TASKS ON TERRAFORM

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***** BATCH: **11**

❖ NO.OF TASKS: 1

Task 1: What are modules explain with example

A **Terraform module** is a collection of Terraform configuration files (typically .tf files) organized in a single directory that define a set of resources to be created and managed together. Even a simple directory with one or more Terraform files is considered a module. The module acts as a reusable, logical container grouping resources that serve a specific purpose or infrastructure function.

Modules help us organize, abstract, and encapsulate infrastructure code, allowing us to reuse it efficiently across different environments or projects. Every Terraform configuration contains at least one module called the **root module** (the code in your current working directory), and can call other modules inside it as **child modules**.

In short, modules enable:

- **Reusability**: Write infrastructure code once and use it many times.
- **Abstraction**: Hide complex resource groups behind simpler interfaces.
- **Consistency**: Deploy infrastructure components consistently.
- Modularity: Break large infrastructure into manageable, logical parts.

Detailed Notes on Terraform Setup

Overview:

We have a Terraform root module (**main.tf**) that calls multiple instances of the **config** module (located locally or remotely). Each instance is passed different variable values (f1, c1). The **config** module creates a local file resource based on these inputs and exposes an output.

1. Root Module (main.tf)

What it does:

- Defines four modules:
 - o m1 and m2: Use a local module ./config with different input values.
 - o m3: Uses a module from a relative path ../2707
 - o m4: Uses a remote module from GitHub (github.com/muzzammil-hamdu/Terraform-module-test.git).

```
module m1 {
  source = "./config"
  f1 = "123.txt"
  c1 = "content from module"
}
module m2 {
```

```
source = "./config"
 f1 = "456.txt"
     = "content from module 2"
 c1
module m3 {
 source = ''../2707''
module m4 {
source = "github.com/muzzammil-hamdu/Terraform-module-test.git"
      from within the module instances.
```

Outputs (m1f1 and m2f1) expose resource info from m1 and m2 modules, specifically the fa1 output

```
output m1f1 {
 value = module.m1.fa1
output m2f1 {
 value = module.m2.fa1
```

```
odule "m4" {
source = "github.com/muzzammil-hamdu/Terraform-module-test.git"
utput "m1f1" {
value = module.m1.fa1
utput "m2f1" {
value = module.m2.fa1
```

For module **m3** we have given location of main.tf as follows(copy the path to provide in module m3)

```
filename_upper =[for value in var.filename: upper(value)]
map_keys = [ for key, value in var.filnamemap: upper(key) ]
map_values = [ for key, value in var.filnamemap: upper(value) ]
map_upper = { for key, value in var.filnamemap: key ⇒ upper(value) }
output a1{
    value = local.filename_upper
}
output a2{
value = local.map_keys
  output a3{
value = local.map_values
   ariable "filename" {
type = list(string)
default = ["a", "b", "c"]
    source "local_file" "f8" {
count = length(local.filename_upper)
filename = local.filename_upper[count.index]
content = "test"
```

The github repository consists file with configuration as follows(this repository URL is given in module m4

2. config Module

Create a directory named config and create a file in it named res.tf using vi res.tf

The module located in ./config is used by m1 and m2. It contains:

```
res.tf (Terraform resource and outputs)
```

```
resource "local_file" "f1" {
  filename = var.f1
  content = var.c1
}

output "fa1" {
  value = local_file.f1.id
}
```

- **local_file resource**: Uses the local_file resource to create a file on the local filesystem.
 - o filename: Comes from var.f1 (variable "f1").
 - o content: Comes from var.c1 (variable "c1").
- **output 'fa1'**: Returns the ID of the created local file resource, which is one of the outputs exposed to the root module.

variables.tf (variables for the module)

```
variable "f1" {
  default = "abc.txt"
}

variable "c1" {
  default = "default content"
}
```

- Two variables declared:
 - o f1: filename, defaults to "abc.txt".
 - o c1: file content, defaults to "default content".

Both can be overridden when calling the module, as done in main.tf.

Run the command terraform init

```
Initializing the backend ...
Initializing modules ...
— mi in config
— m in terraform/modules/m4
Downloading gist: https://github.com/muzzammil-hamdu/Terraform-module-test.git for m4 ...
— m4 in .terraform/modules/m5
Initializing provider plugins ...
— m5 in .terraform/modules/m5
Initializing provider plugins ...
— Finding latest version of hashicorp/local ...
— Finding latest version of hashicorp/local ...
— Finding lastest version smatching "0 3.2" ...
— Finding hashicorp/orandom versions matching "0 3.2" ...
— Finding hashicorp/random versions matching "0 3.2" ...
— Installed hashicorp/random versions matching "0 3.2" ...
— Installed hashicorp/random version with provider plugins ...
— Installed hashicorp/acurerm v4.37.0 (signed by HashiCorp)
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— Installed hashicorp/acurerm v4.37.0 (signed by HashiCorp)
— Installing hashicorp/acurerm v4.37.0 (signed by HashiCorp)
— Installing hashicorp/random v3.7.2 (signed by HashiCorp)
Partner and community providers are signed by their developers.
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— Installing hashicorp/conterraform/cll/blugins/signing
— Installing hashicorp/random v3.7.2 (signed by HashiCorp)

Partner and community providers are signed by HashiCorp

Finding acure/moditu v6.1 (signed by HashiCorp)

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Finding acur
```

Run the command terraform apply

```
Terraform used the selected providers to generate the following execution plan. Resource actions are indicated with the following symbols:

**Terraform used the selected providers to generate the following execution plan. Resource actions are indicated with the following symbols:

**Terraform will perform the following actions:

**# module.m.i.local_file.fi will be created

**resource "local_file" "fi! {

** content_base6shab256 (known after apply)

** content_base6shab256 (known after apply)

** content_base6shab256 (known after apply)

** content_shab26 (and after apply)

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** directory.permission = "0777"

** filename = "123.tt"

** id = (known after apply)

** content_shab26 (known after apply)
```

Summary of Workflow:

- 1. **Root module** calls m1 and m2 modules, overriding f1 and c1 values.
- 2. Each **config module** instance:
 - o Creates a **local file** with the filename and content passed in.
 - o Returns the **local file resource ID** as fa1.
- 3. Root module outputs m1f1 and m2f1 fetch those file resource IDs from each module instance and print/send them as outputs after terraform apply.

Important Notes:

- The local_file resource creates or updates files on the **local machine** Terraform is running on (usually your workstation or CI environment).
- Filenames (f1) like "123.txt" and "456.txt" are relative paths and will be created relative to where you run Terraform.
- The outputs expose the resource IDs (usually file paths) so you can reference or check the files after apply.
- Modules m3 and m4 are included but not detailed; they seem unrelated to the file-writing task but indicate your setup supports multiple sources.
- When m1 runs, it creates a file named 123.txt with content: "content from module".
- When m2 runs, it creates 456.txt with content: "content from module 2".