

#1. Write a program to demonstrate basic datatype in python:

```
a=10
b="Python"
c = 10.5
d=2.14j
e=True
print("Data type of Variable a :",type(a))
print("Data type of Variable b :",type(b))
print("Data type of Variable c :",type(c))
print("Data type of Variable d :",type(d))
print("Data type of Variable e :",type(e))
```

2. Create a list and perform the following methods.

#a) insert() b) remove() c) append() d) pop() e) clear()

```
a=[1,3,5,6,7,4,"hello"]
print(a)
#insert()
a.insert(3,20)
print(a)
#remove()
a.remove(7)
print(a)
#append()
a.append("hi")
print(a)
c=len(a)
print(c)
#pop()
a.pop()
print(a)
a.pop(6)
print(a)
# clear()
a.clear()
print(a)
```

3. Create a tuple and perform the following methods.

a) Add items b) len() c) Check for item in tuple d) Access items

#creating a tuple

```
rainbow=("v","i","b","g","y","o","r")
print(rainbow)
colour=("violet","blue","green","yellow","orange","red")
print(colour)
```

Add items in tuples

```
rainbow_colour=rainbow+colour
print(rainbow_colour)
```

#length of the tuple

```
c=len(rainbow_colour)
print(c)
```

#Access items in tuple

```
print("rainbow[2]:",rainbow[2])
print("rainbow[1:3]",rainbow[1:3])
print("rainbow[0:4]",rainbow[0:4])
```

#4. Create a dictionary and apply the following methods.

#1. Print the dictionary items 2. Access items 3. Use get() 4. Change Values 5. Use len()

creating a dictionary

```
college={'name': "QIS", 'code': "INDIA",'pincode': 560050 }
print(college)
```

#adding items to dictionary

```
college["location"] = "IBP"
print(college)
```

#changing values of a key

```
college["location"] = "vijayawada"
print(college)
```

```

#know the length using len()

print("length of college is:",len(college))

#Access items

print("college['name']:",college['name'])

# use get ()

x=college.get('pincode')
print(x)

#to copy the same dictionary use copy()

mycollege= college.copy()
print(mycollege)

```

#5. Write a program to create a menu with the following options

#1. TO PERFORM ADDITION 2. TO PERFORM SUBTRACTION 3. TO PERFORM MULTIPLICATION 4. TO PERFORM DIVISION Accepts users input and perform the operation accordingly. Use functions with arguments.

```

def add(n1,n2):
    return n1+n2
def sub(n1,n2):
    return n1-n2
def mul(n1,n2):
    return n1*n2
def div(n1,n2):
    return n1/n2
print("Welcome to the Arithmetic Program")
choice =1
while(choice!=0):
    x = int(input(" Enter the first number\n"))
    y = int(input(" Enter the second number\n"))
    print("1. TO PERFORM ADDITION")
    print("2. TO PERFORM SUBTRACTION")
    print("3. TO PERFORM MULTIPLICATION")
    print("4. TO PERFORM DIVISION")
    print("0. To Exit")
    choice = int(input("Enter your choice"))
    if choice == 1:
        print(x, "+" ,y , "=" ,add(x,y))

```

```

elif choice == 2:
    print(x, "-", y, "=", sub(x,y))
elif choice == 3:
    print(x, "*" ,y , "=" ,mul(x,y))
elif choice == 4:
    print(x, "%" ,y , "=" ,div(x,y))
elif choice ==0:
    print("Exit")
else:
    print("Invalid Choice");

```

#6. Write a Program to print a number is Positive / Negative using if-else

```

print("Program to print a number is Positive / Negative")
choice =1
while(choice!=0):
    number=int(input("Enter a Number"))
    if number >=0:
        print("The Number",number,"is Positive")
    else:
        print("The Number",number, "is negative")
    choice=int(input("Do you wish to continue 1/0"))

```

7. Write a program for filter() to filter only even numbers from a given file.

```

def even(x):
    return x % 2 == 0
a=[1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,15]
result = filter(even,a)
print("Original List:",a)
print("Filtered List:",list(result))

```

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#8. Write a python program to print date, time for today and now

```
import datetime

a=datetime.datetime.today()

b=datetime.datetime.now()
print(a)
print(b)
```

#9. Write a program to add some days to your present date and print the date added.

```
from datetime import datetime
from datetime import timedelta
from datetime import date
Begindatestring = date.today()
print("Beginning date")
print(Begindatestring)
Enddate= Begindatestring + timedelta(days=10)
print("Ending date")
print(Enddate)
```

#10. Write a program to count frequency of characters in a given file.

#(Note: File name in this program is sample.txt replace it with the actual text file name)

#save a file of notepad

```
def frequency_letter(fileName , letter):
    file=open(fileName,'r')
    text=file.read()
    return text.count(letter)
print("Frequency of the character e is: ")
print(frequency_letter('sample.txt','e'))
```

#11. Using a numpy module create an array and check the following

#1.Type of array 2.Axis of the array 3. Shape of array 4.Type of element in array

```
import numpy as np
arr=np.array([[1,2,3],[4,2,5]])
print("Array is of type:",type(arr))
print("Number of dimensions:",arr.ndim)
print("shape of array:",arr.shape)
print("Size of array:",arr.size)
print("Array stores elements of type:",arr.dtype)
```

#12. Write a python program to concatenate the dataframes with two different objects.

```
import pandas as pd
df1=pd.DataFrame({'id':['A01','A02','A03','A04'],'Name':['SREE','NAGGI','KOWSHI',
'SATHWIKA']})
print("Data Frame 1: ")
print(df1)
df2=pd.DataFrame({'id':['B04','B05','B06','B07'],'Name':['SADHANA','SAHANA',
'DISHA','VRINDA']})
print("Data Frame 2: ")
print(df2)
frames=[df1,df2]
result=pd.concat(frames)
print("Concatenated Data Frame")
print(result)
```

#13. Write a python code to read a csv file using panda module & print the first and last. (Note: The csv file name in the program is 14.csv)

```
import pandas as pd
df=pd.read_csv("14.csv")
print("First 5 Rows")
print(df.head(5))
print("\n Last 5 Rows:")
print(df.tail(5))
```

#14. Write a python program which accepts the radius of a circle from user and computes the area (use math module)

```
import math as M
radius = float (input("Enter the radius: "))
area_of_circle= M.pi*radius*radius
circumference_of_circle= 2*M.pi*radius
print("The area of circle is :", area_of_circle)
print("The circumference of circle is :",circumference_of_circle)
```

