# Report of Homework2

# Mustafa TOKGÖZ 171044077

### Inputs and Outputs

#### **FOR CPP PART:**

inputs:

arraySize: size of array num: target number arr[]: array of numbers curpos: current position length: length of subset size: size of array

outputs:

1 : Possible 0 : Not Possible

#### **FOR ASSEMBLY PART:**

inputs:

a3 register for length a2 register for current position a1 register for array size a0 register for target number

outputs:

v0 register for return value

# Explanation of Function CheckSumPosibility:

sum is a local variable

The funciton firstly checking if the current position is equal to size or not if it is then it is adding ith the element of subset to sum i to length with loop Then if sum is equal to target (num) then returns 1 else returns 0 IF current position (curpos) is not equal to size then it assigns arr[curpos] to S[length]

then it is calling CheckSumPossibility function recursively by adding 1 to current position (curpos) and length

why i use the second CheckSumPossibility call is to skip the current element by adding 1 to only current position (curpos)

### Output of the Program (CPP)

```
8 129
41 67 34 0 69 24 78 58
Not possible!
```

It is not possible because there is no subset to find target number 129

```
8 129
62 64 5 45 81 27 61 91
Not possible!
```

It is not possible because there is no subset to find target number 129

```
8 129
95 42 27 36 91 4 2 53
Possible!
```

It is possible because sum of (36 91 2) gives the target

```
8 129
92 82 21 16 18 95 47 26
Possible!
```

It is possible because sum of (92 21 16) gives the target

```
8 129
71 38 69 12 67 99 35 94
Possible!
```

It is possible because sum of (35 94) gives the target

```
8 129
3 11 22 33 73 64 41 11
Not possible!
```

It is not possible because there is no subset to find target number 129

### Output of the Program (Assembly)

```
Enter the array size (max limit 100)
8
Enter the target number
129
Enter numbers one by one
41
67
34
0
69
24
78
58
Not Possible!
—— program is finished running ——
```

It is not possible because there is no subset to find target number 129

```
Enter the array size (max limit 100)

8
Enter the target number
129
Enter numbers one by one
62
64
5
45
81
27
61
91
Not Possible!
—— program is finished running ——
```

It is not possible because there is no subset to find target number 129

```
Enter the array size (max limit 100)
8
Enter the target number
129
Enter numbers one by one
95
42
27
36
91
4
2
53
Possible! 36 91 2
— program is finished running —
```

It is possible because sum of (36 91 2) gives the target

```
Enter the array size (max limit 100)
8
Enter the target number
129
Enter numbers one by one
92
82
21
16
18
95
47
26
Possible! 92 21 16
—— program is finished running ——
```

It is possible because sum of (92 21 16) gives the target and also (82 21 26) but it returns when it find a subset so printing 92 21 16

```
Enter the array size (max limit 100)

8
Enter the target number
129
Enter numbers one by one
71
38
69
12
67
99
35
94
Possible! 35 94
— program is finished running —
```

It is possible because sum of (35 94) gives the target

```
Enter the array size (max limit 100)
8
Enter the target number
129
Enter numbers one by one
3
11
22
33
73
64
41
11
Not Possible!
—— program is finished running ——
```

It is not possible because there is no subset to find target number 129

## **BONUS PART:**

I print the corresponding array elements in my assembly program (similar to shown in the above sample output.).