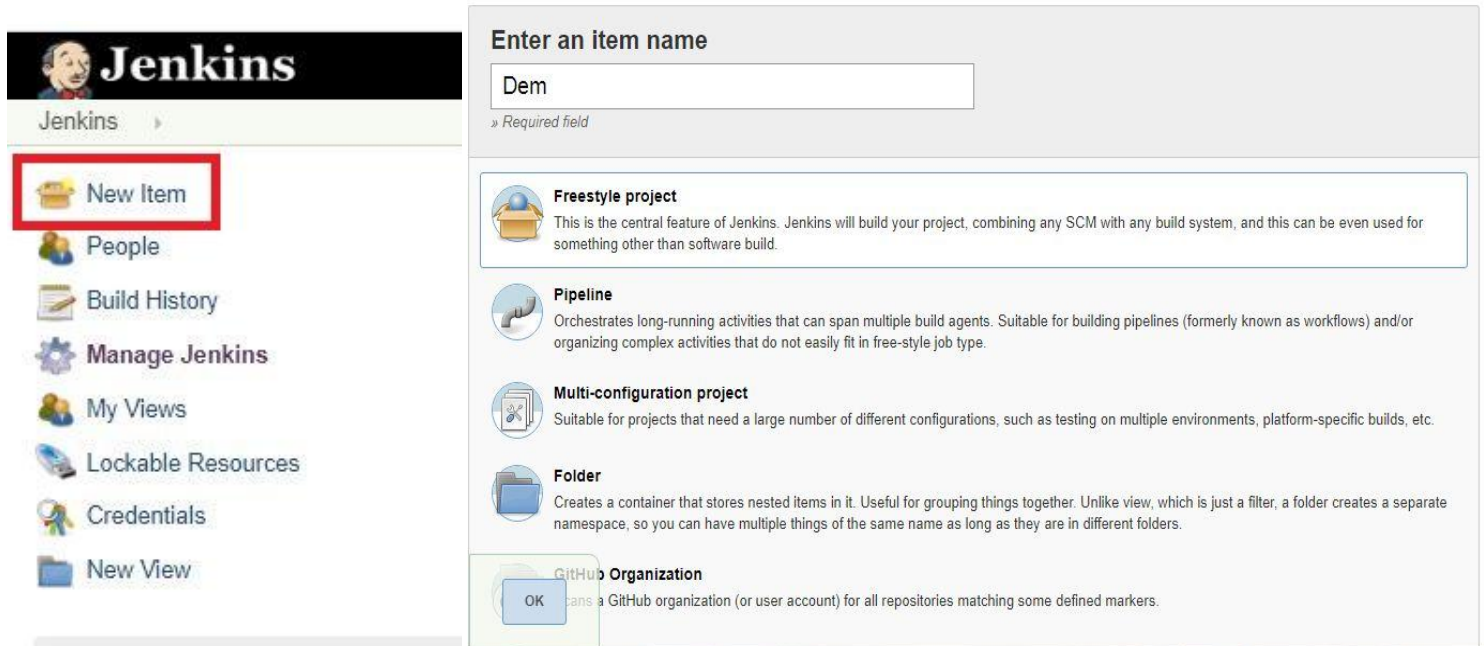


We can get input from deployer and use the value as variable in project

Step1: Click 'new item' in the dashboard. It will redirect to wizard provide 'item name' and type of project select 'Freestyle Project'.



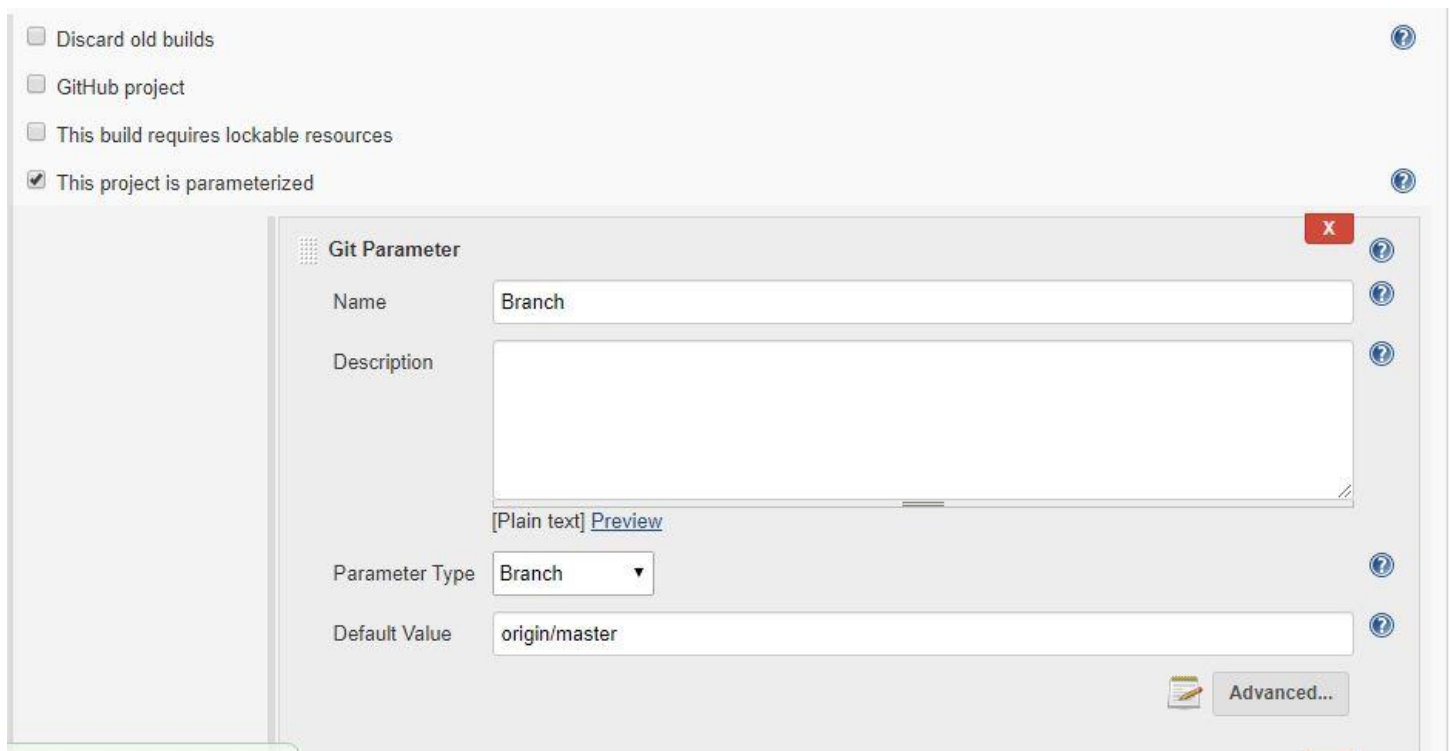
Enter an item name

Dem

» Required field

- Freestyle project**
This is the central feature of Jenkins. Jenkins will build your project, combining any SCM with any build system, and this can be even used for something other than software build.
- Pipeline**
Orchestrates long-running activities that can span multiple build agents. Suitable for building pipelines (formerly known as workflows) and/or organizing complex activities that do not easily fit in free-style job type.
- Multi-configuration project**
Suitable for projects that need a large number of different configurations, such as testing on multiple environments, platform-specific builds, etc.
- Folder**
Creates a container that stores nested items in it. Useful for grouping things together. Unlike view, which is just a filter, a folder creates a separate namespace, so you can have multiple things of the same name as long as they are in different folders.
- GitHub Organization**
Creates a GitHub organization (or user account) for all repositories matching some defined markers.

Step2: Once the freestyle project wizard open provide the description and add the parameter required here we used Git parameter and Environment.



☐ Discard old builds

☐ GitHub project

☐ This build requires lockable resources

☒ This project is parameterized

Git Parameter

Name: Branch

Description: [Empty text area]

[Plain text] [Preview](#)

Parameter Type: Branch

Default Value: origin/master

[Advanced...](#)

Choice Parameter

Name

Environment

Choices

Dev
QA
UAT

Description

[Plain text] [Preview](#)

Add Parameter

Step-3: Enter the source code details. (Refer the old freestyle project document for Git integration). Here we need to get the input from git parameter.

Source Code Management

None

Git

Repositories

Repository URL

git@github.com:gkaravindkumar/test.git

Credentials

- none -

Add

Advanced...

Add Repository

Branches to build

Branch Specifier (blank for 'any')

\$Branch

Add Branch

Repository browser

(Auto)

Step-4: Use **Build Triggers** this if needed (we have separate Lab document on Build triggers)

Build Triggers

☐ Trigger builds remotely (e.g., from scripts)
☐ Build after other projects are built
☐ Build periodically
☐ GitHub hook trigger for GITScm polling
☐ Poll SCM

Step-5: We can use the **Build Environment** option if needed

Build Environment

☐ Delete workspace before build starts
☐ Use secret text(s) or file(s)
☐ Send files or execute commands over SSH before the build starts
☐ Send files or execute commands over SSH after the build runs
☐ Abort the build if it's stuck
☐ Add timestamps to the Console Output
☐ Inspect build log for published Gradle build scans
☐ SSH Agent
☐ With Ant

Step-6: In Build option we have multiple options, I select “**Execute shell**” to execute a shell script. This script will bring the build artifacts from GIT to our Jenkins server and place those artifacts in folder **/build** and extract the artifacts then run **Unit Testing**.

Unit testing will fail if index.php have any word as master (demo testing you can add your own script).If **unit testing fails the build will fail**.

Build

Execute shell

Command

```
git archive HEAD --format=zip > $JOB_NAME-$BUILD_NUMBER-archive.zip
cp -r $JOB_NAME-$BUILD_NUMBER-archive.zip /build/
cd /build/
mkdir $JOB_NAME-$BUILD_NUMBER
unzip $JOB_NAME-$BUILD_NUMBER-archive.zip -d $JOB_NAME-$BUILD_NUMBER
#Unit Testing
echo "unit testing started"
if grep 'master' /build/$JOB_NAME-$BUILD_NUMBER/index.php; then
  echo "Test is failed in following number of line"
  sed -n '/master/= ' /build/$JOB_NAME-$BUILD_NUMBER/index.php
  exit 1
fi
echo "Test is Successful"
```

[See the list of available environment variables](#)

Advanced...

Demo Script here(Make our own script based on your environment)

```
git archive HEAD --format=zip > $JOB_NAME-$BUILD_NUMBER-archive.zip
cp -r $JOB_NAME-$BUILD_NUMBER-archive.zip /build
cd /build/
mkdir $JOB_NAME-$BUILD_NUMBER
unzip $JOB_NAME-$BUILD_NUMBER-archive.zip -d $JOB_NAME-$BUILD_NUMBER
#Unit Testing
echo "unit testing started"
if grep 'master' /build/$JOB_NAME-$BUILD_NUMBER/index.php; then
echo "Test is failed in following number of line"
sed -n '/master/=/' /build/$JOB_NAME-$BUILD_NUMBER/index.php
exit 1
fi
echo "Test is Successful"
```

Step-7: Moving forward to deployment we need to add hosts/server in Jenkins (web servers where we are going to do the deployments).

To Add ssh host/ Server we need to add plugins (Publish over ssh).Take a look at Jenkins environment setup document for adding plugins.

To add ssh host install Publish over ssh plugin.

Go to Jenkins → Manage Jenkins → Configure systems



Go to the bottom of Jenkins page you will see **Publish over SSH**

Publish over SSH

Jenkins SSH Key

Passphrase

Path to key

Key

Disable exec

SSH Servers

SSH Server

Name

Web01

Name Tag

Hostname

34.226.143.191

Serverin/ DNS name

Username

ubuntu

username

Remote Directory

/deploy

Folder in Remote server where all artifacts to be moved

we need to get success result once you run test configuration

Success

To Add Pwd and passcode click

Advanced...

Test Configuration

Delete

Add

Remote Directory

/deploy

☒ Use password authentication, or use a different key

Passphrase / Password

Path to key

Key

Jump host

Port

22

Timeout (ms)

300000

Disable exec

Proxy type

Proxy host

Proxy port

0

Proxy user

Proxy password

Success

Test Configuration

Step-8: Once you added the server in configure systems then return to your Build plan and now in Build options select “**Send files or execute commands over ssh**”. You will see the host added there in scroll down list, select your server and other options and “**Execute shell**” which should be executed in remote server.

In the script we need to get the value from Environment parameter so that the script will create/deploy the environment.

Send files or execute commands over SSH

SSH Publishers

SSH Server

Name: Web01

Advanced...

Transfers

Transfer Set

Source files: \$JOB_NAME-\$BUILD_NUMBER-archive.zip

Remove prefix:

Remote directory:

Exec command:


```
cd /var/www/dcc
sudo rm -rf $Environment
cd /var/www/deployments/
sudo mkdir $JOB_NAME-$BUILD_NUMBER
sudo unzip /deploy/$JOB_NAME-$BUILD_NUMBER-archive.zip -d /var/www/deployments/$JOB_NAME-$BUILD_NUMBER
cd /var/www/dcc
sudo ln -s /var/www/deployments/$JOB_NAME-$BUILD_NUMBER $Environment
```

Save Apply

```
cd /var/www/dcc
sudo rm -rf $Environment
cd /var/www/deployments/
sudo mkdir $JOB_NAME-$BUILD_NUMBER
sudo unzip /deploy/$JOB_NAME-$BUILD_NUMBER-archive.zip -d /var/www/deployments/$JOB_NAME-$BUILD_NUMBER
cd /var/www/dcc
sudo ln -s deployments/$JOB_NAME-$BUILD_NUMBER $Environment
```

The above script will extract the source artifacts from **/deploy** to **/deployments/\$JOB_NAME-\$BUILD_NUMBER** and then create simlink (softlink) **\$Environment** inside **dcc** which pointing to **/deployments/\$JOB_NAME-\$BUILD_NUMBER** so that current version will be loaded in site.


Now click Build with Parameter option and run the build





Jenkins


Jenkins > dev >


 Back to Dashboard


 Status


 Changes

 Workspace

 Build with Parameters

 Delete Project

 Configure

 Rename

Project dev

This build requires parameters:

Branch

origin/master

origin/QA

origin/aravind

origin/Dev

origin/megala

Environment

Dev ▼

Build