```
Mate-X@LAPTOP-4NBTP3M8 MINGW64 ~
$ cd Desktop/ 改变当前路径到...

Mate-X@LAPTOP-4NBTP3M8 MINGW64 ~/Desktop
$ pwd 当前路径
/c/Users/Mate-X/Desktop

Mate-X@LAPTOP-4NBTP3M8 MINGW64 ~/Desktop
$ ls 查看当前路径下的文件
```

```
Mate-X@LAPTOP-4NBTP3M8 MINGW64 ~/Desktop

$ cat aab.txt

hello "cat" 读取该文件的内容
```

```
Mate-X@LAPTOP-4NBTP3M8 MINGW64 ~
$ cd Desktop/
Mate-X@LAPTOP-4NBTP3M8 MINGW64 ~/Desktop
$ cd .. "cd .." 回到上一级文件夹
Mate-X@LAPTOP-4NBTP3M8 MINGW64 ~
$ ■
```

- "任意命令 .."=在当前路径的上一级文件夹执行该命令
- "任意命令."=在当前路径执行该命令
- "cd"即回到用户主目录

```
Mate-X@LAPTOP-4NBTP3M8 MINGW64 ~/Documents
$ ls
                   'EViews User Objects'/ 'My Music'@
KingsoftData/ 'My Pictures'@
'League of Legends'/ 'My Videos'@
                                                                    'prscrn Files'/
QQ飞车/
 Adobe/
                                                                                          'WPS Cloud Files'/
 desktop.ini
desktop.ini KingsoftData/
Downloads/ 'League of Legends'/
'EViews Addins'/ MATLAB/
                                                                    'Sunlogin Files'/
                                                                                          WPSDrive/
                                               'OneNote 笔记本'/
                                                                                          'Youku Files'/
                                                                    'Tencent Files'/
Mate—X@LAPTOP—4NRTP3M8 MINGW64 ~/Documents
$ cd Downloads/  相对路径。即没有根目录"/",意思是直接在当前路径Documents下,改变到Documents里的
Downloads文件夹
Mate-X@LAPTOP-4NBTP3M8 MINGW64 ~/Documents/Downloads
```

```
Mate-X@LAPTOP-4NBTP3M8 MINGW64 ~
$ cd Desktop/
Mate-X@LAPTOP-4NBTP3M8 MINGW64 ~/Desktop
$ cat aab.txt
hello
Mate-X0L APTOP-4NBTP3M8 MINGW6W cp"/ =复制。图示命令=复制文件
$ cp aab.txt ../Downloads/
                           aab.txt到当前文件夹的上一级文件夹
Mate-X@LAPTOP-4NBTP3M8 MINGW里的Downloads里
$
Mate-X@LAPTOP-4NBTP3M8 MINGW64 ~/Desktop
 $ mkdir myproject 创建
                      个人件头。图示命令=创新一个名为myproject
Mate-X@LAPTOP-4NBTP3M8 MINGW64 ~/Desktop
$ rm aab.txt 删除文件
Mate-X@LAPTOP-4NBTP3M8 MINGW64 ~/Desktop
$ rm -r myproject/ 删除
```

```
Mate-X@LAPTOP-4NBTP3M8 MINGW64 ~/Desktop
$ df -h
Filesystem
               Size Used Avail Use% Mounted on
E:/Git
               147G
                      37G
                           111G 25% /
                            12G 86% /c
C:
                80G
                      69G
D:
               237G
                            69G
                                 72% /d
                     169G
```

```
Mate-X@LAPTOP-4NBTP3M8 MINGW64 ~
$ cd repo
                                           建立私有代码仓
Mate-X@LAPTOP-4NBTP3M8 MINGW64 ~/repo
$ git clone git@gitcode.com:Elllllllllllllllla/mywork.git
Cloning into 'mywork'...
warning: You appear to have cloned an empty repository.
Mate-X@LAPTOP-4NBTP3M8 MINGW64 ~/repo
$ ls -l
total 4
drwxr-xr-x 1 Mate-X 197121 0 3月 18 14:33 mywork/
drwxr-xr-x 1 Mate-X 197121 0 3月 11 19:36 week01/
Mate-X@LAPTOP-4NBTP3M8 MINGW64 ~/repo
$ cd mywork/
Mate-X@LAPTOP-4NBTP3M8 MINGW64 ~/repo/mywork (main)
$ ls -l
total 0
Mate-X@LAPTOP-4NBTP3M8 MINGW64 ~/repo/mywork (main)
$ git log
fatal: your current branch 'main' does not have any commits yet
Mate-X@LAPTOP-4NBTP3M8 MINGW64 ~/repo/mywork (main)
                                             🐔 🛨 MM 中 🖘 🐠
```

提交测试的东西到自己的代码仓

