



Protocol Audit Report

Version 1.0

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May 22, 2025

Password Store Audit Report

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Protocol Summary

A smart contract applicatoin for storing a password. Users should be able to store a password and then retrieve it later. Others should not be able to access the password.

Disclaimer

The Matthew Ustby team makes all effort to find as many vulnerabilities in the code in the given time period, but holds no responsibilities for the findings provided in this document. A security audit by the team is not an endorsement of the underlying business or product. The audit was time-boxed and the review of the code was solely on the security aspects of the Solidity implementation of the contracts.

Risk Classification

| | | Impact | | |
|------------|--------|--------|--------|-----|
| | | High | Medium | Low |
| Likelihood | High | H | H/M | M |
| | Medium | H/M | M | M/L |
| | Low | M | M/L | L |

We use the CodeHawks severity matrix to determine severity. See the documentation for more details.

Audit Details

Commit Hash: 2e8f81e263b3a9d18fab4fb5c46805ffc10a9990

Scope

```
1 ./src/  
2 >>> PasswordStore.sol
```

Roles

- Owner: The user who can set the password and read the password.
- Outsiders: No one else should be able to set or read the password.

Executive Summary

We spent X hours with Z auditors with Y tools.

Issues found

| Severity | Number of issues found |
|----------|------------------------|
| High | 2 |
| Medium | 0 |
| Low | 0 |
| Info | 1 |
| Total | 3 |

Findings

High

[H-1] Storing the password on-chain makes it visible to anyone, and no longer private

Description: All data stored on-chain is visible to anyone, and can be read directly from the blockchain. The `PasswordStore : s_password` variable is intended to be a private variable and only accessed through the `PasswordStore : getPassword` function, which is intended to be only called by the owner of the contract.

We show one such method of reading any data off chain below.

Impact: Anyone can read the private password, severely breaking the functionality of the protocol.

Proof of Concept: (Proof of Code)

The below test case shows how anyone can read the password directly from the blockchain.

- Process (Run these commands in the following order)
 - make anvil
 - make deploy
 - cast storage 0x5FbDB2315678afecb367f032d93F642f64180aa3 1 --rpc-url http://127.0.0.1:8545
 - * output is: 0x6d7950617373776f72640014
 - cast parse-bytes32-string 0x6d7950617373776f72640014
 - * output is: myPassword (this is what was initialized in the deployment script)

Recommended Mitigation:

Due to this, the overall architecture of the contract should be rethought. You could encrypt the password off-chain and store the encrypted password on-chain.

[H-2] PasswordStore::setPassword has no access controls, meaning a non-owner could change the password

Description: The `PasswordStore::setPassword` function is set to be an `external` function, however, the natspec of the function and overall purpose of the smart contract is that `This function allows only the owner to set a new password.`

```
1 function setPassword(string memory newPassword) external {
2   @>    // @audit - There are no access controls
3         s_password = newPassword;
4         emit SetNetPassword();
5     }
```

Impact: Anyone can set/change the password of the contract, severely breaking the contracts' intended functionality.

Proof of Concept: Add the following to the `PasswordStore.t.sol` test file.

Code

```
1 function test_anyone_can_set_password(address randomAddress) public
2 {
3     vm.assume(randomAddress != owner);
4     vm.prank(randomAddress);
5     string memory expectedPassword = "myNewPassword";
6     passwordStore.setPassword(expectedPassword);
7
8     vm.prank(owner);
9     string memory actualPassword = passwordStore.getPassword();
10    assertEq(actualPassword, expectedPassword);
11 }
```

Recommended Mitigation: Add an access control conditional to the `setPassword` function.

```
1     if(msg.sender != s_owner) {  
2         revert PasswordStore__NotOwner();  
3     }
```

Informational

[S-#] The PasswordStore::getPassword natspec indicates a parameter that doesn't exist, causing the natspec to be incorrect.

Description:

```
1     /*  
2     * @notice This allows only the owner to retrieve the password.  
3     @> * @param newPassword The new password to set.  
4     */  
5     function getPassword() external view returns (string memory) {
```

The `PasswordStore::getPassword` function signature is `getPassword` which the natspec says it should be `getPassword(string)`.

Impact: The natspec is incorrect.

Proof of Concept: N/A

Recommended Mitigation: Remove the incorrect natspec line.

```
1 -     * @param newPassword The new password to set.
```