# Selected Poems of Pablo Neruda a bilingual edition edited and translated

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SELECTED POEMS OF PABLO NERUDA

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# **SELECTED POEMS OF** PABLO NERUDA

Edited and Translated by Ben Belitt

Introduction by Luis Monguió

GROVE PRESS, INC. NEW YORK

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#### For Anne Schlabach

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#### Introduction

# by Luis Monguió

If one were to inquire today, among cultivated Hispano-Americans, which are the three major poets produced by their continent, I am sure they would return a single answer: Sor Juana Inés de la Cruz, in the Colonial era, Rubén Darío, of the "modernist" epoch, and Pablo Neruda, in our own time. Where more than two or three names are involved, local patriotism soon begins to operate; but on these three names, at once seminal and continental, there would be general agreement. The fact is a striking one, in that Pablo Neruda is a figure adored and maligned for reasons which have little to do with literature and very much to do with politics. It would be idle, even for those hostile to the aesthetic of the Chilean poet, to deny him a place of the highest importance in the tradition of Hispanic poetry. Even Juan Ramón Jiménez, winner of the Nobel Prize for Literature in 1956, and exemplar of a "pure" poetry theoretically at the opposite pole from Neruda's mystique of the "impure," was compelled to call him "a great poet; a great, bad poet"-bad in the sense that their concepts of poetry were incompatible, but by all objective standards, major.

Curiously enough, it is this poet, universally read, expounded, and criticized wherever the Spanish language is spoken, who remains so little known to English-speaking readers today. What, in brief, are the facts of Neruda's life, what is the nature of his poetry, and what, precisely, is his role in the long tradition of Hispanic literature?

The writer known to us as "Pablo Neruda" was born Neftalí Ricardo Reyes y Basoalto, in Parral, Chile, on July 12, 1904. His father, José del Carmen Reyes, was a railroad employee—"used to taking orders and giving them," as Neruda later recalled—who worked variously as section crew foreman and train conductor. His mother, Rosa Basoalto, died when the child was three or four years old, and his father shortly after took a second wife, the Trinidad Candia, cherished by the poet as "the tutelary angel of my childhood." The family moved south of his native Parral to Temuco—to that damp and densely forested region whose imagery recurs so obsessively in the poetry of Neruda. There the vision of a powerful and untamed nature lay open to his contemplation; there he received his early schooling and secondary education; there he read planlessly and voraciously; and there, too, he published his first verses in the local newspapers of Temuco and won his first prizes in the provincial "Juegos Florales."

At sixteen, Neruda went to the capital city of Santiago to continue his studies at the Instituto Pedagógico. He had no sooner arrived, than his Canción de la fiesta (Fiesta Song) was awarded first prize for poetry in the Spring Festival by the Students' Federation, which also published the poem in 1921. Though he remained in Santiago for some years thereafter living the life of the "literary" student-bohemian, indolence can hardly be imputed to a poet who produced five volumes of verse and prose-poetry between 1923 and 1926, as well as other pieces published at a subsequent date.

With the appearance of Veinte poemas de amor y una canción desesperada (Twenty Love Poems and A Desperate Song, 1924), Neruda was acknowledged as one of Chile's most promising younger poets; and the Chilean government, following a tradition of long standing, promptly sent him abroad on consular missions, as a kind of ward of Maecenas. Neruda left Chile in 1927, proceeded to Europe, traveled in the Orient, where, between 1927 and 1932, he lived successively in Rangoon, Colombo, Singapore, and Batavia, and visited adjacent areas of Asia and Oceania.

On his return to Chile in 1933, Neruda was assigned first to Buenos Aires and then to Madrid in 1934, where he was received with admiration and acclaim by a dazzling generation of Spanish poets: Federico García Lorca, Rafael Alberti, Luis Cernuda, Miguel Hernández, Manuel Altolaguirre. At their invitation he published and edited jointly the review Caballo verde para la poesía (The Green Horse for Poetry). In Madrid, too, his first and second Residencias first appeared together, with enormous success, in 1935. When the Civil War broke out in Spain in 1936, Neruda, heedless of diplomatic protocol, made no secret of his anti-Fascist convictions. For this reason, he was recalled to his country by the Chilean government in 1937; but a new President soon sent him off to Europe to expedite the emigration to America of Republican Spanish refugees. From 1939 to 1943, he served as Chilean consul to Mexico. The years 1935-1945 are years of progressive politicalization for Neruda, and the period of his third Residencia, published in 1947

In 1943, Neruda returned to Santiago. He entered actively into politics, was elected to the Senate, and enrolled in the Communist Party of Chile. In 1948 and 1949, the conflict between the Party and the government of the Republic of Chile reached its most acute stage, and Communism was declared illegal by an act of Congress. Expelled from his senatorial post, Neruda traveled secretly through Chile and at length made his way across the border. There follow years of exile in Mexico-where, in 1950, he first published his Canto general (General Song); in Italy and France; in the Soviet Union and Red China; and then back again to Europe. In 1953, he returned to Chile, and in the same year was awarded the Stalin Prize. From that time up to the present, Neruda has continued his literary activity on Isla Negra, turning out volume after volume, with occasional intervals of travel abroad.

The first two decades of our century-roughly, a span of twenty years from the birth of Pablo Neruda to his emergence as a poet of manifest talent-correspond to the period of maximum prestige and the subsequent decline of what historians of Hispano-American literature designate as "modernismo" (modernism). As a movement in the literature of the Spanish tongue, and of Spanish poetry in particular, the landmarks of modernism conventionally fall between the publication in 1888 of Rubén Darío's Azul (Azure), and the death of the Nicaraguan poet in 1916. An offspring of literary libertarianism, modernism was born in the restlessness and fatigue of an epoch marked by a wholesale abandonment to a vulgarized romanticism. To all that was slovenly and gross in the romanticism of its time, it opposed an insistence on delicate and taxing techniques, inspired in part by the art of the French Parnassians and symbolists, and in part by the cultivated tradition of Spanish literature itself—a return to the elegance of the medieval mester de clerecía, the cancioneros of the fifteenth century, to Góngora and the seventeenth-century baroque, and Gustavo Adolfo Bécquer in the nineteenth century. To the bourgeois cast of a tasteless romanticism, modernism held up the concept of an idealized and universalized art, patrician in character, a fin de siècle pursuit of art for its own sake. At its heart was the passion for noble cultural models and the Graeco-Latin world view in particular (a little colored by French translation!).

Led by Darío, the modernist poets distinguished themselves by the cosmopolitan character of their literary culture and their technical perfection—verbal, metrical, and imagistic. Their intellectual and prosodic refinement, raised to an extreme of individual expression, reflected a fastidious

sensibility and a proud subjectivism: an impulse toward the exotic, the precious, the idealized, and the artificial, and a flight from the realities of nineteenth-century American positivism.

Thus modernism, like Parnassianism and symbolism, came to cultivate the rare and exquisite: Japan and the Aegean Isles, the pavilions of Versailles and the pagodas of the Orient, rococo marquises and geisha girls, libidinous abbés and samurai, Mimi Pinson and Salome—all adorned and removed from the crassness of the everyday world, or idealized as a world in itself wherein might be imagined a quest for the meaning of Flesh and Desire, the Unknown and the Fatel, the ultimate purposes of Life and Mortality—but above all, Beauty, inviolate and entire.

None the less, almost to the year of Neruda's birth, a shift was already at work in the momentum of modernism. In 1905 Rubén Darío published his Cantos de vida y esperanza (Songs of Hope and Life), in which the poet, with no loss of the cerebral and formal nuance that are the triumph of his personal style, achieved an immediate penetration of the realities of the American world. It was Darío who joined the Castilian with the Catholic, the Indian tradition with the Hispanic, and, indeed the whole epic heritage of the Conquistadors and the Liberators, as elements consubstantial with Hispano-American Beauty and Life. Suddenly, with the Cuban war of 1898 and the adventure of Panama of 1903, Darío came to feel the menace of the advancing power from the North-English-speaking, Protestant, and utilitarian. "Are we so many millions, then, speaking English?" he asked. "Shall we be silent now, the better to weep later?" In the name of an America "vital with light and with fire, with perfume and love / the great Moctezuma's America and the Inca's / the fragrant America of Christopher Columbus / America, Catholic and Spanish," and in behalf of a culture seeking union "in spirit, in language, and passion," he returned an intransigent "Nol" It is this aspect of modernism that historians have underscored with the unwieldy epithet of *mundonovismo* (New Worldism), or The Return to America.

Close on the heels of these developments, the disaster of World War I—a war which was to compel so many Americans and non-Americans to question the basis of the cultural leadership of a Paris or a Berlin hitherto accepted without question—began to undermine the modernist structure. The intellectual crisis, a by-product of the war, shattered the sovereign fiction of an archetypal culture—of the culture, intact in itself, predicated by modernism. At the same time, in all that pertained to form, the reiteration of stereotypes and styles between the years 1880-1920, was steadily depleting its force.

In Europe, the philosophical and literary crisis was reflected in movements such as cubism, futurism, Dadaism, ultraism, creationism, and finally, in 1924, the surrealist explosion, with its double assault on prewar literature and the rational. In the realm of poetry these movements revolted against symbolism and decadence, the European parallels of Hispano-American modernism.

At this moment of crisis for the literature of the world, Pablo Neruda arrived in Santiago de Chile in 1920.

3

The Neruda of 1920 is a Neruda fired by a vision of the natural world of South Chile which never abandoned him. It was his way, even as a child, to observe: "I'm going out hunting poems"; and in later years he was to recall:

What I saw first were trees and ravines, all that blazon of flowers, a splendor gone barbarous, humid perspectives where forests were holocausts and winter rampant on the other side of a world. My childhood is made of wet shoe-leather, a wreckage of tree-trunks brought down in the forest, devoured by lianas and beetles; mild days on the oats. . .

On the other hand, he brought with him to Santiago the whole ferment of his indiscriminate reading: sentimental and romantic reading (Diderot, Bernardin de Saint-Pierre, Victor Hugo); tales of adventure and the faraway (Jules Verne, Emilio Salgari); psychological realism (Strindberg, Gorky); erotic realism (Felipe Trigo); and lesser modernists like Vargas Vila. The covers of those volumes, many of them translations, mass-produced for cheap consumption in the mills of Barcelona and Valencia (Sopena, Maucci, Sempere) come readily to mind; for the taste of a generation of provincial adolescents, famished for reading matter, was nourished (and sometimes debased) by them. Even the pseudonym adopted by the poet-Neruda-, it may be, follows the model of the author of the Tales of Malá Strana, the Czech, Jan Neruda, whose translation into the Spanish reached the public-if memory serves-in the Colección Universal of Madrid, in olive green dust jackets, a peseta a volume.

In Santiago, the young poet went on to broaden the base of his reading. His firsthand acquaintance with the staples of French poetry is obvious. Arturo Torres-Rioseco remembers a schoolteacher in Chile in his own youth who cautioned his charges, "Don't waste your time on Spanish and Chilean writers: life is short and there's so much to be read in French." Certainly there is no lack of Hispano-American testimony dating back to those years to make clear which of the French poets were most favored by South American readers: Albert Samain, a symbolist of the second order much in vogue in the Hispanic world (for his frequent allusions to Catholic ritual, perhaps, and his décor); the

older pantheon of Baudelaire, Verlaine, Rimbaud, and Mallarmé. Neruda, however, appears to have given equal attention to the great Hispano-American modernists, from the tutelary Darío, to the younger generation of Julio Herrera y Reissig, and particularly, Carlos Sabat Ercasty.

It is hardly surprising, under the circumstances, that the earliest writings of Neruda, La Canción de la Fiesta and Crepusculario (Twilight Book, 1923) should be teeming with echoes. The poet himself was the first to concede it: "Distant voices mingled with mine / I'm aware of it, friends!" It is plain that his juvenile pieces are highly derivative, "modernistic" in versification, in language, and the choice of themes. They abound in alexandrine quatrains, in votive lamps and ogives, in Beloveds with a capital B, in Pelleases, Melisandes, Paolos, and Helens. But it should be equally clear to attentive readers that if his poems embody the death rattle of a movement, they also exhibit the prodromes of a personal Neruda, a Neruda who a few short years later was to discover his private inflection and his individual style.

I refer, of course, to that Neruda whose senses open directly on the reality of the world around him—not an idealized fiction of the world, but a world of quotidian substances, fair and foul by turns; a Neruda of photographic perceptiveness, standing guard with his hearing, his vision, his touch, and his nostrils—a world of real objects like the blind beggar's tambourine and the branding iron, of ashes and anvils and railroad trestles; and above all, the seeding earth, the line of a furrow, trees, beaches, and water (that omnipresent water! rain, rivers, seas, tears); open to sensual love, to his own body and the body of ungratified desire. It is in that world of sensation brought to bear by a child upon insects and birds and partridge eggs, the scarred face of a man, picture post cards, the smell of cut wood, the copihue's color, and the taste of slaughtered lamb's blood,

that the very earliest work of the poet is distinguishable from the prevailing verse of his time. By their aid Neruda was, in effect, opening a breach in the façade of all that was precious and remote in the cerebral world of the modernist, submitting his whole being to passions that dwell in a world of real things, both noble and ignoble, in whatever guise they happened to suggest themselves to him. In his receptivity to immediate intuition, to the quotidian, the coarse, and the commonplace-to all that earlier modernists would have scorned as "unpoetical" and antipoeticthe youthful Neruda aligned himself boldly with those other Hispano-American poets of his era who confronted a world strange to their literary patrimony-with the Mexican, Ramón López Velarde of La sangre devota (1916), for one, and the Peruvian César Vallejo, of Los heraldos negros (1918); by no means poor company.

In Veinte poemas de amor y una canción desesperada, Neruda's deference to the metrical forms and traditional strophes of the modernists, along with other innovations then in fashion, is still apparent; but the temper and tone of his verse is no longer the characteristic temper of modernism. Even for that most sensual of modernists, Rubén Darío, the flesh was idealized, if not, indeed, divinized, beatifically concentering on the mystery of the world, to symbolize "the eternity of the probable." In Veinte poemas, on the other hand, the flesh remains corporeal and the body, a kind of geography which, like the geography of the natural world, has its highways and river beds, its mountains and chasms. Nothing could be more substantive than the love of Veinte poemas, nothing closer to animal and vegetal nature, or more germinal. In it the poet appears rooted like wheat or a vineyard or a pine, "drunk with turpentine and long kisses"; and woman is a terrestrial shell in which the earth sings. He couples woman with the earth, the phases of

passion with the phases of the year; almost obsessively he matches the cycle of planting and seeding and harvest, the mutations and returns of the vegetal, the animal, and the human worlds. There is a cosmic quality to his identification of earth and humanity, which persists, like an instinct, as a powerful constant of the poetry and the intuition of Neruda. Years later, when Neruda in the Residencias was compelled to envision a world in displacement, the fixed points which remained were the objects grasped by his senses: his own "symmetrical stature of twinned legs," his mouth and his arms, his face, skin, teeth, and hair; woman with the "health of the furious apple"; tangible natural objects (I was about to say edible), like the celery, the wine, and the wood of his Tres cantos materiales (Three Material Songs). Later still, in the period of Las alturas de Macchu Picchu (The Heights of Macchu Picchu), there rises out of the stones themselves and the seminal lime, an "infinitesimal life winged with clay," reborn with the poet, planted by his blood and his language into the mountain ranges of America. Even his most recent *Odes* are veritable canticles of material passion to the objects of this world: artichokes, copper, fish, onions, oil. In the Odes, as always in Neruda, love is the "bread of the fragrance of woman," to be seized by the poet's intensities, sensuous, sensual, material.

This instinctive materialism of Neruda, this ardent surrender to an encircling universe (which goes deeper than mere New Worldism), this blind faith in the truth of the senses, erupted upon Neruda's time with the impact of a new romanticism, intuitional and primitive, a bolt aimed at the idealism and intellectualism of the modernists. Veinte poemas, in the realm of American poetry, suggests the relationship of the Douanier Rousseau's painting to the sophisticated tradition of impressionism, or the architecture of Gaudí to the art nouveau.

Shortly afterward, there appeared the briefer Tentativa

del hombre infinito (Venture of Infinite Man, 1925) to mark a further phase in the liquidation of the literary heritage of the past, and the quest for a mode of expression intrinsic to Neruda himself. In Tentativa, the surrender to intuition is total: in the interests of his vision, Neruda is prepared to dispense with rhyme, with consistent patterns of meter, with traditional stanzaic usage, the discursive structure of language, punctuation, and the logical formalization of meaning. He grapples directly with language itself-with the blockage that limits the immediate expression of whatever wells up from within, or is aimed at him from without; his intent is to work outwardly, from within, as well as with exterior forces brought to bear by alerted sensation on the intimate world of his being and feelings. Impulses are meshed and confused in an upsurge of seemingly disjunct images, bubbling and churning in the agony of his quest for form and expression:

I see a bee circling now the bee is no more little fly of the paraffin legs while your flight strikes again

I bend my head helplessly

I follow a strand that leads to some presence at least a fixed point of sorts

I hear silence adorning itself with a billow's successions vertiginous echoes revolve and return and I sing out aloud.

So it is that Neruda (before his twenty-second year, incredibly enough) came to reflect at a point of his poetic development, an American aspect of the philosophical and aesthetic crises of the Western postwar world—that aftermath of World War I to which I have already alluded. If the reasoning intelligence could spawn monsters of war—for "reason produces monsters"—perhaps (so the premise ran)

by freeing the psyche from the repressions of reason, a different order of reason might be found, "which reason knows not of"-a kind of liberty, if you will, a new and more human order of liberty. A presentiment of that psychical liberty (already in the air of the twenties) is apparent in this poetry that tramples the "laws" of the intellect and presses toward an understanding of objects, ideas, and emotions; not analytically, but by immediate and total apprehension of them. It is a poetry committed to the satisfaction of man's emotional needs, and not his discursive intelligence. Its medium is a literature that structures itself on emotive association, like the subconscious, and works in the flux of sensation and thought-simultaneously or by discontinuous bursts; by accumulation or short circuit; by repetitive and chaotic enumeration; or by spontaneous synthesis-a process, to all appearance arbitrary and wayward, but moved, nevertheless, by real states of being that find their justification simply by coming to be. The consequences for poetry were hermetic—a mode of expression unique to the identity of the poet, a cryptography which the reader was compelled to accept without question, sharing in the work and the substance of the poem to rebuild and remake and retrace the paths through the psyche of the writermedium.

4

Since all moves so rapidly and memory is fleeting, it is worth bearing in mind, as a datum of history, the temper of that epoch, at once so close to our own and removed from it, before passing on to assess Neruda's accomplishments in the years 1925-1935, with which Ben Belitt begins his translations: the period of *Residencia en la tierra I & II* (*Residence on Earth*) published in 1933 and 1935, and the first poems of *Residencia III* (1947). Here all falls away; here the forms hitherto acceptable to the poet ap-

pear spurious or inadequate or used up: Euclid's geometry, Newton, the rational intelligence, the Parthenon, Christian mores, the liberal State. The old gods have perished, and in the midst of a fluid and residual world Neruda bears innocent witness:

I weep in the midst of invasions, confusions, gross with my tastes, giving ear to a pure circulation, to a massing of matter yielding my footsteps to whatever befalls, undirected, whatever breaks forth from below, clothed with chains and carnations

I dream, and endure what remains of my perishing

being.

I go lonely among scattering substances, rain falls, and resembles me, in its monstrous derangements it resembles me: even rain in a dead world goes lonely, repelled in its downfall, with no resolute form.

"With no resolute form"—like the watches metamorphosed into fried eggs, in the painting of Dalí. We must reckon here with a dismemberment of poetry, a disorder like that of the world in which Neruda himself moved: a world of ashes and powdery glances, of papers and brooms, pallid days, decrepit objects, graveyards and tailor shops, and orthopedic appliances. To project the anguish of such a world, Neruda gathers symbols, images, and metaphors; he seems to peer at the world through the lens of a monstrous microscope that enlarges to maximum proportions whatever is sad or despairing or topsy-turvy or absurd. What he saw, he set forth in a language grammatically

anomalous, displaced by rhetorical images, in panting and strenuous rhythms, as if the expressive force to which he had yielded his faculties impelled him to eject the content of his vision without respite, respiration, or order.

If we recall that the period of the Residencias is also the epoch of ascendent surrealism, we can account for certain idiosyncrasies of Neruda's poetic language in these terms. It was the boast of surrealists to have grasped the reality of a certain process of mental and affective association hitherto ignored; to affirm a disinterested and untrammeled play of thought and the omnipotence of the dream. By the aid of psychic automatism, their hope was to touch the very function of thinking itself, disengaged from the controls of reason and aesthetic and moral preoccupations. Thus, in the free association of images, in the bold use of psychic and verbal relations apparently disjunct and gratuitous, in automatism, autohypnotic verbalization, hallucination, and the dream work of so many of the poems in Residencia I & II, Neruda seems to employ familiar surrealist procedures. Yet over and above his assault on the impasse of subconscious and rational intelligence or the quest for a new and absolute order of reality—"surreality"—Neruda in his Residencias remains fundamentally the intuitional materialist already abundantly discussed. For this reason, matter, for Neruda, remains "nuptial"; for this reason the poet, in a disintegrating world to which he bears such exact witness, seeks salvation not in surrealist metaphysics, but the plenum of physical things.

If classical geometry will not serve, for example, there is always the celery stalk, from which "linear lightnings break clear"; if the Parthenon sags, the celery stalk has its "doves with a volute's propensities"; if society totters, "crisp energies" burst from the wellsprings of nature itself in "a river of life, indispensable threads," to pierce the physical being and "make known what is dark in the brightness, the rose

of creation." For this reason, too, at those crises of tension when all waits in the balance and the poet, face to face with dissolving reality ("Brussels," *Residencia* III) declares himself "vegetal, lonely," the reader remains undismayed. He is aware that, for Neruda, nature and matter, the whole of the vegetal universe, presage life and well-being, and not death and extinction; nor does he find it an occasion for surprise when Neruda, a few pages later, reveals himself "born in the forests" again:

# Again

I hear, like the fire in the smoke, the approach of a birth blazing out of terrestrial cinder, light crowded with petals,

and dividing the earth in a river of wheat the sun touches my mouth again like a long-buried tear become seed.

During these same years, Neruda was coming to sense the inadequacy of irrational philosophy and his own literary preconceptions. For surely the instinctual forces freed from the repressions of an imperfect reason and a no less imperfect society by the irrational, may be true and benign, or bestial and evil. Who, of his generation, or who of a subsequent generation, with a smattering of history, needs to be advised of the consequences of the wholesale unleashing of the instincts? Certainly Neruda, an unimpeachable witness, was well aware of them. In Las furias y las penas (The Woes and the Furies, 1939) he noted provisionally: "The world has changed and so has my poetry." Clinging fast to the earth and the body and matter in the first two Residencias, Neruda survived the derangement, disintegration, loneliness, and non-being that ambushed and plundered a world and rose to another life, another being-still cling-

ing to earth and to body and matter.

What was it that altered the personal life of Neruda at this time? Between 1936 and 1939, the Spanish Civil War exploded upon the world of his race and his language, and the routines of his life in Madrid, wrenching fibers of experience hitherto untouched, and probing behind the world of material things to the material basis of human fraternity:

I among men bear the same wounded hand, suffer the same reddened cup and live an identical rage.

Neruda suddenly saw himself no longer estranged, but "reunited"—not with accidents of matter, in blind processes of cosmic fatality, as before, but with men, in processes of will. Previously it was his instincts that enabled him to "endure what remains of my perishing being"; now his will made powerful demands upon him. Moving out of the shadow of the past, Neruda offered to the world a changed heart, a new source of perception firmly aligned with suffering and embattled mankind.

Years before, in 1922, another Hispano-American poet—the Peruvian, César Vallejo—published a volume of verse (Trilce) similar in idiom and feeling to Tentativa and Residencia and spoke mordantly of the grief and bereavement of life in a world gone absurd. From that time to the present he had kept silent; then, in España, aparta de mí este cáliz (Spain, Remove From Me This Cup) and Poemas humanos, both written between 1936 and 1938, the trauma of war touched the springs of poetic creation. Here, "heart-bound to his skeleton," a compassionate Vallejo enters the suffering world in behalf of that:

presence beside me

from whose neck there enormously rises and falls unsustained by the length of a thread and untaught, all my hope.

The "hope" of Vallejo was man's hope—all those he acknowledged as brothers, and with whom Neruda also took common cause—for whom Neruda now sang. For Neruda in *España en el corazón* (*Spain in the Heart*, 1937) makes clear his "demand for a song / with explosions, the desire / for gargantuan song," for a "dazzle of hopes." It is an act of creative will, a commitment later to take the form of a "song" that may well be called "gargantuan": the *Canto general* of 1950.

The most obvious difference between the Neruda of the Residencias of 1933 and 1935, and the Canto general and the works that follow, Odas elementales (Elemental Odes, 1954), its sequels, Nuevas odas elementales (New Elemental Odes, 1956), Tercer libro de las odas (Third Book of Odes, 1957), Estravagario (Book of Vagaries, 1958), Navegaciones y regresos (Voyages and Homecomings, 1959)—not to mention his volumes of political verse like Las uvas y el viento (The Grapes and the Wind, 1954)—is his palpable choice of a style. Previously, Neruda had declared himself a poet at the service of immediate experience, striving to encompass with a stroke the whole ferment of his sensibility. In that expressive exertion, that agonized struggle of being and feeling and articulating, he did not hesitate to sacrifice intelligibility. Now he sought above all things to communicateto abandon whatever might tax the understanding of his reader. The poetry of this period, with the exception of minor idiosyncrasies of typography, is readily reducible to conventional operations of meaning; and the language is lucid. In his newly found fellowship with mankind, the very humblest, Neruda's wish is to understand and be un-

## derstood by all. Now:

I don't write to be imprisoned by other books or the lily's incarnate apprentices but for simple sojourners whose need is the moon and the water, the immutable bases of order, bread, wine, and schoolhouses, guitars and the tools

## He would have his poems:

of their trade.

useful and usable like metal and cereal that waits for the plowshare tools for the hand.

# He would be simple:

Simplicity, be with me, assist in my birth, teach me again how to sing a floodtide of virtue and truth, a crystalline victory.

# His wish is not so much to approach a people, as to be them:

Each day I learn something, combing my hair every day I think what you think, walk as you walk, and eat as you do, I circle my love with my arms as you circle yours, and then

#### 24 / Introduction

when all's known and each is made equal, I write I write with your life and my own.

This emphasis upon poetry as communication, as social action, reflects a collectivism preached two centuries before by Herder. The notion of poetry as "useful and usable" labor, as a "tool" of the "true and the virtuous," brings to mind the millenial vision of Horace's Ars Poetica, neoclassical concepts of poetry as a public utility, and the American romantics of the first decades of the Independence. An ethical temper of poetry, of art as action and philosophy as action, characterizes a whole trend of Hispanic tradition-Quevedo, Jovellanos, Bello, Unamuno, Antonio Machadothat returns in Neruda by the force of its own historic momentum. Neruda also would impose certain limits and obligations on poetry; he would also subject his art to a discipline of reason and will, of order and intelligence. The degree to which he has achieved his purposes without sacrificing his lyricism is today a matter of fashionable debate among Hispanic critics-a quarrel in which political sympathies and antipathies often play a more important role than literature, and in which sweeping judgments of the total stature of the recent work of the Chilean poet are too frequently based on fragments of his oeuvre. All things abound in the Vineyard of the Master; and in the latter books of Neruda it is possible to gather the grapes or the dry sticks, according to the taste of each critic.

No one will deny that on many occasions the verse of Neruda is closer to political reportage and homily than to poetry: "I fixed up some food for the kids and I left. / I wanted to get to my husband in Lota. / As anyone can tell you, the local militia was out; / no one could move without permit / and they didn't much go for my looks. There

were orders / from González Videla, before he went in to spout off his fine speeches / and that had the rest of us scared." Nevertheless, it would be hard to deny that in most of these poems, the circumstantial detail, the politics, the propaganda, the truth, the bias, the anger, the hate (call it what you please) have in no way impaired his poetic intensity. To be sure of that one has only to read, in Mr. Belitt's translations, poems like "The Beggars," "Sleeping Assassin," "The Dictators," "Hunger in the South," "Cristóbal Miranda," and "Toward Mineral."

It is precisely this deceptive simplicity, in assessing *Canto general*, that invites dangerous oversimplification. The obsession with the political position of Neruda, or, if I may be permitted such a word, the politicism that permeates the whole of Hispano-American life, has diminished the scope of Canto general for many readers to the topical and the political. For indeed, both are present. America, for Pablo Neruda, is a perpetual battleground for the forces of men joined and committed in love to their land, and the forces of violent men seeking to rape and possess it. On one hand is the soil of the continent itself, before names were devised for it, with its natural riches, its fertility, and its prototypal people augmented in the course of time by men of all races who felt, or have come to feel, a flame of freedom and charity in their hearts, from Fray Bartolomé de las Casas or Alonso de Ercilla, to San Martín, Lincoln, and Martí to the striker jailed in Iquique or an ejidatario from Sonora: all Americans. On the other hand, there are rapacious and covetous men, from Columbus to Cortés, to Rosas and García Moreno, to a Somoza or a Trujillo and the masters of Anaconda Copper and United Fruit. The struggle between the two factions, Neruda prophesied, would be resolved in the triumph of the former over the violence of the latter. It is a commanding aspect of his vision; and given the importance of Neruda and the zeal

with which he is read by many, he must be placed among the movers and shakers of a climate of opinion, or better still, a spiritual stance, or revolutionary nationalist sentiment that prevails throughout all Latin America. This is all that many, inside Hispano-America and outside it, have come to see in *Canto general*, without troubling themselves to probe deeper. This viewpoint is a betrayal of a work of art; for one need not be a sibyl to discover more, ever so much more, in it.

Canto general is a work to be read as a cosmogony, a Nerudian vision of the origin and creation of the world and American man. As teleology or as vision, Neruda has wrought as he must, pursuing the course of creation, reality, and life that is proper and possible to love. If there is a fixed point in Neruda, from his childhood up to the present, it is his immersion of his being in his land, his fatherland, his instinctual materialism. In Canto general it is water and earth, the air and the primordial slime, self-spawned and begetting the beasts, vegetation, and men of America, that he celebrates, above all.

For the content of Nerudian song is life and victory over personal death: altruistically. Reborn in himself, his renascence takes new hold of matriarchal matter itself. He is son of that mother; and all natural things—dust, plant, beast, man—are his brothers and mentors. In his darker moments, Neruda had asked of himself: what is man? where is abiding, indestructible life? Only the dead answered; but later, on the "heights of Macchu Picchu," in the heart and brain of maternal America, he came upon his vision. The corn kernel ascended and descended again; water flew and descended again with the snow; colored with clay, his hand left the clay and was one with the clay again; the cradle of lightning and man was the same. By love, by "infinitesimal life winged with the earth," he existed. There was one death and one life: not my life or yours, but the life

of all beings and things—the crocodile's mother, the petal, the water lily, the thousand bodies blackened by rain and night whose blood flows in our veins and who speak with our voices. For this reason Neruda, after writing in "Yo soy" ("I am"), "Let me die now," "I make ready my death," announced with equal assurance, "I'm not ready to die. I leave now / on this day of volcanoes / for a multitude and a life." He writes:

I leave others to mope of the charnel-house . . .

The world

has the naked hue of the apple: the rivers gouge out a ransom of savage medallions and a tender Rosalie lives everywhere with her playfellow, Juan . . .

Between the *Heights of Macchu Picchu* and "I Am," Neruda has packed the whole history and life of America, all the politics and myths dearest to him. In *Canto general* he interprets history according to Karl Marx, writes a new *Légende des siècles* like Victor Hugo, and prophesies like William Blake: it is one and the same. The truths he encountered were known to him instinctively as a child: "Nature there [in Temuco] went to my head like strong whisky. I was barely ten at the time, but already a poet." Drunk with nature, earth, and humanity, today, as always before:

I have here before me only seeds, a sweetness, a dazzling extension.

In the four volumes of *Odes* he has continued to press for the passionate disclosure of beings and things; and the same may be said for the more technically complex *Estravagario* (1958). All his books are testimonials, all his chants are material, all his songs, love songs: love of atoms, barbed wire, lemons, moons, cats, pianos, printing presses, man, life, and poetry.

6

Neruda was born in the Chilean backwoods, in a frontiersman's world, face to face with the real, deep in nature's potency. He is a son of that New World, surging, creating, and coming to be, in quest of his personal forms and his destiny. We may readily discount what is fortuitous in the man and his poetry-modernism, surrealism, communism: what may be viewed as a succession of evangels: the gospel according to Rubén Darío, according to André Breton, according to Marx-and recover in his total achievement, even in the most hermetic of his poems, a gust from the genesis of America. It blows from the now outmoded Crepusculario and Veinte poemas, from the "sonatas and destructions" of the Residencias, from his Canto general and the most recent of his Odes. He has mingled, baroquely or romantically, as you will, literature and life, nature and poetry.

He was aware of this when he wrote, in *Childhood and Poetry* (1954): "We come upon poetry a step at a time, among the beings and things of this world: nothing is taken away without adding to the sum of all that exists in a blind extension of love." Montesinos has said of the old Spanish baroque that it is "the art of denying oneself nothing." It is so with Neruda, who has also denied himself nothing, faithful to the tradition of the omnivorous poets "of flesh and bone."

Berkeley, California December, 1960

> -Translated by Ben Belitt Luis Monguió / 29

#### Translator's Foreword

The translator of Pablo Neruda comes to his task forewarned by a poet hardened to the condescension of his detractors and the scruples of his well-wishers:

> I wrote down five verses: one green, one shaped like a breadloaf, the third like a house going up, the fourth one, a ring, the fifth one small as a lightning flash . . .

Then came the critics: one deaf, and one gifted with tongues, and others and others: the blind and the hundred-eyed, the elegant ones in red pumps and carnations, others decently clad like cadavers . . . some coiled in the forehead of Marx or thrashing about in his whiskers; others were English, just English . . .

(Oda a la crítica)

On the other hand, there have been many to remind us that the poetry of Pablo Neruda is in itself a species of translation: time and again, in exploring the *Residencias*, Amado Alonso<sup>1</sup> is led to invoke the analogy of the "transla-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Poesía y estilo de Pablo Neruda: Interpretación de una poesía hermética. Amado Alonso. Editorial Sudamericana: Buenos Aires. 1951.

tor," as if to remind us of the relativism of all linguistic transactions. "So oddly ordered are the words of this poetry," he writes, "that the phrases at times seem to be translated from a foreign language and retain something of the ordering drive of the originating language." His style is described as "oneirical," "hermetic," disintegrative, wayward, irrational, surreal, and olfactory. Among the poems "shaped like bread or a ring," and those "like a house going up," we are urged to take note of eruptive and vegetal processes, intuitional configurations, images of destruction, and "the melting away of the world." On the whole, however, the genius of Neruda is torrentially affirmative, and makes a discipline of even its excesses. The stature and fascination of his vision lie in a movement of thought keyed to its own impulses and alert to its own intrinsicality, in which the successions of the verse and the successions of intuition are one and the same, and the volume and character of the feelings and fantasy serve an organic momentum, an "ascending and descending play of intensity."

The choice of the translator, in such a case, is clear; he may rest on the completed action of the poet and compile a memorandum of *words* removed from the drives of the originating excitement; or he may press for a comparable momentum in his own tongue and induce translation accordingly. It seems to be the fate of the translator always to echo the cry of Rilke's "Ninth Elegy": "Alas, but the *other relation!* What can be carried across?" and speculate mistrustfully:

Are we, perhaps, here just for saying: House, Bridge, Fountain, Gate, Jug, Olive Tree, Window possibly: Pillar, Tower?

The poetry of Pablo Neruda, however, is not so easily gratified. His art leaves little room for semantic optimism,

or the tactical disengagement of the translator from the shock of those "other relations" which are the primary mode of its excitement. It is "ignorant" and tentative, "oceanic" and vulnerable, precisely because it postulates the enigmatic character of the substantive and communicative world. His vision, like Whitman's, is "hankering, gross, mystical, nude," but his art shows the stresses of a more protean identity, the anguish of a more unappeasable commitment. The triumph of the *oeuvre* of Pablo Nerudo is to conclude, after two decades of doctrinal idealism in which even the onion and the soup spoon are pressed into the service of dialectic, with, *Estravagario* "a book of vagaries," and a valediction which must surely concern the translator as much as it does the reader:

I pass on to the other side of the page and am never lost to your sight: I vault through transparency, a swimmer of heaven, and return to grow infinitesimal, till a day when the wind bears me off and even my name is unknown to me and I wake to non-being;

when my singing shall sound in a silence.

(Testamento de otoño)

For all his insistence on the "poetry of the impure," the "massing of things, the use and disuse of substances," the theme of the *oeuvre* repeats Rimbaud's "Je est un autre!" ("The I, is an Other"), Lorca's "Yo ya no soy yo / Y ni mi casa es ya mi casa." ("I am I now no longer / And my house is no longer my house"), and the crepuscular cry of his youth: "Nosotros, los de entonces, ya no somos los mismos."

("We, we of the lapsed world, are no longer the same.")
The whole of the Canto general (General Song) offers a striking case in point; it is, in effect, a pageant of contrasts and metamorphoses. Here, it would seem, only the primary images of creation-Deluge, Leviathan, and the displacement of men and events that goes by the name of History—will serve to evoke the shaping purposes of the poet. Signed, in the concluding lyric, "today, 5 February, in this year of 1949, in Chile, in 'Godomar de Chena,'" it towers above the achievement of Neruda with the accumulated wealth and detritus of a lifetime. It is, like Moby Dick and Leaves of Grass-whose cadences should convey it to American ears—a progress: a total book which enacts a total sensibility. It moves in a framework of awe as imponderable as the cosmological figures of Job, and improvises upon the central illumination of a lifetime. It ransacks the commonplace, the topical, the singular, in its search for the generic. The premise which it seems to have served is that imagination and the political factor, the meditative life and the existential datum, comprise a single reality. In its strengths and its weaknesses, it epitomizes the double mind of messianic romanticism: the passion for the infinite and the empirical, the private fable in apocalyp-

One is tempted, in casting up the sum of *Canto general*, to deal in terms of extension alone; for quantitatively, the design of the work is the most extravagant that the poetry of our time has produced. For some, like Amado Alonso, it will call to mind the "frescoes of Michelangelo"; for others, the splendors of Orozco will seem the more exact analogy. It is, in the phrase of Chesterton, a specimen of the "gigantesque." It begins at the Beginning, as a god might invoke the categories of the Creation, to fashion a habitable globe out of "Vegetation," "Some Beasts," "The Birds Arrive," "The Rivers Appear," "Minerals," "Men." It

tical guise.

moves on to principalities, forces, powers—the "spaces of spirit" through which life looks toward death, "resurrections out of nowhere," and enters the durative factor of history.

The history is, to be sure, the American Dream as the norteamericano has seldom been permitted to see it—the Hispanic tradition, with Cortés, Balboa, Magellan, Bolívar, Zapata, and Juárez as its demigods, the pampas and capitals of Mexico and South and Central America as its theater, the perfidies and restorations of Chile as its fable, and the metamorphoses of the poet—as patriot, fugitive, exile, prophet, revolutionary, somnambulist, and bard—as its drama. It concludes, in fifteen books and 568 pages, in a veritable psalter of Isaianic salutations, with a doxology of the "Fruits of the Earth," "Wine," "Great Joy," "Death," "Life," "Testaments," "Depositions," and the divinized sign of the ego: "Yo Soy": "I Am."

A just criticism of Neruda's conception, however, would have to concern itself with less sumptuous considerations, as well. For the Canto general, despite its multinational address, is also a Canto general de Chile. Like Leaves of Grass, it is a work inseparable from a national scene and an identifying personality. Whatever its continental sweep and bravura, it deduces both the lyrical occasion and the vision which it serves, from the tierra of the poet's birth. Despite his hymns to Stalingrad, his styptic denunciations of United Fruit and Coca-Cola, his early exercises in the crepuscular and erotic French "modernist" genre, his Whitmanese, Neruda remains, in the words of Torres-Rioseco,<sup>2</sup> "the Chilean Indian from Parral."

For the North American reader, it is true, the topical

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>New World Literature: Tradition and Revolt in Latin America. Arturo Torres-Rioseco. University of California Press. Berkeley and Los Angeles. 1949.

exactitudes of the poet are likely to be forfeit; for this reason I have held them to a minimum in this selection. Yet it is a mark of Neruda's greatness that his poetry does not wait upon historicity to deliver the imaginative and moral splendor of his theme. He transcends both the programmatic materialism of his political stance and the histrionics of his attitude. Along the fraying margins of the "political subject," Neruda moves at will from invective and reportage-from "porfiristas of Mexico, 'gentlefolk' of Chile, pitucos of the Jockey Club of Buenos Aires, the sticky filibusterers of Uruguay, Ecuadorian coxcombs, clerical lordlings of every party"—to the incandescence of the lyrical occasion. Though he is master of the Goya-esque cartoon ("The Dictators") in which compassion bites like an etcher's corrosive, he has also Whitman's capacity for moving from dimension-in-length to dimension-in-breadth-and-depth, opening the stanza to enormous increments of detail and floating the burden of the phenomenal world on the unanswerable pathos of a mystery.

Few will deny that the tyranny of the partisan position is apparent throughout the whole of this proud and obsessional book. In the end, however, it is the "other relation" that constantly draws the poet away from the entrenched point and the limited commitment: from "false astrologies," political slogans, and all the apparatus of historical and theoretical positivism, to the "enigmas" which have always been the "general song" of creation. The true measure of Canto general, despite all the labors of Neruda to make it appear otherwise, is not to be found in a place name, an artifact, or an ideological loyalty—not in Stalingrad, Lota, or Macchu Picchu—but in the "havocs and bounties" of "El gran océano," the "shattering crescents" of "Leviathan," the "fullness of time" of "Los enigmas":

Probing a starry infinitude,

I came, like yourselves, through the mesh of my being, in the night, and awoke to my nakedness, all that was left of the catch—a fish in the noose of the wind.

(Los enigmas)

The present translation is offered in the spirit of this conviction; and the accomplishment may be measured accordingly. If the predicates of the "new method" urged on translators by Mr. Stanley Burnshaw in The Poem Itself are correct, the prevailing mood of translation is Parnassian: it is possible now to be incredulous and close quotes around the translator who imagines he is "'re-creating originals'"! In that case, fair warning may be more appropriate for the conscientious translator than "apology": and the reader is accordingly warned. These translations are tentative, illusionistic, and engaged. The myth of the omniscient expositor and the univocal poem has had no part in the shaping of this volume. Each word of the taxing originals, and their English equivalents, has been prayerfully meditated; yet commitment has exceeded meditation, in the end-as it must, if the result is to be a translation rather than a quandary. To keep up my courage under the assault of an identity which might otherwise have proved annihilating, I have mounted my language on rhythms which enlist the resources of poetry in English as much as they do the poetry of Pablo Neruda: I have worked at objects. The stresses, at times, have carried me further from the originals than I would have wished; and on certain occasions the locutions of English have tidied the syntactical disorders more than is proper. But the Residencias and the Odas are no slagpile of words! The "poem itself" remains where it always was-on "the other side of the page," where the bilingual are invited to consult it, unmediated:

by translators, by schoolteachers, by critics, by polemical methodists, and by other poets.

A word with regard to the selection of a text for the present volume. It should be obvious, in an oeuvre which already exceeds two thousand printed pages, and in which no fewer than six volumes, one of them "classic" in prestige and appeal, antedate the poet's twenty-second year, that a profile of sixty poems can hardly hope to "represent" the poet fairly. My hope has been to achieve the "representative" by other means: not by the simultaneous inclusion of set pieces from all of the volumes which comprise the complete works of Pablo Neruda, but by the projection of a diverse and mercurial talent in quest of its destiny. It has been the fate of that talent, during the last thirty-five years, to be truncated by partisan anthologists, diminished by causes, predilections, intrusions of history, injured by its own wilful insistence on allegiances which have little to do with the majesty and melancholy of its long contest with the Sphinx. There is need now to recover the true range of Neruda's labors as an agonist of the intuition: to peel away the politics, the patriotism, the provisional certainties, for that "interminable alcachofa" ("interminable artichoke") which he has called "the heart of all poets."

I say this with little hope of consoling connoisseurs in the "complete" Neruda, or devotees of any constituent part, for the omission of favorite epochs, like the youthful Veinte poemas de amor y una canción desesperada (Twenty Love Poems and A Desperate Song), and "indispensable" international landmarks like Que despierte El Leñador! (Rail-Splitter, Awake!) canonized by translation into the Arabian, Chinese, Slovenian, Czech, Hindu, German, French, Italian, Japanese, Russian, Polish, Rumanian, Ukrainian; and English (Masses & Mainstream: 1950). I offer in its place the projection of a poet working "at the right hand of power,"

and that poet's estimate of his true scope and commitment:

A poetry impure as the clothing we wear, or our bodies, soup-stained, soiled with our shameful behavior, our wrinkles and vigils and dreams, observations and prophecies, declarations of loathing and love, idyls and beasts and shocks of encounter, political loyalties, denials and doubts, affirmations and taxes.

That is the order of business for a "selected poems of Neruda," and the desirable preponderance for a text. All are to be found in this volume.

I should like at this time to acknowledge the interest and counsel of friends who have helped to shape the direction of this book at phases crucial to its completion: to Dr. Iosé F. Montesinos of the University of California, chiefly, who has patiently presided over my dilemmas since my first efforts in 1952; to Angel del Río and Eugenio Florit, for timely favors of advice and intercession; and to Luis Monguió, for an appraisal of Neruda which should accomplish for English-speaking readers whatever the text of this translation has failed to achieve or omitted to undertake. My thanks are due the editors of The Virginia Quarterly Review, The Nation, Stand (London), and Poetry for permission to reprint translations first published in their pages; and in the case of Poetry, for portions of my Foreword originally published under the title of "Pablo Neruda and the Gigantesque" (1952).

-BEN BELITT

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# Toward An Impure Poetry

It is well, at certain hours of the day and night, to look closely at the world of objects at rest. Wheels that have crossed long, dusty distances with their mineral and vegetable burdens, sacks from the coalbins, barrels and baskets, handles and hafts for the carpenter's tool chest. From them flow the contacts of man with the earth, like a text for all harassed lyricists. The used surfaces of things, the wear that the hands give to things, the air, tragic at times, pathetic at others, of such things—all lend a curious attractiveness to the reality of the world that should not be underprized.

In them one sees the confused impurity of the human condition, the massing of things, the use and disuse of substances, footprints and fingerprints, the abiding presence of the human engulfing all artifacts, inside and out.

Let that be the poetry we search for: worn with the hand's obligations, as by acids, steeped in sweat and in smoke, smelling of lilies and urine, spattered diversely by the trades that we live by, inside the law or beyond it.

A poetry impure as the clothing we wear, or our bodies, soup-stained, soiled with our shameful behavior, our wrinkles and vigils and dreams, observations and prophecies, declarations of loathing and love, idyls and beasts, the shocks of encounter, political loyalties, denials and doubts, affirmations and taxes.

The holy canons of madrigal, the mandates of touch, smell, taste, sight, hearing, the passion for justice, sexual desire, the sea sounding—wilfully rejecting and accepting nothing: the deep penetration of things in the transports of love, a consummate poetry soiled by the pigeon's

claw, ice-marked and tooth-marked, bitten delicately with our sweatdrops and usage, perhaps. Till the instrument played without respite yield us its solacing surfaces, and the wood show the thorniest suavities shaped by the pride of the tool. Blossom and water and wheat kernel share one precious consistency, the sumptuous appeal of the tactile.

Let no one forget them: despond, old mawkishness impure and unflawed, fruits of a fabulous species lost to the memory, cast away in a frenzy's abandonment—moonlight, the swan in the gathering darkness, all the hackneyed endearments: surely that is the poet's occasion, essential and absolute.

Those who shun the "bad taste" of things will fall on their face in the snow.

-Pablo Neruda

## Residencia en la Tierra / Residence on Earth Series I, II, III (1925-1945)

#### CABALLO DE LOS SUEÑOS

Innecesario, viéndome en los espejos, con un gusto a semanas, a biógrafos, a papeles, arranco de mi corazón al capitán del infierno, establezco cláusulas indefinidamente tristes.

Vago de un punto a otro, absorbo ilusiones, converso con los sastres en sus nidos: ellos, a menudo, con voz fatal y fría cantan y hacen huir los maleficios.

Hay un país extenso en el cielo con las supersticiosas alfombras del arco-iris y con vegetaciones vesperales: hacia allí me dirijo, no sin cierta fatiga, pisando una tierra removida de sepulcros un tanto frescos, yo sueño entre esas plantas de legumbre confusa.

Paso entre documentos disfrutados, entre orígenes, vestido como un ser original y abatido: amo la miel gastada del respeto, el dulce catecismo entre cuyas hojas duermen violetas envejecidas, desvanecidas, y las escobas, conmovedoras de auxilio: en su apariencia hay, sin duda, pesadumbre y certeza. Yo destruyo la rosa que silba y la ansiedad raptora: yo rompo extremos queridos: y aun más, aguardo el tiempo uniforme, sin medida: un sabor que tengo en el alma me deprime.

#### DREAM HORSE

Needlessly, watching my looking-glass image, with its passion for papers and cinemas, days of the week, I pluck from my heart my hell's captain and order the clauses, equivocally sad.

I drift between this point and that, absorbing illusions, converse in the nests of the tailors: sometimes the voices are glacial and deadly—they sing, and the sorcery goes.

There's a country spread out in the sky, a credulous carpet of rainbows and crepuscular plants: I move toward it just a bit haggardly, trampling a gravedigger's rubble still moist from the spade to dream in a bedlam of vegetables.

I walk between origins, beneficent documents, chopfallen, dressed like a natural: I want the spent honey of deference, the sweets of the catechist under whose leaves drained violets drowse and grow old; and those bustling abettors, the brooms, in whose image, assuredly, sorrow and certainty join. I plunder the whistle of roses, the thieving anxiety: I smash the attractive extremes—worst of all, I await a symmetrical time beyond measure: the taste of my spirit disheartens me.

Qué día ha sobrevenidol Qué espesa luz de leche, compacta, digital, me favorece! He oído relinchar su rojo caballo desnudo sin herraduras y radiante.

Atravieso con él sobre las iglesias, galopo los cuarteles desiertos de soldados y un ejército impuro me persigue. Sus ojos de eucaliptus roban sombra, su cuerpo de campana galopa y golpea.

Yo necesito un relámpago de fulgor persistente, un deudo festival que asuma mis herencias. What a morning is here! What a milk-heavy glow in the air, integral, all of a piece, intending some good! I have heard its red horses, naked to bridle and iron, shimmering, whinnying there.

Mounted, I soar over churches, gallop the garrisons empty of soldiers while a dissolute army pursues me. Eucalyptus, its eyes raze the darkness and the bell of its galloping body strikes home.

I need but a spark of that perduring brightness, my jubilant kindred to claim my inheritance.

#### SABOR

De falsas astrologías, de costumbres un tanto lúgubres, vertidas en lo inacabable y siempre llevadas al lado, he conservado una tendencia, un sabor solitario.

De conversaciones gastadas como usadas maderas, con humildad de sillas, con palabras ocupadas en servir como esclavos de voluntad secundaria, teniendo esa consistencia de la leche, de las semanas muertas, del aire encadenado sobre las ciudades.

Quién puede jactarse de paciencia más sólida? La cordura me envuelve de piel compacta de un color reunido como una culebra: mis criaturas nacen de un largo rechazo: ay, con un solo alcohol puedo despedir este día que he elegido, igual entre los días terrestres.

Vivo lleno de una substancia de color común, silenciosa como una vieja madre, una paciencia fija como sombra de iglesia o reposo de huesos. Voy lleno de esas aguas dispuestas profundamente, preparadas, durmiéndose en una atención triste.

En mi interior de guitarra hay un aire viejo, seco y sonoro, permanecido, inmóvil, como una nutrición fiel, como humo: un elemento en descanso, un aceite vivo: un pájaro de rigor cuida mi cabeza: un ángel invariable vive en mi espada.

#### SAVOR

From counterfeit stargazers, somewhat maudlin proprieties, from the flotsam of usage borne in on us always, close at hand,

inconclusive, I have cherished an impulse, a taste of my loneliness.

From table-talk flimsy as scrapwood, with a chair's self-effacement and a language that labors to wait on a substitute will, like a lackey, milky in stamina, with last week's consistency, stagnating in air, like smog on a city.

Who can boast a more tangible patience? I am swathed in discretion, packed in like a hide with a color that gathers itself to itself like a serpent. All my creatures are born in a massive recoil; one helping of alcohol—alasl—and I wave off the day that I chose for myself, like all of the days of my world.

I live in the fullness of matter; my color is general; mute as a matriarch, my forbearance is fixed like a church and its shadow, or the quiet of bones. I brim with the deep disposition of waters primed and expectant, asleep in a lachrymose vigil.

The inner guitar that is I, keeps the catch of a ballad, spare and sonorous, abiding, immobile, like a punctual nutriment, like smoke in the air: force in repose, the volatile power in the oil: an incorruptible bird keeps watch on my head: an unvarying angel inhabits my sword.

#### **FANTASMA**

Cómo surges de antaño, llegando, encandilada, pálida estudiante, a cuya voz aún piden consuelo los meses dilatados y fijos.

Sus ojos luchaban como remeros en el infinito muerto con esperanza de sueño y materia de seres saliendo del mar.

De la lejanía en donde el olor de la tierra es otro y lo vespertino llega llorando en forma de oscuras amapolas.

En la altura de los días inmóviles el insensible joven diurno en tu rayo de luz se dormía afirmado como en una espada.

Mientras tanto crece a la sombra del largo transcurso en olvido la flor de la soledad, húmeda, extensa, como la tierra en un largo invierno.

#### **FANTOM**

How you rise from the past to me here, pallid and wonderstruck schoolgirl, at whose bidding the months, the fixed and the lengthening months, turn for admonishment.

Your eyes struggled like oarsmen in the perishing infinite with a dream's expectation and the palpable presences cast up by the sea.

Out of the faraway, where the smell of the land is unplaceable and twilight comes weeping in a shadowy semblance of poppies.

Under daylight's immobile meridian, daily the catalept drowsed, a child in the blaze of your radiance, insensate and proved, like a sword.

While deeper in shadow, from the leisurely lapse of oblivion, the flower of your solitude, tumid in earth like a lengthening winter, grows ample.

#### COLECCIÓN NOCTURNA

He vencido al ángel del sueño, el funesto alegórico: su gestión insistía, su denso paso llega envuelto en caracoles y cigarras, marino, perfumado de frutos agudos.

Es el viento que agita los meses, el silbido de un tren, el paso de la temperatura sobre el lecho, un opaco sonido de sombra que cae como trapo en lo interminable, una repetición de distancias, un vino de color confundido, un paso polvoriento de vacas bramando.

A veces su canasto negro cae en mi pecho, sus sacos de dominio hieren mi hombro, su multitud de sal, su ejército entreabierto recorren y revuelven las cosas del cielo: él galopa en la respiración y su paso es de beso: su salitre seguro planta en los párpados con vigor esencial y solemne propósito: entra en lo preparado como un dueño: su substancia sin ruido equipa de pronto, su alimento profético propaga tenazmente.

Reconozco a menudo sus guerreros, sus piezas corroídas por el aire, sus dimensiones, y su necesidad de espacio es tan violenta que baja hasta mi corazón a buscarlo: él es el propietario de las mesetas inaccesibles, él baila con personajes trágicos y cotidianos: de noche rompe mi piel su ácido aéreo y escucho en mi interior temblar su instrumento.

#### NOCTURNAL COLLECTION

I had vanquished that angel of sleep, allegorical mourner; but his travail went on and his ponderous footfall came closer, sheathed with snails and cicadas, sea-born, and brackish, smelling of fruits.

Wind rattles the months, a train whistles, fever paces the bedposts, a hard intonation of darkness, like a bottomless downfall of patches, distance repeated, wine in a nondescript color, the dusty approach and the bawling of cows.

Sometimes the black of his basket falls hard on my chest, his conqueror's pack cuts my shoulder— all his legions of brine, the armies deploying by halves overturning the heavens, overtaking the things of the sky: his breathing goes at a gallop, his step is a kiss: his infallible salts bind the eye with the might of their essences, his somber intent: he enters his providence there like a master soundlessly robed in his substances, suddenly whole; he engenders prophetical foods, without quarter.

His campaigners have often been known to me, with their weapons corroding in air, their immensity: so savage their passion for space, he has harried my heart's depths in search of it: he rules the uncharted plateaus, has danced with the doomed and the usual. His aerial acids break into my flesh in the night and I hear in my entrails his instrument stir.

Yo oigo el sueño de viejos compañeros y mujeres amadas, sueños cuyos latidos me quebrantan: su material de alfombra piso en silencio, su luz de amapola muerdo con delirio.
Cadáveres dormidos que a menudo danzan asidos al peso de mi corazón, qué ciudades opacas recorremos!

Mi pardo corcel de sombra se agiganta, y sobre envejecidos tahures, sobre lenocinios de escaleras gastadas,

sobre lechos de niñas desnudas, entre jugadores de football, del viento ceñidos pasamos:

y entonces caen a nuestra boca esos frutos blandos del cielo, los pájaros, las campanas conventuales, los cometas: aquel que se nutrió de geografía pura y estremecimiento, ése tal vez nos vió pasar centelleando.

Camaradas cuyas cabezas reposan sobre barriles, en un desmantelado buque prófugo, lejos, amigos míos sin lágrimas, mujeres de rostro cruel: la medianoche ha llegado y un gong de muerte golpea en torno mío como el mar. Hay en la boca el sabor, la sal del dormido. Fiel como una condena, a cada cuerpo la palidez del distrito letárgico acude: una sonrisa fría, sumergida, unos ojos cubiertos como fatigados boxeadores, una respiración que sordamente devora fantasmas.

En esa humedad de nacimiento, con esa proporción tenebrosa,

cerrada como una bodega, el aire es criminal: las paredes tienen un triste color de cocodrilo, una contextura de araña siniestra: I listen: for a dream of old playfellows, women beloved, and am rent by the shock of my dreaming. Speechless I tread on the pile of the carpets or bite on the blaze of his poppy, transported. O you slumbering dead who so often have danced with me, caught to the weight of my heart, toward what lusterless cities we journey!

My shadow-horse swarthily masses its bulk: we pass over crumbling casinos, pimps on the ruining stair, girls bedded down naked, football professionals encircled by wind: a velvety fruit falls into our mouths from the sky, comets and birds and conventual bells: only those who grow fat on geometry, perfect and tremulous, it may be, saw us twinkle in passing.

Bully-boys with your heads on a barrel top, in a castaway vessel, dismantled and distant, friends who live dry-eyed, and flint-featured ladies: it is midnight: all around me death beats on a gong, like the sea. An aftertaste stays in my mouth: the brine of the sleeper. Certain as judgment, condemning us each in our bones, the kingdoms of lethargy rise in their pallor: a frozen smile drowning, the eyes taking cover, like a boxer's exhaustion, dumbly dispelling a ghost with our breathing.

So, with the damp of this birth pang, with this shadowy symmetry like a wine cellar padlocked, the air, too, is criminal. Sad crocodile colors the wall and the sinister weft of the spider:

se pisa en lo blando como sobre un monstruo muerto: las uvas negras inmensas, repletas, cuelgan de entre las ruinas como odres:

oh Capitán, en nuestra hora de reparto abre los mudos cerrojos y espérame: allí debemos cenar vestidos de luto: el enfermo de malaria guardará las puertas. Mi corazón, es tarde y sin orillas, el día, como un pobre mantel puesto a secar, oscila rodeado de seres y extensión: de cada ser viviente hay algo en la atmósfera: mirando mucho el aire aparecerían mendigos, abogados, bandidos, carteros, costureras, y un poco de cada oficio, un resto humillado quiere trabajar su parte en nuestro interior. Yo busco desde antaño, yo examino sin arrogancia, conquistado, sin duda, por lo vespertino.

we tread over pulp like a carrion monster: black grapes hang enormous, a bloating of juices, clogging the ruins like wineskins.

Captain, whatever our reckoning slip the mute latchets and wait for me there:
We must feast in our funeral clothing:
a malarial patient stands watch by the doors.
Love, it grows late, and the shorelines are lost.
A day like a tatter of tablecloth drying flaps in a circle of lives and extension.
All things that live give some part of themselves to the air. Intent upon atmosphere, keeping close watch, come the beggars, the lawyers, the gangsters, the postmen, the sempstresses: a little of every vocation, a humbled remainder that works toward some destined completion within us. I have looked for it long—vanquished, no doubt, by the evenings—and go on with no arrogance.

#### ARTE POÉTICA

Entre sombra y espacio, entre guarniciones y doncellas, dotado de corazón singular y sueños funestos, precipitadamente pálido, marchito en la frente y con luto de viudo furioso por cada día de vida, ay, para cada agua invisible que bebo soñolientamente y de todo sonido que acojo temblando, tengo la misma sed ausente y la misma fiebre fría, un oído que nace, una angustia indirecta, como si llegaran ladrones o fantasmas, y en una cáscara de extensión fija y profunda, como un camarero humillado, como una campana un poco ronca,

como un espejo viejo, como un olor de casa sola en la que los huéspedes entran de noche perdidamente ebrios,

- y hay un olor de ropa tirada al suelo, y una ausencia de flores,
- —posiblemente de otro modo aún menos melancólico—, pero, la verdad, de pronto, el viento que azota mi pecho, las noches de substancia infinita caídas en mi dormitorio, el ruido de un día que arde con sacrificio me piden lo profético que hay en mí, con melancolía, y un golpe de objetos que llaman sin ser respondidos hay, y un movimiento sin tregua, y un nombre confuso.

#### ARS POETICA

Between dark and the void, between virgins and garrisons, with my singular heart and my mournful conceits for my portion, my forehead despoiled, overtaken by pallors, a grief-maddened widower bereft of a lifetime; for every invisible drop that I taste in a stupor, alas, for each intonation I concentrate, shuddering, I keep the identical thirst of an absence, the identical chill of a fever; sounds, coming to be; a devious anguish as of thieves and chimeras approaching; so, in the shell of extension, profound and unaltering, demeaned as a kitchen-drudge, like a bell sounding hoarsely,

like a tarnishing mirror, or the smell of a house's abandonment

where the guests stagger homeward, blind drunk, in the night,

and the reek of their clothes rises out of the floor, an absence of flowers—

could it be differently put, a little less ruefully, possibly?—All the truth blurted out: wind strikes at my breast like a blow,

the ineffable body of night, fallen into my bedroom, the roar of a morning ablaze with some sacrifice, that begs my prophetical utterance, mournfully; an impact of objects that call and encounter no answer, unrest without respite, an anomalous name.

#### COMUNICACIONES DESMENTIDAS

Aquellos días extraviaron mi sentido profético, a mi casa entraban los coleccionistas de sellos, y emboscados, a altas horas de la estación, asaltaban mis cartas, arrancaban de ellas besos frescos, besos sometidos a una larga residencia marina, y conjuros que protegían mi suerte con ciencia femenina y defensiva caligrafía.

Vivía al lado de otras casas, otras personas y árboles tendiendo a lo grandioso, pabellones de follaje pasional, raíces emergidas, palas vegetales, cocoteros directos, y, en medio de estas espumas verdes, pasaba con mi sombrero puntiagudo y un corazón por completo novelesco, con tranco pesado de esplendor, porque a medida que mis poderes se roían, y destruídos en polvo buscaban simetría como los muertos en los cementerios, los lugares conocidos, las extensiones hasta esa hora despreciadas y los rostros que como plantas lentas brotaban en mi abandono, variaban a mi alrededor con terror y sigilo, como cantidades de hojas que un otoño súbito trastorna.

Loros, estrellas, y además el sol oficial y una brusca humedad hicieron nacer en mí un gusto ensimismado por la tierra y cuanta cosa la cubría, y una satisfacción de casa vieja por sus murciélagos, una delicadeza de mujer desnuda por sus uñas, dispusieron en mí como de armas débiles y tenaces de mis facultades vergonzosas, y la melancolía puso su estría en mi tejido, y la carta de amor, pálida de papel y temor, sustrajo su araña trémula que apenas teje y sin cesar desteje y teje. Naturalmente, de la luz lunar, de su circunstancial prolongación, y más aún, de su eje frío, que los pájaros (golondrinas, ocas) no pueden pisar ni en los delirios de la emigración, de su piel azul, lisa, delgada y sin alhajas, caí hacia el

#### FALSIFIED DOCUMENTS

In days that deceived my prophetical genius, philatelists entered my house, and lying in wait until late at my post, they assaulted my letters, ungummed the cold kisses, kisses addressed to a seaside chalet, and the talismans warding my luck with a feminine science, a defensive calligraphy.

I lived in a cluster of houses, among people and trees and a noble perspective: pavilions of passional leafage, roots breaking the subsoil, plants bladed like oars, immediate coconut palms; and there in the midst of a spindrift of verdure, I moved with my sharp-pointed hat, my heart a pure fiction, my stride heavy with splendors; for however my virtues declined or sought out their shapes in the dust, like the dead in their graveyards, demolished, the habitual scene, the sum of the spaces disdained till that hour, the faces like gradual plants blossomed into my loneliness, multiplied terror and secrecy around me like a bulking of leaves suddenly shocked by an autumn.

Laurel and stars, a sanction of subsequent sun and a bristling humidity, quickened my studious taste for the soil and all that adorns it; content as a ruined old house with its slime or the finicking nude with her fingernails, they planted themselves in my bones—ineffectual weapons still stubbornly joined to my profligate faculties; melancholias dinted my substance with furrows; and a love letter, pallid with paper and panic, arrested its tremulous spider, that barely could weave and unweave and weave its web endlessly over. Easily, out of the moonlight—its explicit projections, and beyond, from the freeze of its axis—so that even the birds (the swallow, the goose) need not tread on that frenzied migration, out of the blues of that flesh,

duelo, como quien cae herido de arma blanca. Yo soy sujeto de sangre especial, y esa substancia a la vez nocturna y marítima me hacía alterar y padecer, y esas aguas subcelestes degradaban mi energía y lo comercial de mi disposición.

De ese modo histórico mis huesos adquirieron gran preponderancia en mis intenciones: el reposo, las mansiones a la orilla del mar me atraían sin seguridad pero con destino, y una vez llegado al recinto, rodeado del coro mudo y más inmóvil, sometido a la hora postrera y sus perfumes, injusto con las geografías inexactas y partidario mortal del sillón de cemento, aguardo el tiempo militarmente, y con el florete de la aventura manchado de sangre olvidada. unadorned and emaciate, I fell into my sorrows, as if hurt by the white of a weapon. I live bound to a singular blood: an ichor, nocturnal and tidal at once, presides on my changes and agonies; and all of the waters that flow under heaven diminish my force and the marks of my nature.

By modes as historic as this, my preponderant bones took the weight of my purposes: some dream of repose, of mansions that give on the seacoast, worked with a fateful attraction, uncertainly; drawn into those closures, ringed by that mute and most motionless chorus, constrained to that ultimate hour and its perfumes, wronged by the faulty geographies and the mortal well-wishers cemented in armchairs, I keep militant watch upon time, the foils of my hazard still stained with oblivious blood.

#### ENTIERRO EN EL ESTE

Yo trabajo de noche, rodeado de ciudad, de pescadores, de alfareros, de difuntos quemados con azafrán y frutas, envueltos en muselina escarlata: bajo mi balcón esos muertos terribles pasan sonando cadenas y flautas de cobre, estridentes y finas y lúgubres silban entre el color de las pesadas flores envenenadas y el grito de los cenicientos danzarines y el creciente monótono de los tamtam y el humo de las maderas que arden y huelen.

Porque una vez doblado el camino, junto al turbio río, sus corazones, detenidos o iniciando un mayor movimiento, rodarán quemados, con la pierna y el pie hechos fuego, y la trémula ceniza caerá sobre el agua, flotará como ramo de flores calcinadas o como extinto fuego dejado por tan poderosos viajeros que hicieron arder algo sobre las negras aguas, y devoraron un aliento desaparecido y un licor extremo.

#### BURIAL IN THE EAST

I work nights, in the ring of the city, among fisherfolk, potters, cadavers, cremations of saffron and fruits shrouded into red muslin. Under my balcony pass the terrible dead sounding their coppery flutes and their chains, strident and mournful and delicate—they hiss in a blazon of poisoned and ponderous flowers, through the cries of the smoldering dancers, the tom-tom's augmented monotony, in the crackle and fume of the woodsmoke.

One turn in the road, by the ooze of the river, and their hearts, clogging up or preparing some monstrous exertion,

will whirl away burning, their legs and their feet incandescent;

the tremulous ash will descend on the water and float like a branching of carbonized flowers a bonfire put out by the might of some wayfarer who lighted the black of the water and devoured some part of a vanished subsistence, a consummate libation.

#### CABALLERO SOLO

Los jóvenes homosexuales y las muchachas amorosas, y las largas viudas que sufren el delirante insomnio, y las jóvenes señoras preñadas hace treinta horas, y los roncos gatos que cruzan mi jardín en tinieblas, como un collar de palpitantes ostras sexuales rodean mi residencia solitaria, como enemigos establecidos contra mi alma, como conspiradores en traje de dormitorio que cambiaran largos besos espesos por consigna.

El radiante verano conduce a los enamorados en uniformes regimientos melancólicos, hechos de gordas y flacas y alegres y tristes parejas: bajo los elegantes cocoteros, junto al océano y la luna, hay una continua vida de pantalones y polleras, un rumor de medias de seda acariciadas, y senos femeninos que brillan como ojos.

El pequeño empleado, después de mucho, después del tedio semanal, y las novelas leídas de noche en cama,

ha definitivamente seducido a su vecina, y la lleva a los miserables cinematógrafos donde los héroes son potros o príncipes apasionados, y acaricia sus piernas llenas de dulce vello con sus ardientes y húmedas manos que huelen a cigarrillo.

Los atardeceres del seductor y las noches de los esposos se unen como dos sábanas sepultándome, y las horas después del almuerzo en que los jóvenes estudiantes

#### GENTLEMAN ALONE

The young homosexuals and languishing girls, the tall widows frantic with sleeplessness, the matrons still tender in years, now thirty hours pregnant, the gravel-voiced tomcats that cross in the night of my garden like a necklace of sensual oysters, atremble, encircle my lonely environs-

antagonists stalking my soul, schemers in nightgowns, exchanging long kisses, packed in like a countersign.

The luminous summer leads on: formations of lovers identically sad, deploying in twos: the lean with the plump, the merry and mournful: under elegant coconut palms, near the moon and the ocean,

the bustle of trousers and petticoat-hoops is unending, a sound of silk hosiery fondled, and the feminine nipple blazing out like an eye.

At long last, the petty employee, delivered from weekly routine, after bedding himself for the night with a novel, seduces his neighbor conclusively. They go on to a villainous movie

where all of the heroes are horses or passionate princes, and he dandles a fleecy pubescence of legs

with his sweltering fingers still rank with tobacco.

All the twilight seducers, the nights of the wedded, close over like bed sheets and bury me: all those hours after luncheon, when the green undergraduate.

- y las jóvenes estudiantes, y los sacerdotes se ma turban,
- y los animales fornican directamente,
- y las abejas huelen a sangre, y las moscas zumban coléricas,
- y los primos juegan extrañamente con sus primas,
- y los médicos miran con furia al marido de la joven paciente,
- y las horas de la mañana en que el profesor, como por descuido,

cumple con su deber conyugal y desayuna, y más aún, los adúlteros, que se aman con verdadero amor sobre lechos altos y largos como embarcaciones:

seguramente, eternamente me rodea este gran bosque respiratorio y enredado con grandes flores como bocas y dentaduras the boys and the girls, and the ministers, masturbate, and the beasts couple openly;

when the bee sniffs a blood-smell, the choleric fly buzzes, the cousin plays games with his girl-cousin queerly; when the doctor keeps furious watch on the mate of the lady

malingerer; the matutinal hour when the schoolteacher absentmindedly renders his conjugal due and sits down to his breakfast;

above all, the adulterers making love with unfalsified ardor, on bedsteads like boats, high and trim on the waters: so, tautly, eternally,

that big, breathing forest encircles me

with its raddle of towering blossoms, like mouths with their teeth:

it is black at the root; it is shaped like a shoe and a fingernail.

### RITUAL DE MIS PIERNAS

Largamente he permanecido mirando mis largas piernas, con ternura infinita y curiosa, con mi acostumbrada pasión, como si hubieran sido las piernas de una mujer divina profundamente sumida en el abismo de mi tórax: y es que, la verdad, cuando el tiempo, el tiempo pasa, sobre la tierra, sobre el techo, sobre mi impura cabeza, y pasa, el tiempo pasa, y en mi lecho no siento de noche que una mujer está respirando, durmiendo desnuda y a mi lado,

entonces, extrañas, oscuras cosas toman el lugar de la ausente,

viciosos, melancólicos pensamientos siembran pesadas posibilidades en mi dormitorio, y así, pues, miro mis piernas como si pertenecieran a otro cuerpo,

y fuerte y dulcemente estuvieran pegadas a mis entrañas.

Como tallos o femeninas, adorables cosas, desde las rodillas suben, cilíndricas y espesas, con turbado y compacto material de existencia: como brutales, gruesos brazos de diosa, como árboles monstruosamente vestidos de seres humanos, como fatales, inmensos labios sedientos y tranquilos, son allí la mejor parte de mi cuerpo: lo enteramente substancial, sin complicado contenido de sentidos o tráqueas o intestinos o ganglios: nada, sino lo puro, lo dulce y espeso de mi propia vida, nada, sino la forma y el volumen existiendo, guardando la vida, sin embargo, de una manera completa.

#### RITUAL OF MY LEGS

For a long while I've pondered them now-these big legs of mine:

with infinite tenderness, curious, with my usual passion as if they belonged to a stranger, some miraculous beauty planted deep in the well of my thorax.

Truth is, as time passes and passes,

passes over the earth and the roof and my dissolute head, time

passing and passing, at length, in my bed, it seems something more than a woman is breathing, sleeping nude at my side.

Things odd and occult change place with an absent illusion; thoughts morbid or mournful

that scatter the weight of the possible over my bedroom like pollen:

and it happens I stare at my legs as if they were joined to some bulk never really my own,

trimly and powerfully thrust in my entrails, with a blow.

Like stalks, like some winsome and feminine thing, they climb from my knees, compact and cylindrical, tight with the turbulent stuff of my life: brutish and lubberly, like the arms of a goddess, like trees monstrously clad in the guise of the human, like vast and malevolent lips, athirst and immobile, all the heft of my body waits there:

the sum of the substantive, bald, with no burden of recondite meanings,

no trachea, ganglia, viscera-

all that is purest and sweetest and gross in my singular being:

nothing but volume and form, in extension,

keeping watch on my life, none the less, with a perfect solicitude.

Las gentes cruzan el mundo en la actualidad sin apenas recordar que poseen un cuerpo y en él la vida, y hay miedo, hay miedo en el mundo de las palabras que designan el cuerpo, y se habla favorablemente de la ropa, de pantalones es posible hablar, de trajes, y de ropa interior de mujer (de medias y ligas de "señora"), como si por las calles fueran las prendas y los trajes vacíos por completo y un oscuro y obsceno guardarropas ocupara el mundo.

Tienen existencia los trajes, color, forma, designio, y profundo lugar en nuestros mitos, demasiado lugar, demasiados muebles y demasiadas habitaciones hay en el mundo, y mi cuerpo vive entre y bajo tantas cosas abatido,

con un pensamiento fijo de esclavitud y de cadenas.

Bueno, mis rodillas, como nudos, particulares, funcionarios, evidentes, separan las mitades de mis piernas en forma seca: y en realidad dos mundos diferentes, dos sexos diferentes no son tan diferentes como las dos mitades de mis piernas.

Desde la rodilla hasta el pie una forma dura, mineral, fríamente útil, aparece, una criatura de hueso y persistencia, y los tobillos no son ya sino el propósito desnudo, la exactitud y lo necesario dispuestos en definitiva. Others travel the tangible world

with no thought for their bodies, barely aware of its vigors:

fear walks the world of the words which pertain to our bodies—there is fear—

as we chatter and sanction our clothing

and speak about trousers and suits with abandon,

or of lingerie ("ladies'" garters and hosiery)

as if business suits, utterly emptied, walked abroad in the streets, haberdashery,

and the rest of the world were a clothespress, benighted and bestial.

Clothes have their existence: they have colors and patterns and forms,

and live deep—far too deep!—in our myths; there is too much shelter and furniture loose in the world, while the flesh lives defamed, in a welter of scurrilous things,

underneath, obsessed with its thralldom, in chains.

Take these knees of mine: manifest, functional, private, like knots, dividing the halves of my legs, in their crisp conformation: two kingdoms distinct in themselves, two differing sexes, are no less unlike than the halves of my legs.

Down from the knee to the foot—a tangible integer, mineral, coolly available, appears in a creaturely image of bones and persistence: the ankles like pure resolution, precise and essential, pursuing its will to the close.

Sin sensualidad, cortas y duras, y masculinas, son allí mis piernas, y dotadas de grupos musculares como animales complementarios, y allí también una vida, una sólida, sutil, aguda vida sin temblar permanece, aguardando y actuando.

En mis pies cosquillosos, y duros como el sol, y abiertos como flores, y perpetuos, magníficos soldados en la guerra gris del espacio, todo termina, la vida termina definitivamente en mis pies, lo extranjero y lo hostil allí comienza: los nombres del mundo, lo fronterizo y lo remoto, lo sustantivo y lo adjetivo que no caben en mi corazón con densa y fría constancia allí se originan.

Siempre,
productos manufacturados, medias, zapatos,
o simplemente aire infinito.
Habrá entre mis pies y la tierra
extremando lo aislado y lo solitario de mi ser,
algo tenazmente supuesto entre mi vida y la tierra,
algo abiertamente invencible y enemigo.

And those legs, there, my masculine legs, unsensual, bluff, and resilient; endowed with their clustering muscles, complementary animals—they, too, are a life, a substantial and delicate world, alert and unfaltering, living watchful and strenuous there.

So, to the ticklish extremes of my footsoles, stanch as the sun, and expanded like flowers, a troop in the wan wars of space, unflagging, resplendent—all come to an end, all that is living concludes in my feet: from there on, the hostile and alien begins: all the names of the world, outposts and frontiers, the noun and its adjective that my heart never summoned compact with consistency, coolly, emerge.

# Always

things, fabrications: stockings and shoes, or simply the infinite air: dividing my feet from the dust of the world, compelling my solitude, compounding my exile: between life and the earth that I tread, the assumption, unyieldingly there, the invincible power and the enemy agent, laid bare.

### SIGNIFICA SOMBRAS

Qué esperanza considerar, qué presagio puro, qué definitivo beso enterrar en el corazón, someter en los orígenes del desamparo y la inteligencia, suave y seguro sobre las aguas eternamente turbadas?

Qué vitales, rápidas alas de un nuevo ángel de sueños instalar en mis hombros dormidos para seguridad perpetua, de tal manera que el camino entre las estrellas de la muerte sea un violento vuelo comenzado desde hace muchos días y meses y siglos?

Tal vez la debilidad natural de los seres recelosos y ansiosos busca de súbito permanencia en el tiempo y límites en la tierra,

tal vez las fatigas y las edades acumuladas implacablemente se extiendan como la ola lunar de un océano recién creado sobre litorales y tierras angustiosamente desiertas.

Ay, que lo que yo soy siga existiendo y cesando de existir, y que mi obediencia se ordene con tales condiciones de hierro

que el temblor de las muertes y de los nacimientos no conmueva

el profundo sitio que quiero reservar para mí eternamente.

Sea, pues, lo que soy, en alguna parte y en todo tiempo, establecido y asegurado y ardiente testigo, cuidadosamente destruyéndose y preservándose incesantemente, evidentemente empeñado en su deber original.

### SIGNIFYING SHADOWS

What hope shall we cherish, what pure premonition, what definitive kiss shall we plant in our hearts or confide to the source of our wit and our indolence, supple and certain, on the waters' abiding inquietude?

What ardent and hurrying wing of that unforseen angel commanding our sleep shall feather my dream, for a changeless security,

that my path between death and the stars be a vehement flight into air, whose beginning is ageless: a day or a month or an eon?

Is it a human defect of our haunted and fainthearted lives that we ask for a sudden persistence in time, in the compass of matter?

Or a weariness, maybe—the compounding of ages that open implacably

outward: a latter-day deluge working under the moon, heartsick, in a desert of beaches and rubble?

Oh that the thing that is I, might persist in its being and ceasing

to be; that my sufferance might order itself with such iron conditions that the spasms of dying and the throes of beginning

leave the fathoms I keep for my portion, untroubled!

Whatever my singular self, in some part of me, always to continue, a sedulous witness confirmed in my being, unshaken,

forever unmaking and making identity, warily, fast in my promises, all my pledges made manifest.

#### WALKING AROUND

Sucede que me canso de ser hombre. Sucede que entro en las sastrerías y en los cines marchito, impenetrable, como un cisne de fieltro navegando en un agua de origen y ceniza.

El olor de las peluquerías me hace llorar a gritos. Sólo quiero un descanso de piedras o de lana, sólo quiero no ver establecimientos ni jardines, ni mercaderías, ni anteojos, ni ascensores.

Sucede que me canso de mis pies y mis uñas y mi pelo y mi sombra. Sucede que me canso de ser hombre.

Sin embargo sería delicioso asustar a un notario con un lirio cortado o dar muerte a una monja con un golpe de oreja. Sería bello ir por las calles con un cuchillo verde y dando gritos hasta morir de frío.

No quiero seguir siendo raíz en las tinieblas, vacilante, extendido, tiritando de sueño, hacia abajo, en las tripas mojadas de la tierra, absorbiendo y pensando, comiendo cada día.

No quiero para mí tantas desgracias. No quiero continuar de raíz y de tumba,

### WALKING AROUND

It so happens I'm tired of just being a man.

I go to a movie, drop in at the tailor's—it so happens—feeling wizened and numbed, like a big, wooly swan, awash on an ocean of clinkers and causes.

A whiff from a barbershop does it: I yell bloody murder.
All I ask is a little vacation from things: from boulders and woolens,
from gardens, institutional projects, merchandise,
eyeglasses, elevators—I'd rather not look at them.

It so happens I'm fed—with my feet and my fingernails and my hair and my shadow. Being a man leaves me cold: that's how it is.

Still—it would be lovely
to wave a cut lily and panic a notary,
or finish a nun with a left to the ear.
It would be nice
just to walk down the street with a green switchblade
handy,
whooping it up till I die of the shivers.

I won't live like this—like a root in a shadow, wide-open and wondering, teeth chattering sleepily, going down to the dripping entrails of the universe absorbing things, taking things in, eating three squares a day.

I've had all I'll take from catastrophe.

I won't have it this way, muddling through like a root or a grave,

de subterráneo solo, de bodega con muertos, aterido, muriéndome de pena.

Por eso el día lunes arde como el petróleo cuando me ve llegar con mi cara de cárcel, y aúlla en su transcurso como una rueda herida, y da pasos de sangre caliente hacia la noche.

Y me empuja a ciertos rincones, a ciertas casas húmedas, a hospitales donde los huesos salen por la ventana, a ciertas zapaterías con olor a vinagre, a calles espantosas como grietas.

Hay pájaros de color de azufre y horribles intestinos colgando de las puertas de las casas que odio, hay dentaduras olvidadas en una cafetera, hay espejos que debieran haber llorado de vergüenza y espanto, hay paraguas en todas partes, y venenos, y ombligos.

Yo paseo con calma, con ojos, con zapatos, con furia, con olvido, paso, cruzo oficinas y tiendas de ortopedia, y patios donde hay ropas colgadas de un alambre: calzoncillos, toallas y camisas que lloran lentas lágrimas sucias.

all alone underground, in a morgue of cadavers, cold as a stiff, dying of misery.

That's why Monday flares up like an oil-slick, when it sees me up close, with the face of a jailbird, or squeaks like a broken-down wheel as it goes, stepping hot-blooded into the night.

Something shoves me toward certain damp houses, into certain dark corners, into hospitals, with bones flying out of the windows; into shoe stores and shoemakers smelling of vinegar, streets frightful as fissures laid open.

There, trussed to the doors of the houses I loathe are the sulphurous birds, in a horror of tripes, dental plates lost in a coffeepot, mirrors

that must surely have wept with the nightmare and shame of it all;

and everywhere, poisons, umbrellas, and belly buttons.

I stroll unabashed, in my eyes and my shoes and my rage and oblivion.

I go on, crossing offices, retail orthopedics, courtyards with laundry hung out on a wire: the blouses and towels and the drawers newly washed, slowly dribbling a slovenly tear.

### ODA CON UN LAMENTO

Oh niña entre las rosas, oh presión de palomas, oh presidio de peces y rosales, tu alma es una botella llena de sal sedienta y una campana llena de uvas es tu piel.

Por desgracia no tengo para darte sino uñas o pestañas, o pianos derretidos, o sueños que salen de mi corazón a borbotones, polvorientos sueños que corren como jinetes negros, sueños llenos de velocidades y desgracias.

Sólo puedo quererte con besos y amapolas, con guirnaldas mojadas por la lluvia, mirando cenicientos caballos y perros amarillos.

Sólo puedo quererte con olas a la espalda, entre vagos golpes de azufre y aguas ensimismadas, nadando en contra de los cementerios que corren en ciertos ríos con pasto mojado creciendo sobre las tristes tumbas de yeso, nadando a través de corazones sumergidos y pálidas planillas de niños insepultos. Hay mucha muerte, muchos acontecimientos funerarios en mis desamparadas pasiones y desolados besos, hay el agua que cae en mi cabeza, mientras crece mi pelo, un agua como el tiempo, un agua negra desencadenada, con una voz nocturna, con un grito de pájaro en la lluvia, con una interminable sombra de ala mojada que protege mis huesos: mientras me visto, mientras

### ODE WITH A LAMENT

O girl among the roses, excitation of doves, O fortress of fishes and rosebushes, your soul is a flask of dried salts and your skin is a bell full of grapes.

I come with no presents, unluckily—only fingernails, eyelashes, melted pianos, with dreams bubbling out of my breast, powdery dreams like a flight of black horsemen, dreams full of haste and calamity.

Only with kisses and poppies can I love you, with rain-sodden wreaths, as I brood on the ash of the horse and the yellow of dogs.

Only with waves at my back can I love you: in the dubious clashing of sulphur and preoccupied water I swim up the current, past the graveyards afloat on those rivers,

watery pastures that feed on the lachrymose chalk of the tombs;

I countercross hearts under water,
wan birth dates of children bereft of their burials.
So much dying, such an endless necrology
in my destitute passions, my desolate kisses!
The waters are loosed on my head
while my forelock grows longer—
water like time breaking free of itself, black water
like a voice in the night, like the screaming
of birds in the rain, an interminable
darkness of wings wetted down, keeping watch on my bones
while I dress, while

interminablemente me miro en los espejos y en los vidrios, oigo que alguien me sigue llamándome a sollozos con una triste voz podrida por el tiempo.

Tú estás de pie sobre la tierra, llena de dientes y relámpagos. Tú propagas los besos y matas las hormigas. Tú lloras de salud, de cebolla, de abeja, de abecedario ardiendo. Tú eres como una espada azul y verde y ondulas al tocarte, como un río.

Ven a mi alma vestida de blanco, con un ramo de ensangrentadas rosas y copas de cenizas, ven con una manzana y un caballo, porque allí hay una sala oscura y un candelabro roto, unas sillas torcidas que esperan el invierno, y una paloma muerta, con un número.

I endlessly study my image in mirror and window glass and hear the pursuers still sobbing and calling my name in a woebegone voice fouled with time.

You stand tall on your feet above ground, full of teeth and the lightning.
You propagate kisses and deal death to the ant.
You moan with well-being, with the bee and the onion, you catch fire from a page of your primer.
You are all green and blue, like a sword blade, and you weave to my touch, like a river.

Come into my soul, dressed in white, like a branch of blood-roses, like a chalice of ashes.

Come close with a horse and an apple: there the sitting room waits in the dark, with a smashed candelabrum, till it be winter; a few twisted chairs and a dead dove with a band and a number.

### TRES CANTOS MATERIALES:

# 2. Apogeo del Apio

Del centro puro que los ruidos nunca atravesaron, de la intacta cera, salen claros relámpagos lineales, palomas con destino de volutas, hacia tardías calles con olor a sombra y a pescado.

Son las venas del apio! Son la espuma, la risa, los sombreros del apio! Son los signos del apio, su sabor de luciérnaga, sus mapas de color inundado, y cae su cabeza ángel verde, y sus delgados rizos se acongojan, y entran los pies del apio en los mercados de la mañana herida, entre sollozos, y se cierran las puertas a su paso, y los dulces caballos se arrodillan.

Sus pies cortados van, sus ojos verdes van derramados, para siempre hundidos en ellos los secretos y las gotas: los túneles del mar de donde emergen, las escaleras que el apio aconseja, las desdichadas sombras sumergidas, las determinaciones en el centro del aire, los besos en el fondo de las piedras.

#### FROM: THREE MATERIAL SONGS

2. Apogee of Celery

From an innocent center never dinted by sound, from the waxes' perfection, the linear lightnings break clear: doves with a spiral's propensities whirled over indolent streets in an odor of shadows and fishes.

These are the veins of the celery; the spray and the humors, the hats of the celery!

This, the celery's signature, its firefly taste, its cartography soaking in colors: its head droops, angelically green, its delicate scallops despair; its celery feet range the market-stalls in the day's mutilation, sobbing: doors close at its passing and delectable horses kneel down.

Crop-footed, green-eyed, it flows to all sides, and within it, the droplets, the secret things, sunken forever: the tunnels of ocean, whence arises the stairway proscribed by the celery, the disaster of shadows submerged, the proofs in the middle of air, the kiss in the depths of the stone. A medianoche, con manos mojadas, alguien golpea mi puerta en la niebla, y oigo la voz del apio, voz profunda, áspera voz de viento encarcelado, se queja herido de aguas y raíces, hunde en mi cama sus amargos rayos, y sus desordenadas tijeras me pegan en el pecho buscándome la boca del corazón ahogado.

Qué quieres, huésped de corsé quebradizo, en mis habitaciones funerales? Qué ámbito destrozado te rodea?

Fibras de oscuridad y luz llorando, ribetes ciegos, energías crespas, río de vida y hebras esenciales, verdes ramas de sol acariciado, aquí estoy, en la noche, escuchando secretos, desvelos, soledades, y entráis, en medio de la niebla hundida, hasta crecer en mí, hasta comunicarme la luz oscura y la rosa de la tierra.

At midnight, someone beats at my door with drenched hands in the mist and I hear a deep voice, a voice barbed with prohibitive wind, the voice of the celery: wounded, it rages against water and root and plunges its bittering sheen in my bed; the blades of its turbulent scissors strike at my breast seeking a way to my heart under smothering water.

What would you have of me, crack-bodiced guest in my funeral dwelling? What ruinous ambit surrounds you?

Tissue of darkness and light and lugubrious fibers, blind rivets, ringleted energies, river of life, indispensable threads, green branches beloved of the sun, I am here, in the night, and I listen to deathwatches, solitudes, secrets, and you come in the midst of a lowering cloud-rack, to root in my heart and grow great and make known to me what is dark in the brightness, the rose of creation.

## ALBERTO ROJAS JIMÉNEZ VIENE VOLANDO

Entre plumas que asustan, entre noches, entre magnolias, entre telegramas, entre el viento del Sur y el Oeste marino, vienes volando.

Bajo las tumbas, bajo las cenizas, bajo los caracoles congelados, bajo las últimas aguas terrestres, vienes volando.

Más abajo, entre niñas sumergidas, y plantas ciegas, y pescados rotos, más abajo, entre nubes otra vez, vienes volando.

Más allá de la sangre y de los huesos, más allá del pan, más allá del vino, más allá del fuego, vienes volando.

Más allá del vinagre y de la muerte, entre putrefacciones y violetas, con tu celeste voz y tus zapatos húmedos, vienes volando.

Sobre diputaciones y farmacias, y ruedas, y abogados, y navíos, y dientes rojos recién arrancados, vienes volando.

### ALBERTO ROJAS JIMÉNEZ\* COMES FLYING

Between terrified feathers, between nights and magnolias and telegrams, between southerly winds and winds from the sea blowing West,

you come flying.

Under grave-plots and ashes, under the ice on the snail, under the remotest terrestrial waters, you come flying.

Deeper still, between girls under fathoms of water, blind plants and a litter of fish heads, deeper, still deeper, among clouds once again you come flying.

Further than blood or than bones, further than bread; beyond wines, conflagrations,

you come flying.

Beyond vinegar's sting and mortality, between canker and violets, in your heavenly voice, with the wet on your shoes, you come flying.

Over drugstores, committees, over lawyers and navies, wheels and the reddened extraction of teeth, you come flying.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup>Poet, contemporary and friend of Neruda during their school years in Santiago; he met his death by drowning.

Sobre ciudades de tejado hundido en que grandes mujeres se destrenzan con anchas manos y peines perdidos, vienes volando.

Junto a bodegas donde el vino crece con tibias manos turbias, en silencio, con lentas manos de madera roja, vienes volando.

Entre aviadores desaparecidos, al lado de canales y de sombras, al lado de azucenas enterradas, vienes volando.

Entre botellas de color amargo, entre anillos de anís y desventura, levantando las manos y llorando, vienes volando.

Sobre dentistas y congregaciones, sobre cines, y túneles y orejas, con traje nuevo y ojos extinguidos, vienes volando.

Sobre tu cementerio sin paredes donde los marineros se extravían, mientras la lluvia de tu muerte cae, vienes volando.

Mientras la lluvia de tus dedos cae, mientras la lluvia de tus huesos cae, mientras tu médula y tu risa caen, vienes volando. Over cities with roofs under water where notable ladies uncouple the braids of their hair with lost combs in the span of their hands you come flying.

Close to the ripening wine in the cellars, with hands tepid and turbid, quiet, with gradual, wooden, red hands you come flying.

Among vanishing airmen
by the banks of canals and the shadows,
beside lilies now buried,
you come flying.

Among bitter-hued bottles, rings of anise and accidents, lamenting and lifting your hands, you come flying.

Over dentists and parishes, cinemas, tunnels, and ears, in your newly bought suit, with your eyeballs effaced, you come flying.

Over that graveyard unmarked by a wall, where even the mariner founders, while the rains of your death fall, you come flying.

While the rain of your fingertips falls, while the rain of your bones falls, and your laughter and marrow fall down, you come flying.

Sobre las piedras en que te derrites, corriendo, invierno abajo, tiempo abajo, mientras tu corazón desciende en gotas, vienes volando.

No estás allí, rodeado de cemento, y negros corazones de notarios, y enfurecidos huesos de jinetes: vienes volando.

Oh amapola marina, oh deudo mío, oh guitarrero vestido de abejas, no es verdad tanta sombra en tus cabellos: vienes volando.

No es verdad tanta sombra persiguiéndote, no es verdad tantas golondrinas muertas, tanta región oscura con lamentos: vienes volando.

El viento negro de Valparaíso abre sus alas de carbón y espuma para barrer el cielo donde pasas: vienes volando.

Hay vapores, y un frío de mar muerto, y silbatos, y meses, y un olor de mañana lloviendo y peces sucios: vienes volando.

Hay ron, tú y yo, y mi alma donde lloro, y nadie, y nada, sino una escalera de peldaños quebrados, y un paraguas: vienes volando. Over the flint into which you dissolve, flowing fast under time, under winter, while your heart falls in droplets, you come flying.

You are no longer there in that ring of cement, hemmed in by the black-hearted notaries or the horseman's maniacal bones:

you come flying.

Oh, sea-poppy, my kinsman, bee-clothed guitarist, all the shadows that blacken your hair are a lie: you come flying.

All the shades that pursue you, a lie; all the death-stricken swallows, a lie; all the darkening zone of lament: you come flying.

A black wind from Valparaiso spreads the charcoal and foam of its wings to measure the sky where you pass: you come flying.

There are mists and the chill of dead water, and whistles and months and the smell of the rain in the morning and the swill of the fishes: you come flying.

There's rum, too, between us, you and I and the soul that I mourn in, and nobody, nothing at all but a staircase with all the treads broken, and a single umbrella: you come flying.

Allí está el mar. Bajo de noche y te oigo venir volando bajo el mar sin nadie, bajo el mar que me habita, oscurecido: vienes volando.

Oigo tus alas y tu lento vuelo, y el agua de los muertos me golpea como palomas ciegas y mojadas: vienes volando.

Vienes volando, solo, solitario, solo entre muertos, para siempre solo, vienes volando sin sombra y sin nombre, sin azúcar, sin boca, sin rosales, vienes volando. And always the sea, there. I go down in the night and I hear you come flying, under water, alone, under the sea that inhabits me, darkly:

you come flying.

I listen for wings and your slow elevation, while the torrents of all who have perished assail me, blind doves flying sodden:

you come flying.

You come flying, alone, in your solitude, alone with the dead, alone in eternity, shadowless, nameless, you come flying without sweets, or a mouth, or a thicket of roses, you come flying.

### NO HAY OLVIDO: SONATA

Si me preguntáis en dónde he estado debo decir "Sucede".

Debo de hablar del suelo que oscurecen las piedras, del río que durando se destruye:

no sé sino las cosas que los pájaros pierden, el mar dejado atrás, o mi hermana llorando.

Por qué tantas regiones, por qué un día se junta con un día? Por qué una negra noche se acumula en la boca? Por qué muertos?

Si me preguntáis de dónde vengo, tengo que conversar con cosas rotas, con utensilios demasiado amargos, con grandes bestias a menudo podridas y con mi acongojado corazón.

No son recuerdos los que se han cruzado ni es la paloma amarillenta que duerme en el olvido, sino caras con lágrimas, dedos en la garganta, y lo que se desploma de las hojas: la oscuridad de un día transcurrido, de un día alimentado con nuestra triste sangre.

He aquí violetas, golondrinas, todo cuanto nos gusta y aparece en las dulces tarjetas de larga cola por donde se pasean el tiempo y la dulzura.

## THERE'S NO FORGETTING (SONATA)

Ask me where have I been and I'll tell you: "Things keep on happening." I must talk of the rubble that darkens the stones; of the river's duration, destroying itself; I know only the things that the birds have abandoned, or the ocean behind me, or my sorrowing sister. Why the distinctions of place? Why should day follow day? Why must the blackness of nighttime collect in our mouths? Why the dead?

If you question me: where have you come from, I must talk with things falling away, artifacts tart to the taste, great, cankering beasts, as often as not, and my own inconsolable heart.

Those who cross over with us, are no keepsakes, nor the yellowing pigeon that sleeps in forgetfulness: only the face with its tears, the hands at our throats, whatever the leafage dissevers: the dark of an obsolete day, a day that has tasted the grief in our blood.

Here are violets, swallows all things that delight us, the delicate tallies that show in the lengthening train through which pleasure and transciency pass. Pero no penetremos más allá de esos dientes, no mordamos las cáscaras que el silencio acumula, porque no sé qué contestar: hay tantos muertos, y tantos malecones que el sol rojo partía y tantas cabezas que golpean los buques, y tantas manos que han encerrado besos, y tantas cosas que quiero olvidar. Here let us halt, in the teeth of a barrier: useless to gnaw on the husks that the silence assembles. For I come without answers: see: the dying are legion, legion, the breakwaters breached by the red of the sun, the headpieces knocking the ship's side, the hands closing over their kisses, and legion the things I would give to oblivion.

### LAS FURIAS Y LAS PENAS

•	•	•	Hay	en	mi	cor	azó	n	furias	y	penas	•	•	
											–Que	ve	d	o

Tú mi enemiga de tanto sueño roto de la misma manera que erizadas plantas de vidrio, lo mismo que campanas deshechas de manera amenazante, tanto como disparos de hiedra negra en medio del perfume, enemiga de grandes caderas que mi pelo han tocado con un ronco rocío, con una lengua de agua, no obstante el mudo frío de los dientes y el odio de los ojos, y la batalla de agonizantes bestias que cuidan el olvido, en algún sitio del verano estamos juntos acechando con labios que la sed ha invadido.

Si hay alguien que traspasa una pared con círculos de fósforo y hiere el centro de unos dulces miembros y muerde cada hoja de un bosque dando gritos, tengo también tus ojos de sangrienta luciérnaga capaces de impregnar y atravesar rodillas y gargantas rodeadas de seda general.

Cuando en las reuniones el azar, la ceniza, las bebidas, el aire interrumpido, pero ahí están tus ojos oliendo a cacería, a rayo verde que agujerea pechos, tus dientes que abren manzanas de las que cae sangre, tus piernas que se adhieren al sol dando gemidos,

# FROM: THE WOES AND THE FURIES

... In my heart are the woes and the furies ...
—Quevedo

You, my antagonist, in that splintering dream like the bristling glass of gardens, like a menace of ruinous bells, volleys of blackening ivy at the perfume's center, enemy of the great hipbones my skin has touched with a harrowing dew, with a tongue of water—whatever the mute winter of your teeth or the hate of your eyes, whatever the warfare of perishing beasts who guard our

whatever the warfare of perishing beasts who guard our oblivion,

in some dominion of the summer, we are one, ambushed with lips, in a cannonade of thirst.

If, in his phosphorous circuits, any have entered those walls or hewn to the center of those solacing limbs grinding a forest foliage in his teeth, crying his pleasure, I, too, have mastered the firefly blood of your eyes, with its power to strike through the knees and make fruitful, and the throats that a general silk encircles.

With the others, the hazards, the ashes, the orgies, the disruptions in air; but here, your eyes reek of the hunt, a green scintillation that bores through the bosom; your teeth open blood in the apple, legs crying and clasping the sun, y tus tetas de nácar y tus pies de amapola, como embudos llenos de dientes que buscan sombra, como rosas hechas de látigo y perfume, y aun, aun más, aun más, aun detrás de los párpados, aun detrás del cielo, aun detrás de los trajes y los viajes, en las calles donde la gente orina, adivinas los cuerpos, en las agrias iglesias a medio destruir, en las cabinas que el mar lleva en las manos, acechas con tus labios sin embargo floridos, rompes a cuchilladas la madera y la plata, crecen tus grandes venas que asustan: no hay cáscara, no hay distancia ni lierro, tocan manos tus manos, y caes haciendo crepitar las flores negras.

En dónde te desvistes? En un ferrocarril, junto a un peruano rojo o con un segador, entre terrones, a la violenta luz del trigo?

O corres con ciertos abogados de mirada terrible largamente desnuda, a la orilla del agua de la noche?

Yo persigo como en un túnel roto, en otro extremo carne y besos que debo olvidar injustamente, y en las aguas de espaldas, cuando ya los espejos avivan el abismo, cuando la fatiga, los sórdidos relojes golpean a la puerta de hoteles suburbanos, y cae la flor de papel pintado, y de terciopelo cagado por las ratas y la cama

mother-ot-pearl in your nipples, butterfly feet like fangs in a funnel that grope for the darkness, a whiplash of roses and perfume—yet more than that! something more than that, something other, something under your eyelids, on the other side of the sky, something under the clothes and the voyages, the streets where a bypasser urinates;

you prefigure the bodies

in the bitter cathedrals halfway to ruin, in cabins the ocean lifts up

in its hand, you lie in your ambush, your lips no less flourishing,

you splinter the wood and the silver with dagger-thrusts, your big veins grow great and more terrible: distance and metal, the sheath of the pellicle are not proof against it; hands touch your hands, and you tumble to earth while the black petals crackle.

Where do you loosen your clothing?
On a train, for a florid Peruvian?
Is it a harvester, under the hummocks, in the violent light of the wheat?
Do you race, mother-naked, with those sinister lawyers through the watery night of the beaches?

, ,

I follow you into that other extreme, like a wreckage of tunnels:

kisses and flesh I would put out of memory, wrongfully; over watery shoulders, while the looking glass stirs the abyss, and the niggardly clocks and the weariness beat at the door of suburban hotels, when the nosegays of paint-dabbled paper have fallen and rats fouled the velvets,

cien veces ocupada por miserables parejas, cuando todo me dice que un día ha terminado, tú y yo hemos estado juntos derribando cuerpos, construyendo una casa que no dura ni muere, tú y yo hemos corrido juntos un mismo río con encadenadas bocas llenas de sal y sangre, tú y yo hemos hecho temblar otra vez las luces verdes y hemos solicitado de nuevo las grandes cenizas.

Recuerdo sólo un día que tal vez nunca me fué destinado, era un día incesante, sin orígenes. Jueves. Yo era un hombre transportado al acaso con una mujer hallada vagamente, nos desnudamos como para morir o nadar o envejecer y nos metimos uno dentro del otro, ella rodeándome como un agujero, yo quebrantándola como quien golpea una campana, pues ella era el sonido que me hería y la cúpula dura decidida a temblar.

Era una sorda ciencia con cabello y cavernas y machacando puntas de médula y dulzura he rodado a las grandes coronas genitales entre piedras y asuntos sometidos. Este es un cuento de puertos adonde llega uno, al azar, y sube a las colinas, suceden tantas cosas.

when the bedstead has sagged for the woebegone couples a hundred

times over, and everything tells me the day has undone itself—

you and I remain joined to each other, overturning the corpses,

building a house neither dead nor enduring, you and I have sped down an identical river together, mouth linked over mouth, full of blood drops and brine;

we have shaken the green scintillations again, you and I, and invoked the great ashes anew.

A day never meant for me,
maybe, stays with my memory: one
whose beginning was nowhere
and endless. A Thursday.
I was that man whom hazard had joined
with a woman in uncertain encounter.
We stripped to the skin, as if
to prepare for a death or a swim, or grow old,
and forced ourselves into ourselves, one through the other.
She circled me there like a pitfall
while I stove through her flesh as a
man beats a bell;
yet she was the sound that broke open my body,
the obdurate cupola that willed its vibration.

A blind kind of science, full of caverns and hair;
I pounded the marrowy morsels and sugars
and ringed the great wreaths of her sex
between stones and surrenders.
This is a tale of the seaports
where chance brings the traveler: he clambers a hillside
and such things come to pass.

Así es la vida, corre tú entre las hojas, un otoño negro ha llegado, corre vestida con una falda de hojas y un cinturón de metal amarillo, mientras la neblina de la estación roe las piedras. Corre con tus zapatos, con tus medias, con el gris repartido, con el hueco del pie, y con esas manos que el tabaco salvaje adoraría, golpea escaleras, derriba el papel negro que protege las puertas, y entra en medio del sol y la ira de un día de puñales a echarte como paloma de luto y nieve sobre un cuerpo . . .

Our whole lives were like that:
run into the leaves, a black
autumn descends,
run in your apron of leaves and a belt of gold metal
while the mist of the station house rusts on the stones.
Fly in your stockings and shoes
through the graying divisions, on the void of your feet, with
hands that the savage tobacco might hallow,
batter the stairs and demolish
the seals that defend all the doors with black paper;
enter the pith of the sun, the rage of a day full of daggers,
and hurl yourself into your grief like a dove, like snow on the
dead . . .

### EXPLICO ALGUNAS COSAS

Preguntaréis: Y dónde están las lilas? Y la metafísica cubierta de amapolas? Y la lluvia que a menudo golpeaba sus palabras llenándolas de agujeros y pájaros?

Os voy a contar todo lo que me pasa.

Yo vivía en un barrio de Madrid, con campanas, con relojes, con árboles.

Desde allí se veía el rostro seco de Castilla como un océano de cuero.

Mi casa era llamada la casa de las flores, porque por todas partes estallaban geranios: era una bella casa con perros y chiquillos.

Raúl, te acuerdas?

Te acuerdas, Rafael?

Federico, te acuerdas

debajo de la tierra, te acuerdas de mi casa con balcones en donde la luz de junio ahogaba flores en tu boca?

Hermano, hermano!

Todo era grandes voces, sal de mercaderías, aglomeraciones de pan palpitante, mercados de mi barrio de Argüelles con su estatua

#### A FEW THINGS EXPLAINED

You will ask: And where are the lilacs? And the metaphysics muffled in poppies? And the rain which so often has battered its words till they spouted up gullies and birds?

I'll tell you how matters stand with me.

I lived for a time in suburban Madrid, with its bells and its clocks and its trees.

The face of Castile could be seen from that place, parched, like an ocean of leather.

People spoke of my house as "the house with the flowers"; it exploded geraniums: such a beautiful house, with the dogs and the small fry.

Remember, Raul?

Remember it, Rafael?

Federico, under the ground

there, remember it?

Can you remember my house with the balconies where June drowned the dazzle of flowers in your teeth?

Ah, brother, my brother!

All

the voices were generous, the salt of the market place, convocations of shimmering bread, the stalls of suburban Argüelles with its statue como un tintero pálido entre las merluzas: el aceite llegaba a las cucharas, un profundo latido de pies y manos llenaba las calles, metros, litros, esencia aguda de la vida,

pescados hacinados, contextura de techos con sol frío en el cual la flecha se fatiga, delirante marfil fino de las patatas, tomates repetidos hasta el mar.

Y una mañana todo estaba ardiendo y una mañana las hogueras salían de la tierra devorando seres, y desde entonces fuego, pólvora desde entonces, y desde entonces sangre.

Bandidos con aviones y con moros, bandidos con sortijas y duquesas, bandidos con frailes negros bendiciendo venían por el cielo a matar niños y por las calles la sangre de los niños corría simplemente, como sangre de niños.

Chacales que el chacal rechazaría, piedras que el cardo seco mordería escupiendo, víboras que las víboras odiarían!

Frente a vosotros he visto la sangre de España levantarse para ahogaros en una sola ola de orgullo y de cuchillos! as wan as an inkwell in the sheen of the hake: oil swam in the spoons, a wild pandemonium of fingers and feet overflowing the streets, meters and liters, all the avid quintessence of living,

fish packed in the stands, a contexture of roofs in the chill of the sun where the arrowpoints faltered; potatoes, inflamed and fastidious ivory, tomatoes again and again to the sea.

Till one morning everything blazed:
one morning bonfires
sprang out of earth
and devoured all the living;
since then, only fire,
since then, the blood and the gunpowder,
ever since then.

Bandits in airplanes, Moors and marauders with seal rings and duchesses, black friars and brigands signed with the cross, coming out of the clouds to a slaughter of innocents: the blood of the children was seen in the streets, flowing easily out, in the habit of children.

Jackals abhorred by the jackal! Spittle of stones that the thirst of the thistle rejected, vipers despised by the viper!

In sight of you now, I have seen Spain uplifting its blood in a torrent of knives and defiance, to carry you under! Generales
traidores:
mirad mi casa muerta,
mirad España rota:
pero de cada casa muerta sale metal ardiendo
en vez de flores,
pero de cada hueco de España
sale España,
pero de cada niño muerto sale un fusil con ojos,
pero de cada crimen nacen balas
que os hallarán un día el sitio
del corazón.

Preguntaréis por qué su poesía no nos habla del suelo, de las hojas, de los grandes volcanes de su país natal?

Venid a ver la sangre por las calles, venid a ver la sangre por las calles, venid a ver la sangre por las calles! Turncoats
and generals:
see the death of my house,
look well at the havoc of Spain:
out of dead houses it is metal that blazes
in place of the flowers,
out of the ditches of Spain
it is Spain that emerges,
out of the murder of children, a gunsight with eyes,
out of your turpitude, bullets are born
that one day will strike for the mark
of your hearts.

Would you know why his poems never mention the soil or the leaves, the gigantic volcanoes of the country that bore him?

Come see the blood in the streets, come see the blood in the streets, come see the blood in the streets!

#### CÓMO ERA ESPAÑA

Era España tirante y seca, diurno tambor de són opaco, llanura y nido de águilas, silencio de azotada intemperie.

Cómo, hasta el llanto, hasta el alma amo tu duro suelo, tu pan pobre, tu pueblo pobre, cómo hasta el hondo sitio de mi ser hay la flor perdida de tus aldeas arrugadas, inmóviles de tiempo, y tus campiñas minerales extendidas en luna y en edad y devoradas por un dios vacío.

Todas tus estructuras, tu animal aislamiento junto a tu inteligencia rodeada por las piedras abstractas del silencio, tu áspero vino, tu suave vino, tus violentas y delicadas viñas.

Piedra solar, pura entre las regiones del mundo, España recorrida por sangres y metales, azul y victoriosa proletaria de pétalos y balas, única viva y soñolienta y sonora.

#### HOW SPAIN WAS

Arid and taut—day's drumskin, a sounding opacity: that's how Spain was: an eyrie for eagles, flat-landed, a silence under the thong of the weathers.

How, with my soul and my tears,
I have cherished your obstinate soil, your destitute bread and your peoples; how, in the deepest recess of my being, the flower of your villages, furrowed, immobile in time, lives for me, lost, with your flinty savannas magnified under the moon and the eons, gorged by a fatuous god.

All your animal loneliness, joined to your judgment, all things built with your hands in a compass of silence bounded abstractly by stones, your vintages, the suave and the coarse, your aroused and your delicate vines.

Great sunstone, unflawed in the zones of the world, Spain threaded by bloods and by metals, triumphant and blue, proletariat of petals and bullets whom nothing repeats in the world: sonorous, comatose, living.

# Canto General / General Song (1950)

#### ALGUNAS BESTIAS

Era el crepúsculo de la iguana.

Desde la arcoirisada crestería su lengua como un dardo se hundía en la verdura, el hormiguero monacal pisaba con melodioso pie la selva, el guanaco fino como el oxígeno en las anchas alturas pardas iba calzando botas de oro, mientras la llama abría cándidos ojos en la delicadeza del mundo lleno de rocío.

Los monos trenzaban un hilo interminablemente erótico en las riberas de la aurora, derribando muros de polen y espantando el vuelo violeta de las mariposas de Muzo.

Era la noche de los caimanes, la noche pura y pululante de hocicos saliendo del légamo, y de las ciénagas soñolientas un ruido opaco de armaduras volvía al origen terrestre.

#### SOME BEASTS

It was the twilight of the iguana:

From a rainbowing battlement, a tongue like a javelin lunging in verdure; an ant heap treading the jungle, monastic, on musical feet; the guanaco, oxygen-fine in the high places swarthy with distances, cobbling his feet into gold; the llama of scrupulous eye that widens his gaze on the dews of a delicate world.

A monkey is weaving a thread of insatiable lusts on the margins of morning: he topples a pollen-fall, startles the violet flight of the butterfly, wings on the Muzo.

It was the night of the alligator: snouts moving out of the slime, in original darkness, pullulations, a clatter of armor, opaque in the sleep of the bog, turning back to the chalk of the sources. El jaguar tocaba las hojas con su ausencia fosforescente, el puma corre en el ramaje como el fuego devorador mientras arden en él los ojos alcohólicos de la selva.

Los tejones rascan los pies del río, husmean el nido cuya delicia palpitante atacarán con dientes rojos.

Y en el fondo del agua magna, como el círculo de la tierra, está la gigante anaconda cubierta de barros rituales, devoradora y religiosa. The jaguar touches the leaves with his phosphorous absence, the puma speeds through the branches in the blaze of his hungers, his eyeballs, a jungle of alcohol, burn in his head.

Badgers are raking the river beds, nuzzling the havens for their warm delectation, red-toothed, for assault.

And below, on the vastness of water, like a continent circled, drenched in the ritual mud, rapacious, religious, gigantic, the coiled anaconda.

### ALTURAS DE MACCHU PICCHU

### IV

La poderosa muerte me invitó muchas veces: era como la sal invisible en las olas, y lo que su invisible sabor diseminaba era como mitades de hundimientos y altura o vastas construcciones de viento y ventisquero.

Yo al férreo filo vine, a la angostura del aire, a la mortaja de agricultura y piedra, al estelar vacío de los pasos finales y a la vertiginosa carretera espiral: pero, ancho mar, oh, muerte!, de ola en ola no vienes, sino como un galope de claridad nocturna o como los totales números de la noche.

Nunca llegaste a hurgar en el bolsillo, no era posible tu visita sin vestimenta roja: sin auroral alfombra de cercado silencio: sin altos o enterrados patrimonios de lágrimas.

No pude amar en cada ser un árbol con su pequeño otoño a cuestas (la muerte de mil hojas), todas las falsas muertes y las resurrecciones sin tierra, sin abismo: quise nadar en las más anchas vidas, en las más sueltas desembocaduras, y cuando poco a poco el hombre fué negándome y fué cerrando paso y puerta para que no tocaran mis manos manantiales su inexistencia herida, entonces fuí por calle y calle y río y río,

#### THE HEIGHTS OF MACCHU PICCHU: IV

Death, overmastering all, has beckoned me often: eye has not seen it, like brine in the wave, but invisible savors are shed on the waters, height, or the ruin of height, a plenitude halved, enormous constructions of ice and the wind.

I had come to the limits of iron, a narrowing air, to the graveclothes of gardens and stones, vacancy starred with the tread of the ultimate, and the dizzying whorl of the highway: but not with a billow's successions you come to us, Death! though the sea of our dying is ample, you strike at a gallop, explicit in darkness, and the numbers of midnight are reckoned.

No pickpocket rifler, you come to us; lacking that scarlet investiture, no advent is possible: you tread on the weft of the morning, enclosing a quietness, a heritage weeping above us, tears underground.

That tree of our being,
with its nondescript autumns (a thousand leaves dying),
that fardel of fraudulent deaths, resurrections
out of nowhere—neither earth, nor abysses of earth:
I never could cherish it.
I prayed to the drench of life's amplitude, a swimmer,
unencumbered, at the place of the sources;
until, little by little, denied by the others—those
who would seal up their doors and their footfalls and withhold

their wounded non-being from the gush of my fingers— I came by another way, river by river, street after street, y ciudad y ciudad y cama y cama, y atravesó el desierto mi máscara salobre, y en las últimas casas humilladas, sin lámpara, sin fuego, sin pan, sin piedra, sin silencio, solo, rodé muriendo de mi propia muerte.

# V

No eres tú, muerte grave, ave de plumas férreas, la que el pobre heredero de las habitaciones llevaba entre alimentos apresurados, bajo la piel vacía: era algo, un pobre pétalo de cuerda exterminada: un átomo del pecho que no vino al combate o el áspero rocío que no cayó en la frente. Era lo que no pudo renacer, un pedazo de la pequeña muerte sin paz ni territorio: un hueso, una campana que morían en él. Yo levanté las vendas del yodo, hundí las manos en los pobres dolores que mataban la muerte, y no encontré en la herida sino una racha fría que entraba por los vagos intersticios del alma.

### VII

Muertos de un solo abismo, sombras de una hondonada, la profunda, es así como al tamaño de vuestra magnitud vino la verdadera, la más abrasadora muerte y desde las rocas taladradas, desde los capiteles escarlata, desde los acueductos escalares os desplomasteis como en un otoño en una sola muerte. Hoy el aire vacío ya no llora,

city by city, one bed and another, forcing the salt of my mask through a wilderness; and there, in the shame of the ultimate hovels, lampless and fireless,

lacking bread or a stone or a stillness, alone in myself, I whirled at my will, dying the death that was mine.

### V

Not feathered with iron, portentous in dying—not that way the impoverished spawn of the hamlet inherit you, Death: they wear in the void of their skins a more urgent subsistence, a thing of their own, poor petal, a raveling cord, the mote in the bosom that never confronted its quarrel, the forehead's arduous sweat drop that never was given. Theirs is the little death, placeless and respiteless, a morsel of dying no second renewal could quicken: a bone or a perishing bell-sound razed from within. I opened a bandage of iodine, steeping my hands in the starveling despairs that would murder their dying, but nothing declared itself there in the wound, nothing came forth:

only spaces of spirit where vaguely the bitter chill blew.

# VII

O you dead of a common abysm, shades of a chasm, see where the depths lead! it is this way: as if to your magnitude's measure, death's perfectness came in the quick of a holocaust; as if, from the ravage of drillers, the crimson pilasters and staggered ascents of the aqueducts, you veered out of plumb, indivisibly dying, and crashed like an autumn. The hollow of air will lament you no longer,

ya no conoce vuestros pies de arcilla, ya olvidó vuestros cántaros que filtraban el cielo cuando lo derramaban los cuchillos del rayo, y el árbol poderoso fué comido por la niebla, y cortado por la racha. Él sostuvo una mano que cayó de repente desde la altura hasta el final del tiempo. Ya no sois, manos de araña, débiles hebras, tela enmarañada: cuanto fuistes cayó: costumbres, sílabas raídas, máscaras de luz deslumbradora.

Pero una permanencia de piedra y de palabra: la ciudad como un vaso se levantó en las manos de todos, vivos, muertos, callados, sostenidos de tanta muerte, un muro, de tanta vida un golpe de pétalos de piedra: la rosa permanente, la morada: este arrecife andino de colonias glaciales.

Cuando la mano de color de arcilla se convirtió en arcilla, y cuando los pequeños párpados se cerraron llenos de ásperos muros, poblados de castillos

llenos de ásperos muros, poblados de castillos, y cuando todo el hombre se enredó en su agujero, quedó la exactitud enarbolada: el alto sitio de la aurora humana: la más alta vasija que contuvo el silencio: una vida de piedra después de tantas vidas.

nor acknowledge the chalk of your footfalls; your cruses that filtered the sky brimming the light with a sunburst of knives, are forgotten; the power that lives in the tree is devoured by the haze and struck down by the wind. Suddenly, out of the summits, into uttermost time, the hand that it cradled has toppled.

All that spidery finger-play, the gimerack

All that spidery finger-play, the gimcrack device of the fibers, the meshes' entanglements—you have put them behind.

All that you were, falls away: habitudes, tatterdemalion syllables, the blinding personae of light.

We come upon permanence: the rock that abides and the word:

the city upraised like a cup in our fingers, all hands together, the quick and the dead and the quietened; death's

plenitude holding us here, a bastion, the fullness of life like a blow falling, petals of flint and the perduring rose, abodes for the sojourner. a glacier for multitudes, breakwater in Andes.

Now when the clay-colored hand is made one with the clay, diminutive eyelids close over, crammed with the bruise of the walls, peopled with castles, as if our humanity tangled itself in a bog—a leafy exactitude stays: the high places, holding our human beginnings: that steepest alembic encircling our silence: life like an adamant, after the fleeting of lives.

#### DUERME UN SOLDADO

Extraviado en los límites espesos llegó el soldado. Era total fatiga y cayó entre las lianas y las hojas, al pie del Gran Dios emplumado: éste estaba solo con su mundo apenas surgido de la selva.

Miró al soldado extraño nacido del océano.
Miró sus ojos, su barba sangrienta, su espada, el brillo negro de la armadura, el cansancio caído como la bruma sobre esa cabeza de niño carnicero.
Cuántas zonas

Cuántas zonas de oscuridad para que el Dios de Pluma naciera y enroscara su volumen sobre los bosques, en la piedra rosada, cuánto desorden de aguas locas y de noche salvaje, el desbordado cauce de la luz sin nacer, el fermento rabioso de las vidas, la destrucción, la harina de la fertilidad y luego el orden, el orden de la planta y de la secta, la elevación de las rocas cortadas, el humo de las lámparas rituales, la firmeza del suelo para el hombre, el establecimiento de las tribus, el tribunal de los dioses terrestres.

#### SOLDIER ASLEEP

Derelict there in the leafy encirclement, the soldier arrived. His weariness struck at him then, and he fell in the leaves and lianas at the foot of that Providence, the plumed and omnipotent God alone with His universe, still warm from the jungles.

Godhead looked long at the warrior outlandishly born from the sea water: stared long at those eyes, at the blood-clabbered beard and the sword, the black scintillation of armor, the weariness weighing like haze on the head of the bloody young man. How many zones in the darkness, till the God of the Feathers could be born and entwine on the wood and the roseate stone, the web of his volume! What a chaos of lunatic water, nocturnal ferocity, what ravening troughs for the light, unregenerate yet, what crazed fermentation of lives and destructions, what bran of fertility, before the decorum could come: the orders of plants and of clans, the cut stone disposed on the stone, the smoke of the ritual lamps, soil firm for the stance of a man, disposition of tribes and tribunes of terrestrial gods!

Palpitó cada escama de la piedra, sintió el pavor caído como una invasión de insectos, recogió todo su poderío, hizo llegar la lluvia a las raíces, habló con las corrientes de la tierra, oscuro en su vestido de piedra cósmica inmovilizada, y no pudo mover garras ni dientes, ni ríos, ni temblores, ni meteoros que silbaran en la bóveda del reinado,

y quedó allí, piedra inmóvil, silencio, mientras Beltrán de Córdoba dormía. All the flakes of the rock shook: it felt the descent of the Terror like a swarming of insects, and massing the might of its properties, sent rain to the roots, conferred with the motions of earth still unmoved and obscure in the stone of its cosmic investiture, unable to stir in a fang or a claw, a river, a temblor, a meteor's hiss through the pit of its emperies:

and remained in that place, like a silence, a stone immobility,

while Beltrán of Córdoba slept on.

# EL CORAZÓN MAGALLÁNICO (1519)

De dónde soy, me pregunto a veces, de dónde diablos vengo, qué día es hoy, qué pasa, ronco, en medio del sueño, del árbol, de la noche, y una ola se levanta como un párpado, un día nace de ella, un relámpago con hocico de tigre.

Despierto de pronto en la noche pensando en el Extremo Sur . . .

Viene el día y me dice: "Oyes el agua lenta, el agua, el agua, sobre la Patagonia?"
Y yo contesto: "Sí, señor, escucho."
Viene el día y me dice: "Una oveja salvaje lejos, en la región, lame el color helado de una piedra. No escuchas el balido, no reconoces el vendaval azul en cuyas manos la luna es una copa, no ves la tropa, el dedo rencoroso del viento tocar la ola y la vida con su anillo vacío?"

Recuerdo la soledad del estrecho.

La larga noche, el pino, vienen adonde voy. Y se trastorna el ácido sordo, la fatiga, la tapa del tonel, cuanto tengo en la vida. Una gota de nieve llora y llora en mi puerta mostrando su vestido claro y desvencijado de pequeño cometa que me busca y solloza.

### HEART OF MAGELLAN (1519)

Where am I from, I ask myself, where the devil am I from, what's today, what goes on here, in the midst of the dream and the tree and the night—huskily—and a wave rises up like an eyelid, and a day rises out of it, a flash like the snout of a tiger.

And suddenly wake up in the night and think of that Far South . . .

Day comes and tells me: Don't you hear it?
The water, the water,
slow water,
Patagonian water?
And I answer: Sure, mister, I hear it.
Day comes and says to me: Far off
there's a place where the cattle run wild, the sheep
lap the cold coloration
of stone. Don't you hear all that bawling, remember
the hurricane blue of those fingers
that circle the moon like a cup, don't you see the stampede,
the malevolent fingers of wind
touching the wave, touching our lives like the void in a ring?

I remember my loneliness there in that Strait.

The long night and the pine are with me wherever I go. The barrel bung topples its stupefied acids, weariness, the lees of my lifetime. Snow blubbers and whines at my door, a drop at a time, looking limpid and frayed, like a comet in clothing, a little one, whimpering, searching me out.

Nadie mira la ráfaga, la extensión, el aullido del aire en las praderas.

Me acerco y digo: vamos. Toco el Sur, desemboco en la arena, veo la planta seca y negra, todo raíz y roca,

las islas arañadas por el agua y el cielo, el Río del Hambre, el Corazón de Ceniza, el Patio del Mar Lúgubre, y donde silba la solitaria serpiente, donde cava el último zorro herido y esconde su tesoro sangriento encuentro la tempestad y su voz de ruptura, su voz de viejo libro, su boca de cien labios, algo me dice, algo que el aire devora cada día.

Los descubridores aparecen y de ellos no queda nada.

Recuerda el agua cuanto le sucedió al navío. La dura tierra extraña guarda sus calaveras que suenan en el pánico austral como cornetas y ojos de hombre y de buey dan al día su hueco, su anillo, su sonido de implacable estelaje. El viejo cielo busca la vela,

nadie

ya sobrevive: el buque destruído vive con la ceniza del marinero amargo, y de los puestos de oro, de las casas de cuero del trigo pestilente, y de la llama fría de las navegaciones (cuánto golpe en la noche [roca y bajel] al fondo) No one stands to the squall on the stormy expanse, the howling of air in those meadows.

I go up to them then and I say: let's get going. Somewhere South, we touch land,

put in on a sandbar; I see black vegetation, bone-dry, boulder and bracken, all of it,

islands clawed by the water and sky:

the River-Called-Hunger, the Court

of the Woebegone Waters, Cinder-Heart—and there

where a lone serpent hisses, the last of the foxes

caches his blood-spattered treasury,

digging in bloodily, I tack toward a hurricane, a sound of things breaking,

that old book of a voice, a hundred lips talking as one, a mouth

telling me something, something undone in thin air.

The discoverers come; nothing is left of them now.

Whatever took hold of our ship is remembered by water. An alien and obdurate earth holds their skulls—a noise of cornets in a panic equator. Eyeballs of oxen and men turn their void to the day, turn their finger-rings up, the implacable sound of the wake. The old sky is searching the sails;

but no one

survived it: the shipwreck remains and the ash of the truculent sailor; from the gilded encampments and the leathery compounds of wheat, pestilential, from the cold fire of voyage (what shocks from the depths in the night—vessel and rock!)

sólo queda el dominio quemado y sin cadáveres, la incesante intemperie apenas rota por un negro fragmento de fuego fallecido.

Sólo se impone la desolación.

Esfera que destroza lentamente la noche, el agua, el hielo, extensión combatida por el tiempo y el término, con su marca violeta, con el final azul del arco iris salvaje se sumergen los pies de mi patria en tu sombra y aúlla y agoniza la rosa triturada.

Recuerdo al viejo descubridor.

Por el canal navega nuevamente el cereal helado, la barba del combate, el Otoño glacial, el transitorio herido. Con él, con el antiguo, con el muerto, con el destituído por el agua rabiosa, con él, en su tormenta, con su frente.

Aún lo sigue el albatros y la soga de cuero comida, con los ojos fuera de la mirada y el ratón devorado ciegamente mirando entre los palos rotos el esplendor iracundo, mientras en el vacío la sortija y el hueso caen, resbalan sobre la vaca marina.

only the burning dominion lives on, without corpses, the unwearying work of the weather, barely scarred by a black fragmentation of flares gutting out.

Only havoc stands firm.

A globe working piecemeal on water and ice and the night, a destroyer, vastitude stricken by time and finality in its violet signature, the ultimate blues of a turbulent rainbow: the keel of my country is drowned in your shadow and the smashed rose howls in a death agony.

I call up the olden discoverer.

Once more in the channel ways a frozen provender sails, the beards with the battle-blows, the wounds of the casuals, the glacial autumns. They go with him there, with his death, with the old one, him whom the ravening waters abandoned, go on with him into his torment, into his thoughts.

Even the albatross follows and the rust of the leathery cable—eyes probing the visible—the starved rat blindly gazing at angry magnificence through a rubble of spars where finger-rings fall through the emptiness, bones slip away on the cow of old ocean.

# Magallanes.

Cuál es el dios que pasa? Mirad su barba llena de gusanos y sus calzones en que la espesa atmósfera se pega y muerde como un perro náufrago: y tiene peso de ancla maldita su estatura, y silba el piélago y el aquilón acude hasta sus pies mojados.

Caracol de la oscura

sombra del tiempo,

espuela

carcomida, viejo señor de luto litoral, aguilero sin estirpe, manchado manantial, el estiércol del Estrecho te manda, y no tiene de cruz tu pecho sino un grito del mar, un grito blanco, de luz marina, y de tenaza, de tumbo en tumbo, de aguijón demolido.

# Llega al Pacífico.

Porque el siniestro día del mar termina un día, y la mano nocturna corta uno a uno sus dedos hasta no ser, hasta que el hombre nace y el capitán descubre dentro de sí el acero y la América sube su burbuja y la costa levanta su pálido arrecife sucio de aurora, turbio de nacimiento hasta que de la nave sale un grito y se ahoga y otro grito y el alba que nace de la espuma.

# Magellan

What god comes this way? Look at the worm-eaten beard, the knee breeches bitten and soaked in the thickening air, old dog in a shipwreck: his stature already bears down with the weight of an anchor accursed,

the sea lanes at flood whistle by, a north wind attends him wetting his feet at its verge.

Sea shell

in the shadowy backward of time,

mouldering

spur, patriarch coastland lamenting, eyrie unpedigreed, headwater fouled—the dung of the Narrows commands you; except for a cry from the depths, your breast is unmarked by a cross, the white of a scream, a watery flash and a claw, a whiplash subsiding, somersaults, heels over burn.

# He sees the Pacific.

Because the sinister sea-day shall one day come to an end and the night of the hand cut its fingers away, finger for finger, till nothing remains and man is reborn: because the Captain discovers within himself, steel, and America lifts up its bubble, the coastlands heave to, in a pallor of reefs, birth-sodden, clotted with dawn, and the ship's cry is heard in the hold, and goes under, and another cry comes and morning is born from the foam.

## Todos han muerto.

Hermanos de agua y piojo, de planeta carnívoro: visteis, al fin, el árbol del mástil agachado por la tormenta? Visteis la piedra machacada bajo la loca nieve brusca de la ráfaga? Al fin, ya tenéis vuestro paraíso perdido, al fin, tenéis vuestra guarnición maldiciente, al fin, vuestros fantasmas atravesados del aire besan sobre la arena la huella de la foca. Al fin, a vuestros dedos sin sortija llega el pequeño sol del páramo, el día muerto, temblando, en su hospital de olas y piedras.

# All of them dead.

Brothers of vermin and ocean, a carnivorous planet, do you see, in the end, how the mast tree is bowed by the storm? Do you see the detritus of stone under lunatic snow, like a bolt from the squall? A paradise lost is yours again now in the end; the garrison mouthing its curses is yours in the end; your phantoms transfixed in the air kiss the tracks of the seal in the sand, in the end. In the end, to your ring fingers, naked of rings, comes the sun of the uplands, still very small, the dead day atremble, in its hospice of wavelets and stones.

#### LOS POETAS CELESTES

Qué hicisteis vosotros gidistas, intelectualistas, rilkistas, misterizantes, falsos brujos existenciales, amapolas surrealistas encendidas en una tumba, europeizados cadáveres de la moda, pálidas lombrices del queso capitalista, qué hicisteis ante el reinado de la angustia, frente a este oscuro ser humano, a esta pateada compostura, a esta cabeza sumergida en el estiércol, a esta esencia de ásperas vidas pisoteadas?

No hicisteis nada sino la fuga: vendisteis hacinado detritus, buscasteis cabellos celestes, plantas cobardes, uñas rotas, "Belleza pura," "sortilegio," obra de pobres asustados para evadir los ojos, para enmarañar las delicadas pupilas, para subsistir con el plato de restos sucios que os arrojaron los señores, sin ver la piedra en agonía, sin defender, sin conquistar, más ciegos que las coronas del cementerio, cuando cae la lluvia sobre las inmóviles flores podridas de las tumbas.

#### POETS CELESTIAL

What has it come to, you Gideans, Rilkeans, intellect-mongers, obscurantists, false existential witch doctors, surrealist butterflies ablaze on the carrion, you up-to-the-minute continental cadavers, green grubs in the cheeses of Capital—what did you do in the kingdoms of agony, in sight of a nameless humanity and their vexed acquiescence, heads drowned in the offal, the harrowed quintessence of life trampled under?

Flight and escape: nothing more. You peddled the rinds of the midden-heap, probed for a heaven of hair, pusillanimous plants, fingernail parings: 'pure Beauty," "sorcery" all that wretched device of the fainthearted averting their gazes, looking askance, disengaging their delicate eyeballs, to root in a platter of rinsings and garbage flung down to you there by the lordlings, blind to the agon that works in the stone, disclaiming all quarrels, undefended: blinder by far than the funeral wreath in the rain of the graveyard, that falls on the motionless compost of flowers, on the mounds.

### PROCESIÓN EN LIMA: 1947

Eran muchos, llevaban el ídolo sobre los hombros, era espesa la cola de la muchedumbre como una salida del mar con morada fosforescencia.

Saltaban bailando, elevando graves murmullos masticados que se unían a la fritanga y a los tétricos tamboriles.

Chalecos morados, zapatos morados, sombreros llenaban de manchas violetas las avenidas como un río de enfermendades pustulosas que desembocaba en los vidrios inútiles de la catedral. Algo infinitamente lúgubre como el incienso, la copiosa aglomeración de las llagas hería los ojos uniéndose con las llamas afrodisíacas del apretado río humano.

Vi al obeso terrateniente sudando en los sobrepellices, rascándose los goterones de sagrada esperma en la nuca.

### PROCESSION IN LIMA: 1947

There were many to shoulder the idol: multitudes packed into queues and debouching like sea water phosphorescent with purple.

Dancing and leaping and grinding their teeth on a ritual mumble, in a merging of voices: fish-fry and chicken-gut and dour tambourines.

Lavender waistcoats and lavender shoes, hats smutty with violet, avenues brimming like rivers with the sick and the pustulant that emptied their filth on the impotent glass of cathedrals. A thing inexhaustibly sad, like the incense, an extravagant rabble of ulcers wounding the onlooker, that merged with the aphrodisiacal fire and fused in a sea of the living.

I looked long: at the swag-bellied landholders, sweaty with surplices, scratching the droplets of hallowing sperm from their neckbands. Vi al zaparrastroso gusano de las estériles montañas. al indio de rostro perdido en las vasijas, al pastor de llamas dulces, a las niñas cortantes de las sacristías. a los profesores de aldea con rostros azules y hambrientos. Narcotizados bailadores con camisones purpurinos iban los negros pataleando sobre tambores invisibles. Y todo el Perú se golpeaba el pecho mirando la estatua de una señora remilgada, azul-celeste y rosadilla que navegaba las cabezas en su barco de confitura hinchado de aire sudoroso.

Saw the slovenly worm in the mountain's sterility, the Indian faces supine among platters and cannikins; mild llamas and llama-boys; the gaunt virgins that languish in sacristies, parochial schoolmasters blue-faced and hunger-marked. Narcotic with dancing, stamping their feet on invisible drums, the negroes moved on in their amethyst nightgowns. A country was beating its breastbone the whole of Peru, with its gaze on an idol, sky-blue and roseate, our lady of niceties parting their heads like a sea in her shallop of sugar-stick and swelling a sweltering air.

### LA UNITED FRUIT CO.

Cuando sonó la trompeta, estuvo todo preparado en la tierra, y Jehová repartió el mundo a Coca-Cola Inc., Anaconda, Ford Motors, y otras entidades: la Compañía Frutera Inc. se reservó lo más jugoso, la costa central de mi tierra, la dulce cintura de América. Bautizó de nuevo sus tierras como "Repúblicas Bananas," y sobre los muertos dormidos, sobre los héroes inquietos que conquistaron la grandeza, la libertad y las banderas, estableció la ópera bufa: enajenó los albedríos, regaló coronas de César, desenvainó la envidia, atrajo la dictadura de las moscas. moscas Trujillos, moscas Tachos, moscas Carías, moscas Martínez, moscas Ubico, moscas húmedas de sangre humilde y mermelada, moscas borrachas que zumban sobre las tumbas populares, moscas de circo, sabias moscas entendidas en tiranía.

### THE UNITED FRUIT CO.

When the trumpets had sounded and all was in readiness on the face of the earth, Jehovah divided his universe: Anaconda, Ford Motors, Coca-Cola Inc., and similar entities: the most succulent item of all. The United Fruit Company Incorporated reserved for itself: the heartland and coasts of my country, the delectable waist of America. They rechristened their properties: the "Banana Republics" and over the languishing dead, the uneasy repose of the heroes who harried that greatness, their flags and their freedoms, they established an opéra bouffe: they ravished all enterprise, awarded the laurels like Caesars. unleashed all the covetous, and contrived the tyrannical Reign of the Flies-Trujillo the fly, and Tacho the fly, the flies called Carias, Martinez, Ubico-all of them flies, flies dank with the blood of their marmalade vassalage, flies buzzing drunkenly on the populous middens: the fly-circus fly and the scholarly kind, case-hardened in tyranny.

Entre las moscas sanguinarias la Frutera desembarca, arrasando el café y las frutas, en sus barcos que deslizaron como bandejas el tesoro de nuestras tierras sumergidas.

Mientras tanto, por los abismos azucarados de los puertos, caían indios sepultados en el vapor de la mañana: un cuerpo rueda, una cosa sin nombre, un número caído, un racimo de fruta muerta derramada en el pudridero.

Then in the bloody domain of the flies
The United Fruit Company Incorporated
unloaded with a booty of coffee and fruits
brimming its cargo boats, gliding
like trays with the spoils
of our drowning dominions.

And all the while, somewhere, in the sugary hells of our seaports, smothered by gases, an Indian fell in the morning: a body spun off, an anonymous chattel, some numeral tumbling, a branch with its death running out of it in the vat of the carrion, fruit laden and foul.

### LOS MENDIGOS

Junto a las catedrales, anudados al muro, acarrearon sus pies, sus bultos, sus miradas negras, sus crecimientos lívidos de gárgolas, sus latas andrajosas de comida, y desde allí, desde la dura santidad de la piedra, se hicieron flora de la calle, errantes flores de las legales pestilencias.

El parque tiene sus mendigos como sus árboles de torturados ramajes y raíces: a los pies del jardín vive el esclavo, como al final del hombre, hecho basura, aceptada su impura simetría, listo para la escoba de la muerte.

La caridad lo entierra
en su agujero de tierra leprosa:
sirve de ejemplo al hombre de mis días.
Debe aprender a pisotear, a hundir
la especie en los pantanos del desprecio,
a poner los zapatos en la frente
del ser con uniforme de vencido,
o por lo menos debe comprenderlo
en los productos de la naturaleza.
Mendigo americano, hijo del año
1948, nieto
de catedrales, yo no te venero,
yo no voy a poner marfil antiguo,
barbas de rey en tu escrita figura,
como te justifican en los libros,

### THE BEGGARS

By the cathedrals, clotting the walls, they deploy with their bundles, their black looks, their limbs, ripped tins of provender, the livid increase of the gargoyles; beyond, on the obdurate unction of stone they nurture a gutter-flower, the flower of legitimized plague, in migrations.

The park has its paupers like its trees of extortionate foliage and root-forms: at the garden's margin, the slave, like a sink at the verge of humanity, content with his tainted dissymmetry supine by the broom of his dying.

Though charity bury them in the pit of their pestilence, they suffice for the human condition: they prefigure us. Our wisdom is this: to trample them under, to harry the breed in the sties of contempt, servility's creatures, wearing servility's livery—we may show them our bootsoles or interpret their lack in the order of nature. American panhandlers, '48's offspring, grandsons of church doors, I do not commend you. I will not invest you with ivory usages, the rhetorists' figure, monarchical beards, or explain you away with a book, like the others.

yo te voy a borrar con esperanza: no entrarás a mi amor organizado, no entrarás a mi pecho con los tuyos, con los que te crearon escupiendo tu forma degradada, yo apartaré tu arcilla de la tierra hasta que te construyan los metales y salgas a brillar como una espada. I efface you, and hope—
who never will enter my discipline's love,
neither you nor your pieties, nor pass to my pity.
I exile your dust from the earth
and those who contrived you to soil
a contemptible image—
till metals remake you
and you issue and blaze like a blade.

## UN ASESINO DUERME

La cintura manchada por el vino cuando el dios tabernario pisa los vasos rotos y desgreña la luz del alba desencadenada: la rosa humedecida en el sollozo de la pequeña prostituta, el viento de los días febriles que entra por la ventana sin cristales donde el vengado duerme con los zapatos puestos en un olor amargo de pistolas, en un color azul de ojos perdidos.

## SLEEPING ASSASSIN

A wine-spotted waist for the tavern-god treading the wreckage of glasses, disheveling dawn's glowing divisions— a moistening rose in the prostitute's whimper, where the wind spends the fevers of morning in a windowpane's void, and the gunman, still booted for vengeance, in a sour exhalation of pistols, and a blue-eyed disaster, sleeps sound.

### JUVENTUD

Un perfume como una ácida espada de ciruelas en un camino, los besos del azúcar en los dientes, las gotas vitales resbalando en los dedos, la dulce pulpa erótica, las eras, los pajares, los incitantes sitios secretos de las casas anchas, los colchones dormidos en el pasado, el agrio valle verde mirado desde arriba, desde el vidrio escondido: toda la adolescencia mojándose y ardiendo como una lámpara derribada en la lluvia.

### YOUTH

Acid and sword blade: the fragrance of plum in the pathways: tooth's sweetmeat of kisses, power and spilth on the fingers, the yielding erotic of pulps, hayricks and threshing floors, clandestine recesses that tempt through the vastness of houses; bolsters asleep in the past, the bitter green valley, seen from above, from the glasses' concealment; and drenching and flaring by turns, adolescence like a lamp overturned in the rain.

## LOS DICTADORES

Ha quedado un olor entre los cañaverales: una mezcla de sangre y cuerpo, un penetrante pétalo nauseabundo. Entre los cocoteros las tumbas están llenas de huesos demolidos, de estertores callados. El delicado sátrapa conversa con copas, cuellos y cordones de oro. El pequeño palacio brilla como un reloj y las rápidas risas enguantadas atraviesan a veces los pasillos y se reúnen a las voces muertas y a las bocas azules frescamente enterradas. El llanto está escondido como una planta cuya semilla cae sin cesar sobre el suelo y hace crecer sin luz sus grandes hojas ciegas. El odio se ha formado escama a escama, golpe a golpe, en el agua terrible del pantano, con un hocico lleno de légamo y silencio.

## THE DICTATORS

An odor stayed on in the cane fields:
carrion, blood, and a nausea
of harrowing petals.
Between coconut palms lay the graves, a stilled
strangulation, a festering surfeit of bones.
A finical satrap conversed
with wineglasses, collars, and piping.
In the palace, all flashed like a clock-dial,
precipitate laughter in gloves, a moment
spanning the passageways, meeting
the newly killed voices and the buried blue mouths. Out of
sight,

lament was perpetual and fell, like a plant and its pollen, forcing a lightless increase in the blinded, big leaves. And bludgeon by bludgeon, on the terrible waters, scale over scale in the bog, the snout filled with silence and slime and vendetta was born.

## HAMBRE EN EL SUR

Veo el sollozo en el carbón de Lota y la arrugada sombra del chileno humillado picar la amarga veta de la entraña, morir, vivir, nacer en la dura ceniza agachados, caídos como si el mundo entrara así y saliera así entre polvo negro, entre llamas, y sólo sucediera la tos en el invierno, el paso de un caballo en el agua negra, donde ha caído una hoja de eucaliptus como un cuchillo muerto.

## HUNGER IN THE SOUTH

Woe in the charcoals of Lota, I see:
the dishonored *chileno* like a black corrugation
rifling the bitter recesses,
dying or living, born to the pitiless cinder
in a posture of kneeling, felled
between fires and black powder,
as if worlds might create and undo themselves
for only a winter's survival of coughing,
or the step of a horse through the pitch-colored water, where
lately
the perishing knives of the stripped eucalyptus have fallen.

# QUIERO VOLVER AL SUR: 1941

Enfermo en Veracruz, recuerdo un día del Sur, mi tierra, un día de plata como un rápido pez en el agua del cielo. Loncoche, Lonquimay, Carahue, desde arriba esparcidos, rodeados por silencio y raíces, sentados en sus tronos de cueros y maderas. El Sur es un caballo echado a pique coronado con lentos árboles y rocío, cuando levanta el verde hocico caen las gotas, la sombra de su cola moja el gran archipiélago y en su intestino crece el carbón venerado. Nunca más, dime, sombra, nunca más, dime, mano, nunca más, dime, pie, puerta, pierna, combate, trastornarás la selva, el camino, la espiga, la niebla, el frío, lo que, azul, determinaba cada uno de tus pasos sin cesar consumidos? Cielo, déjame un día de estrella a estrella irme pisando luz y pólvora, destrozando mi sangre hasta llegar al nido de la lluvia!

Quiero ir

detrás de la madera por el río
Toltén fragante, quiero salir de los aserraderos,
entrar en las cantinas con los pies empapados,
guiarme por la luz del avellano eléctrico,
tenderme junto al excremento de las vacas,
morir y revivir mordiendo trigo.

Océano, tráeme un día del Sur, un día agarrado a tus olas, un día de árbol mojado, trae un viento azul polar a mi bandera fría!

## I WANT TO GO SOUTH AGAIN: 1941

Ailing in Veracruz, I remember southern weather, weather of the fleet fish in the heavens of water, silvered, in my own country. Loncoche, Lonquimay, Carahue, large on the summits, circled by roots and serenities, chaired upon platforms of rawhide and timber. South is a stallion, submerging, in the gradual trees and the dew, garlanded: green muzzle poised, dropping water, rump in the great archipelagoes, shadowed and shimmering, ceremonial coal in his bowels. Shade: will you never—finger and limb: will you never rivalries, portals and footfalls: are you never to startle the jungles, the pathways and corn tassels, mist, and cerulean cold that appoints you the range of your wayfaring, endlessly vanishing? Sky: conjure the day when I move in an orbit of stars, trampling the lights and the powders, consuming my blood till I nest in the eyrie of rain.

Permit that I pass from the Toltén's aroma of timber, from the tooth of the

sawyer,

drenched to the footsoles, to enter the little cantinas. Conduct me to light in the hazelnut's voltage, measure my length in the offal of cattle to die and be born again, biting the germens.

Bring out of Ocean

a day of the South, grapple a day from your waves, day of the watery tree: and summon the polar blue wind to melt in the cold of my colors!

### JINETE EN LA LLUVIA

Fundamentales aguas, paredes de agua, trébol y avena combatida, cordelajes ya unidos a la red de una noche húmeda, goteante, salvajemente hilada, gota desgarradora repetida en lamento, cólera diagonal cortando cielo. Galopan los caballos de perfume empapado, bajo el agua, golpeando el agua, interviniéndola con sus ramajes rojos de pelo, piedra y agua: y el vapor acompaña como una leche loca el agua endurecida con fugaces palomas. No hay día sino los cisternales del clima duro, del verde movimiento y las patas anudan veloz tierra y transcurso entre bestial aroma de caballo con lluvia. Mantas, monturas, pellones agrupados en sombrías granadas sobre los ardientes lomos de azufre que golpean la selva decidiéndola.

Más allá, allá, allá, allá, más allá, allá

### HORSEMAN IN RAIN

Primordial waters: clover and oat striving, water-walls, a meshing of cords in the net of the night, in the barbarous weave of the damp, dropping water, a rending of waterdrops, lamenting successions, diagonal rage, cutting heaven. Steeped in aromas, smashing the water, interposing the roan of their gloss, like a foliage, between boulder and water. the horses gallop in water, their vapor attending, in a lunatic milk, a stampede of doves that hardens, like water. Not day, but a cistern of obdurate weather, green agitations, where hooves join a landscape of haste with the lapse of the rain and the bestial aroma of horses. Blankets and pommels, clustering cloak-furs, seed-falls of darkness, ablaze on the haunches of brimstone that beat the considering jungle. Beyond and beyond and beyond

Beyond and beyond and beyond and beyond and beyond and beyond and beyondoord: the horsemen demolish the rain, the horsemen pass under the bittering hazelnut, the rain weaves unperishing wheat in a shimmer of lusters. Here is water's effulgence, confusion of lightning, to spill on the leaf, here, from the noise of the gallop, the water goes wounded to earth, without flight. The bridle reins dampen: branch-covered archways, footfalls of footfalls, an herbage of darkness in splintering star-shapes, moonlike, icelike, a cyclone of horses

cubierto por las flechas como un helado espectro, lleno de nuevas manos nacidas en la furia, golpeante manzana rodeada por el miedo y su gran monarquía de temible estandarte.

riddled with points like an icicle prism and born out of furor, the innocent fingers brim over, the apple encompassing terror and the terrible banners of empire, are smitten.

## CRISTÓBAL MIRANDA

(Palero-Tocopilla)

Te conocí, Cristóbal, en las lanchas anchas de la bahía, cuando baja el salitre, hacia el mar, en la quemante vestidura de un día de Noviembre. Recuerdo aquella extática apostura, los cerros de metal, el agua quieta. Y sólo el hombre de las lanchas, húmedo de sudor, moviendo nieve. Nieve de los nitratos, derramada sobre los hombros del dolor, cayendo a la barriga ciega de las naves. Allí, paleros, héroes de una aurora carcomida por ácidos, sujeta a los destinos de la muerte, firmes, recibiendo el nitrato caudaloso. Cristóbal, este recuerdo para ti. Para los camaradas de la pala, a cuyos pechos entra el ácido y las emanaciones asesinas, hinchando como águilas aplastadas los corazones, hasta que cae el hombre, hasta que rueda el hombre hacia las calles, hacia las cruces rotas de la pampa. Bien, no digamos más, Cristóbal, ahora este papel que te recuerda, a todos, a los lancheros de bahía, al hombre ennegrecido de los barcos, mis ojos van con vosotros en esta jornada y mi alma es una pala que levanta cargando y descargando sangre y nieve, junto a vosotros, vidas del desierto.

## CRISTÓBAL MIRANDA

(Stevedore, Tocopilla)

I knew you in the big bay boats, Cristóbal, on a day when the niter came down to the sea's edge, in November's scalding investiture. I remember some ravished serenity, the summits of metal and the unmoving water; and a man wetted down in his sweat, moving a cargo of snow, whose trade is with boats. For nitrate moved with the snow, shed on the harrowing shoulders, blind in the boatholds, and falling: for the stevedores, the heroes of morning, bitten with acids, death's imminent timeservers, taking the prodigal niter, unshaken. Cristóbal: this keepsake's for you a shoveler's fellowship, hearts tumid with strain; the unascending eagles into whose breathing the acids and homicide gases have entered: for all good men brought down in the street, who wheel toward the broken cross of their pampa. Cristóbal: no more of that now. This paper commends you to all, all mariners, men blackened with boats in the bay. My eyes go with yours in this stint, my force in the heft of your shovel, in a desert's subsistence—standing near to you, loading the blood and the snow and unloading it.

### HACIA LOS MINERALES

Después a las altas piedras de sal y de oro, a la enterrada república de los metales subí: eran los dulces muros en que una piedra se amarra con otra, con un beso de barro oscuro.

Un beso entre piedra y piedra por los caminos tutelares, un beso de tierra y tierra entre las grandes uvas rojas, y como un diente junto a otro diente la dentadura de la tierra las pircas de materia pura, las que llevan el interminable beso de las piedras del río a los mil labios del camino

Subamos desde la agricultura al oro. Aquí tenéis los altos pedernales.

El peso de la mano es como un ave. Un hombre, un ave, una substancia de aire, de obstinación, de vuelo, de agonía, un párpado tal vez, pero un combate.

Y de allí en la transversal cuna del oro, en Punitaqui, frente a frente, con los callados palanqueros del pique, de la pala, ven, Pedro, con tu paz de cuero, ven, Ramírez, con tus abrasadas

## TOWARD MINERAL

Then, to the brine and the gold, the buried republics of metal, on the uppermost stone I ascended: there the walls yielded, stone cleaving to stone in the shadowy kiss of the pitch.

A mating of boulders on guardian thoroughfares, earth meeting earth in a bigness of reddening grapes, fang over fang, closing a continent's denture. stockades of immaculate matter bearing a river bed's rubble, exhaustless embracement, to the thousandfold mouth of the highway.

Let us climb to the gold from the tillage. Here the flint sheer begins.

The hand's weight, the bird's weight, are one: aerial substances, the bird or the man, alike in their self-will, their flights, and their passions—an eyelash's flicker, perhaps; but an agon.

Transverse in the gold incunabula, from here into Punitaqui, Pedro, face to face in a pile driver's silence of pickax and shovel, come with your rawhide tranquillity—and you with inflammable fingers

manos que indagaron el útero de las cerradas minerías, salud, en las gradas, en los calcáreos subterráneos del oro, abajo en sus matrices, quedaron vuestras digitales herramientas marcadas con fuego. who probe in the womb of the minepit's enclosure, Ramirez: thrive there on the stairway in calcareous underground gold in whose matrix the mark of your calling persists, your hand, like a tool scored with fire, from below.

## EL POETA

Antes anduve por la vida, en medio de un amor doloroso: antes retuve una pequeña página de cuarzo clavándome los ojos en la vida. Compré bondad, estuve en el mercado de la codicia, respiré las aguas más sordas de la envidia, la inhumana hostilidad de máscaras y seres. Viví un mundo de ciénaga marina en que la flor de pronto, la azucena me devoraba en su temblor de espuma, y donde puse el pie resbaló mi alma hacia las dentaduras del abismo. Así nació mi poesía, apenas rescatada de ortigas, empuñada sobre la soledad como un castigo, o apartó en el jardín de la impudicia su más secreta flor hasta enterrarla. Aislado así como el agua sombría que vive en sus profundos corredores, corrí de mano en mano, al aislamiento de cada ser, al odio cuotidiano, Supe que así vivían, escondiendo la mitad de los seres, como peces del más extraño mar, y en las fangosas inmensidades encontré la muerte. La muerte abriendo puertas y caminos. La muerte deslizándose en los muros.

### THE POET

That time when I moved among happenings in the midst of my mournful devotions; that time when I cherished a leaflet of quartz, at gaze in a lifetime's vocation. I ranged in the markets of avarice where goodness is bought for a price, breathed the insensate miasmas of envy, the inhuman contention of masks and existences. I endured in the bog-dweller's element; the lily that breaks on the water in a sudden disturbance of bubbles and blossoms, devoured me. Whatever the foot sought, the spirit deflected, or sheered toward the fang of the pit. So my poems took being, in travail retrieved from the thorn, like a penance, wrenched by a seizure of hands, out of solitude; or they parted for burial their secretest flower in immodesty's garden. Estranged to myself, like shadow on water, that moves through a corridor's fathoms, I sped through the exile of each man's existence, this way and that, and so, to habitual loathing; for I saw that their being was this: to stifle one half of existence's fullness like fish in an alien limit of ocean. And there, in immensity's mire, I encountered their death; Death grazing the barriers, Death opening roadways and doorways.

## EL GRAN OCÉANO

Si de tus dones y de tus destrucciones, Océano, a mis manos pudiera destinar una medida, una fruta, un fermento, escogería tu reposo distante, las líneas de tu acero, tu extensión vigilada por el aire y la noche, y la energía de tu idioma blanco que destroza y derriba sus columnas en su propia pureza demolida.

No es la última ola con su salado peso la que tritura costas y produce la paz de arena que rodea el mundo: es el central volumen de la fuerza, la potencia extendida de las aguas, la inmóvil soledad llena de vidas. Tiempo, tal vez, o copa acumulada de todo movimiento, unidad pura que no selló la muerte, verde víscera de la totalidad abrasadora.

Del brazo sumergido que levanta una gota no queda sino un beso de la sal. De los cuerpos del hombre en tus orillas una húmeda fragancia de flor mojada permanece. Tu energía parece resbalar sin ser gastada, parece regresar a su reposo.

La ola que desprendes, arco de identidad, pluma estrellada, cuando se despeñó fué sólo espuma, y regresó a nacer sin consumirse.

### OPEN SEA

If, to my hands, from its havoes and bounties, the Sea might appoint me a ferment, a portion, a fruit, I would speak for that concord of distance, perspectives of steel,

evenings and airs of alerted extension your power, like a language of whiteness, O Ocean, the spoilure and rending of columns, into innocent essence brought low.

Not yet that ultimate wave in the weight of its brine, smashing on seacoast, conducing the peace of the sand that encircles a world. But power and volume concenter, capacity ranges the waters, unmoved, in the flowing aloneness, in a surfeit of lives: Time, it may be, or the goblet of motion's entirety, upgathered and brimless with death; original singlehood, visceral greens, in a charring totality.

The drowned arm, uplifting, carries only the kiss of the salt in a droplet. From the torsos of men, a humid perfume on the beaches, the soaked flower, retained; your power in a semblance of squandering force, undiminished, returned in a semblance of calm.

Your wave, giving way in a bow of identity, explosion of feathers, a trifle of spindrift, expends itself headlong and returns to its cause, unconsumed. Toda tu fuerza vuelve a ser origen. Sólo entregas despojos triturados, cáscaras que apartó tu cargamento, lo que expulsó la acción de tu abundancia, todo lo que dejó de ser racimo.

Tu estatua está extendida más allá de las olas.

Viviente y ordenada como el pecho y el manto de un solo ser y sus respiraciones, en la materia de la luz izadas, llanuras levantadas por las olas, forman la piel desnuda del planeta.

Llenas tu propio ser con tu substancia. Colmas la curvatura del silencio.

Con tu sal y tu miel tiembla la copa, la cavidad universal del agua, y nada falta en ti como en el cráter desollado, en el vaso cerril: cumbres vacías, cicatrices, señales que vigilan el aire mutilado.

Tus pétalos palpitan contra el mundo, tiemblan tus cereales submarinos, las suaves ovas cuelgan su amenaza, navegan y pululan las escuelas, y sólo sube al hilo de las redes el relámpago muerto de la escama, un milímetro herido en la distancia de tus totalidades cristalinas.

And vigor recovers its origin. No more than a ruined excess you surrender, O Sea: your burden breaks only a husk, whatever mobility freed from abundance or lifted itself from the cluster.

Farther than sea-surge your form is extended.

Ardent and ordered, like a gesture of breathing on breast and its vesture, out of isolate being, borne up into tissue of light, your meadows arise on the billow and the flesh of a planet is bared.

Substance of selfhood overflows into being. The crescent of silence is brimmed.

The goblet is shaken with salt and with honey, creation's abysm of waters, and nothing is lacking, O Sea! Here is no crater's dismemberment in the cup of the headlands, no pinnacle's emptiness, vestiges, scars, patroling an air's mutilation.

The petals of ocean contend with a planet's pulsation. The underseas granaries tremble.

A gloss on the sea-lettuce poises its menace, a swimming and swarming of schools; the mesh of the net-cord, ascending, draws up only a fish scale's extinction of lightning one wounded gradation of distance, in the crystal's accomplished perfection.

#### LEVIATHAN

Arca, paz iracunda, resbalada noche bestial, antártica extranjera, no pasarás junto a mí desplazando tu témpano de sombra sin que un día entre por tus paredes y levante tu armadura de invierno submarino.

Hacia el Sur crepitó tu fuego negro de expulsado planeta, el territorio de tu silencio que movió las algas sacudiendo la edad de la espesura.

Fué sólo forma, magnitud cerrada por un temblor del mundo en que desliza su majestad de cuero amedrentado por su propia potencia y su ternura.

Arca de cólera encendida con las antorchas de la nieve negra, cuando tu sangre ciega fué fundada la edad del mar dormía en los jardines, y en su extensión la luna deshacía la cola de su imán fosforescente.

La vida crepitaba como una hoguera azul, madre medusa, multiplicada tempestad de ovarios, y todo el crecimiento era pureza, palpitación de pámpano marino.

Así fué tu gigante arboladura dispuesta entre las aguas como el paso de la maternidad sobre la sangre, y tu poder fué noche inmaculada

#### LEVIATHAN

Ark on the waters, fury at peace with itself, derelict night of the brute, antarctic outlander, nearing and passing me—an ice field displacing in darkness—one day I shall enter your walls, I shall salvage the sunken marine of your winter, your armory.

Southward, there crackled a holocaust, black with your planet's expulsion, the domains of your silence that moved in the algae and jostled the densities.

Then, form was, alone: magnitudes sealed by a world's agitation, wherein glided your leathern pre-eminence, mistrusting the gifts of its nature: tenderness, power.

Ark of our passion, striking fire in the blackening snow, as with torches, when your blind blood was quickened an epoch of ocean still slept in its gardens, and in an immensity the disfiguring moon divided its track like a magnet of phosphor. Life sputtered, the mother-medusa, blue in the flame, a tempest of multiple wombs, and increase grew whole in its purity, a pompano's pulse in the sea.

Among waters, your congress of mastheads and spars was disposed like maternity's motion in blood, and your power of inviolate night que resbaló inundando las raíces. Extravío y terror estremecieron la soledad, y huyó tu continente más allá de las islas esperadas: pero el terror pasó sobre los globos de la luna glacial, y entró en tu carne, agredió soledades que ampararon tu aterradora lámpara apagada. La noche fué contigo: te envolvía adhiriéndote un limo tempestuoso y revolvió tu cola huracanada el hielo en que dormían las estrellas.

Oh gran herida, manantial caliente revolviendo sus truenos derrotados en la comarca del arpón, teñido por el mar de la sangre, desangrada, dulce y dormida bestia conducida como un ciclón de rotos hemisferios hasta las barcas negras de la grasa pobladas por rencor y pestilencia.

Oh gran estatua muerta en los cristales de la luna polar, llenando el cielo como una nube de terror que llora y cubre los océanos de sangre. was shed on the roots in a deluge.
Past expectancy's islands, your continent
fled, dereliction and terror
made the loneliness tremble:
even so, terror mounted the globes
of the glacial moon, terror entered your flesh
and struck at your solitude, the asylums
of dread where your lamp lay extinguished.
With you was the night: a tempestuous slime
that held you like pitch and enveloped you
while your tail's hurricano
spun the ice of a slumbering galaxy.

O enormously wounded one! fiery fountainhead lashing a ruin of thunders, on the harpoon's periphery, stained in the blood bath, bleeding all virtue away, the repose and the calm of the animal conduct you, a cyclone of fracturing crescents, to the black boats of blubber and the creatures of rancor and plague.

Great mold among crystals dead on a pole of the moon, heaven itself is encompassed, pandemonium's cloud that laments there and covers all ocean with blood.

# LOS ENIGMAS

Me habéis preguntado qué hila el crustáceo entre sus patas de oro

y os respondo: El mar lo sabe.

Me decís qué espera la ascidia en su campana transparente? Qué espera?

Yo os digo, espera como vosotros el tiempo.

Me preguntáis a quién alcanza el abrazo del alga Macrocustis?

Indagadlo, indagadlo a cierta hora, en cierto mar que conozco.

Sin duda me preguntaréis por el marfil maldito del narwhal, para que yo os conteste

de qué modo el unicornio marino agoniza arponeado.

Me preguntáis tal vez por las plumas alcionarias que tiemblan

en los puros orígenes de la marea austral?

Y sobre la construcción cristalina del pólipo habéis barajado, sin duda

una pregunta más, desgranándola ahora? Queréis saber la eléctrica materia de las púas del fondo? La armada estalactita que camina quebrándose? El anzuelo del pez pescador, la música extendida en la profundidad como un hilo en el agua?

Yo os quiero decir que esto lo sabe el mar, que la vida en sus arcas

es ancha como la arena, innumerable y pura y entre las uvas sanguinarias el tiempo ha pulido la dureza de un pétalo, la luz de la medusa y ha desgranado el ramo de sus hebras corales desde una cornucopia de nácar infinito.

#### THE ENIGMAS

You would know what the crab in its claw-holds of gold weaves.

and I answer: Ocean will say it.

You ask what the luminous bell of the tunicate awaits in the water: what

does it hope for? I tell you, it waits for the fullness of time, like yourself.

For whom does the alga Macrocystis extend its embraces? Unriddle it, riddle it out, at a time, in a sea that I know.

And the narwhal's malevolent ivory? though you turn for my answer, I tell you

you stay for a stranger reply; how he suffered the killing harpoon.

Or you look, it may be, for the kingfisher's plumage, a pulsation

of purest beginning in the tropical water.

Now, on the lucid device of the polyp you tangle

a new importunity, flailing it fine, to the bran:

you would sift the electrical matter that moves on the tines of the void:

the stalactite's splintering armor that lengthens its crystal; the barb of the angler fish, the singing extension that weaves in the depths and is loosed on the waters?

I would answer you: Ocean will say it—the arc of its lifetime

is vast as the sea-sand, flawless and numberless.

Between cluster and cluster, the blood and the vintage, time brightens

the flint in the petal, the beam in the jellyfish; the branches are threshed in the skein of the coral from the infinite pearl of the horn.

Yo no soy sino la red vacía que adelanta ojos humanos, muertos en aquellas tinieblas, dedos acostumbrados al triángulo, medidas de un tímido hemisferio de naranja.

Anduve como vosotros escarbando la estrella interminable, y en mi red, en la noche, me desperté desnudo, única presa, pez encerrado en el viento. I am that net waiting emptily—out of range of the onlooker, slain in the shadows, fingers inured to a triangle, a timid half-circle's dimensions computed in oranges.

Probing a starry infinitude,
I came, like yourselves,
through the mesh of my being, in the night, and awoke to
my nakedness—
all that was left of the catch—a fish in the noose of the wind.



# Odas Elementales / Elemental Odes Series I, II, III (1954-1957)

#### ODA A LA ALCACHOFA

La alcachofa de tierno corazón se vistió de guerrero, erecta, construyó una pequeña cúpula, se mantuvo impermeable bajo sus escamas. a su lado los vegetales locos se encresparon, se hicieron zarcillos, espadañas, bulbos conmovedores, en el subsuelo durmió la zanahoria de bigotes rojos, la viña resecó los sarmientos por donde sube el vino, la col se dedicó a probarse faldas, el orégano a perfumar el mundo, y la dulce alcachofa allí en el huerto, vestida de guerrero, bruñida como una granada, orgullosa;

#### ARTICHOKE

The artichoke of delicate heart erect in its battle-dress, builds its minimal cupola; keeps stark in its scallop of scales. Around it, demoniac vegetables bristle their thicknesses, devise tendrils and belfries, the bulb's agitations; while under the subsoil the carrot sleeps sound in its rusty mustaches. Runner and filaments bleach in the vineyards, whereon rise the vines. The sedulous cabbage arranges its petticoats; oregano sweetens a world: and the artichoke dulcetly there in a gardenplot, armed for a skirmish, goes proud in its pomegranate burnishes.

y un día una con otra en grandes cestos de mimbre, caminó por el mercado a realizar su sueño: la milicia. En hileras nunca fué tan marcial como en la feria, los hombres entre las legumbres con sus camisas blancas eran mariscales de las alcachofas, las filas apretadas, las voces de comando, y la detonación de una caja que cae;

pero
entonces
viene
María
con su cesto,
escoge
una alcachofa,
no le teme,
la examina, la observa
contra la luz como si fuera un huevo,
la compra,
la confunde
en su bolsa

Till, on a day, each by the other, the artichoke moves to its dream of a market place in the big willow hoppers: a battle formation. Most warlike of defiladeswith men in the market stalls, white shirts in the soup-greens, artichoke field marshals. close-order conclaves, commands, detonations, and voices, a crashing of crate staves.

And
Maria
come
down
with her hamper
to
make trial
of an artichoke:
she reflects, she examines,
she candles them up to the light like an egg,
never flinching;
she bargains,
she tumbles her prize
in a market bag

con un par de zapatos, con un repollo y una botella de vinagre hasta que entrando a la cocina la sumerge en la olla.

Así termina
en paz
esta carrera
del vegetal armado
que se llama alcachofa,
luego
escama por escama,
desvestimos
la delicia
y comemos
la pacífica pasta
de su corazón verde.

among shoes and a
cabbage head,
a bottle
of vinegar; is back
in her kitchen.
The artichoke drowns in an olla.

So you have it:
a vegetable, armed,
a profession
(call it an artichoke)
whose end
is millennial.
We taste of that
sweetness,
dismembering
scale after scale.
We eat of a halcyon paste:
it is green at the artichoke heart.

# ODA A UN RELOJ EN LA NOCHE

En la noche, en tu mano brilló como luciérnaga mi reloj.
Oí su cuerda: como un susurro seco salía de tu mano invisible.
Tu mano entonces volvió a mi pecho oscuro a recoger mi sueño y su latido.

El reloj
siguió cortando el tiempo
con su pequeña sierra.
Como en un bosque
caen
fragmentos de madera,
mínimas gotas, trozos
de ramajes o nidos,
sin que cambie el silencio,
sin que la fresca oscuridad termine;

así siguió el reloj cortando desde tu mano invisible, tiempo, tiempo, y cayeron minutos como hojas, fibras de tiempo roto, pequeñas plumas negras.

# A WATCH IN THE NIGHT

Nighttime: my watch dial burns on your hand like a glowworm.

I hear the stretched filament: like a dry exhalation that escapes your invisible hand.

Then your hand turning back to my breast in the dark to gather my dream to its breathing.

A delicate tooth in the watch saws at a lifetime. Somewhere in the forest the fragments are falling: splinters of wood, infinitesimal droppings, parings and nests in the leafage—but the stillness is changeless, the chill in the dark does not lessen.

So from invisible hands a wristwatch goes whittling a lifetime, a lifetime, the minutes falling like leaves, fibers of ruining time, little black plumules.

Como en el bosque olíamos raíces, el agua en algún sitio desprendía una gotera gruesa como uva mojada. Un pequeño molino molía noche, la sombra susurraba cayendo de tu mano y llenaba la tierra. Polvo, tierra, distancia molía y molía mi reloj en la noche, desde tu mano.

Yo puse mi brazo bajo tu cuello invisible, bajo su peso tibio y en mi mano cayó el tiempo, la noche, pequeños ruidos de madera y de bosque, de noche dividida, de fragmentos de sombra, de agua que cae y cae:

entonces
cayó el sueño
desde el reloj y desde
tus dos manos dormidas,
cayó como agua oscura
de los bosques,

As though in a forest
we turned with the odor of roots in our nostrils
and somewhere heard water give way
in thickening droplets
like the ooze on a grape.
The smallest of millstones
is milling the night.
The darkness is murmurous,
sifting down from your hand
and brimming the universe—
distances,
dust, and the earth:
the grindstone goes grinding,
my watch on your hand
in the dark.

Blindly
I steady my arm
for your neck, move
under the warmth and weight of your body,
and into my hands
time topples downward—
a night
of diminutive noises,
wood-noises, tree-noises,
night-noises, dividing,
fragments of darkness,
a falling and falling away of the waters.

# Till

out of your watch and the sleep of your hands the dream of the sleeper falls downward, falls darkling, a gush in the forest; del reloj
a tu cuerpo,
de ti hacia los países,
agua oscura,
tiempo que cae
y corre
adentro de nosotros.

Y así fué aquella noche, sombra y espacio, tierra y tiempo, algo que corre y cae y pasa. Y así todas las noches van por la tierra, no dejan sino un vago aroma negro, cae una hoja, una gota en la tierra apaga su sonido, duerme el bosque, las aguas, las praderas, las campanas, los ojos.

Te oigo y respiras, amor mío:

dormimos.

out of your watch to your body, out of your flesh to the countries of darkening water: time falling, time coursing us there from within.

The whole night was like that. Spaces and shadows, the turning of time and the earth: something flooding and flowing and falling away. So pass the nights of the earth, leaving no more than a vagrant black odor: a leaf falls, a drop falls to earth and the sound of it perishes; sleep falls on the woods and the waters, on the meadows, the bells, and the eyelids.

Breathe, and I hear you, my darling.

Let us sleep.

# ODA AL NIÑO DE LA LIEBRE

A la luz del otoño en el camino el niño levantaba en sus manos no una flor ni una lámpara sino una liebre muerta.

Los motores rayaban la carretera fría. los rostros no miraban detrás de los cristales, eran ojos de hierro, orejas enemigas, rápidos dientes que relampagueaban resbalando hacia el mar y las ciudades, y el niño del otoño con su liebre, huraño como un cardo, duro como una piedrecita, allí levantando una mano hacia la exhalación de los viajeros.

# BOY WITH A HARE

In fall light and the highway, a child holding up in his hands not lanterns or petals but the death of a hare.

Motorcars rake the cold causeways. Faces are glazed under windshields, eyeballs of metal and inimical ears, teeth hurrying, crackling their lightning, sheering away to the sea and the cities; and a child with a hare in the autumn, shy as a thistle seed, rigid as flint, lifting his hand to the fume of the motorcade.

Nadie se detenía.

Eran pardas las altas cordilleras, cerros color de puma perseguido, morado era el silencio y como dos ascuas de diamante negro eran los ojos del niño con su liebre, dos puntas erizadas de cuchillo, dos cuchillitos negros, eran los ojos del niño, allí perdido ofreciendo su liebre en el inmenso otoño del camino.

Nobody slackens.

It is tawny up on the ridges, on the summit, the hues of a puma, pursued. The silence goes violet. Like cinders, black diamonds, the eyes of the child and the hare, two knife-points upright on a knifeblade, two little black poniards, the eyes of a little child lost, who proffers the death of a hare in the towering fall of the road.

# ODA AL OLOR DE LA LEÑA

Tarde, con las estrellas abiertas en el frío abrí la puerta.

El mar

galopaba en la noche.

Como una mano de la casa oscura salió el aroma intenso de la leña guardada.

Visible era el aroma como si el árbol estuviera vivo. Como si todavía palpitara.

Visible como una vestidura.

Visible como una rama rota.

Anduve adentro de la casa rodeado por aquella balsámica oscuridad. Afuera las puntas

# A SMELL OF CORDWOOD

Later, when stars opened out to the cold, I opened the door.

Night:

on an ocean of galloping hooves.

Then from the dark of the house, like a hand, the savage aroma of wood on the woodpile.

An odor that lives like a tree, a visible odor. As if cordwood pulsed like a tree.

Vesture made visible.

A visible breaking of branches.

I turned back to the house in the circle of darkening balsam. Beyond, a sparkle del cielo cintilaban
como piedras magnéticas,
y el olor de la leña
me tocaba
el corazón
como unos dedos,
como un jazmín,
como algunos recuerdos.

No era el olor agudo de los pinos, no, no era la ruptura en la piel del eucaliptus, no eran tampoco los perfumes verdes de la viña, sino algo más secreto, porque aquella fragancia una sola. una sola vez existía, y allí, de todo lo que vi en el mundo, en mi propia casa, de noche, junto al mar de invierno, allí estaba esperándome el olor de la rosa más profunda, el corazón cortado de la tierra, que me invadió como una ola desprendida

of motes in the sky, like lodestones. But the wood-smell took hold of my heart, like a hand and its fingers, like jasmine, like a memory cherished.

Not harrowing pine-odor, not that way, not slashed eucalyptus, not like the green exhalation of arborsbut something more recondite, a fragrance that gives itself once, and once only, among all things visible, a world or a house, a night by the wintering water: that awaited me there, occult in the smell of the rose, an earth-heart plucked out, dominion that struck like a wave, a sundered

del tiempo y se perdió en mí mismo cuando yo abrí la puerta de la noche. duration, and was lost in my blood when I opened the door of the night.

# ODA AL ACEITE

Cerca del rumoroso cereal, de las olas del viento en las avenas,

el olivo

de volumen plateado, severo en su linaje, en su torcido corazón terrestre: las gráciles olivas pulidas por los dedos que hicieron la paloma y el caracol marino: verdes, innumerables, purísimos pezones de la naturaleza, y allí en los secos olivares, donde tan sólo cielo azul con cigarras, y tierra dura existen, allí

#### IN PRAISE OF OIL

Near the cereal hum, undulations of wind in the oat fields

a bulking of silver

the olive of rigorous kindred, a terrestrial knot at its heart: the felicitous olive stainless as though from the fingers that summoned the snail from the sea, and the dove: creation's immaculate nipple in numberless greens, in the drouth of the olive grove where only the azure, cicada and sky, endure on the obdurate cobbleel prodigio,
la cápsula
perfecta
de la oliva
llenando
con sus constelaciones el follaje:
más tarde
las vasijas,
el milagro,
el aceite.

Yo amo las patrias del aceite, los olivares de Chacabuco, en Chile, en la mañana las plumas de platino forestales contra las arrugadas cordilleras, en Anacapri, arriba, sobre la luz tirrena, la desesperación de los olivos, y en el mapa de Europa, España, cesta negra de aceitunas espolvoreada por los azahares como por una ráfaga marina.

Aceite recóndita y suprema condición de la olla, pedestal de perdices, llave celeste de la mayonesa, that prodigy there, the sheath of the consummate olive, zodiacs filling the leaves: and later, a vessel of miracle, the dropping of oil.

I have loved the dominions of oil: Chacabuco's Chilean groves, platinum plumes in the morning, a forest of feathers, on the peak's crenelations; on in Anacapri, in Tyrrhenian dazzle, aloft, the despairs of the olive; or the Spain of the map-maker's Europe, a blackening basket of olives seen among lemon leaves, like a powdery gust from the sea.

Oil for an olla's epiphany, the partridge's pedestal, keys to a mayonnaise heaven, suave y sabroso sobre las lechugas y sobrenatural en el infierno de los arzobispales pejerreyes. Aceite, en nuestra voz, en nuestro coro, con íntima suavidad poderosa cantas: eres idioma castellano: hay sílabas de aceite, hay palabras útiles y olorosas como tu fragante materia.

No sólo canta el vino, también canta el aceite, vive en nosotros con su luz madura y entre los bienes de la tierra aparto, aceite, tu inagotable paz, tu esencia verde, tu colmado tesoro que desciende desde los manantiales del olivo. the bland and the savory over the lettuce leafsupernatural, too, in the hells of the archiepiscopal mackerel. Oil in our voices, our singing assemblage intoning the might of your intimate suavity; and Castilian, that language of oil: oleaginous syllables, the needful, ambrosial words like your redolent substances.

For the olive
will sing with the wine:
the ripening light will inhabit us.
Out of earth's providence
I unbind
inexhaustible peace from the oil,
irreducible green,
the treasured excess moving down to us,
the gout welling up in the oil.

# ODA A PIES DE FUEGO

Con esos pies pequeños parecidos a abejas, cómo gastas zapatos!

Ya sé que vas y vienes, que corres las escalas, que adelantas al viento. Antes de que te llame ya has llegado, y junto a la agresiva cintura de la costa, arena, piedra, espinas, vas a mi lado, en los bosques pisando troncos, mudas aguas verdes, o en las calles andando intransitables suburbios, pavimentos de alquitrán fatigado, a esa hora en que la luz del mundo se deshilacha como

# YOU FLAME-FOOT!

Those feet of yours—pint-sized, no bigger than bees, how they eat up the shoe leather!

# Granted:

your comings and goings; you hurtle up ladders and outdistance the wind: you are there before one can call to you. Close to the punishing belt of the coastlands the rubble, the thorn and the sandyou go dogging my heels in the timberlands, striding on tree trunks through the muted green water; or you cross the uncrossable streets of suburbia, the defeated macadam of pavements at an hour when the light on a planet unravels itself like

una bandera,
tú, por calles y bosques,
a mi lado
caminas,
bravía, inagotable
compañera,
pero,
Dios míol
cómo gastas
zapatos!

Apenas me parece que llegaron en su caja y al abrirla salieron bruñidos como dos pequeñas herramientas de combate, intactos como dos monedas de como dos campanitas, y hoy, qué veo?

En tus pies dos erizos arrugados, dos puños entreabiertos, dos informes pepinos, a pennon,
everywhere close to me,
treading
pavement and forests,
tameless and tireless
wayfarer—
but
Lordl
how you eat
up the shoe leather!

For example: the shoe box has hardly arrived with the shoes. I open the shoe box! Presto! Two little weapons with a rifleman's polish, all of a piece, like a coingold of the realm; like two little bellsthen what do I see?

Two feet like a tangle of porcupines, two half-opened fists, two slovenly cucumbers, dos batracios
de cuero
desteñido,
eso,
eso
han llegado
a ser
los dos luceros
hace un mes, solo un mes
salidos
de la zapatería.

Como flor amarilla de hermosura, abierta en la barranca, o enredadera viva en el ramaje, como la calceolaria o el copihue o como el amaranto electrizado, así, mi cristalina, mi fragante, así tú, floreciendo, me acompañas, y una pajarería, una cascada de los australes montes es tu corazón cantando junto al mío, pero, como te comes los zapatos, Pies de Fuegol

two discolored and leathery amphibians: that's what we've come to— that's what becomes of two stars in a galaxy a month ago—hardly a month ago—fresh from the cobbler.

**Imagine** a blossom: it breaks in a hollow and yellows some loveliness there; a climber alive in the branches: calceolaria, copihue, electrified amaranthyou came to me that way, transparently, fragrantly, a blossomer; we traveled together. A cascade from a glacial summit, an aviary, your heart singing next to my own. Butsay, little Flame-Foot! how you eat up the shoe leather!

#### ODA AL BUZO

Salió el hombre de goma de los mares.

Sentado
parecía
rey
redondo
del agua,
pulpo
secreto
y gordo,
talle
tronchado
de invisible alga.

Del oceánico bote bajaron pescadores harapientos, morados por la noche en el océano, bajaron levantando largos peces fosfóricos como fuego voltaico, los erizos cayendo amontonaron sobre las arenas el rencor quebradizo de sus púas.

### DIVER

The rubber man rose from the sea.

Seated,
he seemed
like a globular
king
of the waters,
a bulbous
and secretive
cuttlefish,
the truncated
device
of invisible algae.

From their boats, in mid-ocean, the fishermen sink in their rags, blue with the night of the ocean: around them arise the great fish of phosphor, a voltage of fire. they go under: around them, the sea urchins tumble, piling the silt with the splintering spite of their hackles.

El hombre submarino sacó sus grandes piernas, torpemente tambaleó entre intestinos horribles de pescado. Las gaviotas cortaban el aire libre con sus veloces tijeras, y el buzo como un ebrio caminaba en la playa, torpe y hosco, enfundado no sólo en su vestido de cetáceo, sino aún medio mar y medio tierra, sin saber cómo dirigir los inmensos pies de goma.

Allí estaba naciendo.
Se desprendió
del mar
como del útero,
inocente,
y era sombrío, débil
y salvaje,
como
un
recién
nacido.

The underseas man thrashes the breadth of his legs; languidly reels in the horror of fish gut: gulls slash the limitless air with their hurrying scissors; the diver toils through the sand like a drunkard, swarthy and comatose, locked into his clothing, cetacean, half-earthen, half-ocean, going nowhere, inept in the rubbery bulk of his feet.

He goes on to his birth-throes. The ocean gives way like a womb to this innocent: he floats sullen and strengthless and barbarous, like the newly born.

Cada vez le tocaba nacer para las aguas o la arena. Cada día bajando de la proa a las crueles corrientes, al frío del Pacífico chileno, el buzo tenía que nacer, hacerse monstruo, sombra avanzar con cautela, aprender a moverse con lentitud de luna submarina, tener apenas pensamientos de agua, recoger los hostiles frutos, estalactitas, o tesoros de la profunda soledad

Time after time he takes hold of the water, the sand, and is born again. Submerging each day to the hold of the pitiless current, Pacific and Chilean cold. the diver must practice his birth again, make himself monstrous and tentative, displace himself fearfully, grow wise in his slothful mobility, like an underseas moon. Even his thinking must merge with the water: he harvests inimical fruits, stalactites, treasures, in the pit of a solitude

de aquellos mojados cementerios, como si recogiera coliflores, y cuando como un globo de aire negro subía hacia la luz, hacia su Mercedes, su Clara, su Rosaura, era difícil andar, pensar, comer de nuevo. Todo era comienzo para aquel hombre tan grande todavía inconcluso, tambaleante entre la oscuridad de dos abismos.

Como todas las cosas que aprendí en mi existencia, viéndolas, conociendo, aprendí que ser buzo es un oficio difícil? No! Infinito.

drenched with the wash of those graveyardsas others would turn up a cauliflower, he comes up to the lightblack air in a bubbleto Mercedes, Clara, Rosaura. It is painful to walk like a man again, to think as a man thinks, to eat again. All is beginning again for the bulking, ambiguous man staggering still in the dark of two different abysses.

This I know—
do I not?—
as I know my existence: all
things I have seen and considered.
The way of the diver
is hazardous? The vocation
is
infinite.

### ODA AL LIMÓN

De aquellos azahares desatados por la luz de la luna, de aquel olor de amor exasperado, hundido en la fragancia, salió del limonero el amarillo, desde su planetario bajaron a la tierra los limones.

Tierna mercadería! Se llenaron las costas, los mercados. de luz, de oro silvestre, y abrimos dos mitades de milagro, ácido congelado que corría desde los hemisferios de una estrella, y el licor más profundo de la naturaleza, intransferible, vivo, irreductible nació de la frescura del limón. de su casa fragante, de su ácida, secreta simetría.

#### A LEMON

Out of lemon flowers loosed on the moonlight, love's lashed and insatiable essences, sodden with fragrance, the lemon tree's yellow emerges, the lemons move down from the tree's planetarium.

Delicate merchandise! The harbors are big with it bazaars for the light and the barbarous gold. We open the halves of a miracle, and a clotting of acids brims into the starry divisions: creation's original juices, irreducible, changeless, alive: so the freshness lives on in a lemon, in the sweet-smelling house of the rind, the proportions, arcane and acerb.

En el limón cortaron los cuchillos una pequeña catedral, el ábside escondido abrió a la luz los ácidos vitrales y en gotas resbalaron los topacios, los altares, la fresca arquitectura.

Así, cuando tu mano empuña el hemisferio del cortado limón sobre tu plato un universo de oro derramaste, una copa amarilla con milagros, uno de los pezones olorosos del pecho de la tierra, el rayo de la luz que se hizo fruta, el fuego diminuto de un planeta.

Cutting the lemon the knife leaves a little cathedral: alcoves unguessed by the eye that open acidulous glass to the light; topazes riding the droplets, altars, aromatic façades.

So, while the hand holds the cut of the lemon, half a world on a trencher, the gold of the universe wells to your touch: a cup yellow with miracles, a breast and a nipple perfuming the earth; a flashing made fruitage, the diminutive fire of a planet.

## ODA AL DOBLE OTOÑO

Está viviendo el mar mientras la tierra no tiene movimiento: el grave otoño de la costa cubre con su muerte la luz inmóvil de la tierra, pero el mar errante, el mar sigue viviendo.

No hay una sola gota de sueño, muerte o noche en su combate: todas las máquinas del agua, las azules calderas, las crepitantes fábricas del viento coronando las olas con

### DOUBLE AUTUMN

Though the sea lives, the land keeps immobile: the coastland's disconsolate autumns that conceal in their dying the immutable light of the earth; but the sea, the sea in its vag .cy, goes on with its living.

Not a droplet is lost upon dreaming, not death orthe night, in that warfare: all the machines of the water, the caldrons of azure, the crackling contexture of sea-wind that garlands the wave with

sus violentas flores,
todo
vivo
como
las vísceras
del toro,
como
el fuego
en la música,
como
el acto
de la unión amorosa.

Siempre fueron oscuros los trabajos del otoño en la tierra; inmóviles raíces, semillas sumergidas en el tiempo y arriba sólo la corola del frío, un vago aroma de hojas disolviéndose en oro: nada. Una hacha en el bosque rompe un tronco de cristales,

its violent gardens—
all
lives
as
the viscera lives
in the bull,
like fire
lives in music,
like
the coupling
and thrust of desire.

The labors of autumn were always occult in the ground, immovable roots, the seedling submerged in its time, with only the freezing corolla above, a nondescript odor of leaves dissolving itself in the gold: nothing at all. Somewhere in the wood, an ax splits a trunk into crystals:

luego
cae
la tarde
y la tierra
pone sobre su rostro
una máscara
negra.

Pero el mar no descansa, no duerme, no se ha muerto. Crece en la noche su barriga que combaron las estrellas mojadas, como trigo en el alba, crece, palpita y llora como un niño perdido que sólo con el golpe de la aurora, como un tambor, despierta, gigantesco, y se mueve. Todas sus manos mueve, su incesante organismo, su dentadura extensa, sus negocios de sal, de sol, de plata, todo lo mueve, lo remueve con sus arrasadores manantiales,

and
afterward,
twilight.
Earth
binds to its face
the bituminous
mask.

But the sea takes no pleasure in sleep or repose; does not die. It grows big in the night; its belly is curved with the wet of the stars like a bounty of wheat in the sunrise, and grows big. It quivers and cries like a child astray in a dream that only the shock of the morning awakens; it pounds on a drumskin and gigantically passes. See: all its hands are alive, its incessant anatomy, the boundless unbaring of teeth; its traffic with silver and salt and the sunall is shaken and turns on itself in the leveling fountainheads

con el combate de su movimiento, mientras transcurre el triste otoño de la tierra. and the war of mobility, while slowly the comfortless autumn of earth comes to pass.

# ODA A LA PANTERA NEGRA

Hace treinta y un años, no lo olvido, en Singapore, la lluvia caliente como sangre caía sobre antiguos muros blancos carcomidos por la humedad que en ellos dejó besos leprosos. La multitud oscura relucía de pronto en un relámpago los dientes o los ojos y el sol de hierro arriba como lanza implacable.

Vagué por calles inundadas betel, las nueces rojas elevándose sobre camas de hojas fragantes, y el fruto *Dorian* pudriéndose en la siesta bochornosa.

De pronto estuve frente a una mirada desde una jaula en medio de la calle dos círculos de frío,

#### BLACK PANTHERESS

Thirty-one years— I haven't forgotten it: In Singapore: a blood heat of rain on the mouldering white of the walls bitten with wet and the leprous kiss of humidity: the shadowy pack of the rain that blazed suddenly back and bared—in the lightning the teethor the eyes the sun like implacable iron. a lance-point above me.

I loitered in alleyways drowning in *betel*, red pods aloft on the sweet-smelling leaf-bed; the putrified fruit of the *Dorian* in its sultry siesta.

And suddenly saw it: the face in a cage by my face, midway in the street two circles of cold,

dos imanes, dos electricidades enemigas, dos ojos que entraron en los míos clavándome a la tierra y a la pared leprosa. Vi entonces el cuerpo que ondulaba y era sombra de terciopelo, elástica pureza, noche pura. Bajo la negra piel espolvoreados apenas la irisaban no supe bien si rombos de topacio o hexágonos de oro que se traslucían cuando la presencia delgada se movía. La pantera pensando y palpitando era una reina salvaje en un cajón en medio de la calle miserable.

two magnets, electric antagonists, two eyeballs that drilled into mine and bolted me there by the ground and the leprous stockade. Saw the surge of her body that shaded to velvet, the flexing perfection darkness made perfect, Then, in the night of that skin the tentative sparkle began like a pollen-fall: a rhombus of topaz or the gold of a hexagon -how could I name it?a flashing transparency as the tapering presence displaced itself: the pantheress throbbing and thinking its thoughts, a barbarous queen in a box midway on the trash of the street.

De la selva perdida del engaño. del espacio robado, del agridulce olor a ser humano y casas polvorientas ella sólo expresaba con ojos minerales su desprecio, su ira quemadora, y eran sus ojos dos sellos impenetrables que cerraban hasta la eternidad una puerta salvaje.

Anduvo como el fuego, y, como el humo, cuando cerró los ojos se hizo invisible, inabarcable noche. Out of wilderness wasted by perfidy, the plunder of space and the bittersweet reek of the living, to whatever was human in the powdery houses only the panther of mineral eye declared her contempt, in the heat of her rage. Her eyes were unbreakable seals timelessly slammed on the door of a jungle.

She walked like a holocaust; and closing her eyes, she touched the invisible, boundless as smoke, and was one with the night.

#### ODA A LA JARDINERA

Sí, yo sabía que tus manos eran el alhelí florido, la azucena de plata: algo que ver tenías con el suelo, con el florecimiento de la tierra, pero, cuando te vi cavar, cavar, apartar piedrecitas y manejar raíces supe de pronto, agricultora mía, que no sólo tus manos sino tu corazón eran de tierra, que allí estabas haciendo cosas tuyas, tocando puertas húmedas por donde circulan las semillas.

Así, pues, de una a otra planta

### GIRL GARDENING

Yes: I knew that your hands were a blossoming clove and the silvery lily: your notable way with a furrow and the flowering marl; but when I saw you delve deeper, dig under to uncouple the cobble and limber the roots, I knew in a moment, little husbandman, your heartbeats were earthen no less than your hands; that there, you were shaping a thing that was always your own, touching the drench of those doorways through which whirl the seeds.

So, plant after plant, each

recién plantada, con el rostro manchado por un beso del barro, ibas y regresabas floreciendo, ibas y de tu mano el tallo de la alstromeria elevó su elegancia solitaria, el jazmín aderezó la niebla de tu frente con estrellas de aroma y de rocío

oboT de ti crecía penetrando en la tierra y haciéndose inmediata luz verde, follaje y poderío. Tú le comunicabas tus semillas. amada mía, jardinera roja: tu mano se tuteaba con la tierra y era instantáneo el claro crecimiento.

fresh from the planting, your face stained with the kiss of the ooze, your flowering went out and returned, you went out and the tube of the Alstroemeria there under your hands raised its lonely and delicate presence, the jasmine devised a cloud for your temples starry with scent and the dew.

The whole of you prospered, piercing down into earth. greening the light like a thunderclap in a massing of leafage and power. You confided your seedlings, my darling, little red husbandman; your hand fondled the earth and straightway the growing was luminous.

Amor, así también tu mano de agua, tu corazón de tierra, dieron fertilidad y fuerza a mis canciones. **Tocas** mi pecho mientras duermo y los árboles brotan de mi sueño. Despierto, abro los ojos, y has plantado dentro de mí asombradas estrellas que suben con mi canto.

Es así, jardinera: nuestro amor es terrestre: tu boca es planta de la luz, corola, mi corazón trabaja en las raíces. Even so, your watery fingers, the dust of your heart, bring us word of fecundity, love, and summon the strength of my songs. Touching my heart while I sleep trees bloom on my dream. I waken and widen my eyes, and you plant in my flesh the darkening stars that rise in my song.

So it is, little husbandman: our loves are terrestrial: your mouth is a planting of lights, a corolla, and my heart works below in the roots.

### ODA A LA LUZ MARINA

Otra vez, espaciosa
luz marina
cayendo de los cántaros
del cielo,
subiendo de la espuma,
de la arena,
luz agitada sobre
la extensión del océano,
como un
combate de cuchillos
y relámpagos,
luz de la sal caliente,
luz del cielo
elevado
como torre del mar sobre las aguas.

Dónde están las tristezas?

El pecho se abre convertido en rama, la luz sacude en nuestro corazón sus amapolas, brillan en el día del mar las cosas puras las piedras visitadas por la ola,

### A LIGHT FROM THE SEA

Once more, the sea-light's immensity, the sky-fall in flagons, climbing the spume and the sea-silt: disturbance of light in the ocean's extension, thunderbolts, a quarrel of knives, lights in the sweltering salts and the sky, upright like a tower of brine on the waters.

Where do the griefs go?

The breast opens out like a branch and its leafage; light works in our hearts like a volley of butterflies. There shines for the day of the sea all the innocent presences: the pebble embraced by the wave,

los fragmentos vencidos de botellas, vidrios del agua, suaves, alisados por sus dedos de estrella. Brillan los cuerpos de los hombres salobres, de las mujeres verdes. de los niños como algas, como peces que saltan en el cielo; y cuando una ventana clausurada, un traje, un monte oscuro, se atreven a competir manchando la blancura, llega la claridad a borbotones, la luz extiende sus mangueras y ataca la insolente sombra con brazos blancos, con manteles, con talco y olas de oro,

the shipwrecked debris of the bottle glass, glazes of water, suavities honed by the touch of a star. There, burn the bodies: bracken and salt on the men. the women all green, the children like pond-weeds, fish-forms that leap for the sky. Should a window's recesses, the bulking of clothing, a darkening lift of the land presume on that dazzle or disfigure the brightness, the clarities foam in the bubbles, light widens a sleeve and harries the insolent shadow in a might of white arms, altar cloths, tinsel, in breakers of gold,

Z.

con estupenda espuma, con carros de azucena.

Poderío de la luz madurando en el espacio, ola que nos traspasa sin mojarnos, cadera del universo,

rosa
renacedora, renacida;
abre
cada día tus pétalos,
tus párpados,
que la velocidad de tu pureza
extienda nuestros ojos
y nos enseñe a ver ola por ola
el mar
y flor a flor la tierra.

in marvels of spindrift and tumbrils of lilies.

Light ripens its powers in the spaces. O billow that pierces without wetting the bather, pivot and flank of a universe,

regenerate rose

re-arising:
open
each day with your petals
and eyelids,
grant us your cleanly celerities
to widen our onlooking;
bring us to see, in the end,
the sea moving, wave upon wave,
and flower after flower, all the earth.

## ODA AL VIEJO POETA

Me dió la mano como si un árbol viejo alargara un gancho  $\sin$ hojas y sin frutos. Su mano que escribió desenlazando los hilos y las hebras del destino ahora estaba minuciosamente rayada por los días, los meses y los años. Seca en su rostro era la escritura del tiempo, diminuta y errante como si allí estuvieran dispuestos las líneas y los signos desde su nacimiento y poco a poco el aire las hubiera erigido.

Largas líneas profundas, capítulos cortados por la edad en su cara,

### POET GROWN OLD

He gave me his hand like an old tree that lengthens the fork of its branches, leafless and fruitless. His hand that unbound, while it wrote, the fiber and weave of a destiny, now rayed with the hairline striations: the days and the months and the years. Time scribbled its drouth in his face, wayward and meager, as if to dispose all the lines and the signs of his birth, until, little by little, the air would erect what it saw and establish it there.

Long lines where the depths were, compendious chapters for the years of his face, signos interrogantes, fábulas misteriosas, asteriscos. todo lo que olvidaron las sirenas en la extendida soledad de su alma, lo que cayó del estrellado cielo, allí estaba en su rostro dibujado. Nunca el antiguo bardo recogió con pluma y papel duro el río derramado de la vida o el dios desconocido que cortejó su verso, y ahora, en sus mejillas, todo el misterio diseñó con frío el álgebra de sus revelaciones y las pequeñas, invariables cosas menospreciadas dejaron en su frente profundísimas páginas y

querulous symbols, and equivocal fables, asteriskswhatever the sirens forgot in an old isolation of spirit, or dropped from the sky and the stars, was scored in his face. Olden and bardic. his pen never fixed on the obdurate page the river that spills through our life or the anonymous god that attended his verses. Now on his cheekbones the whole of the mystery charted its algebra in cold revelations: the little, unvarying slights of the underprized, cut hard on the page of his forehead; and

hasta
en su
nariz
delgada,
como pico
de cormorán errante,
los viajes y las olas
depositaron
su letra
ultramarina.

Sólo
dos piedrecitas
intratables,
dos ágatas
marinas
en aquel
combate,
eran
sus ojos
y sólo a través de ellos
vi la apagada
hoguera,
una rosa
en las manos
del poeta.

Ahora
el traje
le quedaba grande
como si ya viviera
en una
casa
vacía,
y los huesos

starved
as the beak
of the wandering cormorant,
journeys and waters
had shored
on the dearth
of his
nose
their bluest
calligraphy.

Two chips of intractable flint, two watery agates: only that. His eyes lived embattled; only there could I summon the blaze in the cinder, a rose in the hands of the poet.

Now his clothing outnumbered him, he lived in the void of his clothes, like a house. All the bones

de todo su cuerpo se acercaban a la piel levantándola y era de hueso, de hueso que advertía y enseñaba, un pequeño árbol, al fin, de hueso, era el poeta apagado por la caligrafía de la lluvia, por los inagotables manantiales del tiempo.

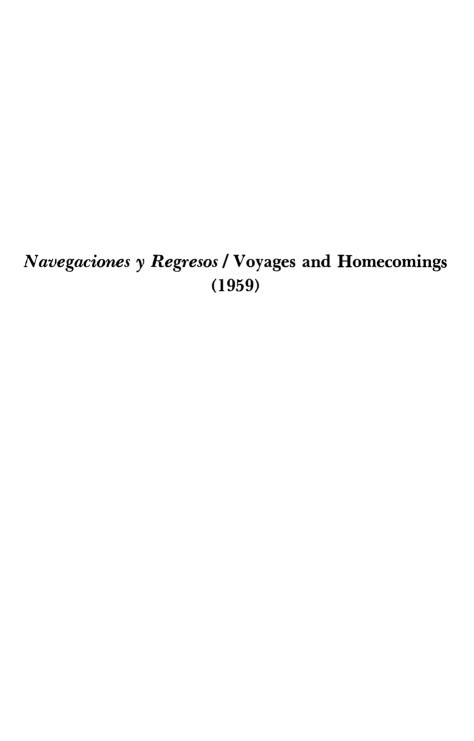
Allí le dejé andando presuroso a su muerte como si lo esperara también casi desnuda en un parque sombrío y de la mano fueran hasta un desmantelado dormitorio y en él durmieran como dormiremos todos los hombres: con una rosa seca en

of his body drew close to his skin and faulted him upward: a bone man displayed, a bony prefigurement, a lessening tree gone to bone, in the end, a poet put out by the scrawl of the rain in the unquenchable downpour of time.

I left him there, nimble with dying, walking toward death as one who awaited a presence stripped to the bone, like himself, in a darkening park; each by the other, they moved toward a bedroom's dishevelment, toward the sleep we shall sleep out together, whosoever we are: a man with a withering rose in

una mano que también cae convertida en polvo. his hand, dustily fallen to dust.





#### ODA A LAS COSAS ROTAS

Se van rompiendo cosas en la casa como empujadas por un invisible quebrador voluntario: no son las manos mías, ni las tuyas, no fueron las muchachas de uña dura y pasos de planeta: no fue nada y nadie, no fue el viento, no fue el anaranjado mediodía, ni la noche terrestre. no fue ni la nariz ni el codo, la creciente cadera, el tobillo. ni el aire: se quebró el plato, se cayó la lámpara se derrumbaron todos los floreros uno por uno, aquel en pleno octubre colmado de escarlata, fatigado por todas las violetas, y otro vacío rodó, rodó, rodó por el invierno hasta ser sólo harina de florero. recuerdo roto, polvo luminoso.

Y aquel reloj cuyo sonido era

### THINGS BREAKING

Things fall apart in our houses. as if jarred by the whim of invisible ravagers: not your hand or mine, or the girls with the adamant fingernails and the stride of the planets: there is nothing to point to, no one to blame—not the wind or the tawny meridian or terrestrial darkness; no one with a nose or an elbow or the lengthening span of a hip, or a gust of the wind or an ankle: yet the crockery smashes, the lamp tumbles over, the flowerpots totter one after another crowning the lapsing October with crimson, wan with their surfeit of violets, others holding their emptiness in, circling and circling and circling the winter. till the bowl with its blossoms is gruel, a keepsake in ruins, a luminous dust.

And the clockface whose cadences uttered la voz de nuestras vidas,
el secreto
hilo
de las semanas,
que una a una
ataba tantas horas
a la miel, al silencio,
a tantos nacimientos y trabajos,
aquel reloj también
cayó y vibraron
entre los vidrios rotos
sus delicadas vísceras azules,
su largo corazón
desenrollado.

La vida va moliendo vidrios, gastando ropas, haciendo añicos, triturando formas, y lo que dura con el tiempo es como isla o nave en el mar, perecedero, rodeado por los frágiles peligros, por implacables aguas y amenazas.

Pongamos todo de una vez, relojes, platos, copas talladas por el frío, en un saco y llevemos al mar nuestros tesoros: que se derrumben nuestras posesiones en un solo alarmante quebradero, que suene como un río lo que se quiebra y que el mar reconstruya

our lifetimes,
the secretive
thread
of the weeks,
one after another,
yoking the hours
to the honey and quietude,
the travails and births without end—
even the clock
plunges downward, the delicate blues
of its viscera
pulse in the splintering glass
and its great heart
springs open.

Life grinds
on the glasses and powders, wearing us threadbare,
smashing to smithereens,
pounding
the forms;
whatever is left of its passing abides
like a ship or a reef in the ocean,
and perishes there
in the circle of breakable hazard
ringed by the pitiless menace of waters.

Let us gather them, once and for all—the clocks and the platters, cups carven in cold into a poke with them all and down to the sea with our treasurel there let our furniture smash in the sinister shock of a breaker; let the things that are broken call out like a river and the sea render back to us whole con su largo trabajo de mareas tantas cosas inútiles que nadie rompe pero se rompieron. in the might of its crosscurrents all that we held of no worth, the trumpery no hand has broken, but still goes on breaking.

#### ODA AL PIANO

Estaba triste el piano en el concierto. olvidado en su frac sepulturero, y luego abrió la boca, su boca de ballena: entró el pianista al piano volando como un cuervo, algo pasó como si cayera una piedra de plata o una mano a un estanque escondido: resbaló la dulzura como la lluvia sobre una campana, cayó la luz al fondo de una casa cerrada. una esmeralda recorrió el abismo y sonó el mar, la noche, las praderas, la gota del rocío, el altísimo trueno, cantó la arquitectura de la rosa, rodó el silencio al lecho de la aurora.

Así nació la música del piano que moría, subió la vestidura de la náyade

#### PIANO

Midway in the concert, the piano grew pensive, ignored in its gravedigger's frock coat; but later it opened its mouth -the jaws of leviathan: the pianist then entered his piano and deployed like a crow; something happened, like a silvery downfall of pebbles or a hand in a pond, unobserved: a trickle of sweetness like rain on the smooth of a bell, light fell through the padlocks and bolts of a house, to the depths, an emerald crossed the abysses, the sea gave its sound the night and the dews and the meadows, the steepest ascents of the thunderbolt, the symmetrical rose sang aloud and quietness circled the milk of the morning.

So melody grew in a dying piano, the naiad's investiture del catafalco
y de su dentadura
hasta que en el olvido
cayó el piano, el pianista
y el concierto,
y todo fue sonido,
torrencial elemento,
sistema puro, claro campanario.

Entonces volvió el hombre del árbol de la música.
Bajó volando como cuervo perdido o caballero loco: cerró su boca de ballena el piano y él anduvo hacia atrás, hacia el silencio.

rose on the catafalque from a margin of teeth, piano, pianist, and concerto plunged downward, oblivious, till all was sonority, torrential beginnings, consummate gradation, a bell tower's clarities

Then the man in the tree of his music came back to us. He came down like a blundering crow on its course or a lunatic dandy: the whale-mouth closed up and the man walked away to a silence.

# ODA AL GATO

Los animales fueron imperfectos, largos de cola, tristes de cabeza. Poco a poco se fueron componiendo, haciéndose paisaje, adquiriendo lunares, gracia, vuelo. El gato, sólo el gato apareció completo y orgulloso: nació completamente terminado, camina solo y sabe lo que quiere.

El hombre quiere ser pescado y pájaro, la serpiente quisiera tener alas, el perro es un león desorientado, el ingeniero quiere ser poeta, la mosca estudia para golondrina, el poeta trata de imitar la mosca, pero el gato quiere ser sólo gato y todo gato es gato desde bigote a cola, desde presentimiento a rata viva, desde la noche hasta sus ojos de oro.

No hay unidad como él, no tiene la luna ni la flor tal contextura:

#### CAT

The animal kingdom came faultily:
too wide in the rump or too
sad-headed.
Little by little they disposed
their proportions,
invented their landscape,
collected their graces and satellites, and took to the air.
Only the cat
issued
wholly a cat,
intact and vainglorious:
he came forth a consummate identity,
knew what he wanted, and walked tall.

Men wish they were fishes or birds; the worm would be winged, the dog is a dispossessed lion; engineers would be poets; flies ponder the swallow's prerogative and poets impersonate flies—but the cat intends nothing but cat: he is cat from his tail to his chin whiskers: from his living presumption of mouse and the darkness, to the gold of his irises.

His is that peerless integrity, neither moonlight nor petal repeats his contexture:

es una sola cosa
como el sol o el topacio,
y la elástica línea en su contorno
firme y sutil es como
la línea de la proa de una nave.
Sus ojos amarillos
dejaron una sola
ranura
para echar las monedas de la noche.

Oh pequeño emperador sin orbe, conquistador sin patria, mínimo tigre de salón, nupcial sultán del cielo de las tejas eróticas, el viento del amor en la intemperie reclamas cuando pasas y posas cuatro pies delicados en el suelo, oliendo, desconfiando de todo lo terrestre, porque todo es inmundo para el inmaculado pie del gato.

Oh fiera independiente de la casa, arrogante vestigio de la noche, perezosa, gimnástico y ajeno

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he is all things in all, like the sun or a topaz, and the flexible line of his contour is subtle and certain as the cut of a bowsprit. The gold of his pupils leaves a singular slash and coins tumble out of the night.

Unorbed little emperor, landless conquistador, minimal drawing-room tiger and conjugal khan in a heaven of aphrodisiacal rooftops: you command all the crosswinds of lust in a hurricane, you poise your four delicate paws on the ground when you pass, nosing the wind and mistrusting the universe. as if all were too gross for a cat's incorruptible tread.

Wayward and proud in the houses, a brazen remainder of darkness, torpid, gymnastic, remote, profundísimo gato, policía secreta de las habitaciones, insignia de un desaparecido terciopelo, seguramente no hay enigma en tu manera, tal vez no eres misterio, todo el mundo te sabe y perteneces al habitante menos misterioso. tal vez todos lo creen. todos se creen dueños, proprietarios, tíos de gatos, compañeros, colegas, discípulos o amigos de su gato.

Yo no.
Yo no suscribo.
Yo no conozco al gato.
Todo lo sé, la vida y su archipiélago, el mar y la ciudad incalculable, la botánica, el gineceo con sus extravíos, el por y el menos de la matemática, los embudos volcánicos del mundo, la cáscara irreal del cocodrilo, la bondad ignorada del bombero, el atavismo azul del sacerdote, pero no puedo descifrar un gato. Mi razón resbaló en su indiferencia, sus ojos tienen números de oro.

an unfathomed profundity, secret police of the tenements. and emblem of vanishing velvets, your kind need not puzzle us, surelyyou, the least of the mysteries abroad in the world, known to us all, the pawn of the lowliest householderor they think solfor each calls himself master, proprietor, playfellow, cat's uncle. colleague, the pupils of cats or their cronies.

# Not I:

I reckon things otherwise.

I shall never unriddle the cat.

I take note of the other things: life's archipelagoes, the sea, the incalculable city, botanical matters, the pistil, the pistil's mutations, plus-and-minus arithmetic, volcanoes that funnel the earth the improbable rind of the crocodile, the fireman's unheeded benevolence, the atavist blue of the clergyman—but never the cat!

We do not concern him: our reasoning boggles, and his eyes give their numbers in gold.

## ODA AL ELEFANTE

Espesa bestia pura, San Elefante, animal santo del bosque sempiterno, todo materia fuerte fina y equilibrada, cuero de talabartería planetaria, marfil compacto, satinado, sereno como la carne de la luna, ojos mínimos parar mirar, no para ser mirados, y trompa tocadora, corneta del contacto, manguera del animal gozoso en S11 frescura, máquina movediza, teléfono del bosque, y así pasa tranquilo y bamboleante

### FROM: ELEPHANT

Gross innocent, Saint Elephant, blessed beast of the perduring forests, bulk of our palpable world in its counterpoise, mighty and exquisite, a saddlery's cosmos in leather, ivory packed into satins unmoved like the flesh of the moon, minimal eyes to observe, without being observed, horn virtuoso and bugling propinquity, animal waterspout elate in its cleanliness, portable engine and telephone booth in a forest: SO softly you go in your swagger,

con su vieja envoltura, con su ropaje de árbol arrugado, su pantalón caído y su colita.

No nos equivoquemos.
La dulce y grande bestia de la selva
no es el clown,
sino el padre
el padre en la luz verde,
es el antiguo
y puro
progenitor terrestre.

Total fecundación, tantálica codicia. fornicación y piel mayoritaria, costumbres en la lluvia rodearon el reino de los elefantes, y fue con sal y sangre la genérica guerra en el silencio.

with your aging caparison in the wrinkle and pile of a tree's regimentals, your pants at your ankles, trailing your tail-end.

Make no mistake: that endeared and enormous sojourner of jungles is nobody's clown; he is patriarch, father of emerald lights, the ancient and innocent sire of the universe.

All the fruits of the earth, and the longings of Tantalus, the multitudinous skin and the ways of the rain have encompassed the kingdom of elephants; with brine and with blood they accomplished the war of their species in silence.

Las escamosas formas el lagarto león, el pez montaña, el milodonto cíclope, cayeron, decayeron, fueron fermento verde en el pantano, tesoro de las tórridas moscas de escarabajos crueles. Emergió el elefante del miedo destronado. Fue casi vegetal, oscura torre del firmamento verde, y de hojas dulces, miel y agua de roca se alimentó su estirpe . . .

The scale-bearing kind, the lizards-turned-lion, the fish in the mountains and gargantuan ground sloth succumbed and decayed: they leavened the green of the bog, a prize for the sweltering fly and the scarab's barbarity. But the elephant rose on the wreck of his fearsalmost a vegetable, a shadowy pylon in his emerald heaven, to suckle his young on the sweet of the leaves, and the water and honey of stones....



# Estravagario / Book of Vagaries (1958)

#### LAS VIEJAS DEL OCÉANO

Al grave mar vienen las viejas con anudados pañolones, con frágiles pies quebradizos.

Se sientan solas en la orilla sin cambiar de ojos ni de manos, sin cambiar de nube o silencio.

El mar obsceno rompe y rasga, desciende montes de trompetas, sacude sus barbas de toro.

Las suaves señoras sentadas como en un barco transparente miran las olas terroristas.

Dónde irán y dónde estuvieron? Vienen de todos los rincones, vienen de nuestra propia vida.

Ahora tienen el océano, el frío y ardiente vacío, la soledad llena de llamas.

Vienen de todos los pasados, de casas que fueron fragantes, de crepúsculos quemados.

Miran o no miran el mar, con el bastón escriben signos, y borra el mar su caligrafía.

#### OLD WOMEN BY THE SEA

The old women come to the serious sea with their withering shawls and their fragile feet broken.

Alone on the beaches, they sit without shifting their gaze or their hands or the clouds or the quietness.

The ocean's obscenity shatters and slashes, descends in a mountain of trumpets, shakes a bullock's mustaches.

The matriarchs sit in their places, unmoved, transparent, like ships on a sea, observing the terrorist waves.

Where do they come from, where go to? They move out of corners, from the quick of our lives.

The ocean is theirs, now, the vacancy, freezing and burning, the solitude crowded with bonfires.

They move in the fullness of time from the once-fragrant houses and the char of the twilight.

They see and do not see the waters, they write signs with their walking sticks, and the sea blots their signatures. Las viejas se van levantando con sus frágiles pies de pájaro, mientras las olas desbocadas viajan desnudas en el viento. Then the ancients move off on frail bird's feet, upraised, while a runaway surf travels naked in the wind.

#### ESTACIÓN INMÓVIL

Quiero no saber ni soñar. Quien puede enseñarme a no ser, a vivir sin seguir viviendo?

Cómo continúa el agua? Cuál es el cielo de las piedras?

Inmóvil, hasta que detengan las migraciones su apogeo y luego vuelen con sus flechas hacia el archipiélago frío.

Inmóvil, con secreta vida como una ciudad subterránea para que resbalen los días como gotas inabarcables: nada se gasta ni se muere hasta nuestra resurrección, hasta regresar con los pasos de la primavera enterrada, de lo que yacía perdido, inacabablemente inmóvil y que ahora sube desde no ser a ser una rama florida.

#### STATIONARY POINT

I would know nothing, dream nothing: who will teach my non-being how to be, without striving to be?

How can the water endure it? What sky have the stones dreamed?

Immobile, until those migrations delay at their apogee and fly on their arrows toward the cold archipelago.

Unmoved in its secretive life, like an underground city, so the days may glide down like ungraspable dew: nothing fails, or shall perish, until we be born again, until all that lay plundered be restored with the tread of the springtime we buried—the unceasingly stilled, as it lifts itself out of non-being, even now, to be flowering bough.

#### PASTORAL

Voy copiando montañas, ríos, nubes, saco mi pluma del bolsillo, anoto un pájaro que sube o una araña en su fábrica de seda, no se me ocurre nada más: soy aire, aire abierto, donde circula el trigo y me conmueve un vuelo, la insegura dirección de una hoja, el redondo ojo de un pez inmóvil en el lago, las estatuas que vuelan en las nubes, las multiplicaciones de la lluvia.

No se me ocurre más que el transparente estío, no canto más que el viento, y así pasa la historia con su carro recogiendo mortajas y medallas, y pasa y yo no siento sino ríos, me quedo solo con la primavera.

Pastor, pastor, no sabes que te esperan?

Le sé, lo sé, pero aquí junto al agua, mientras crepitan y arden las cigarras aunque me esperen yo quiero esperarme, yo también quiero verme, quiero saber al fin cómo me siento, y cuando llegue donde yo me espero, voy a dormirme muerto de la risa.

### PASTORAL

I go copying mountains and rivers and clouds:
I shake out my fountain pen, remark
on a bird flying upward
or a spider alive in his workshop of floss,
with no thought in my head; I am air,
I am limitless air where the wheat tosses,
and am moved by an impulse to fly, the uncertain
direction of leaves, the round
eye of the motionless fish in the cove,
statues that soar through the clouds,
the rain's multiplications.

I see only a summer's transparency, I sing nothing but wind, while history creaks on its carnival floats hoarding medals and shrouds and passes me by, and I stand by myself in the spring, knowing nothing but rivers.

Shepherd-boy, shepherd-boy, don't you know that they wait for you?

I know and I know it: but here by the water in the crackle and flare of cicadas, I must wait for myself, as they wait for me there: I also would see myself coming and know in the end how it feels to me when I come to the place where I wait for my coming and turn back to my sleep and die laughing.

Sufro de aquel amigo que murió y que era como yo buen carpintero. Ibamos juntos por mesas y calles, por guerras, por dolores y por piedras. Cómo se le agrandaba la mirada conmigo, era un fulgor aquel huesudo, y su sonrisa me sirvió de pan, nos dejamos de ver y V. se fué enterrando hasta que lo obligaron a la tierra.

Desde entonces los mismos, los que lo acorralaron mientras vivo lo visten, lo sacuden, lo condecoran, no lo dejan muerto, y al pobre tan dormido lo arman con sus espinas y contra mí lo tiran, a matarme, a ver quién mide más, mi pobre muerto o yo, su hermano vivo.

Y ahora busco a quién contar las cosas y no hay nadie que entienda estas miserias, esta alimentación de la amargura: hace falta uno grande, y aquél ya no sonríe. Ya se murió y no hallo a quién decirle que no podrán, que no lograrán nada: él, en el territorio de su muerte, con sus obras cumplidas

ν.

I mourn a dead friend,\*
like myself, a good carpenter.
We traveled the streets and plateaus, among battles
and boulders and sorrows together.
How he widened his gaze
for my sake: a bag-of-bones blazingl
His smile was my bread
till we moved out of range and he hollowed a place in the
ground
and they hounded him into it.

Since that time it is they,
those who hunted him down while alive
who adorn him and prod him
and pin him with ribbons and give him no peace;
they arm him with brambles—
poor slumberer!—
and hurl him against me, to kill me;
and who has the best of it, tell me: my poor, murdered
friend,
or his brother who goes in my name?

This thing must be spoken: I look for a listener but see no one to fathom that wretchedness, that banquet of bitterness: a greatness is gone that will never smile more. He is dead in the eons, and no one will hear me, nothing will come of it, nothing avails us; for he, in the shire of his death, his anguish accomplished,

<sup>\*</sup>The Peruvian poet (1892-1938), contemporary and friend of Neruda, Cesár Vallejo. Died in exile, in Paris.

y yo con mis trabajos somos sólo dos pobres carpinteros con derecho al honor entre nosotros, con derecho a la muerte a la vida. and I with another employment, are carpenters, poor carpenters only, with a warrant of honor between us and our titles to life and to death.

#### SONATA CON ALGUNOS PINOS

Al semisol de largos días arrimemos los huesos cansados

olvidemos a los infieles a los amigos sin piedad

el sol vacila entre los pinos olvidemos a los que no saben

hay tierras dentro de la tierra pequeñas patrias descuidadas

no recordemos a los felices olvidemos sus dentaduras

que se duerman los delicados en sus divanes extrapuros

hay que conocer ciertas piedras llenas de rayos y secretos

amanecer con luz verde con trenes desesperados

y tocar ese fin de mundo que siempre viajó con nosotros

olvidemos al ofendido que come una sola injusticia

los árboles dejan arriba un semicielo entrecruzado

#### SONATA WITH SOME PINES

In the half-sun of the long days let us bed our tired bones

and put out of mind the betrayers the unpitying friends

the sun shakes in the pine trees leave the heedless unheeded

there are kingdoms under the earth little laggard republics

forget all the lucky ones and abandon their tooth marks

let the finical sleep on their sterile divans

while we pore on those curious stones packed with lusters and riddles

and rise in the green light of dawn with the desperate trains

let us finger the doomsday that moved with us always

and forget how the injured ones gnaw their injustice

above us the trees leave a counter-crossed half-sky por alambres de pino y sombra por el aire que se deshoja

olvidemos sin arrogancia a los que no pueden querernos

a los que buscan fuego y caen como nosotros al olvido

no hay nada mejor que las ocho de la mañana en la espuma

se acerca un perro y huele el mar no tiene confianza en el agua

mientras tanto llegan las olas vestidas de blanco a la escuela

hay un sabor de sol salado y sube en las algas mortuorias olor a parto y pudridero

cuál es la razón de no ser? a dónde te llevaron los otros?

es bueno cambiar de camisa de piel de pelos de trabajo

conocer un poco la tierra dar a tu mujer nuevos besos

pertenecer al aire puro desdeñar las oligarquías of pine wires and shadows in disheveling air

let us put out of mind with no pride those who never could cherish us

who hunted the holocaust like ourselves and obliviously fell

nothing has greatness but sea-spray at eight in the morning

a dog sniffs the sea-line and comes closer mistrusting the water

the breakers drive landward wearing white like a schoolboy

the sun tastes of salt and the smell in the funeral seaweed is of childbirth and charnel house

what does our nothingness seek? and where will the others abandon you?

a changing of blouses and skins and our hair and our callings: it is good

good to ponder the earth a little kiss one's wife in the morning

to belong to the innocent air and disdain oligarchies

cuando me fuí de bruma en bruma navegando con mi sombrero

no encontré a nadie con caminos todos estaban preocupados

todos iban a vender cosas nadie me preguntó quién era

hasta que fuí reconociéndome hasta que toqué una sonrisa

al semicielo y la enramada acudamos con el cansancio

conversemos con las raíces y con las olas descontentas

olvidemos la rapidez los dientes de los eficaces

olvidemos la tenebrosa miscelánea de los malignos

hagamos profesión terrestre toquemos tierra con el alma. when I journeyed from mist into mist afloat in my hat

I met no one with highways all went bemused

all had something to sell me no one asked who I was

until one day I encountered myself and was grazed by a smile

in the half-sky and the leafage let us come with our tiredness

let us talk with the roots and the malcontent waves

let us put out of mind all celerity and the tooth of the capable

put the spleen from our minds the malign miscellany

and make earthy our calling and touch earth with our spirits.

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