



# ICON Database Reference Manual

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# Chapter 1

## Available output fields in GRIB2-format

In GRIB2, a variable is uniquely defined by the following set of metadata:

- *Discipline* (see GRIB2 code table 4.2)
- *ParameterCategory* (see GRIB2 code table 4.2)
- *ParameterNumber* (see GRIB2 code table 4.2)
- *typeOfFirstFixedSurface* and *typeOfSecondFixedSurface* (see GRIB2 code table 4.5)
- *stepType* (instant, accum, avg, max, min, diff, rms, sd, cov, ...)

A documentation of the official WMO GRIB2 code tables can be found here: [http://www.wmo.int/pages/prog/www/WMOCodes/WM0306\\_vI2/LatestVERSION/WM0306\\_vI2\\_GRIB2\\_CodeFlag\\_en.pdf](http://www.wmo.int/pages/prog/www/WMOCodes/WM0306_vI2/LatestVERSION/WM0306_vI2_GRIB2_CodeFlag_en.pdf)

In the following, *typeOfFirstFixedSurface* and *typeOfSecondFixedSurface* will be abbreviated by *Lev-Typ 1/2*.

### 1.1 Deprecated output fields

With the launch of ICON, the following output fields will no longer be available:

- **OMEGA** [Pa/s]: Vertical velocity in pressure coordinates  $\omega = \frac{dp}{dt}$ . Since ICON is a nonhydrostatic model, the vertical velocity **W** [m/s] is provided, instead (see Section 1.2).
- **BAS\_CON** [-]: Level index of convective cloud base. Instead, **HBAS\_CON** [m] should be used.
- **TOP\_CON** [-]: Level index of convective cloud top. Instead, **HTOP\_CON** [m] should be used.
- **T\_S** [K]: Temperature at the soil-atmosphere-, or soil-snow-interface. Note that  $T_S = T_{SO}(0)$ , thus **T\_S** is redundant.
- **W\_G1**, **W\_G2** [mm H<sub>2</sub>O]: Soil water content in upper layer (0 to 10 cm) and middle layer (10 to 100 cm), respectively. If needed, these fields can be derived from **W\_SO**.

### 1.2 New output fields

New output fields that will become available with the launch of ICON are:

- **W** [m/s]: vertical velocity in height coordinates  $w = \frac{dz}{dt}$
- **DEN** [kg/m<sup>3</sup>]: density of moist air

## 1.3 Available output fields listed in tabular form

### 1.3.1 Time-constant (external parameter) fields

**Table 1.1:** Time-constant fields (Date  $D=000000$ )

ShortName	Description	Discipline	Category	Number	Lev-Typ 1/2	stepType	Unit
FIS	Surface geopotential	0	3	4	1/–	inst	$\text{m}^2 \text{s}^{-2}$
RLAT	Geographical latitude	0	191	1	1/–	inst	Deg. N
RLON	Geographical longitude	0	191	2	1/–	inst	Deg. E
FR.LAND	Land fraction (possible range [0, 1])	2	0	0	1/–	inst	1
ROOTDP	Root depth of vegetation	2	0	32	1/–	inst	m
EMIS_RAD	Longwave surface emissivity	2	3	199	1/–	inst	1
RSMIN	Minimum stomatal resistance	2	0	16	1/–	inst	$\text{s m}^{-1}$
SSO.STDH	Standard deviation of sub-grid scale orography	0	3	20	1/–	inst	m
SSO.GAMMA	Anisotropy of sub-gridscale orography	0	3	24	1/–	inst	1
SSO.THETA	Angle of sub-gridscale orography	0	3	21	1/–	inst	rad
SSO.SIGMA	Slope of sub-gridscale orography	0	3	22	1/–	inst	1
PLCOV_MX	Plant covering degree in the vegetation phase	2	0	4	1/–	max	1
T.2M.CL	Climatological 2 m temperature (used as lower bc. for soil model)	0	0	0	103/–	inst	K

### 1.3.2 Multi-level fields on native hybrid vertical levels

**Table 1.2:** *Hybrid multi-level forecast ( $VV > 0$ ) and initialised analysis ( $VV = 0$ ) products*

ShortName	Description	Discipline	Category	Number	Lev-Typ 1/2	stepType	Unit
U	Zonal wind	0	2	2	105/105	inst	$\text{m s}^{-1}$
V	Meridional wind	0	2	3	105/105	inst	$\text{m s}^{-1}$
W	Vertical wind	0	2	9	105/–	inst	$\text{m s}^{-1}$
T	Temperature	0	0	0	105/105	inst	K
DEN	Density of moist air	0	3	10	105/105	inst	$\text{kg m}^{-3}$
QV	Specific humidity	0	1	0	105/105	inst	$\text{kg kg}^{-1}$
QC	Cloud mixing ratio <sup>1</sup>	0	1	22	105/105	inst	$\text{kg kg}^{-1}$
QI	Cloud ice mixing ratio <sup>1</sup>	0	1	82	105/105	inst	$\text{kg kg}^{-1}$
QR	Rain mixing ratio <sup>1</sup>	0	1	24	105/105	inst	$\text{kg kg}^{-1}$
QS	Snow mixing ratio <sup>1</sup>	0	1	25	105/105	inst	$\text{kg kg}^{-1}$
CLC	Cloud cover	0	6	22	105/105	inst	%
O3	Ozone mixing ratio <sup>2</sup>	0	14	1	105/105	inst	$\text{kg kg}^{-1}$

### 1.3.3 Multi-level fields interpolated to pressure levels

The following pressure levels are available: 1000, 950, 925, 900, 850, 700, 500, 400, 300, 250, 200, 150, 100, 50, 10, hPa.

<sup>1</sup>for the time being, erroneously encoded as mixing ratios instead of specific quantities

<sup>2</sup>not clear yet, whether ozone will be provided as output field

**Table 1.3:** Multi-level forecast ( $VV > 0$ ) and initialised analysis ( $VV = 0$ ) products interpolated to pressure levels

ShortName	Description	Discipline	Category	Number	Lev-Typ 1/2	stepType	Unit
FI	Geopotential	0	3	4	100/–	inst	$\text{m}^2 \text{s}^{-2}$
U	Zonal wind	0	2	2	100/–	inst	$\text{m s}^{-1}$
V	Meridional wind	0	2	3	100/–	inst	$\text{m s}^{-1}$
W	Vertical wind	0	2	9	100/–	inst	$\text{m s}^{-1}$
T	Temperature	0	0	0	100/–	inst	K
RELHUM	Relative humidity (with respect to water)	0	1	1	100/–	inst	%

### 1.3.4 Single-level fields

Table 1.4: Single-level forecast ( $VV > 0$ ) and initialised analysis ( $VV = 0$ ) products

ShortName	Description	Discipline	Category	Number	Lev-Typ 1/2	stepType	Unit
PS	Surface pressure (not reduced)	0	3	1	1/–	inst	Pa
T_SNOW	Temperature of the snow surface	0	0	18	1/–	inst	K
T_G	Ground temperature (temperature at sfc-atm interface)	0	0	0	1/–	inst	K
QV_S	Surface specific humidity	0	1	0	1/–	inst	$\text{kg kg}^{-1}$
W_SNOW	Snow depth water equivalent	0	1	60	1/–	inst	$\text{kg m}^{-2}$
W_I	Plant canopy surface water	2	0	13	1/–	inst	$\text{kg m}^{-2}$
TCM	Turbulent transfer coefficient for momentum (surface)	0	2	29	1/–	inst	1
TCH	Turbulent transfer coefficient for heat and moisture (surface)	0	0	19	1/–	inst	1
ASOB_S	Net short-wave radiation flux at surface (average since model start)	0	4	9	1/–	avg	$\text{W m}^{-2}$

*Continued on next page*



Table 1.4: *continued*

ATHB_S	Net long-wave radiation flux at surface (average since model start)	0	5	5	1/–	avg	$\text{W m}^{-2}$
ASOB_T	Net short-wave radiation flux at TOA (average since model start)	0	4	9	8/–	avg	$\text{W m}^{-2}$
ATHB_T	Net long-wave radiation flux at TOA (average since model start)	0	5	5	8/–	avg	$\text{W m}^{-2}$
ALB_RAD	Surface albedo for visible range, diffuse	0	19	1	1/–	inst	%
RAIN_GSP	Large scale rain (accumulated since model start)	0	1	77	1/–	accu	$\text{kg m}^{-2}$
SNOW_GSP	Large snowfall water equivalent (accumulated since model start)	0	1	56	1/–	accu	$\text{kg m}^{-2}$
RAIN_CON	Convective rain (accumulated since model start)	0	1	76	1/–	accu	$\text{kg m}^{-2}$
SNOW_CON	Convective snowfall water equivalent (accumulated since model start)	0	1	55	1/–	accu	$\text{kg m}^{-2}$
TOT_PREC	Total precipitation (accumulated since model start)	0	1	52	1/–	accu	$\text{kg m}^{-2}$
RUNOFF_S	Surface water runoff (accumulated since model start) <sup>3</sup>	2	0	5	106/–	accu	$\text{kg m}^{-2}$
RUNOFF_G	Soil water runoff (accumulated since model start) <sup>3</sup>	2	0	5	106/–	accu	$\text{kg m}^{-2}$
U_10M	Zonal wind at 10m above ground	0	2	2	103/–	inst	$\text{m s}^{-1}$
V_10M	Meridional wind at 10m above ground	0	2	3	103/–	inst	$\text{m s}^{-1}$
T_2M	Temperature at 2m above ground	0	0	0	103/–	inst	K
TD_2M	Dew point temperature at 2m above ground	0	0	6	103/–	inst	K
VMAX_10M	Maximum wind at 10 m above ground	0	2	22	103/–	max	$\text{m s}^{-1}$
Z0	Surface roughness (above land and water)	2	0	1	1/–	inst	m
CLCT	Total cloud cover	0	6	1	1/–	inst	%
CLCH	High level clouds <sup>3</sup>	0	6	1	100/100	inst	%
CLCM	Mid level clouds <sup>3</sup>	0	6	1	100/100	inst	%
CLCL	Low level clouds <sup>3</sup>	0	6	1	100/100	inst	%

*Continued on next page*

Table 1.4: *continued*

TQV	Total column integrated water vapour	0	1	64	1/–	inst	$\text{kg m}^{-2}$
TQC	Total column integrated cloud water	0	1	69	1/–	inst	$\text{kg m}^{-2}$
TQI	Total column integrated cloud ice	0	1	70	1/–	inst	$\text{kg m}^{-2}$
TQR	Total column integrated rain <sup>3</sup>	0	1	45	1/–	inst	$\text{kg m}^{-2}$
TQS	Total column integrated snow <sup>3</sup>	0	1	46	1/–	inst	$\text{kg m}^{-2}$
HBAS_CON	Height of convective cloud base above msl	0	6	26	2/101	inst	m
HTOP_CON	Height of convective cloud top above msl	0	6	27	3/101	inst	m
HZEROCL	Height of 0 degree Celsius isotherm above msl	0	3	6	4/101	inst	m
ASHFLS	Sensible heat net flux at surface (average since model start)	0	0	11	1/–	avg	$\text{W m}^{-2}$
ALHFLS	Latent heat net flux at surface (average since model start)	0	0	10	1/–	avg	$\text{W m}^{-2}$
FR_ICE	Sea ice cover (possible range: [0, 1])	10	2	0	1/–	inst	1
T_ICE	Sea ice temperature (at ice-atm interface)	10	2	8	1/–	inst	K
H_ICE	Sea ice thickness (Max: 3 m)	10	2	1	1/–	inst	m
FRESHSNW	Fresh snow factor (weighting function for albedo indicating freshness of snow)	0	1	203	1/–	inst	1
RHO_SNOW	Snow density	0	1	61	1/–	inst	$\text{kg m}^{-3}$
H_SNOW	Snow depth	0	1	11	1/–	inst	m

Table 1.5: Multi-level forecast ( $VV > 0$ ) and initialised analysis ( $VV = 0$ ) products of the soil model

ShortName	Description	Discipline	Category	Number	Lev-Typ 1/2	stepType	Unit
T_SO	Soil temperature	2	3	18	106/–	inst	K

*Continued on next page*<sup>3</sup>Output fields not yet available, but planned.

**Table 1.6:** *Soil model: vertical distribution of levels and layers*

level no.	depth [cm]	layer no.	upper/lower bounds [cm]
0	0.0		
1	0.5	1	0.0 — 1.0
2	2.0	2	1.0 — 3.0
3	6.0	3	3.0 — 9.0
4	18.0	4	9.0 — 27.0
5	54.0	5	27.0 — 81.0
6	162.0	6	81.0 — 243.0
7	486.0	7	243.0 — 729.0
8	1458.0	8	729.0 — 2187.0

Table 1.5: Multi-level forecast ( $VV > 0$ ) and initialised analysis ( $VV = 0$ ) products of the soil model

ShortName	Description	Discipline	Category	Number	Lev-Typ 1/2	stepType	Unit
W_SO	Soil moisture integrated over individual soil layers (ice + liquid)	2	3	20	106/106	inst	kg m <sup>-2</sup>
W_SO_ICE	Soil ice content integrated over individual soil layers	2	3	22	106/106	inst	kg m <sup>-2</sup>

Soil temperature is defined at the soil depths given in Table 1.6 (column 2). Levels 1 to 8 define the full levels of the soil model. A zero gradient condition is assumed between levels 0 and 1, meaning that temperatures at the surface-atmosphere interface are set equal to the temperature at the first full level depth. (0.5 cm). Temperatures are prognosed for levels 1 to 7. At the lowermost level (1458 cm) the temperature is fixed to the climatological average 2 m-temperature.

Soil moisture W\_SO is prognosed for layers 1 to 6. In the two lowermost layers W\_SO is time constant.

### 1.3.5 Surface fields interpolated to msl

**Table 1.7:** *Forecast ( $VV > 0$ ) and initialised analysis ( $VV = 0$ ) products interpolated to msl*

ShortName	Description	Discipline	Category	Number	Lev-Typ 1/2	stepType	Unit
PMSL	Surface pressure reduced to msl	0	3	1	101/–	inst	Pa