Core Java Training Chapter 3: Java Programming

What is the incorrect statement about JDK, JRE, JVM and JIT

JIT is Just In Time Compiler and it is inside the JVM Java Compiler is included in JDK (Java Development Kit) JRE contains JVM and the java class libraries and the run-time libraries IVM contains JRE and the java class libraries and the run-time libraries

What is true about JDK and JRE?

When JDK is installed JRE is included along with it When JRE is installed JDK is included along with it JRE contains the java compiler for compiling the java source code Developers only need JRE for writing the programs, JDK is needed for the users of the program

What is JDK and what is JRE?

JDK is Java Development Knowledge and JRE is Java Runtime Executor JDK is Java Development Knowledge and JRE is Java Runtime Environment JDK is Java Development Kit and JRE is Java Runtime Environment None of the above

What will be the output of the following program.

```
class helloworld
{
    public static void main(String[] u)
    {
        System.out.println("Payilagam");
    }
}

public class Test {
    int a = 10;
    public void doStuff(int a) {
        a += 1;
        System.out.println(a++);
    }
    public static void main(String args[]) {
        Test t = new Test();
        t.doStuff(3);
    }
}

What will be the output of the following program.
class HelloWorld
{
    public static void main(String st[])
    {
        System.out.println("Hello Payilagam");
    }
}
```

```
}
```

Chapter 4: Data Types, Variables and Operators

Guess the output: int Output = 10; boolean b1 = false; if((b1 == true) && ((Output += 10) == 20)) { System.out.println("We are equal " + Output); } else { System.out.println("Not equal! " + Output); }

In the following pieces of code, A and D will compile without any error. True or false?

```
A: StringBuffer sb1 = "abcd";
B: Boolean b = new Boolean("abcd");
C: byte b = 255;
D: int x = 0x1234;
E: float fl = 1.2:
class Value
  public int i = 15;
public class Test
  public static void main(String argv[])
     Test t = new Test();
     t.first();
  public void first()
     int i = 5:
     Value v = new Value():
     v.i = 25:
     second(v, i);
     System.out.println(v.i);
  public void second(Value v, int i)
     i = 0;
     v.i = 20;
```

```
Value val = new Value();
    v = val;
    System.out.println(v.i + "" + i);
                                                                                    class Main {
                                                                                      public static void main(String args[]) {
                                                                                         System.out.println(t);
What results from attempting to compile and run the following
code?
public class Ternary
                                                                                    class Test {
  public static void main(String args[])
                                                                                      public static void main(String[] args) {
                                                                                       for(int i = 0; 0; i++)
    int a = 5:
    System.out.println("Value is - " + ((a < 5)?9.9:9));
                                                                                          System.out.println("Hello");
                                                                                          break;
What is the result of compiling and running the following code?
public class Tester {
                                                                                    class Test
        static void test(float x) {
                 System.out.print("float");
                                                                                      public static void main(String[] args)
        static void test(double x) {
                 System.out.print("double");
                                                                                         Double object = new Double("2.4");
                                                                                         int a = object.intValue();
                                                                                         byte b = object.byteValue();
        public static void main(String[] args) {
                 test(99.9);
                                                                                         float d = object.floatValue();
                                                                                         double c = object.doubleValue();
                                                                                         System.out.println(a + b + c + d);
                                                                                    }
public class Tester {
        static void test(float x) {
                 System.out.print("float");
                                                                                    public class NumberSystem{
        }
                                                                                      public static void main(String[] args){
        static void test(double x) {
                 System.out.print("double");
                                                                                         int hexVal = 0x1a;
                                                                                         System.out.println("Value : " + hexVal);
        public static void main(String[] args) {
                 test((float) 99.9);
                                                                                    public class NumberSystem{
public class Tester {
                                                                                      public static void main(String[] args){
        static void test(float x) {
                                                                                         int val = 0b11010;
                 System.out.print("float");
                                                                                         System.out.println("Value: " + val);
        public static void main(String[] args) {
                 test(99.9);
                                                                                    After the below declaration, What is the value of c[50]?
```

```
char[]c = new char[100]:
                                                                                 }
                                                                                 public class EqualsTest{
What will be the result of calling the following method with an
                                                                                  public static void main(String args[]){
input of 2?
                                                                                  char A = 'u0005';
public int adder( int N ){
                                                                                  if( A == 0x0005L ) {
return 0x100 + N++:
                                                                                   System.out.println("Equal");
                                                                                   else {
What happens when you attempt to compile and run the following
                                                                                   System.out.println("Not Equal");
code?
                                                                                 }}
public class Logic {
static int minusOne = -1;
static public void main(String args[]){
                                                                                What would happen if you tried to compile and run the following
 int N = minusOne >> 31;
                                                                                 code?
 System.out.println("N = " + N);
                                                                                 public class EqualsTest{
                                                                                  public static void main(String args[]){
                                                                                  Long L = \text{new Long}(7);
                                                                                  if(L.equals(7L))
What is the output of the below?
                                                                                  System.out.println("Equal");
public int MaskOff( int n ){
                                                                                  else System.out.println("Not Equal");
 return n | 3;
How many String objects are created in the following code?
                                                                                 public class EqualsTest{
String A, B, C;
                                                                                  public static void main(String args[]){
A = \text{new String}("1234");
                                                                                  Object A = \text{new Long}(7);
B = A;
                                                                                  Long L = new Long(7);
C = A + B:
                                                                                  if( A.equals( L ))
                                                                                  System.out.println("Equal");
Which of the following versions of initializing a char variable would
                                                                                  else System.out.println("Not Equal");
cause a compiler error? [Check all correct answers.]
char c = -1;
char c = 'u00FF':
char c = (char) 4096;
                                                                                 class Test{
char c = 4096L;
                                                                                  public static void main(String args[]){
char c = 'c':
                                                                                   trv{
char c = "c";
                                                                                    byte x = 7;
                                                                                    byte v = 5:
What happens when you try to compile and run the following code?
                                                                                    System.out.println(x \mid y);
public class EqualsTest{
                                                                                   }catch(Exception e){
 public static void main(String args[]){
                                                                                    System.out.println(
 Long LA = new Long(7);
                                                                                            "Exception Thrown");
 Long LB = new Long(7);
                                                                                   }//end catch
 if( LA == LB )
                                                                                  }//end main()
 System.out.println("Equal");
                                                                                 }//end class definition
 else System.out.println("Not Equal");
                                                                                class Test{
```

```
public static void main(
                                                                                        String y = \text{new String}("100");
               String args[]){
                                                                                        if(x.equals(y))
                                                                                                          System.out.println("Equal");
                                                                                                 System.out.println("Not Equal");
                                                                                        else
  try{
                                                                                       }//end main()
   boolean x = true;
                                                                                      }//end class definition
   boolean y = false;
   System.out.print((x \& y) + " " +
                   (x \& x));
                                                                                      class Test{
   System.out.print(" ");
                                                                                       public static void main(String args[]){
   System.out.print(
                                                                                        String x = "100";
    (x ^ y) + "" + (x ^ x) + "" +
                                                                                        String y = "100";
                   (y ^ y));
                                                                                        if(x == y)
                                                                                                      System.out.println("Equal");
   System.out.print(" ");
                                                                                                System.out.println("Not Equal");
                                                                                       }//end main()
   System.out.println(
    (x | y) + "" + (x | x) + "" +
                                                                                      }//end class definition
                   (y \mid y);
                                                                                     What value is assigned to x as the result of executing the following
  }catch(Exception e){
                                                                                      code?
   System.out.println(
                                                                                     int y = 3;
            "Exception Thrown");
                                                                                     y++;
  }//end catch
                                                                                     x = y++;
 }//end main()
}//end class definition
                                                                                     What will be the output of the following program?
                                                                                     public class ShortTest {
                                                                                        public static void main(String[] args) {
class Test{
 public static void main(String args[]){
                                                                                           boolean x = true;
  trv{
                                                                                          boolean v = false:
   byte x = 1;
                                                                                          if (x || y) { System.out.println(true);
   boolean y = false;
                                                                                           } else { System.out.println(false);
   System.out.println((boolean)x & y);
  }catch(Exception e){
   System.out.println("Exception Thrown");
  }//end catch
 }//end main()
                                                                                      class OperatorsOutput
}//end class definition
                                                                                        public static void main(String s[])
class Test{
 public static void main(String args[]){
                                                                                          int a = 12 + 21 * 3 - 9 / 2;
                                                                                          int b = 14 - 32 * 4 + 175 / 8 - 3;
  String x = \text{new String}("100");
  String y = \text{new String}("100");
                                                                                          if(++a > 71 \&\& --b < 20)
  if(x == y)
   System.out.println("Equal");
                                                                                             System.out.println("a = " + a + " b = " + b);
  else
   System.out.println("Not Equal");
                                                                                          if(b-- == -97 || a-- < 100)
 }//end main()
}//end class definition
                                                                                             System.out.println("a = " + a + " b = " + b);
class Test{
 public static void main(String args[]){
  String x = new String("100");
```

```
public class Doubt {
                                                                                          if(a > b)
  public static void main(String s[]) {
     int x = 20;
     int y = 25;
                                                                                            System.out.println("A is greater than B");
    if (++x < (y = y -= 4) || (x = x += 4) > y) {
       System.out.println(x + "," + y);
                                                                                     class MyClass1
public class DemoOnFloat
                                                                                        public static void main(String s[])
  public static void main(String[] args)
                                                                                          boolean a, b, c;
                                                                                          a = b = c = true;
     float fl = 5.3f;
                                                                                          if(!a||(b&&c))
    if (fl == 5.3)
                                                                                                   System.out.println("If executed");
                                                                                                             System.out.println("else executed");
       System.out.println("Both are equal");
                                                                                          Else
    else
       System.out.println("Both are not equal");
                                                                                     public class Blue {
class Animals
                                                                                        public static void main(String s[]) {
                                                                                          int x = 20;
  public static void main(String [] args)
                                                                                          int y = 25;
                                                                                          if (++x < (y = y -= 4) || (x = x += 4) > y) {
                                                                                            System.out.println(x + "" + y);
     boolean rabbit = true;
     boolean donkey = false;
     boolean leporidae = true;
     if (rabbit & donkey | donkey & leporidae | donkey)
       System.out.print("DOG ");
    if (rabbit & donkey | donkey & leporidae | donkey | rabbit)
                                                                                     class StudentPass
       System.out.println("CAT ");
                                                                                        public static void main(String s[])
                                                                                          int marks = 80;
class PrintRelation
                                                                                          if (marks > 70)
                                                                                            System.out.println("Distinction");
  public static void main(String s[])
                                                                                          if (marks > 35)
                                                                                             System.out.println("Pass");
     int a = 7 * 3 + 6 / 2 - 5;
                                                                                          else
    int b = 21 - 8 + a \% 3 * 11;
                                                                                            System.out.println("Fail");
                                                                                            System.out.println("Better luck next time");
    if(a < b)
       System.out.println("A is less than B");
                                                                                     class FindWinner2
     if(a = b)
       System.out.println("A is equal to B");
                                                                                        public static void main(String s[])
```

```
public static void main(String s[])
    int india score = 300;
    int pakistan score = 290;
                                                                                        boolean male = false;
                                                                                        int age = 30;
                                                                                       if( male )
     System.out.println(india score > pakistan score? "India Wins":
                                                                                          if (age < 20)
"Pakistan Wins");
                                                                                             System.out.println("Boy");
                                                                                             System.out.println("Man");
                                                                                        else
What will be the output of the following program? Assume that the
                                                                                          if (age < 20)
argument passed as - Payilagam.
                                                                                             System.out.println("Girl");
public class MyName {
                                                                                          else
  public static void main(String args[]) {
                                                                                             System.out.println("Woman");
    if (args.length == 0 || args[0].equalsIgnoreCase("Payilagam")) {
       System.out.println("I Dont Know");
    } else {
       System.out.println(args[0]);
                                                                                   class DetermineGroup
                                                                                      public static void main(String s[])
                                                                                        boolean male = false;
What will be the output of the following program?
                                                                                        int age = 30;
class Test1
                                                                                        if( male )
                                                                                          if (age < 20)
  public static void main(String s[])
                                                                                             System.out.println("Boy");
                                                                                          else
     float f = 75.0f;
                                                                                             System.out.println("Man");
    double d = 75.0:
                                                                                        else
    int i = 75;
                                                                                          if (age < 20)
    if(f == d)
                                                                                             System.out.println("Girl");
       if(f == i)
                                                                                             System.out.println("Woman");
         System.out.println("f, d and i are equal");
       else
                                                                                   class StudentPass
         System.out.println("f, d are equal but i is not equal");
                                                                                      public static void main(String s[])
                                                                                        int marks = 80;
    else
                                                                                        if (marks > 70)
                                                                                          System.out.println("Distinction");
       System.out.println("f and d are not equal");
                                                                                          System.out.println("Congratulations");
                                                                                        else if (marks > 35)
                                                                                           System.out.println("Pass");
                                                                                        else
                                                                                          System.out.println("Fail");
class DetermineGroup
                                                                                          System.out.println("Better luck next time");
```

```
System.out.println("Even");
                                                                                             break;
                                                                                           case 1:
public void output(boolean a, boolean b) {
                                                                                           case 3:
  if (a && b) {
                                                                                           case 5:
    System.out.println("A && B");
                                                                                           case 7:
  } else if (a) {
                                                                                           case 9:
    System.out.println("A");
                                                                                             System.out.println("Odd");
  } else {
                                                                                             break;
    if (!b) {
                                                                                           case 2:
       System.out.println("notB");
                                                                                           case 3:
    } else {
                                                                                           case 5:
       System.out.println("ELSE");
                                                                                           case 7:
                                                                                             System.out.println("Prime");
                                                                                             break;
                                                                                           case 4:
                                                                                           case 9:
class WeekDays
                                                                                             System.out.println("Perfect Square");
                                                                                             break;
  public static void main(String s[])
                                                                                           default:
                                                                                             System.out.println("Can only describe numbers from 1 to 9");
    int day = 7;
    switch(day)
       case 1:
         System.out.println("Monday");
                                                                                   class HappyNewYear
       case 2:
                                                                                      public static void main(String s[])
         System.out.println("Tuesday");
       case 3:
                                                                                        int code = 3;
         System.out.println("Wednesday");
       case 4:
                                                                                         switch(code)
         System.out.println("Thursday");
       case 5:
                                                                                           case 1:
         System.out.println("Friday");
                                                                                             System.out.println("Wish");
                                                                                           case 2:
                                                                                             System.out.println("You");
                                                                                             System.out.println("A");
class NumberDescription
                                                                                           case 3:
                                                                                             System.out.println("Happy");
  public static void main(String s[])
                                                                                           case 4:
                                                                                             System.out.println("New");
                                                                                           case 5:
    int number = 5;
    switch(number)
                                                                                             System.out.println("Year");
       case 2:
       case 4:
       case 6:
       case 8:
                                                                                   class Directions
```

```
case 'j':
  public static void main(String s[])
                                                                                              System.out.print("Java");
                                                                                              break;
     char direction = 'N';
     char west = 'W';
    switch(direction)
       case 'N':
                                                                                    public class Prize {
         System.out.println("North");
                                                                                       public static void main(String args[]) {
                                                                                         int x = 111, y = 101;
         break;
       case 'E':
                                                                                         switch (x & y) {
          System.out.println("East");
                                                                                            case 1:
         break;
                                                                                              System.out.println("-1-");
       case west:
                                                                                            case 101:
         System.out.println("West");
                                                                                              System.out.println("-101-");
                                                                                            case 111:
       case 'S':
                                                                                              System.out.println("-111-");
         System.out.println("South");
                                                                                            case 010:
                                                                                              System.out.println("-010-");
                                                                                            default :
                                                                                              System.out.println("-" + x \& y + "-");
public class Test {
  public static void main(String args[]) {
    int i = 1, j = 0;
                                                                                    public class DemoOnSwitch
    switch (i) {
       case 2 :
         j += 6;
                                                                                       public static void main(String[] args)
       case 4:
                                                                                         int var = 12;
         j += 1;
       default:
                                                                                         switch (var)
         j += 2;
       case 0 :
                                                                                            case 014:
         j += 4;
                                                                                              System.out.print("Hello");
                                                                                              break;
     System.out.println("j = " + j);
                                                                                            case 12:
                                                                                              System.out.print("Hi");
                                                                                            default:
                                                                                              System.out.print("How are you?");
public class KIs {
  public static void main(String args[]) {
    int k = 66;
    switch (k) {
       default:
                                                                                    public class TestSwitch
         System.out.print("Website");
                                                                                       public static void main(String a[])
       case 66 :
         System.out.print("Payilagam");
       case 'k' :
                                                                                         char ch = 'a';
         System.out.print("Chennai");
                                                                                         switch (ch)
```

```
if (y \% x == 0)
    case 'a':
                                                                                               continue;
                                                                                            else if (y == 8)
    case 'A':
       System.out.print(ch);
                                                                                               break;
       break;
                                                                                            else
    case 'b':
                                                                                              System.out.print(y + " ");
    case 'B':
       System.out.print(ch);
       break;
    case 'c':
    case 'C':
                                                                                 class Output {
       System.out.print(ch);
                                                                                      public static void main(String args[])
       break;
    case 'd':
                                                                                        final int a=10,b=20;
    case 'D':
                                                                                        while(a<b)
       System.out.print(ch);
                                                                                        System.out.println("Hello");
                                                                                        System.out.println("World");
class SelectionStatements {
  public static void main(String args[])
                                                                                    class Output {
    int var1 = 5;
                                                                                      public static void main(String args[])
    int var2 = 6;
    if ((var2 = 1) == var1)
                                                                                          int a = 5;
       System.out.print(var2);
                                                                                         int b = 10;
    else
                                                                                          first: {
       System.out.print(++var2);
                                                                                           second: {
                                                                                             third: {
                                                                                                if (a == b >> 1)
                                                                                                  break second;
class CommaLearningDemo {
                                                                                             System.out.println(a);
  public static void main(String args[])
                                                                                           System.out.println(b);
     int sum = 0;
     for (int i = 0, j = 0; i < 5 \& j < 5; ++i, j = i + 1)
       sum += i;
         System.out.println(sum);
                                                                                 public class Example {
                                                                                   public static void main(String[] args) {
                                                                                    byte b = 3;
class JumpStatments {
                                                                                    b = -b:
  public static void main(String args[])
                                                                                    System.out.println(b);
     int x = 2;
     int y = 0;
     for (; y < 10; ++y) {
                                                                                 public class Example {
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
  double d = 259;
  byte b = (byte)d;
  System.out.println(b);
public class Example {
 public static void main(String[] args) {
  String s = "456";
  int i = 123;
  System.out.println((int)i + s);
public class Example {
 public static void main(String[] args) {
  String s = "123";
  Object o = s;
  s = (String)o;
  System.out.println(s);
public class Conversions
  public static void main(String args[])
    byte x;
    int a = 270;
    double b = 128.128;
    x = (byte) a;
    System.out.println("a and x + a + " + x);
    a = (int) b;
    System.out.println("b and a " + b + " " + a);
     System.out.println("b and x + b + " + x);
class IntegerConversion
  public static void main(String args[])
    long l = 55;
    int i = 44;
    short s = 33;
    byte b = 22;
```

```
i = (int) l:
     s = (short) i;
     b = (byte) s;
     System.out.println("l = " + l);
     System.out.println("i = " + i);
     System.out.println("s = " + s);
     System.out.println("b = " + b);
}
public class IAmGreat {
  public static void main(String args[]) {
     int i = 132;
     short s = 15:
     byte b = (byte) i;
     int x = b + s;
     System.out.println("Value of x is " + x);
}
public class DemoOnbyte
  public static void main(String[] args)
     byte a = -0x15;
     byte c = (a >> 4);
     System.out.print(c);
public class DemoOnbyte
  public static void main(String[] args)
     byte a = -0x15;
     byte c = (a >> 4);
     System.out.print(c);
class IntegerGroupAddition
  public static void main(String args[])
     long l = 30;
     int i = 50;
     short s = 60;
     byte b = 70;
```

```
int sum = l + i + s + b;
    System.out.println("Sum = " + sum);
}

class SumOfDoubles
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        double d1 = 0.7;
        double d2 = 77.0/1000.0;
        double d3 = d1 * 10;
        double d4 = 77E+2;
        double d5 = 77E-5;
        double sum = d1 + d2 + d3 + d4 + d5;
        System.out.println("sum = " + sum);
    }
}
```

Chapter 5: Classes and Objects

Predict the output of following Java program?

```
class Test {
  int i;
}
class Main {
  public static void main(String args[]) {
    Test t;
    System.out.println(t.i);
}

class demo
{
  int a, b;
  demo()
  {
    a = 10;
    b = 20;
  }
  public void print()
  {
    System.out.println ("a = " + a + " b = " + b + "\n");
  }
}

class Test
{
  public static void main(String[] args)
}
```

```
demo obj1 = new demo();
    demo obi2 = obi1;
    obj1.a += 1;
    obj1.b += 1;
     System.out.println ("values of obj1:");
    obj1.print();
     System.out.println ("values of obj2:");
    obj2.print();
}
Predict the output of following Java program.
class demoClass
  int a = 1;
  void func()
     demo obj = new demo();
    obj.display();
  class demo
    int b = 2;
    void display()
       System.out.println("na = " + a);
  void get()
     System.out.println("hb = " + b);
class Test
  public static void main(String[] args)
    demoClass obj = new demoClass();
    obj.func();
    obj.get();
class Test
```

```
int a = 1;
  int b = 2;
  Test func(Test obj)
                                                                                      public class StaticInitializationBlock
     Test obj3 = new Test();
                                                                                        static
     obj3 = obj;
     obj3.a = obj.a++ + ++obj.b;
                                                                                           System.out.println(2);
     obj.b = obj.b;
     return obj3;
                                                                                        public static void main(String[] args)
                                                                                           System.out.println(3);
  public static void main(String[] args)
                                                                                           System.out.println(A.i);
     Test obj1 = new Test();
     Test obj2 = obj1.func(obj1);
     System.out.println("obj1.a = " + obj1.a + " obj1.b = " + obj1.b);
                                                                                      public class A
     System.out.println("obj2.a = " + obj2.a + " obj1.b = " + obj2.b);
                                                                                        static
                                                                                           System.out.println(1);
class Test
  int a = 1;
                                                                                        static
  int b = 2;
  Test func(Test obj)
                                                                                           System.out.println(2);
     Test obj3 = new Test();
     obj3 = obj;
                                                                                        static
     obj3.a = obj.a++ + ++obj.b;
     obj.b = obj.b;
                                                                                           System.out.println(3);
     return obj3;
  public static void main(String[] args)
                                                                                        public static void main(String[] args)
     Test obj1 = new Test();
     Test obj2 = obj1.func(obj1);
                                                                                           Aa;
     System.out.println("obj1.a = " + obj1.a + " obj1.b = " + obj1.b);
     System.out.println("obj2.a = " + obj2.a + " obj1.b = " + obj2.b);
}
                                                                                      class ClassOne
class A
                                                                                           System.out.println(1);
  static int i;
  static
                                                                                        static
     System.out.println(1);
    i = 100;
```

```
st1 = st2:
    System.out.println(2);
                                                                                       st1.name = "Rajesh";
                                                                                       st2.marks = 87;
                                                                                       st1.section = 'C';
  public ClassOne(int i)
                                                                                       System.out.println("Print using st1: " + st1.name + " " + st1.marks +
                                                                                   " " + st1.section);
    System.out.println(3);
                                                                                        System.out.println("Print using st2: " + st2.name + " " + st2.marks +
                                                                                   " " + st2.section);
  public ClassOne()
                                                                                   class Student
    System.out.println(4);
                                                                                     String name;
                                                                                     int marks;
                                                                                     char section;
public class ClassTwo
                                                                                   What will be the output of the following program?
                                                                                   class ReferencesAndObjects
    System.out.println(5);
                                                                                     public static void main(String s[])
  public static void main(String[] args)
                                                                                       Student st1 = new Student();
                                                                                       Student st2 = new Student();
    System.out.println(6);
                                                                                       st2 = st1:
    ClassOne one = new ClassOne();
                                                                                       st2 = new Student();
     ClassOne two = new ClassOne(10);
                                                                                       st1.name = "Rajesh";
                                                                                       st2.marks = 87;
                                                                                       st1.section = 'C';
                                                                                       System.out.println("Print using st1: " + st1.name + " " + st1.marks +
class ClassOne
                                                                                   " " + st1.section);
                                                                                       System.out.println("Print using st2: " + st2.name + " " + st2.marks +
  char c = 'A';
                                                                                   " " + st2.section);
    c = 'B';
  public ClassOne(char c)
                                                                                   class Student
    this.c = c;
                                                                                     String name:
                                                                                     int marks;
                                                                                     char section;
What will be the output of the following program?
                                                                                   class ReferencesAndObjects
class ReferencesAndObjects
                                                                                     public static void main(String s[])
  public static void main(String s[])
                                                                                       Student st1 = new Student();
     Student st1 = new Student();
                                                                                       Student st2 = new Student();
    Student st2 = new Student();
```

```
st2 = st2:
     st2 = new Student();
     st1.name = "Rajesh";
     st2.marks = 87;
                                                                                      class Test
     st1.section = 'C';
     System.out.println("Print using st1: " + st1.name + " " + st1.marks +
                                                                                        static int a;
" " + st1.section);
     System.out.println("Print using st2: " + st2.name + " " + st2.marks +
                                                                                        static
" " + st2.section);
                                                                                           a = 4;
                                                                                           System.out.println ("inside static block\n");
                                                                                           System.out.println ("a = " + a);
class Student
  String name;
                                                                                        Test()
  int marks;
  char section;
                                                                                           System.out.println ("\ninside constructor\n");
                                                                                           a = 10;
public class ClassTwo
                                                                                        public static void func()
  public static void main(String[] args)
                                                                                           a = a + 1:
     ClassOne one = new ClassOne('Z');
                                                                                           System.out.println ("a = " + a);
     System.out.println(one.c);
                                                                                        public static void main(String[] args)
class T {
                                                                                           Test obj = new Test();
int t = 20;
                                                                                           obj.func();
class Main {
 public static void main(String args[]) {
   T t1 = new T();
                                                                                      public class ClassB {
   System.out.println(t1.t);
                                                                                        int x = 3;
                                                                                        public ClassB() {
}
                                                                                           System.out.print(new ClassA().method());
class T {
                                                                                        public ClassB(int i) {
int t = 20;
                                                                                           System.out.print(i);
 T() {
  t = 40;
                                                                                        public int method(int i){
                                                                                           return x + i;
class Main {
 public static void main(String args[]) {
                                                                                      public class ClassA {
   T t1 = new T();
                                                                                        int y;
   System.out.println(t1.t);
                                                                                        public ClassA() {}
```

```
public ClassA(ClassB classB) {
    System.out.print(classB.method(1));
}
public int method(){
    System.out.print(new ClassB(4).method(3));
    return y;
}
public static void main(String[] args){
    ClassA classA = new ClassA(new ClassB(new ClassB().method(2)));
}
```

Chapter 6: Exploring Methods

In the following method declaration, what is the return type? public static int myMethod(int count, double value) { return 4;}

In the following method declaration, what is the name of the method? public static void showMenu(String category) {}

In the following method declaration, how many formal parameters are there?public static double squareRoot(double value) { return 2.3;}

In the following method how many values are returned?public static void syncPhone(int idNumber) {}

Write a method declaration (just the first line but include the {) for the following description. The wording must be exact and correct! The method must be called calculate Final Exam. The method must return a double. The method accepts 3 parameters: 1. the student Id which must be an integer 2. the student Name which must be a String 3. the test Score which must be a double.

If we do not provide String array as the argument to the main method as shown below, then the program compiles but throws a run-time error "NoSuchMethodError". Say True or False

```
class First
{
    public static void main()
    {
        System.out.println("Hello Payilagam");
    }
}
```

If static modifier is removed from the signature of the main method as shown below, then the program compiles but throws a run-time error "NoSuchMethodError". Say True or False

```
class Second
{
   public void main(String []args)
   {
      System.out.println("Hello World");
   }
}
```

What will be the output of the following program?

```
public class HaiTwice {
   static int num;
   public static void main(String[] args) {
      HaiTwice p = new HaiTwice();
      p.start();
      System.out.println(num);
   }
   void start() {
      int var = 7;
      twice(var);
      System.out.print(var + " ");
   }
   void twice(int var) {
```

```
var = var * 2;
    num = var;
public class MyObject {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    MyObject.myStaticMethod();
    System.out.println(MyObject.myStaticMethod());
  public String memberVar;
  static private String memberStaticVar;
  static public String myStaticMethod() {
    memberVar = "Value";
    memberStaticVar = "Value";
    MyObject obj = new MyObject();
    obj.memberVar = "Value";
    System.out.println("Have a nice to Participants");
    return ("No Error");
class MethodCalls
  public static void main(String[] args)
    a1(8);
  static int a1(int a1)
     System.out.print(" a1 = " + a1);
    return a2(a1++);
  static int a2(int a2)
    if (a2 == 0)
      return 10;
     System.out.print(" a2 = " + a2);
     return a1(a2/2);
public class PrintStatment10
```

```
public static void main(String args[])
    PrintStatment10 obj = new PrintStatment10();
    obj.printBinaryFormat(23);
  public void printBinaryFormat(int number)
    int binary[] = new int[25];
    int index = 0;
    while (number > 0)
       binary[index++] = number \% 2;
       number = number / 2;
    for (int i = index - 1; i >= 0; i--)
       System.out.print(binary[i]);
class A {
  public static void main(String arg[]) {
    Ba = new B();
    B b = new B();
    B c = new B();
    B d = new B();
     System.out.println("i = " + a.i);
     System.out.println("d = " + b.d);
     System.out.println("c = " + c.c);
     System.out.println("s = " + d.s);
class B {
  int i;
  double d;
  char c:
  String s;
class Test
  public static void main(String args[])
    for (int x = 0; x < 4; x++)
       System.out.println(x);
     System.out.println(x);
```

```
class San
class Test
                                                                                     public void m1 (int i,float f)
  public static void main(String args[])
                                                                                      System.out.println(" int float method");
    int x:
     for (x = 0; x < 4; x++)
                                                                                     public void m1(float f,int i);
       System.out.println(x);
                                                                                      System.out.println("float int method");
    System.out.println(x);
                                                                                      public static void main(String[]args)
class Test
                                                                                       San s=new San();
                                                                                          s.m1(20,20);
  public static void main(String args[])
    int a = 5;
    for (int a = 0; a < 5; a++)
                                                                                    class overload {
                                                                                          int x;
       System.out.println(a);
                                                                                             int y;
                                                                                          void add(int a) {
                                                                                            x = a + 1;
                                                                                          void add(int a, int b){
public class LocalPrimitiveVariableInit {
                                                                                            x = a + 2;
   int age;
  float salary;
  String name;
                                                                                       class Overload methods {
  public void sayHello(){
                                                                                          public static void main(String args[])
     String message = "This is local variable";
     String reason = "beacause the variable is in a method";
                                                                                            overload obj = new overload();
     System.out.println("Hello " + message + reason);
                                                                                            int a = 0:
                                                                                            obj.add(6);
                                                                                            System.out.println(obj.x);
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     String anotherMessage = "This is another local variable in main
method";
     int hoursWorked;
                                                                                     class overload {
   System.out.println("Hours worked : " + hoursWorked);
                                                                                          int x;
    LocalPrimitiveVariableInit variableInit = new
                                                                                             int y;
LocalPrimitiveVariableInit();
                                                                                          void add(int a){
     System.out.println("Default Salary is " + variableInit.salary);
                                                                                            x = a + 1;
     variableInit.sayHello(); // call the method and print message
     System.out.println(anotherMessage);
                                                                                          void add(int a , int b){
```

```
x = a + 2:
  class Overload methods {
     public static void main(String args[])
       overload obj = new overload();
       int a = 0;
       obj.add(6, 7);
       System.out.println(obj.x);
 }
class overload {
    int x;
         double v:
     void add(int a , int b) {
       x = a + b;
     void add(double c , double d){
       y = c + d;
     overload() {
       this.x = 0;
       this.y = 0;
  class Overload methods {
     public static void main(String args[])
       overload obj = new overload();
       int a = 2;
       double b = 3.2;
       obj.add(a, a);
       obj.add(b, b);
       System.out.println(obj.x + " " + obj.y);
 }
class test {
     int a;
     int b;
     void meth(int i , int j) {
       i *= 2;
       j /= 2;
  class Output {
     public static void main(String args[])
```

```
test obj = new test();
           int a = 10;
       int b = 20;
       obj.meth(a, b);
       System.out.println(a + " " + b);
class MethodOverloading
  public static void main(String s[])
     print();
     print(8);
     print(20 < 10);
  public static void print()
     System.out.println("Called print with no parameters");
  public static void print(int i)
     System.out.println("Called print with int parameter");
  public static void print(boolean b)
     System.out.println("Called print with boolean parameter");
If the following methods are declared in a class, which of them fail
to compile because of overloading rules?
int multiplication(int a, int b) // 1
float multiplication(float a, int b) // 2
float multiplication(int a, float b) // 3
void multiplication(float a) // 4
int multiplication(int a) // 5
void multiplication(int a) // 6
class MethodOverloading
  public static void main(String s[])
     int i = 8:
     print(i);
     print();
     int j = 9;
```

```
print(j);
                                                                                        public static void main(String[] args)
                                                                                          int a = 12;
                                                                                          double b = 13;
  public static void print()
                                                                                          double c = m(a, b);
     System.out.println("Called print with no parameters");
                                                                                          double d = m(c, a);
                                                                                          double e = m(a, (int) d);
                                                                                          System.out.println("c = " + c + " d = " + d + " e = " + e);
  public static void print(int i)
     System.out.println("Called print with int parameter i");
                                                                                        public static double m(int x, double y)
                                                                                          return x + y;
  public static void print(int j)
     System.out.println("Called print with int parameter j");
                                                                                        public static double m(double x, double y)
                                                                                          return x - y;
class MethodOverloading
                                                                                        public static double m(int x, int y)
  public static void main(String[] args)
                                                                                          return x % y;
     int a = 12;
     double b = 13;
     double c = m(a, b);
     double d = m(c, a);
                                                                                                             Chapter 7: Inheritance
     double e = m(a, (int) d);
                                                                                     Question 1:
     System.out.println("c = " + c + " d = " + d + " e = " + e);
                                                                                     class Base {
                                                                                        public void show() {
                                                                                         System.out.println("Base::show() called");
  public static double m(int x, double y)
                                                                                     }
    return x + y;
                                                                                     class Derived extends Base {
                                                                                        public void show() {
  public static double m(double x, double y)
                                                                                         System.out.println("Derived::show() called");
    return x - y;
                                                                                     public class Main {
  public static double m(int x, int y)
                                                                                        public static void main(String[] args) {
                                                                                          Base b = new Derived();;
    return x % y;
                                                                                          b.show();
class MethodOverloading
                                                                                        final public void show() {
```

```
System.out.println("Base::show() called");
                                                                                    class B extends A
                                                                                      int b = 20;
Ouestion 2:
class Base {
  final public void show() {
                                                                                    public class MainClass
    System.out.println("Base::show() called");
                                                                                      public static void main(String[] args)
                                                                                        A a = new B();
class Derived extends Base {
                                                                                        System.out.println(a.b);
  public void show() {
    System.out.println("Derived::show() called");
                                                                                    Question 5:
                                                                                    class Base{
                                                                                        public Base(){
class Main {
                                                                                             System.out.print("Base");
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Base b = new Derived();;
    b.show();
                                                                                   public class Derived extends Base{
                                                                                        public Derived(){
                                                                                             this("Examveda");
                                                                                              System.out.print("Derived");
Question 3:
class Base {
                                                                                        public Derived(String s){
  public static void show() {
                                                                                              System.out.print(s);
    System.out.println("Base::show() called");
                                                                                         public static void main(String[] args){
                                                                                             new Derived();
class Derived extends Base {
  public static void show() {
    System.out.println("Derived::show() called");
                                                                                    Question 6:
                                                                                    abstract class C1{
                                                                                            public C1(){
                                                                                                     System.out.print(1);
class Main {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
                                                                                    class C2 extends C1{
    Base b = new Derived();;
                                                                                            public C2(){
    b.show();
                                                                                                     System.out.print(2);
                                                                                    class C3 extends C2{
Question 4:
                                                                                            public C3(){
class A
                                                                                                     System.out.println(3);
  int b = 50:
```

```
public class Test{
         public static void main(String[] a){
                 new C3();
public class Test
  public static void main(String[] args)
   int i = 100;
   long l = i;
   float f = l;
   System.out.println("Int value "+i);
   System.out.println("Long value "+1);
   System.out.println("Float value "+f);
public class Test
  public static void main(String[] args)
   double d = 100.04;
   long l = (long)d;
   int i = (int)l;
   System.out.println("Double value "+d);
   System.out.println("Long value "+1);
   System.out.println("Int value "+i);
class IntToByteConversion
  public static void main(String arg[])
    int a = 350;
    byte b;
    b = (byte) a;
     System.out.println("b = " + b);
class DatatypeCasting
  public static void main(String arg[])
```

```
byte b:
     int i = 81;
     double d = 323.142;
     float f = 72.38f;
     char c = 'A';
     c = (char) i;
     System.out.println("i = " + i + " c = " + c);
     i = (int) d; // LINE A
     System.out.println("d = " + d + " i = " + i); // LINE B
     i = (int) f; // LINE C
     System.out.println("f = " + f + " i = " + i); // LINE D
     b = (bvte) d;
     System.out.println("d = " + d + " b = " + b);
Verify the Output
class Vehicle
  int maxSpeed = 120;
/* sub class Car extending vehicle */
class Car extends Vehicle
  int maxSpeed = 180;
  void display()
     /* print maxSpeed of base class (vehicle) */
     System.out.println("Maximum Speed: " + super.maxSpeed);
}
/* Driver program to test */
class Test
  public static void main(String[] args)
     Car small = new Car();
     small.display();
What is the output.
/* Base class Person */
class Person
  void message()
```

```
System.out.println("This is person class");
/* Subclass Student */
class Student extends Person
  void message()
     System.out.println("This is student class");
  // Note that display() is only in Student class
  void display()
    // will invoke or call current class message() method
     message();
    // will invoke or call parent class message() method
    super.message();
/* Driver program to test */
class Test
  public static void main(String args[])
     Student s = new Student();
    // calling display() of Student
    s.display();
Check the output
/* superclass Person */
class Person
  Person()
     System.out.println("Person class Constructor");
/* subclass Student extending the Person class */
class Student extends Person
  Student()
    // invoke or call parent class constructor
```

```
super():
    System.out.println("Student class Constructor");
/* Driver program to test*/
class Test
  public static void main(String[] args)
     Student s = new Student();
Verify the output for the below classes:
public Class SuperDemo{
int a,b;
public Class Subdemo extends SuperDemo{
int a,b;
void disply(){
System.out.println(a);
System.out.println(b);
super.a=10;
super.b=20;
System.out.println(super.a);
System.out.println(super.b);
public static void main (String args[]) {
Subdemo obj = new Subdemo();
obj.a=1;
obj.b=2;
obj.disply();
Verify the output for the below coding:
public Class SuperDemo{
int a,b;
public void show() {
System.out.println(a);
System.out.println(b);
```

```
public Class Subdemo extends SuperDemo{
                                                                                       b=b:
int a,b;
void disply(){
                                                                                      public static void main(String[] args){
System.out.println(a);
                                                                                        ThisDemo obj = new ThisDemo(1,2);
System.out.println(b);
                                                                                        System.out.println(obj.a);
super.a=10;
                                                                                        System.out.println(obj.b);
super.b=20;
super.show();
                                                                                   public class ThisDemo {
                                                                                     int a, b;
                                                                                   ThisDemo(int a, int b){
public static void main (String args[]) {
                                                                                       this.a=a;
Subdemo obj = new Subdemo();
                                                                                       this.b=b:
obj.a=1;
obj.b=2;
                                                                                      public static void main(String[] args){
obj.disply();
                                                                                        ThisDemo obj = new ThisDemo(1,2);
                                                                                        System.out.println(obj.a);
                                                                                        System.out.println(obj.b);
Verify the output:
public Class SuperDemo{
int a,b;
                                                                                   public class ThisDemo {
SuperDemo(int x, int y){
                                                                                     int a, b;
a=x;
b=y
System.out.println("Super class constructor called ");
                                                                                   ThisDemo(){
                                                                                   System.out.println("Default constructor called");
public Class Subdemo extends SuperDemo{
                                                                                   ThisDemo(int a, int b){
                                                                                       this();
int a,b;
SubDemo(int x, int y){
                                                                                        this.a=a;
super(10,20);
                                                                                       this.b=b;
a=x;
System.out.println("Sub class constructor called ");
                                                                                     public static void main(String[] args){
                                                                                        ThisDemo obj = new ThisDemo(1,2);
                                                                                        System.out.println(obj.a);
public static void main (String args[]) {
                                                                                        System.out.println(obj.b);
Subdemo obj = new Subdemo(1,2);
                                                                                   public class Test{
Verify the output:
                                                                                     int a, b;
public class ThisDemo {
                                                                                   Test(int a, int b){
                                                                                       this.a=a;
  int a, b;
                                                                                       this.b=b;
ThisDemo(int a, int b){
   a=a;
```

```
void show(){
System.out.println("Show() method called");
                                                                                     class Parent
                                                                                      public Parent()
void print(){
  this.show();
  System.out.println(a);
  System.out.println(b);
                                                                                     class Child extends Parent
  public static void main(String[] args){
    Test obj = new Test(1,2);
                                                                                      public Child()
    obj.print()
Guess the output:
public class InheritanceTest
 public static void main(String[] args)
                                                                                     abstract class demo
  Parent c = new Child();
  c.doSomething();
                                                                                        public int a;
                                                                                       demo()
                                                                                          a = 10;
class Parent
                                                                                       abstract public void set();
 public void doSomething()
                                                                                       abstract final public void get();
  System.err.println("Parent called");
                                                                                     class Test extends demo
class Child extends Parent
                                                                                        public void set(int a)
 public void doSomething()
                                                                                          this.a = a;
  System.err.println("Child called");
                                                                                        final public void get()
What is the output?
public class InheritanceTest
 public static void main(String[] args)
                                                                                          Test obj = new Test();
                                                                                          obj.set(20);
  Parent c = new Child();
                                                                                          obj.get();
```

```
}
                                                                                             double getPercentageMarks();
What is the output of this program?
                                                                                             String getName();
  interface calculate {
                                                                                             int getAge();
    void cal(int item);
  class display implements calculate {
                                                                                    class BeingZeroStudent implements IBeingZeroStudent
    int x:
     public void cal(int item) {
                                                                                             public String getName()
       x = item * item;
                                                                                                      return "BeingZeroStudent";
  class interfaces {
                                                                                             public int getAge()
    public static void main(String args[]) {
       display arr = new display;
                                                                                                      return 20;
       arr.x = 0;
       arr.cal(2);
                                                                                    }
       System.out.print(arr.x);
                                                                                    What is the output of this program?
                                                                                      class A {
What is the output of this program?
                                                                                         public int i;
interface calculate {
                                                                                         private int j;
       int VAR = 0;
       void cal(int item);
                                                                                      class B extends A {
                                                                                         void display() {
     class display implements calculate {
                                                                                           super.j = super.i + 1;
                                                                                           System.out.println(super.i + " " + super.j);
       int x;
      public void cal(int item) {
         if (item<2)
            x = VAR;
                                                                                      class inheritance {
         else
                                                                                         public static void main(String args[])
            x = item * item;
                                                                                           B obj = new B();
                                                                                           obj.i=1;
class interfaces {
                                                                                           obj,j=2;
       public static void main(String args[]) {
                                                                                           obj.display();
         display[] arr=new display[3];
         for(int i=0;i<3;i++)
         arr[i]=new display();
         arr[0].cal(0);
                                                                                    What is the output of this program?
         arr[1].cal(1);
                                                                                       class A {
         arr[2].cal(2);
                                                                                         public int i;
         System.out.print(arr[0].x+"" + arr[1].x + "" + arr[2].x);
                                                                                         public int j;
                                                                                         A() {
                                                                                           i = 1:
                                                                                           j = 2;
What should be done to compile the code successfully?
                                                                                             }
interface IBeingZeroStudent
```

```
class B extends A {
                                                                                             B obj = new B();
    int a;
         B() {
                                                                                             obj.i=1;
                                                                                            obj, j=2;
       super();
                                                                                            obj.display();
  class super use {
     public static void main(String args[])
                                                                                     What is the output of this program?
       B obj = new B();
                                                                                        class A {
       System.out.println(obj.i + " " + obj.j)
                                                                                          public int i;
                                                                                          protected int j;
                                                                                        class B extends A {
What is the output of this program?
                                                                                          int j;
  abstract class A {
                                                                                          void display() {
     int i;
                                                                                             super.j = 3;
     abstract void display();
                                                                                             System.out.println(i + "" + j);
  class B extends A {
    int j;
                                                                                        class Output {
     void display() {
                                                                                          public static void main(String args[])
       System.out.println(j);
                                                                                             B obj = new B();
                                                                                             obj.i=1;
  class Abstract demo {
                                                                                            obj.j=2;
     public static void main(String args[])
                                                                                             obj.display();
       B obj = new B();
       obj.j=2;
       obj.display();
                                                                                     What will be the output of the following program?
                                                                                     public abstract class AbstractTest
                                                                                        public int getNum()
What is the output of this program?
  class A {
                                                                                          return 45;
    int i:
     void display() {
                                                                                        public abstract class Bar
       System.out.println(i);
                                                                                          public int getNum()
  class B extends A {
                                                                                             return 38;
    int j;
     void display() {
       System.out.println(j);
                                                                                        public static void main (String [] args)
                                                                                          AbstractTest t = new AbstractTest()
  class method overriding {
    public static void main(String args[])
                                                                                             public int getNum()
```

```
return 22;
    AbstractTest.Bar f = t.new Bar()
       public int getNum()
         return 57;
     };
     System.out.println(f.getNum() + " " + t.getNum());
What will be the output of the following program?
public class Test {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    new Z().method1();
    new Z().method2();
abstract class X {
  abstract void method1();
  abstract void method2():
abstract class Y extends X {
  void method1() {
    System.out.println("Method1 implemented here.");
class Z extends Y {
  void method2() {
    System.out.println("Method2 implemented here.");
What will be the output of the following program?
interface MyFirstInterface {
  void output();
interface MySecondInterface extends MyFirstInterface {
  void output();
public class DemoOnInterface implements MySecondInterface {
  public void output() {
    System.out.println("Programming competattion on Payilagam...
Hurry up");
```

```
public static void main(String args[]) {
    DemoOnInterface demoOnInterface = new DemoOnInterface();
    demoOnInterface.output();
}
What will be the output of the following program?
public class CricketPlayersUsingInterfaces {
  public static void main(String s[]) {
    StrongBatsmen sachin = new StrongBatsmen("Sachin", 100, 326);
    sachin.makeCentury();
    sachin.takeWickets():
    StrongBatsmen gambhir = new StrongBatsmen("Gambhir", 25);
    gambhir.makeCentury();
class StrongBatsmen implements IBatsmen, IBowler {
  int numberOfCenturies:
  String name:
  int wickets;
  StrongBatsmen(String name, int numberOfCenturies, int wickets) {
    this.numberOfCenturies = numberOfCenturies;
    this.wickets = wickets:
    this.name = name;
  StrongBatsmen(String name, int numberOfCenturies) {
    this.numberOfCenturies = numberOfCenturies;
    this.name = name;
  public void makeCentury() {
    System.out.println(name + " made " + numberOfCenturies + "
centuries."):
  public void takeWickets() {
    System.out.println(name + " taken " + wickets + " wickets.");
interface IBatsmen {
  void makeCentury();
interface IBowler {
  void takeWickets();
What will be the output of the following program?
class Company
  public static void main(String args[])
```

```
Software.NestedIF nif = new Project():
     if(nif.isNotNegative(10))
       System.out.println("10 is not negative");
    if(nif.isNotNegative(-12))
       System.out.println("This won't be displayed");
class Software
  public interface NestedIF
    boolean isNotNegative(int x);
class Project implements Software.NestedIF
  public boolean isNotNegative(int x)
    return x < 0? false: true;
What will be the output of the following program?
public class King {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    King k = new King();
     Elephant e = k.new Elephant();
     System.out.print("Output = ");
     System.out.print(e.step2(2, 3));
  interface Oueen {
     float step2(int low, int high);
  interface Pawn {
    float step3(int a, int b, int c);
  abstract class Knight implements Queen, Pawn {
  class Elephant implements Queen {
    public float step2(int x, int y) {
       return 2;
```

```
What will be the output of the following program?
interface SixesMachine {
  void hitSixes();
abstract class DhoniInTheMaking implements SixesMachine {
  public String numberOfSixes() {
    return "6 0 6 3 6 6 6 6":
  public void printRunsTrail(String runsAndRuns) {
     System.out.println(runsAndRuns);
public class Dhoni extends DhoniInTheMaking {
  public static void main(String args[]) {
    DhoniInTheMaking outputClass = new Dhoni();
     outputClass.hitSixes();
  public void hitSixes() {
    numberOfSixes();
     printRunsTrail(numberOfSixes());
What will be the output of the following program?
public class King {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    King k = new King();
     System.out.print("Output = " + k.new Elephant().step2(2, 3));
  interface Queen {
     float step2(int low, int high);
  interface Pawn {
     float step3(int a, int b, int c);
  abstract class Knight implements Queen, Pawn {
  class Elephant implements Queen {
    public float step2(int x, int y) {
       return (float)(x * 3);
What will be the output of the following program?
public class Revolution2020 {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Love love = new Love();
    love.aarti();
    Ambition gopal = new Corruption();
```

```
Ambition raghav = new Ambition() {
                                                                                         talk(a);
       public String goal() {
                                                                                         a.frown();
         return "Pen Is Powerful";
                                                                                       public static void talk(ISmile ia1) {
       public void aarti() {
                                                                                         System.out.print(":-0");
         System.out.print("Respect ");
                                                                                         ia1.smile();
     gopal.aarti(); gopal.goal();
     raghav.aarti(); raghav.goal();
                                                                                    interface ISmile {
     System.out.print(((Corruption) gopal).shukla());
                                                                                       void smile();
class Love {
                                                                                    class Smile implements ISmile {
  void aarti() { System.out.print("Beautiful "); }
                                                                                       void smile() {
                                                                                         System.out.print(" :-) ");
interface Ambition {
  String goal();
                                                                                       void frown() {
  void aarti();
                                                                                         ISmile a1 = new Smile():
                                                                                         a1.smile():
class Corruption extends Love implements Ambition {
                                                                                         System.out.print(":-[");
  int shukla() throws Exception { return 2020; }
  public String goal() { return "Get Rich "; }
  public void aarti() { System.out.print("Confused "); }
                                                                                    What will be the output of the following program?
                                                                                    public class SmileyTest
What will be the output of the following program?
interface Pet
                                                                                       public static void main(String[] args)
                                                                                         SmileyTest s = new SmileyTest();
  public void test();
                                                                                         Smile a = new Smile();
class Animal implements Pet
                                                                                         s.talk(a):
                                                                                         a.smile();
                                                                                         ISmile a1 = new Smile();
  public void test()
                                                                                         ((Smile)a1).frown();
     System.out.println("Interface Method Implemented");
     System.out.println("rest of the code");
                                                                                       void talk(Smile ia1)
  public static void main(String args[])
                                                                                         ia1.smile();
     Pet p = new Animal();
                                                                                         System.out.print(":-0");
    p.test();
                                                                                    class ISmile
What will be the output of the following program?
public class SmileyTest {
                                                                                       void smile()
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     Smile a = new Smile();
                                                                                         smile();
```

```
ISmile()
     System.out.print(" :-@ ");
class Smile extends ISmile
  void smile()
     System.out.print(" :-) ");
  void frown()
     ISmile obj = new Smile();
     System.out.print(":-[");
class Small {
  public Small() {
     System.out.print("a ");
class Small2 extends Small {
  public Small2() {
     System.out.print("b ");
class Small3 extends Small2 {
  public Small3() {
     System.out.print("c ");
public class Test {
  public static void main(String args[]) {
     new Small3();
Given the code. What is the result?
class Hotel {
  public int bookings;
  public void book() {
```

```
bookings++;
}

public class SuperHotel extends Hotel {
   public void book() {
     bookings--;
}

public void book(int size) {
   book();
   super.book();
   bookings += size;
}

public static void main(String args[]) {
   Hotel hotel = new SuperHotel();
   hotel.book(2);
   System.out.print(hotel.bookings);
}
```

Chapter 10: String, StringBuffer, StringBuilder

```
What is the expected output?
public static void main(String[] args) {
  boolean stmt1 = "payilagam" == "payilagam";
  boolean stmt2 = new String("payilagam") == "payilagam";
  boolean stmt3 = new String("payilagam") == new
String("payilagam");
  System.out.println(stmt1 && stmt2 || stmt3);
}

public static void main(String[] args) {
  boolean stmt1 = "payilagam" == "payilagam";
  boolean stmt2 = new String("payilagam").equals(new
String("payilagam"));
  boolean stmt3 = "payilagam".toString()=="payilagam";
  System.out.println(stmt1 && stmt2 && stmt3);
}
```

Which of the statements would evaluate to true?

public class Tester {

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
                                                                      How long is the string returned by the following
              StringBuffer sb = new StringBuffer("payilagam");
                                                                      expression? What is the string?
              String s = new String("payilagam");
                                                                      "Was it a car or a cat I saw?".substring(9, 12)
              boolean stmt1 = s.equals(sb);
              boolean stmt2 = sb.equals(s);
                                                                      In the following program, called ComputeResult, what is the
              boolean stmt3 = sb.toString() == s;
                                                                      value of result after each numbered line executes?
              boolean stmt4 = sb.toString().equals(s);
                                                                      public class ComputeResult {
              boolean stmt5 = s.equals(sb.toString());
                                                                        public static void main(String[] args) {
                                                                          String original = "software";
                                                                          StringBuilder result = new StringBuilder("hi");
                                                                          int index = original.indexOf('a');
public class Tester {
       public static void main(String[] args) {
                                                                      /*1*/ result.setCharAt(0, original.charAt(0)):
              StringBuffer sb1 = new StringBuffer("payilagam");
                                                                      /*2*/ result.setCharAt(1, original.charAt(original.length()-1));
              StringBuffer sb2 = new StringBuffer("payilagam");
                                                                      /*3*/ result.insert(1, original.charAt(4));
              boolean stmt1 =sb1.equals(sb2);
                                                                      /*4*/ result.append(original.substring(1,4));
              boolean stmt2 = sb1 == sb2;
                                                                      /*5*/ result.insert(3, (original.substring(index, index+2) + " "));
              String s1 = new String("payilagam");
              String s2 = new String("payilagam");
                                                                          System.out.println(result);
              boolean stmt3 = s1.equals(s2);
              boolean stmt4 = s1 == s2;
                                                                      }
                                                                      Show two ways to concatenate the following two strings
                                                                      together to get the string "Vanakkam, Chennai!":
public static void main(String args []) {
                                                                      String hi = "Vanakkam, ";
                                                                      String mom = "Chennai!";
              String stmt = null;
System.out.print(null+stmt);
System.out.print(stmt+null);
                                                                      Write a program that computes your initials from your full
                                                                      name and displays them.
                                                                      public class Anagram {
What is the initial capacity of the following string builder?
StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder("Incredible India!");
                                                                        public static boolean areAnagrams(String string1,
                                                                                            String string2) {
Consider the following string:
String word = "How is Chennai Today? It is too hot!":
                                                                          String workingCopy1 = removeJunk(string1);
                                                                          String workingCopy2 = removeJunk(string2);
What is the value
                           displayed by the expression
word.length()?
                                                                                workingCopy1 = workingCopy1.toLowerCase();
What is the value returned by the method call
                                                                                workingCopy2 = workingCopy2.toLowerCase();
word.charAt(12)?
Write an expression that refers to the letter C in the string
                                                                                workingCopy1 = sort(workingCopy1);
referred to by word.
                                                                                workingCopy2 = sort(workingCopy2);
```

```
return workingCopy1.equals(workingCopy2);
                                                                         What will be output of below statements?
protected static String removeJunk(String string) {
                                                                         String s = "Iava String Quiz";
  int i, len = string.length();
                                                                         System.out.println(s.substring(5,3));
  StringBuilder dest = new StringBuilder(len);
             char c:
                                                                         What will be output of below statements?
        for (i = (len - 1); i >= 0; i--) {
                                                                         String s1 = "Cat";
          c = string.charAt(i);
                                                                         String s2 = "Cat";
          if (Character.isLetter(c)) {
                                                                         String s3 = new String("Cat");
                  dest.append(c);
                                                                         System.out.println(s1==s2);
                                                                         System.out.println(s1==s3);
                                                                         What will be the output of below statements?
                                                                         String s1 = null;
  return dest.toString();
                                                                         System.out.println(s1); //line 2
                                                                         System.out.println(s1.toString()); //line 3
protected static String sort(String string) {
        char[] charArray = string.toCharArray();
                                                                         What will be the output of below program?
       java.util.Arrays.sort(charArray);
                                                                         public class Test {
  return new String(charArray);
                                                                                 public static void main(String[] args) {
                                                                                         String x = \text{"abc"};
                                                                                         String v = \text{"abc"}:
public static void main(String[] args) {
                                                                                         x.concat(y);
  String string1 = "Cosmo and Laine:";
                                                                                         System.out.print(x):
  String string2 = "Maid, clean soon!";
                                                                         }
  System.out.println();
  System.out.println("Testing whether the following "
                                                                         What will be the output of below statements?
             + "strings are anagrams:");
                                                                         String s = \text{"Java"} + 1 + 2 + \text{"Quiz"} + \text{""} + (3+4);
  System.out.println(" String 1: " + string1);
                                                                         System.out.println(s);
  System.out.println("
                         String 2: " + string2);
  System.out.println();
                                                                         What will be the output of below statements?
                                                                         String s1 = "abc";
  if (areAnagrams(string1, string2)) {
                                                                         String s2 = "def";
     System.out.println("They ARE anagrams!");
                                                                         System.out.println(s1.compareTo(s2));
     System.out.println("They are NOT anagrams!");
                                                                         What will be the output of below statements?
                                                                         String s1 = "abc";
  System.out.println();
                                                                         String s2 = new String("abc");
                                                                         System.out.print(s1==s2);
```

```
System.out.println(s1==s2.intern());
                                                                                  public static void main(String[] args) {
                                                                                          String stmt = "payilagam is here to help you";
What will be the output of below program?
                                                                                          for (String token : stmt.split("//s")) {
                                                                                                  System.out.print(token + " ");
public class Test {
       public static void main(String[] args) {
               String s1 = "abc";
               String s2 = "abc";
               System.out.println("s1 == s2 is:" + s1 == s2);
                                                                          public class Tester {
                                                                                  public static void main(String[] args) {
                                                                                          String s = "";
What will be output of below statements?
                                                                                          Integer x = 5:
String s = "Iava String Quiz";
                                                                                          StringBuffer sb = new StringBuffer();
System.out.println(s.charAt(s.toUpperCase().length()));
                                                                                          if (x < 15)
                                                                                                  s.concat("pavilagam");
What will be the output of below statements?
                                                                                          else
String s1 = \text{"abc"}:
                                                                                                 sb.append("pavilagam");
StringBuffer s2 = new StringBuffer(s1):
                                                                                          System.out.print(s + sb);
System.out.println(s1.equals(s2));
What will be the output of below code snippet?
                                                                          public class Tester {
String s1 = "abc";
String s2 = new String("abc");
                                                                                  public static void main(String[] args) {
                                                                                          String s = "";
s2.intern();
System.out.println(s1==s2):
                                                                                          Integer x = 5:
                                                                                          StringBuffer sb = "";
                                                                                          if (x < 0)
What will be the output of below code snippet?
String s1 = new String("payilagam");
                                                                                                 s.concat("payilagam");
String s2 = new String("PAYILAGAM");
                                                                                          else
System.out.println(s1 = s2);
                                                                                                 sb.append("payilagam");
                                                                                          System.out.print(s + sb);
What is the output?
public static void main(String[] args) {
               String s1 = null;
               String s2 = null;
                                                                          public class Tester {
                                                                                  public static void main(String[] args) {
               if (s1 == s2)
                                                                                          Scanner sc = new Scanner("payilagam 2014, true
                       System.out.print("A");
               if (s1.equals(s2))
                                                                          123");
                       System.out.print("B");
                                                                                          while (sc.hasNext()) {
                                                                                          if (sc.hasNextBoolean())
                                                                                                         System.out.print("Boolean");
                                                                                                 if (sc.hasNextInt())
What is the output?
                                                                                                         System.out.print("Int");
public class Tester {
```

```
sc.next();
                                                                          Determine the output from the following code.
                                                                           String str = "World Wide Web";
                                                                          for (int i = 0; i < 12; i+=6) {
                                                                             System.out.print( str.charAt( i ) );
public class Tester {
       public static void main(String[] args) {
                                                                          What will be the value of str after the following statements
               String str = "java";
                                                                           are executed.
               StringBuffer sb = new StringBuffer("payilagam");
                                                                          String str = "Dr. Decaffeinated";
               sb.insert(9, ".com");
                                                                          StringBuffer strBuf = new StringBuffer(str.substring(6, 10));
               str.concat("champ");
                                                                          strBuf.setCharAt(1, 'o');
               if (sb.length() < 6 || str.equals("payilagam")) {
                                                                          strBuf.append( 'e' );
                       System.out.print(sb);
                                                                          str = strBuf.toString():
               sb.delete(2, 7);
                                                                          What will be the output of the following program?
               System.out.print(sb);
                                                                          public class GoodEvening {
                                                                             public static void stringReplace(String text) {
                                                                               text = text.replace('i', 'c'):
public class Test {
                                                                             public static void bufferReplace(StringBuffer text) {
       public void method(StringBuffer sb) {
                                                                               text = text.append("c");
               System.out.println("StringBuffer method");
                                                                             public static void main(String args[]) {
       public void method(String s) {
                                                                               String textString = new String("java");
               System.out.println("String method");
                                                                               StringBuffer textBuffer = new StringBuffer("iava"):
                                                                               stringReplace(textString);
       public static void main(String[] args) {
                                                                               bufferReplace(textBuffer);
               Test test = new Test();
                                                                               System.out.println(textString + textBuffer);
               test.method(null):
                                                                          What will be the output of the following program?
class Test {
                                                                          public class StrReplace {
       public static void main(String[] args) {
                                                                             public static void main(String args[]) {
        String payil = "payilagam chennai2014chennai";
                                                                               StringBuffer sf = new StringBuffer();
Pattern p = Pattern.compile(".\{4\}c+(m)*"); //line 1
                                                                               sf.append("I have two pets");
        Matcher m = p.matcher(pavil);
                                                                               sf.replace(11, 23, "dogs");
        while(m.find()) {
                                                                               System.out.print(sf);
               System.out.print(m.start());
                                                                          What will be the output of the following program?
                                                                          public class Friends {
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
     String name = "Raju";
                                                                          What will be the output of the following program?
     StringBuffer sb = new StringBuffer(name);
                                                                          public class Campus {
                                                                            public static void main(String[] args) {
     System.out.println(sb);
    sb.replace(2, 4, "vi");
                                                                               String name = "PAYILAGAM";
                                                                               StringBuffer sb = new StringBuffer(name);
    System.out.print(sb);
                                                                               name = sb.substring(3);
                                                                               System.out.println(name);
What is the output of the program?
public class DailyDoseB {
  public static String overlay (String str., String overlay, int start,
                                                                          What will be the output of the following program?
int end) {
                                                                          public class Sbsubstring {
                                                                            public static void main(String args[]) {
    if (str == null) { return null; }
                                                                               StringBuffer str = new StringBuffer("String control switch");
    if (overlay == null) { overlay = ""; }
    int len = str.length();
                                                                               String str1 = str.substring(7);
                                                                               System.out.println("Buffer: " + str1);
    if (start < 0) { start = 0; }
    if (start > len) \{ start = len; \}
                                                                               String str2 = str1.substring(0, 7);
    if (end < 0) \{ end = 0; \}
                                                                               System.out.print("After: " + str2);
    if (end > len) \{ end = len; \}
    if (start > end) {
       int temp = start;
       start = end;
                                                                          What will be the output of the following program?
       end = temp;
                                                                          public class Console {
                                                                            public static void main(String[] arg) {
     return new StringBuffer(len + start - end + overlay.length()
                                                                               int total = 0:
                                        1).append(str.substring(0,
                                                                               StringBuffer input = new StringBuffer("MAGALIYAP");
start)).append(overlay).append(str.substring(end)).toString();
                                                                               input.trimToSize();
                                                                               String str = input.reverse().toString();
  public static void main(String[] arg) {
                                                                               System.out.println(str):
     System.out.println(overlay("abcdef", "xxx", 1, 4));
                                                                               System.out.println(input.reverse().toString());
                                                                               for (int i = 0; i < str.length(); i++) {
                                                                                 total += str.codePointAt(i++);
                                                                                 str = str.substring(i):
What will be the output of the following program?
public class Campus {
                                                                               System.out.println(str);
  public static void main(String[] args) {
                                                                               System.out.print("Total " + total);
    String name = "PAYILAGAM";
    StringBuffer sb = new StringBuffer(name);
    sb.substring(3);
    System.out.println(sb);
                                                                          What will be the output of the following program?
                                                                          public class Append {
                                                                            public static void main(String args[]) {
```

```
StringBuffer rb = new StringBuffer();
                                                                         str = strBuf.toString();
    rb.append("use pen instead of pencil");
    rb.appendCodePoint(50);
                                                                         public class Countcode {
    System.out.print("After append Code: " + rb);
                                                                            public static void main(String args[]) {
                                                                              StringBuffer sub = new StringBuffer("STRINGBUFFER");
                                                                              int c = sub.codePointCount(5, 10);
                                                                              System.out.println("Count: " + c);
public class Codepoint {
                                                                              StringBuffer sub1 = new StringBuffer("STRINGBUILDER");
                                                                              c = sub1.codePointCount(1, 5);
  public static void main(String args[]) {
     StringBuffer sub = new StringBuffer("Mango");
                                                                              System.out.print("Count: " + c);
    int c = sub.codePointAt(2);
     System.out.println("Code point at given char: " + c);
    int d = sub.codePointBefore(2);
    System.out.println("Code point before char: " + d);
                                                                         public class Firstlast {
                                                                            public static void main(String args[]) {
                                                                               StringBuffer sub = new StringBuffer("I have two sisters, two
                                                                         brothers and two uncles");
What does this code write:
                                                                              int k;
StringTokenizer stuff = new StringTokenizer( "abc,def,ghi" );
                                                                              k = sub.indexOf("two");
System.out.println( stuff.nextToken() );
                                                                              System.out.print(k + ",");
                                                                              k = sub.lastIndexOf("two");
                                                                              System.out.print(k);
What does this code write:
StringTokenizer stuff = new StringTokenizer( "abc,def,ghi", "," );
System.out.println( stuff.nextToken() );
                                                                         public class Offset {
What does this code write:
                                                                            public static void main(String args[]) {
StringTokenizer stuff = new StringTokenizer( "abc+def+ghi", "+",
                                                                              StringBuffer ng = new StringBuffer("The list of files ");
                                                                              int i = ng.offsetByCodePoints(3, 8);
System.out.println( stuff.nextToken() );
                                                                              System.out.print(i + ",");
System.out.println( stuff.nextToken() );
                                                                              ng.append("contains sub files");
                                                                              ng.trimToSize():
What does this code write:
                                                                              System.out.print(ng);
StringTokenizer stuff = new StringTokenizer( "abc def+ghi", "+");
System.out.println( stuff.nextToken() );
System.out.println( stuff.nextToken() );
                                                                         What will be the output of the following program?
                                                                         public class Countcode {
What will be the value of str after the following statements
                                                                            public static void main(String args[]) {
are executed.
                                                                              StringBuffer sub = new StringBuffer("STRINGBUFFER");
String str = "Dr. Decaffeinated";
                                                                              int c = \text{sub.codePointCount}(5, 10, 6);
StringBuffer strBuf = new StringBuffer(str.substring(6, 10));
                                                                              System.out.println("Count: " + c);
strBuf.setCharAt(1, 'o');
                                                                              StringBuffer sub1 = new StringBuffer("STRINGBUILDER");
strBuf.append( 'e' );
```

```
c = sub1.codePointCount(1, 5, 4);
    System.out.print("Count: " + c);
class StringBufferCodePointCount
  public static void main(String s[])
    StringBuffer sb = new StringBuffer("core java");
    int start = 1;
    int end = 5:
     System.out.println("Number of code points in the portion of
the stringbuffer that are between start and end-1 is: " +
getCodePointCount(sb, start, end));
public static int getCodePointCount(StringBuffer sb, int start, int
end) {
/*Write code here to find the number of code points in the portion
of the given stringbuffer that are between start and end-1. */
Chapter 11: Arrays
class Test {
 public static void main(String args[]) {
  int arr[2];
  System.out.println(arr[0]);
  System.out.println(arr[1]);
class Test {
 public static void main(String args[]) {
                                                                          }
  int arr[] = new int[2]:
  System.out.println(arr[0]);
  System.out.println(arr[1]);
}
```

```
public class Main {
  public static void main(String args[]) {
     int arr[][] = new int[4][];
     arr[0] = new int[1];
     arr[1] = new int[2];
     arr[2] = new int[3];
     arr[3] = new int[4];
     int i, j, k = 0;
     for (i = 0; i < 4; i++) {
       for (i = 0; i < i + 1; i++) {
          arr[i][j] = k;
          k++;
     for (i = 0; i < 4; i++)
       for (j = 0; j < i + 1; j++) {
          System.out.print(" " + arr[i][j]);
          k++;
        System.out.println();
class Test
  public static void main (String[] args)
     int arr1[] = \{1, 2, 3\};
     int arr2[] = \{1, 2, 3\};
     if (arr1 == arr2)
        System.out.println("Same");
       System.out.println("Not same");
class Test
  public static void main (String[] args)
     int arr1[] = \{1, 2, 3\};
```

```
int arr2[] = \{1, 2, 3\};
     if (arr1 == arr2)
       System.out.println("Same");
     else
       System.out.println("Not same");
class Test
  public static void main (String[] args)
    int arr1[] = \{1, 2, 3\};
     int arr2[] = \{1, 2, 3\};
     if (Arrays.equals(arr1, arr2))
       System.out.println("Same");
     else
       System.out.println("Not same");
class Test
  public static void main (String[] args)
     int arr1[] = \{1, 2, 3\};
    int arr2[] = \{1, 2, 3\};
     if (arr1.equals(arr2))
       System.out.println("Same");
     else
       System.out.println("Not same");
public class Exercise9 {
public static void main(String[] args) {
 int[] my array = {25, 14, 56, 15, 36, 56, 77, 18, 29, 49};
    // Insert an element in 3rd position of the array (index->2,
value->5)
   int Index position = 2;
 int newValue = 5:
                System.out.println("Original
                                                     Arrav
"+Arrays.toString(my array));
```

```
for(int i=my array.length-1; i > Index position; i--){
  my array[i] = my array[i-1];
 my array[Index position] = newValue;
  System.out.println("New Array: "+Arrays.toString(my array));
public class Exercise7 {
public static void main(String[] args) {
 int[] my array = {25, 14, 56, 15, 36, 56, 77, 18, 29, 49};
                   System.out.println("Original
                                                      Array
"+Arrays.toString(my array));
 // Remove the second element (index->1, value->14) of the array
 int removeIndex = 1:
 for(int i = removeIndex; i < my array.length -1; i++){
     my array[i] = my array[i + \overline{1}];
// We cannot alter the size of an array , after the removal, the last
and second last element in the array will exist twice
      System.out.println("After removing the second element:
"+Arrays.toString(my array));
}
public class Exercise2 {
public static void main(String[] args) {
int my array[] = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10\};
int sum = 0:
for (int i : my array)
  sum += i:
System.out.println("The sum is " + sum);
public class Exercise1 {
public static void main(String[] args){
  int[] my array1 = {
       1789, 2035, 1899, 1456, 2013,
```

```
1458, 2458, 1254, 1472, 2365,
                                                                                int[] result = new int[numbersWithDuplicates.length];
                                                                                int previous = numbersWithDuplicates[0];
       1456, 2165, 1457, 2456};
  String[] my array2 = \{
                                                                                result[0] = previous;
       "Java",
       "Python",
                                                                                for (int i = 1; i < numbersWithDuplicates.length; <math>i++) {
       "PHP",
                                                                                  int ch = numbersWithDuplicates[i];
       "C#".
       "C Programming",
                                                                                  if (previous != ch) {
       "C++"
                                                                                     result[i] = ch;
              System.out.println("Original
                                                                                  previous = ch;
                                             numeric
                                                         array
"+Arrays.toString(my array1));
  Arrays.sort(my array1);
                                                                                return result;
              System.out.println("Sorted
                                             numeric
                                                         array
                                                                  :
"+Arrays.toString(my array1));
               System.out.println("Original
                                               string
                                                         array
                                                                  :
"+Arrays.toString(my array2));
  Arrays.sort(my array2);
                                                                           public class JavaProgram
                System.out.println("Sorted
                                               string
                                                         array
"+Arrays.toString(my array2));
                                                                             public static void main(String args[])
                                                                               int row, col, i, j;
                                                                               int arr[][] = new int[10][10];
public class TechnicalInterviewTest {
                                                                               Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);
  public static void main(String args[]) {
                                                                                System.out.print("Enter Number of Row for Array (max 10):
                                                                           ");
    int[][] test = new int[][]{
       \{1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 4, 5\},\
                                                                               row = scan.nextInt();
       {1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1},
                                                                                 System.out.print("Enter Number of Column for Array (max
       \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\},\
                                                                           10):");
       {1, 2, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1},};
                                                                               col = scan.nextInt();
    for (int[] input : test) {
            System.out.println("Array with Duplicates
                                                                               System.out.print("Enter " +(row*col)+ " Array Elements : ");
Arrays.toString(input));
                                                                               for(i=0; i < row; i++)
           System.out.println("After removing duplicates
Arrays.toString(removeDuplicates(input)));
                                                                                  for(j=0; j<col; j++)
                                                                                    arr[i][j] = scan.nextInt();
                    public static int[] removeDuplicates(int[]
numbersWithDuplicates) {
                                                                               System.out.print("The Array is :\n");
    // Sorting array to bring duplicates together
                                                                               for(i=0; i < row; i++)
    Arrays.sort(numbersWithDuplicates);
                                                                                  for(j=0; j<col; j++)
```

```
System.out.print(arr[i][j]+ " ");
       System.out.println();
public class JavaProgram
 public static void main(String args[])
    int size, i, j, temp;
    int arr[] = new int[50];
    Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.print("Enter Array Size: ");
    size = scan.nextInt();
    System.out.print("Enter Array Elements : ");
    for(i=0; i < size; i++)
       arr[i] = scan.nextInt();
    j = i - 1; // now j will point to the last element
               // and i will point to the first element
    i = 0:
    while(i<i)
       temp = arr[i];
       arr[i] = arr[j];
       arr[j] = temp;
      i++;
      j--;
    System.out.print("Now the Reverse of Array is : \n");
    for(i=0; i < size; i++)
       System.out.print(arr[i]+ " ");
```

public class JavaProgram

```
public static void main(String args[])
  int size1, size2, size, i, j, k;
  int arr1[] = new int[50];
  int arr2[] = new int[50];
  int merge[] = new int[100];
  Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);
  System.out.print("Enter Array 1 Size : ");
  size1 = scan.nextInt();
  System.out.print("Enter Array 1 Elements : ");
  for(i=0; i < size1; i++)
     arr1[i] = scan.nextInt();
  System.out.print("Enter Array 2 Size : ");
  size2 = scan.nextInt();
  System.out.print("Enter Array 2 Elements: ");
  for(i=0; i < size2; i++)
     arr2[i] = scan.nextInt();
  System.out.print("Merging the Arrays...\n");
  for(i=0; i < size1; i++)
     merge[i] = arr1[i];
  size = size1 + size2;
  for(i=0, k=size1; k<size && i<size2; i++, k++)
     merge[k] = arr2[i];
  System.out.print("Now the New Array after Merging is :\n");
  for(i=0; i < size; i++)
     System.out.print(merge[i] + " ");
```

What will be the output of the following program? public class College {

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
     Student[] student = new Student[2];
    student[0] = new Student();
                                                                         Where will be the most chance of the garbage collector
    student[0].name = "Khan";
                                                                         being invoked?
    student[0] = new Student();
    student[0].name = "Kittu";
                                                                         class Bar { }
    student[1] = new Student();
                                                                         class Test
    student[1].name = "Munna";
    for (Student element : student) {
                                                                           Bar doBar()
       System.out.print(element.name + " ~ ");
                                                                              Bar b = new Bar(); /* Line 6 */
                                                                              return b; /* Line 7 */
class Student {
                                                                           public static void main (String args[])
  String name:
                                                                              Test t = new Test(); /* Line 11 */
                                                                              Bar newBar = t.doBar(); /* Line 12 */
         Chapter 12: Garbage Collection
                                                                              System.out.println("newBar");
                                                                              newBar = new Bar(); /* Line 14 */
void start() {
                                                                              System.out.println("finishing"); /* Line 15 */
  A = new A():
  Bb = new B();
  a.s(b):
                                                                         At what point is the Bar object, created on line 6, eligible
  b = null; /* Line 5 */
                                                                         for garbage collection?
  a = null: /* Line 6 */
  System.out.println("start completed"); /* Line 7 */
                                                                         public class Test
When is the B object, created in line 3, eligible for garbage
                                                                           public static void main(String[] args) throws
collection?
                                                                         InterruptedException
class HappyGarbage01
                                                                              Test t = new Test();
                                                                              // making t eligible for garbage collection
  public static void main(String args[])
                                                                              t = null:
                                                                              // calling garbage collector
    HappyGarbage01 h = new HappyGarbage01();
                                                                              System.gc();
    h.methodA(); /* Line 6 */
                                                                              // waiting for gc to complete
                                                                              Thread.sleep(1000):
  Object methodA()
                                                                              System.out.println("end main");
    Object obj1 = new Object();
                                                                            @Override
    Object [] obj2 = new Object[1];
                                                                           protected void finalize()
    obj2[0] = obj1;
    obi1 = null:
                                                                              System.out.println("finalize method called");
    return obj2[0];
```

```
System.out.println(10/0);
                                                                                  m1(); // Line 5
                                                                                static void m1()
public class Test
                                                                                  Test t1 = new Test():
                                                                                  Test t2 = new Test();
  static Test t;
  static int count =0;
  public static void main(String[] args) throws
                                                                             How many objects are eligible for garbage collection after
InterruptedException
                                                                             execution of line 5?
     Test t1 = new Test();
                                                                             public class Test
     // making t1 eligible for garbage collection
     t1 = null; // line 12
                                                                                public static void main(String [] args)
     // calling garbage collector
     System.gc(); // line 15
                                                                                  Test t1 = new Test();
     // waiting for gc to complete
                                                                                  Test t2 = m1(t1): // line 6
    Thread.sleep(1000);
                                                                                  Test t3 = new Test():
     // making t eligible for garbage collection,
                                                                                  t2 = t3; // line 8
     t = null; // line 21
     // calling garbage collector
     System.gc(); // line 24
                                                                                static Test m1(Test temp)
    // waiting for gc to complete
                                                                                  temp = new Test();
    Thread.sleep(1000);
                                                                                  return temp;
     System.out.println("finalize method called "+count+"
times");
                                                                             How many objects are eligible for garbage collection after
  @Override
                                                                             execution of line 8?
  protected void finalize()
                                                                             class X2
     count++;
     t = this; // line 38
                                                                                public X2 x:
                                                                                public static void main(String [] args)
                                                                                  X2 x2 = \text{new } X2(): /* Line 6 */
public class Test
                                                                                  X2 x3 = \text{new } X2(); /* \text{Line } 7 */
                                                                                  x2.x = x3:
  public static void main(String[] args)
                                                                                  x3.x = x2:
                                                                                  x2 = \text{new } X2();
    // How many objects are eligible for
                                                                                  x3 = x2; /* Line 11 */
     // garbage collection after this line?
                                                                                  doComplexStuff();
```

```
after line 11 runs, how many objects are eligible for
garbage collection?
public Object m()
  Object o = new Float(3.14F);
  Object[] oa = new Object[l];
  oa[0] = o; /* Line 5 */
  o = null; /* Line 6 */
  oa[0] = null; /* Line 7 */
  return o; /* Line 8 */
When is the Float object, created in line 3, eligible for
garbage collection?
public class X
  public static void main(String [] args)
    X x = new X();
    X x2 = m1(x): /* Line 6 */
    X x4 = new X();
    x2 = x4: /* Line 8 */
     doComplexStuff();
  static X m1(X mx)
    mx = new X();
    return mx;
After line 8 runs. how many objects are eligible for garbage
collection?
class Test
  private Demo d;
  void start()
     d = new Demo();
     this.takeDemo(d); /* Line 7 */
```

```
} /* Line 8 */
void takeDemo(Demo demo)
{
   demo = null;
   demo = new Demo();
}
}
When is the Demo object eligible for garbage collection?
```

References:

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