计网实验1

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Linux 下常用网络指令

• 用 ip address 命令查看本机 IP 地址和以太网的硬件地址

```
ustc-mzw@ustcmzw-VirtualBox:~$ ip addr > ip_addr

1: lo: <LOOPBACK,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 65536 qdisc noqueue state UNKNOWN group defau

lt qlen 1000
    link/loopback 00:00:00:00:00 brd 00:00:00:00:00
    inet 127.0.0.1/8 scope host lo
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
    inet6 ::1/128 scope host
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
2: enp0s3: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc fq_codel state UP g

roup default qlen 1000
    link/ether 08:00:27:de:df:45 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:
    inet 192.168.56.101/24 brd 192.168.56.255 scope global dynamic noprefixrout

e enp0s3
    valid_lft 579sec preferred_lft 579sec
    inet6 240e:459:480:ea3a:e076:5e4c:9d3b:efd7/64 scope global temporary dynam

ic
    valid_lft 1953sec preferred_lft 1953sec
    inet6 240e:459:480:ea3a:ce4e:81d9:c847:2b19/64 scope global dynamic mngtmpa

ddr noprefixroute
    valid_lft 1953sec preferred_lft 1953sec
    inet6 680::f605:b83:421b:baf4/64 scope link noprefixroute
    valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever

ustc-mzw@ustcmzw-VirtualBox:~$
```

虚拟机IPv4地址: 192.168.56.101

网卡MAC地址: 08:00:27:de:df:45

• 输入 ipconfig 命令并在输出中找到适配器 VMnet8 的 IP 地址

用 ip neigh 命令查看本机的 ARP 缓存表

```
ustc-mzw@ustcmzw-VirtualBox:~$ ip neigh > ip_neigh ustc-mzw@ustcmzw-VirtualBox:~$ cat ip_neigh 240e:459:480:ea3a:23f8:13d0:73e1:8916 dev enp0s3 INCOMPLETE
```

用 ping -c 4 <IP 地址> 命令向 VMnet8 发送报文 (ICMP echo request)

```
ustc-mzw@ustcmzw-VirtualBox:~$ ping -c 4 192.168.56.1
PING 192.168.56.1 (192.168.56.1) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 字节,来自 192.168.56.1: icmp_seq=1 ttl=128 时间=3.94 毫秒
64 字节,来自 192.168.56.1: icmp_seq=2 ttl=128 时间=6.83 毫秒
64 字节,来自 192.168.56.1: icmp_seq=3 ttl=128 时间=1.10 毫秒
64 字节,来自 192.168.56.1: icmp_seq=4 ttl=128 时间=1.33 毫秒
--- 192.168.56.1 ping 统计 ---
已发送 4 个包,已接收 4 个包,0% 包丢失,耗时 3022 毫秒
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 1.096/3.300/6.834/2.325 ms
ustc-mzw@ustcmzw-VirtualBox:~$
```

收到响应(ICMP echo reply)后,再次使用 ip neigh 命令查看本机 ARP 缓存表的内容,找到 VMnet8 对应的表项,并记录其 MAC 地址

```
ustc-mzw@ustcmzw-VirtualBox:~$ ip neigh > ip_neigh ustc-mzw@ustcmzw-VirtualBox:~$ cat ip_neigh 192.168.56.1 dev enp0s3 lladdr 0a:00:27:00:00:12 STALE 240e:459:480:ea3a:23f8:13d0:73e1:8916 dev enp0s3 FAILED
```

• 用 ip route 命令查看本机的 IPv4 路由表,

```
ustc-mzw@ustcmzw-VirtualBox:~$ ip route > ip_route
ustc-mzw@ustcmzw-VirtualBox:~$ cat ip_route
192.168.56.0/24 dev enp0s3 proto kernel scope link src 192.168.56.101 metric 10
0 ___
```

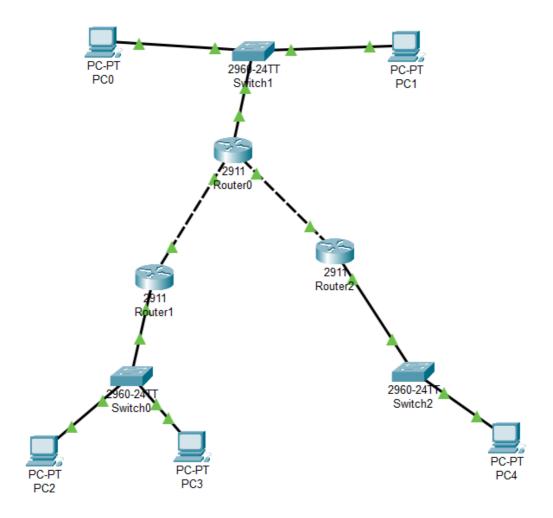
● 用 sysctl net.ipv4.ip_forward 命令查看本机 net.ipv4.ip_forward 的配置值

```
ustc-mzw@ustcmzw-VirtualBox:~$ sysctl net.ipv4.ip_forward > net.ipv4.ip_forward
ustc-mzw@ustcmzw-VirtualBox:~$ cat net.ipv4.ip_forward
net.ipv4.ip_forward = 0
```

• 用 sudo traceroute --icmp 202.38.64.1 观察从本机到 202.38.64.1 —共经过多少路由器

Cisco 路由器 IP 组网模拟

网络拓扑为:

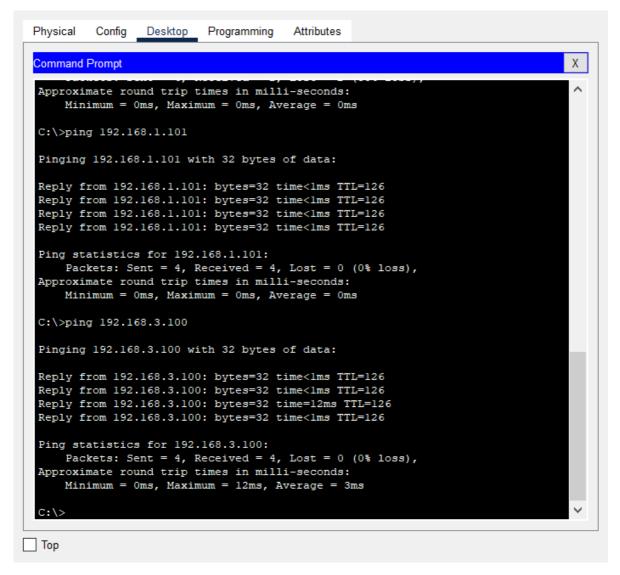


静态路由

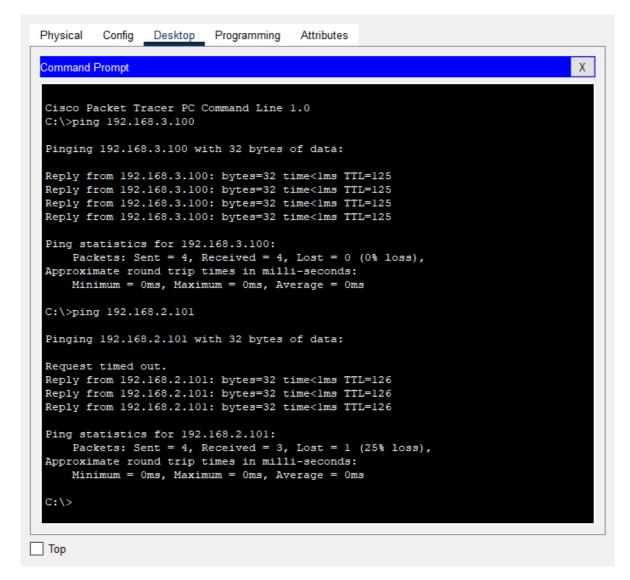
Router0的路由表:

```
Router>
Router>en
Router#show ip rou
Router#show ip route
Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
       D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
      N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
      E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
       i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter
area
       * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
       P - periodic downloaded static route
Gateway of last resort is not set
     192.168.1.0/24 [1/0] via 192.168.10.1
     192.168.2.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
С
        192.168.2.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1
        192.168.2.1/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1
     192.168.3.0/24 [1/0] via 192.168.11.1
S
    192.168.10.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
С
       192.168.10.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
       192.168.10.2/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
     192.168.11.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
C
        192.168.11.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/2
L
        192.168.11.2/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/2
Router#
```

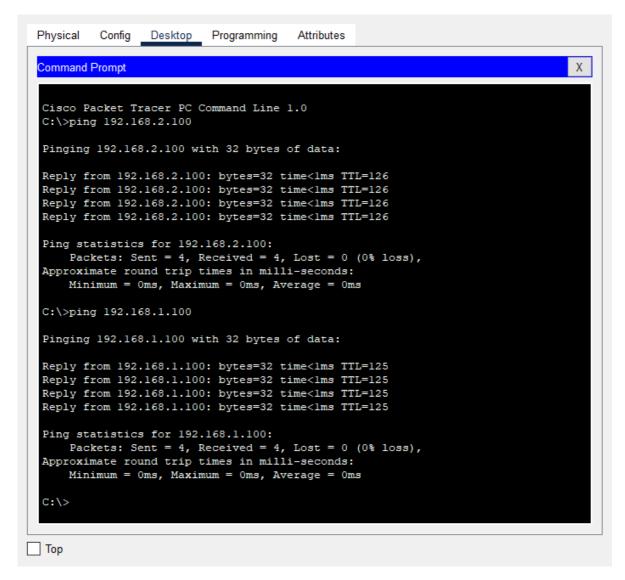
PC0 ping PC3和PC4:



PC2 ping PC4和PC1



PC4 Ping PC0和PC2:



RIP动态路由

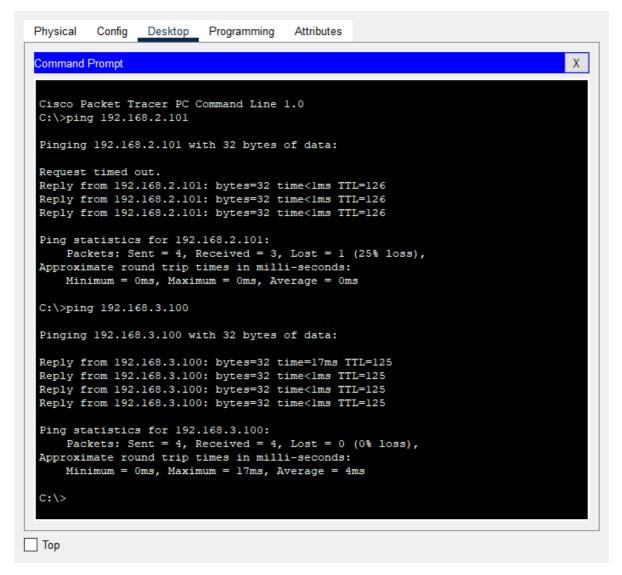
Router0的路由表:

```
Router>en
Router#sho
Router#show ip
Router#show ip rou
Router#show ip route
Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
       D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
       {\tt N1} - OSPF NSSA external type 1, {\tt N2} - OSPF NSSA external type 2
       E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
       i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter
area
       * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
       P - periodic downloaded static route
Gateway of last resort is not set
     192.168.1.0/24 [120/1] via 192.168.10.1, 00:00:21, GigabitEthernet0/0
     192.168.2.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
        192.168.2.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1
        192.168.2.1/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1
     192.168.3.0/24 [120/1] via 192.168.11.1, 00:00:07, GigabitEthernet0/2
R
     192.168.10.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
C
        192.168.10.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
L
       192.168.10.2/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
     192.168.11.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
С
        192.168.11.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/2
        192.168.11.2/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/2
Router#
```

PC0 ping PC2和PC4:

```
Attributes
 Physical
          Config
                 Desktop Programming
                                                                                 Χ
 Command Prompt
 Cisco Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
 C:\>ping 192.168.3.100
  Pinging 192.168.3.100 with 32 bytes of data:
 Request timed out.
  Reply from 192.168.3.100: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126
  Reply from 192.168.3.100: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126
  Reply from 192.168.3.100: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126
 Ping statistics for 192.168.3.100:
     Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 3, Lost = 1 (25% loss),
  Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
     Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
  C:\>ping 192.168.1.100
  Pinging 192.168.1.100 with 32 bytes of data:
  Request timed out.
 Reply from 192.168.1.100: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126
 Reply from 192.168.1.100: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126
 Reply from 192.168.1.100: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126
  Ping statistics for 192.168.1.100:
      Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 3, Lost = 1 (25% loss),
 Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
      Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
  C:\>
Top
```

PC3 ping PC4和PC1:



PC4 ping PC0和PC2:

```
Physical Config
                Desktop Programming
                                      Attributes
                                                                              Х
Command Prompt
Cisco Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
C:\>ping 192.168.1.100
Pinging 192.168.1.100 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 192.168.1.100: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=125
Reply from 192.168.1.100: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=125
Reply from 192.168.1.100: bytes=32 time=17ms TTL=125
Reply from 192.168.1.100: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=125
Ping statistics for 192.168.1.100:
   Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 17ms, Average = 4ms
C:\>ping 192.168.2.100
Pinging 192.168.2.100 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 192.168.2.100: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126
Ping statistics for 192.168.2.100:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
C:\>
```

Top