

ST 260: Statistical Data Analysis

University of Alabama, Spring 2026

Introduction to Continuous Distributions (Part 3): The Standard Normal Distribution

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Standard Normal Distribution

EXAM 1 scores – Apple vs Orange!

You					
Friend					



“Standardizing” an observation (finding its z -score) is measuring how many standard deviations above or below the mean it is. A positive z -score value means the value is above the mean; a negative z -score means it is below.

Properties of the Standard Normal Variable

- $Z \sim N(0, 1)$ has mean $\mu = 0$ and standard deviation $\sigma = 1$
- The standard normal curve is **symmetric** around 0
- **Area** under the curve equals **1**
- Standardizing any normal variable $X \sim N(\mu, \sigma)$:

$$Z = \frac{X - \mu}{\sigma} \Rightarrow X = \mu + \sigma Z$$

- **Empirical Rule** (68–95–99.7)

Example 1

Finding probabilities given z -scores

Suppose $Z \sim N(0, 1)$ (standard normal distribution). Compute the following probabilities (to 4 decimals).

(a) $P(Z \leq -0.77) = P(Z < -0.77)$

Recall, for *any* continuous distribution, the probability at a single point is always zero (no width to allow area). As the standard normal distribution is continuous, so $P(Z = -0.77) = 0$.

Which implies,

$$P(Z \leq -0.77) = P(Z < -0.77) + P(Z = -0.77) = P(Z < -0.77) + 0 = P(Z < -0.77).$$

(b) $P(Z \geq -0.77)$

(c) $P(-1.05 \leq Z \leq 2.41)$

Example 2**Transforming Normal Distribution into a Standard Normal Distribution**

Let X be the mass (in grams) of a randomly selected newborn baby, where

$$X \sim N(\mu = 3400, \sigma = 500).$$

- (a) What is the probability that a randomly selected baby weighs less than 3800 grams?

- (b) What is the probability that a randomly selected baby weighs more than 4170 grams?

- (c) What proportion of babies weigh between 3800 and 4170 grams?

Example 4

Using z-scores to Compare How Unusual Values Are

The price of a cheeseburger in town follows a normal distribution with mean price \$9 and standard deviation \$1.5. A local restaurant decides to charge \$12 for a cheeseburger.

The price of a Honda Civic in town follows a normal distribution with mean price \$25,000 and standard deviation \$4,000. A local dealership decides to charge \$30,000 for a Honda Civic.

- (a) Compute the standardized value (z-score) for each price.



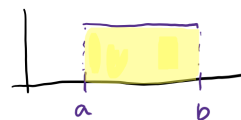
- (b) Which price “most significantly” increased from the mean?

Example 5

Summary of Continuous Distributions

1. (Continuous) Uniform Distribution:

- **Picture:**
- **Parameters:** *min* (a) and *max* (b)
- **Domain** (possible outcomes): from *min* to *max*
- **Properties:** symmetric distribution, mean = median (midpoint), no mode



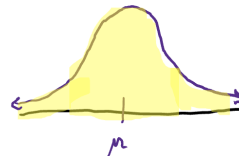
2. Exponential Distribution:

- **Picture (Shape):**
- **Parameters:** “lambda”, λ
- **Domain** (possible outcomes): zero to positive infinity
- **Properties:** right-skewed distribution, mean > median, mode is always zero (outcome under highpoint on graph)



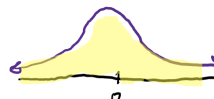
3. Normal Distribution:

- **Picture (Shape):**
- **Parameters:** “mean”, μ and “standard deviation”, σ
- **Domain** (possible outcomes): negative infinity to positive infinity
- **Properties:** symmetric distribution, mean = median = mode



4. Normal Distribution:

- **Picture (Shape):**
- **Parameters:** “mean”, $\mu = 0$ and “standard deviation”, $\sigma = 1$
- **Domain** (possible outcomes): negative infinity to positive infinity
- **Properties:** symmetric distribution, mean = median = mode = 0



Exercise

Think-Pair-Share!

(A) Suppose $Z \sim N(0, 1)$ (standard normal distribution). What is the value of $P(-1 \leq Z \leq 1)$?

- (a) 0.1587
- (b) 0.3174
- (c) 0.6826
- (d) 0.8413

(B) The heights of adult men in the United States are approximately normally distributed with a mean of 70 inches and a standard deviation of 3 inches.

Is the following statement **TRUE** or **FALSE**?

“The proportion of the population between 67 and 73 inches is approximately 0.6826.”

- (a) TRUE
- (b) FALSE

(C) Daily high temperatures in a certain city follow a normal distribution with mean $\mu = 72^\circ\text{F}$ and standard deviation $\sigma = 8^\circ\text{F}$. One day, the standardized temperature was 0.5 standard deviations below the average. What was the actual temperature on that day?

- (A) 68°F
- (B) 72°F
- (C) 76°F
- (D) 64°F