

## Chapter 10

1. Write a function called `nested_sum` that takes a list of lists of integers and adds up the elements from all of the nested lists. For example:

```
>>> t = [[1, 2], [3], [4, 5, 6]]
```

```
>>> nested_sum(t)
```

```
21
```

2. Write a function called `cumsum` that takes a list of numbers and returns the cumulative sum; that is, a new list where the  $i$ th element is the sum of the first  $i + 1$  elements from the original list. For example:

```
>>> t = [1, 2, 3]
```

```
>>> cumsum(t)
```

```
[1, 3, 6]
```

3. Write a function called `is_sorted` that takes a list as a parameter and returns `True` if the list is sorted in ascending order and `False` otherwise. For example:

```
>>> is_sorted([1, 2, 2])
```

```
True
```

```
>>> is_sorted(['b', 'a'])
```

```
False
```

4. Two words are anagrams if you can rearrange the letters from one to spell the other. Write a function called `is_anagram` that takes two strings and returns `True` if they are anagrams.

```
>>> is_anagram('listen', 'silent')
```

```
True
```

5. Write a function that reads the file `words.txt` and builds a list with one element per word.

6. Two words “interlock” if taking alternating letters from each forms a new word. For example, “shoe” and “cold” interlock to form “schooled”. Write a program that finds all pairs of words that interlock.