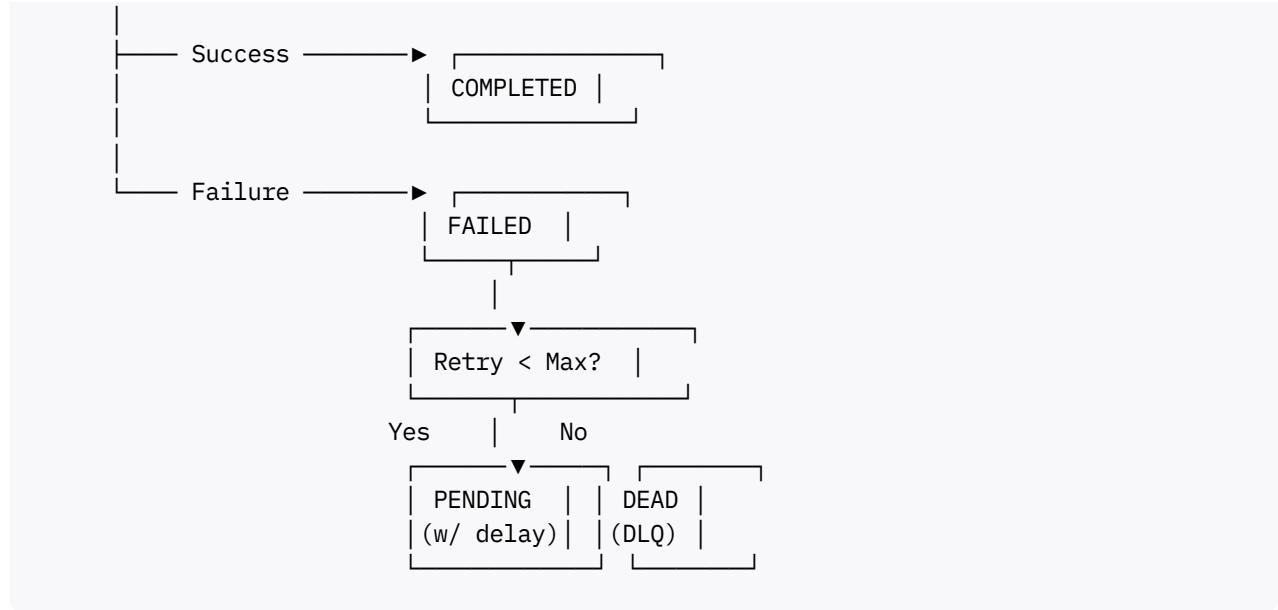
- **JobManager**: Central job queue operations and state management
- **WorkerManager**: Worker pool coordination and job assignment
- **RetryManager**: Implements exponential backoff and retry logic<sup>[5]</sup> <sup>[6]</sup>
- **LockManager**: Prevents duplicate job processing<sup>[7]</sup> <sup>[8]</sup>

### 4. Persistence Layer<sup>[9]</sup> <sup>[10]</sup>

- SQLite database for structured data storage
- Tables: jobs, workers, dlq\_jobs, config, job\_locks
- Ensures data survives application restarts
- Transaction management for data integrity

## Job Lifecycle





## Design Patterns Applied [\[11\]](#) [\[12\]](#) [\[13\]](#) [\[14\]](#)

### 1. Command Pattern

- Each CLI command encapsulates request as object
- Decouples command invocation from execution
- Enables queuing, logging, and undo operations

### 2. Worker Pattern [\[15\]](#) [\[16\]](#)

- Master-Worker architecture for parallel processing
- Multiple workers process jobs concurrently
- Worker pool managed by WorkerManager

### 3. Strategy Pattern

- Different retry strategies (exponential backoff)
- Configurable command execution strategies
- Pluggable persistence backends

### 4. Repository Pattern

- JobRepository, WorkerRepository, ConfigRepository
- Abstract data access layer
- Easy to switch persistence mechanisms

### 5. Observer Pattern

- Job state change notifications
- Worker status monitoring
- Event-driven architecture for logging

## Data Flow

### Job Enqueue Flow:

```
User → CLI → JobService → JobManager → JobRepository → SQLite  
↓  
Create Job Record  
State: PENDING
```

### Job Processing Flow: [1] [2]

```
Worker Thread → WorkerManager → JobManager → Acquire Lock  
↓  
Update State: PROCESSING  
↓  
Execute Command  
↓  
Success                      Failure  
↓                            ↓  
Update: COMPLETED         Calculate Backoff → Retry  
↓  
Max Retries? → DLQ (DEAD)
```

## Concurrency & Locking Strategy [8] [17] [7]

### 1. Job-Level Locking

- Pessimistic locking using database transactions
- SELECT FOR UPDATE prevents duplicate processing
- Lock acquired before state change to PROCESSING

### 2. Worker Coordination [16] [15]

- Each worker runs in separate thread
- Worker heartbeat mechanism for failure detection
- Graceful shutdown coordination via shutdown hooks [18] [19] [20]

### 3. File-Based Locking (Optional)

- FileLock for inter-process coordination
- Prevents multiple queuectl instances conflicts
- Lock file: .queuectl.lock

## Retry & Backoff Strategy [6] [21] [5]

### Exponential Backoff Formula: [22]

```
delay = base^attempts (in seconds)
```

#### Example with base=2:

- Attempt 1:  $2^1 = 2$  seconds
- Attempt 2:  $2^2 = 4$  seconds
- Attempt 3:  $2^3 = 8$  seconds
- Max retries: 3 (configurable)

#### Implementation Details:

- Retry scheduled by updating job's next\_retry\_at timestamp
- Workers skip jobs with future next\_retry\_at
- Jitter optional to prevent thundering herd [5]

## Dead Letter Queue (DLQ) [23] [24] [25]

### Purpose:

- Store permanently failed jobs after exhausting retries
- Enable manual investigation and replay
- Prevent main queue clogging [23]

### DLQ Operations:

- Automatic move after max\_retries exceeded
- List DLQ jobs with failure reasons
- Retry individual jobs from DLQ
- Bulk retry or purge operations

## Configuration Management

### Configurable Parameters:

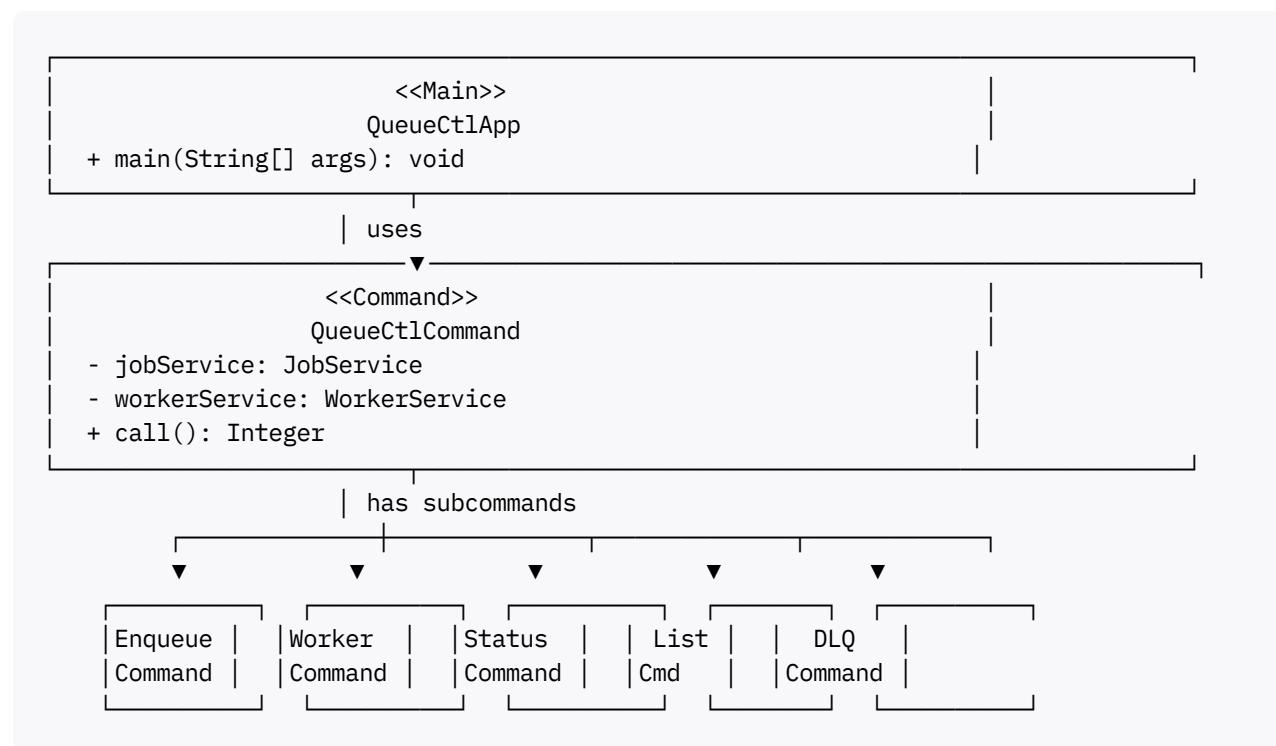
```
max-retries: 3          # Maximum retry attempts
backoff-base: 2         # Exponential backoff base
worker-count: 3          # Default worker count
worker-poll-interval: 1000 # Poll interval in ms
graceful-shutdown-timeout: 30 # Seconds to wait for workers
```

## High-Level Technology Stack

- **Language:** Java 17+
- **CLI Framework:** Picocli 4.x [\[4\]](#) [\[3\]](#)
- **Database:** SQLite with JDBC
- **Concurrency:** Java ExecutorService, ThreadPool [\[26\]](#) [\[16\]](#)
- **Build Tool:** Maven/Gradle
- **Logging:** SLF4J + Logback
- **Testing:** JUnit 5, Mockito

## Low-Level Design (LLD)

### Class Diagram



## Core Classes

### 1. Job Entity

```
package com.queuectl.model;

import java.time.Instant;
import java.util.UUID;

public class Job {
    private String id;
    private String command;
```

```
private JobState state;
private int attempts;
private int maxRetries;
private Instant createdAt;
private Instant updatedAt;
private Instant nextRetryAt;
private String errorMessage;
private String output;

public enum JobState {
    PENDING,
    PROCESSING,
    COMPLETED,
    FAILED,
    DEAD
}

// Constructor
public Job(String command, int maxRetries) {
    this.id = UUID.randomUUID().toString();
    this.command = command;
    this.state = JobState.PENDING;
    this.attempts = 0;
    this.maxRetries = maxRetries;
    this.createdAt = Instant.now();
    this.updatedAt = Instant.now();
}

// Getters and Setters
public String getId() { return id; }
public void setId(String id) { this.id = id; }

public String getCommand() { return command; }
public void setCommand(String command) { this.command = command; }

public JobState getState() { return state; }
public void setState(JobState state) {
    this.state = state;
    this.updatedAt = Instant.now();
}

public int getAttempts() { return attempts; }
public void incrementAttempts() { this.attempts++; }

public int getMaxRetries() { return maxRetries; }
public void setMaxRetries(int maxRetries) { this.maxRetries = maxRetries; }

public Instant getCreatedAt() { return createdAt; }
public Instant getUpdatedAt() { return updatedAt; }

public Instant getNextRetryAt() { return nextRetryAt; }
public void setNextRetryAt(Instant nextRetryAt) {
    this.nextRetryAt = nextRetryAt;
}

public String getErrorMessage() { return errorMessage; }
```

```

public void setErrorMessage(String errorMessage) {
    this.errorMessage = errorMessage;
}

public String getOutput() { return output; }
public void setOutput(String output) { this.output = output; }

public boolean canRetry() {
    return attempts < maxRetries;
}

public boolean isReadyForProcessing() {
    if (state != JobState.PENDING) return false;
    if (nextRetryAt == null) return true;
    return Instant.now().isAfter(nextRetryAt);
}

}

```

## 2. JobRepository

```

package com.queuectl.repository;

import com.queuectl.model.Job;
import com.queuectl.model.Job.JobState;
import java.sql.*;
import java.time.Instant;
import java.util.*;

public class JobRepository {
    private final Connection connection;

    public JobRepository(Connection connection) {
        this.connection = connection;
        initializeSchema();
    }

    private void initializeSchema() {
        String sql = """
            CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS jobs (
                id TEXT PRIMARY KEY,
                command TEXT NOT NULL,
                state TEXT NOT NULL,
                attempts INTEGER DEFAULT 0,
                max_retries INTEGER DEFAULT 3,
                created_at TEXT NOT NULL,
                updated_at TEXT NOT NULL,
                next_retry_at TEXT,
                error_message TEXT,
                output TEXT
            );
            CREATE INDEX IF NOT EXISTS idx_state
            ON jobs(state);
            CREATE INDEX IF NOT EXISTS idx_next_retry
            ON jobs(next_retry_at) WHERE state = 'PENDING';
        """;
    }
}

```

```

""";

    try (Statement stmt = connection.createStatement()) {
        stmt.executeUpdate(sql);
    } catch (SQLException e) {
        throw new RuntimeException("Failed to initialize schema", e);
    }
}

public void save(Job job) throws SQLException {
    String sql = """
        INSERT OR REPLACE INTO jobs
        (id, command, state, attempts, max_retries,
         created_at, updated_at, next_retry_at, error_message, output)
        VALUES (?, ?, ?, ?, ?, ?, ?, ?, ?, ?, ?)
    """;

    try (PreparedStatement pstmt = connection.prepareStatement(sql)) {
        pstmt.setString(1, job.getId());
        pstmt.setString(2, job.getCommand());
        pstmt.setString(3, job.getState().name());
        pstmt.setInt(4, job.getAttempts());
        pstmt.setInt(5, job.getMaxRetries());
        pstmt.setString(6, job.getCreatedAt().toString());
        pstmt.setString(7, job.getUpdatedAt().toString());
        pstmt.setString(8, job.getNextRetryAt() != null ?
            job.getNextRetryAt().toString() : null);
        pstmt.setString(9, job.getError Message());
        pstmt.setString(10, job.getOutput());
        pstmt.executeUpdate();
    }
}

public Optional<Job> findById(String id) throws SQLException {
    String sql = "SELECT * FROM jobs WHERE id = ?";

    try (PreparedStatement pstmt = connection.prepareStatement(sql)) {
        pstmt.setString(1, id);
        ResultSet rs = pstmt.executeQuery();

        if (rs.next()) {
            return Optional.of(mapResultSetToJob(rs));
        }
        return Optional.empty();
    }
}

public List<Job> findByState(JobState state) throws SQLException {
    String sql = "SELECT * FROM jobs WHERE state = ? ORDER BY created_at";

    try (PreparedStatement pstmt = connection.prepareStatement(sql)) {
        pstmt.setString(1, state.name());
        ResultSet rs = pstmt.executeQuery();

        List<Job> jobs = new ArrayList<>();
        while (rs.next()) {

```

```

        jobs.add(mapResultSetToJob(rs));
    }
    return jobs;
}

// Acquire job with pessimistic locking
public Optional<Job> acquireNextPendingJob() throws SQLException {
    connection.setAutoCommit(false);

    String sql = """
        SELECT * FROM jobs
        WHERE state = 'PENDING'
        AND (next_retry_at IS NULL OR next_retry_at <= ?)
        ORDER BY created_at
        LIMIT 1
        FOR UPDATE
    """;

    try (PreparedStatement pstmt = connection.prepareStatement(sql)) {
        pstmt.setString(1, Instant.now().toString());
        ResultSet rs = pstmt.executeQuery();

        if (rs.next()) {
            Job job = mapResultSetToJob(rs);
            job.setState(JobState.PROCESSING);
            save(job);
            connection.commit();
            return Optional.of(job);
        }

        connection.commit();
        return Optional.empty();
    } catch (SQLException e) {
        connection.rollback();
        throw e;
    } finally {
        connection.setAutoCommit(true);
    }
}

public Map<JobState, Long> getStateCounts() throws SQLException {
    String sql = "SELECT state, COUNT(*) as count FROM jobs GROUP BY state";
    Map<JobState, Long> counts = new EnumMap<>(JobState.class);

    try (Statement stmt = connection.createStatement();
         ResultSet rs = stmt.executeQuery(sql)) {

        while (rs.next()) {
            JobState state = JobState.valueOf(rs.getString("state"));
            long count = rs.getLong("count");
            counts.put(state, count);
        }
    }

    return counts;
}

```

```

    }

private Job mapResultSetToJob(ResultSet rs) throws SQLException {
    Job job = new Job(
        rs.getString("command"),
        rs.getInt("max_retries")
    );

    job.setId(rs.getString("id"));
    job.setState(JobState.valueOf(rs.getString("state")));
    // Set other fields...

    return job;
}
}

```

### 3. RetryManager

```

package com.queuectl.core;

import com.queuectl.model.Job;
import com.queuectl.model.Job.JobState;
import java.time.Instant;

public class RetryManager {
    private final int backoffBase;
    private final boolean useJitter;

    public RetryManager(int backoffBase, boolean useJitter) {
        this.backoffBase = backoffBase;
        this.useJitter = useJitter;
    }

    /**
     * Calculate exponential backoff delay
     * delay = base ^ attempts (in seconds)
     */
    public long calculateBackoffSeconds(int attempts) {
        long delay = (long) Math.pow(backoffBase, attempts);

        if (useJitter) {
            // Add random jitter: 0 to 25% of delay
            long jitter = (long) (Math.random() * delay * 0.25);
            delay += jitter;
        }

        return delay;
    }

    /**
     * Schedule job for retry with exponential backoff
     */
    public void scheduleRetry(Job job) {
        job.incrementAttempts();
    }
}

```

```

        if (job.canRetry()) {
            // Calculate next retry time
            long delaySeconds = calculateBackoffSeconds(job.getAttempts());
            Instant nextRetry = Instant.now().plusSeconds(delaySeconds);

            job.setNextRetryAt(nextRetry);
            job.setState(JobState.PENDING);
        } else {
            // Move to DLQ
            job.setState(JobState.DEAD);
        }
    }

    /**
     * Handle job failure
     */
    public void handleFailure(Job job, String errorMessage) {
        job.setError_message(errorMessage);
        scheduleRetry(job);
    }
}

```

## 4. WorkerThread

```

package com.queuectl.worker;

import com.queuectl.core.JobManager;
import com.queuectl.core.RetryManager;
import com.queuectl.model.Job;
import com.queuectl.model.Job.JobState;
import org.slf4j.Logger;
import org.slf4j.LoggerFactory;

import java.io.BufferedReader;
import java.io.InputStreamReader;
import java.util.Optional;
import java.util.concurrent.TimeUnit;

public class WorkerThread implements Runnable {
    private static final Logger logger = LoggerFactory.getLogger(WorkerThread.class);

    private final String workerId;
    private final JobManager jobManager;
    private final RetryManager retryManager;
    private final int pollIntervalMs;
    private volatile boolean running = true;

    public WorkerThread(String workerId, JobManager jobManager,
                        RetryManager retryManager, int pollIntervalMs) {
        this.workerId = workerId;
        this.jobManager = jobManager;
        this.retryManager = retryManager;
        this.pollIntervalMs = pollIntervalMs;
    }
}

```

```

@Override
public void run() {
    logger.info("Worker {} started", workerId);

    while (running) {
        try {
            Optional<Job> jobOpt = jobManager.acquireNextJob();

            if (jobOpt.isPresent()) {
                Job job = jobOpt.get();
                processJob(job);
            } else {
                // No jobs available, sleep
                Thread.sleep(pollIntervalMs);
            }
        } catch (InterruptedException e) {
            logger.info("Worker {} interrupted", workerId);
            Thread.currentThread().interrupt();
            break;
        } catch (Exception e) {
            logger.error("Worker {} encountered error", workerId, e);
        }
    }

    logger.info("Worker {} stopped", workerId);
}

private void processJob(Job job) {
    logger.info("Worker {} processing job {}: {}", workerId, job.getId(), job.getCommand());

    try {
        // Execute command
        CommandResult result = executeCommand(job.getCommand());

        if (result.exitCode == 0) {
            // Success
            job.setState(JobState.COMPLETED);
            job.setOutput(result.output);
            logger.info("Job {} completed successfully", job.getId());
        } else {
            // Failure
            String error = String.format("Command failed with exit code %d: %s",
                result.exitCode, result.error);
            retryManager.handleFailure(job, error);
            logger.warn("Job {} failed: {}", job.getId(), error);
        }
    }

    jobManager.updateJob(job);

} catch (Exception e) {
    logger.error("Error processing job {}", job.getId(), e);
    retryManager.handleFailure(job, e.getMessage());
    jobManager.updateJob(job);
}
}

```

```

private CommandResult executeCommand(String command) {
    try {
        ProcessBuilder pb = new ProcessBuilder("sh", "-c", command);
        pb.redirectErrorStream(true);
        Process process = pb.start();

        // Read output
        StringBuilder output = new StringBuilder();
        try (BufferedReader reader = new BufferedReader(
                new InputStreamReader(process.getInputStream()))) {
            String line;
            while ((line = reader.readLine()) != null) {
                output.append(line).append("\n");
            }
        }

        // Wait for completion
        boolean finished = process.waitFor(5, TimeUnit.MINUTES);
        if (!finished) {
            process.destroyForcibly();
            throw new RuntimeException("Command timeout");
        }

        return new CommandResult(
            process.exitValue(),
            output.toString(),
            ""
        );
    } catch (Exception e) {
        return new CommandResult(-1, "", e.getMessage());
    }
}

public void shutdown() {
    logger.info("Shutting down worker {}", workerId);
    running = false;
}

private static class CommandResult {
    final int exitCode;
    final String output;
    final String error;

    CommandResult(int exitCode, String output, String error) {
        this.exitCode = exitCode;
        this.output = output;
        this.error = error;
    }
}
}

```

## 5. WorkerManager

```
package com.queuectl.core;

import com.queuectl.worker.WorkerThread;
import org.slf4j.Logger;
import org.slf4j.LoggerFactory;

import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.List;
import java.util.UUID;
import java.util.concurrent.ExecutorService;
import java.util.concurrent.Executors;
import java.util.concurrent.TimeUnit;

public class WorkerManager {
    private static final Logger logger = LoggerFactory.getLogger(WorkerManager.class);

    private final JobManager jobManager;
    private final RetryManager retryManager;
    private final int pollIntervalMs;

    private ExecutorService executorService;
    private List<WorkerThread> workers;
    private boolean running = false;

    public WorkerManager(JobManager jobManager, RetryManager retryManager,
                         int pollIntervalMs) {
        this.jobManager = jobManager;
        this.retryManager = retryManager;
        this.pollIntervalMs = pollIntervalMs;
        this.workers = new ArrayList<>();
    }

    public synchronized void startWorkers(int count) {
        if (running) {
            throw new IllegalStateException("Workers already running");
        }

        logger.info("Starting {} workers", count);

        executorService = Executors.newFixedThreadPool(count);
        workers = new ArrayList<>();

        for (int i = 0; i < count; i++) {
            String workerId = "worker-" + UUID.randomUUID().toString().substring(0, 8);
            WorkerThread worker = new WorkerThread(
                workerId, jobManager, retryManager, pollIntervalMs
            );
            workers.add(worker);
            executorService.submit(worker);
        }

        running = true;
    }

    // Register shutdown hook
```

```
Runtime.getRuntime().addShutdownHook(new Thread(this::gracefulShutdown));

logger.info("Workers started successfully");
}

public synchronized void stopWorkers() {
    if (!running) {
        return;
    }

    logger.info("Stopping workers");
    gracefulShutdown();
}

private void gracefulShutdown() {
    running = false;

    // Signal all workers to stop
    for (WorkerThread worker : workers) {
        worker.shutdown();
    }

    // Shutdown executor
    executorService.shutdown();

    try {
        // Wait for workers to finish current jobs
        if (!executorService.awaitTermination(30, TimeUnit.SECONDS)) {
            logger.warn("Workers did not stop gracefully, forcing shutdown");
            executorService.shutdownNow();
        } else {
            logger.info("All workers stopped gracefully");
        }
    } catch (InterruptedException e) {
        logger.error("Interrupted during shutdown", e);
        executorService.shutdownNow();
        Thread.currentThread().interrupt();
    }
}

public boolean isRunning() {
    return running;
}

public int getWorkerCount() {
    return workers.size();
}
}
```

## 6. CLI Commands (Using Picocli)

```
package com.queuectl.cli;

import picocli.CommandLine;
import picocli.CommandLine.Command;
import picocli.CommandLine.Option;
import picocli.CommandLine.Parameters;

import com.queuectl.service.JobService;
import com.queuectl.service.WorkerService;
import com.queuectl.model.Job;

import java.util.concurrent.Callable;

@Command(
    name = "queuectl",
    mixinStandardHelpOptions = true,
    version = "queuectl 1.0",
    description = "CLI-based background job queue system",
    subcommands = {
        EnqueueCommand.class,
        WorkerCommand.class,
        StatusCommand.class,
        ListCommand.class,
        DLQCommand.class,
        ConfigCommand.class
    }
)
public class QueueCtlCommand implements Callable<Integer> {

    @Override
    public Integer call() {
        CommandLine.usage(this, System.out);
        return 0;
    }
}

@Command(name = "enqueue", description = "Add a new job to the queue")
class EnqueueCommand implements Callable<Integer> {

    @Parameters(index = "0", description = "Job specification in JSON format")
    private String jobJson;

    @Override
    public Integer call() {
        try {
            JobService jobService = new JobService();
            Job job = jobService.enqueueFromJson(jobJson);
            System.out.println("Job enqueued successfully: " + job.getId());
            return 0;
        } catch (Exception e) {
            System.err.println("Error: " + e.getMessage());
            return 1;
        }
    }
}
```

```
}
```

```
@Command(name = "worker", description = "Manage worker processes")
class WorkerCommand implements Callable<Integer> {

    @Command(name = "start", description = "Start workers")
    int start(
        @Option(names = {"--count", "-c"}, defaultValue = "3",
               description = "Number of workers to start")
        int count
    ) {
        try {
            WorkerService workerService = new WorkerService();
            workerService.startWorkers(count);
            System.out.println("Started " + count + " workers");

            // Keep running until interrupted
            Thread.currentThread().join();
            return 0;
        } catch (InterruptedException e) {
            System.out.println("Workers stopping...");
            return 0;
        } catch (Exception e) {
            System.err.println("Error: " + e.getMessage());
            return 1;
        }
    }

    @Command(name = "stop", description = "Stop workers")
    int stop() {
        try {
            WorkerService workerService = new WorkerService();
            workerService.stopWorkers();
            System.out.println("Workers stopped");
            return 0;
        } catch (Exception e) {
            System.err.println("Error: " + e.getMessage());
            return 1;
        }
    }

    @Override
    public Integer call() {
        CommandLine.usage(this, System.out);
        return 0;
    }
}

@Override
public Integer call() {
    try {
        JobService jobService = new JobService();
        Map<Job.JobState, Long> counts = jobService.getStateCounts();
    }
}
```

```

        System.out.println("== QueueCTL Status ==");
        System.out.println("Pending: " + counts.getOrDefault(Job.JobState.PENDING,
        System.out.println("Processing: " + counts.getOrDefault(Job.JobState.PROCESSING,
        System.out.println("Completed: " + counts.getOrDefault(Job.JobState.COMPLETE,
        System.out.println("Failed: " + counts.getOrDefault(Job.JobState.FAILED,
        System.out.println("Dead (DLQ): " + counts.getOrDefault(Job.JobState.DEAD, 0L

WorkerService workerService = new WorkerService();
System.out.println("\nActive Workers: " + workerService.getActiveWorkerCount()

        return 0;
    } catch (Exception e) {
        System.err.println("Error: " + e.getMessage());
        return 1;
    }
}
}

{@Command(name = "list", description = "List jobs by state")
class ListCommand implements Callable<Integer> {

    @Option(names = {"--state", "-s"}, required = true,
            description = "Job state: ${COMPLETION-CANDIDATES}")
    private Job.JobState state;

    @Override
    public Integer call() {
        try {
            JobService jobService = new JobService();
            List<Job> jobs = jobService.getJobsByState(state);

            System.out.printf("== %s Jobs (%d) ==\n", state, jobs.size());
            for (Job job : jobs) {
                System.out.printf("ID: %s | Command: %s | Attempts: %d/%d\n",
                        job.getId(), job.getCommand(),
                        job.getAttempts(), job.getMaxRetries());
            }

            return 0;
        } catch (Exception e) {
            System.err.println("Error: " + e.getMessage());
            return 1;
        }
    }
}
}

```

## Database Schema

```

-- Jobs table
CREATE TABLE jobs (
    id TEXT PRIMARY KEY,
    command TEXT NOT NULL,
    state TEXT NOT NULL CHECK(state IN ('PENDING', 'PROCESSING', 'COMPLETED', 'FAILED', 'DEAD'),
    attempts INTEGER DEFAULT 0,

```

```

    max_retries INTEGER DEFAULT 3,
    created_at TEXT NOT NULL,
    updated_at TEXT NOT NULL,
    next_retry_at TEXT,
    error_message TEXT,
    output TEXT
);

CREATE INDEX idx_jobs_state ON jobs(state);
CREATE INDEX idx_jobs_next_retry ON jobs(next_retry_at) WHERE state = 'PENDING';
CREATE INDEX idx_jobs_created ON jobs(created_at);

-- Configuration table
CREATE TABLE config (
    key TEXT PRIMARY KEY,
    value TEXT NOT NULL,
    updated_at TEXT NOT NULL
);

-- Insert default configuration
INSERT INTO config (key, value, updated_at) VALUES
    ('max_retries', '3', datetime('now')),
    ('backoff_base', '2', datetime('now')),
    ('worker_poll_interval_ms', '1000', datetime('now')),
    ('graceful_shutdown_timeout_sec', '30', datetime('now'));

-- Workers table (for tracking active workers)
CREATE TABLE workers (
    id TEXT PRIMARY KEY,
    started_at TEXT NOT NULL,
    last_heartbeat TEXT NOT NULL,
    status TEXT NOT NULL CHECK(status IN ('ACTIVE', 'STOPPED'))
);

-- DLQ view (alternative: separate table)
CREATE VIEW dlq_jobs AS
SELECT * FROM jobs WHERE state = 'DEAD';

```

## Project Structure

```

queuectl/
├── src/
│   └── main/
│       ├── java/
│       │   └── com/
│       │       └── queuectl/
│       │           ├── QueueCtlApp.java          # Main entry point
│       │           ├── cli/
│       │           │   ├── QueueCtlCommand.java
│       │           │   ├── EnqueueCommand.java
│       │           │   ├── WorkerCommand.java
│       │           │   ├── StatusCommand.java
│       │           │   ├── ListCommand.java
│       │           │   ├── DLQCommand.java
│       │           │   └── ConfigCommand.java

```

```

    └── service/          # Service layer
        ├── JobService.java
        ├── WorkerService.java
        ├── DLQService.java
        └── ConfigService.java

    └── core/             # Core business logic
        ├── JobManager.java
        ├── WorkerManager.java
        ├── RetryManager.java
        └── LockManager.java

    └── worker/           # Worker implementation
        └── WorkerThread.java

    └── model/            # Domain models
        └── Job.java

    └── repository/       # Data access
        ├── JobRepository.java
        ├── ConfigRepository.java
        └── WorkerRepository.java

    └── persistence/      # Database connection
        └── DatabaseManager.java

    └── util/              # Utilities
        ├── JsonUtil.java
        └── CommandExecutor.java

    └── resources/
        ├── logback.xml      # Logging config
        └── application.properties # App config

    └── test/
        └── java/
            └── com/
                └── queuectl/
                    ├── core/
                    │   ├── RetryManagerTest.java
                    │   └── JobManagerTest.java
                    ├── worker/
                    │   └── WorkerThreadTest.java
                    └── integration/
                        └── QueueCtlIntegrationTest.java

    └── pom.xml            # Maven config
    └── README.md          # Documentation

    └── .gitignore

    └── scripts/
        ├── build.sh         # Build script
        ├── run.sh            # Run script
        └── test-scenarios.sh # Testing script

```

## Maven Dependencies (pom.xml)

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<project xmlns="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0"
          xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
          xsi:schemaLocation="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0
          http://maven.apache.org/xsd/maven-4.0.0.xsd">
    <modelVersion>4.0.0</modelVersion>

    <groupId>com.queuectl</groupId>

```

```
<artifactId>queuectl</artifactId>
<version>1.0.0</version>
<packaging>jar</packaging>

<properties>
    <maven.compiler.source>17</maven.compiler.source>
    <maven.compiler.target>17</maven.compiler.target>
    <project.build.sourceEncoding>UTF-8</project.build.sourceEncoding>
    <picocli.version>4.7.5</picocli.version>
    <sqlite.version>3.44.1.0</sqlite.version>
    <slf4j.version>2.0.9</slf4j.version>
    <logback.version>1.4.14</logback.version>
    <gson.version>2.10.1</gson.version>
    <junit.version>5.10.1</junit.version>
</properties>

<dependencies>
    <!-- Picocli for CLI -->
    <dependency>
        <groupId>info.picocli</groupId>
        <artifactId>picocli</artifactId>
        <version>${picocli.version}</version>
    </dependency>

    <!-- SQLite JDBC -->
    <dependency>
        <groupId>org.xerial</groupId>
        <artifactId>sqlite-jdbc</artifactId>
        <version>${sqlite.version}</version>
    </dependency>

    <!-- Logging -->
    <dependency>
        <groupId>org.slf4j</groupId>
        <artifactId>slf4j-api</artifactId>
        <version>${slf4j.version}</version>
    </dependency>
    <dependency>
        <groupId>ch.qos.logback</groupId>
        <artifactId>logback-classic</artifactId>
        <version>${logback.version}</version>
    </dependency>

    <!-- JSON processing -->
    <dependency>
        <groupId>com.google.code.gson</groupId>
        <artifactId>gson</artifactId>
        <version>${gson.version}</version>
    </dependency>

    <!-- Testing -->
    <dependency>
        <groupId>org.junit.jupiter</groupId>
        <artifactId>junit-jupiter</artifactId>
        <version>${junit.version}</version>
        <scope>test</scope>
    </dependency>

```

```

        </dependency>
    <dependency>
        <groupId>org.mockito</groupId>
        <artifactId>mockito-core</artifactId>
        <version>5.8.0</version>
        <scope>test</scope>
    </dependency>
</dependencies>

<build>
    <plugins>
        <!-- Maven Compiler Plugin -->
        <plugin>
            <groupId>org.apache.maven.plugins</groupId>
            <artifactId>maven-compiler-plugin</artifactId>
            <version>3.11.0</version>
            <configuration>
                <annotationProcessorPaths>
                    <path>
                        <groupId>info.picocli</groupId>
                        <artifactId>picocli-codegen</artifactId>
                        <version>${picocli.version}</version>
                    </path>
                </annotationProcessorPaths>
            </configuration>
        </plugin>

        <!-- Maven Assembly Plugin for uber JAR -->
        <plugin>
            <groupId>org.apache.maven.plugins</groupId>
            <artifactId>maven-assembly-plugin</artifactId>
            <version>3.6.0</version>
            <configuration>
                <descriptorRefs>
                    <descriptorRef>jar-with-dependencies</descriptorRef>
                </descriptorRefs>
                <archive>
                    <manifest>
                        <mainClass>com.queuectl.QueueCtlApp</mainClass>
                    </manifest>
                </archive>
            </configuration>
            <executions>
                <execution>
                    <id>make-assembly</id>
                    <phase>package</phase>
                    <goals>
                        <goal>single</goal>
                    </goals>
                </execution>
            </executions>
        </plugin>

        <!-- Maven Surefire Plugin for tests -->
        <plugin>
            <groupId>org.apache.maven.plugins</groupId>

```

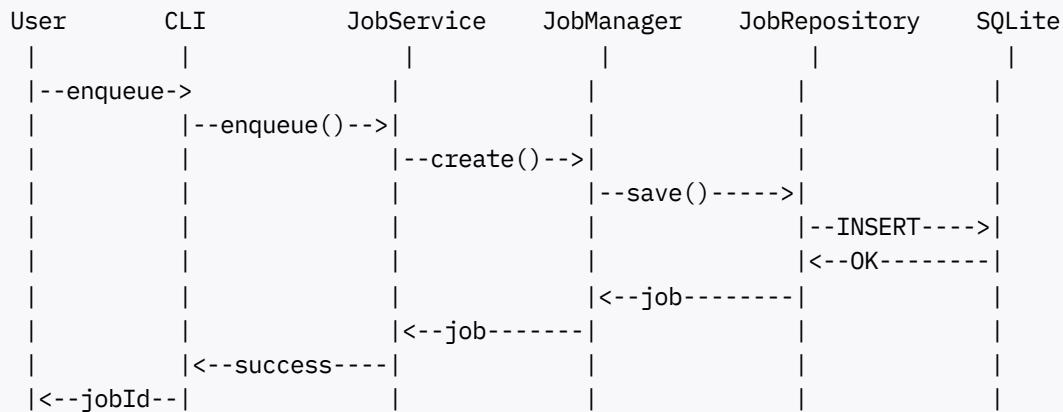
```

<artifactId>maven-surefire-plugin</artifactId>
<version>3.2.3</version>
</plugin>
</plugins>
</build>
</project>

```

## Sequence Diagrams

### Job Enqueue Sequence:



### Job Processing Sequence:



## Key Algorithms

### 1. Exponential Backoff Calculation:

```
public long calculateBackoffSeconds(int attempts) {  
    // Formula: delay = base^attempts  
    long baseDelay = (long) Math.pow(backoffBase, attempts);  
  
    // Apply jitter (optional)  
    if (useJitter) {  
        long jitter = (long) (Math.random() * baseDelay * 0.25);  
        baseDelay += jitter;  
    }  
  
    // Apply maximum delay cap (optional)  
    return Math.min(baseDelay, maxDelaySeconds);  
}
```

### 2. Job Acquisition with Locking:

```
public Optional<Job> acquireNextPendingJob() throws SQLException {  
    connection.setAutoCommit(false);  
    try {  
        // SELECT FOR UPDATE provides pessimistic locking  
        String sql = """  
            SELECT * FROM jobs  
            WHERE state = 'PENDING'  
            AND (next_retry_at IS NULL OR next_retry_at <= ?)  
            ORDER BY created_at  
            LIMIT 1  
            FOR UPDATE  
        """;  
  
        Job job = // ... execute query and fetch job  
  
        if (job != null) {  
            job.setState(JobState.PROCESSING);  
            save(job);  
            connection.commit();  
            return Optional.of(job);  
        }  
  
        connection.commit();  
        return Optional.empty();  
    } catch (SQLException e) {  
        connection.rollback();  
        throw e;  
    }  
}
```

### 3. Graceful Shutdown:

```

private void gracefulShutdown() {
    // 1. Signal all workers to stop accepting new jobs
    for (WorkerThread worker : workers) {
        worker.shutdown();
    }

    // 2. Shutdown executor (no new tasks accepted)
    executorService.shutdown();

    try {
        // 3. Wait for current jobs to complete
        if (!executorService.awaitTermination(30, TimeUnit.SECONDS)) {
            // 4. Force shutdown if timeout
            executorService.shutdownNow();
        }
    } catch (InterruptedException e) {
        executorService.shutdownNow();
        Thread.currentThread().interrupt();
    }
}

```

## Testing Strategy

### Unit Tests:

- RetryManagerTest: Test backoff calculations
- JobManagerTest: Test job state transitions
- WorkerThreadTest: Test job processing logic
- CommandExecutorTest: Test command execution

### Integration Tests:

- End-to-end job flow: enqueue → process → complete
- Retry flow: enqueue → fail → retry → complete
- DLQ flow: enqueue → fail (max retries) → DLQ
- Worker management: start → process jobs → stop
- Concurrency: multiple workers processing jobs

### Test Scenarios Script:

```

#!/bin/bash
# test-scenarios.sh

# Scenario 1: Basic job completes successfully
queuectl enqueue '{"id":"job1","command":"echo hello"}'
queuectl worker start --count 1 &
sleep 5
queuectl status
queuectl list --state completed
killall queuectl

```

```

# Scenario 2: Failed job retries
queuectl enqueue '{"id":"job2","command":"exit 1","max_retries":3}'
queuectl worker start --count 1 &
sleep 15 # Wait for retries
queuectl status
queuectl dlq list

# Scenario 3: Multiple workers
queuectl enqueue '{"id":"job3","command":"sleep 2"}'
queuectl enqueue '{"id":"job4","command":"sleep 2"}'
queuectl worker start --count 3 &
queuectl status
sleep 5
queuectl status

# Scenario 4: Persistence across restarts
queuectl enqueue '{"id":"job5","command":"echo persist"}'
# Kill and restart
queuectl worker start --count 1 &
queuectl status

```

## Performance Considerations

### Concurrency:

- Use connection pooling for database access
- Worker threads use ThreadPoolExecutor for efficiency
- Implement job-level pessimistic locking to prevent race conditions<sup>[1]</sup>

### Scalability:

- Index on job state and next\_retry\_at for fast queries
- Partition jobs by state in database for better performance
- Consider Redis for high-throughput scenarios

### Reliability:

- WAL mode for SQLite for better concurrency<sup>[10]</sup>
- Transaction management for atomic operations
- Worker heartbeat for failure detection

## Extension Points

### Bonus Features Implementation:

#### 1. Job Timeout Handling:

```

Future<?> future = executor.submit(() -> executeCommand(job));
try {
    future.get(job.getTimeoutSeconds(), TimeUnit.SECONDS);
}

```

```

} catch (TimeoutException e) {
    future.cancel(true);
    retryManager.handleFailure(job, "Job timeout");
}

```

## 2. Priority Queues:

```

// Add priority field to Job
ALTER TABLE jobs ADD COLUMN priority INTEGER DEFAULT 0;

// Modify acquisition query
SELECT * FROM jobs
WHERE state = 'PENDING'
ORDER BY priority DESC, created_at
LIMIT 1 FOR UPDATE;

```

## 3. Scheduled Jobs:

```

// Add run_at field
private Instant runAt;

// Worker checks run_at before processing
if (job.getRunAt() != null &&
    Instant.now().isBefore(job.getRunAt())) {
    continue; // Skip this job
}

```

## Summary

This design provides a robust, production-ready job queue system with:

- **Modular architecture** with clear separation of concerns [\[11\]](#)
- **Reliable persistence** using SQLite [\[9\]](#) [\[10\]](#)
- **Concurrent processing** with multiple worker threads [\[15\]](#) [\[16\]](#)
- **Exponential backoff retry** mechanism [\[21\]](#) [\[6\]](#) [\[5\]](#)
- **Dead Letter Queue** for failed jobs [\[24\]](#) [\[23\]](#)
- **Graceful shutdown** handling [\[19\]](#) [\[20\]](#) [\[18\]](#)
- **CLI interface** using Picocli [\[3\]](#) [\[4\]](#)
- **Pessimistic locking** to prevent duplicate processing [\[8\]](#) [\[7\]](#)
- **Comprehensive testing** strategy

The system is designed to handle production workloads while remaining simple to understand, extend, and maintain.



1. <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/system-design/task-queues-system-design/>

2. <https://dev.to/sgchris/designing-a-job-queue-system-sidekiq-and-background-processing-2oln>
3. <https://picocli.info>
4. <https://www.baeldung.com/java-picocli-create-command-line-program>
5. <https://betterstack.com/community/guides/monitoring/exponential-backoff/>
6. <https://dzone.com/articles/understanding-retry-pattern-with-exponential-back>
7. <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/java/file-locking-in-java-to-prevent-concurrent-access/>
8. <https://stackoverflow.com/questions/11543967/how-to-lock-a-file>
9. [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=871Jj\\_7gYx4](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=871Jj_7gYx4)
10. <https://developer.android.com/training/data-storage/sqlite>
11. <https://www.digitalocean.com/community/tutorials/java-design-patterns-example-tutorial>
12. <https://refactoring.guru/design-patterns/command/java/example>
13. <https://refactoring.guru/design-patterns/command>
14. <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/system-design/command-pattern/>
15. <https://java-design-patterns.com/patterns/master-worker/>
16. <https://scand.com/company/blog/java-concurrency-multithreading-practical-guide/>
17. <https://docs.oracle.com/javase/8/docs/api/java/nio/channels/FileLock.html>
18. <https://gist.github.com/007ebb70cd46e8f1031aac5f181b9d30>
19. <https://www.javacodegeeks.com/2013/10/tomcats-graceful-shutdown-with-daemons-and-shutdown-hooks.html>
20. <https://dzone.com/articles/tomcats-graceful-shutdown>
21. <https://www.hackerone.com/blog/retrying-and-exponential-backoff-smart-strategies-robust-software>
22. [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Exponential\\_backoff](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Exponential_backoff)
23. <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/system-design/dead-letter-queue-system-design/>
24. <https://andrew-jones.com/blog/the-dead-letter-queue-pattern/>
25. <https://ibm-cloud-architecture.github.io/refarch-kc/implementation/dead-letter-queue/>
26. <https://wpwebinfotech.com/blog/java-concurrency/>
27. <https://slack.engineering/scaling-slacks-job-queue/>
28. <https://code-along.hashnode.dev/why-job-queues-in-your-system-architecture-cm2836rt7000008k3135a46z5>
29. <https://softwareontheroad.com/job-queues-cqrs-nodejs-mongodb-agenda>
30. <https://www.designgurus.io/answers/detail/how-to-design-a-message-queue-for-system-design-interviews>
31. <https://blog.shalvah.me/posts/building-a-task-queue-part-1>
32. <https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/architecture/patterns/queue-based-load-leveling>
33. <https://www.devitpl.com/application-development/beginners-guide-to-retry-pattern-implementation-with-exponential-backoff/>
34. <https://newsletter.systemdesignclassroom.com/p/work-queues-the-simplest-form-of>
35. [https://www.reddit.com/r/commandline/comments/m62cj/q/recommended\\_architecture\\_for\\_cli\\_applications/](https://www.reddit.com/r/commandline/comments/m62cj/q/recommended_architecture_for_cli_applications/)
36. <https://docs.aws.amazon.com/prescriptive-guidance/latest/cloud-design-patterns/retry-backoff.html>

37. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mkT0TZ0RSiw>
38. <https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/service-bus-messaging/service-bus-dead-letter-queues>
39. <https://www.elastic.co/docs/reference/logstash/dead-letter-queues>
40. <https://stackoverflow.com/questions/6524842/sqlite-persistent-storage-of-object-instances>
41. <https://www.confluent.io/learn/kafka-dead-letter-queue/>
42. <https://stackoverflow.com/questions/7903503/java-performance-processes-vs-threads>
43. <https://codingwithmitch.com/blog/sqlite-and-the-room-persistence-library/>
44. <https://www.enterpriseintegrationpatterns.com/patterns/messaging/DeadLetterChannel.html>
45. <https://docs.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/uiswing/concurrency/worker.html>
46. <https://www.freecodecamp.org/news/room-sqlite-beginner-tutorial-2e725e47bfab/>
47. <https://aws.amazon.com/what-is/dead-letter-queue/>
48. <https://github.com/remkop/picocli>
49. <https://www.infoq.com/articles/java-native-cli-graalvm-picocli/>
50. <https://quarkus.io/guides/picocli>
51. <https://picocli.info/quick-guide.html>
52. <https://mail.openjdk.org/pipermail/loom-dev/2022-December/005119.html>
53. <https://www.baeldung.com/java-lock-files>
54. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PaxBXABJlzY>
55. <https://stackoverflow.com/questions/3194545/how-to-stop-a-java-thread-gracefully>
56. <https://www.baeldung.com/java-concurrent-locks>
57. <https://devm.io/java/java-picocli-framework>