

# The Role of Artificial Intelligence-Mediated Robotics in Robotic-Assisted Minimally Invasive Surgery

Muhammad Saeed, Muhammad Usman Farooq, Salman Bin Tahir, Mohammad Najaf Ali Abbas, Arsalan Nadeem, Eeman Ahmad, Shahzaib Ahmed, Ameen Ud Din, Arslan Farooq, Zainab Syyeda Rahmat D.G. Khan Medical College, Dera Ghazi Khan

### INTRODUCTION

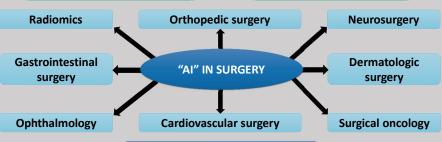
Artificial intelligence has revolutionized the technology looking for more precision and accurate methods. Al mediated Minimally invasive surgery is an emerging trend in diagnostic and surgical techniques.

#### **OBJECTIVES**

- (\*\*) This groundbreaking review delves into the transformative integration of Artificial Intelligence (AI) in Robotic-Assisted Minimally Invasive Surgery (RMIS), aiming to redefine the landscape of surgical innovation.
- CF Unlike conventional literature reviews, this study adopts a distinctive focus, accentuating the symbiosis between AI and RMIS, particularly emphasizing surgical advancements, diagnostic precision, and patient management.

### **MATERIAL & METHODS**

- **(Fig. 1988)** We did a comprehensive literature review using Pubmed, Scopus, Google scholar & Cochrane databases.
- (F Keywords: "Artificial intelligence", "Robotic assisted surgery", "Minimally invasive surgery", "Diagnostic techniques".
- We reviewed cross-sectional studies, clinical and controlled trials, pharmacological studies, and review articles.
- The search included publications and articles in the English language only.
- (\*\*) The reference list of relevant and recent primary articles, book chapters, reviews, and alternatives were also reviewed to consider studies that may have been missed.



### **RESULTS (NARRATIVE REVIEW)**

# ★ Types of Al

- ➤ Type 1 (Narrow, General, Super)
- Type 2 (Reactive machines, Limited memory machines, Theory of mind, Selfawareness)

### **★** RMIS

- · Reduced unnecessary trauma
- Quicker recovery
- Lower chances of complications
- More detailed diagnosis
- Minimum error
- More Precision & accuracy (RAMIE)

### **★** Diagnostic Techniques

- Accurate imaging
- · Real time decision support
- · Earlier diagnosis
- GestroNet & MobileNet-V2 models
- CNN & DCNN (ENGOANGEL)

### \* Challenges

- Technical challenges & limitations
- Regulatory & legal implications
- Privacy & data security concerns
- Ethical & safety considerations
- Trust between man & robots

# \* Recommendations

- · Tele-surgery
- · Enhancing technical standards
- Addressing privacy & security concerns
- Regulatory oversight
- · Ethical training for surgeons
- Transparency in algorithms
- · Patient centered approach

#### \* Real-World Examples

- The da Vinci Surgical System
- BrainLab Cranial Navigation System
- Materialise Mimics
- Surgical Site Infection Detection System
- The Smart Tissue Autonomous Robot (STAR)

#### CONCLUSION

- Al has demonstrated its ability to enhance precision surgeries and innovate diagnostic techniques, thereby paving the way for future advancements in healthcare.
- G However, to ensure responsible Al integration challenges such as privacy concerns and ethical considerations need to be addressed.
- (\*\*) Recommendations outlined in this paper aim to enhance technical standards, ensure privacy, and promote a patient-centered approach.

#### REFERENCES

- Siddaiah-Subramanya M, Tiang KW, Nyandowe M. A New Era of Minimally Invasive Surgery: Progress and Development of Major Technical Innovations in General Surgery Over the Last Decade. Surg J (N Y). Oct 2017;3(4):e163-e166. doi:10.1055/s-0037-1608651
- Basu K, Sinha R, Ong A, Basu T. Artificial Intelligence: How is It Changing Medical Sciences and Its Future? Indian J Dermatol. Sep-Oct 2020;65(5):365-370. doi:10.4103/ijd.IJD\_421\_20
- Pakkasjärvi N, Luthra T, Anand S. Artificial Intelligence in Surgical Learning. Surgeries. 2023;4(1):86-97.