

## ST 260: Statistical Data Analysis

University of Alabama, Spring 2026

### Introduction to Continuous Distributions (Part 3): The Standard Normal Distribution

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## Standard Normal Distribution

**EXAM 1 scores – Apple vs Orange!**

<b>You</b>					
<b>Friend</b>					



“Standardizing” an observation (finding its  $z$ -score) is measuring how many standard deviations above or below the mean it is. A positive  $z$ -score value means the value is above the mean; a negative  $z$ -score means it is below.

### Properties of the Standard Normal Variable

- $Z \sim N(0, 1)$  has mean  $\mu = 0$  and standard deviation  $\sigma = 1$
- The standard normal curve is **symmetric** around 0
- **Area** under the curve equals **1**
- Standardizing any normal variable  $X \sim N(\mu, \sigma)$ :

$$Z = \frac{X - \mu}{\sigma} \quad \Rightarrow \quad X = \mu + \sigma Z$$

- **Empirical Rule (68–95–99.7)**

## Example 1

### Finding probabilities given $z$ -scores

Suppose  $Z \sim N(0, 1)$  (standard normal distribution). Compute the following probabilities (to 4 decimals).

(a)  $P(Z \leq -0.77) = P(Z < -0.77)$

Recall, for *any* continuous distribution, the probability at a single point is always zero (no width to allow area). As the standard normal distribution is continuous, so  $P(Z = -0.77) = 0$ .

Which implies,

$$P(Z \leq -0.77) = P(Z < -0.77) + P(Z = -0.77) = P(Z < -0.77) + 0 = P(Z < -0.77).$$

(b)  $P(Z \geq -0.77)$

(c)  $P(-1.05 \leq Z \leq 2.41)$

## Example 2

### Transforming Normal Distribution into a Standard Normal Distribution

Let  $X$  be the mass (in grams) of a randomly selected newborn baby, where

$$X \sim N(\mu = 3400, \sigma = 500).$$

- (a) What is the probability that a randomly selected baby weighs less than 3800 grams?
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
- (b) What is the probability that a randomly selected baby weighs more than 4170 grams?
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
- (c) What proportion of babies weigh between 3800 and 4170 grams?

## Example 4

### Using z-scores to Compare How Unusual Values Are

The price of a cheeseburger in town follows a normal distribution with mean price \$9 and standard deviation \$1.5. A local restaurant decides to charge \$12 for a cheeseburger.

The price of a Honda Civic in town follows a normal distribution with mean price \$25,000 and standard deviation \$4,000. A local dealership decides to charge \$30,000 for a Honda Civic.

- (a) Compute the standardized value ( $z$ -score) for each price.



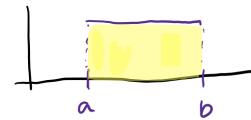
- (b) Which price “most significantly” increased from the mean?

## Example 5

### Summary of Continuous Distributions

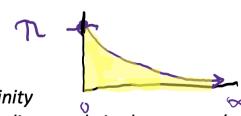
**1. (Continuous) Uniform Distribution:**

- Picture:
- Parameters:  $\min(a)$  and  $\max(b)$
- Domain (possible outcomes): from  $\min$  to  $\max$
- Properties: symmetric distribution, mean = median (midpoint), no mode



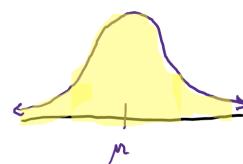
**2. Exponential Distribution:**

- Picture (Shape):
- Parameters: “lambda”,  $\lambda$
- Domain (possible outcomes): zero to positive infinity
- Properties: right-skewed distribution, mean > median, mode is always zero (outcome under highpoint on graph)



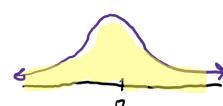
**3. Normal Distribution:**

- Picture (Shape):
- Parameters: “mean”,  $\mu$  and “standard deviation”,  $\sigma$
- Domain (possible outcomes): negative infinity to positive infinity
- Properties: symmetric distribution, mean = median = mode



**4. Normal Distribution:**

- Picture (Shape):
- Parameters: “mean”,  $\mu = 0$  and “standard deviation”,  $\sigma = 1$
- Domain (possible outcomes): negative infinity to positive infinity
- Properties: symmetric distribution, mean = median = mode = 0



**Exercise****Think-Pair-Share!**

(A) Suppose  $Z \sim N(0, 1)$  (standard normal distribution). What is the value of  $P(-1 \leq Z \leq 1)$ ?

- (a) 0.1587
- (b) 0.3174
- (c) 0.6826
- (d) 0.8413

(B) The heights of adult men in the United States are approximately normally distributed with a mean of 70 inches and a standard deviation of 3 inches.

Is the following statement **TRUE** or **FALSE**?

“The proportion of the population between 67 and 73 inches is approximately 0.6826.”

- (a) TRUE
- (b) FALSE

(C) Daily high temperatures in a certain city follow a normal distribution with mean  $\mu = 72^\circ\text{F}$  and standard deviation  $\sigma = 8^\circ\text{F}$ . One day, the standardized temperature was 0.5 standard deviations below the average. What was the actual temperature on that day?

- (A)  $68^\circ\text{F}$
- (B)  $72^\circ\text{F}$
- (C)  $76^\circ\text{F}$
- (D)  $64^\circ\text{F}$