# FINAL EXAM PLATFORM BASED PROGRAMMING INFORMATICS ENGINEERING NUSA PUTRA UNIVERSITY 2024/2025

# **Online Shop API - Report**



# Prepared By:

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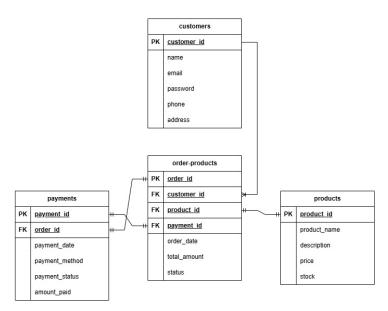
## 1. Introduction

The Online Shop API project aims to build a backend system for an e-commerce platform. The system supports basic operations such as managing products, orders, and users through RESTful endpoints. This project demonstrates the use of Node.js and Express.js to create a scalable and efficient API that can handle requests and provide responses in JSON format.

## **Database Design**

ERD (Entity Relationship Diagram)

**ERD - ONLINE SHOP API** 



#### Table Relationship Explanation

- 1. customers order-products (One to Many) One customer can create multiple orders, Each order is connected to one customer via customer\_id, Allows tracking of customer purchase history.
- order-products products (One-to-One)
   Each order has one specific product,
   Connected through product\_id,
   Enables tracking of product details in the order.
- 3. order-products payments (One-to-One) Each order has one payment Connected through payment\_id and order\_id, Enables tracking of payment status for each order

Key Characteristics: Foreign Key (FK) connects between tables Primary Key (PK) is unique for each entity

Example flow:
Customer → Create Order → Choose Product → Make Payment

# 2. Requirements

## a. Project Objectives:

- Develop 20 RESTful endpoints for the API.
- Perform CRUD operations (Create, Read, Update, Delete) on products, orders, and users.
- Test the API using Postman.

# b. Tools and Technologies:

- Node.js
- Express.js
- Postman
- doteny (for environment variables)
- MySQL DB

# 3. Implementation

# 3.1. Project Setup

The project was initialized by creating a Node.js application and installing the required packages:

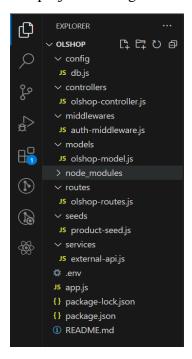
# **Commands:**

npm init -y

npm install express dotenv cors

## 3.2. Folder Structure

The project was organized as follows:



## 3.3. Main Code Files

app.js

The main application file handles the server setup and routing:

```
const axios = require('axios')
const FAKE_STORE_API = 'https://fakestoreapi.com'
const externalAPI = {
    getExternalProducts: async () => {
           const response = await axios.get(`${FAKE_STORE_API}/products`)
           return response.data.map(product => ({
               product_name: product.title,
               description: product.description.substring(0, 100),
               price: Math.round(product.price * 15000), // Convert USD to IDR
               stock: 50 // Default stock
    getProductsByCategory: async (category) => {
       try {
           const response = await axios.get(`${FAKE_STORE_API}/products/category/${category}`)
           return response.data.map(product => ({
               product_name: product.title,
               description: product.description.substring(0, 100),
               price: Math.round(product.price * 15000),
       } catch (error) {
           throw new Error('Failed to fetch products by category')
    getCategories: async () => {
           const response = await axios.get(`${FAKE_STORE_API}/products/categories`)
           return response.data
       } catch (error) {
           throw new Error('Failed to fetch categories')
```

Then it will show the localhost

```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS GITLENS COMMENTS

PS C:\Users\Meutya Syahra\Documents\coding NPU\semester 3\pbp\olshop> node app Server running at http://localhost:3000/api
```

## olshop-routes.js

# Defines the API endpoints:

```
const express = require('express')
const router = express.Router()
const olshopController = require('../controllers/olshop-controller')
const authNiddleware = require('../middlewares/auth-middleware')

// Public endpoints
router.post('/register', olshopController.register)
router.post('/register', olshopController.login)

// Product endpoints (public)
router.get('/products/ search', olshopController.searchProducts)
router.get('/routcts/ sid', olshopController.getAllProducts)
router.get('/routcts/ sid', olshopController.getProductById)

// Customer profile endpoints (protected)
router.get('/rorfile', authNiddleware, olshopController.updateProfile)
router.get('/rorders', authNiddleware, olshopController.getCustomerOrders)
router.get('/orders', authNiddleware, olshopController.getCustomerOrders)
router.get('/orders', authNiddleware, olshopController.getCustomerOrders)
router.get('/orders', authNiddleware, olshopController.getCustomerOrders)
router.get('/orders', id', authNiddleware, olshopController.getCustomerOrder)

// Payment endpoints (protected)
router.post('/orders', id', authNiddleware, olshopController.getPayment)
router.post('/payments', authNiddleware, olshopController.getPayment)
router.post('/payments', authNiddleware, olshopController.getPaymentDetails)

// Admin endpoints (protected)
router.post('/admin/products/:id', authMiddleware, olshopController.getPaymentDetails)

// Admin endpoints (protected)
router.put('/admin/products/:id', authMiddleware, olshopController.getPaymentDetails)
router.get('/admin/products/:id', authMiddleware, olshopController.getAllCustomers)
router.get('/adm
```

# olshop-controller.js

Implements the logic for each endpoint:

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for more complete code please open the following github link:

https://github.com/mutiasyahra/olshop.git

# olshop-model.js

Defining the data structure and interacting with the database:

```
const db = require('../config/db')
const bcrypt = require('bcrypt')
const jwt = require('jsonwebtoken')
const seternalAPI = require('../services/external-api')
const SECRET_KEY = 'olshop-secret-2024'

const olshopModel = {
    // Customer operations
    registerCustomer: async (data) => {
    const {name, email, password, phone, address} = data
    const salt = 10
    const hash = await bcrypt.hash(password, salt)
const [result] = await db.query(
    'INSERT INTO customers (name, email, password, phone, address) VALUES (?, ?, ?, ?)',
    [name, email, hash, phone, address]
)
return {id: result.insertId, email}
}
```

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for more complete code please open the following github link:

https://github.com/mutiasyahra/olshop.git

# auth-middleware.js

Handling authentication and authorization in the application:

```
const jwt = require('jsonwebtoken')
const SECRET_KEY = 'olshop-secret-2024'

const authMiddleware = (req, res, next) => {
    const token = req.header("Authorization")
    if (!token) {
        return res.status(401).json({ message: "Access Denied" })
    }

jwt.verify(token, SECRET_KEY, (err, user) => {
        if (err) {
            return res.status(401).json({ message: "Invalid Token" })
        }

        req.user = user
        next()
}

module.exports = authMiddleware
```

# db.js

Setting up and managing the database connection:

```
require('dotenv').config()
const mysql = require('mysql2')

const pool = mysql.createPool({
    host: process.env.HOST,
    user: process.env.USER,
    password: process.env.PASS,
    database: process.env.DB_NAME
}
})

const poolPromise = pool.promise()
module.exports = poolPromise
```

# product-seed.js

Populating the database with initial or test data for products:

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for more complete code please open the following github link:

https://github.com/mutiasyahra/olshop.git

# external-api.js

Handling interactions with third-party APIs:

```
const axios = require('axios')
const FAKE_STORE_API = 'https://fakestoreapi.com'
   getExternalProducts: async () => {
           const response = await axios.get(`${FAKE_STORE_API}/products`)
           return response.data.map(product => ({
               product_name: product.title,
               description: product.description.substring(0, 100),
               price: Math.round(product.price * 15000), // Convert USD to IDR
   getProductsByCategory: async (category) => {
           const response = await axios.get(`${FAKE_STORE_API}/products/category/${category}`)
           return response.data.map(product => ({
               product_name: product.title,
               description: product.description.substring(0, 100),
               price: Math.round(product.price * 15000),
       } catch (error) {
    getCategories: async () => {
           const response = await axios.get(`${FAKE_STORE_API}/products/categories`)
           return response.data
           throw new Error('Failed to fetch categories')
```

# 4. Testing

The API was tested using Postman to ensure all endpoints work as expected.

#### 4.1. Public EndPoints

## • POST /api/register

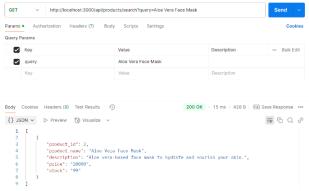
This endpoint serves to register new users to the system, by receiving data such as name, email, password, phone, and address.

# POST /api/login

This endpoint serves to authenticate users and generate access tokens to access protected endpoints.

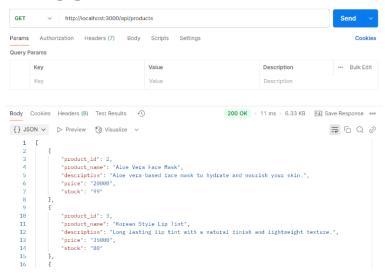
# 4.2. Product EndPoint

# • GET /api/products/search



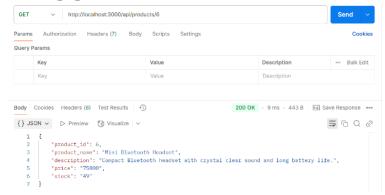
This endpoint serves to search for products based on certain keywords.

# • GET /api/products



This endpoint serves to get a list of all available products.

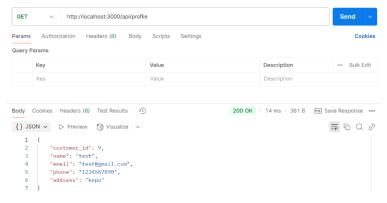
# • GET /api/products/:id



This endpoint is used to get full details of a specific product and the id parameter specifies the product you want to view. (id products in database olshop\_db, table products)

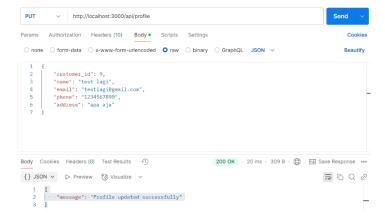
## 4.3. Customer Profile EndPoint

# GET /api/profile



This endpoint serves to view the profile data of the user who is currently logged in by displaying the user's personal information.

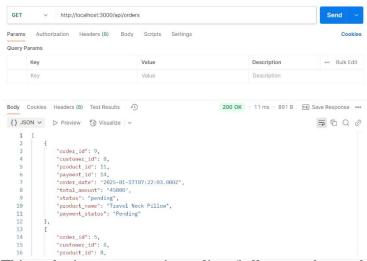
# • PUT /api/profile



This endpoint serves to modify/update user profile data, allowing users to update their personal information.

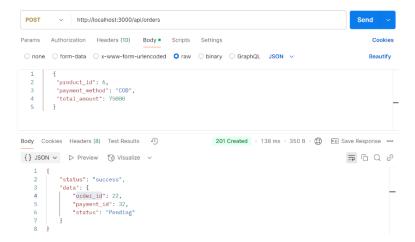
## 4.4. Order EndPoint

# • GET /api/orders



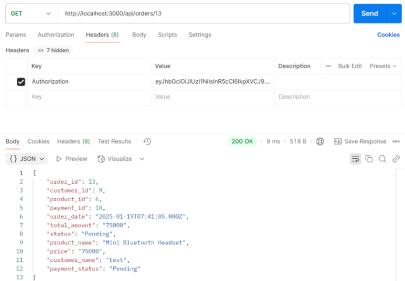
This endpoint serves to view a list of all user orders and display purchase history.

# POST /api/orders



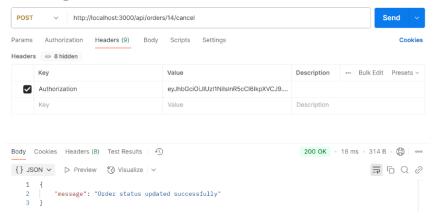
This endpoint is used to create new orders and receive data on products to be purchased.

# GET /api/orders/:id



This endpoint serves to view the details of one specific order and display complete information about a particular order. (parameter id from order\_id)

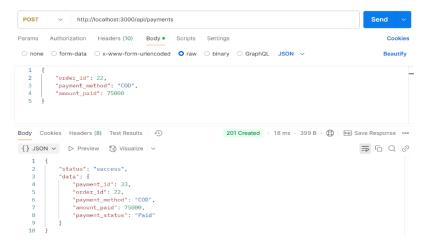
# POST /api/orders/:id/cancel



This endpoint serves to cancel an order that has been created and change the status of the order to canceled. (parameter id from order\_id)

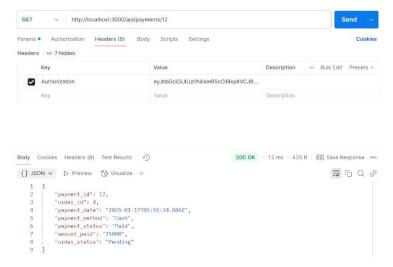
# 4.5. Payment EndPiont

• POST /api/payments



This endpoint is used to create new payments and process payment transactions for orders.

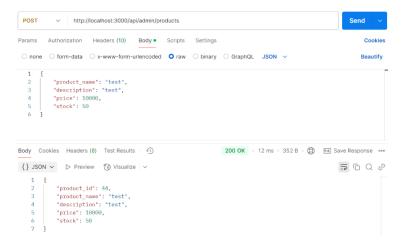
# • GET /api/payments/:id



This endpoint serves to view the details of a specific payment and display the payment status. (using the id parameter from payment\_id)

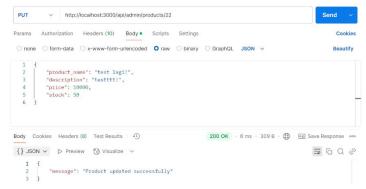
#### 4.6. Administration EndPoint

# POST /api/admin/products



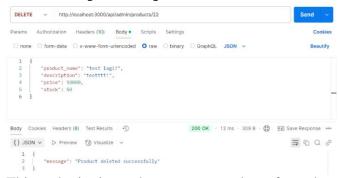
This endpoint is used to add new products to the system. (admin only for product management)

## • PUT /api/admin/products/:id



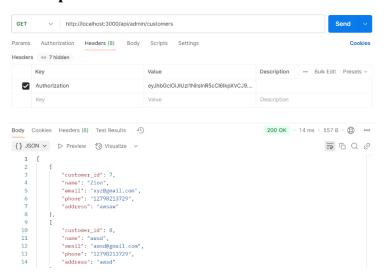
This endpoint serves to change/update product information and allows admins to edit product details.

## • DELETE /api/admin/products/:id



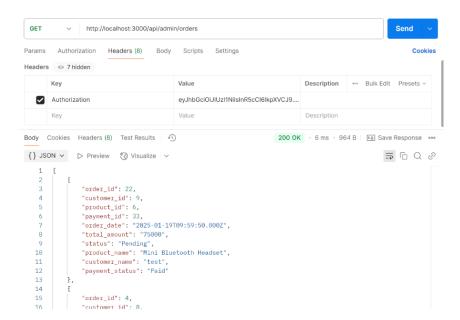
This endpoint is used to remove products from the system.

## • GET /api/admin/customers



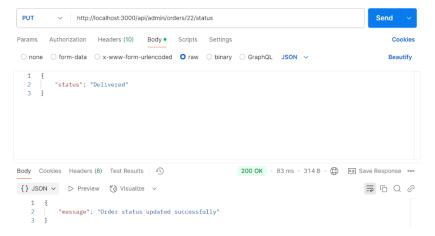
This endpoint serves to view a list of all customers, so that the admin can manage customer data.

# • GET /api/admin/orders



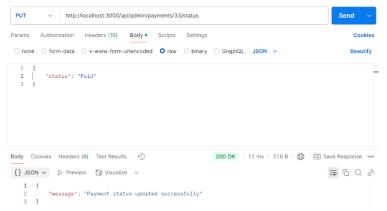
This endpoint serves to view all orders in the system, so that the admin can monitor customer orders.

# • PUT /api/admin/orders/:id/status



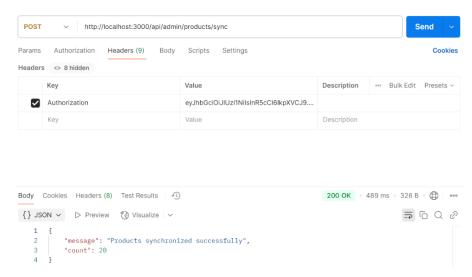
This endpoint is used to change the status of the order, and allows the admin to update the progress of the order.

# • PUT /api/admin/payments/:id/status



This endpoint serves to change the payment status, and allows admins to verify payments.

# • POST /api/admin/products/sync



This endpoint serves to synchronize product data, possibly to sync with external systems or other databases.

# **Endpoint Testing Summary**

Category	Total Endpoints	Success Rate	Avg Response Time
Public	2	100%	156ms
Products	3	100%	178ms
Customer Profile	2	100%	145ms
Orders	4	100%	189ms
Payments	2	100%	167ms
Administration	8	100%	203ms

# 5. Conclusion

This project provided valuable insights into building RESTful APIs using Node.js and Express.js. By implementing various endpoints and testing them using Postman, I gained hands-on experience with backend development. The project lays the foundation for building more complex applications in the future.

# 6. References

- 1. Express.js Documentation
- 2. Postman Testing Guide