



**Visualization Tool for Electric Vehicle Charge and
Range Analysis**
Project Based Experiential Learning Program

Visualization tool for electric vehicle charge and range analysis

1.Introduction

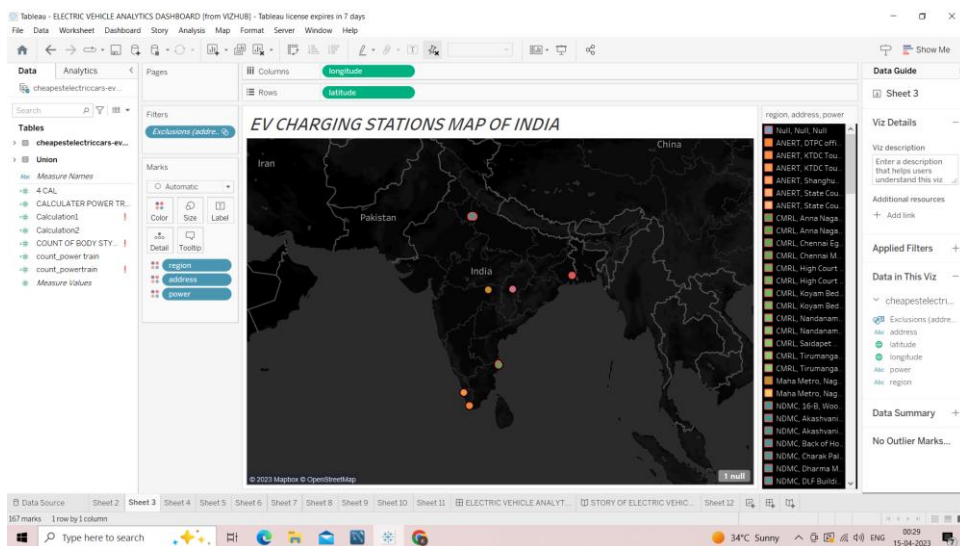
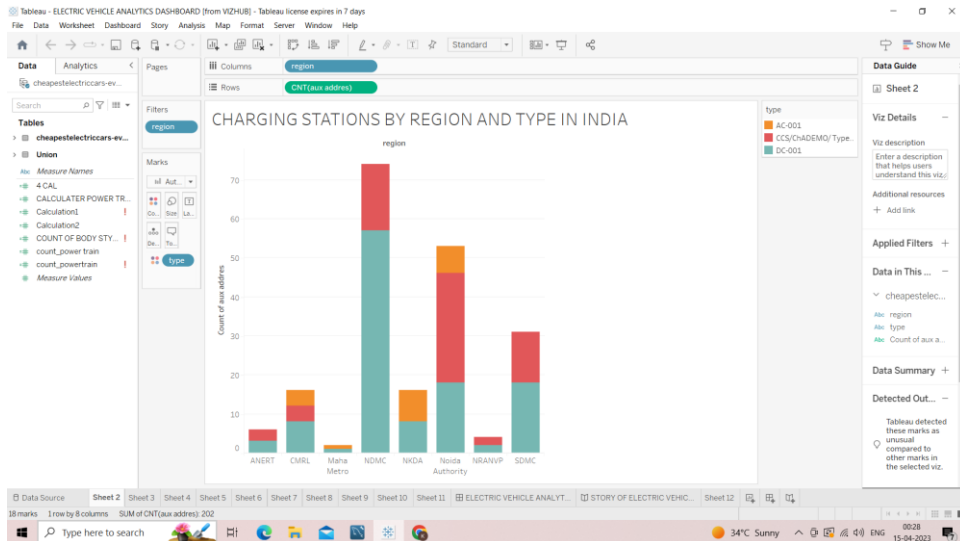
1.1overview

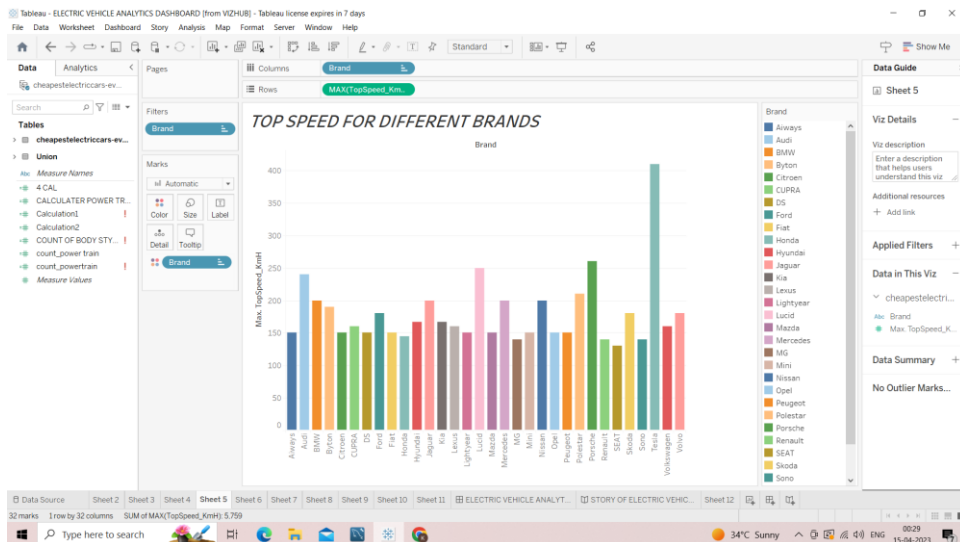
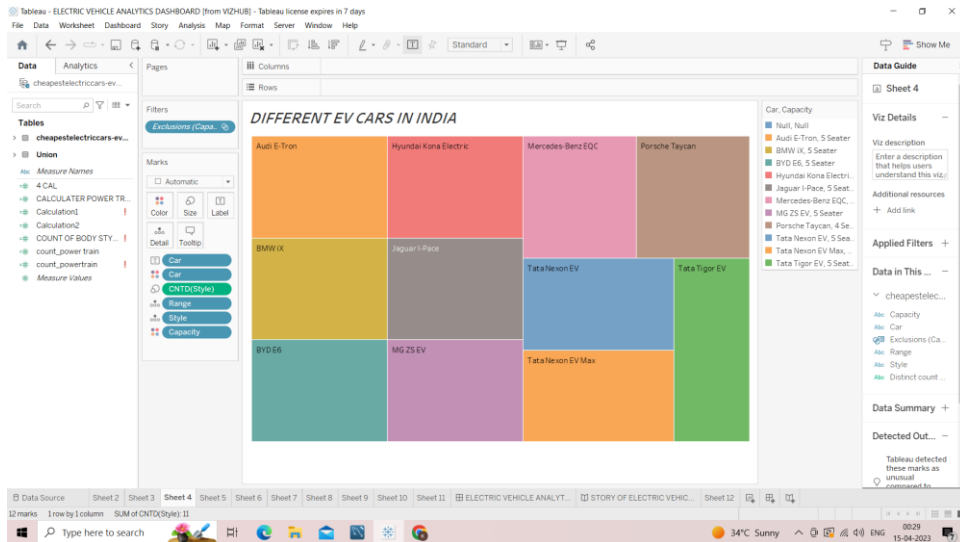
India is a country with the third largest road network in the world. Electrification of passenger vehicles is ever more certain following the launch of many more EV offerings from vehicle manufacturers, legislation to curb Internal Combustion Engine (ICE) powered vehicles and municipal concerns over air quality. Policy makers, technologists, energy regulators, vehicle and EV infrastructure industries are increasingly concerning themselves with enhancing enablers and removing barriers to EV adoption. This recognition and call to action is playing out to differing degrees worldwide and, by being proactive, the UK has the potential to build on its position as the third largest vehicle producer in Europe and expand its vehicles offering and supporting arrangements.

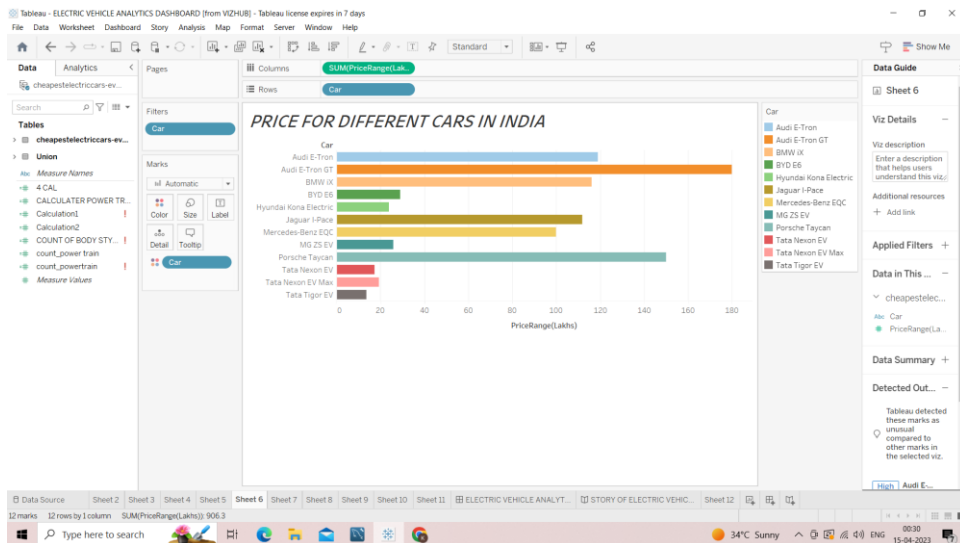
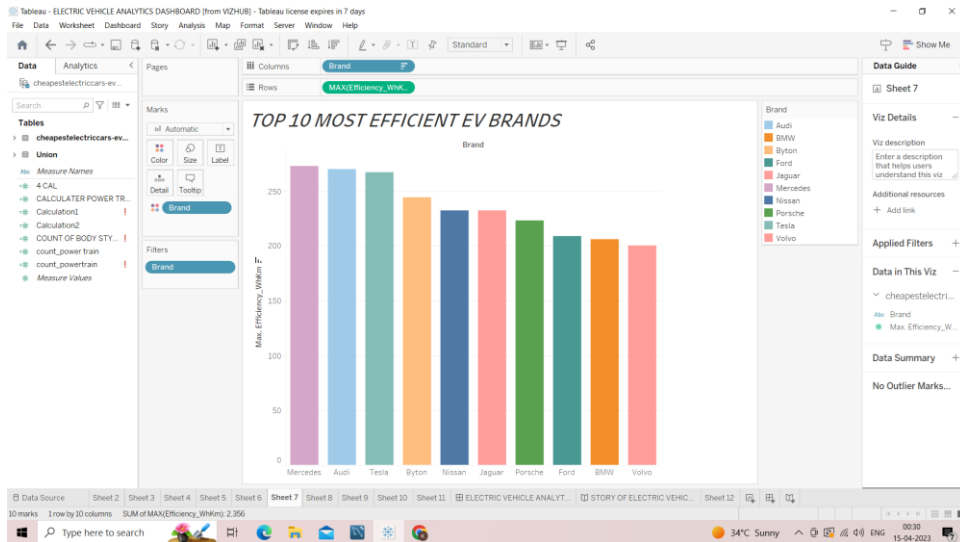
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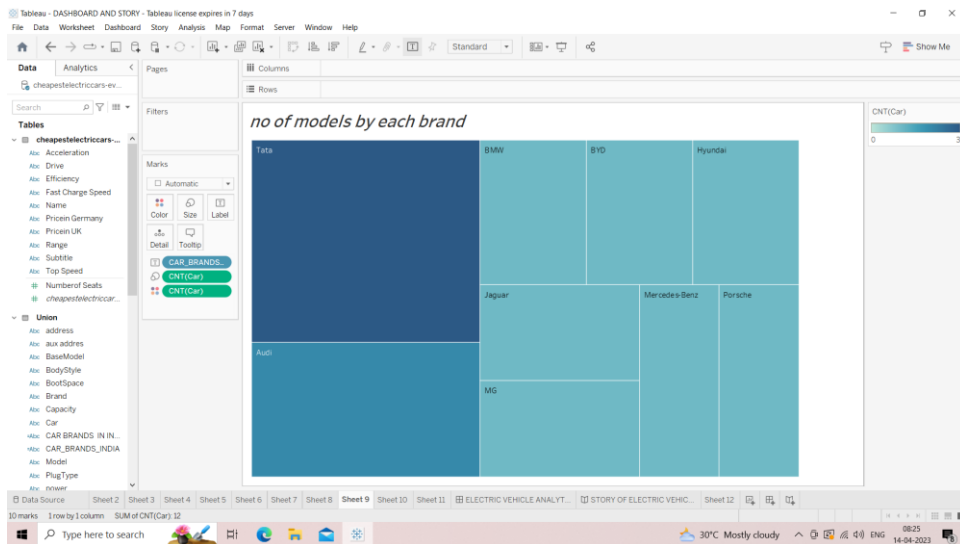
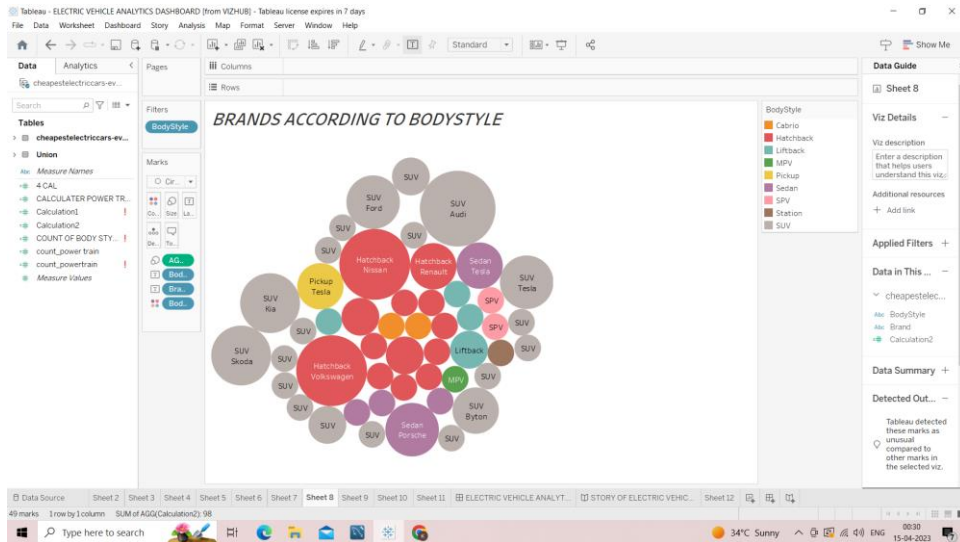
Against this background, in January 2018, a cross Catapult working group drawn from Future Cities, Transport Systems, High Value Manufacturing and Energy Systems Catapult consulted with a broad range of stakeholders that were affected directly by, or could seize opportunities presented by, the mass adoption of EVs.

3.1 Dashboard results

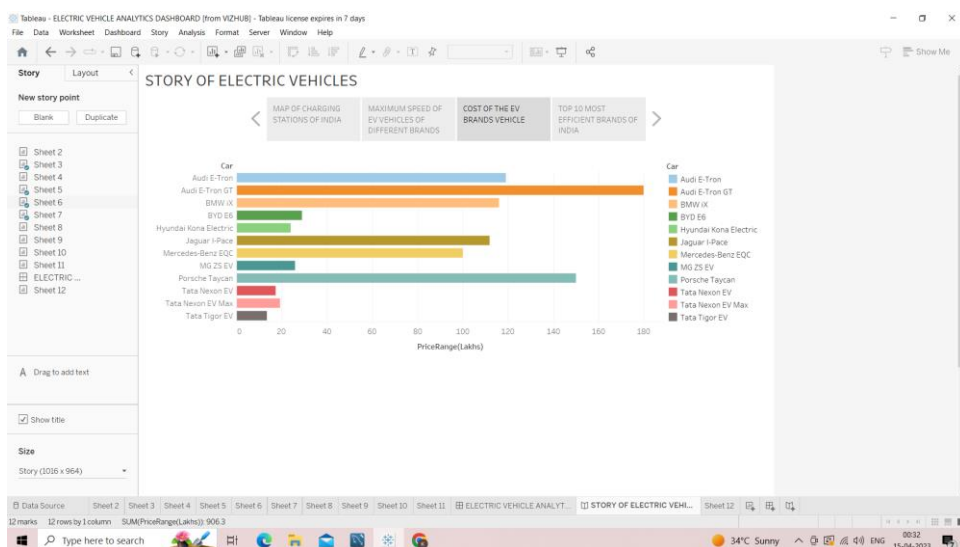
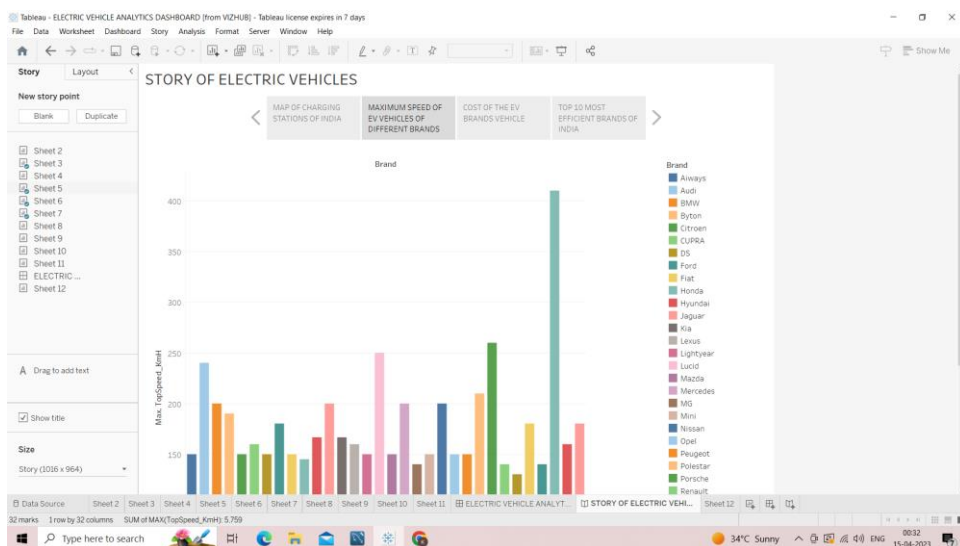
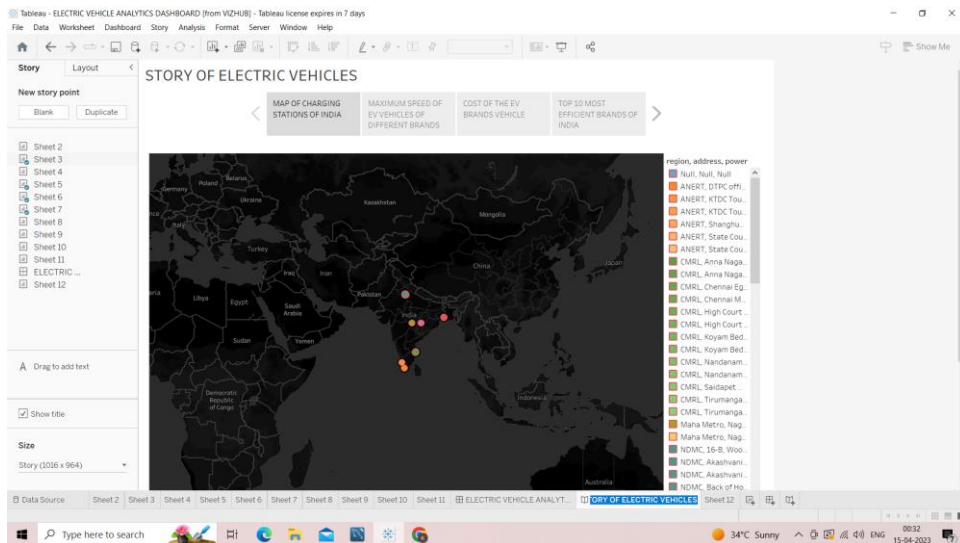


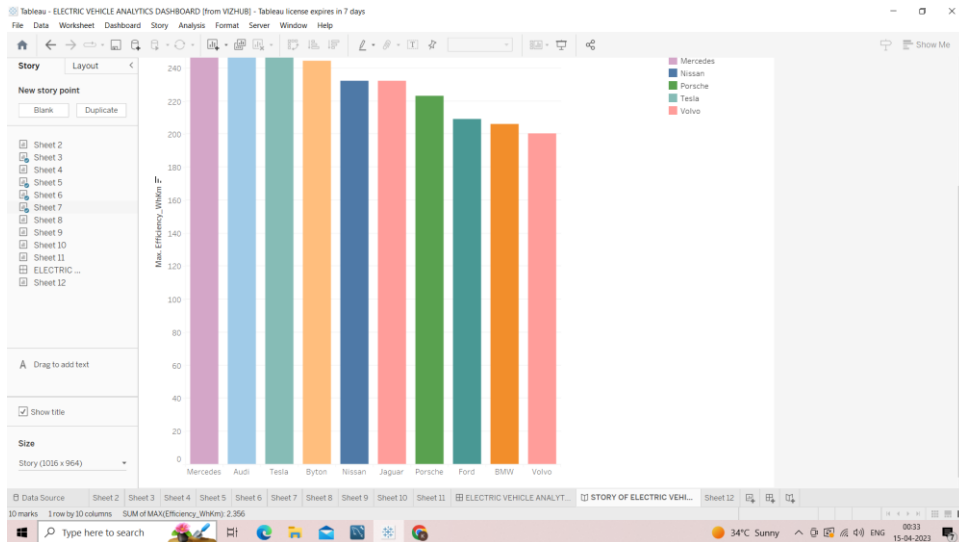






3.2 Story of electric vehicles





4. Advantages and disadvantages

4.1 Advantages of electric vehicle

Eco-friendly: Because electric vehicles do not utilize fuel for combustion, there are no emissions or gas exhaust. Vehicles that run on fossil fuels contribute significantly to hazardous gas accumulation in the environment, thus driving an electric car can help contribute to a cleaner environment.

Renewable energy source: Electric vehicles run on renewable power, whereas conventional automobiles function on the combustion of fossil fuels, which reduces the world's fossil-fuel stocks.

Less noise and smoother motion: Driving an electric car is significantly smoother. Because they lack fast-moving elements, they are quieter and produce less noise.

Cost-effective: Electricity is far less expensive than fuels such as gasoline and diesel, which are subject to regular price increases. When solar electricity is utilized at home, battery recharging is cost-effective.

Low maintenance: Because electric cars have fewer moving components, wear and tear is reduced when compared to traditional auto parts. Repairs are also simpler and less expensive than combustion engines.

Government support: Governments throughout the world have granted tax breaks to encourage people to drive electric vehicles as part of a green program

4.2 Disadvantages of Electric Vehicles

High initial cost: Electric vehicles continue to be quite expensive, and many buyers believe they are not as inexpensive as traditional automobiles.

Charging station limitations: People who need to travel long distances are concerned about finding adequate charging stations in the middle of their journey, which are not always accessible.

Recharging takes time: Unlike conventional automobiles, which require only a few minutes to replenish their gas tanks, charging an electric vehicle takes many hours.

Limited options: Currently, there aren't many electric car models to pick from in terms of appearance, style, or customized variations.

Less driving range: When compared to conventional automobiles, electric vehicles have a shorter driving range. Electric cars can be convenient for short-distance travel but are inconvenient for long-distance travel.

Applications

With so much data being acquired through data analysis in today's corporate environment, we need a means to visualise that data so we can understand it.

By placing data in a visual context, such as maps or graphs, data visualisation helps us understand what it means. This makes the data more natural to understand for the human mind, making it simpler to see trends, patterns, and outliers in huge data sets.

It provides insights on one or more pages or screens to assist you keep track of events or activities at a glance. Unlike an infographic, which displays a static graphical representation, a dashboard displays real-time data by extracting complicated data points from massive data sets.

By visualization of electric vehicles, the peoples are come to know about the entire details of electric vehicles for example visualization of top speed for different brands gave a perfect result which gives top speed in different brands in this the customers or the people who want to buy a electric car will get a true information.

5. Conclusion

Electric vehicles are made for the future and will be a big innovation. They are good for the environment, and they do not emit any greenhouse gases.

There are, however, many challenges associated with electric vehicles. They have a limited range. Charging the vehicle takes time and can be a hassle sometimes. The availability of charging stations is also a big issue. Incompatibility of charging stations can also be a problem. Despite many challenges and issues, switching to electric vehicles is good for the environment and is more economically viable in the long term. Many have predicted that, by 2040, most of the vehicles will be electric. Rising fossil fuel costs and high maintenance costs of petrol and diesel vehicles coupled with environmental concerns are the main reasons. Many developed countries have given incentives for purchasing electric vehicles. Automobile manufacturers are already manufacturing some impressive electric vehicles.

6.Future scope

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