

# London Restaurant Scene project- MIBE

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*Let's start with the analysis of the files. First I am going to load the libraries necessary, or that may be necessary, to move on with the analysis.*

*# ipak function: install and load multiple R packages.*

*# check to see if packages are installed. Install them if they are not, then load them into the R session.*

```
ipak <- function(pkg){  
  new.pkg <- pkg[!(pkg %in% installed.packages()[, "Package"])]  
  if (length(new.pkg))  
    install.packages(new.pkg, dependencies = TRUE)  
  sapply(pkg, require, character.only = TRUE)  
}
```

*# usage*

```
packages <- c("dplyr", "tidyverse", "tidyr", "here", "magrittr", "purrr",  
"purrrlyr", "ggplot2", "formattable", "rlist", "gtools", "tm", "SnowballC",  
"wordcloud", "RColorBrewer", "sf", "tmap", "tmtools", "rgdal", "rgeos", "ggmap",  
"tidytext", "ggraph", "readr", "htmltools", "webshot")  
ipak(packages)
```

##	dplyr	tidyverse	tidyr	here	magrittr	purrr
##	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE
##	purrrlyr	ggplot2	formattable	rlist	gtools	tm
##	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE
##	SnowballC	wordcloud	RColorBrewer	sf	tmap	tmtools
##	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE
##	rgdal	rgeos	ggmap	tidytext	ggraph	readr
##	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE
##	htmltools	webshot				
##	TRUE	TRUE				

```
restaurants_info <- readRDS(file="C:/Users/Edoardo/Desktop/LSU_project/restaurants-  
mibe.rds")  
info_delivery <- readRDS(file="C:/Users/Edoardo/Desktop/LSU_project/delivery-  
mibe.rds")
```

I now want to inspect the dataset regarding the restaurants' information to have a better understanding of what I'm working with.

```
glimpse(restaurants_info)
```

```
## Rows: 5,786  
## Columns: 7
```

```
## $ restaurant_id      <dbl> 191295, 54515, 113653, 184167, 84922, 194571, 136~
## $ rest_name          <chr> "Baba Wali Hendon Broadway", "Burger & Lobster", ~
## $ rest_brand         <chr> NA, "Burger & Lobster", NA, "Europa 2 Go Pizza", ~
## $ rest_postcode      <chr> "NW97DY", "W1W7JE", "HA90TG", "SE255QF", "SW151JP~
## $ rest_neighborhood  <chr> "Hendon", "Fitzrovia", "Wembley", "Croydon", "Put~
## $ rest_rating        <dbl> NA, 4.7, NA, 3.8, 4.3, 4.4, 4.6, 4.2, 4.8, 4.6, 4~
## $ rest_menu_item_price <list> <2.80, 4.20, 5.60, 4.20, 5.60, 14.00, 16.80, 4.2~
```

```
head(restaurants_info)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 7
##   restaurant_id rest_name  rest_brand rest_postcode rest_neighborhood
##   <dbl> <chr>      <chr>      <chr>      <chr>
## 1 191295 Baba Wali~ <NA>      NW97DY      Hendon      NA
## 2 54515 Burger & ~ Burger & ~ W1W7JE      Fitzrovia
## 3 113653 Afta Eats <NA>      HA90TG      Wembley     NA
## 4 184167 Europa 2 ~ Europa 2 ~ SE255QF      Croydon
## 5 84922 Julia Dom~ <NA>      SW151JP      Putney
## 6 194571 Kin + Deum <NA>      E146AB      Canary Wharf
```

We can see that the restaurants\_info file has 7 variables which are id, name, brand, postcode, neighborhood, rating, and menu item price. We can also see that we have the data for 5,786 restaurants in London. ##### 1 Restaurant Information Analysis

### 1.1 top 10 neighborhoods by the number of restaurants

```
top10_neighborhoods <- restaurants_info %>%
  group_by(rest_neighborhood) %>%
  filter(!is.na(rest_neighborhood)) %>%
  summarise(number_of_rest=n()) %>%
  arrange(-number_of_rest) %>%
  slice(1:10)
top10_neighborhoods
```

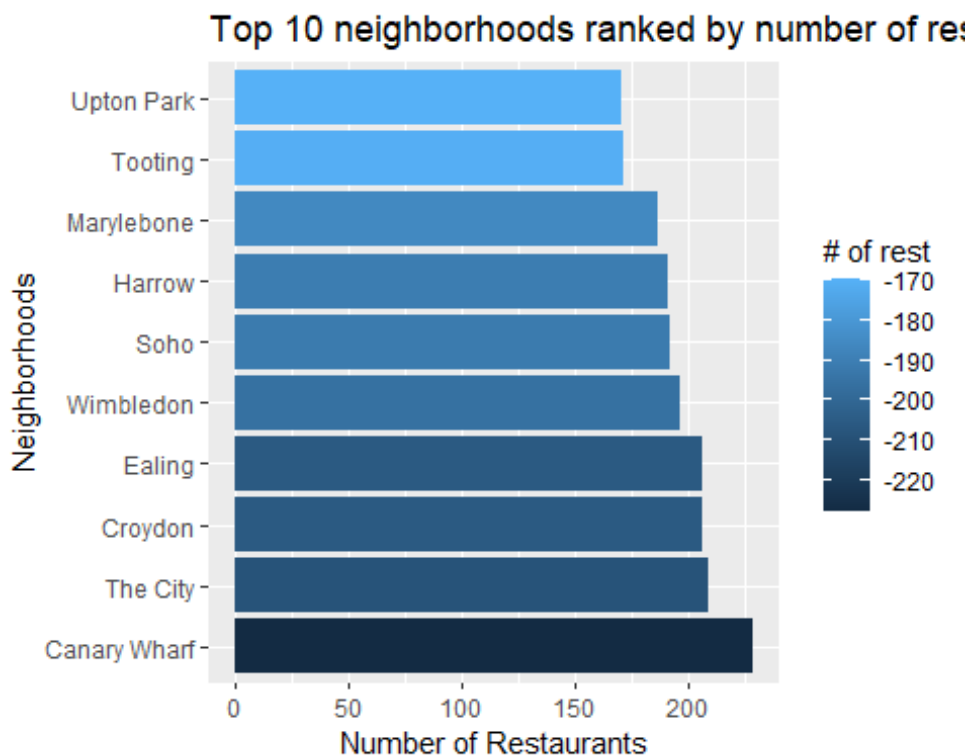
```
## # A tibble: 10 x 2
##   rest_neighborhood number_of_rest
##   <chr>              <int>
## 1 Canary Wharf      228
## 2 The City          209
## 3 Croydon           206
## 4 Ealing            206
## 5 Wimbledon         196
## 6 Soho              192
## 7 Harrow            191
## 8 Marylebone        186
```

```
## 9 Tooting 171
## 10 Upton Park 170

top10_neighborhoods$number_of_rest <-
as.numeric(top10_neighborhoods$number_of_rest)

top10_neighborhoods %>%
ggplot(aes(reorder(rest_neighborhood, -number_of_rest), number_of_rest, fill=-
number_of_rest)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity")+
  labs(x = "Neighborhoods", y = "Number of Restaurants", fill="# of rest")+
  ggtitle("Top 10 neighborhoods ranked by number of restaurants")+
  coord_flip()+
  ggsave("10neigh_by_#rest.png")

## Saving 5 x 4 in image
```



## 1.2 top 10 neighborhoods by the restaurant review score

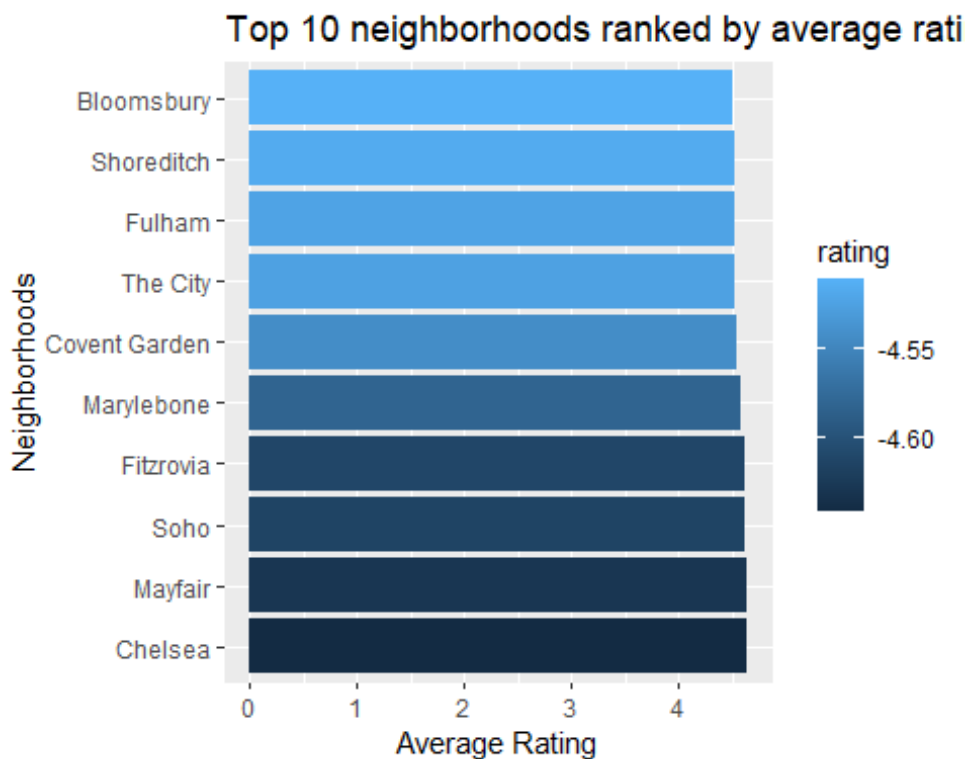
```
top10_neig_ratings <- restaurants_info %>%
  group_by(rest_neighborhood) %>%
  summarise_at(vars(rest_rating), list(~mean(., na.rm = TRUE))) %>%
  arrange(-rest_rating) %>%
  slice(1:10)
top10_neig_ratings

## # A tibble: 10 x 2
##   rest_neighborhood rest_rating
##   <chr>             <dbl>
```

```
## 1 Chelsea 4.64
## 2 Mayfair 4.63
## 3 Soho 4.62
## 4 Fitzrovia 4.61
## 5 Marylebone 4.58
## 6 Covent Garden 4.54
## 7 The City 4.52
## 8 Fulham 4.52
## 9 Shoreditch 4.52
## 10 Bloomsbury 4.51
```

```
top10_neig_ratings %>%
  ggplot(aes(reorder(rest_neighborhood, -rest_rating), rest_rating, fill=-
rest_rating)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity")+
  labs(x = "Neighborhoods", y = "Average Rating", fill="rating")+
  ggtitle("Top 10 neighborhoods ranked by average ratings of the restaurants")+
  coord_flip()+
  ggsave("10neigh_by_avg_rating.png")

## Saving 5 x 4 in image
```



```
top_neigh_overall <- inner_join(top10_neighborhoods, top10_neig_ratings)

## Joining, by = "rest_neighborhood"

top_neigh_overall
```

```
## # A tibble: 3 x 3
##   rest_neighborhood number_of_rest rest_rating
##   <chr>              <dbl>         <dbl>
## 1 The City           209           4.52
## 2 Soho               192           4.62
## 3 Marylebone         186           4.58
```

### 1.3 Top 10 biggest chains

```
top_chains <- restaurants_info %>%
  group_by(rest_brand) %>%
  filter(!is.na(rest_brand)) %>%
  summarise(number_of_spots = n()) %>%
  arrange(-number_of_spots) %>%
  slice(1:10)
top_chains
```

```
## # A tibble: 10 x 2
##   rest_brand          number_of_spots
##   <chr>              <int>
## 1 Get drinks delivered      42
## 2 KFC                     42
## 3 PizzaExpress              42
## 4 Pret A Manger             33
## 5 Burger King              22
## 6 itsu                     22
## 7 Pure                     21
## 8 Wasabi                   20
## 9 LEON                     19
## 10 Papa John's             18
```

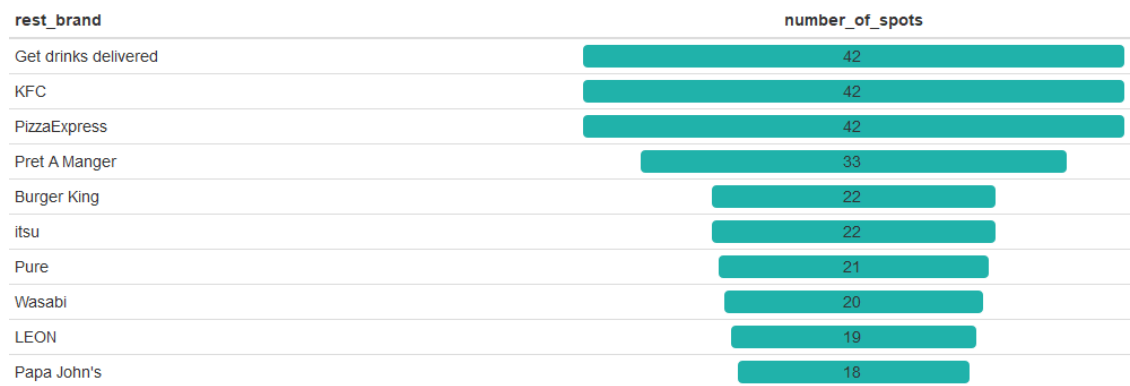
```
top_chains$number_of_spots <- as.numeric(top_chains$number_of_spots)
webshot::install_phantomjs(force = TRUE)
```

## phantomjs has been installed to C:\Users\Edoardo\AppData\Roaming\PhantomJS

```
export_formattable <- function(f, file, width = "100%", height = NULL,
                               background = "white", delay = 0.2)
{
  w <- as.htmlwidget(f, width = width, height = height)
  path <- html_print(w, background = background, viewer = NULL)
  url <- paste0("file:/// ", gsub("\\\\", "/", normalizePath(path)))
  webshot(url,
    file = file,
    selector = ".formattable_widget",
    delay = delay)
}
```

```
FT <- top_chains %>%
  formattable(align = c("l", "c"), list(number_of_spots =
    color_bar(("lightseagreen"))))
```

```
export_formattable(FT, "FT.png")
```



FT

rest\_brand

number\_of\_spots

Get drinks delivered

42

KFC

42

PizzaExpress

42

Pret A Manger

33

Burger King

22

itsu

22

Pure

21

Wasabi

20

LEON

19

Papa John's

#### 1.4 Average menu price and number of items for each restaurant

```

number_of_items_gross <- restaurants_info %>%
  filter(restaurant_id %>%
    map_lgl(any)) %>%
  unnest(rest_menu_item_price)
number_of_items_gross

## # A tibble: 703,861 x 7
##   restaurant_id rest_name rest_brand rest_postcode rest_neighborhood
##   rest_rating
##           <dbl> <chr>      <chr>      <chr>      <chr>
<dbl>
## 1      191295 Baba Wal~ <NA>      NW97DY      Hendon
NA
## 2      191295 Baba Wal~ <NA>      NW97DY      Hendon
NA
## 3      191295 Baba Wal~ <NA>      NW97DY      Hendon
NA
## 4      191295 Baba Wal~ <NA>      NW97DY      Hendon
NA
## 5      191295 Baba Wal~ <NA>      NW97DY      Hendon
NA
## 6      191295 Baba Wal~ <NA>      NW97DY      Hendon
NA
## 7      191295 Baba Wal~ <NA>      NW97DY      Hendon
NA
## 8      191295 Baba Wal~ <NA>      NW97DY      Hendon
NA
## 9      191295 Baba Wal~ <NA>      NW97DY      Hendon
NA
## 10     191295 Baba Wal~ <NA>      NW97DY      Hendon
NA
## # ... with 703,851 more rows, and 1 more variable: rest_menu_item_price <dbl>

number_of_items_net <- number_of_items_gross[apply(number_of_items_gross[c(7)],1,
function(del) any(!del==0)),]
number_of_items_net

## # A tibble: 581,092 x 7
##   restaurant_id rest_name rest_brand rest_postcode rest_neighborhood
##   rest_rating
##           <dbl> <chr>      <chr>      <chr>      <chr>
<dbl>
## 1      191295 Baba Wal~ <NA>      NW97DY      Hendon
NA
## 2      191295 Baba Wal~ <NA>      NW97DY      Hendon
NA
## 3      191295 Baba Wal~ <NA>      NW97DY      Hendon
NA
## 4      191295 Baba Wal~ <NA>      NW97DY      Hendon

```

```

NA
## 5      191295 Baba Wal~ <NA>      NW97DY      Hendon
NA
## 6      191295 Baba Wal~ <NA>      NW97DY      Hendon
NA
## 7      191295 Baba Wal~ <NA>      NW97DY      Hendon
NA
## 8      191295 Baba Wal~ <NA>      NW97DY      Hendon
NA
## 9      191295 Baba Wal~ <NA>      NW97DY      Hendon
NA
## 10     191295 Baba Wal~ <NA>      NW97DY      Hendon
NA
## # ... with 581,082 more rows, and 1 more variable: rest_menu_item_price <dbl>

num_of_items <- number_of_items_net %>%
  group_by(rest_name) %>%
  summarise(num_items_menu = n()) %>%
  arrange(-num_items_menu)
num_of_items

## # A tibble: 4,522 x 2
##   rest_name      num_items_menu
##   <chr>          <int>
## 1 PizzaExpress    8802
## 2 KFC             5492
## 3 Papa John's     4914
## 4 Pizza Hut Delivery 3903
## 5 Pret A Manger   3405
## 6 BP              3379
## 7 Tops Pizza      2804
## 8 itsu             2389
## 9 Wagamama         2109
## 10 Pizza Hut Restaurants 2072
## # ... with 4,512 more rows

avg_price <- number_of_items_net %>%
  group_by(restaurant_id, rest_name) %>%
  filter(!is.na(restaurant_id)) %>%
  summarise_at(vars(rest_menu_item_price), list(~mean(.)), na.rm = TRUE)

colnames(avg_price)[3] <- "Avg_price"

avg_price$Avg_price <- sprintf(avg_price$Avg_price, fmt="%#.4f")

avg_price

## # A tibble: 5,772 x 3
## # Groups:   restaurant_id [5,772]
##   restaurant_id rest_name
##   Avg_price
##   <dbl> <chr>
##                                     <chr>

```



```
## 1      3 "Busaba Chelsea"      9.8087
## 2      5 "Rossopomodoro"      11.2719
## 3      8 "New Culture Revolution" 8.8381
## 4     10 "Mandaloun"          9.7169
## 5     15 "Busaba St Christopher's Place" 9.6062
## 6     16 "Busaba Bloomsbury"   9.4978
## 7     18 "\U0001f1ef\U0001f1f5\U0001f1e7\U0001f1f7 YO0BI \U00~ 8.3522
## 8     19 "Noura"              58.8348
## 9     20 "Dozo Sushi"         10.9386
## 10    21 "Levant"             13.1274
## # ... with 5,762 more rows
```

### 1.5 how many items on the 5 most expensive restaurants' menus?

*#I want to create a joint dataset between the number of items per menu and the average price*

```
how_many_for_how_much <- left_join(num_of_items, avg_price)

## Joining, by = "rest_name"

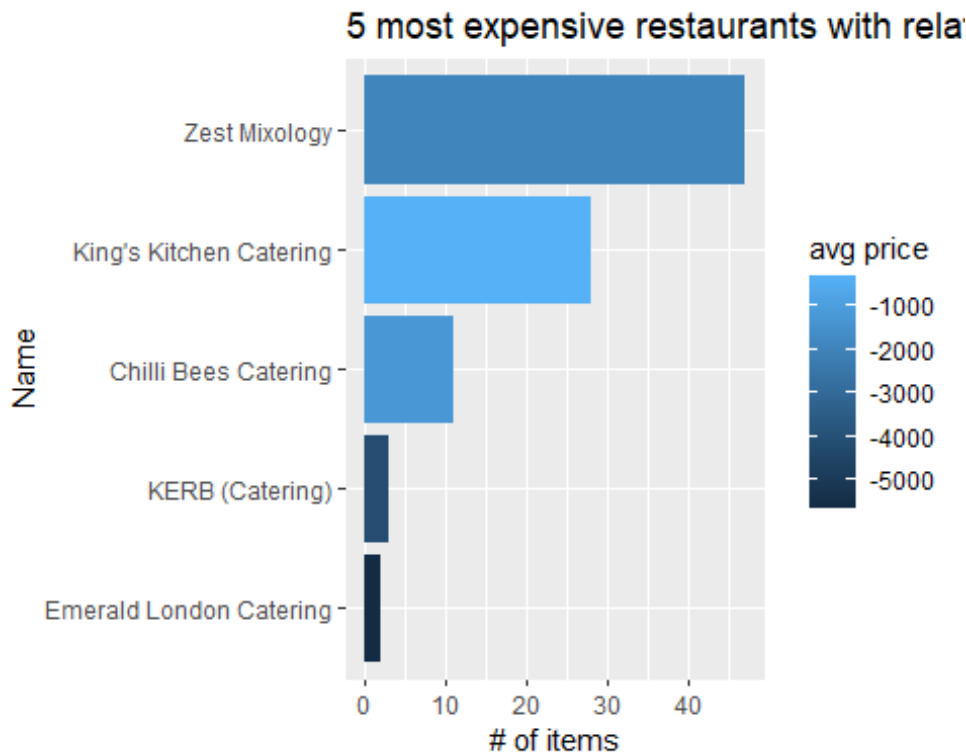
how_many_for_how_much$Avg_price <- as.numeric(how_many_for_how_much$Avg_price)

most_expensive <- how_many_for_how_much %>%
  arrange(-Avg_price) %>%
  slice(1:5)
most_expensive

## # A tibble: 5 x 4
##   rest_name          num_items_menu restaurant_id Avg_price
##   <chr>              <int>          <dbl>     <dbl>
## 1 Emerald London Catering      2      156503     5670
## 2 KERB (Catering)              3      181459    4172.
## 3 Zest Mixology              47      181439    1928.
## 4 Chilli Bees Catering        11      121538    1267.
## 5 King's Kitchen Catering     28      177883     323.

most_expensive %>%
ggplot(aes(reorder(rest_name, num_items_menu), num_items_menu, fill=-Avg_price)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity")+
  labs(x = "Name", y = "# of items", fill="avg price")+
  ggtitle("5 most expensive restaurants with relative number of items")+
  coord_flip()+
  ggsave("who_howmuch_howmany.png")

## Saving 5 x 4 in image
```



From this last graph we can observe how there is almost an inverse relationship between the number of items listed on the menus and the average price. As a matter of fact, the two most expensive restaurants also happen to be the ones with less items on their menus. But we can also see that 4/5 of these use catering services.

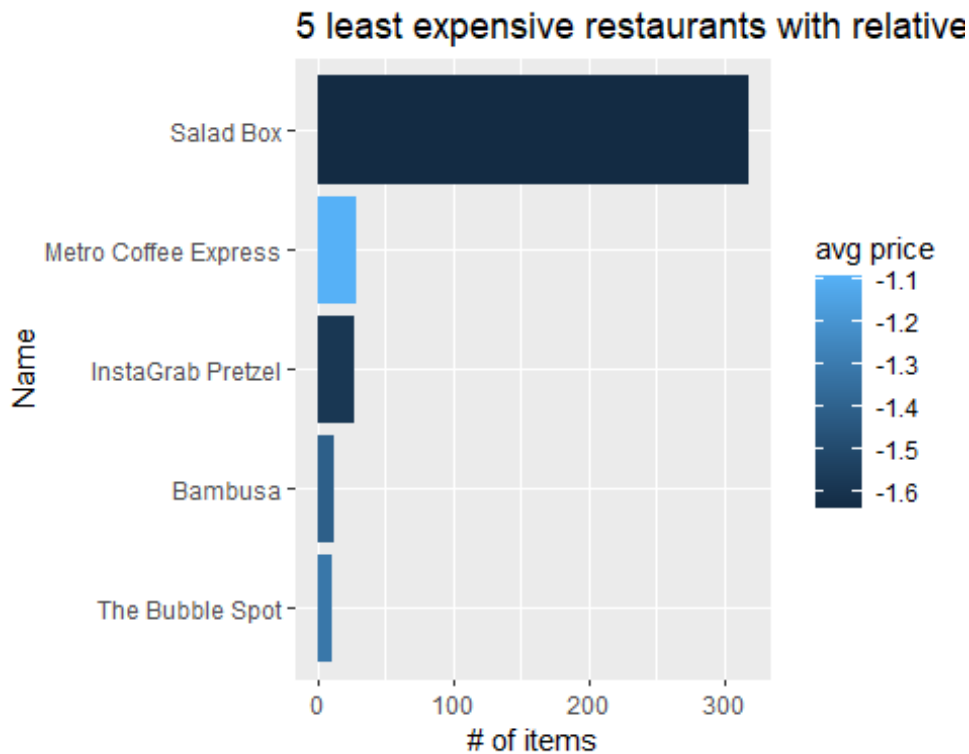
#### 1.6 how many items on the 5 least expensive restaurants' menus?

```
least_expensive <- how_many_for_how_much %>%
  arrange(Avg_price) %>%
  slice(1:5)
least_expensive

## # A tibble: 5 x 4
##   rest_name          num_items_menu restaurant_id Avg_price
##   <chr>                <int>         <dbl>     <dbl>
## 1 Metro Coffee Express      29       161225      1.10
## 2 The Bubble Spot          11       158430      1.32
## 3 Bambusa                  12       173211      1.41
## 4 InstaGrab Pretzel        27       113358      1.59
## 5 Salad Box                319        61215      1.64

least_expensive %>%
  ggplot(aes(reorder(rest_name, num_items_menu), num_items_menu, fill=-Avg_price)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity")+
  labs(x = "Name", y = "# of items", fill="avg price")+
  ggtitle("5 least expensive restaurants with relative number of items")+
  coord_flip()+
  ggsave("who_howlittle_howmany.png")
```

```
## Saving 5 x 4 in image
```

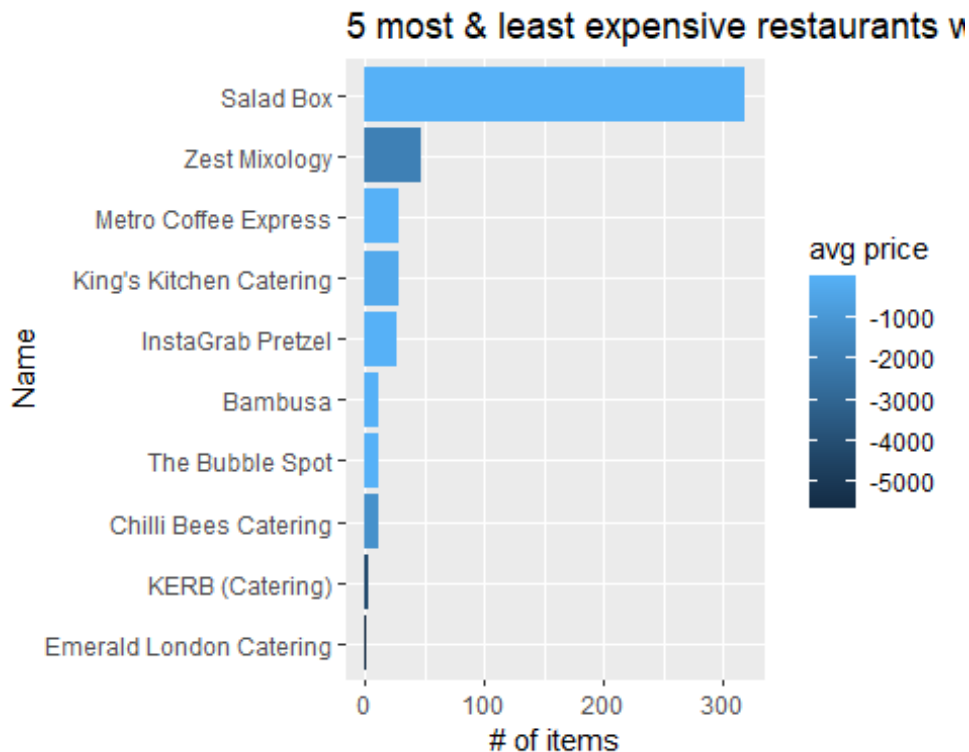


```
all_prices <- full_join(most_expensive, least_expensive)

## Joining, by = c("rest_name", "num_items_menu", "restaurant_id", "Avg_price")

all_prices %>%
  ggplot(aes(reorder(rest_name, num_items_menu), num_items_menu, fill=-Avg_price)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity")+
  labs(x = "Name", y = "# of items", fill="avg price")+
  ggtitle("5 most & least expensive restaurants with relative number of items")+
  coord_flip()+
  ggsave("all_prices.png")

## Saving 5 x 4 in image
```



## 2 Restaurants Delivery Times Analysis

```
colnames(info_delivery)[1] <- "restaurant_id"
```

```
complete_rest_data <- left_join(info_delivery, restaurants_info, by =  
"restaurant_id")  
glimpse(complete_rest_data)
```

```
## Rows: 152,217  
## Columns: 9  
## $ restaurant_id      <dbl> 98636, 167932, 902, 22555, 29850, 202819, 69871~  
## $ neighborhood_name  <chr> "the-city", "the-city", "the-city", "the-city",~  
## $ rest_delivery_time_min <dbl> 10, 10, 15, 15, 10, 25, 20, 10, 15, 15, 10, 15,~  
## $ rest_name          <chr> "Farmer J - King William Street", "Acai Berry",~  
## $ rest_brand         <chr> "Farmer J", "Acai Berry Boxpark", "La Cucina", ~  
## $ rest_postcode      <chr> "EC4R9AJ", "E16GY", "E16RL", "EC2M4NQ", "E16SB"~  
## $ rest_neighborhood  <chr> "The City", "Shoreditch", "Brick Lane", "The Ci~  
## $ rest_rating        <dbl> 4.9, 4.8, 4.4, 4.6, 4.8, 4.4, 4.7, 4.6, 4.9, 4.~  
## $ rest_menu_item_price <list> <1.00, 9.60, 9.50, 2.00, 9.00, 10.25, 9.00, 8.~
```

### 2.1 How many neighborhoods does each restaurant deliver to?

```
deliveries_where <- complete_rest_data %>%  
  group_by(restaurant_id) %>%  
  summarise(num_place_of_delivery = n())
```

```
glimpse(deliveries_where)
```

```
## Rows: 4,240  
## Columns: 2
```

```
## $ restaurant_id      <dbl> 3, 5, 8, 10, 15, 16, 18, 19, 20, 21, 23, 24, 25,~
## $ num_place_of_delivery <int> 47, 52, 52, 29, 19, 65, 80, 128, 85, 80, 80, 42,~
```

## 2.2 Top 15 neighborhoods for number of restaurants served by.

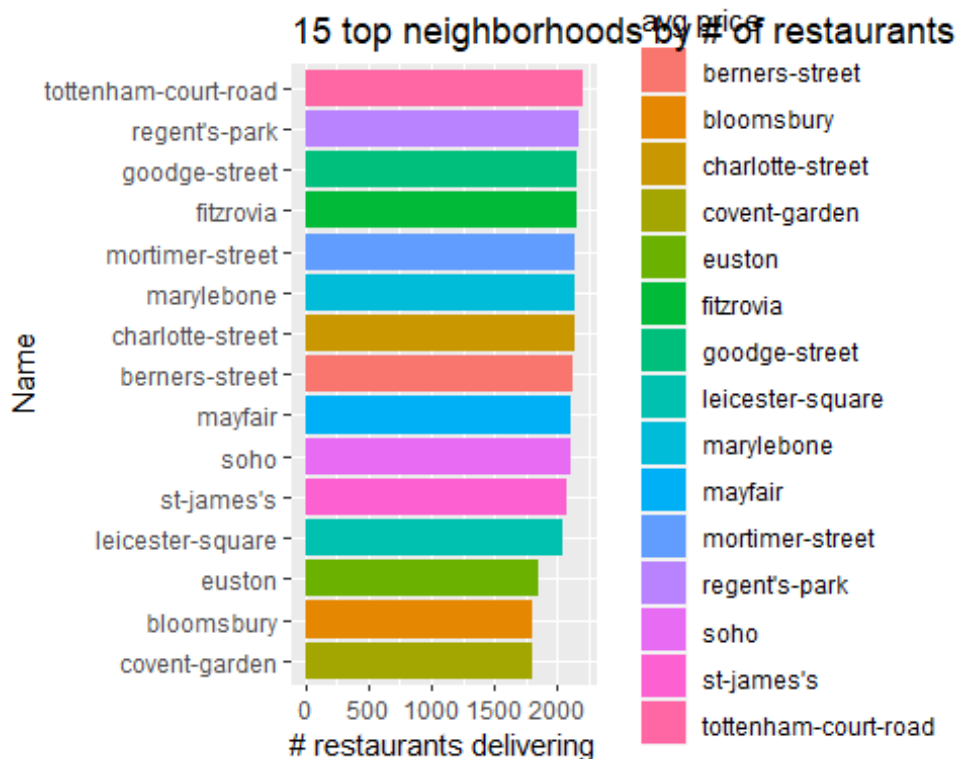
```
deliveries_by <- complete_rest_data %>%
  group_by(neighborhood_name) %>%
  summarise(how_many_deliver = n()) %>%
  arrange(-how_many_deliver) %>%
  slice(1:15)

glimpse(deliveries_by)

## Rows: 15
## Columns: 2
## $ neighborhood_name <chr> "tottenham-court-road", "regent's-park", "fitzrovia"~
## $ how_many_deliver   <int> 2201, 2177, 2158, 2158, 2143, 2142, 2133, 2128, 2115~

deliveries_by %>%
  ggplot(aes(reorder(neighborhood_name, how_many_deliver), how_many_deliver,
    fill=neighborhood_name)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity")+
  labs(x = "Name", y = "# restaurants delivering", fill="avg price")+
  ggtitle("15 top neighborhoods by # of restaurants that deliver there")+
  coord_flip()+
  ggsave("most_served.png")

## Saving 5 x 4 in image
```



### 2.3 Average delivery time per restaurant

```
avg_del_time <- complete_rest_data %>%
  group_by(restaurant_id, rest_name, rest_postcode, rest_rating) %>%
  summarise(avg_time = mean(rest_delivery_time_min, na.rm = TRUE))

## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'restaurant_id', 'rest_name',
## 'rest_postcode'. You can override using the `.groups` argument.

avg_del_time

## # A tibble: 4,240 x 5
## # Groups:   restaurant_id, rest_name, rest_postcode [4,240]
##   restaurant_id rest_name rest_postcode rest_rating
##   <dbl> <chr> <chr> <dbl>
## 1 3 "Busaba Chelsea" SW35UZ 4.6
19.6
## 2 5 "Rossopomodoro" SW109NB 4.5
17.1
## 3 8 "New Culture Revolution" SW35EP 4.7
18.3
## 4 10 "Mandaloun" SW109TW 4.8
18.6
## 5 15 "Busaba St Christopher's Pl~ W1U1BU 4.7
21.8
## 6 16 "Busaba Bloomsbury" WC1E7DF 4.7
22.4
## 7 18 "\U0001f1ef\U0001f1f5\U0001~ W1F0LL 4.8
20.6
## 8 19 "Noura" W1J5HP 4.7
23.7
## 9 20 "Dozo Sushi" W1D4TP 4.8
62.2
## 10 21 "Levant" W1U2SJ 4.8
21.8
## # ... with 4,230 more rows
```

### 2.4 Top 20 fastest restaurants.

```
avg_del_time$avg_time <- as.integer(avg_del_time$avg_time)

glimpse(avg_del_time)

## Rows: 4,240
## Columns: 5
## Groups: restaurant_id, rest_name, rest_postcode [4,240]
## $ restaurant_id <dbl> 3, 5, 8, 10, 15, 16, 18, 19, 20, 21, 23, 24, 25, 26, 34, ~
## $ rest_name <chr> "Busaba Chelsea", "Rossopomodoro", "New Culture Revoluti~
## $ rest_postcode <chr> "SW35UZ", "SW109NB", "SW35EP", "SW109TW", "W1U1BU", "WC1~
## $ rest_rating <dbl> 4.6, 4.5, 4.7, 4.8, 4.7, 4.7, 4.8, 4.7, 4.8, 4.8, 4.5, 4~
## $ avg_time <int> 19, 17, 18, 18, 21, 22, 20, 23, 62, 21, 21, 17, 13, 25, ~
```

```
fastest20 <- avg_del_time %>%
  arrange(-avg_time) %>%
  head(20)
fastest20
```

```
## # A tibble: 20 x 5
```

```
## # Groups:   restaurant_id, rest_name, rest_postcode [20]
```

```
##   restaurant_id rest_name rest_postcode rest_rating
avg_time
```

```
##           <dbl> <chr>           <chr>           <dbl>
<int>
```

```
## 1      186103 Peppercorn Food      W127GF           NA
120
```

```
## 2      134907 Timber Gardens Restaurant a~ CR02RJ           4.1
110
```

```
## 3      202181 Le Pain Quotidien Catering WC2E8RF           4.8
106
```

```
## 4        27252 PizzaExpress      HA11HS           4.1
105
```

```
## 5      107127 Sanjunana            SW193PZ           4.5
79
```

```
## 6      113498 Flaming Grill Kitchen    HA01NR           4.1
76
```

```
## 7        22907 Babbo Restaurant      W1S4JQ           4.8
75
```

```
## 8        42727 Chamisse - Platters    WC1X8PP           NA
73
```

```
## 9      119799 Khana Peena Restaurant  CR26EG           NA
73
```

```
## 10     113471 Che Restaurant          CR02XP           4.4
72
```

```
## 11     64754 Tapelia                W139RT           4.6
70
```

```
## 12     96972 Petch Sayam Thai        E113AA           4.5
68
```

```
## 13     68900 PizzaExpress - Corporate Bu~ WC1V6LF           NA
67
```

```
## 14     70371 Shinde's Pure Veg        E78LF           4.5
67
```

```
## 15     107158 Matese Pasta Lab        W73ST           4.3
65
```

```
## 16     157210 KT London              SW97TB           4.4
65
```

```
## 17     25142 PizzaExpress            W148UX           4.5
63
```

```
## 18     30483 Big Easy - Chelsea      SW35UR           4.3
63
```

```
## 19     68371 PizzaExpress - Corporate Bu~ W1D3RW           3.7
63
```

```
## 20           20 Dozo Sushi            W1D4TP           4.8
62
```

```

export_formattable <- function(f, file, width = "100%", height = NULL,
                              background = "white", delay = 0.2)
{
  w <- as.htmlwidget(f, width = width, height = height)
  path <- html_print(w, background = background, viewer = NULL)
  url <- paste0("file:/// ", gsub("\\\\", "/", normalizePath(path)))
  webshot(url,
           file = file,
           selector = ".formattable_widget",
           delay = delay)
}

f20 <- fastest20 %>%
  subset(select = -restaurant_id) %>%
  relocate(avg_time, .before = rest_postcode) %>%
  relocate(Ratings = rest_rating, .before = rest_postcode)

FT2 <- f20 %>%
  formattable(align = c("l", "c", "c", "l"), list(avg_time =
color_bar("lightseagreen"))))

export_formattable(FT2, "FT2.png")

```

rest_name	avg_time	Ratings	rest_postcode
Peppercorn Food	120	NA	W127GF
Timber Gardens Restaurant and Bar	110	4.1	CR02RJ
Le Pain Quotidien Catering	106	4.8	WC2E8RF
PizzaExpress	105	4.1	HA11HS
Sanjunana	79	4.5	SW193PZ
Flaming Grill Kitchen	76	4.1	HA01NR
Babbo Restaurant	75	4.8	W1S4JQ
Chamisse - Platters	73	NA	WC1X8PP
Khana Peena Restaurant	73	NA	CR26EG
Che Restaurant	72	4.4	CR02XP
Tapelia	70	4.6	W139RT
Petch Sayam Thai	68	4.5	E113AA
PizzaExpress - Corporate Bundles	67	NA	WC1V6LF
Shinde's Pure Veg	67	4.5	E78LF
Matese Pasta Lab	65	4.3	W73ST
KT London	65	4.4	SW97TB
PizzaExpress	63	4.5	W148UX
Big Easy - Chelsea	63	4.3	SW35UR
PizzaExpress - Corporate Bundles	63	3.7	W1D3RW
Dozo Sushi	62	4.8	W1D4TP

FT2

rest\_name

avg\_time



Ratings

rest\_postcode

Peppercorn Food

120

NA

W127GF

Timber Gardens Restaurant and Bar

110

4.1

CR02RJ

Le Pain Quotidien Catering

106

4.8

WC2E8RF

PizzaExpress

105

4.1

HA11HS

Sanjunana

79

4.5

SW193PZ

Flaming Grill Kitchen

76

4.1

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Babbo Restaurant

75

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W1S4JQ

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4.4

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W73ST

KT London

65

4.4

SW97TB

PizzaExpress

63

4.5

W148UX

Big Easy - Chelsea

63

4.3

SW35UR

PizzaExpress - Corporate Bundles

63

3.7

W1D3RW

Dozo Sushi

62

4.8

W1D4TP

### *3 Open Analysis*

By looking at this data one question comes to my mind almost immediately. Are restaurants located in those neighborhoods that are served by the highest number of delivery places?

I start by creating a new data frame that contains the data all the data from the restaurants and their deliveries, but only for the top 10 neighborhoods for number of restaurants.

```
complete_data_fortified <- inner_join(complete_rest_data, top10_neighborhoods, by
= "rest_neighborhood")
complete_data_fortified

## # A tibble: 31,978 x 10
##   restaurant_id neighborhood_name rest_delivery_tim~ rest_name      rest_brand
##   <dbl> <chr>                <dbl> <chr>      <chr>
## 1      98636 the-city                10 Farmer J - Ki~ Farmer J
## 2      22555 the-city                15 Polo          Polo
## 3     108441 the-city                10 Subway        Subway
## 4     126532 the-city                10 Doughnut Time <NA>
## 5      40178 the-city                10 Le Pain Quoti~ Le Pain
## 6      65537 the-city                15 People's Choi~ <NA>
## 7      34430 the-city                10 Pure - Breakf~ Pure
## 8     205253 the-city                15 Original Bage~ <NA>
## 9      69042 the-city                15 Yummy Bagels  <NA>
## 10     78979 the-city                10 Nisa           Nisa
## # ... with 31,968 more rows, and 5 more variables: rest_postcode <chr>,
## #   rest_neighborhood <chr>, rest_rating <dbl>, rest_menu_item_price <list>,
## #   number_of_rest <dbl>
```

I now want to calculate how many restaurants deliver to a neighborhood and where they are from.

```
new_ranking <- complete_data_fortified %>%
  group_by(neighborhood_name, rest_neighborhood) %>%
  summarise(how_many_to_and_from = n()) %>%
  arrange(-how_many_to_and_from) %>%
  slice(1:15)

## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'neighborhood_name'. You can override using
## the `.groups` argument.

new_ranking

## # A tibble: 310 x 3
## # Groups:   neighborhood_name [188]
##   neighborhood_name rest_neighborhood how_many_to_and_from
##   <chr>                <chr>                <int>
## 1 acton                Ealing                170
## 2 aldgate              The City              186
## 3 aldgate              Canary Wharf          7
## 4 anerley              Croydon               10
## 5 anerley              Tooting               2
## 6 angel                The City              1
## 7 balham               Tooting              103
## 8 balham               Wimbledon             2
## 9 bank                 The City              201
## 10 bankside             The City               1
## # ... with 300 more rows
```

I now want to join together the previous set with how many restaurants deliver to each neighborhood (just the 15 neighborhoods with the highest number of restaurants that deliver there)

```
who_delivers <- inner_join(new_ranking, deliveries_by)

## Joining, by = "neighborhood_name"

who_delivers

## # A tibble: 40 x 4
## # Groups:   neighborhood_name [15]
##   neighborhood_name rest_neighborhood how_many_to_and_from how_many_deliver
##   <chr>              <chr>                <int>          <int>
## 1 berners-street    Soho                    544            2128
## 2 berners-street    Marylebone              443            2128
## 3 berners-street    The City                 2            2128
## 4 bloomsbury        Soho                    506            1802
## 5 bloomsbury        Marylebone              168            1802
## 6 bloomsbury        The City                 19            1802
## 7 charlotte-street  Soho                    551            2133
## 8 charlotte-street  Marylebone              421            2133
## 9 charlotte-street  The City                 2            2133
## 10 covent-garden    Soho                    526            1799
## # ... with 30 more rows
```

At this point I am interested in knowing just the number of restaurants that deliver to each neighborhood and from which neighborhood they are.

```
from_where <- who_delivers %>%
  subset(select = c("neighborhood_name", "rest_neighborhood",
"how_many_to_and_from"))
from_where

## # A tibble: 40 x 3
## # Groups:   neighborhood_name [15]
##   neighborhood_name rest_neighborhood how_many_to_and_from
##   <chr>              <chr>                <int>
## 1 berners-street    Soho                    544
## 2 berners-street    Marylebone              443
## 3 berners-street    The City                 2
## 4 bloomsbury        Soho                    506
## 5 bloomsbury        Marylebone              168
## 6 bloomsbury        The City                 19
## 7 charlotte-street  Soho                    551
## 8 charlotte-street  Marylebone              421
## 9 charlotte-street  The City                 2
## 10 covent-garden    Soho                    526
## # ... with 30 more rows

how_many <- who_delivers %>%
  subset(select = c("neighborhood_name", "rest_neighborhood", "how_many_deliver"))
how_many
```

```
## # A tibble: 40 x 3
## # Groups:   neighborhood_name [15]
##   neighborhood_name rest_neighborhood how_many_deliver
##   <chr>             <chr>             <int>
## 1 berners-street    Soho                2128
## 2 berners-street    Marylebone          2128
## 3 berners-street    The City            2128
## 4 bloomsbury        Soho                1802
## 5 bloomsbury        Marylebone          1802
## 6 bloomsbury        The City            1802
## 7 charlotte-street  Soho                2133
## 8 charlotte-street  Marylebone          2133
## 9 charlotte-street  The City            2133
## 10 covent-garden    Soho                1799
## # ... with 30 more rows
```

```
library(reshape)
```

```
##
```

```
## Attaching package: 'reshape'
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:tidyr':
```

```
##
```

```
##   expand, smiths
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
```

```
##
```

```
##   rename
```

```
from_where.m <- melt(from_where)
```

```
## Using neighborhood_name, rest_neighborhood as id variables
```

```
from_where.m
```

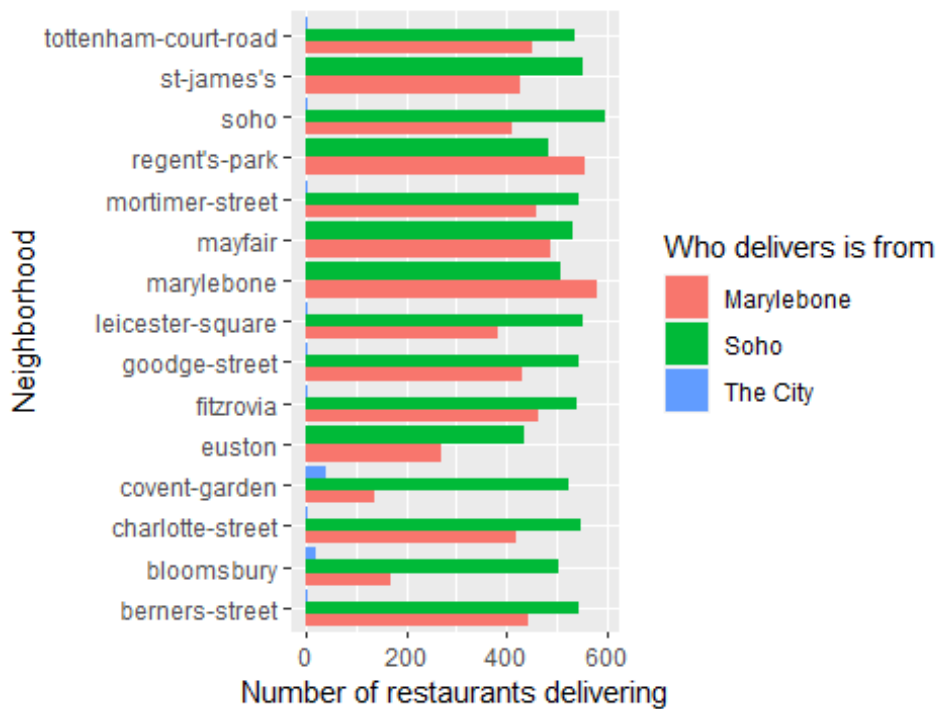
```
##   neighborhood_name rest_neighborhood variable value
## 1   berners-street          Soho how_many_to_and_from 544
## 2   berners-street    Marylebone how_many_to_and_from 443
## 3   berners-street    The City  how_many_to_and_from   2
## 4     bloomsbury          Soho how_many_to_and_from 506
## 5     bloomsbury    Marylebone how_many_to_and_from 168
## 6     bloomsbury    The City  how_many_to_and_from  19
## 7 charlotte-street          Soho how_many_to_and_from 551
## 8 charlotte-street    Marylebone how_many_to_and_from 421
## 9 charlotte-street    The City  how_many_to_and_from   2
## 10  covent-garden          Soho how_many_to_and_from 526
## 11  covent-garden    Marylebone how_many_to_and_from 138
## 12  covent-garden    The City  how_many_to_and_from  38
## 13      euston          Soho how_many_to_and_from 434
## 14      euston    Marylebone how_many_to_and_from 268
## 15    fitzrovia          Soho how_many_to_and_from 539
## 16    fitzrovia    Marylebone how_many_to_and_from 466
## 17    fitzrovia    The City  how_many_to_and_from   2
```

## 18	goodge-street	Soho	how_many_to_and_from	546
## 19	goodge-street	Marylebone	how_many_to_and_from	430
## 20	goodge-street	The City	how_many_to_and_from	2
## 21	leicester-square	Soho	how_many_to_and_from	552
## 22	leicester-square	Marylebone	how_many_to_and_from	382
## 23	leicester-square	The City	how_many_to_and_from	1
## 24	marylebone	Marylebone	how_many_to_and_from	581
## 25	marylebone	Soho	how_many_to_and_from	509
## 26	mayfair	Soho	how_many_to_and_from	531
## 27	mayfair	Marylebone	how_many_to_and_from	490
## 28	mortimer-street	Soho	how_many_to_and_from	545
## 29	mortimer-street	Marylebone	how_many_to_and_from	459
## 30	mortimer-street	The City	how_many_to_and_from	2
## 31	regent's-park	Marylebone	how_many_to_and_from	557
## 32	regent's-park	Soho	how_many_to_and_from	484
## 33	soho	Soho	how_many_to_and_from	596
## 34	soho	Marylebone	how_many_to_and_from	411
## 35	soho	The City	how_many_to_and_from	1
## 36	st-james's	Soho	how_many_to_and_from	553
## 37	st-james's	Marylebone	how_many_to_and_from	428
## 38	tottenham-court-road	Soho	how_many_to_and_from	538
## 39	tottenham-court-road	Marylebone	how_many_to_and_from	453
## 40	tottenham-court-road	The City	how_many_to_and_from	1

```
ggplot(from_where.m, aes(neighborhood_name, value, fill = rest_neighborhood)) +
  geom_bar(stat="identity", position = "dodge")+
  labs(y = "Number of restaurants delivering", x = "Neighborhood", fill = "Who
delivers is from", title = "From where do restaurants deliver to?")+
  coord_flip()+
  ggsave("fromwhere.png")
```

```
## Saving 5 x 4 in image
```

## From where do restaurants deliver to?



In this graph we can see how the top 15 neighborhoods for number of restaurants served by, are segmented between the restaurants located in 3 of the top 10 neighborhood for number of restaurants.

```
how_many.m <- melt(how_many)
```

```
## Using neighborhood_name, rest_neighborhood as id variables
```

```
how_many.m
```

```
##      neighborhood_name rest_neighborhood      variable value
## 1      berners-street          Soho how_many_deliver  2128
## 2      berners-street      Marylebone how_many_deliver  2128
## 3      berners-street        The City how_many_deliver  2128
## 4      bloomsbury          Soho how_many_deliver  1802
## 5      bloomsbury      Marylebone how_many_deliver  1802
## 6      bloomsbury        The City how_many_deliver  1802
## 7      charlotte-street          Soho how_many_deliver  2133
## 8      charlotte-street      Marylebone how_many_deliver  2133
## 9      charlotte-street        The City how_many_deliver  2133
## 10     covent-garden          Soho how_many_deliver  1799
## 11     covent-garden      Marylebone how_many_deliver  1799
## 12     covent-garden        The City how_many_deliver  1799
## 13          euston          Soho how_many_deliver  1852
## 14          euston      Marylebone how_many_deliver  1852
## 15         fitzrovia          Soho how_many_deliver  2158
## 16         fitzrovia      Marylebone how_many_deliver  2158
## 17         fitzrovia        The City how_many_deliver  2158
## 18         goodge-street          Soho how_many_deliver  2158
## 19         goodge-street      Marylebone how_many_deliver  2158
```



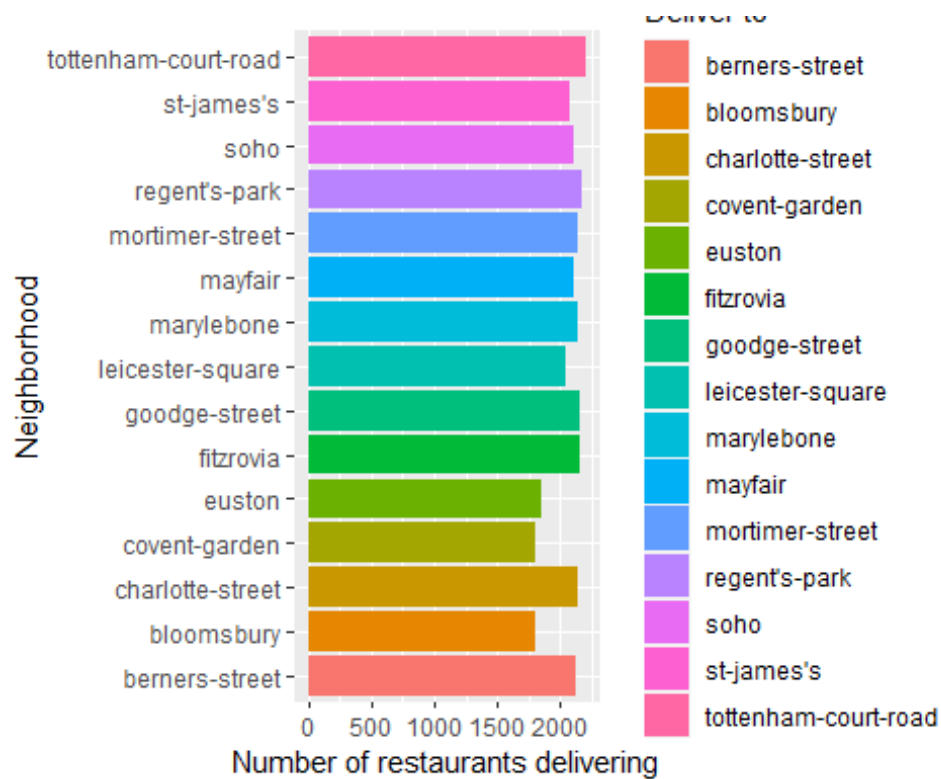
## 20	goodge-street	The City	how_many_deliver	2158
## 21	leicester-square	Soho	how_many_deliver	2040
## 22	leicester-square	Marylebone	how_many_deliver	2040
## 23	leicester-square	The City	how_many_deliver	2040
## 24	marylebone	Marylebone	how_many_deliver	2142
## 25	marylebone	Soho	how_many_deliver	2142
## 26	mayfair	Soho	how_many_deliver	2115
## 27	mayfair	Marylebone	how_many_deliver	2115
## 28	mortimer-street	Soho	how_many_deliver	2143
## 29	mortimer-street	Marylebone	how_many_deliver	2143
## 30	mortimer-street	The City	how_many_deliver	2143
## 31	regent's-park	Marylebone	how_many_deliver	2177
## 32	regent's-park	Soho	how_many_deliver	2177
## 33	soho	Soho	how_many_deliver	2114
## 34	soho	Marylebone	how_many_deliver	2114
## 35	soho	The City	how_many_deliver	2114
## 36	st-james's	Soho	how_many_deliver	2079
## 37	st-james's	Marylebone	how_many_deliver	2079
## 38	tottenham-court-road	Soho	how_many_deliver	2201
## 39	tottenham-court-road	Marylebone	how_many_deliver	2201
## 40	tottenham-court-road	The City	how_many_deliver	2201

```

ggplot(how_many.m, aes(neighborhood_name, value, fill = neighborhood_name)) +
  geom_bar(stat="identity", position = "dodge")+
  labs(y = "Number of restaurants delivering", x = "Neighborhood", fill = "Deliver
to")+
  coord_flip()+
  ggsave("howmany.png")

```

```
## Saving 5 x 4 in image
```



Based also on this last chart, I would then suggest restaurants that are not on the territory to maybe think of opening stores in the neighborhoods more served, as it may represent a way of, in the long run, reducing costs due to delivery and increasing their revenues as well.