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TSC Practice Sheet 01

Use of Suitable Words & Phrases এর ক্লাস রেকর্ড দেখতে নিচের QR Code টি স্ক্যান করুন।	Narration (Part - 01) এর ক্লাস রেকর্ড দেখতে নিচের QR Code টি স্ক্যান করুন।	Narration (Part - 02) এর ক্লাস রেকর্ড দেখতে নিচের QR Code টি স্ক্যান করুন।
 <i>SCAN ME</i>	 <i>SCAN ME</i>	 <i>SCAN ME</i>

এই শীট বুঝে বুঝে সমাধান করলে পরীক্ষায় Use of Suitable Words & Phrases এর প্রশ্নে কোনো জটিলতা বোধ করবে না ইনশা-আল্লাহ। এই শীটের পাশাপাশি ২০১৯, ২০২৩ এবং ২০২৪ সালের বোর্ড প্রশ্নসমূহ সমাধান করবে।

1. Complete the sentences with suitable words/ phrases given in the box.

has to	what does ... look like	was born	as soon as	let alone
there	what's it like	it	would rather	had better

- A good citizen _____ perform a lot of things. These things will enable him to become a true patriot.
- _____ is no fish here. It's a swimming pool.
- Mr. Habib is an honest man. He _____ starve than take bribe.
- _____ walking alone through a forest? I have never faced such a situation.
- _____ she finished her cooking, she called her father.
- Sumi: Mom, _____ a fox _____?
Mother: Well, it is somewhat like a dog.
- He is very miserly. He doesn't help his neighbors, _____ the villagers.
- I went to my village home on foot. _____ took me two hours to reach there.
- The weather is getting worse. I _____ start for home. My parents will be anxious for me.
- Tennyson was a great Victorian poet. He _____ in England.

2. Complete the following sentences with suitable phrases/words given in the box:

as if	scarcely	would rather	have to	as soon as
had better	used to	what if	as long as	no sooner

- The poor will continue to suffer _____ they are illiterate.
- I will call you _____ I arrive. Then we will go to market together.
- Rina: _____ we miss the bus? Mina: We will take a taxi then.
- The Bangladeshi cricketers are doing well. They _____ struggle more to win the World Cup.
- I _____ walk than get on the bus. This time the bus is very crowded.
- _____ had I reached the station than the train left. So I missed the train and waited for the next train.
- _____ had she heard the news of her friend's accident when she rushed to the hospital.
- Thomas Alva Edison was very inquisitive in his childhood. He _____ do many harmful activities out of his curiosity.

- (i) He tells the matter ____ he knew it. Actually, he is quite ignorant of it.
 (j) Salam feels pain in his chest. He ____ go back to hospital next week for a checkup.

3. Complete the sentences with suitable phrases/words given in the box:

there, let alone, what does _ _ look like, what if, as soon as,
 was born, as if, would rather, had better, have to

- (a) Silvia is generally a gentle girl. But yesterday she behaved ____ she had lost her sense.
 (b) The boy is very weak. He cannot run five miles at a stretch, ____ ten miles.
 (c) It was raining cats and dogs. So, they ____ wait until the rain stopped.
 (d) The man coming from the city thinks that he ____ die than beg.
 (e) ____ an elephant's trunk ____? It is a snake-shaped organ doing the work of a nose and even a hand.
 (f) ____ he entered the castle, the door automatically closed behind.
 (g) It is the shortest way from my home to DU. I ____ not go another way.
 (h) ____ the road ends over there? We have to walk the whole campus to find the exit.
 (i) Barack Obama was the President of the USA. But his father ____ in Kenya.
 (j) ____ was a time when people used to use camels and animals for crossing the distant path.

4. Complete the following sentences with suitable phrases/words given in the box:

with a view to whether _ _ or even though definitely what if
 nevertheless would you mind likely to anyway supposed to

- (a) We didn't go away at the weekend because I had too much work. ____, the weather was awful. So, we didn't miss anything.
 (b) We have given some very good reasons. I think he's ____ agree to our proposal.
 (c) A: We must reach the party now.
 B: ____ we don't get a rickshaw?
 (d) Rajib had a good preparation for the examination but he did not perform well. ____, he got a distinction in English.
 (e) She, ____, won't pass the exam. She hasn't done any work at all.
 (f) We are ____ check in at 3 pm. What's the time now?
 (g) I'm being disturbed in preparing a report. You keep making that stupid noise ____ I've asked you to stop three times.
 (h) It is 11:30. I'm going home ____ you like it ____ not.
 (i) We cannot ensure smooth development keeping the women inside home. The government provides free education for girls ____ educating them.
 (j) A: We must finish the lesson today.
 B: ____ bringing all the notes you've taken in the class?

5. Complete the sentences with suitable phrases/words given in the box:

No sooner had, unless, what does look like, in order to, as if,
 what if, there, let alone, was born it

- (a) Accessibility to higher education in our country is very difficult. Students must work hard ____ get themselves admitted into universities.
 (b) Time is very important in our life. You cannot prosper in life ____ you make the best use of time.
 (c) The students were talking in the class. ____ the teacher entered the class than they stopped talking.
 (d) He proceeded ____ he had never seen me. His behaviour shocked me.
 (e) The man is very weak. He cannot walk a mile, ____ five miles.
 (f) I'm in short of time. ____ the train is late?
 (g) Once ____ lived a farmer. He had four sons.
 (h) Have you seen a camel? ____ it ____?
 (i) ____ is unfortunate that many students spoil their time by using Facebook.
 (j) Joynul Abedin was a great artist. He ____ in Kishoregonj.

6. Complete the sentences with suitable phrases/words given in the box:

it is high time, in case, lest, as though, no sooner had,
 unless, would you mind, have to, used to, as long as

- (a) There is a foul smell in the room. ____ opening the windows?
 (b) Tomorrow I will be very busy. So, I'll say goodbye now ____ I don't see you again.
 (c) We ____ educate all and work hard to develop our country.
 (d) Nobody likes Karim at all. He talks ____ he knew everything.
 (e) The poor will continue to suffer ____ they are illiterate.

- (f) Nobody likes you here. _____ you left this place.
 (g) He saw a bear coming towards him. So, he climbed up a tree _____ the bear might attack him.
 (h) Everybody disliked Rakib. He _____ do many harmful activities.
 (i) Time is very important in our life. You cannot prosper in life _____ you make proper use of time.
 (j) The students were talking in the class. _____ the teacher entered the class than they stopped talking.

7. Complete the sentences with suitable phrases/ words given in the box:

there, what's it like, have to, as if, was born,
 let alone, would you mind, would rather, as soon as, had better

- (a) _____ reading the novel I gave you? You seem to be very interested in reading it.
 (b) You _____ not help your friend in the exam hall. It is, in other words, destroying his/her capabilities.
 (c) I will stop writing _____ the bell rings. It is not a good practice to continue writing after the bell has rung.
 (d) He writes _____ he were an author. Actually, he cannot write a single line.
 (e) Many children _____ blind last year. It was a painful phenomenon.
 (f) He _____ wake than sleep. He has to complete the home task as early as possible.
 (g) _____ are a lot of fishes in the pond. This pond belongs to them.
 (h) He has no money to buy food, _____ a fine cloth to wear. He spent all his money lavishly.
 (i) You _____ write the essay correctly and precisely to get good marks. Otherwise, you cannot expect something good from it.
 (j) _____ spending some blissful hours with the children? I think you won't.

8. Complete the following sentences with suitable phrases/words given in the box:

was born what does ____ look like had better would rather there
 let alone what's ____ like have to/ has to it as soon as

- a) Rome was not built in a day. _____ took a long time and hard labour to build this city.
 b) While appearing at an exam, you _____ follow the instructions written on your admit card.
 c) I _____ have a cup of tea than take anything else. I am almost full.
 d) We _____ return home as early as possible. The storm may start at any time from now.
 e) I can't remember the main road to this house, _____ the narrow lanes.
 f) The match started _____ we entered into the stadium. We could enjoy the match from the beginning.
 g) Student: Sir, _____ a 3D glass _____?
 Teacher: It's almost the same as the normal glass we wear.
 h) He thought that he _____ in an age not befitting for him.
 i) _____ arose a hue and cry as soon as the speedy bus hit the motorcycle.
 j) A: _____ your new car _____?

B: Wonderful. It's so much easier to drive than the old one.

09. Complete the sentences with suitable phrase/words given in the box.

have to	would rather	what does look like	used to	What's it like
had better	as if	let alone	as much as	was born

- (a) I can't even think of cheating in the exam hall. I _____ fail.
 (b) You can spend money _____ you wish for buying good books. They'll be your asset in days to come.
 (c) George can't come out with us this evening. He _____ work late. He has an important meeting tomorrow.
 (d) Baby: Mom, _____ a black box _____?
 Mom: Sorry dear, I have never been in the cockpit of an airplane.
 (e) _____ getting a phone call from an unknown number at midnight? It must be annoying.
 (f) I _____ see a dentist soon. My teeth are causing troubles.
 (g) "Is that a new car?" "Are you kidding? I can't afford a gallon of gasoline, _____ a new car."
 (h) Tapash delivers speech flatly _____ he were reading out a book report in the class.
 (i) My village is beside a river. In my childhood I _____ swim in the river, catch fish and cross the river by boat.
 (j) Do you know the year when Newton _____?

10. Complete the sentences with suitable phrase/words given in the box.

it	As soon as	there	was born	what's it like
had better	let alone	would rather	have to	what did...look like

- (a) The rules of our college are very strict. _____ the bells ring, the students have to attend the class.
 (b) We suspected that _____ was Akram who took away money from the box.
 (c) _____ was a king named Solomon. He was powerful and intelligent.
 (d) His income was very limited. He could not buy a motorbike, _____ a luxury car.

- (e) _____ living in English style? You seem to be happy with your life in London.
 (f) Mr. Habib is very honest. He _____ resign from the post than earn money in a dishonest way.
 (g) Lost time never comes back in life. So, you _____ not waste time in unprofitable work.
 (h) Kazi Nazrul Islam is a rebel poet. He _____ in West Bengal.
 (i) Paradise lies under parents' foot. So, we all _____ obey our parents.
 (j) I can't remember my father's face because I lost him at a very young age. _____ he _____?

11. Complete the sentences with suitable phrase/words given in the box.

it is high time	Scarcely.....when	with a view to	let alone	used to
it	has to	had better	preferto	look forward to

- (a) We always _____ getting light at the end of the tunnel because darkness is followed by light.
 (b) The freedom fighters were indomitable. They _____ embracing martyrdom _____ escaping showing back from the battle field.
 (c) When we were children, we _____ play in the open ground.
 (d) _____ had he dreamt of a nightmare _____ he started screaming.
 (e) He feels sick today. He _____ not go to office today.
 (f) Robin is the son of a poor man. He _____ fend for his own livelihood. .
 (g) He is meek and mild. He never utters any hard words _____ rebuke anyone.
 (h) _____ takes two to tango.
 (i) Our country is already over populated. _____ we thought about solving this problem fruitfully.
 (j) We should help the helpless _____ condescending to remove the sufferings of the destitute.

12. Complete the sentences with suitable phrases/words given in the box.

as if it is about time blow one's own trumpet would rather feel like
 is used to as far as when it comes to had better needn't have

- (a) "Can I smoke here?" "I _____ you didn't. It's a no smoking zone."
 (b) This car is absolutely fine _____ the engine is concerned.
 (c) We rushed to the station lest we might miss the train. But the train was late and we had to wait for an hour. We _____ hurried.
 (d) It's well past 10 and Diba is still in bed. _____ she got up.
 (e) Nishi is a nice girl. But _____ cooking, she is absolutely hopeless.
 (f) Lima has always lived alone. She _____ living alone.
 (g) Well, you don't need to _____. We know that you have some talent.
 (h) Look at that building! It looks _____ it were going to fall down!
 (i) I am very tired. I don't _____ going out this evening.
 (j) "It's getting late. I have to go now." "You _____ not. It's raining very hard."

13. Complete the sentences with suitable words/ phrases given in the box:

Would that it since as soon as too - - - to as if
 No sooner had . . . than lest let alone had better

- (a) You look exhausted. You _____ take rest for a while.
 (b) The thief has fled away _____ he might be caught.
 (c) _____ I seen the snake _____ I became awe- struck.
 (d) I would render my cooperation to you if _____ requires.
 (e) It was long _____ I had met you.
 (f) _____ he met me, he hugged me warmly.
 (g) Don't expect any help from him. He is _____ busy _____ help you.
 (h) I am an orphan now. _____ my father had lived longer.
 (i) He cannot walk for few steps, _____ run for a mile.
 (j) He overlooks me _____ he never knew me.

14. Complete the following sentences with suitable phrases/words given in the box:

but for let alone adhere to when it comes to unless
 as long as cannot but was born read between the lines as far as

- (a) The man is very weak. He cannot walk even a kilometer, _____ five kilometers.
 (b) Tagore _____ with a silver spoon in his mouth.
 (c) Rimi is a nice girl. But _____ cooking, she is hopeless.
 (d) This car is absolutely fine _____ the engine is concerned.
 (e) I'd like to wait here _____ the rain continues.
 (f) They always _____ work but never does well because they have some limitations.

- (g) It is six years since my father died. I ____ remember his love for me.
 (h) If you ____, you could understand what he tried to say.
 (i) You cannot go and pass your time there ____ you are a member of it.
 (j) ____ your timely intervention, I would have been assaulted by them.

15. Complete the following sentences with suitable phrases/words given in the box:

what if	read between the lines	let alone	had better	get used to
used to	look down upon	would rather	as soon as	what's it like

- (a) She does not like any literary work, ____ admire any literary work.
 (b) The hunter was ready with his gun for the tiger. ____ it came out of its cave, he shot at it.
 (c) The whole area is covered already by rain water. ____ it rains again?
 (d) The poor are ____ by the rich. It should not be done.
 (e) The canal dried up making it difficult for the villagers. They ____ dig it.
 (f) You look ill. You ____ not go to work.
 (g) I think you have reacted totally in a negative way. If you ____, you could have understood what he tried to say.
 (h) In ancient time people ____ fight against dangerous wild animals.
 (i) I have no idea of ____ going on a long drive. I had never such occasion in my life.
 (j) ____ walking in the morning because walking is very important to keep a sound health.

Narration

01. Change the narrative style by using indirect speeches:

"Oh, my Lord, please do not kill the child," said the woman. "Let her have him." The king said, "Now everything is clear to me." Pointing the woman, he said to the servant, "Give her the child. She is the mother of the baby."

02. Change the narrative style by using indirect speeches:

"Follow my example," she said as we shook hands, "and never eat more than one thing for luncheon." "I'll do better than that," I retorted. "I'll eat nothing for dinner tonight." "Humorist," she cried gaily, jumping into a cab.

03. Change the form of narrative style by using indirect speeches:

"Are you ready to order, sir?" said the waiter. "I would like to have a plain vegetable soup for starter. Then grilled chicken, boiled potatoes and garlic bread for main course," replied the customer. "Anything for dessert?" asked the waiter. "Just a scoop of ice cream, please," said the customer.

04. Change the form of narrative style by using indirect speeches:

"Porter, you may go," said the mistress of the house, laughing. "You have gained your freedom." "By Allah," he replied, "I will not leave this house until I have heard the stories of my companions."

05. Change the form of narrative style by using indirect speeches:

The old man said, "Can you give me some food? I have been starving for two days." The maid said, "Why do you beg? Can't you work?" "No, I'm unable to work," said the man. The maid again said, "Don't you have anyone to look after you?" "No, I have none on this earth who can take care of me," said the old man.

06. Change the form of narrative style by using indirect speeches:

"What's a puppet show?" Mita said to her father. Father said, "Let's go inside and you can see yourself." Inside the tent Mita said, "How strange! A doll is dancing and talking." Father said, "A man behind the screen is moving the doll. Do you understand who is talking?"

07. Change the narrative style by using indirect speeches.

"You look a little bit like my mother," he said, "especially in the dark by the fire." "But you were only four then, Jerry, when you came here." "Have you remembered how she looked all these years?" said the authoress. "My mother lives in Manville," he said.

08. Change the narrative style by using indirect speeches.

"Have you killed the rats?" said the Mayor. "Yes, I have," replied the piper. "Give me the promised money." "How funny you are!" said the Mayor. "Take only fifty." "No. I will not take any money which is deducted by even one poisa." "Then go away," said the Mayor.

09. Change the form of narrative style by using indirect speeches:

"What kind of stories did Aesop tell?" asked Anwar. "Fables," replied Mr. Rahman. "Do you know what fables are?" "No," replied Anwar. "Well," continued Mr. Rahman, "Fables are stories with a moral. And Aesop entertained people by telling these stories."

10. Change the form of narrative style by using indirect speeches:

"Stop. Didn't I tell you to stop? You cannot go there," said the sergeant. "Oh! Very well, it is hard thing to be very poor. All the world is against the poor," said the man.

11. Change the form of narrative style by using indirect speeches:

The king said to the astrologer, "How long do you want to live? For you will be hanged very soon." Looking at the sky the astrologer said, "My Lord, the positions of the stars declare that I'll die only a week before your Majesty. Good bye." The king turned pale and ordered his courtiers, "Drive this wretch away and never allow him to come for disturbing peace."

12. Change the narrative style by using indirect speeches:

A cat hearing that a hen was laid up sick in her nest, paid her a visit of condolence and said, "How are you, my dear? What can I do for you? Only tell me. Is there anything in the world that I can bring for you?" "Thank you," said the hen. "Do you be good enough to leave me, and I have no fear but I shall soon be well."

13. Change the narrative style by using indirect speeches:

"Whose picture is it?" I asked. "A little girl's of course," said Grandmother. "Can't you tell?" "Yes, but did you know the girl?" "Yes, I knew her," said Granny, "But she was a very wicked girl and I shouldn't tell you about her."

14. Change the narrative style by using indirect speeches:

"Will you buy my hair?" asked Della. "I buy hair," said Madame.

"Take your hat off and let's have a sight at the looks of it."

"Twenty dollars," said Madame. "Give it to me quick," said Della.

15. Change the narrative style by using indirect speeches:

"Why did you stop me? I didn't do anything wrong, did I?" asked Riyad. "You were driving too fast," said the traffic sergeant, giving him a glare, "Now! Show me your driving license."

16. Change the form of narrative style by using indirect speeches:

"I can chop some wood today," said Jerry. "But I have a boy coming from the orphanage." "I am the boy." "You? But you are small." "Size does not matter, chopping wood," said Jerry. "Some of the big boys don't chop good. I've been chopping wood for a long time," said Jerry to the writer.

17. Change the narrative style of the passage by using indirect speeches:

"How is your mother, Habib?" said Fahim. "She is better today," said Habib. "Did you take her to any doctor?"

"Yes, and the doctor has x-rayed her." "Now, take a good care of her and ensure all medications as prescribed," said Fahim. "Of course, thank you a lot," said Habib.

18. Change the form of narrative style by using indirect speeches:

"Why do you stop me?" asked Rubel. "Have I done any wrong?" "You are driving so fast. It is not the rule," said the traffic sergeant. "Sorry, Sir. My mother is in the hospital. So, I am in a hurry," said Rubel.

19. Change the narrative style by using indirect speeches:

"Stop! You're eating all our bread," shouted the two rats. "I'm doing my best but I've told you that it's difficult," said the monkey. "Give us that little piece," said the rats. "This is my piece. Haven't I laboured a lot for you?" replied the monkey. "How foolish we are believing you!" said the rats.

20. Change the narrative style by using indirect speeches:

"Where do you come from?" I asked him. "From San Carlos," he said and smiled. "I was taking care of animals." "Oh," I said, not quite understanding. "Yes," he said, "I stayed, you see, taking care of animals. I was the last one to leave the town of San Carlos." "What animals were they?" "Various animals," he said, and shook his head.

21. Change the narrative style by using indirect speeches:

"Why are your children crying, my daughter?" "They have been starving," said the woman. "Have you none else in the world?" "My husband died some months ago. He left them neither money nor any property. So, they are in great distress. They have to starve sometimes." "What a pity it is!" said the Caliph.

22. Change the narrative style by using indirect speeches:

"My sons," said he, "A great treasure lies hidden in the estate I am about to leave you." "Where is it hidden?" said the sons. "I am about to tell you," said the old man. "But you must dig the land for it."

23. Change the narrative style by using indirect speeches:

"Have you saved something for the future?" said the rich man. "No," said the cobbler. "I am happy with the present and think little about tomorrow." "No, that would not do," said the rich man. "I like to see you above want. Have this money and keep it."

24. Change the narrative style by using indirect speeches:

"Where are the cattle which these people graze and where are the fields they plough, uncle?" he asked, turning to Daya Ram. "They have no cattle and no fields here," said the chaprasi, pushing his neck back to stiff uprightness. "It is only the rustics in the villages who graze cattle and plough the land," he said.

25. Change the narrative style by using indirect speeches:

"How much do you want?" said the Mayor. "A thousand guilders," said the pied piper. "All right," said the Mayor. "We'll pay you a thousand guilders. When will you set to work?" "Now," said the pied piper.

26. Change the narrative style by using indirect speeches:

The teacher said to the boy, "Do you think that honesty is the best policy?" The boy said, "Yes, Sir. I think so." "Then learn to be honest from your boyhood," said the teacher. "Thank you, Sir," said the boy. "May Allah grant you a long life," said the teacher to the boy.

27. Change the narrative style by using indirect speeches:

"Good morning," said the tourist. "Do you have any room vacant?" "Yes sir, double or single?" "I want one single room," said the tourist. The receptionist said. "We have a single room on the second floor. Will that serve your purpose?" "Fine, thank you." "What's the rent of the room?" "It is two thousand taka only. Now you have to pay half of the money in advance."

28. Change the narrative style by using indirect speeches:

"What type of behaviour do you expect from me?" the king said to the captive. "The behaviour of a king to a king," was the answer. "How can I show kingly treatment to a criminal?" said the king. "Please do not forget that you too ascended this throne by committing a more serious crime," the captive replied. "Can you mention any crime committed by me?" said the king. "Yes," said the captive. "You massacred a great number of people just before ascending the throne."

29. Change the narrative style by using indirect speeches:

"Coffee?" I said. "Yes, just an ice cream and a coffee," she answered. I ordered for her and for myself. "You know, one thing I thoroughly believe in," she said as she ate the ice cream. "One should always get up from a meal feeling one could eat a little more." "Are you still hungry?" I asked faintly.

30. Change the narrative style by using indirect speeches:

"You've cut off your hair?" asked Jim. "Cut it off and sold it," said Della. "Don't you like me just as well, anyhow? I'm me without my hair, ain't I?" "You say your hair is gone?" he said. "You don't have to look for it. Shall we eat dinner, Jim?" said Della.