Code source projet de programmation système 2016/2017

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Chapitre 1

mapio.c

```
#include <fcntl.h>
   #include <stdio.h>
   #include <unistd.h>
4 #include <stdlib.h>
 5 #include <string.h>
6 #include "map.h"
7 #include "error.h"
   #ifdef PADAWAN
    void map_new(unsigned width, unsigned height){
11
       map_allocate(width, height);
12
13
      // Sol
14
       for(int x = 0; x < width; x++)
16
17
          map_set(x, height - 1, 0);
18
19
       // Mur
20
21
       for (int y = 0; y < height - 1; y++){
          map_set(0, y, 1);
22
         map_{set}(width - 1, y, 1);
23
24
25
      map object begin(6);
26
27
       // Ajout des differents objets utilises
28
      map_object_add("images/ground.png", 1, MAP_OBJECT_SOLID);
map_object_add("images/wall.png", 1, MAP_OBJECT_SOLID);
map_object_add("images/grass.png", 1, MAP_OBJECT_SEMI_SOLID);
map_object_add("images/marble.png", 1, MAP_OBJECT_SOLID | MAP_OBJECT_DESTRUCTIBLE);
map_object_add("images/flower.png", 1, MAP_OBJECT_AIR);
map_object_add("images/coin.png", 20, MAP_OBJECT_AIR | MAP_OBJECT_COLLECTIBLE);
30
31
32
33
35
36
      map_object_end();
37
38
39
40
41
   void map_save(char *filename){
42
       int valeur, err, tmp;
43
       int height = map_height();
44
      int width = map_width();
int frame, type1, type2, type3, type4;
45
46
       char name[100];
47
       int nb_object = map_objects();
48
```

```
// Ouverture du fichier de sauvgarde
50
51
     int output = open("maps/saved.map", O TRUNC | O WRONLY | O CREAT,0666);
52
53
     if (output == -1){
54
        fprintf(stderr, "Probleme_dans_maps/saved.map: %\n", filename);
55
        exit(1);
56
57
58
     lseek(output, 0, SEEK_SET);
59
60
     // Sauvgarde de la taille
61
62
     write(output, &width, sizeof(int));
63
     write(output, &height, sizeof(int));
64
65
     // Sauvgarde des objets
66
67
     write(output, &nb object, sizeof(int));
68
69
     for (int i = 0; i < nb object; i++){
70
        frame = map_get_frames(i);
71
        strcpy(name, map_get_name(i));
72
       tmp = strlen(name);
73
74
        write(output, &tmp, sizeof(int));
        for(int j = 0; j < tmp; j++){
75
          write(output, &name[j], sizeof(int));
76
77
       type1 = map_get_solidity(i);
type2 = map_is_destructible(i);
78
79
        type3 = map_is_collectible(i);
80
81
        type4 = map_is_generator(i);
        write(output,&frame, sizeof(int));
82
        write(output,&type1, sizeof(int));
83
        write(output,&type2, sizeof(int));
84
        write(output,&type3, sizeof(int));
85
        write(output,&type4, sizeof(int));
86
87
88
     // Lecture de map
89
90
     for(int y = 0; y < height; y++){
91
        for (int x = 0; x < width; x++){
92
          valeur = map get(x, y);
93
          err = write(output, &valeur, sizeof(int));
94
          if(err = -1)
95
          fprintf(stderr, "Probleme_de_sauvegarde: _%s\n", filename);
96
          exit (1);
97
98
99
100
101
     close (output);
102
103
104
105
106
   void map load(char *filename){
107
     int err , fd;
108
     char n, type1, type2, type3, type4;
109
     char *adress = malloc(sizeof(char));
110
111
     // Ouverture du fichier de sauvgarde
112
113
     fd = open(filename, O RDONLY, 0666);
114
115
     if (fd == -1){
116
     fprintf(stderr, "Desole: \%s_n'existe_pas\n", filename);
117
```

```
exit (1);
118
     }
119
120
     err = lseek(fd, 0, SEEK\_SET);
121
122
123
     if(err == -1){
        fprintf(stderr, "Probleme_de_format: _%s\n", filename);
124
125
        exit(1);
126
127
     // Chargement de la taille
128
129
     err = read(fd, &n, sizeof(int));
130
131
     if(err == -1){
132
        fprintf(stderr, "Probleme_de_format:_%s\n", filename);
133
        exit(1);
134
135
136
     unsigned width = n;
137
     err = read(fd, &n, sizeof(int));
138
139
140
     if (err = -1){
        fprintf(stderr, "Probleme_de_format:_\%\n", filename);
141
142
        exit(1);
143
144
     unsigned height = n;
145
     map allocate (width, height);
146
     err = read(fd, &n, sizeof(int));
147
148
149
     if (err = -1){
        fprintf (stderr, "Probleme_de_format: _%s\n", filename);
150
        exit (1);
151
152
153
     int nb object = n;
154
155
     // Chargement des objets
156
157
     map_object_begin(nb_object);
158
     char *tmp1 = malloc(sizeof(char) * 20);
159
160
     for (int i = 0; i < nb object; i++)
161
        err = read(fd, &adress[0], sizeof(int));
162
        if (err = -1){
163
          fprintf(stderr, "Probleme_de_format: _%s\n", filename);
164
          exit(1);
165
166
       tmp1 = realloc(tmp1, ((int)adress[0]) * sizeof(char));
167
        for (int j = 0; j < (int) adress [0]; j++){
168
169
          err = read(fd, &tmp1[j], sizeof(int));
          if(err = -1){
170
          fprintf(stderr, "Probleme\_de\_format: \c \%s \n", filename);
171
          exit(1);
172
173
          }
174
        err = read(fd, &n, sizeof(int));
175
        if(err == -1){
176
          fprintf(stderr, "Probleme_de_format:_%s\n", filename);
177
          exit (1);
178
179
        err = read(fd, &type1, sizeof(int));
180
        if(err == -1){
181
          fprintf(stderr, "Probleme_de_format: _%s\n", filename);
182
          exit(1);
183
184
       err = read(fd, &type2, sizeof(int));
185
```

```
if(err = -1)
186
           fprintf(stderr, "Probleme_de_format: _%s\n", filename);
187
           exit(1);
188
189
         err = read(fd, &type3, sizeof(int));
190
         if(err = -1){
191
           fprintf(stderr, "Probleme_de_format: _%s\n", filename);
192
193
           exit (1);
194
         err = read(fd, &type4, sizeof(int));
195
         if(err = -1){
196
           fprintf(stderr, "Probleme_de_format:_%s\n", filename);
197
198
           exit(1);
199
         if (type2) {
200
           map_object_add(tmp1, n, type1 | MAP_OBJECT_DESTRUCTIBLE);
201
202
203
         else if (type3) {
           map object add(tmp1, n, type1 | MAP OBJECT COLLECTIBLE);
204
205
         else if (type4) {
206
           map object add(tmp1, n, type1 | MAP OBJECT GENERATOR);
207
208
         else{
209
           map_object_add(tmp1, n, type1);
210
211
         for (int k = 0; k < adress[0]; k++){
212
           \mathtt{strcpy}\,(\,\mathrm{tmp1}\,+\,\mathrm{k}\,,\,\,{\tt ""}\,)\,;
213
214
215
216
217
      map object end ();
      free(tmp1);
218
      free (adress);
219
220
      // Ecriture de map
221
222
      for (int y = 0; y < height; y++){
223
         \begin{array}{lll} & \text{for (int } x = 0; \ x < width; \ x++) \{ \\ & \text{err = read(fd, \&n, sizeof(int));} \end{array}
224
225
           if(err = -1){
226
           fprintf(stderr, "Probleme_de_format:_%s\n", filename);
227
           exit(1);
228
229
           map_set(x, y, n);
230
231
232
233
234
      close (fd);
235
236
   #endif
```

Chapitre 2

maputil.c

```
\#define _XOPEN_SOURCE 500
  #include <fcntl.h>
  #include <stdio.h>
  |#include <unistd.h>
6 #include <stdlib.h>
  #include <string.h>
  #include <sys/types.h>
  #include "map.h'
#include "error.h"
11
  #ifdef PADAWAN
12
  #define NB_OPTIONS 8
14
  static void usage(char *arg){
16
    fprintf(stderr, "%s_<file>_<option>\n", arg);
17
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
18
19
20
21
  // Alloue un tableau contenant toutes les options possibles de maputil
23
  void optionsAlloc(char *t[]) {
25
    t[0] = malloc(10 * sizeof(char));
26
    strcpy(t[0], "--getwidth");
27
    t[1] = malloc(11 * sizeof(char));
28
    strcpy(t[1], "--getheight");
    t[2] = malloc(12 * sizeof(char));
30
    strcpy(t[2], "--getobjects");
31
    t[3] = malloc(9 * sizeof(char));
32
    strcpy(t[3], "--getinfo");
33
    t[4] = malloc(10 * sizeof(char));
    strcpy(t[4], "--setwidth");
35
    t[5] = malloc(11 * sizeof(char));
36
    strcpy(t[5], "--setheight");
37
    t[6] = malloc(12 * sizeof(char));
strcpy(t[6], "—setobjects");
38
39
    t[7] = malloc(14 * sizeof(char));
40
    strcpy(t[7], "--pruneobjects");
41
42
43
44
45
  // Libere le tableau contenant toutes les options de maputil
47
48 void optionsFree(char *t[]) {
for(int i = 0; i < NB_OPTIONS; i++)
```

```
50
        free(t[i]);
   }
51
52
53
54
   // Renvoie la largeur d'une carte
55
56
   int getWidth(int Fd){
     int i;
58
     int e = lseek(Fd, 0, SEEK_SET);
59
60
      if(e = -1){
61
        perror("lseek");
62
        exit (EXIT_FAILURE);
63
64
65
     e = read(Fd, \&i, sizeof(int));
66
     if (e = -1){
        perror("read");
68
        exit (EXIT_FAILURE);
69
70
71
72
     return i;
   }
73
74
75
76
   // Renvoie la hauteur d'une carte
77
78
   int getHeight(int Fd){
79
     int i;
80
     int e = lseek(Fd, sizeof(int), SEEK SET);
81
82
      if(e = -1){
83
        perror ("lseek");
84
        exit (EXIT_FAILURE);
85
86
87
88
     e = read(Fd, &i, sizeof(int));
89
      if(e = -1){
90
        perror("read");
91
        exit(EXIT FAILURE);
92
93
94
     return i;
95
   }
96
97
98
99
   // Renvoie le nombre d'objets d'une carte
100
101
   int getObjects(int Fd){
102
103
     int i;
     int e = lseek(Fd, 2 * sizeof(int), SEEK_SET);
104
105
     if(e = -1){
106
        perror ("lseek");
107
        exit (EXIT_FAILURE);
108
109
110
     e = read(Fd, &i, sizeof(int));
111
112
      if(e = -1){
113
        perror ("read");
114
        exit (EXIT_FAILURE);
115
116
117
```

```
return i;
118
   }
119
120
121
122
   // Change l'ancienne largeur par la nouvelle w
123
124
   void setWidth(int Fd, int w){
     if (16 <= w && w <= 1024) {
126
        int oldW = getWidth(Fd);
127
        if(oldW == w)
128
        return;
129
        int h = getHeight(Fd);
130
        int j = 0;
131
        int lenName, k;
132
        int t[h * w];
133
        int nbObjects = getObjects(Fd);
134
        int nbCaracObj = 5;
135
        int e = lseek(Fd, 0, SEEK_SET);
136
        if(e = -1)\{
perror("lseek");
137
138
        exit (EXIT FAILURE);
139
140
        e = write(Fd, &w, sizeof(int));
141
        if(e = -1){
142
        perror ("write");
143
        exit (EXIT FAILURE);
144
145
146
        // Place le curseur au debut de la liste des objets
147
148
        e = lseek(Fd, 3 * sizeof(int), SEEK_SET);
149
        if(e = -1){
150
        perror ("lseek");
151
        exit(EXIT FAILURE);
152
153
154
        // Recupere la taille du nom de chaque fichier dans lenName, et decale de cette taille
155
            plus le nombre de caracteristiques des objets
156
        for (int i = 0; i < nbObjects; i++)
157
        e = read(Fd, &lenName, sizeof(int));
158
        if(e = -1)\{
perror("read");
159
160
          exit (EXIT_FAILURE);
161
162
        e = lseek(Fd, (lenName + nbCaracObj) * sizeof(int), SEEK_CUR);
163
        if(e == -1){
164
          perror("lseek");
165
          exit (EXIT FAILURE);
166
       }
167
168
     }
169
        // Recopie des elements communs aux nouvelles et anciennes tailles
170
171
172
        for (int y = 0; y < h; y++){
          for (int x=0;x<old W;x++){
173
            if(x < w)
174
              e = read(Fd, \&(t[j]), sizeof(int));
175
               if(e = -1){
176
                 perror("read");
177
                 exit (EXIT_FAILURE);
178
179
180
               j++;
            }
181
182
183
          // Si la taille est retrecie
184
```

```
185
          if(oldW > w)
186
          lseek(Fd, (oldW - w) * sizeof(int), SEEK CUR);
187
188
          // Si la taille est augmentee
189
190
          if(oldW < w){
191
            for(k = j; k < j + (w - oldW); k++){
192
              t \; [\; k \; ] \; = \; MAP\_OBJECT\_NONE;
193
194
            j = k;
195
          }
196
        }
197
198
        // Place le curseur au debut de la liste des objets
199
200
        e = lseek(Fd, 3 * sizeof(int), SEEK SET);
201
202
        if (e = -1){
        perror("lseek");
203
        exit (EXIT_FAILURE);
204
205
206
        // Recupere la taille du nom de chaque fichier dans lenName, et decale de cette taille
207
            plus le nombre de caracteristiques des objets
208
        for(int i = 0; i < nbObjects; i++){
209
        e = read(Fd, &lenName, sizeof(int));
210
        if(e = -1){
211
          perror("read");
212
          exit (EXIT_FAILURE);
213
214
        e = lseek(Fd, (lenName + nbCaracObj) * sizeof(int), SEEK CUR);
215
        if (e==-1){
216
          perror("lseek");
217
          exit(EXIT FAILURE);
218
219
220
     }
221
        // Ecrit les elements du tableau dans le fichier Fd
222
223
        for(int y = 0; y < h; y++){
224
          for (int x = 0; x < w; x++){
225
            e = write(Fd, t + (y * w + x), sizeof(int));
226
            if(e = -1){
227
              perror("write");
228
               exit (EXIT_FAILURE);
229
230
          }
231
232
233
        // Tronque le fichier s'il est plus petit
234
235
        if(oldW > w){}
236
          int offset = lseek(Fd, oldW - w, SEEK_END);
237
          ftruncate (Fd, offset);
238
239
        }
     }
240
     else
241
        printf("Nouvelle_largeur_non_autorisee!\n");
242
243
245
246
   // Change l'ancienne hauteur par la nouvelle h
247
248
   void setHeight(int Fd, int h){
    if (12 <= h && h <= 20) {
250
    int oldH = getHeight(Fd);
251
```

```
if(oldH == h)
252
        return;
253
        int w = getWidth(Fd);
254
        int j = 0;
255
        int lenName, k;
256
        int t[h * w];
257
        int nbObjects = getObjects(Fd);
258
259
        int nbCaracObj = 5;
        int e = lseek(Fd, sizeof(int), SEEK_SET);
260
        if(e == -1){
perror("lseek");
261
262
        exit (EXIT_FAILURE);
263
264
        e = write(Fd, &h, sizeof(int));
265
        if(e==-1){
266
        perror ("write");
267
        exit (EXIT_FAILURE);
268
269
270
        // Place le curseur au debut de la liste des objets
271
272
        e = lseek(Fd, 3 * sizeof(int), SEEK SET);
273
        if (e==-1){
274
        perror ("lseek");
275
        exit (EXIT_FAILURE);
276
277
278
        // Recupere la taille du nom de chaque fichier dans lenName, et decale de cette taille
279
            plus le nombre de caracteristiques des objets
280
        for (int i = 0; i < nbObjects; i++){
281
282
        e = read(Fd, &lenName, sizeof(int));
        if(e == -1){
283
          perror ("read");
284
          exit(EXIT FAILURE);
285
286
        e = lseek(Fd, (lenName + nbCaracObj) * sizeof(int), SEEK CUR);
287
        if(e = -1){
288
          perror("lseek");
289
          exit (EXIT FAILURE);
290
        }
291
292
     }
293
        // Recopie des elements communs aux nouvelles et anciennes tailles
294
295
        int tmpH = 0;
296
        if(oldH > h)
297
       tmpH = oldH + 1;
298
        else
299
       tmpH = h:
300
        for (int y = 0; y < tmpH; y++){
301
302
          // Si la taille est augmentee
303
304
          if(y < h - oldH)
305
            for (k = 0; k < w; k++)
306
              t[k + y * w] = MAP_OBJECT_NONE;
307
308
309
            j = k + y * w;
          }
310
          else if (y > oldH - h)
311
            for (int x = 0; x < w; x++){
312
              e = read(Fd, \&(t[j]), sizeof(int));
313
314
              if (e = -1){
                 perror ("read");
315
                 exit(EXIT FAILURE);
316
317
318
              j++;
```

```
319
          }
320
321
          // Si la taille est retrecie
322
323
          else if (y < oldH - h){
324
          lseek(Fd, w * sizeof(int), SEEK_CUR);
325
326
     }
327
328
        // Place le curseur au debut de la liste des objets
329
330
        e = lseek(Fd, 3 * sizeof(int), SEEK SET);
331
        if (e == -1){
perror("lseek");
332
333
        exit (EXIT_FAILURE);
334
335
336
        // Recupere la taille du nom de chaque fichier dans lenName, et decale de cette taille
337
            plus le nombre de caracteristiques des objets
338
        for (int i = 0; i < nbObjects; i++){
339
        e = read(Fd, &lenName, sizeof(int));
340
        if (e == -1) {
perror ("read");
341
342
          exit (EXIT_FAILURE);
343
344
        e = lseek(Fd, (lenName + nbCaracObj) * sizeof(int), SEEK_CUR);
345
        if(e = -1){
346
          perror("lseek");
347
          exit (EXIT_FAILURE);
348
349
        }
     }
350
351
352
        // Ecrit les elements du tableau dans le fichier Fd
353
        for (int y = 0; y < h; y++)
354
          for (int x = 0; x < w; x++){
355
            e = write(Fd, t + (y * w + x), sizeof(int));
356
            if (e = -1){
357
              perror("write");
358
               exit (EXIT FAILURE);
359
360
          }
361
        }
362
363
        // Tronque le fichier s'il est plus petit
364
365
        if(oldH > h){
366
          int offset = lseek(Fd, (oldH - h), SEEK END);
367
          ftruncate (Fd, offset);
368
369
       }
     }
370
371
      else
        printf("Nouvelle_hauteur_non_autorisee!\n");
372
373
374
375
376
   void setObjects(int Fd, char *name, int frame, int solid, int destructible, int collectible,
377
         int generator){
      int nbObjects = getObjects(Fd);
378
      int w = getWidth(Fd);
379
      int h = getHeight(Fd);
380
     int t[h * w];
381
382
     // Place le curseur au debut de la liste des objets
383
384
```

```
int e = lseek(Fd, 3 * sizeof(int), SEEK SET);
385
386
      if (e==-1){
387
        perror("lseek");
388
        exit (EXIT FAILURE);
389
390
391
      char *adress = malloc(sizeof(char));
392
     char *tmp1 = malloc(sizeof(char) * 20);
393
394
      for (int i = 0; i < nbObjects; i++)
395
        e = read(Fd, \&adress[0], sizeof(int));
396
        if(e = -1){
397
        fprintf \ (stderr \,, \ "Probleme\_de\_format\_du\_fichier\_de\_sauvegarde \setminus n") \,;
398
        exit(1);
399
400
        tmp1 = realloc(tmp1, ((int)adress[0]) * sizeof(char));
401
        for(int j = 0; j < ((int)adress[0]); j++){}
402
        e = read(Fd, &tmp1[j], sizeof(int));
403
        if(e = -1){
404
          fprintf (stderr, "Probleme_de_format_du_fichier_de_sauvegarde\n");
405
          exit(1);
406
        }
407
408
        if(strcmp(tmp1, name) == 0){
409
        e = write(Fd, &frame, sizeof(int));
410
        if(e = -1){
411
          perror("write");
412
          exit(1);
413
414
        e = write(Fd, &solid, sizeof(int));
415
416
        if(e = -1){
          perror("write");
417
          exit (1);
418
419
        e = write(Fd, &destructible, sizeof(int));
420
421
        if(e = -1){
          perror("write");
422
          exit(1);
423
424
        e = write(Fd, &collectible, sizeof(int));
425
        if(e = -1){
426
          perror("write");
427
          exit(1);
428
429
        e = write(Fd, &generator, sizeof(int));
430
431
        if (e = -1){
          perror("write");
432
          exit(1);
433
434
        free (tmp1);
435
436
        free (adress);
        return;
437
438
439
440
        e = lseek(Fd, 5 * sizeof(int), SEEK CUR);
        if(e = -1){
441
          perror("lseek");
442
          exit (EXIT_FAILURE);
443
        }
444
     }
445
        for(int k = 0; k < adress[0]; k++)
446
        strcpy(tmp1 + k, "");
447
448
449
450
      for (int y = 0; y < h; y++){
        for (int x = 0; x < w; x++){
451
         e = read(Fd, t + (y * w + x), sizeof(int));
452
```

```
if(e = -1){
453
              perror("read");
454
              exit(EXIT FAILURE);
455
           }
456
        }
457
458
459
      e = lseek (Fd, 2 * sizeof(int), SEEK SET);
460
461
      \begin{array}{l} \text{if} \, (\, \mathrm{e} \, = \, -1) \{ \\ \text{perror} \, (\, "\, lseek \, "\,) \, ; \end{array}
462
463
         exit (EXIT_FAILURE);
464
465
466
      nbObjects++;
467
      e = write(Fd, &nbObjects, sizeof(int));
468
469
      if(e = -1){
470
         perror("write");
471
472
         exit(1);
473
474
      int lenName;
475
      e = lseek(Fd, 3 * sizeof(int), SEEK SET);
476
477
      if(e == -1){
  perror("lseek");
478
479
         exit (EXIT_FAILURE);
480
481
482
      for (int i = 0; i < nbObjects - 1; i++){
483
484
         e = read(Fd, &lenName, sizeof(int));
        if(e = -1){
perror("read");
485
486
         exit (EXIT_FAILURE);
487
488
         e = lseek(Fd, (lenName + 5) * sizeof(int), SEEK CUR);
489
         if(e = -1){
490
           perror("lseek");
491
           exit (EXIT FAILURE);
492
        }
493
      }
494
495
      lenName = strlen(name);
496
      e = write(Fd, &lenName, sizeof(int));
497
498
      if(e = -1){
499
         perror("write");
500
501
         exit(1);
502
503
      for(int j = 0; j < lenName; j++){
504
        e = write(Fd, &name[j], sizeof(int));
505
         if(e = -1){
506
           perror ("write");
507
508
           exit(1);
         }
509
510
511
      if(e = -1){
512
         perror("write");
513
         exit(1);
514
515
516
      e = write(Fd, &frame, sizeof(int));
517
518
      if(e = -1){
519
      perror("write");
520
```

```
exit(1);
521
     }
522
523
     e = write(Fd, &solid, sizeof(int));
524
525
      if(e = -1){
526
       perror("write");
527
528
        exit(1);
529
530
      e = write(Fd, &destructible, sizeof(int));
531
532
      if(e = -1){
533
        perror("write");
534
        exit(1);
535
536
537
     e = write(Fd, &collectible, sizeof(int));
538
539
      if(e = -1){
540
        perror("write");
541
        exit(1);
542
543
544
     e = write(Fd, &generator, sizeof(int));
545
546
      if(e = -1){
547
        perror("write");
548
        exit(1);
549
550
551
      for (int y = 0; y < h; y++)
552
        for (int x = 0; x < w; x++){
553
          e = write(Fd, t + (y * w + x), sizeof(int));
554
555
          if(e = -1){
            perror("write");
556
            exit(EXIT FAILURE);
557
          }
558
       }
559
560
561
     free(tmp1);
562
     free (adress);
563
564
565
566
567
   void pruneOjects(int Fd){
568
     int nbObjects = getObjects(Fd);
569
     int nbObjectsTmp = 0;
570
      int t[nbObjects];
571
     int tlenName[nbObjects];
572
     char **tname = malloc(sizeof(char *) * nbObjects);
573
574
      for (int k = 0; k < nbObjects; k++)
575
576
       tname[k]= malloc(sizeof(char) * 20);
577
      int tframe[nbObjects];
578
      int tsolid [nbObjects];
579
      int tdestructible[nbObjects];
580
      int tcollectible[nbObjects];
581
      int tgenerator[nbObjects];
582
583
      for (int i = 0; i < nbObjects; i++)
584
       t[i] = 0;
585
586
     int w = getWidth(Fd);
587
     int h = getHeight(Fd);
588
```

```
int tab[w * h];
589
      int object;
590
      int e = lseek(Fd, 3 * sizeof(int), SEEK SET);
591
592
      if (e==-1)
593
         perror("lseek");
594
         exit (EXIT_FAILURE);
595
596
597
      \begin{array}{lll} & for (int & i = 0; & i < nbObjects; & i++) \{ \\ & e = read (Fd, & tlenName[i], & sizeof(int)); \end{array}
598
599
         if(e = -1){
600
         perror ("read1");
601
         exit(EXIT FAILURE);
602
603
         for(int j = 0; j < tlenName[i]; j++){
604
         e = read(Fd, tname[i] + j, sizeof(int));
605
         if(e = -1){
606
           perror("read2");
607
           exit (EXIT_FAILURE);
608
609
      }
610
         e = read(Fd, &tframe[i], sizeof(int));
611
         if (e = −1) {
perror ("read3");
612
613
         exit (EXIT_FAILURE);
614
615
         e = read(Fd, &tsolid[i], sizeof(int));
616
         if (e = −1) {
perror ("read4");
617
618
         exit (EXIT FAILURE);
619
620
         e = read(Fd, \&tdestructible[i], sizeof(int));
621
         if(e = -1){
622
         perror ("read5");
623
         exit (EXIT_FAILURE);
624
625
         e = read(Fd, &tcollectible[i], sizeof(int));
626
         if(e = -1){
627
         perror ("read6");
628
         exit (EXIT_FAILURE);
629
630
         e = read(Fd, &tgenerator[i], sizeof(int));
631
         if (e == -1) {
perror("read7");
632
633
           exit (EXIT_FAILURE);
634
635
636
637
      for (int y = 0; y < h; y++){
638
         for (int x = 0; x < w; x++)
639
         e = read(Fd, &object, sizeof(int));
640
         if (e == -1) {
    perror("write");
641
642
           exit (EXIT_FAILURE);
643
644
           tab[x + y * w] = object;
645
           if (object != -1 && t [object] != 1) {
    t [object] = 1;
646
647
              nbObjectsTmp++;
648
649
           }
        }
650
651
652
      e = lseek(Fd, 2 * sizeof(int), SEEK SET);
653
654
      if(e = -1){
655
       perror("lseek");
656
```

```
exit(EXIT FAILURE);
657
      }
658
659
      e = write(Fd, &nbObjectsTmp, sizeof(int));
660
661
662
      if(e = -1){
        perror("write");
663
        exit (EXIT FAILURE);
664
665
666
      int tmp = 0;
667
668
      for (int i = 0; i < nbObjects; i++){
669
        if(t[i]){
670
        e = write(Fd, &tlenName[i], sizeof(int));
671
        if(e = -1){
672
          perror("write");
673
          exit (EXIT_FAILURE);
674
675
        for (int j = 0; j < tlenName[i]; j++){
676
          e = write(Fd, &tname[i][j], sizeof(int));
677
            if(e = -1){
678
               perror ("write");
679
               exit (EXIT FAILURE);
680
681
          }
682
        e = write(Fd, &tframe[i], sizeof(int));
683
        if(e = -1){
684
          perror("write");
685
          exit (EXIT_FAILURE);
686
687
        e = write(Fd, &tsolid[i], sizeof(int));
688
        if(e = -1){
689
          perror("write");
690
          exit (EXIT FAILURE);
691
692
        e = write(Fd, &tdestructible[i], sizeof(int));
693
        if(e = -1){
694
          perror("write");
695
          exit (EXIT FAILURE);
696
697
        e = write(Fd, &tcollectible[i], sizeof(int));
698
        if (e == -1){
perror("write");
699
700
          exit (EXIT_FAILURE);
701
702
        e = write(Fd, &tgenerator[i], sizeof(int));
703
        if(e = -1){
704
          perror("write");
705
          exit (EXIT FAILURE);
706
707
708
          t[i] = tmp;
          tmp++;
709
710
      }
711
712
      for (int y = 0; y < h; y++){
713
        for (int x = 0; x < w; x++){
if (tab[y * w + x] == -1)
714
715
          e = write(Fd, \&tab[y * w + x], sizeof(int));
716
717
          e = write(Fd, &t[tab[y * w + x]], sizeof(int));
718
        if(e = -1){
719
          perror("write");
720
          exit (EXIT_FAILURE);
721
722
     }
723
      printf("\n");
724
```

```
725
   }
726
727
728
729
      Teste la correspondance entre l'option demandee et les options existantes, et appelle une
730
          fonction correspondante si elle existe
731
    int traitementOption(char *optTab[], int Fd, char *argv[], int k, int argc){
732
      char *option = argv[k];
733
      char *arg;
734
735
      if(k < argc)
736
        arg = argv[k + 1];
737
738
      int n = 0;
739
      printf("\nOption_choisie_:\t");
740
741
      // getwidth
742
743
      if (!strcmp(option, optTab[0])){
744
        printf("%s\t", optTab[0]);
printf("%d\n", getWidth(Fd));
745
746
        n = 1;
747
748
749
      // getheight
750
751
       else \quad if \ (!strcmp \ (option \ , \ optTab \ [1]) \ ) \ \{ \\
752
        printf("%s\t", optTab[1]);
printf("%d\n", getHeight(Fd));
753
754
        n = 1;
755
      }
756
757
758
      // getobjects
759
      else if (!strcmp(option, optTab[2])){
760
        printf("%s\t", optTab[2]);
printf("%d\n", getObjects(Fd));
761
762
763
        n = 1;
764
765
      // getinfo
766
767
      else if(!strcmp(option, optTab[3])){
768
        printf("%s \ t", optTab[3]);
769
        printf("Largeur_: _%d\tHauteur_: _%d\tNombre_d'objets_: _%d\n", getWidth(Fd), getHeight(Fd)
770
              , getObjects(Fd));
        n = 1;
771
      }
772
773
774
      // setwidth
775
776
      else if (!strcmp(option, optTab[4])){
        printf("%s \setminus t", optTab[4]);
777
778
        int w = atoi(arg);
        printf("%d\n", w);
779
        setWidth(Fd, w);
780
        n = 2;
781
      }
782
783
      // setheight
784
785
      else if(!strcmp(option, optTab[5])){
786
        printf("%s\t", optTab[5]);
787
        int h = atoi(arg);
788
        printf("%d\n", h);
789
        setHeight(Fd, h);
790
```

```
n = 2;
791
      }
792
793
      // setobjects
794
795
      else if(!strcmp(option, optTab[6])){
796
        printf("%s\n", optTab[6]);
if((argc - 3) % 6 != 0){
797
798
          fprintf(stderr, "Erreur, _nombre_d'arguments_non_valide\n");
799
          exit(1);
800
801
        char *name = argv[k + 1];
802
        arg = argv[k + 2];
803
        int frame = atoi(arg);
804
        arg = argv[k + 3];
805
        int solid , destructible , collectible , generator;
806
        if (!strcmp(argv[k + 3], "solid"))
807
808
        solid = 2;
        else if (!strcmp(argv[k + 3], "semi solid"))
809
        solid = 1;
810
        else if (!strcmp(argv[k + 3], "air"))
811
        solid = 0;
812
813
        else {
        fprintf(stderr, "Erreur, arguments_non_valide:\tsolid/semi solid/air\n\n");
814
815
        exit(1);
816
        if (!strcmp(argv[k + 4], "destructible"))
817
        destructible = 1;
818
        else if (!strcmp(argv[k+4], "not-destructible"))
819
        destructible = 0;
820
        else{
821
        fprintf(stderr, "Erreur,_arguments_non_valide:\tdestructible/not-destructible\n\n");
822
        exit(1);
823
824
825
        if (!strcmp(argv[k + 5], "collectible"))
        collectible = 1;
826
        else if (!strcmp(argv[k + 5], "not-collectible"))
827
        collectible = 0;
828
829
        fprintf(stderr, "Erreur,_arguments_non_valide:\tcollectible/not-collectible\n\n");
830
        exit(1);
831
832
        if (!strcmp(argv[k + 6], "generator"))
833
        generator = 1;
834
        else if (!strcmp(argv[k + 6], "not-generator"))
835
      generator = 0;
836
        else {
837
        fprintf(stderr, "Erreur, _arguments_non_valide:\tgenerator/not-generator\n\n");
838
        exit(1);
839
840
        setObjects(Fd, name, frame, solid, destructible, collectible, generator);
841
842
       n = argc - 2;
     }
843
844
      // pruneobjects
845
846
      else if (!strcmp(option, optTab[7])){
847
        printf("%s\n", optTab[7]);
pruneOjects(Fd);
848
849
       n = 1;
850
851
      else {
852
        printf("\nOption_inconnue!\n");
853
854
       n = 1;
855
856
      printf("\n");
857
858
     return n;
```

```
859
860
861
862
    int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
  char *optTab[NB_OPTIONS];
863
864
       int k = 2;
865
       int n, Fd;
866
867
       if(argc < 3)
868
          usage(argv[0]);
869
870
       Fd = open(argv[1], O_RDWR);
871
872
       if(Fd==-1){
873
          perror("open");
exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
874
875
876
877
878
       options Alloc (optTab);
879
       for (int i = 0; i < NB OPTIONS; i++)
880
          printf("%d_: _%s\n", i, optTab[i]);
881
882
       // k est la position de l'option traitee dans argv
883
884
       while (k < argc){
885
886
         //n est le nombre d'arguments utilises
887
888
         n \, = \, traitementOption (optTab \, , \, \, Fd \, , \, \, argv \, , \, \, k \, , \, \, argc \, ) \, ;
889
890
         k+=n;
          \begin{array}{l} if \, (k > = 2) \, \{ \\ printf \, ("maputil_ne\_gere\_actuellement\_qu'une\_seule\_option\_a\_la\_fois! \setminus n") \, ; \end{array} 
891
892
893
          break;
894
895
896
897
       optionsFree(optTab);
       close (Fd);
898
       return EXIT_SUCCESS;
899
900
901
    #endif
902
```

Chapitre 3

tempo.c

```
#define _XOPEN_SOURCE 700
  #include <SDL.h>
  #include <unistd.h>
  #include <stdlib.h>
6 #include <stdio.h>
  #include <time.h>
  #include <sys/time.h>
9 #include < signal.h>
10 #include <pthread.h>
#include "timer.h"
12
13
14
  static unsigned long get_time (void){
    struct timeval tv;
16
17
    gettimeofday (&tv ,NULL);
18
19
    // Compte seulement les secondes a partir de 2016
20
    tv.tv sec = 3600UL * 24 * 365 * 46;
21
22
    return tv.tv_sec * 1000000UL + tv.tv_usec;
23
24
25
26
  #ifdef PADAWAN
27
28
30
  struct evenement{
31
32
    void *parametre;
    unsigned long temps;
33
35
36
  struct evenement t[100];
  int compteur = 0;
37
38
39
40
  void trie(struct evenement t[], int compteur){
41
       void* tmpparametre = 0;
42
       unsigned long tmptemps = 0;
43
       for (int i = 0; i < compteur; i++){
44
           for(int j = i + 1; j < compteur; j++){
45
46
             if (t[j].temps < t[i].temps){</pre>
                 tmpparametre = t[i].parametre;
47
                   tmptemps = t[i].temps;
48
                    t[i].parametre = t[j].parametre;
```

```
t[i].temps = t[j].temps;
50
                    t[j].parametre = tmpparametre;
51
                    t[j]. temps = tmptemps;
52
         }
53
           }
54
55
   }
56
57
58
59
   void traitant(int s){
60
       61
62
63
       for (int i = 0; i < compteur + 1; i++)
64
         t[i].temps = t[i + 1].temps;
65
         t[i]. parametre = t[i + 1]. parametre;
66
67
68
       struct itimerval timer;
69
       timer.it interval.tv sec = 0;
70
       timer.it interval.tv usec = 0;
71
       timer.it\_value.tv\_sec^- = (t [0].temps-get\_time()) \ / \ 1000000;
72
       timer.it_value.tv_usec = (t[0].temps-get_time()) % 1000000;
73
       int err = setitimer(ITIMER_REAL, &timer, 0);
74
75
       if(err){
76
         perror("setitimer");
77
         exit (1);
78
79
80
81
       compteur --;
   }
82
83
85
   void *f(void *i){
86
       sigset_t mask, empty_mask;
87
       sigemptyset(&mask);
88
       sigemptyset(&empty mask);
89
       sigaddset(&mask, SIGALRM);
90
       sigprocmask (SIG BLOCK, &mask, NULL);
91
       struct sigaction s;
92
       s.sa handler = traitant;
93
       sigemptyset(&s.sa_mask);
94
       s.sa flags = 0;
95
       sigaction (SIGALRM, &s, NULL);
96
97
         while (1) {
98
         sigsuspend(&empty_mask);
99
100
101
   }
102
103
104
105
   // timer_init retourne 1 si les temporisateurs sont totalement implementes, sinon retourne 0
106
107
   int timer_init (void){
108
       pthread_t pid = (pthread_t)NULL;
109
       pthread create(&pid, NULL, f, (void *)pid);
110
111
       // L'implementation est prete
112
113
       return 1;
114
115 }
116
117
```

```
118
     void timer_set (Uint32 delay, void *param){
119
120
           unsigned long time = (unsigned long)(delay * 1000) + get time();
           t[compteur].temps = time;
121
           t [compteur].parametre = param;
122
           compteur++;
123
           trie(t, compteur);
struct itimerval timer;
124
125
           timer.it_interval.tv_sec = 0; timer.it_interval.tv_usec = 0; timer.it_interval.tv_usec = 0; timer.it_value.tv_sec = (t [0].temps-get_time()) / 1000000; timer.it_value.tv_usec = (t [0].temps-get_time()) % 10000000; int err = setitimer(ITIMER_REAL, &timer, 0);
126
127
128
129
130
131
           if(err){
132
             perror("setitimer");
133
              exit(1);
134
135
136
137
138
139
    \#endif
140
141
    // timerset :enfiler parametre, trie, timer init
142
143
    // traitant :trie, timer init
```