第三周

1. 在自己的终端 (比如 Git Bash、Zsh 等) 配置好 Conda Init, 使得启动终端后, 在提示符 (比如 \$、%) 前能够看到 (base),

```
Mate-X@LAPTOP-4NBTP3M8 MINGW64 ~
$ conda init bash
no change
              E:\Anaconda\Scripts\conda.exe
              E:\Anaconda\Scripts\conda-env.exe
no change
              E:\Anaconda\Scripts\conda-script.py
no change
              E:\Anaconda\Scripts\conda-env-script.py
no change
no change
              E:\Anaconda\condabin\conda.bat
no change
              E:\Anaconda\Library\bin\conda.bat
              E:\Anaconda\condabin\_conda_activate.bat
no change
              E:\Anaconda\condabin\rename_tmp.bat
no change
              E:\Anaconda\condabin\conda_auto_activate.bat
no change
              E:\Anaconda\condabin\conda_hook.bat
no change
no change
              E:\Anaconda\Scripts\activate.bat
no change
              E:\Anaconda\condabin\activate.bat
no change
              E:\Anaconda\condabin\deactivate.bat
modified
              E:\Anaconda\Scripts\activate
modified
              E:\Anaconda\Scripts\deactivate
modified
              E:\Anaconda\etc\profile.d\conda.sh
modified
              E:\Anaconda\etc\fish\conf.d\conda.fish
              E:\Anaconda\shell\condabin\Conda.psm1
no change
              E:\Anaconda\shell\condabin\conda-hook.ps1
modified
              E:\Anaconda\Lib\site-packages\xontrib\conda.xsh
E:\Anaconda\etc\profile.d\conda.csh
no change
modified
modified
              C:\Users\Mate-X\.bash_profile
==> For changes to take effect, close and re-open your current shell. <==
```

要在 VS code 中删除某行命令,可以在前面加#,将该行命令转化为注释。

```
10    . ~/.config/git/git-prompt.sh
11    v else
12         PS1='\[\033]0;$TITLEPREFIX:$PWD\007\]' # set window title
13          # PS1="$PS1"'\n' # new line
14          PS1="$PS1"'\[\033[32m\]' # change to green
```

由于配置原因,在配置了 conda init 之后,我在启动终端之后并没有显示出 base,因此向 chat gpt 寻求解决办法并最终解决问题。

2. 使用 conda info 命令查看本机的 Conda 的配置信息

```
ate-X@LAPTOP-4NBTP3M8 MINGW64 ~
 conda info
    active environment : None
      user config file : C:\Users\Mate-X\.condarc
populated config files : E:\Anaconda\.condarc
          conda version : 24.9.2
   conda-build version : 24.9.0
        python version: 3.12.7.final.0
                 solver : libmamba (default)
      virtual packages : __archspec=1=skylake
                           __conda=24.9.2=0
                           __cuda=10.2=0
                             _win=0=0
      base environment : E:\Anaconda (writable)
     conda av data dir : E:\Anaconda\etc\conda
 conda av metadata url : None
           channel URLs : https://repo.anaconda.com/pkgs/main/win-64
                            https://repo.anaconda.com/pkgs/main/noarch
                           https://repo.anaconda.com/pkgs/r/win-64
https://repo.anaconda.com/pkgs/r/noarch
https://repo.anaconda.com/pkgs/msys2/win-64
                            https://repo.anaconda.com/pkgs/msys2/noarch
                           E:\Anaconda\pkgs
C:\Users\Mate-X\.conda\pkgs
          package cache :
                            C:\Users\Mate-X\AppData\Local\conda\conda\pkgs
      envs directories : E:\Anaconda\envs
                            C:\Users\Mate-X\.conda\envs
                            C:\Users\Mate-X\AppData\Local\conda\conda\envs
               platform : win-64
```

3. 使用 conda env list 命令查看已有的 Conda 环境的名称和路径, 理解 Conda 环境 的概念

Conda 环境是 Anaconda 或 Miniconda 提供的一种工具, 用于创建独立的、隔离的软件包和依赖项集合, 使用户能够在同一台机器上为不同项目配置互不干扰的运行环境。通过 Conda 环境, 用户可以为每个项目安装特定版本的编程语言 (如 Python)、库 (如 NumPy、 Pandas) 或其他工具, 避免全局安装导致的版本冲突, 同时支持跨平台管理, 并能方便地导出、共享或复现特定配置。