第四周学习报告

1. 用 VS Code 打开项目目录,新建一个 environment.yml 文件,指定安装 Python 3.12,然后运行 conda env create 命令创建 Conda 环境

```
(base) 86153@DESKTOP-CS5HNR1 MINGW64 ~/repo
$ cd repo

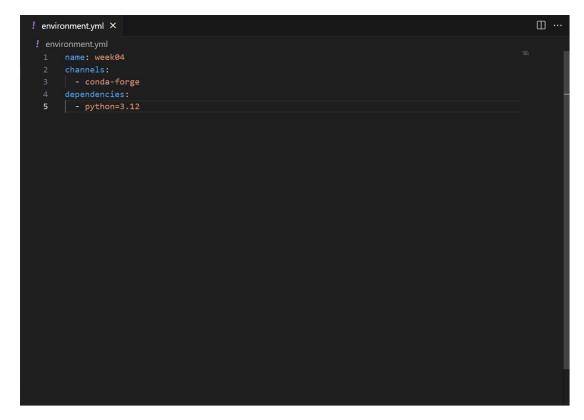
(base) 86153@DESKTOP-CS5HNR1 MINGW64 ~/repo
$ ls -l
total 17
drwxr-xr-x 1 86153 197609 0 3月 20 20:34 prj1/
-rw-r-r-- 1 86153 197609 0 3月 9 11:57 week01/
drwxr-xr-x 1 86153 197609 0 3月 9 12:00 week01_3492/
drwxr-xr-x 1 86153 197609 0 3月 9 12:00 week01_3492/
drwxr-xr-x 1 86153 197609 0 3月 9 12:00 week01_3492/
drwxr-xr-x 1 86153 197609 0 3月 16 13:28 week02/
drwxr-xr-x 1 86153 197609 0 3月 20 20:57 week03/

(base) 86153@DESKTOP-CS5HNR1 MINGW64 ~/repo
$ git clone https://gitcode.com/gossamer/week04.git
Cloning into 'week04'...
remote: Counting objects: 100% (5/5), done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (5/5), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (5/5), done.
remote: Total 5 (delta 0), reused 5 (delta 0), pack-reused 0 (from 0)
Unpacking objects: 100% (5/5), 8.43 KiB | 431.00 KiB/s, done.

(base) 86153@DESKTOP-CS5HNR1 MINGW64 ~/repo
$ cd week04/

(base) 86153@DESKTOP-CS5HNR1 MINGW64 ~/repo/week04 (main)
$ pwd
/c/Users/86153/repo/week04
```

```
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$ git clone https://gitcode.com/gossamer/week04.git
Cloning into 'week04'...
remote: Enumerating objects: 5, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (5/5), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (5/5), done.
remote: Total 5 (delta 0), reused 5 (delta 0), pack-reused 0 (from 0)
Unpacking objects: 100% (5/5), 8.43 KiB | 431.00 KiB/s, done.
(base) 86153@DESKTOP-CS5HNR1 MINGW64 ~/repo
$ cd week04/
(base) 86153@DESKTOP-CS5HNR1 MINGW64 ~/repo/week04 (main)
/c/Users/86153/repo/week04
(base) 86153@DESKTOP-CS5HNR1 MINGW64 ~/repo/week04 (main)
$ git remote show origin
  remote origin
  Fetch URL: https://gitcode.com/gossamer/week04.git
  Push URL: https://gitcode.com/gossamer/week04.git
  HEAD branch: main
  Remote branch:
     main tracked
  Local branch configured for 'git pull':
     main merges with remote main
  Local ref configured for 'git push':
     main pushes to main (up to date)
(base) 86153@DESKTOP-CS5HNR1 MINGW64 ~/repo/week04 (main)
```

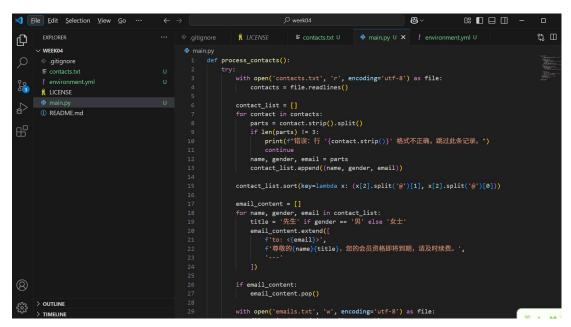


2. 新建一个 contacts.txt 文件新建一个 contacts.txt 文件,每行写一个联系人,每个联系人都包含姓名、性别、邮箱三个字段,用空格分隔。

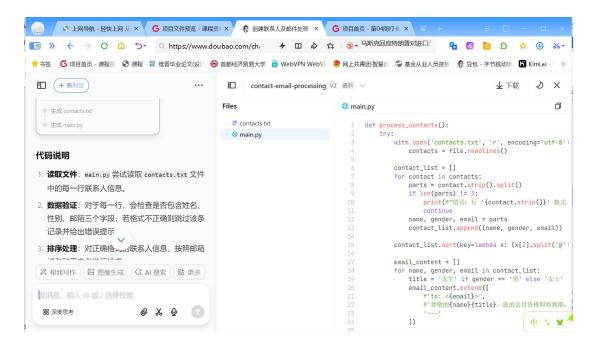
```
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(base) 86153@DESKTOP-CS5HNR1 MINGW64 ~/repo/week04 (main)
$ cat ../myproject/environment.yml
cat: ../myproject/environment.yml: No such file or directory
(base) 86153@DESKTOP-CS5HNR1 MINGW64 ~/repo/week04 (main)
$ cat environment.yml
cat: environment.yml: No such file or directory
(base) 86153@DESKTOP-CS5HNR1 MINGW64 ~/repo/week04 (main)
$ cat contacts.txt
(base) 86153@DESKTOP-CS5HNR1 MINGW64 ~/repo/week04 (main)
$ ls -l
total 25
                                      0 3月 28 10:58 contacts.txt
72 3月 28 10:59 environment.yml
8805 3月 28 10:36 LICENSE
239 3月 28 10:36 README.md
 -rw-r--r-- 1 86153 197609
-rw-r--r-- 1 86153 197609
 -rw-r--r-- 1 86153 197609 18805
-rw-r--r-- 1 86153 197609 2239
(base) 86153@DESKTOP-CS5HNR1 MINGW64 ~/repo/week04 (main)
$ cat contacts.txt
(base) 86153@DESKTOP-CS5HNR1 MINGW64 ~/repo/week04 (main)
$ cat contacts.txt
白展堂 男 baizhantang@163.com
佟湘玉 女 tongxiangyu@163.com
吕轻侯 男 lvqinghou@126.com
郭芙蓉 女 guofurong@126.com
李秀莲 男 lixiulian@163.com
```

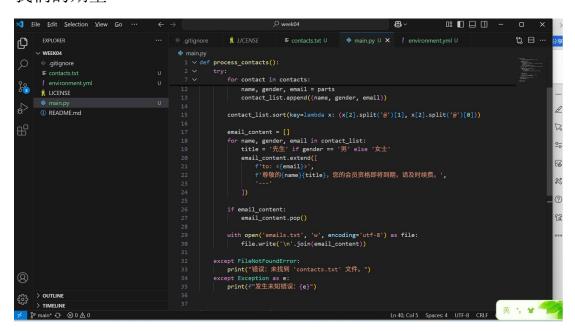
3. 新建一个 main.py 文件, 里面写 Python 代码, 要求读取 contacts.txt 文件的内容, 进行数据处理后, 输出一个 emails.txt 文件要求输出是 先按邮箱域名排序 (126.com 排在 163.com 之前), 然后再按邮箱用户 名排序 (guofurong 排在 lyqinghou 之前)



4. 可以将以上"任务要求"的文本,复制粘贴到大模型 (比如豆包、DeepSeek) 里,请 AI 来帮助编写程序初稿



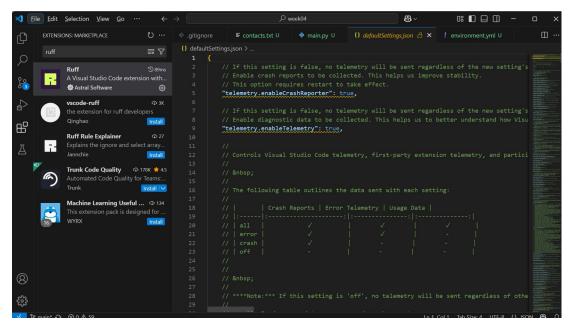
5. AI 回复的只是静态代码,而且可能含有错误,所以我们必须在 Conda 环境里运行代码,逐行调试,检查每一行代码的运行都符合 我们的期望



6. 将大模型提供的代码复制粘贴进 main.py 文件,记得保存

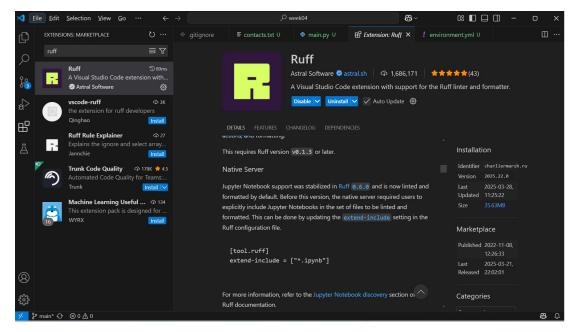
```
1 LICENSE
                             main.py U X ! environment.yml U
.gitignore
main.py
  1 vdef process contacts():
             for contact in contacts:
                 if len(parts) != 3:
                    print(†"错误: 仃
                                    '{contact.strip()}' 格式个止佣,跳过此余记录。")
                 name, gender, email = parts
                 contact_list.append((name, gender, email))
             contact_list.sort(key=lambda x: (x[2].split('@')[1], x[2].split('@')[0]))
 15
             email_content = []
             for name, gender, email in contact_list:
                 title = '先生' if gender == '男' else '女士'
                 email_content.extend([
                     f'to: <{email}>',
                     f'尊敬的{name}{title},您的会员资格即将到期,请及时续费。',
             if email_content:
                 email_content.pop()
             with open('emails.txt', 'w', encoding='utf-8') as file:
                 file.write('\n'.join(email_content))
          except FileNotFoundError:
             print("错误: 未找到 'contacts.txt' 文件。")
          except Exception as e:
             nrint(f"发生未知错误: {e}")
```

7. 在 VS Code 扩展商店里安装 Python 扩展,使得在编写 py 文件时能够显示和选择 Python 解释器 (需要绕过防火墙)

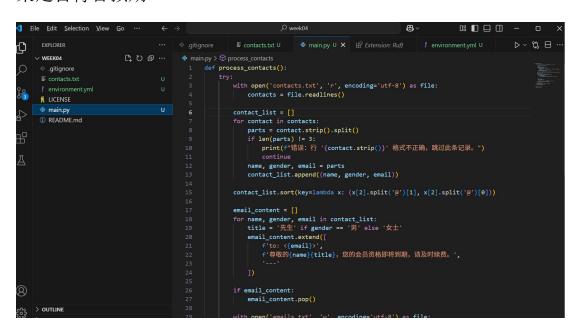


8. 在 VS Code 扩展商店里安装 Ruff 扩展,按照文档配置 Ruff,实现

在保存 py 文件时能够自动规范化 Python 代码



9. 运行 python main.py 命令 (作用是启动 Python 解释器,执行 main.py 里的代码直至结束 (EOF) 或报错 (Exception)),检查运行结果是否符合预期



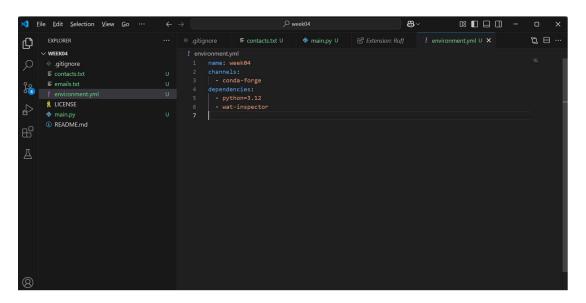
10. 运行 python -m pdb main.py 命令 (作用是以调试模式 (debug mode) 启动 Python 解释器,准备执行 main.py 里的代码)

```
MINGW64:/c/Users/86153/rep ×
-rw-r--r-- 1 86153 197609 72 3月 28 10:59 environment.yml
-rw-r--r-- 1 86153 197609 18805 3月 28 10:36 LICENSE
-rw-r--r-- 1 86153 197609 1349 3月 28 11:14 main.py
-rw-r--r-- 1 86153 197609 2239 3月 28 10:36 README.md
(base) 86153@DESKTOP-CS5HNR1 MINGW64 ~/repo/week04 (main)
$ cat email.txt
cat: email.txt: No such file or directory
(base) 86153@DESKTOP-CS5HNR1 MINGW64 ~/repo/week04 (main)
$ cat emails.txt
cat: emails.txt: No such file or directory
(base) 86153@DESKTOP-CS5HNR1 MINGW64 ~/repo/week04 (main)
$ python -m pdb main.py
> c:\users\86153\repo\week04\main.py(1)<module>()
-> def process_contacts():
(Pdb) l
      -> def process_contacts():
                try:
                     with open('contacts.txt', 'r', encoding='utf-8') as file:
    contacts = file.readlines()
  6
7
8
                     contact_list = []
                     for contact in contacts:
                          parts = contact.strip().split()
                          if len(parts)!= 3:
print(f"错误: 行 '{contact.strip()}' 格式不正确, 跳过此条记录。")
 10
 11
                                continue
(Pdb)
```

11. 在(pdb)提示符下练习使用 I(显示代码)、n(执行当前行)、p(打印表达式)、s 步入调用)、pp(美观打印)、c(继续执行) 等命令 (参考文档)

```
MINGW64:/c/Users/86153/rep ×
 > c:\users\86153\repo\week04\main.py(1)<module>()
-> def process_contacts():
(Pdb) l
       -> def process_contacts():
                   .
with open('contacts.txt', 'r', encoding='utf-8') as file:
    contacts = file.readlines()
                    contact_list = []
for contact in contacts:
    parts = contact.strip().split()
                             len(parts) != 3:
print(f"错误: 行 '{contact.strip()}' 格式不正确,跳过此条记录。")
 10
11
33
34
               print("错误: 未找到 'contacts.txt' 文件。")
except Exception as e:
print(f"发生未知错误: {e}")
 35
36
37
38
      -> if __name__ == "__main__":
    process_contacts()
 39
40
[EOF]
(Pdb) ll
          def process_contacts():
```

12. 在调试过程中,利用 wat-inspector(第三方软件包,需要安装) 检查 (inspect) 各种对象 (参考文档)



13. 在调试过程中,观察代码逐步运行的效果,学习理解以下 Python 基本概念,Python 语法保留字 (reserved key words);语句 (statement) 和表达式 (expression);缩进 (indent);局部变量 (local variable) vs. 全局变量 (global variable);函数 (function)的定义 (define)和调用 (call);字面值 (literal)(字符串 (str)、整数 (int)、列表 (list)、字典 (dict)、

元组 (tuple)); 运算符 (operator); 形参 (parameter)、实参 (argument)、返回值 (return value); 对象 (object)、类型 (type)、属性 (attribute)、方法 (method)

```
♦ MINGW64:/c/Users/86153/rep × + ∨
                process_contacts()
[EOF]
[Pdb) l
[EOF]
[Pdb) n
> c:\users\86153\repo\week04\main.py(39)<module>()
 -> process_contacts()
(Pdb) l .
 34
35
36
37
38
                except Exception as e:
print(f"发生未知错误: {e}")
          if __name__ == "__main__":
    process_contacts()
 40
[E0F]
(Pdb) n
 --Return--
> c:\users\86153\repo\week04\main.py(39)<module>()->None
-> process_contacts()
(Pdb) l
                except Exception as e:
print(f"发生未知错误: {e}")
 34
 35
36
37
38
39
          if __name__ == "__main__":
    process_contacts()
 40
[EOF]
```