

# EvansCode

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## Set-Up

*NOTE:* Working directory should be set to source file location.

```
knitr::opts_chunk$set(echo = T)
knitr::opts_chunk$set(cache=F)
knitr::opts_chunk$set(message=FALSE)
knitr::opts_chunk$set(warning=FALSE)

library(xtable)
library(tidyr)
library(ggplot2)
library(lme4) #mixed models
library(broom) #easy model comparison
library(MuMIn)
library(car)
library(MASS)
library(gridExtra) #for facet grids later
library(cowplot)
library(caret)
library(ggthemes)
library(survival)
library(DHARMa) #mixed model residuals
library(dplyr)
library(multcomp)

colR <- "dodgerblue"
colS <- "gray60"
colU <- "maroon"

axisColor <- errorColor <- "gray40"
```

## Data Loading and Formatting

Load and format infection data:

```
formatData <- function(month){
  #' format infection data
  #' @params month (ie. "august")
  #' @returns dataframe of properly formatted data
  #adjust wingLength
  monthDf <- read.csv(paste0("../data/infections/raw/", month, "Dengue.csv"))
  #convert wingLength and drop extra columns
  monthDf$Wing <- monthDf$WingLength*monthDf$conversion..mm.bar.
  monthDf <- dplyr::select(monthDf, -WingLength, -conversion..mm.bar.)

  #dpi as factor
```

```

monthDf$DPI <- as.factor(monthDf$DPI)

#add in class and site
monthDf$site <- as.factor(substr(as.character(monthDf$Individual), 1, 2))
monthDf$class <- NULL
for (i in 1:nrow(monthDf)){
  if (substr(monthDf$site[i], 1,1)=="R"){
    monthDf$class[i] <- "Rural"
  } else if (substr(monthDf$site[i], 1,1)=="S"){
    monthDf$class[i] <- "Suburban"
  } else if (substr(monthDf$site[i], 1,1)=="U"){
    monthDf$class[i] <- "Urban"
  }
}
monthDf$class <- as.factor(monthDf$class)

#convert Y and N to 1 and 0 for statistics
levels(monthDf$Body) <- c("NA", 0, 1)
monthDf$Body <- as.numeric(as.character(monthDf$Body))
levels(monthDf$Saliva) <- c("NA", 0, 1)
monthDf$Saliva <- as.numeric(as.character(monthDf$Saliva))
# august had no contaminated heads, so different corrections
if (month=="august"){
  levels(monthDf$Head) <- c(0, 1)
} else levels(monthDf$Head) <- c("NA",0, 1)
monthDf$Head <- as.numeric(as.character(monthDf$Head))

##Fix false negatives
#adjust so that if saliva is positive, so is head
#ddjust so that is head is positive, so is body
monthDf$Head[monthDf$Saliva>0] <- 1
monthDf$Body[monthDf$Head>0] <- 1

return(monthDf)
}

august <- formatData("august")
oct <- formatData("october")
seasons <- rbind(august,oct)
seasons$block <- as.factor(c(rep("summer", nrow(august)), rep("fall", nrow(oct))))

seasonSumm <- seasons %>%
  filter(DPI==21) %>%
  #drop individual
  dplyr::select(-Individual, -site, -Wing, -DPI) %>%
  group_by(block, class) %>%
  summarise_all(funs(mean(.,na.rm=T),sd(.,na.rm=T),se=(sd(., na.rm=T)/sqrt(n())))) %>%
  ungroup()

```

Load and format microclimate data

```

climate <- read.csv('../data/microclimate/clean/2016TrialsAdult.csv')[,-1]
#toss out ridiculous levels
climate <- climate[climate$Temp<75,]

```

```

#format date
climate$Date <- strptime(climate$Date, format="%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S")
#draw out day
climate$Day <- as.Date(climate$Date)

# add tray id to climate data
trayID <- read.csv("../data/microclimate/trayLoggerID.csv") #read in IDs
climate <- merge(climate, trayID, by="Pot_ID")

#fix duplicates for R1T1
climate <- unique(climate)

#U2T2 and U1T2 are missing data
# range(climate[climate$Tray_ID=="U2T2", 'Date'])
# range(climate[climate$Tray_ID=="U1T2", 'Date'])

#drop U2T2 becuase it only has data until August 5th
inds <- which(climate$Tray_ID=="U2T2")
climate <- climate[-inds,]
rm(inds)

#U2T4 wasn't working right, reporting temps above 40C in October
inds <- which(climate$Tray_ID=="U2T4")
climate <- climate[-inds,]
rm(inds)

```

Load and format emergence data

Subset and standardize emergence data to be used with infections (i.e. weight by number of days mosquitoes were in larval environment)

## Infection Dynamics

### Infection by Class and Season

Make data long

```

infLong <- seasonInf %>%
  gather(type, infection, Body:Saliva) %>%
  dplyr::select(block, class, site, Individual, type, infection) %>%
  dplyr::group_by(block, class, type, site) %>%
  summarise(mean.inf=mean(infection, na.rm=T), sampleSize=sum(!is.na(infection)), positive=sum(infection))
  group_by(block, class, type) %>%
  summarise(se.inf=sd(mean.inf, na.rm=T)/n(), mean.inf=mean(mean.inf), samples=sum(sampleSize), positive=sum(positive))
  ungroup() %>%
  mutate(stripLabel=case_when(
    type=="Body" ~ "Infected",
    type=="Head" ~ "Disseminated",
    type=="Saliva" ~ "Infectious"
  ))
infLong$sampleLab <- paste0(infLong$positives, "(", infLong$samples, ")")

```

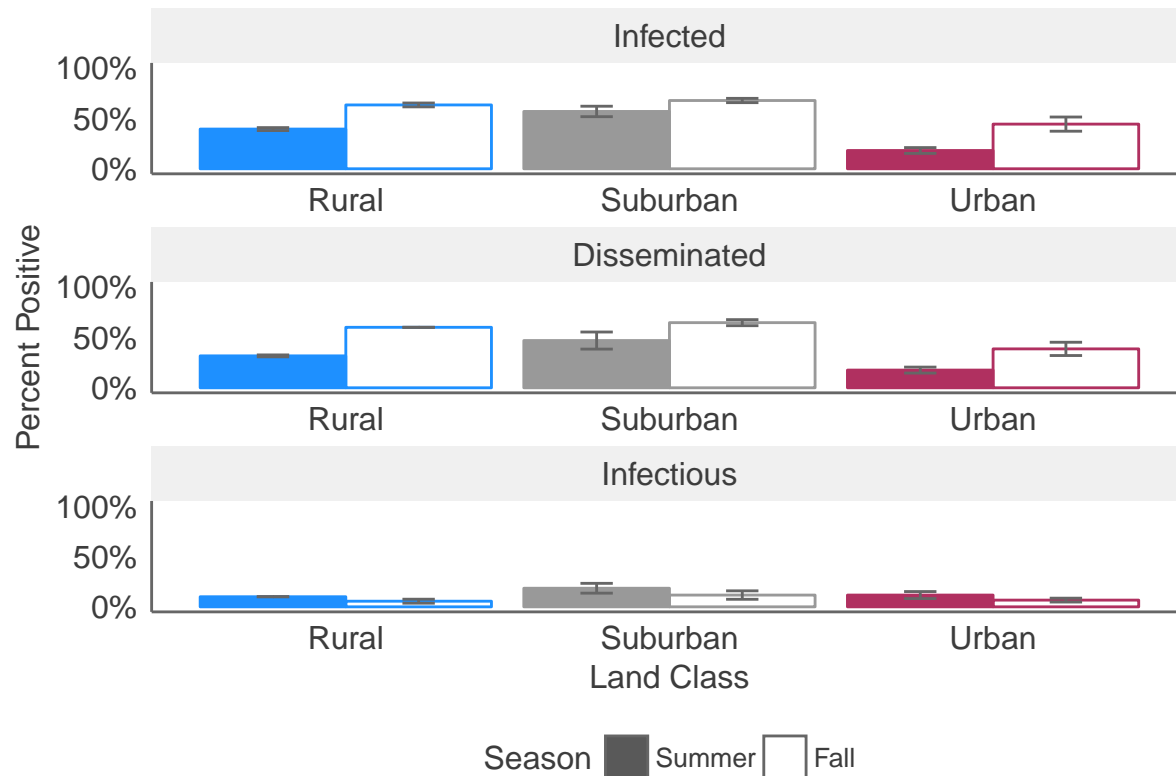
Plot (summer is alpha=1, fall is alpha=0.3)

```

#pdf(file="figures/formS/landclassXseasonInfection.pdf", width = 4, height=7, family="sans")

ggplot(data=infLong[order(infLong$block, decreasing=F),], aes(x=class, group=block))+
  geom_bar(stat="identity", aes(y=mean.inf, alpha=block, fill=class, color=factor(class)), position=position_dodge(width=1)) +
  #geom_text(aes(label=sampleLab, y=mean.inf), vjust=-2, color="black", position=position_dodge(width=1)) +
  facet_wrap(~factor(stripLabel, levels=c("Infected", "Disseminated", "Infectious")), nrow=3, dir="v",
  scale_y_continuous(breaks=c(0,0.5,1), minor_breaks = c(0.25, 0.75), labels=c("0%", "50%", "100%"), limits=c(0,1)) +
  #ylim(0,1)+
  scale_fill_manual(values=c(colR, colS, colU))+
  scale_color_manual(values=c(colR, colS, colU))+
  scale_alpha_discrete(range=c(0,1), name="Season", labels=c("Fall", "Summer"))+
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin=mean.inf-se.inf, ymax=mean.inf+se.inf), width=0.2, color=errorColor, position="dodge") +
  xlab("Land Class") +
  ylab("Percent Positive") +
  guides(fill=F, color= F,
    alpha=guide_legend(override.aes=list(color=axisColor), reverse=T)) +
  theme_fivethirtyeight() +
  theme(panel.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
    plot.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
    legend.key = element_blank(),
    panel.grid.major.x = element_blank(),
    legend.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
    axis.title = element_text(),
    axis.title.x = element_text(),
    axis.title.y=element_text(),
    #strip.background = element_blank(),
    strip.text.x = element_text(size=12),
    axis.line=element_line(color=axisColor, size=0.5),
    panel.grid = element_blank(),
    axis.text.y=element_text(size=12),
    axis.text.x=element_text(size=12))

```



```
#dev.off()
```

## Statistics on infection by season and land class

Body model selection

```
#create all the models
m0 <- glmer(Body~1 + (1|site),
             data=seasons[seasons$DPI=="21",],
             family=binomial(link="logit"))
m1 <- glmer(Body~block + (1|site),
             data=seasons[seasons$DPI=="21",],
             family=binomial(link="logit"))
m2 <- glmer(Body~class + (1|site),
             data=seasons[seasons$DPI=="21",],
             family=binomial(link="logit"))
m3 <- glmer(Body~class + block + (1|site),
             data=seasons[seasons$DPI=="21",],
             family=binomial(link="logit"))
m4 <- glmer(Body~class*block + (1|site),
             data=seasons[seasons$DPI=="21",],
             family=binomial(link="logit"))

modelSums <- do.call(rbind, lapply(list(m0,m1,m2,m3, m4), broom::glance)) #m3 is best

AICc(m0,m1,m2,m3,m4) #still 3

##      df      AICc
## m0    2 435.5883
```

```
## m1 3 426.0884
## m2 4 428.7311
## m3 5 417.7706
## m4 7 419.9622

Weights(AICc(m0,m1,m2,m3,m4))

## [1] 9.982942e-05 1.153806e-02 3.078070e-03 7.384377e-01 2.468464e-01

#create all the models
m0 <- glmer(Head~1 + (1|site),
            data=seasons[seasons$DPI=="21",],
            family=binomial(link="logit"))

m1 <- glmer(Head~block + (1|site),
            data=seasons[seasons$DPI=="21",],
            family=binomial(link="logit"))
m2 <- glmer(Head~class + (1|site),
            data=seasons[seasons$DPI=="21",],
            family=binomial(link="logit"))
m3 <- glmer(Head~class + block + (1|site),
            data=seasons[seasons$DPI=="21",],
            family=binomial(link="logit"))
m4 <- glmer(Head~class*block + (1|site),
            data=seasons[seasons$DPI=="21",],
            family=binomial(link="logit"))

modelSums <- do.call(rbind, lapply(list(m0,m1,m2,m3, m4), broom::glance)) #model 3 is best

AICc(m0,m1,m2,m3,m4)

##      df      AICc
## m0 2 431.6814
## m1 3 419.6907
## m2 4 427.6540
## m3 5 414.1413
## m4 7 417.3718

tidy(m3)

##           term      estimate std.error statistic    p.value group
## 1 (Intercept) 2.817563e-01 0.2342544  1.202779 0.2290617845 fixed
## 2 classSuburban 3.523897e-01 0.2867938  1.228721 0.2191763368 fixed
## 3 classUrban -7.675402e-01 0.2933131 -2.616795 0.0088759581 fixed
## 4 blocksummer -9.375460e-01 0.2416696 -3.879454 0.0001046913 fixed
## 5 sd_(Intercept).site 2.255814e-07      NA      NA      NA      site

#create all the models
m0 <- glmer(Saliva~1 + (1|site),
            data=seasons[seasons$DPI=="21",],
            family=binomial(link="logit"))
m1 <- glmer(Saliva~block + (1|site),
            data=seasons[seasons$DPI=="21",],
            family=binomial(link="logit"))
m2 <- glmer(Saliva~class + (1|site),
            data=seasons[seasons$DPI=="21",],
            family=binomial(link="logit"))
```

```

m3 <- glmer(Saliva~class + block + (1|site),
             data=seasons[seasons$DPI=="21",],
             family=binomial(link="logit"))
m4 <- glmer(Saliva~class*block + (1|site),
             data=seasons[seasons$DPI=="21",],
             family=binomial(link="logit"))
m5 <- glmer(Saliva~ 1 + (1|site),
             data=seasons[seasons$DPI=="21",],
             family=binomial(link="logit")) #null model

modelSums <- do.call(rbind, lapply(list(m0, m1,m2,m3, m4, m5), broom::glance)) #model 1 is best (basica

AICc(m0, m1,m2,m3,m4, m5) #model 1

##      df      AICc
## m0  2 216.2245
## m1  3 214.1310
## m2  4 219.1221
## m3  5 217.1499
## m4  7 221.0126
## m5  2 216.2245

tidy(m1)

##           term      estimate std.error statistic      p.value group
## 1      (Intercept) -2.6473436  0.3430712  -7.716600 1.194739e-14 fixed
## 2      blocksummer  0.7827283  0.3988372   1.962526 4.970127e-02 fixed
## 3 sd_(Intercept).site 0.1700891      NA      NA      NA      NA site

mixModelseasonsBody21 <- lme4::glmer(Body~class + block + (1|site),
                                     data=seasons[seasons$DPI=="21",],
                                     family=binomial(link="logit"))
summary(mixModelseasonsBody21)

## Generalized linear mixed model fit by maximum likelihood (Laplace
## Approximation) [glmerMod]
## Family: binomial ( logit )
## Formula: Body ~ class + block + (1 | site)
## Data: seasons[seasons$DPI == "21", ]
##
##      AIC      BIC   logLik deviance df.resid
##   417.6   436.4  -203.8   407.6     311
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.5779 -0.8367 -0.5458  0.9716  1.8323
##
## Random effects:
##  Groups Name      Variance Std.Dev.
##  site   (Intercept) 6.524e-15 8.077e-08
## Number of obs: 316, groups: site, 9
##
## Fixed effects:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)    0.4917    0.2368   2.077 0.037846 *
```

```
## classSuburban 0.4205 0.2886 1.457 0.145130
## classUrban -0.8483 0.2892 -2.933 0.003360 **
## blocksummer -0.8546 0.2407 -3.551 0.000384 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
## (Intr) clssSb clssUr
## classSubrbrn -0.540
## classUrban -0.644 0.464
## blocksummer -0.544 -0.069 0.123
```

```
tidy(mixModelseasonsBody21)
```

```
##          term      estimate std.error statistic    p.value group
## 1 (Intercept) 4.917107e-01 0.2367960  2.076517 0.0378462050 fixed
## 2 classSuburban 4.205379e-01 0.2886423  1.456952 0.1451296729 fixed
## 3 classUrban -8.482715e-01 0.2892454 -2.932706 0.0033602215 fixed
## 4 blocksummer -8.546034e-01 0.2406755 -3.550854 0.0003839835 fixed
## 5 sd_(Intercept).site 8.076923e-08      NA      NA      NA      site
```

```
car::Anova(mixModelseasonsBody21) #Wald test
```

```
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II Wald chisquare tests)
##
## Response: Body
##      Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## class 18.733 2 8.553e-05 ***
## block 12.609 1 0.000384 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
#confint(mixModelseasonsBody21) #profiled confidence interval
drop1(mixModelseasonsBody21, test="Chisq") #Likelihood ratio test
```

```
## Single term deletions
##
## Model:
## Body ~ class + block + (1 | site)
##      Df    AIC    LRT  Pr(Chi)
## <none>   417.58
## class   2 426.01 12.434 0.0019948 **
## block   1 428.60 13.025 0.0003073 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
summary(multcomp::glht(mixModelseasonsBody21, linfct = multcomp::mcp(class = "Tukey"), test = multcomp::
```

```
##
## Simultaneous Tests for General Linear Hypotheses
##
## Multiple Comparisons of Means: Tukey Contrasts
##
## Fit: lme4::glmer(formula = Body ~ class + block + (1 | site), data = seasons[seasons$DPI ==
## "21", ], family = binomial(link = "logit"))
##
```



```

## Linear Hypotheses:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## Suburban - Rural == 0    0.4205    0.2886   1.457  0.31179
## Urban - Rural == 0     -0.8483    0.2892  -2.933  0.00939 **
## Urban - Suburban == 0  -1.2688    0.2990  -4.243 < 0.001 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Adjusted p values reported -- single-step method)
summary(multcomp::glht(mixModelseasonsBody21, linfct = multcomp::mcp(block = "Tukey"), test = multcomp:

##
## Simultaneous Tests for General Linear Hypotheses
##
## Multiple Comparisons of Means: Tukey Contrasts
##
##
## Fit: lme4::glmer(formula = Body ~ class + block + (1 | site), data = seasons[seasons$DPI ==
## "21", ], family = binomial(link = "logit"))
##
## Linear Hypotheses:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## summer - fall == 0  -0.8546    0.2407  -3.551 0.000384 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Adjusted p values reported -- single-step method)
mixModelseasonsHead21 <- lme4::glmer(Head~class + block + (1|site),
                                   data=seasons[seasons$DPI=="21",],
                                   family=binomial(link="logit"))
tidy(mixModelseasonsHead21)

##              term      estimate std.error statistic    p.value group
## 1      (Intercept)  2.817563e-01 0.2342544   1.202779 0.2290617845 fixed
## 2      classSuburban 3.523897e-01 0.2867938   1.228721 0.2191763368 fixed
## 3      classUrban   -7.675402e-01 0.2933131  -2.616795 0.0088759581 fixed
## 4      blocksummer  -9.375460e-01 0.2416696  -3.879454 0.0001046913 fixed
## 5 sd_(Intercept).site 2.255814e-07      NA      NA      NA      NA site
car::Anova(mixModelseasonsHead21) #Wald test

## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II Wald chisquare tests)
##
## Response: Head
##           Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## class 14.208  2  0.0008220 ***
## block 15.050  1  0.0001047 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
#confint(mixModelseasonsHead21) #profiled confidence interval
drop1(mixModelseasonsHead21, test="Chisq")

## Single term deletions
##
## Model:
## Head ~ class + block + (1 | site)

```

```

##           Df      AIC      LRT Pr(Chi)
## <none>      413.95
## class      2 419.61  9.6653 0.007966 **
## block      1 427.53 15.5772 7.92e-05 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

summary(multcomp::glht(mixModelseasonsHead21, linfct = multcomp::mcp(class = "Tukey"), test = multcomp:

##
## Simultaneous Tests for General Linear Hypotheses
##
## Multiple Comparisons of Means: Tukey Contrasts
##
##
## Fit: lme4::glmer(formula = Head ~ class + block + (1 | site), data = seasons[seasons$DPI ==
## "21", ], family = binomial(link = "logit"))
##
## Linear Hypotheses:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## Suburban - Rural == 0    0.3524    0.2868  1.229  0.43599
## Urban - Rural == 0      -0.7675    0.2933 -2.617  0.02397 *
## Urban - Suburban == 0   -1.1199    0.3031 -3.695  0.00065 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Adjusted p values reported -- single-step method)

summary(multcomp::glht(mixModelseasonsHead21, linfct = multcomp::mcp(block = "Tukey"), test = multcomp:

##
## Simultaneous Tests for General Linear Hypotheses
##
## Multiple Comparisons of Means: Tukey Contrasts
##
##
## Fit: lme4::glmer(formula = Head ~ class + block + (1 | site), data = seasons[seasons$DPI ==
## "21", ], family = binomial(link = "logit"))
##
## Linear Hypotheses:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## summer - fall == 0   -0.9375    0.2417 -3.879 0.000105 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Adjusted p values reported -- single-step method)

mixModelseasonsSaliva21 <- lme4::glmer(Saliva~block + (1|site),
                                     data=seasons[seasons$DPI=="21",],
                                     family=binomial(link="logit"))
tidy(mixModelseasonsSaliva21) #z-test

##              term      estimate std.error statistic      p.value group
## 1      (Intercept) -2.6473436  0.3430712  -7.716600 1.194739e-14 fixed
## 2      blocksummer  0.7827283  0.3988372   1.962526 4.970127e-02 fixed
## 3 sd_(Intercept).site 0.1700891      NA          NA      NA      site

```

```

car::Anova((mixModelseasonsSaliva21)) #Wald test

## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II Wald chisquare tests)
##
## Response: Saliva
##           Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## block 3.8515  1      0.0497 *
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

confint(mixModelseasonsSaliva21) #profiled confidence interval

##           2.5 %      97.5 %
## .sig01      0.00000000  0.8214351
## (Intercept) -3.41631136 -2.0450739
## blocksummer  0.02729408  1.6074316

drop1(mixModelseasonsSaliva21, test="Chisq")

## Single term deletions
##
## Model:
## Saliva ~ block + (1 | site)
##           Df      AIC      LRT Pr(Chi)
## <none>      214.06
## block      1 216.19 4.1318 0.04208 *
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

#pairwise comparison
summary(multcomp::glht(mixModelseasonsSaliva21, linfct = multcomp::mcp(block = "Tukey"), test = multcomp)

##
## Simultaneous Tests for General Linear Hypotheses
##
## Multiple Comparisons of Means: Tukey Contrasts
##
##
## Fit: lme4::glmer(formula = Saliva ~ block + (1 | site), data = seasons[seasons$DPI ==
## "21", ], family = binomial(link = "logit"))
##
## Linear Hypotheses:
##           Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## summer - fall == 0  0.7827      0.3988  1.963  0.0497 *
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Adjusted p values reported -- single-step method)

```

## Infection Efficiency

Format data for infection efficiency

```

bodyEff <- seasons %>%
  filter(DPI==21) %>%
  #drop individual
  dplyr::select(-Individual, -site, -Wing, -DPI, -Head, -Saliva) %>%

```

```

group_by(block, class) %>%
summarise(bodyMean=mean(Body, na.rm=T), bodySE=(sd(Body, na.rm=T)/sqrt(n()))) %>%
ungroup()

headEff <- seasons %>%
  filter(DPI==21) %>%
  filter(Body==1) %>%
  #drop individual
dplyr::select(-Individual, -site, -Wing, -DPI, -Body, -Saliva) %>%
group_by(block, class) %>%
summarise(headMean=mean(Head, na.rm=T), headSE=(sd(Head, na.rm=T)/sqrt(n()))) %>%
ungroup()

salEff <- seasons %>%
  filter(DPI==21) %>%
  filter(Head==1) %>%
  #drop individual
dplyr::select(-Individual, -site, -Wing, -DPI, -Head, -Body) %>%
group_by(block, class) %>%
summarise(salMean=mean(Saliva, na.rm=T), salSE=(sd(Saliva, na.rm=T)/sqrt(n()))) %>%
ungroup()

#group together
allEff <- full_join(bodyEff, headEff, by=c("block", "class"))
allEff <- full_join(allEff, salEff, by=c("block", "class"))

library(tidyr)
meltMean <- allEff %>%
  select(block, class, contains("Mean")) %>%
  gather(key=variable, value=mean, -block, -class)

meltMean$type <- rep(c("Body", "Head", "Saliva"), each=6)

meltSE <- allEff %>%
  select(block, class, contains("SE")) %>%
  gather(variable, SE, -block, -class)

meltSE$type <- rep(c("Body", "Head", "Saliva"), each=6)

meltAll <- full_join(meltMean, meltSE, by=c("class", "block", "type")) %>%
  select(-variable.x, -variable.y)

```

Plot of infection efficiency

```

#supplemental plot
ggplot(data=meltAll[order(meltAll$block, decreasing=F),], aes(x=class, group=block))+
  geom_bar(stat="identity", aes(y=mean, alpha=factor(block), fill=factor(class)), color="gray20", position="dodge") +
  facet_wrap(~type, nrow=3, dir="v") +
  scale_fill_manual(values=c(colR, colS, colU))+
  scale_alpha_discrete(range=c(1,0.3), name="Season", labels=c("Fall", "Summer"), guide=guide_legend(reverse=T)) +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin=mean-SE, ymax=mean+SE), width=0.2, color="gray20", position =position_dodge(-0.5)) +
  theme_base() +
  xlab("Land Class") +
  ylab("Infection Efficiency") +

```

```
guides(fill=F)
#theme(legend.title=element_text("Season"))
```

Model Selection (Body is same as initial infection)

```
#create all the models
m1 <- glmer(Head~block + (1|site),
            data=seasons[seasons$DPI=="21" & seasons$Body==1,],
            family=binomial(link="logit"))
m2 <- glmer(Head~class + (1|site),
            data=seasons[seasons$DPI=="21" & seasons$Body==1,],
            family=binomial(link="logit"))
m3 <- glmer(Head~class + block + (1|site),
            data=seasons[seasons$DPI=="21" & seasons$Body==1,],
            family=binomial(link="logit"))
m4 <- glmer(Head~class*block + (1|site),
            data=seasons[seasons$DPI=="21" & seasons$Body==1,],
            family=binomial(link="logit"))
m5 <- glmer(Head~class*(1|site),
            data=seasons[seasons$DPI=="21" & seasons$Body==1,],
            family=binomial(link="logit"))

modelSums <- do.call(rbind, lapply(list(m1,m2,m3, m4, m5), broom::glance)) #model 1 is best

AICc(m1,m2,m3,m4, m5)
```

```
##      df      AICc
## m1   3 106.3355
## m2   4 109.4356
## m3   5 110.3993
## m4   7 108.9752
## m5   4 109.4356
```

```
tidy(m1)
```

```
##              term      estimate std.error statistic      p.value group
## 1      (Intercept)  2.3978953  0.3947713   6.074137 1.246562e-09 fixed
## 2      blocksummer -0.5877867  0.5339828  -1.100760 2.710013e-01 fixed
## 3 sd_(Intercept).site 0.0000000      NA         NA      NA      site
```

```
#create all the models
m1 <- glmer(Saliva~block + (1|site),
            data=seasons[seasons$DPI=="21" & seasons$Body==1,],
            family=binomial(link="logit"))
m2 <- glmer(Saliva~class + (1|site),
            data=seasons[seasons$DPI=="21" & seasons$Body==1,],
            family=binomial(link="logit"))
m3 <- glmer(Saliva~class + block + (1|site),
            data=seasons[seasons$DPI=="21" & seasons$Body==1,],
            family=binomial(link="logit"))
m4 <- glmer(Saliva~class*block + (1|site),
            data=seasons[seasons$DPI=="21" & seasons$Body==1,],
            family=binomial(link="logit"))
m5 <- glmer(Saliva~class*(1|site),
            data=seasons[seasons$DPI=="21" & seasons$Body==1,],
            family=binomial(link="logit"))
```

```

modelSums <- do.call(rbind, lapply(list(m1,m2,m3, m4, m5), broom::glance)) #between 1 and 3

AICc(m1,m2,m3,m4, m5)

##      df      AICc
## m1   3 150.9633
## m2   4 162.7401
## m3   5 150.3630
## m4   7 153.2814
## m5   4 162.7401

tidy(m1)

##           term      estimate std.error statistic      p.value group
## 1      (Intercept) -2.0361094  0.3666955  -5.552589 2.814701e-08 fixed
## 2      blocksummer  1.4633691  0.4480834   3.265841 1.091397e-03 fixed
## 3 sd_(Intercept).site 0.2624814         NA         NA         NA site

tidy(m3)

##           term      estimate std.error  statistic      p.value group
## 1      (Intercept) -2.5015553  0.4924147  -5.0801796 3.770782e-07 fixed
## 2      classSuburban 0.1556519  0.5058740   0.3076891 7.583189e-01 fixed
## 3      classUrban   1.1685198  0.5635947   2.0733338 3.814123e-02 fixed
## 4      blocksummer  1.6490627  0.4616055   3.5724499 3.536572e-04 fixed
## 5 sd_(Intercept).site 0.0000000         NA         NA         NA site

#model
mixModelseasonsBody21 <- lme4::glmer(Body~class + block + (1|site),
                                   data=seasons[seasons$DPI=="21",],
                                   family=binomial(link="logit"))
tidy(mixModelseasonsBody21)

##           term      estimate std.error statistic      p.value group
## 1      (Intercept) 4.917107e-01 0.2367960  2.076517 0.0378462050 fixed
## 2      classSuburban 4.205379e-01 0.2886423  1.456952 0.1451296729 fixed
## 3      classUrban  -8.482715e-01 0.2892454  -2.932706 0.0033602215 fixed
## 4      blocksummer -8.546034e-01 0.2406755  -3.550854 0.0003839835 fixed
## 5 sd_(Intercept).site 8.076923e-08         NA         NA         NA site

car::Anova(mixModelseasonsBody21)

## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II Wald chisquare tests)
##
## Response: Body
##           Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## class 18.733  2  8.553e-05 ***
## block 12.609  1  0.000384 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

summary(multcomp::glht(mixModelseasonsBody21, linfct = multcomp::mcp(class = "Tukey"), test = multcomp:

##
## Simultaneous Tests for General Linear Hypotheses
##
## Multiple Comparisons of Means: Tukey Contrasts

```

```
##
##
## Fit: lme4::glmer(formula = Body ~ class + block + (1 | site), data = seasons[seasons$DPI ==
## "21", ], family = binomial(link = "logit"))
##
## Linear Hypotheses:
##           Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## Suburban - Rural == 0    0.4205    0.2886   1.457  0.31182
## Urban - Rural == 0     -0.8483    0.2892  -2.933  0.00932 **
## Urban - Suburban == 0   -1.2688    0.2990  -4.243 < 0.001 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Adjusted p values reported -- single-step method)
summary(multcomp::glht(mixModelseasonsBody21, linfct = multcomp::mcp(block = "Tukey"), test = multcomp:

##
## Simultaneous Tests for General Linear Hypotheses
##
## Multiple Comparisons of Means: Tukey Contrasts
##
##
## Fit: lme4::glmer(formula = Body ~ class + block + (1 | site), data = seasons[seasons$DPI ==
## "21", ], family = binomial(link = "logit"))
##
## Linear Hypotheses:
##           Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## summer - fall == 0   -0.8546    0.2407  -3.551 0.000384 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Adjusted p values reported -- single-step method)
mixModelseasonsHead21 <- lme4::glmer(Head~block + (1|site),
                                   data=seasons[seasons$DPI=="21" & seasons$Body==1,],
                                   family=binomial(link="logit"))
tidy(mixModelseasonsHead21)

##           term      estimate std.error statistic      p.value group
## 1 (Intercept)  2.3978953 0.3947713   6.074137 1.246562e-09 fixed
## 2 blocksummer -0.5877867 0.5339828  -1.100760 2.710013e-01 fixed
## 3 sd_(Intercept).site 0.0000000      NA      NA      NA      NA site
car::Anova(mixModelseasonsHead21) #no effect

## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II Wald chisquare tests)
##
## Response: Head
##           Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## block 1.2117  1      0.271

drop1(mixModelseasonsHead21, test="Chisq")

## Single term deletions
##
## Model:
## Head ~ block + (1 | site)
##           Df      AIC      LRT Pr(Chi)
```

```
## <none>      106.17
## block      1 105.39 1.2235 0.2687

summary(multcomp::glht(mixModelseasonsHead21, linfct = multcomp::mcp(block = "Tukey"), test = multcomp:

##
## Simultaneous Tests for General Linear Hypotheses
##
## Multiple Comparisons of Means: Tukey Contrasts
##
##
## Fit: lme4::glmer(formula = Head ~ block + (1 | site), data = seasons[seasons$DPI ==
## "21" & seasons$Body == 1, ], family = binomial(link = "logit"))
##
## Linear Hypotheses:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## summer - fall == 0 -0.5878      0.5340 -1.101 0.271
## (Adjusted p values reported -- single-step method)

mixModelseasonsSaliva21 <- lme4::glmer(Saliva~class + block + (1|site),
                                     data=seasons[seasons$DPI=="21" & seasons$Head==1,],
                                     family=binomial(link="logit"))
tidy(mixModelseasonsSaliva21)

##              term      estimate std.error statistic    p.value
## 1      (Intercept) -2.378555e+00 0.4916104 -4.8382922 1.309595e-06
## 2      classSuburban 2.621010e-01 0.5198468 0.5041889 6.141286e-01
## 3      classUrban   1.122170e+00 0.5732326 1.9576171 5.027495e-02
## 4      blocksummer  1.714163e+00 0.4638138 3.6957993 2.191961e-04
## 5 sd_(Intercept).site 2.523364e-08      NA      NA      NA
## group
## 1 fixed
## 2 fixed
## 3 fixed
## 4 fixed
## 5 site

car::Anova((mixModelseasonsSaliva21)) #only block is significant

## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II Wald chisquare tests)
##
## Response: Saliva
##      Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## class  4.1137 2 0.1278553
## block 13.6589 1 0.0002192 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

drop1(mixModelseasonsSaliva21, test="Chisq")

## Single term deletions
##
## Model:
## Saliva ~ class + block + (1 | site)
##      Df    AIC    LRT   Pr(Chi)
## <none>   139.79
## class   2 139.95  4.1567   0.1251
```



```
## block    1 153.23 15.4317 8.554e-05 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

summary(multcomp::glht(mixModelseasonsSaliva21, linfct = multcomp::mcp(class = "Tukey"), test = multcomp)

##
## Simultaneous Tests for General Linear Hypotheses
##
## Multiple Comparisons of Means: Tukey Contrasts
##
##
## Fit: lme4::glmer(formula = Saliva ~ class + block + (1 | site), data = seasons[seasons$DPI ==
## "21" & seasons$Head == 1, ], family = binomial(link = "logit"))
##
## Linear Hypotheses:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## Suburban - Rural == 0    0.2621    0.5198  0.504    0.869
## Urban - Rural == 0      1.1222    0.5732  1.958    0.123
## Urban - Suburban == 0   0.8601    0.5521  1.558    0.264
## (Adjusted p values reported -- single-step method)

summary(multcomp::glht(mixModelseasonsSaliva21, linfct = multcomp::mcp(block = "Tukey"), test = multcomp)

##
## Simultaneous Tests for General Linear Hypotheses
##
## Multiple Comparisons of Means: Tukey Contrasts
##
##
## Fit: lme4::glmer(formula = Saliva ~ class + block + (1 | site), data = seasons[seasons$DPI ==
## "21" & seasons$Head == 1, ], family = binomial(link = "logit"))
##
## Linear Hypotheses:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## summer - fall == 0    1.7142    0.4638  3.696 0.000219 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Adjusted p values reported -- single-step method)
```

## Infection and Microclimate

```
seasonSite <- seasons %>%
  filter(DPI=="21") %>%
  dplyr::select(-Individual, -DPI, -Wing) %>%
  dplyr::group_by(block, class, site) %>%
  summarise_all(funs(mean(.,na.rm=T), se=(sd(., na.rm=T)/sqrt(n()))))

#group with temperature data
seasonInfSite <- merge(seasonSite, rbind(augEnvVar,octEnvVar), by.x=c("block", "site"), by.y=c("block",

# inspect variable correlations
# cor(seasonInfSite[,10:18])
```

```

respV <- "Body_mean"
predVs <- c("Temp_mean_mean", "RH_mean_mean", "DTR_mean", "Temp_min_mean", "RH_min_mean", "Temp_max_mean")

myCols <- c(respV, predVs, "block", "class", "site")
modDF <- seasonInfSite %>%
  dplyr::select(one_of(myCols))
modDF <- na.omit(modDF)

#model selection for initial variable (bc of high correlation)
m1 <- glm(Body_mean ~ Temp_mean_mean,
          data=modDF,
          family=gaussian(link="log"))
m2 <- glm(Body_mean ~ RH_mean_mean,
          data=modDF,
          family=gaussian(link="log"))
m3 <- glm(Body_mean ~ DTR_mean,
          data=modDF,
          family=gaussian(link="log"))
m4 <- glm(Body_mean ~ Temp_min_mean,
          data=modDF,
          family=gaussian(link="log"))
m5 <- glm(Body_mean ~ Temp_max_mean,
          data=modDF,
          family=gaussian(link="log"))
m6 <- glm(Body_mean ~ RH_min_mean,
          data=modDF,
          family=gaussian(link="log"))
m7 <- glm(Body_mean ~ RH_max_mean,
          data=modDF,
          family=gaussian(link="log"))

modelSums <- do.call(rbind, lapply(list(m1,m2,m3, m4, m5, m6, m7), broom::glance)) #1 seems best

AICc(m1,m2,m3, m4, m5, m6, m7)

##      df      AICc
## m1   3 -9.0569871
## m2   3 -0.5439088
## m3   3 -6.7374663
## m4   3 -8.0859090
## m5   3 -6.4929200
## m6   3 -2.3719484
## m7   3 -1.1379604

tidy(m1)

##           term      estimate std.error statistic    p.value
## 1 (Intercept)  0.95866798 0.53632500  1.787476 0.092815805
## 2 Temp_mean_mean -0.07494337 0.02488645 -3.011412 0.008279968

#find covariates that aren't correlated
covars <- data.frame(cor(seasonInfSite[,10:18]))
rownames(covars[abs(covars$Temp_mean_mean)<0.8,]) #only RH_mean and RH_max

## [1] "RH_mean_mean" "RH_max_mean" "Temp_mean_se" "RH_mean_se"

```

```

#model selection
m1 <- glm(Body_mean ~ Temp_mean_mean,
          data=modDF,
          family=gaussian(link="log"))
m2 <- glm(Body_mean ~ RH_mean_mean,
          data=modDF,
          family=gaussian(link="log"))

m3 <- glm(Body_mean ~ Temp_mean_mean+RH_mean_mean,
          data=modDF,
          family=gaussian(link="log"))
m4 <- glm(Body_mean ~ Temp_mean_mean*RH_mean_mean,
          data=modDF,
          family=gaussian(link="log"))

modelSums <- do.call(rbind, lapply(list(m1,m2, m3, m4), broom::glance)) #3 seems best

AICc(m1,m2, m3, m4)

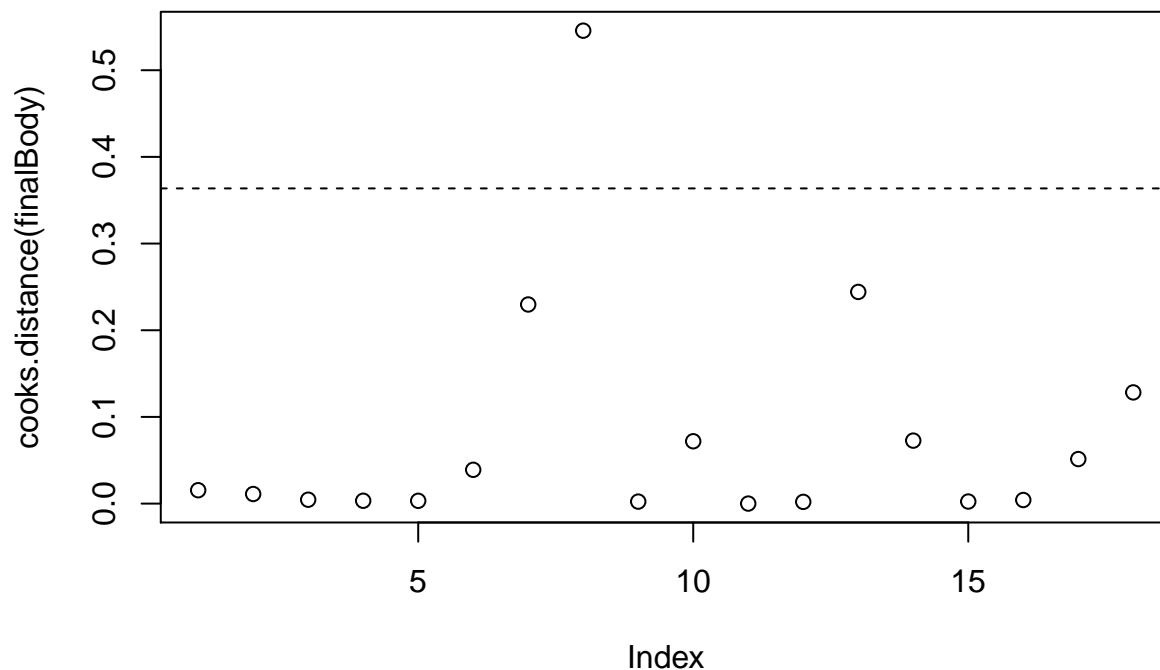
##      df      AICc
## m1  3  -9.0569871
## m2  3  -0.5439088
## m3  4 -12.8120279
## m4  5  -9.0366850

tidy(m3)

##           term      estimate std.error statistic    p.value
## 1 (Intercept) -1.02698904  0.88089922  -1.165842  0.2618821166
## 2 Temp_mean_mean -0.12883362  0.03098415  -4.158050  0.0008413049
## 3  RH_mean_mean  0.03760852  0.01518724   2.476323  0.0256769139

finalBody <- glm(Body_mean ~ Temp_mean_mean+RH_mean_mean,
                 data=modDF,
                 family=gaussian(link="log"))
plot(cooks.distance(finalBody))
abline(h=4/length(modDF), lty=2)

```



```
car::Anova(finalBody)

## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II tests)
##
## Response: Body_mean
##           LR Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## Temp_mean_mean 20.7454 1 5.246e-06 ***
## RH_mean_mean   7.2752 1 0.006991 **
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

#confint(finalBody)
tidy(finalBody)

##           term      estimate std.error statistic    p.value
## 1 (Intercept) -1.02698904 0.88089922 -1.165842 0.2618821166
## 2 Temp_mean_mean -0.12883362 0.03098415 -4.158050 0.0008413049
## 3  RH_mean_mean  0.03760852 0.01518724  2.476323 0.0256769139

drop1(finalBody, test="F")

## Single term deletions
##
## Model:
## Body_mean ~ Temp_mean_mean + RH_mean_mean
##           Df Deviance      AIC F value    Pr(>F)
## <none>          0.27952 -15.8890
## Temp_mean_mean  1  0.66611 -2.2582 20.7455 0.0003796 ***
## RH_mean_mean   1  0.41510 -10.7713  7.2753 0.0165491 *
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

outlierTest(finalBody)

##
```

```
## No Studentized residuals with Bonferonni p < 0.05
## Largest |rstudent|:
##   rstudent unadjusted p-value Bonferonni p
## 8 2.598889      0.0093526      0.16835
```

```
vif(finalBody)
```

```
## Temp_mean_mean  RH_mean_mean
##      2.500624      2.500624
```

```
sqrt(vif(finalBody))>2
```

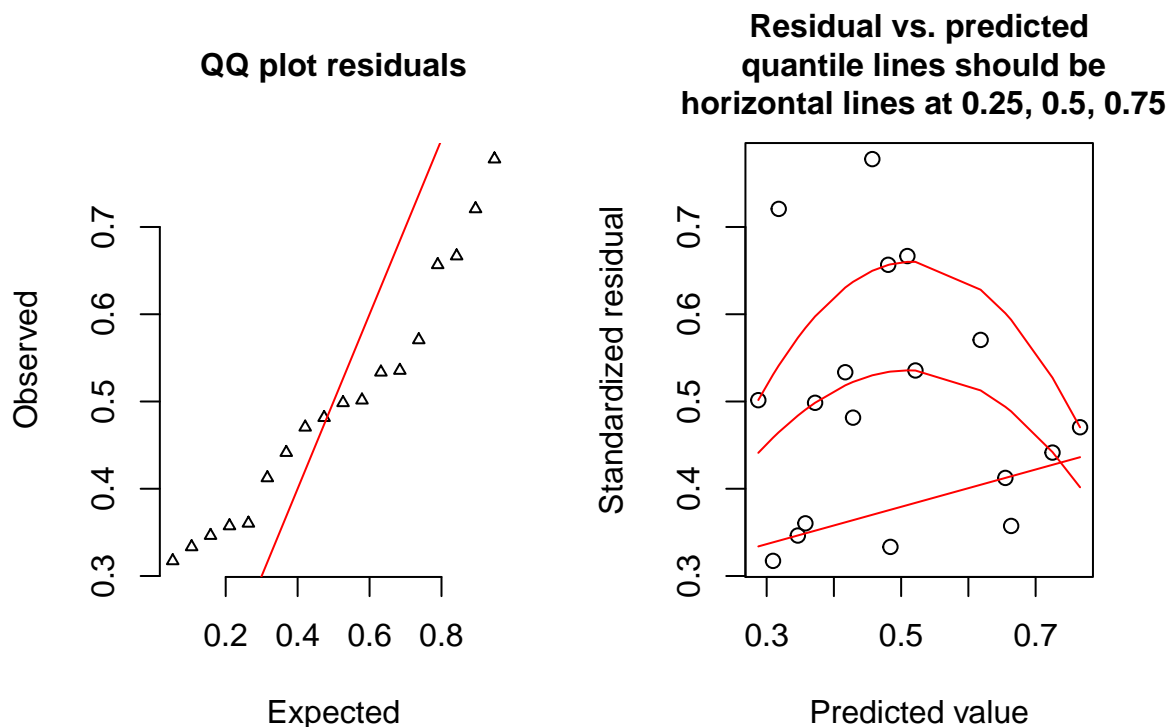
```
## Temp_mean_mean  RH_mean_mean
##             FALSE             FALSE
```

```
#glm residuals
```

```
simulationOutput <- simulateResiduals(fittedModel = finalBody, n=999)
```

```
plotSimulatedResiduals(simulationOutput = simulationOutput)
```

### DHARMA scaled residual plots



```
respV <- "Head_mean"
```

```
predVs <- c("Temp_mean_mean", "RH_mean_mean", "DTR_mean", "Temp_min_mean", "RH_min_mean", "Temp_max_mean")
```

```
myCols <- c(respV, predVs, "block", "class", "site")
```

```
modDF <- seasonInfSite %>%
```

```
  dplyr::select(one_of(myCols))
```

```
modDF <- na.omit(modDF)
```

```
#model selection for initial variable (bc of high correlation)
```

```
m1 <- glm(Head_mean ~ Temp_mean_mean,
          data=modDF,
          family=gaussian(link="log"))
```

```

m2 <- glm(Head_mean ~ RH_mean_mean,
          data=modDF,
          family=gaussian(link="log"))
m3 <- glm(Head_mean ~ DTR_mean,
          data=modDF,
          family=gaussian(link="log"))
m4 <- glm(Head_mean ~ Temp_min_mean,
          data=modDF,
          family=gaussian(link="log"))
m5 <- glm(Head_mean ~ Temp_max_mean,
          data=modDF,
          family=gaussian(link="log"))
m6 <- glm(Head_mean ~ RH_min_mean,
          data=modDF,
          family=gaussian(link="log"))
m7 <- glm(Head_mean ~ RH_max_mean,
          data=modDF,
          family=gaussian(link="log"))

modelSums <- do.call(rbind, lapply(list(m1,m2,m3, m4, m5, m6, m7), broom::glance)) #1 seems best
tidy(m1)

```

```

##           term      estimate std.error statistic    p.value
## 1  (Intercept)  1.24680019  0.59855991   2.083000 0.053652279
## 2 Temp_mean_mean -0.09311821  0.02822372  -3.299289 0.004526073

```

*#model selection*

```

m1 <- glm(Head_mean ~ Temp_mean_mean,
          data=modDF,
          family=gaussian(link="log"))
m2 <- glm(Head_mean ~ RH_mean_mean,
          data=modDF,
          family=gaussian(link="log"))

m3 <- glm(Head_mean ~ Temp_mean_mean+RH_mean_mean,
          data=modDF,
          family=gaussian(link="log"))
m4 <- glm(Head_mean ~ Temp_mean_mean*RH_mean_mean,
          data=modDF,
          family=gaussian(link="log"))

```

```

modelSums <- do.call(rbind, lapply(list(m1,m2, m3, m4), broom::glance)) #3 seems best
AICc(m1,m2, m3, m4)

```

```

##    df      AICc
## m1  3  -9.81626751
## m2  3   0.06694249
## m3  4 -12.42640583
## m4  5  -8.51958039
tidy(m3)

```

```

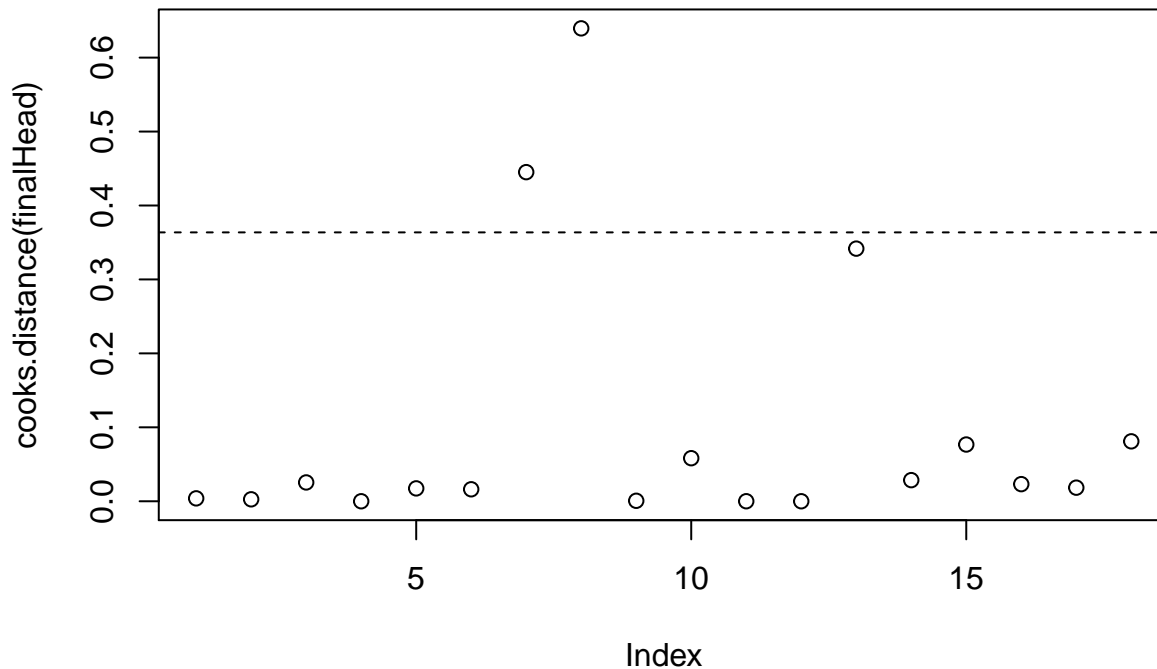
##           term      estimate std.error statistic    p.value
## 1  (Intercept) -0.76290213  1.00469599  -0.7593363 0.4594190579

```

```
## 2 Temp_mean_mean -0.14570591 0.03490278 -4.1746212 0.0008135761
## 3 RH_mean_mean 0.03758149 0.01708945 2.1991047 0.0439706330

finalHead <- glm(Head_mean ~ Temp_mean_mean+RH_mean_mean,
  data=modDF,
  family=gaussian)

plot(cooks.distance(finalHead))
abline(h=4/length(modDF), lty=2)
```



```
car::Anova(finalHead)

## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II tests)
##
## Response: Head_mean
##              LR Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## Temp_mean_mean 23.2199  1  1.445e-06 ***
## RH_mean_mean   7.3387  1  0.006749 **
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

#confint(finalHead)
drop1(finalHead, test="F")

## Single term deletions
##
## Model:
## Head_mean ~ Temp_mean_mean + RH_mean_mean
##              Df Deviance      AIC F value    Pr(>F)
## <none>          0.26932 -16.5584
## Temp_mean_mean  1  0.68622 -1.7229 23.2199 0.0002255 ***
## RH_mean_mean   1  0.40108 -11.3895  7.3387 0.0161642 *
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
tidy(finalHead)
```

```
##           term      estimate std.error statistic    p.value
## 1  (Intercept)  0.59188906  0.35139747   1.684386  0.1127946327
## 2 Temp_mean_mean -0.06672422  0.01384692  -4.818705  0.0002254676
## 3  RH_mean_mean  0.01603968  0.00592088   2.709003  0.0161642326
```

```
outlierTest(finalHead)
```

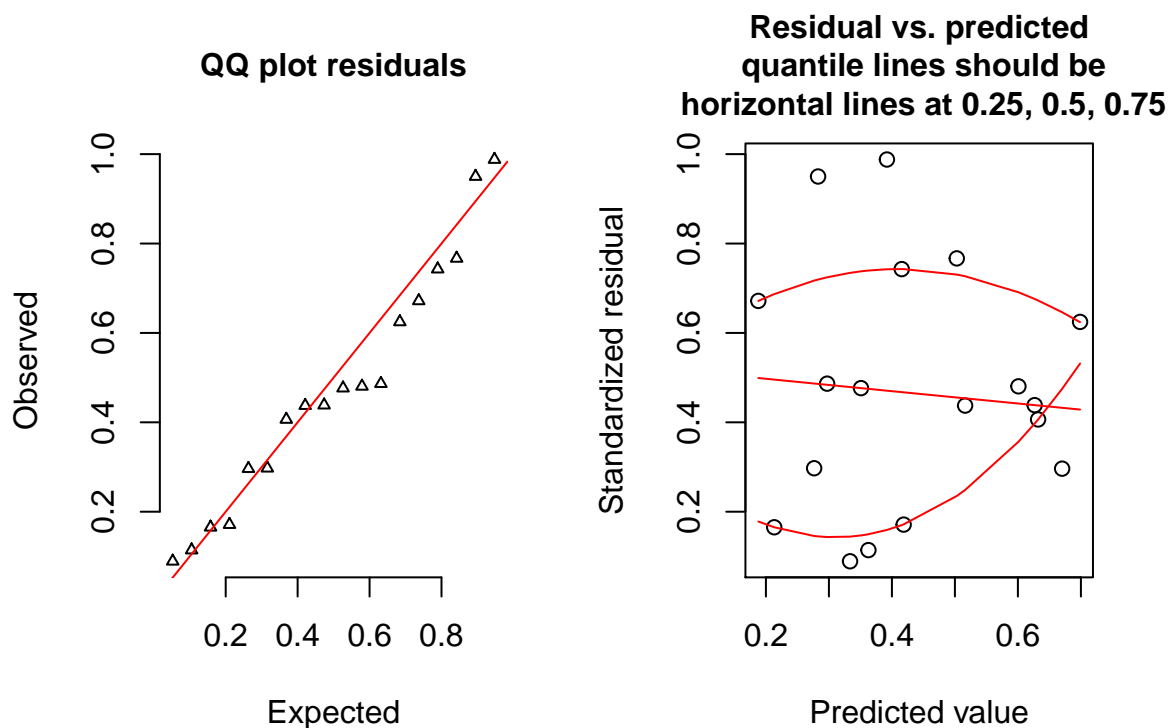
```
##      rstudent unadjusted p-value Bonferonni p
## 13  3.213467          0.0013114      0.023606
```

```
#glm residuals
```

```
simulationOutput <- simulateResiduals(fittedModel = finalHead, n=999)
```

```
plotSimulatedResiduals(simulationOutput = simulationOutput)
```

### DHARMa scaled residual plots



```
respV <- "Saliva_mean"
```

```
predVs <- c("Temp_mean_mean", "RH_mean_mean", "DTR_mean", "Temp_min_mean", "RH_min_mean", "Temp_max_mean")
```

```
myCols <- c(respV, predVs, "block", "class", "site")
```

```
modDF <- seasonInfSite %>%
```

```
  dplyr::select(one_of(myCols))
```

```
modDF <- na.omit(modDF)
```

```
#model selection for initial variable (bc of high correlation)
```

```
m1 <- glm(Saliva_mean ~ Temp_mean_mean,
```

```
        data=modDF,
```

```
        family=gaussian)
```

```
m2 <- glm(Saliva_mean ~ RH_mean_mean,
```

```
        data=modDF,
```



```

      family=gaussian)
m3 <- glm(Saliva_mean ~ DTR_mean,
      data=modDF,
      family=gaussian)
m4 <- glm(Saliva_mean ~ Temp_min_mean,
      data=modDF,
      family=gaussian)
m5 <- glm(Saliva_mean ~ Temp_max_mean,
      data=modDF,
      family=gaussian)
m6 <- glm(Saliva_mean ~ RH_min_mean,
      data=modDF,
      family=gaussian)
m7 <- glm(Saliva_mean ~ RH_max_mean,
      data=modDF,
      family=gaussian)

modelSums <- do.call(rbind, lapply(list(m1,m2,m3, m4, m5, m6, m7), broom::glance)) #2 seems best, but t
tidy(m2)

```

```

##           term      estimate  std.error statistic    p.value
## 1 (Intercept) -0.2856187  0.222758502  -1.282190  0.21804309
## 2 RH_mean_mean  0.0045945  0.002597975   1.768493  0.09603649

```

*#model selection*

```

m1 <- glm(Saliva_mean ~ Temp_mean_mean,
      data=modDF,
      family=gaussian)
m2 <- glm(Saliva_mean ~ RH_mean_mean,
      data=modDF,
      family=gaussian)

m3 <- glm(Saliva_mean ~ Temp_mean_mean+RH_mean_mean,
      data=modDF,
      family=gaussian)
m4 <- glm(Saliva_mean ~ Temp_mean_mean*RH_mean_mean,
      data=modDF,
      family=gaussian)

```

```

modelSums <- do.call(rbind, lapply(list(m1,m2, m3, m4), broom::glance)) #2 seems best

```

```

AICc(m1,m2, m3, m4)

```

```

##      df      AICc
## m1   3 -29.49212
## m2   3 -31.70849
## m3   4 -28.52592
## m4   5 -24.73537

```

```

tidy(m2)

```

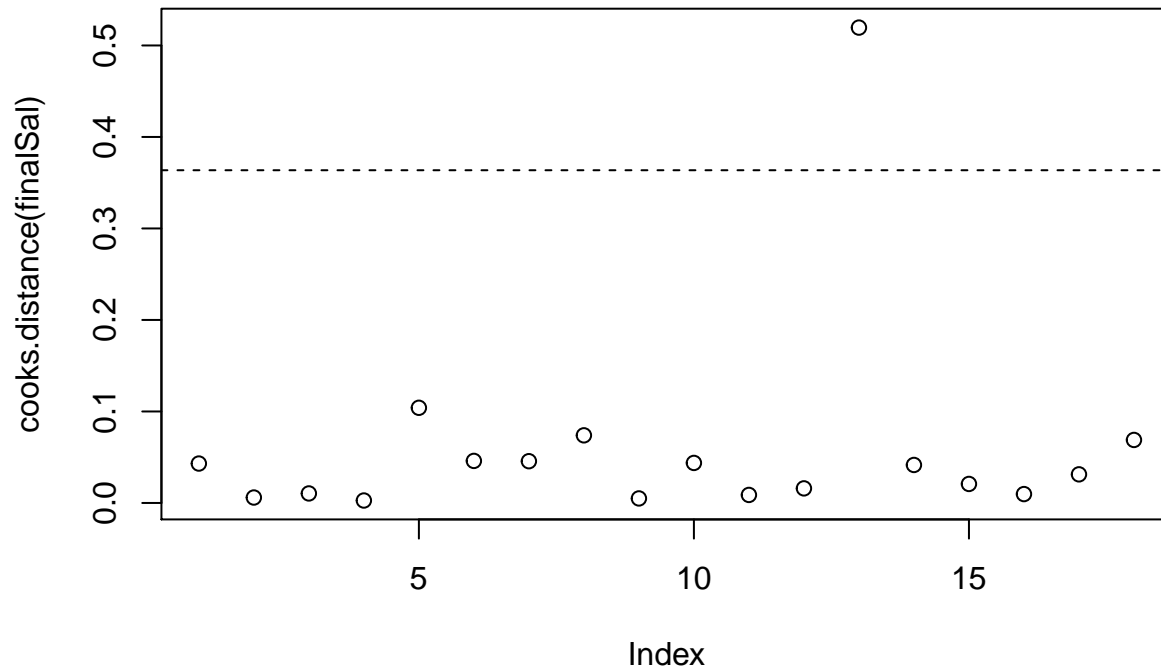
```

##           term      estimate  std.error statistic    p.value
## 1 (Intercept) -0.2856187  0.222758502  -1.282190  0.21804309
## 2 RH_mean_mean  0.0045945  0.002597975   1.768493  0.09603649

```

```
finalSal <- glm(Saliva_mean ~ RH_mean_mean,
               data=modDF, #drop outlier
               family=gaussian)
```

```
plot(cooks.distance(finalSal))
abline(h=4/length(modDF), lty=2)
```



```
car::Anova(finalSal)
```

```
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II tests)
##
## Response: Saliva_mean
##           LR Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## RH_mean_mean   3.1276 1   0.07698 .
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
#confint(finalSal)
drop1(finalSal, test="F")
```

```
## Single term deletions
##
## Model:
## Saliva_mean ~ RH_mean_mean
##           Df Deviance      AIC F value  Pr(>F)
## <none>         0.11793 -33.423
## RH_mean_mean  1  0.14098 -32.209   3.1276 0.09604 .
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
tidy(finalSal)
```

```
##           term estimate std.error statistic  p.value
## 1 (Intercept) -0.2856187 0.222758502 -1.282190 0.21804309
```

```
## 2 RH_mean_mean 0.0045945 0.002597975 1.768493 0.09603649
```

```
outlierTest(finalSal)
```

```
##      rstudent unadjusted p-value Bonferonni p
```

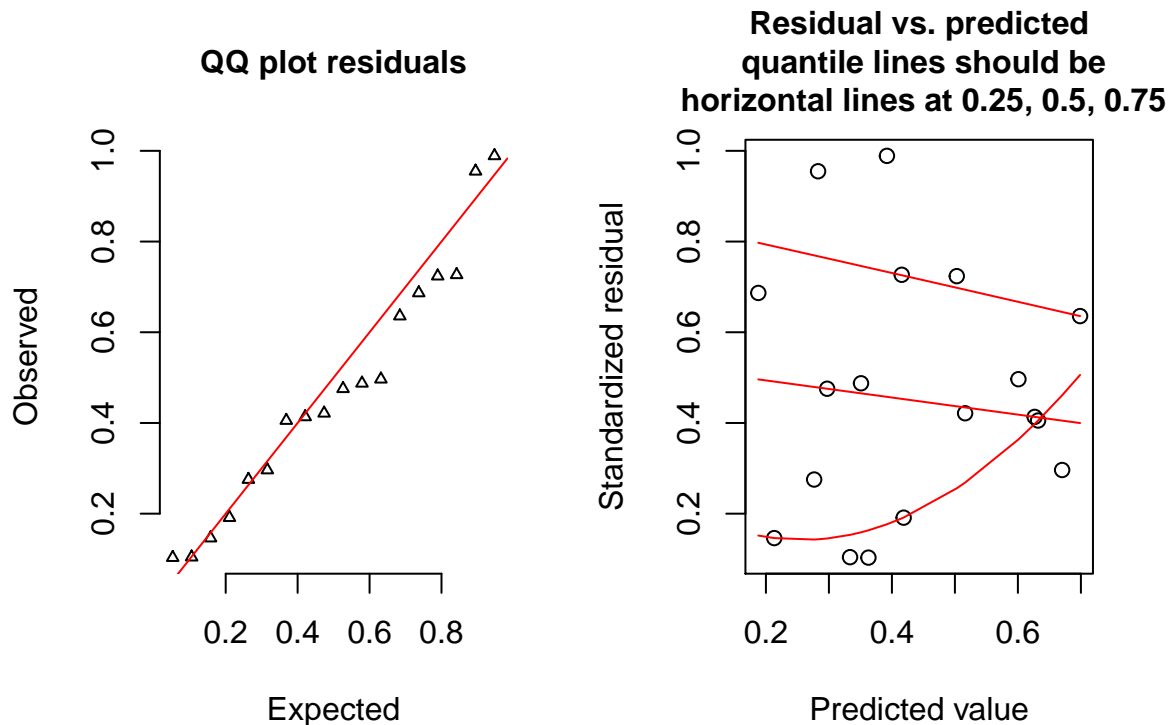
```
## 13 3.186174          0.0014417          0.02595
```

```
#glm residuals
```

```
simulationOutput <- simulateResiduals(fittedModel = finalHead, n=999)
```

```
plotSimulatedResiduals(simulationOutput = simulationOutput)
```

### DHARMA scaled residual plots



### Infection x Temperature Plot

```
#pdf(file="figures/forMS/InfxTemp3Panel.pdf", width = 8, height=3, family="sans")
plotBody <- ggplot(data=seasonInfSite, aes(x=Temp_mean_mean, y=Body_mean))+
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin=Body_mean-Body_se, ymax=Body_mean+Body_se), color=errorColor, width=0.1) +
  geom_point(aes(color=class, shape=block), size=4.5) +
  scale_color_manual(values=c(colR, colS, colU)) +
  theme_fivethirtyeight() +
  theme(panel.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
        plot.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
        legend.key = element_blank(),
        legend.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
        axis.title = element_text(),
        axis.title.x = element_text(),
        axis.title.y=element_text(),
        axis.line=element_line(color=axisColor, size=0.5),
        panel.grid = element_blank())+
  ylab("Prop. Infected")+
  xlab("") +
  theme(legend.position="none")
```

```

plotHead <- ggplot(data=seasonInfSite, aes(x=Temp_mean_mean, y=Head_mean))+
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin=Head_mean-Head_se, ymax=Head_mean+Head_se), color=errorColor, width=0.1) +
  geom_point(aes(color=class, shape=block), size=4) +
  scale_color_manual(values=c(colR, colS, colU)) +
  theme_fivethirtyeight() +
  theme(panel.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
        plot.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
        legend.key = element_blank(),
        legend.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
        axis.title = element_text(),
        axis.title.x = element_text(),
        axis.title.y=element_blank(),
        axis.line=element_line(color=axisColor, size=0.5),
        panel.grid = element_blank())+
  #ylab("Prop. Disseminated")+
  xlab("Mean Daily Temperature (C)")+
  theme(legend.position="none")

plotSaliva <- ggplot(data=seasonInfSite, aes(x=Temp_mean_mean, y=Saliva_mean))+
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin=Saliva_mean-Saliva_se, ymax=Saliva_mean+Saliva_se), color=errorColor, width=0.1) +
  #geom_errorbarh(aes(xmin=Temp_mean_mean-Temp_mean_se, xmax=Temp_mean_mean+Temp_mean_se, y=Body_mean),
  geom_point(aes(color=class, shape=block), size=4.5) +
  scale_color_manual(values=c(colR, colS, colU)) +
  theme_fivethirtyeight() +
  theme(panel.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
        plot.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
        legend.key = element_blank(),
        legend.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
        axis.title = element_text(),
        axis.title.x = element_text(),
        axis.title.y=element_blank(),
        axis.line=element_line(color=axisColor, size=0.5),
        panel.grid = element_blank()) +
  #ylab("Prop. Infectious")+
  xlab("") +
  scale_y_continuous(limits=c(0,1))+
  #theme(legend.position="right", legend.direction="vertical")
  theme(legend.position="none")

plot_grid(plotBody, plotHead, plotSaliva,
  labels=c("A", "B", "C"),
  ncol=3)
#dev.off()

```

#### Infection x Relative Humidity Plot

```

#png(file="figures/forMS/supplement/InfxRH3Panel.png", width = 8, height=3, units="in", res=500, family
plotBody <- ggplot(data=seasonInfSite, aes(x=RH_mean_mean, y=Body_mean))+
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin=Body_mean-Body_se, ymax=Body_mean+Body_se), color=errorColor, width=0.1) +
  geom_point(aes(color=class, shape=block), size=4.5) +
  scale_color_manual(values=c(colR, colS, colU)) +
  theme_fivethirtyeight() +
  theme(panel.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),

```

```

    plot.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
    legend.key = element_blank(),
    legend.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
    axis.title = element_text(),
    axis.title.x = element_text(),
    axis.title.y=element_text(),
    axis.line=element_line(color=axisColor, size=0.5),
    panel.grid = element_blank()+
  ylab("Prop. Infected")+
  xlab("") +
  theme(legend.position="none")

plotHead <- ggplot(data=seasonInfSite, aes(x=RH_mean_mean, y=Head_mean))+
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin=Head_mean-Head_se, ymax=Head_mean+Head_se), color=errorColor, width=0.1) +
  geom_point(aes(color=class, shape=block), size=4) +
  scale_color_manual(values=c(colR, colS, colU)) +
  theme_fivethirtyeight() +
  theme(panel.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
    plot.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
    legend.key = element_blank(),
    legend.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
    axis.title = element_text(),
    axis.title.x = element_text(),
    axis.title.y=element_blank(),
    axis.line=element_line(color=axisColor, size=0.5),
    panel.grid = element_blank()+
  #ylab("Prop. Disseminated")+
  xlab("Relative Humidity (%)")+
  theme(legend.position="none")

plotSaliva <- ggplot(data=seasonInfSite, aes(x=RH_mean_mean, y=Saliva_mean))+
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin=Saliva_mean-Saliva_se, ymax=Saliva_mean+Saliva_se), color=errorColor, width=0.1) +
  geom_point(aes(color=class, shape=block), size=4.5) +
  scale_color_manual(values=c(colR, colS, colU)) +
  theme_fivethirtyeight() +
  theme(panel.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
    plot.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
    legend.key = element_blank(),
    legend.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
    axis.title = element_text(),
    axis.title.x = element_text(),
    axis.title.y=element_blank(),
    axis.line=element_line(color=axisColor, size=0.5),
    panel.grid = element_blank()) +
  #ylab("Prop. Infectious")+
  xlab("") +
  scale_y_continuous(limits=c(0,1))+
  #theme(legend.position="right", legend.direction="vertical")
  theme(legend.position="none")

plot_grid(plotBody, plotHead, plotSaliva,
  labels=c("A", "B", "C"),

```

```
ncol=3)
#dev.off()
```

## Infection and Body Size

### Body Infection

```
bodyWingDF <- seasonInf %>%
  dplyr::select(Body, Wing, site, block, class) %>%
  filter(!is.na(Body)) %>%
  filter(!is.na(Wing))

bodyWing <- glmer(Body~Wing + (1|site),
  data=bodyWingDF,
  family=binomial(link="logit"))

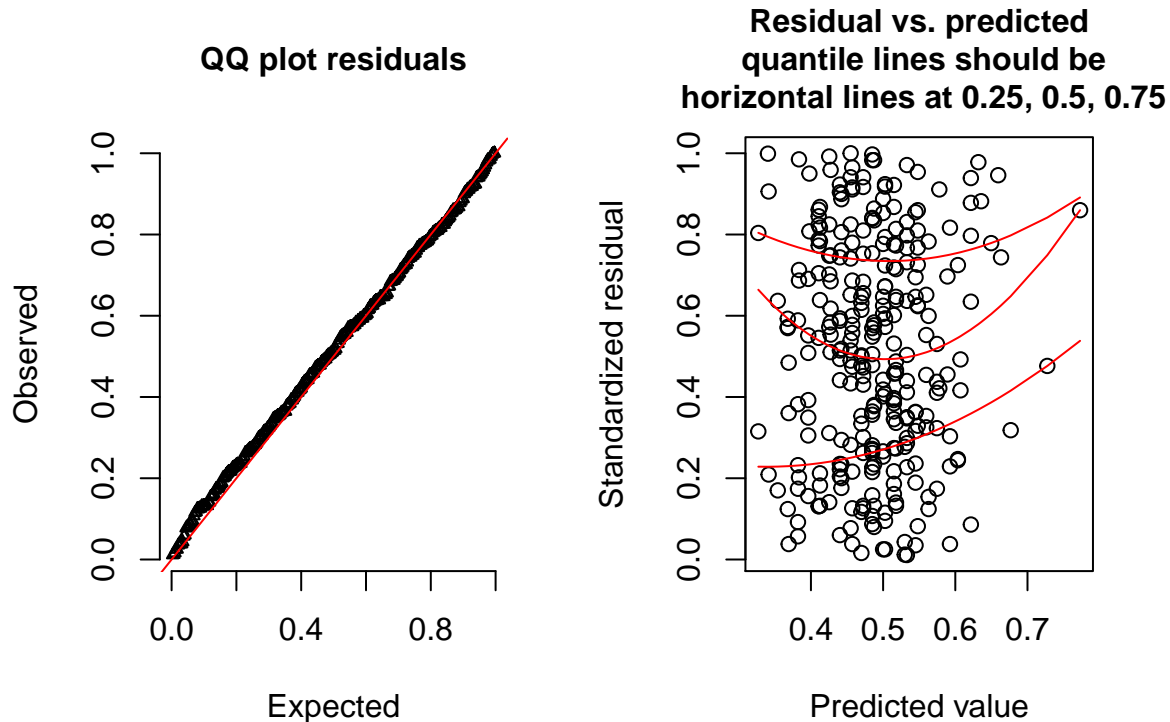
tidy(bodyWing)

##           term      estimate std.error statistic    p.value group
## 1      (Intercept)  4.9878964  2.3128770   2.156577 0.03103867 fixed
## 2           Wing -2.0232763  0.9260367  -2.184877 0.02889787 fixed
## 3 sd_(Intercept).site  0.2128793         NA         NA         NA  site
summary(bodyWing)

## Generalized linear mixed model fit by maximum likelihood (Laplace
##   Approximation) [glmerMod]
## Family: binomial ( logit )
## Formula: Body ~ Wing + (1 | site)
## Data: bodyWingDF
##
##      AIC      BIC    logLik deviance df.resid
##   399.5    410.5   -196.8    393.5     286
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.5784 -0.9612 -0.6971  0.9858  1.5234
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name      Variance Std.Dev.
## site  (Intercept) 0.04532  0.2129
## Number of obs: 289, groups: site, 9
##
## Fixed effects:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)    4.988      2.313    2.157  0.0310 *
## Wing          -2.023      0.926   -2.185  0.0289 *
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##      (Intr)
```

```
## Wing -0.998
simulationOutput <- simulateResiduals(fittedModel = bodyWing, n=999)
plotSimulatedResiduals(simulationOutput = simulationOutput)
```

### DHARMA scaled residual plots



```
Anova(bodyWing)
```

```
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II Wald chisquare tests)
##
## Response: Body
##      Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## Wing 4.7737  1    0.0289 *
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
drop1(bodyWing, test="Chisq")
```

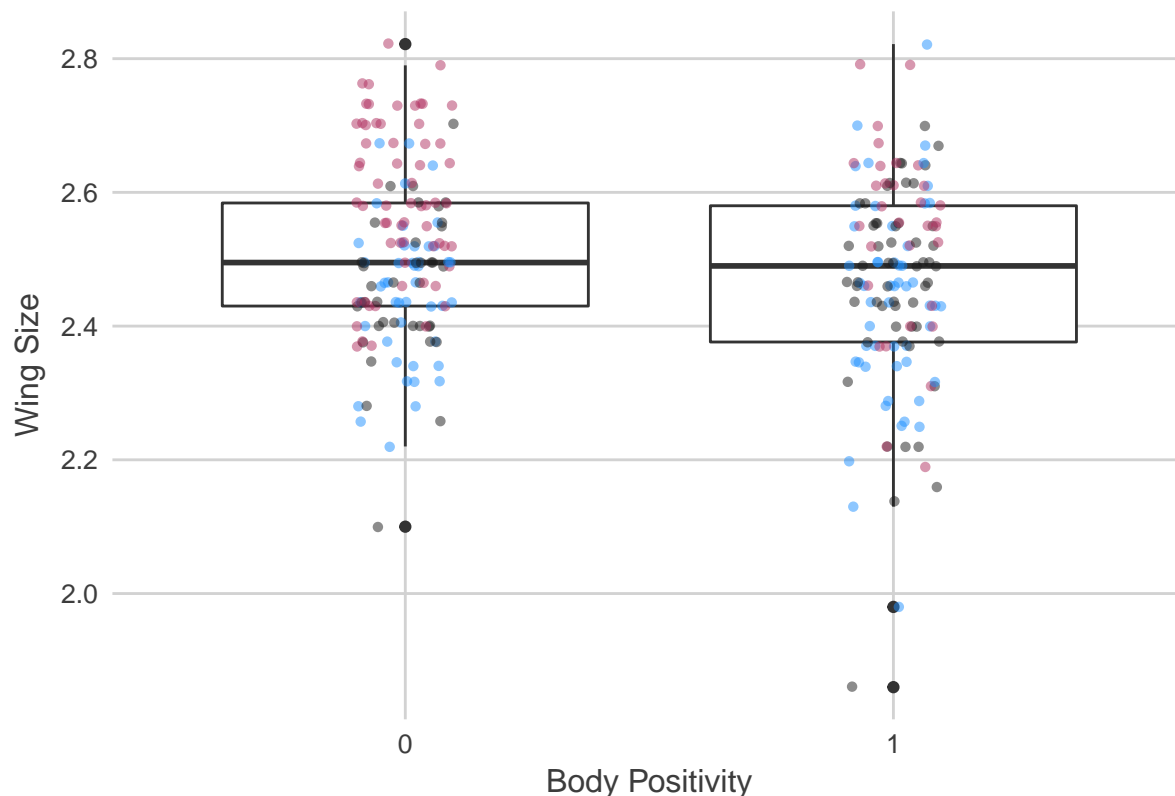
```
## Single term deletions
##
## Model:
## Body ~ Wing + (1 | site)
##      Df    AIC    LRT Pr(Chi)
## <none>   399.51
## Wing   1 402.21 4.6937 0.03027 *
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
ggplot(data=bodyWingDF, aes(x=factor(Body), y=Wing))+
  geom_boxplot() +
  geom_jitter(shape=16, position=position_jitter(0.1), aes(color=factor(class)), alpha=0.5) +
  theme_fivethirtyeight()+
```

```

theme(axis.title = element_text()) +
theme(panel.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
      plot.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
      legend.key = element_blank())+
theme(legend.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA))+
theme(legend.position="right", legend.direction="vertical") +
scale_color_manual(values=c("dodgerblue", "gray10", "maroon"), labels=c("Rural", "Suburban", "Urban"))
scale_fill_manual(values=c("dodgerblue", "gray80", "maroon"), labels=c("Rural", "Suburban", "Urban"))
guides(color=F) +
xlab("Body Positivity") +
ylab("Wing Size")

```



## Head Infection

```

headWingDF <- seasonInf %>%
  dplyr::select(Head, Wing, site, block, class) %>%
  filter(!is.na(Head)) %>%
  filter(!is.na(Wing))

headWing <- glmer(Head~Wing + (1|site),
                  data=headWingDF,
                  family=binomial(link="logit"))
# headWing <- lmer(Wing~Head + (1|site),
#                  data=headWingDF) #this tests if the wing length is significantly different
tidy(headWing)

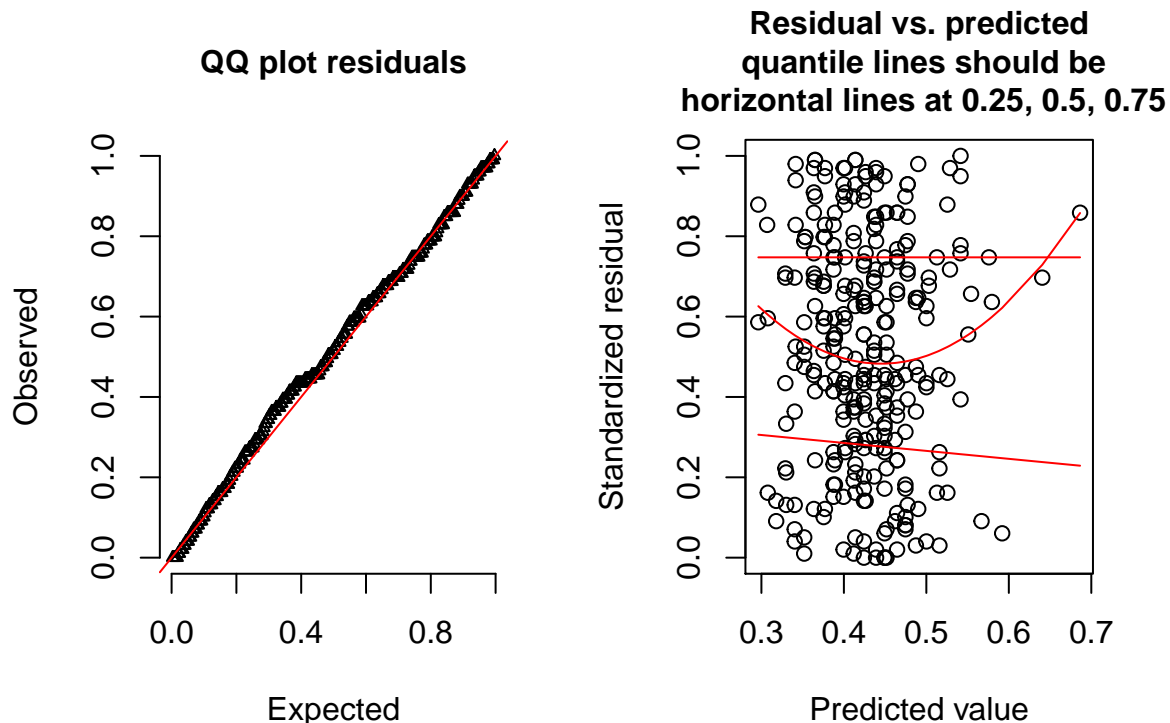
```



```
##           term      estimate std.error statistic    p.value group
## 1      (Intercept)  3.9718215  2.3146765   1.715929 0.08617496 fixed
## 2           Wing -1.7142078  0.9275247  -1.848153 0.06458016 fixed
## 3 sd_(Intercept).site 0.1861565         NA         NA         NA  site
```

```
simulationOutput <- simulateResiduals(fittedModel = headWing, n=99)
plotSimulatedResiduals(simulationOutput = simulationOutput)
```

### DHARMA scaled residual plots



```
Anova(headWing)
```

```
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II Wald chisquare tests)
##
## Response: Head
##      Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## Wing 3.4157  1  0.06458 .
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
drop1(headWing, test="Chisq")
```

```
## Single term deletions
##
## Model:
## Head ~ Wing + (1 | site)
##      Df    AIC    LRT Pr(Chi)
## <none>   396.88
## Wing    1 398.18 3.3029 0.06916 .
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

## Saliva Infection

```
salWingDF <- seasonInf %>%
  dplyr::select(Saliva, Wing, site, block, class) %>%
  filter(!is.na(Saliva)) %>%
  filter(!is.na(Wing))

salWing <- glmer(Saliva~Wing + (1|site),
  data=salWingDF,
  family=binomial(link="logit"))
summary(salWing)

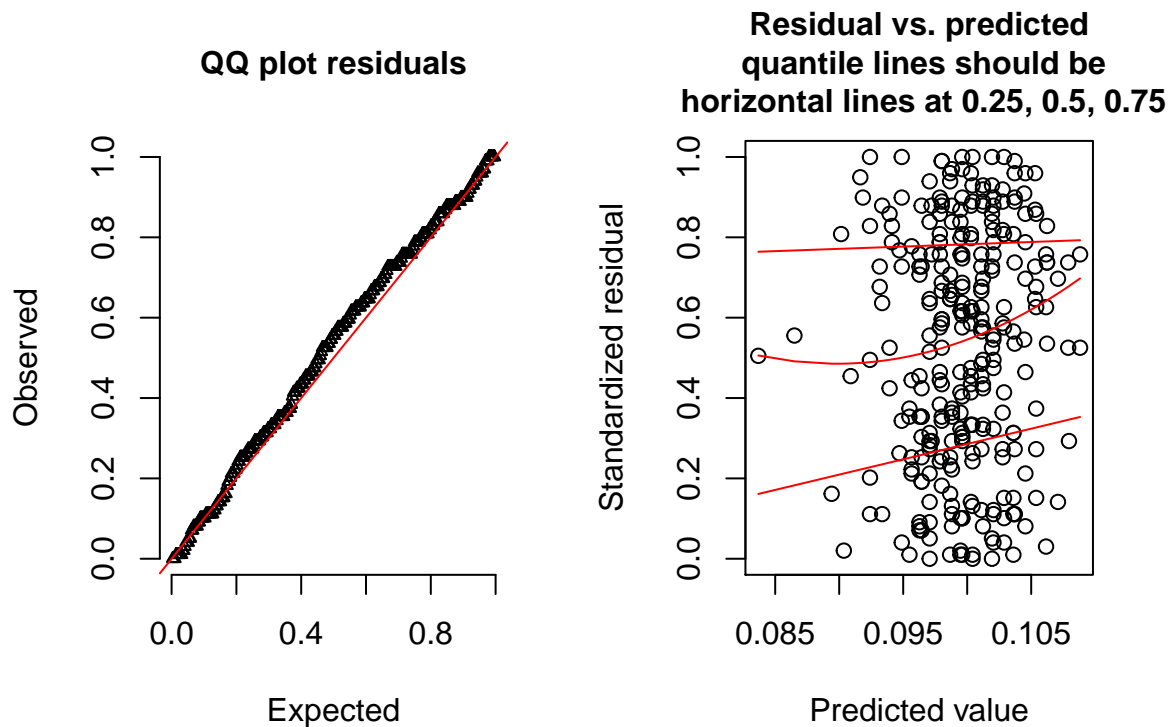
## Generalized linear mixed model fit by maximum likelihood (Laplace
## Approximation) [glmerMod]
## Family: binomial ( logit )
## Formula: Saliva ~ Wing + (1 | site)
## Data: salWingDF
##
##      AIC      BIC   logLik deviance df.resid
##   194.7   205.7   -94.4   188.7     288
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.3494 -0.3369 -0.3324 -0.3267  3.1482
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name      Variance Std.Dev.
## site  (Intercept) 0         0
## Number of obs: 291, groups: site, 9
##
## Fixed effects:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) -2.9552     3.5124  -0.841   0.40
## Wing         0.3021     1.4033   0.215   0.83
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##      (Intr)
## Wing -0.998

tidy(salWing)

##              term      estimate std.error  statistic  p.value group
## 1      (Intercept) -2.9551864   3.512354  -0.8413692 0.4001411 fixed
## 2           Wing    0.3020559   1.403287   0.2152488 0.8295734 fixed
## 3 sd_(Intercept).site 0.0000000         NA         NA      NA site

simulationOutput <- simulateResiduals(fittedModel = salWing, n=99)
plotSimulatedResiduals(simulationOutput = simulationOutput)
```

## DHARMA scaled residual plots



```
Anova(salWing)
```

```
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II Wald chisquare tests)
##
## Response: Saliva
##      Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## Wing 0.0463  1    0.8296
```

```
drop1(salWing, test="Chisq")
```

```
## Single term deletions
##
## Model:
## Saliva ~ Wing + (1 | site)
##      Df    AIC      LRT Pr(Chi)
## <none>  194.71
## Wing   1 192.76 0.046633  0.829
```

## Direct Effects

### Data Format and Loading

```
emergAug <- read.csv("../data/emergence/raw/AugustEmergence.csv")
emergAug$block <- "summer"

emergOct <- read.csv("../data/emergence/raw/OctoberEmergence.csv")
emergOct$block <- "fall"
```

```

#drop U3T1 in fall because it was eaten by ants
emergOct <- filter(emergOct, Tray_Code!="U3T1")
emergOct <- filter(emergOct, Tray_Code!="S1T3") #dumped
emergOct <- filter(emergOct, Tray_Code!="U1T4") #dumped

emergAll <- rbind(emergOct, emergAug)
#expand so each mosquito gets one row
emergExp <- emergAll[rep(seq.int(1,nrow(emergAll)), emergAll$Num_Emerge),
                      c(11, 2,4,5,6:9)]
#sum(emergAll$Num_Emerge)==nrow(emergExp) #quick check this worked
emergTray <- emergExp %>%
  filter(Sex=="F") %>%
  mutate(devRate=1/Exp_Day) %>%
  group_by(Tray_Code, Site_Code, Class, block) %>%
  summarise(devRate=mean(devRate, na.rm=T)) %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  mutate(block=case_when(
    block=="summer" ~ "Summer",
    block=="fall"   ~ "Fall"
  ))
emergTray$block <- factor(emergTray$block, levels=c("Summer", "Fall"))

#get survival per tray
survSumm <- emergExp %>%
  filter(Sex=="F") %>%
  group_by(block, Tray_Code) %>%
  dplyr::mutate(percSurv=n()) %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  dplyr::select(block, Class, Site_Code, Tray_Code, percSurv)
survSumm <- unique(survSumm)

fillIn <- function(df, endDay, totalMosq=50){
  #' Fill In Emergence Dates
  #' this function fills in for those mosquitoes that did not emerge so we do not have data for, it gives
  #' @param df the data frame you wish to fill in, in our case by pot
  #' @param endDay the last day of emergence
  #' @param totalMosq estimated starting number of mosquitoes per pot
  #' @returns dataframe with census data filled in for mosquitoes that did not emerge
  toRep <- df[1,]
  toRep$Exp_Day <- endDay
  toRep$event <- 0
  if(nrow(df)<totalMosq){
    toAdd <- toRep[rep(1, (totalMosq-nrow(df))),]
    allTest <- rbind(df, toAdd)
  } else {
    toAdd <- NA
    allTest <- NA
  }
  return(allTest)
}

applyFill <- function(season, allData=emergExp){
  #' Apply FillIn function
  #' @param season "fall" or "summer"

```

```

#' @param allData full dataframe with row for each mosquito that emerged
#' @returns censused data for the full season
tempList <- list()
tempDF <- allData
tempDF <- tempDF[tempDF$Sex=="F",]
tempDF <- tempDF[tempDF$block==season,]
tempDF$event <- 1 #add emergence event
for (i in 1:length(unique(tempDF$Tray_Code))){
  df <- tempDF[tempDF$Tray_Code==unique(tempDF$Tray_Code)[i],]
  endDay <- max(tempDF$Exp_Day)
  tempList[[i]] <- fillIn(df=df, endDay=endDay)
}
allSurv <- do.call(rbind.data.frame, tempList)
return(allSurv)
}

```

```

summerSurv <- applyFill(season="summer")
fallSurv <- applyFill(season="fall")
allSurv <- rbind(summerSurv, fallSurv)

survTray <- allSurv %>%
  filter(Sex=="F") %>%
  group_by(Tray_Code, Site_Code, Class, block) %>%
  summarise(survival=mean(event))
survTray$block[survTray$block=="summer"] <- "Summer"
survTray$block[survTray$block=="fall"] <- "Fall"
survTray$block <- factor(survTray$block, levels=c("Summer", "Fall"))

```

Tie in tray-level climate data:

```

allClim <- rbind(augClim, octClim)
allClim$block <- factor(rep(c("Summer", "Fall"), each=34), levels=c("Summer", "Fall"))
survClim <- merge(survTray, allClim, by.x=c("block", "Tray_Code"), by.y=c("block", "Tray_ID"))

emergClim <- merge(emergTray, allClim, by.x=c("block", "Tray_Code"), by.y=c("block", "Tray_ID"))

```

## Survival

### Class x Season

```

#model selection by AIC and logLik
m1 <- glmer(survival ~ block + (1|Site_Code),
            data=survTray,
            family=gaussian(link="logit"))

m2 <- glmer(survival ~ Class + (1|Site_Code),
            data=survTray,
            family=gaussian(link="logit"))

m3 <- glmer(survival ~ Class + block + (1|Site_Code),
            data=survTray,
            family=gaussian(link="logit"))

```

```

m4 <- glmer(survival ~ Class * block + (1|Site_Code),
            data=survTray,
            family=gaussian(link="logit"))

modelSums <- do.call(rbind, lapply(list(m1,m2,m3, m4), broom::glance))
modelSums #m1 is best, but near m3 & m4

```

```

##      sigma    logLik      AIC      BIC deviance df.residual
## 1 0.1658887 23.119655 -38.23931 -29.42054 1.693916         63
## 2 0.2422129 -1.621092 13.24218 24.26565 3.848056         62
## 3 0.1658848 23.140524 -34.28105 -21.05289 1.693094         61
## 4 0.1593213 25.878542 -35.75708 -18.11954 1.558505         59

```

```

AICc(m1,m2,m3, m4) #still m1

```

```

##      df      AICc
## m1  4 -37.59415
## m2  5 14.22579
## m3  6 -32.88105
## m4  8 -33.27433

```

```

SurvModSeason <- glmer(survival ~ block + (1|Site_Code),
                      data=survTray,
                      family=gaussian(link="logit"))

```

```

summary(SurvModSeason)

```

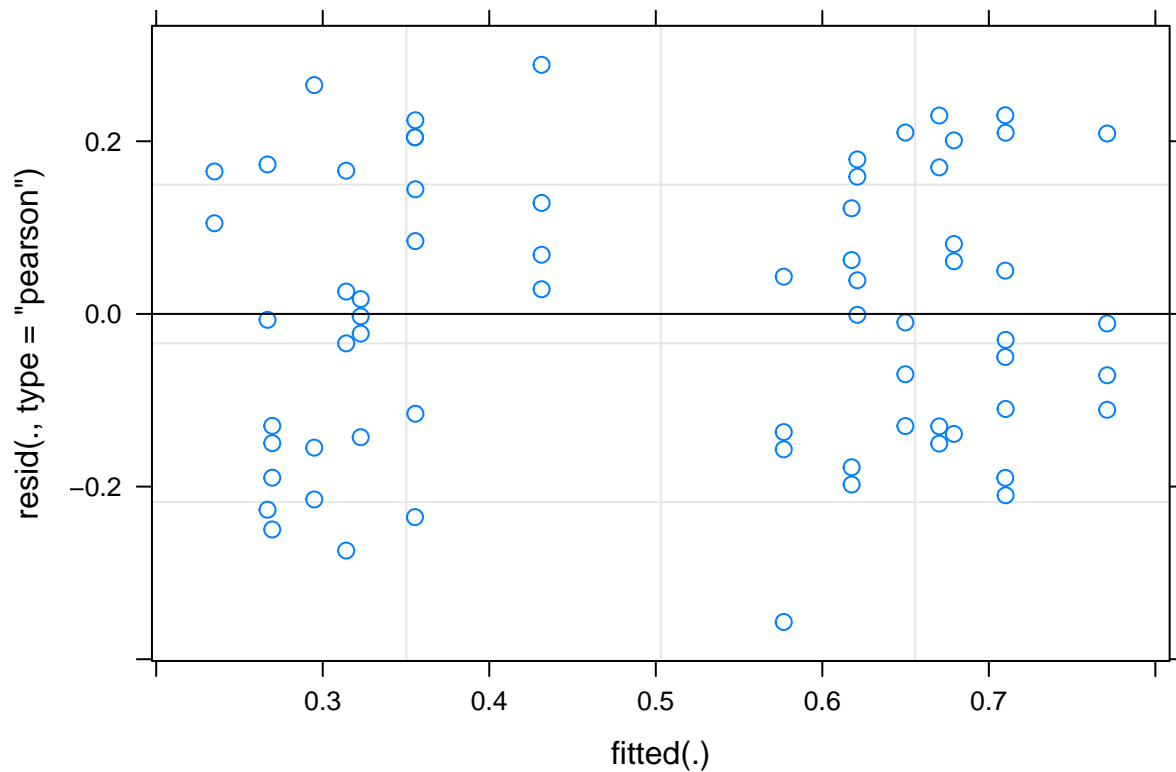
```

## Generalized linear mixed model fit by maximum likelihood (Laplace
## Approximation) [glmerMod]
## Family: gaussian ( logit )
## Formula: survival ~ block + (1 | Site_Code)
## Data: survTray
##
##      AIC      BIC    logLik deviance df.resid
##    -38.2    -29.4     23.1    -46.2      63
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.15106 -0.83144 -0.01688  0.91427  1.73948
##
## Random effects:
## Groups   Name      Variance Std.Dev.
## Site_Code (Intercept) 0.10886  0.3299
## Residual              0.02752  0.1659
## Number of obs: 67, groups: Site_Code, 9
##
## Fixed effects:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)   0.7042     0.2288   3.078  0.00208 **
## blockFall    -1.4902     0.1917  -7.775 7.55e-15 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##              (Intr)

```

```
## blockFall -0.381
```

```
modResults <- tidy(SurvModSeason)
plot(SurvModSeason)
```



```
car::Anova(SurvModSeason)
```

```
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II Wald chisquare tests)
##
## Response: survival
##      Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## block 60.45  1 7.549e-15 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
#pairwise
survPair <- pairs(lsmeans::lsmeans(SurvModSeason, ~block))
survPair
```

```
## contrast      estimate      SE df z.ratio p.value
## Summer - Fall 1.490186 0.1916654 NA   7.775  <.0001
##
## Results are given on the log odds ratio (not the response) scale.
```

```
#coefficients
boot::inv.logit(modResults$estimate[1]) #fall
```

```
## [1] 0.6691121
```

```
boot::inv.logit(modResults$estimate[1]+modResults$estimate[2]) #summer
```

```
## [1] 0.3130252
```

## Microclimate

Model selection

```
respV <- "survival"
predVs <- c("Temp_mean", "RH_mean", "DTR", "Temp_min", "RH_min", "Temp_max", "RH_max")

myCols <- c(respV, predVs, "block", "Class", "Site_Code")
modDF <- survClim %>%
  dplyr::select(one_of(myCols))
modDF <- na.omit(modDF)
```

*#model selection for initial variable*

```
m1 <- lmer(survival~Temp_mean + (1|Site_Code),
           data=modDF)
```

```
m2 <- lmer(survival~RH_mean + (1|Site_Code),
           data=modDF)
```

```
m3 <- lmer(survival~DTR + (1|Site_Code),
           data=modDF)
```

```
m4 <- lmer(survival~Temp_min + (1|Site_Code),
           data=modDF)
```

```
m5 <- lmer(survival~RH_min + (1|Site_Code),
           data=modDF)
```

```
m6 <- lmer(survival~Temp_max + (1|Site_Code),
           data=modDF)
```

```
m7 <- lmer(survival~RH_max + (1|Site_Code),
           data=modDF)
```

```
modelSums <- do.call(rbind, lapply(list(m1,m2,m3, m4, m5, m6, m7), broom::glance))
modelSums #m1 or m4
```

	sigma	logLik	AIC	BIC	deviance	df.residual
## 1	0.1621684	15.571069	-23.142137	-14.569598	-44.577817	59
## 2	0.1837171	4.483259	-0.966518	7.606021	-22.715586	59
## 3	0.1775250	10.431923	-12.863847	-4.291308	-33.640148	59
## 4	0.1627902	15.193627	-22.387254	-13.814715	-44.485120	59
## 5	0.1794725	7.550733	-7.101467	1.471072	-30.579517	59
## 6	0.1864933	7.270278	-6.540555	2.031984	-26.644909	59
## 7	0.2517561	-8.273081	24.546163	33.118702	4.570757	59

```
Weights(AICc(m1,m2,m3, m4, m5, m6, m7))
```

```
## [1] 5.909927e-01 9.040816e-06 3.464812e-03 4.051924e-01 1.942651e-04
## [6] 1.467555e-04 2.607350e-11
```

```
tidy(m1)
```

	term	estimate	std.error	statistic	group
## 1	(Intercept)	-0.74564962	0.145368674	-5.129369	fixed



```
## 2          Temp_mean  0.05430927 0.006132529 8.855935      fixed
## 3 sd_(Intercept).Site_Code 0.07289187      NA      NA Site_Code
## 4 sd_Observation.Residual 0.16216844      NA      NA Residual

#find covariates that aren't correlated
covars <- data.frame(cor(survClim[,6:12]))
rownames(covars[abs(covars$Temp_mean)<0.8,]) #only RH_mean and RH_max

## [1] "RH_mean" "RH_max"

#model selection
m1 <- lmer(survival~Temp_mean + (1|Site_Code),
           data=modDF)

m2 <- lmer(survival~Temp_mean + RH_mean + (1|Site_Code),
           data=modDF)

m3 <- lmer(survival~Temp_mean * RH_mean + (1|Site_Code),
           data=modDF)

m4 <- lmer(survival~RH_mean + (1|Site_Code),
           data=modDF)

modelSums <- do.call(rbind, lapply(list(m1,m2, m3, m4), broom::glance)) #1 seems best
modelSums

##      sigma    logLik      AIC      BIC deviance df.residual
## 1 0.1621684 15.571069 -23.1421372 -14.569598 -44.57782      59
## 2 0.1627397 11.266002 -12.5320031 -1.816329 -44.61667      58
## 3 0.1641516 6.089038 -0.1780767 12.680732 -44.92508      57
## 4 0.1837171 4.483259 -0.9665180 7.606021 -22.71559      59

AICc(m1,m2, m3, m4)

##      df      AICc
## m1  4 -22.4524820
## m2  5 -11.4793715
## m3  6  1.3219233
## m4  4 -0.2768628

tidy(m1)

##      term      estimate std.error statistic      group
## 1      (Intercept) -0.74564962 0.145368674 -5.129369      fixed
## 2      Temp_mean  0.05430927 0.006132529 8.855935      fixed
## 3 sd_(Intercept).Site_Code 0.07289187      NA      NA Site_Code
## 4 sd_Observation.Residual 0.16216844      NA      NA Residual

survModClim <- glmer(survival~Temp_mean+(1|Site_Code),
                    data=survClim,
                    family=gaussian("logit"))

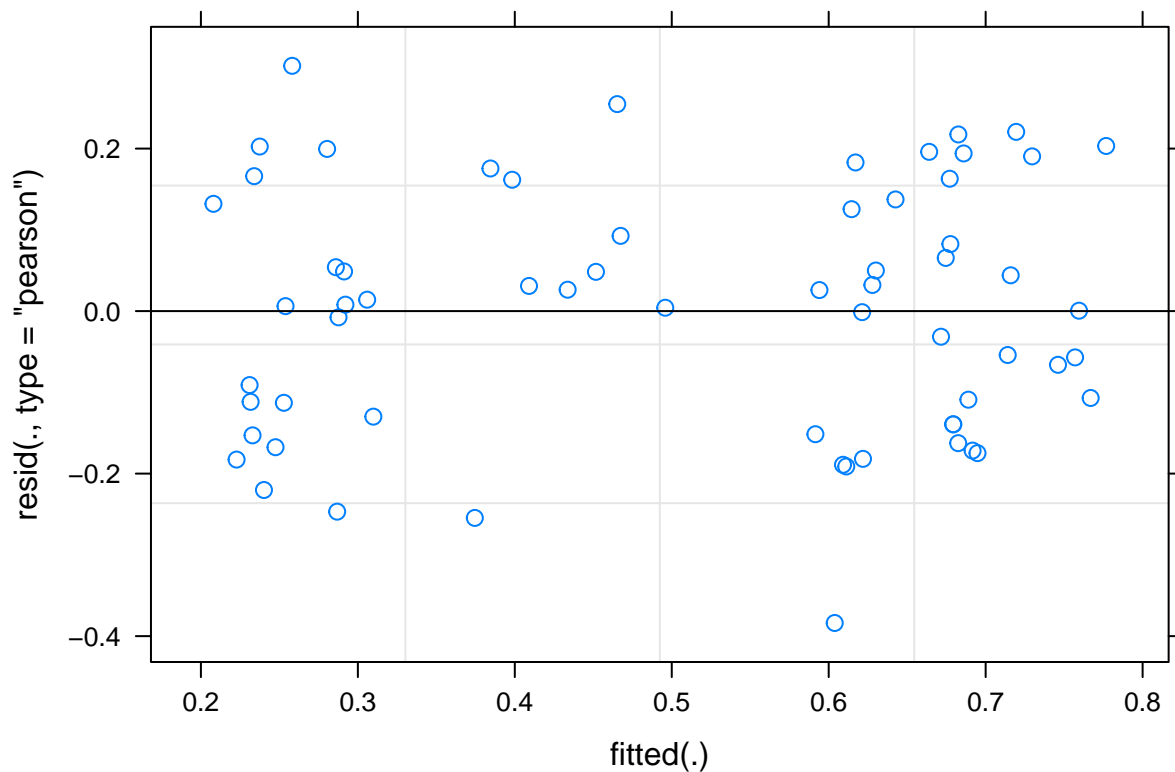
summary(survModClim)

## Generalized linear mixed model fit by maximum likelihood (Laplace
## Approximation) [glmerMod]
## Family: gaussian ( logit )
## Formula: survival ~ Temp_mean + (1 | Site_Code)
```

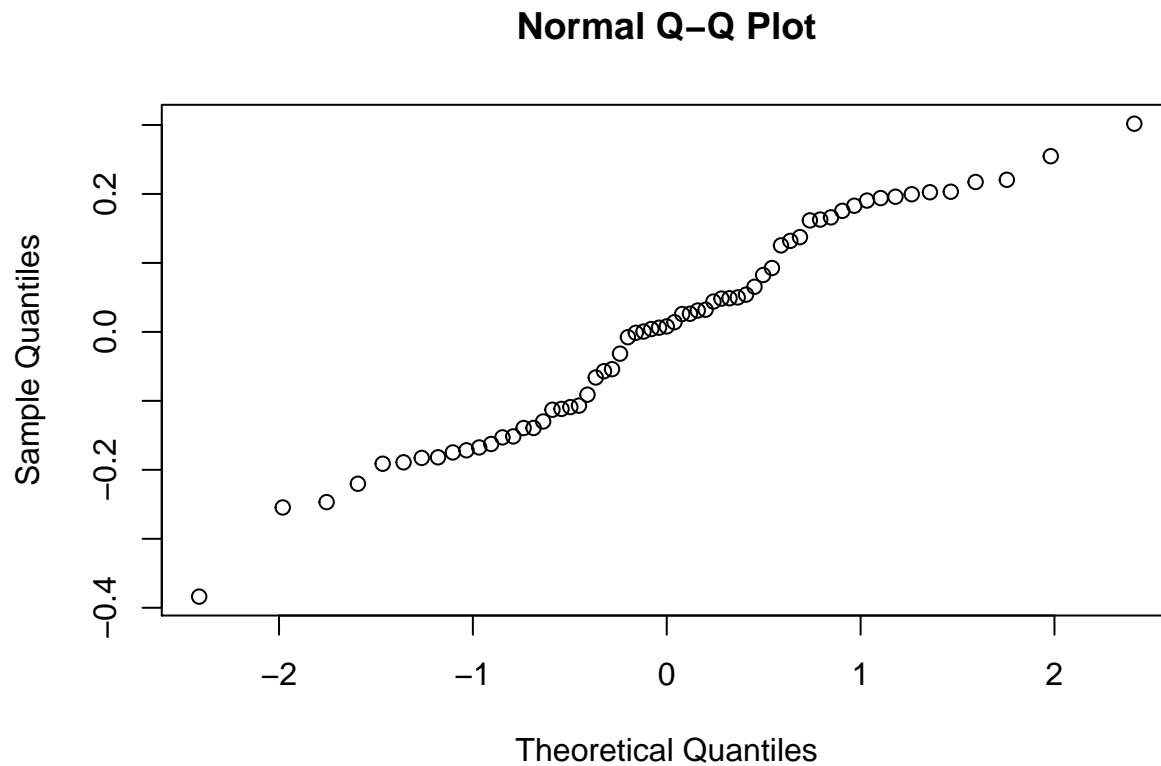
```
## Data: survClim
##
##      AIC      BIC   logLik deviance df.resid
##    -40.2    -31.6    24.1   -48.2      59
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.40767 -0.84428  0.04972  0.84500  1.89339
##
## Random effects:
## Groups   Name      Variance Std.Dev.
## Site_Code (Intercept) 0.11266  0.3357
## Residual              0.02542  0.1594
## Number of obs: 63, groups: Site_Code, 9
##
## Fixed effects:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) -5.53248    0.73027  -7.576 3.57e-14 ***
## Temp_mean    0.23995    0.02966   8.089 6.02e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##              (Intr)
## Temp_mean -0.956
```

```
modResults <- tidy(survModClim)
```

```
plot(survModClim)
```



```
qqnorm(resid(survModClim))
```



```
#coefficients  
modResults$estimate[2] #temp coefficient
```

```
## [1] 0.2399536
```

## Emergence

Class x Season

Model Selection

```
#model selection  
m0 <- lmer(devRate ~ 1 + (1|Site_Code),  
            data=emergTray)  
m1 <- lmer(devRate ~ Class + (1|Site_Code),  
            data=emergTray)  
  
m2 <- lmer(devRate ~ block + (1|Site_Code),  
            data=emergTray)  
  
m3 <- lmer(devRate ~ Class * block + (1|Site_Code),  
            data=emergTray)  
  
m4 <- lmer(devRate ~ Class + block + (1|Site_Code),  
            data=emergTray)  
  
modelSums <- do.call(rbind, lapply(list(m0, m1, m2, m3, m4), broom::glance))
```

```
modelSums #m2 is best
```

```
##          sigma  logLik      AIC      BIC  deviance df.residual
## 1 0.019849282 162.9405 -319.8810 -313.2669 -336.0945         64
## 2 0.019767728 155.6473 -301.2945 -290.2711 -338.7079         62
## 3 0.006157888 228.8366 -449.6732 -440.8544 -479.8224         63
## 4 0.006095069 213.1806 -410.3611 -392.7236 -487.0683         59
## 5 0.006160639 221.1502 -430.3004 -417.0723 -483.8547         61
```

```
AICc(m0, m1,m2,m3, m4) #still m2
```

```
##      df      AICc
## m0  3 -319.5000
## m1  5 -300.3109
## m2  4 -449.0280
## m3  8 -407.8784
## m4  6 -428.9004
```

```
mixEmergeTray <- lmer(devRate ~ block +(1|Site_Code),
                      data=emergTray)
```

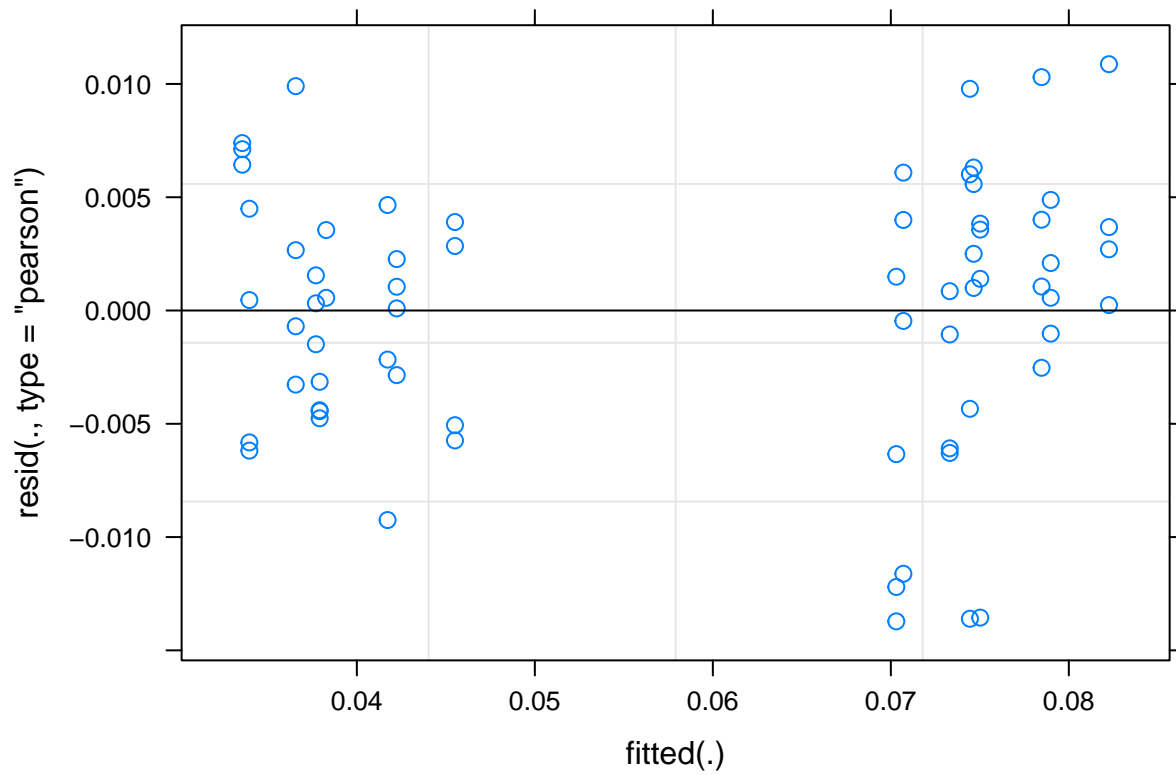
```
summary(mixEmergeTray)
```

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula: devRate ~ block + (1 | Site_Code)
##      Data: emergTray
##
## REML criterion at convergence: -457.7
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.2281 -0.6178  0.1385  0.6286  1.7654
##
## Random effects:
##      Groups      Name      Variance Std.Dev.
## Site_Code (Intercept) 1.947e-05 0.004412
## Residual              3.792e-05 0.006158
## Number of obs: 67, groups: Site_Code, 9
##
## Fixed effects:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value
## (Intercept)  0.075350  0.001793  42.02
## blockFall   -0.036743  0.001515 -24.25
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##              (Intr)
## blockFall -0.388
```

```
tidy(mixEmergeTray)
```

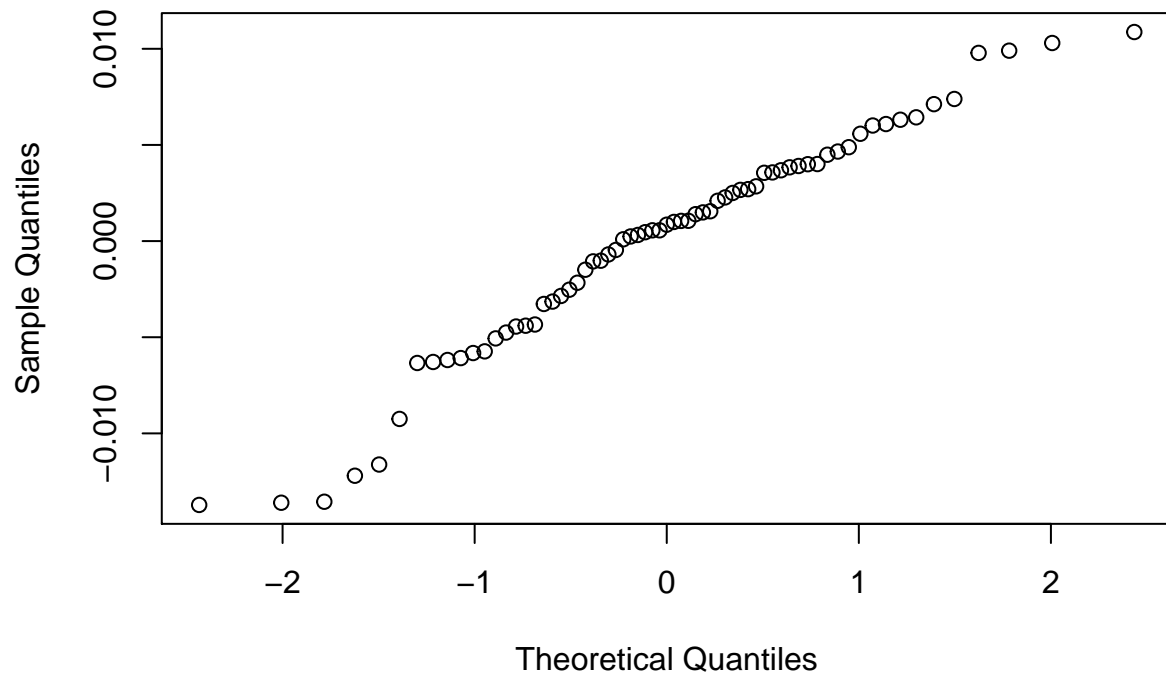
```
##              term      estimate  std.error statistic    group
## 1      (Intercept)  0.075350056  0.001793406  42.01506    fixed
## 2      blockFall   -0.036742816  0.001515196 -24.24955    fixed
## 3 sd_(Intercept).Site_Code  0.004412125      NA      NA Site_Code
## 4 sd_Observation.Residual  0.006157888      NA      NA Residual
```

```
plot(mixEmergeTray)
```



```
qqnorm(resid(mixEmergeTray))
```

### Normal Q-Q Plot



```

#confint(mixEmerge)
Anova(mixEmergeTray)

## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II Wald chisquare tests)
##
## Response: devRate
##          Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## block 588.04  1  < 2.2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

#pairwise
summary(multcomp::glht(mixEmergeTray, linfct = multcomp::mcp(block = "Tukey"), test = adjusted("holm")))

##
## Simultaneous Tests for General Linear Hypotheses
##
## Multiple Comparisons of Means: Tukey Contrasts
##
##
## Fit: lmer(formula = devRate ~ block + (1 | Site_Code), data = emergTray)
##
## Linear Hypotheses:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## Fall - Summer == 0 -0.036743  0.001515  -24.25  <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Adjusted p values reported -- single-step method)

```

## Microclimate

Model Selection:

```

respV <- "devRate"
predVs <- c("Temp_mean", "RH_mean", "DTR", "Temp_min", "RH_min", "Temp_max", "RH_max")

myCols <- c(respV, predVs, "block", "Class", "Site_Code")
modDF <- emergClim %>%
  dplyr::select(one_of(myCols))
modDF <- na.omit(modDF)

#model selection for initial variable
m0 <- lmer(devRate~1 + (1|Site_Code),
           data=modDF)

m1 <- lmer(devRate~Temp_mean + (1|Site_Code),
           data=modDF)

m2 <- lmer(devRate~RH_mean + (1|Site_Code),
           data=modDF)

m3 <- lmer(devRate~DTR + (1|Site_Code),
           data=modDF)

```

```

m4 <- lmer(devRate~Temp_min + (1|Site_Code),
            data=modDF)

m5 <- lmer(devRate~RH_min + (1|Site_Code),
            data=modDF)

m6 <- lmer(devRate~Temp_max + (1|Site_Code),
            data=modDF)

m7 <- lmer(devRate~RH_max + (1|Site_Code),
            data=modDF)

modelSums <- do.call(rbind, lapply(list(m0, m1,m2,m3, m4, m5, m6, m7), broom::glance))
modelSums #m1 or m4

```

##		sigma	logLik	AIC	BIC	deviance	df.residual
## 1		0.019768076	153.2228	-300.4457	-294.0163	-316.6063	60
## 2		0.007165630	209.3282	-410.6565	-402.0840	-445.4920	59
## 3		0.009061652	183.4426	-358.8852	-350.3127	-391.4812	59
## 4		0.010435571	183.4782	-358.9563	-350.3838	-391.1167	59
## 5		0.006977285	209.7237	-411.4474	-402.8749	-446.7692	59
## 6		0.010041227	181.0941	-354.1882	-345.6156	-388.6008	59
## 7		0.010883466	180.9413	-353.8826	-345.3101	-385.4466	59
## 8		0.019655919	147.9562	-287.9124	-279.3398	-318.3476	59

```
MuMIn::AICc(m0, m1,m2,m3, m4, m5, m6, m7)
```

##	df	AICc
## m0	3	-300.0389
## m1	4	-409.9668
## m2	4	-358.1956
## m3	4	-358.2666
## m4	4	-410.7577
## m5	4	-353.4985
## m6	4	-353.1930
## m7	4	-287.2227

```
tidy(m1)
```

##		term	estimate	std.error	statistic	group
## 1		(Intercept)	-6.667066e-02	0.0062175042	-10.72306	fixed
## 2		Temp_mean	5.405793e-03	0.0002666941	20.26964	fixed
## 3		sd_(Intercept).Site_Code	3.571659e-10	NA	NA	Site_Code
## 4		sd_Observation.Residual	7.165630e-03	NA	NA	Residual

```
#find covariates that aren't correlated
```

```

covars <- data.frame(cor(modDF[,2:7]))
rownames(covars[abs(covars$Temp_mean)<0.8,]) #mean RH

```

```
## [1] "RH_mean"
```

```
#model selection
```

```

m1 <- lmer(devRate~Temp_mean + (1|Site_Code),
            data=modDF)

m2 <- lmer(devRate~Temp_mean + RH_mean + (1|Site_Code),

```

```

data=modDF)

m3 <- lmer(devRate~Temp_mean * RH_mean + (1|Site_Code),
data=modDF)

m4 <- lmer(devRate~ RH_mean + (1|Site_Code),
data=modDF)

modelSums <- do.call(rbind, lapply(list(m1,m2, m3, m4), broom::glance)) #1 seems best
modelSums

##          sigma   logLik      AIC      BIC  deviance df.residual
## 1 0.007165630 209.3282 -410.6565 -402.0840 -445.4920          59
## 2 0.007155482 201.8216 -393.6431 -382.9275 -445.8598          58
## 3 0.007115474 193.9168 -375.8336 -362.9748 -446.9274          57
## 4 0.009061652 183.4426 -358.8852 -350.3127 -391.4812          59

AICc(m1,m2, m3, m4)

##    df      AICc
## m1  4 -409.9668
## m2  5 -392.5905
## m3  6 -374.3336
## m4  4 -358.1956

tidy(m1)

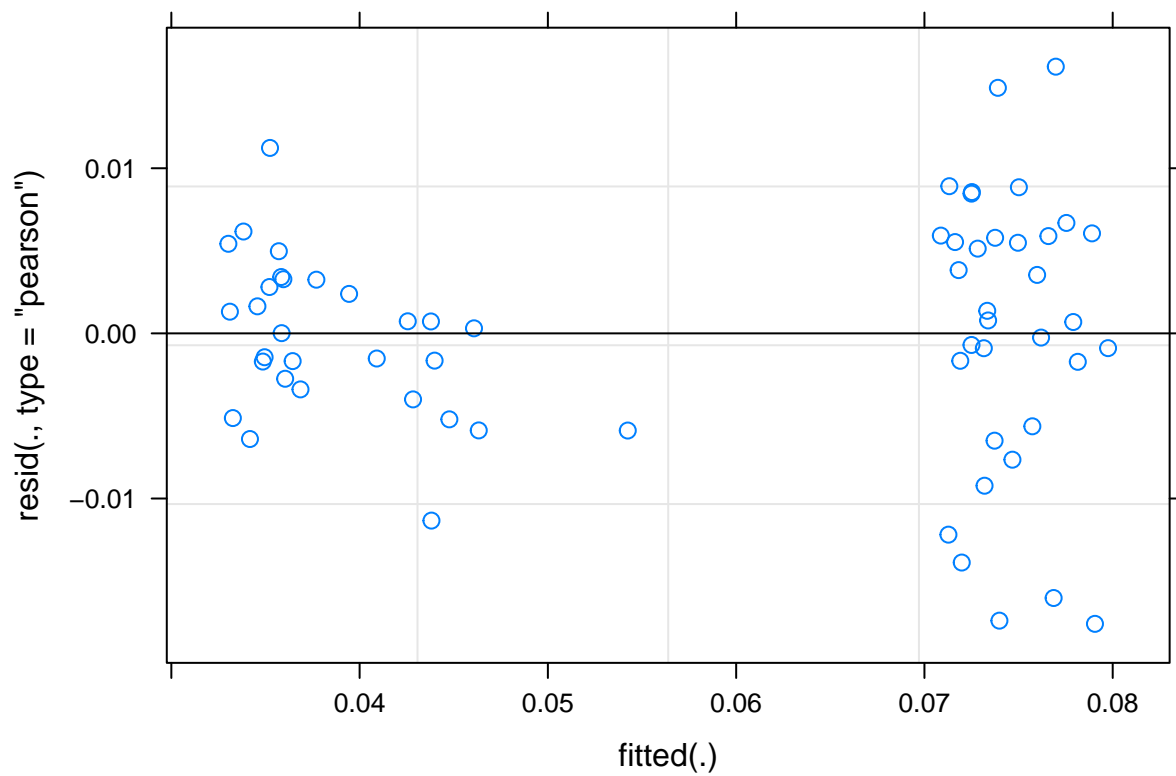
##          term      estimate  std.error statistic    group
## 1      (Intercept) -6.667066e-02 0.0062175042 -10.72306    fixed
## 2      Temp_mean   5.405793e-03 0.0002666941  20.26964    fixed
## 3 sd_(Intercept).Site_Code 3.571659e-10      NA      NA Site_Code
## 4 sd_Observation.Residual 7.165630e-03      NA      NA Residual

devClimMod <- lmer(devRate~Temp_mean +(1|Site_Code),
data=emergClim)

plot(devClimMod)

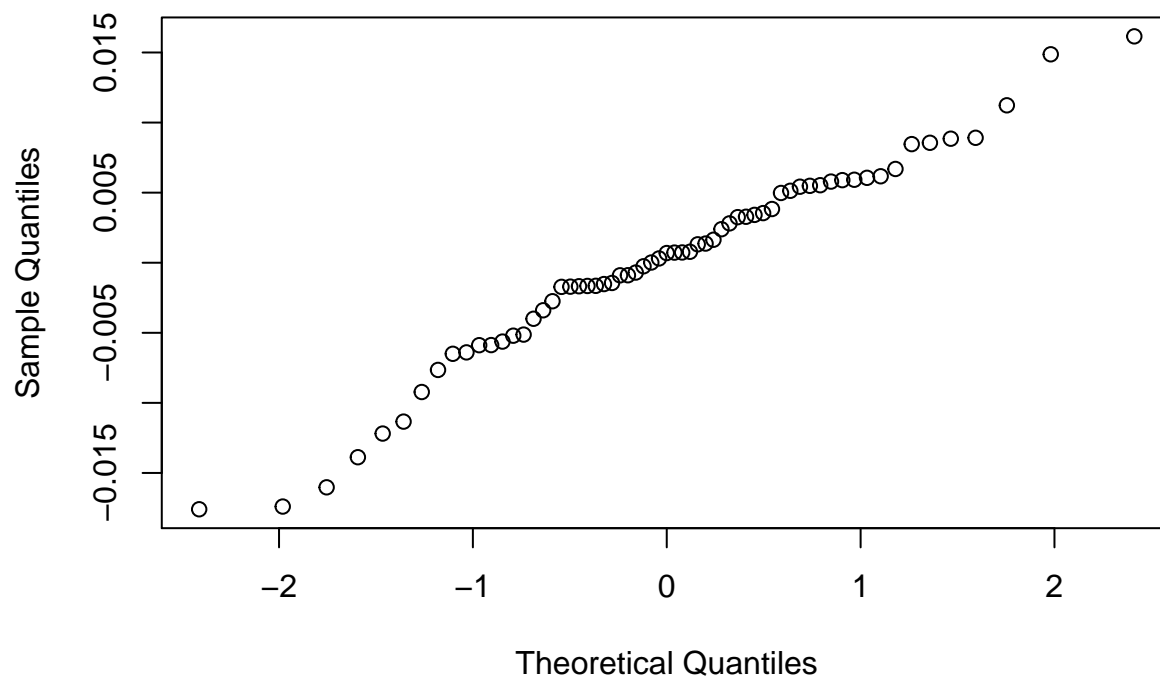
```





```
qqnorm(resid(devClimMod))
```

### Normal Q–Q Plot



```
summary(devClimMod)
```

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
```

```
## Formula: devRate ~ Temp_mean + (1 | Site_Code)
## Data: emergClim
##
## REML criterion at convergence: -418.7
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.45479 -0.51575  0.09618  0.73667  2.25385
##
## Random effects:
## Groups      Name      Variance Std.Dev.
## Site_Code (Intercept) 1.276e-19 3.572e-10
## Residual              5.135e-05 7.166e-03
## Number of obs: 63, groups: Site_Code, 9
##
## Fixed effects:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value
## (Intercept) -0.0666707  0.0062175  -10.72
## Temp_mean    0.0054058  0.0002667   20.27
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##              (Intr)
## Temp_mean -0.989
modResults <- tidy(devClimMod)
#coefficients
modResults$estimate[2] #temp coefficient

## [1] 0.005405793
```

## Indirect Effects

### Uninfected Body Size

Load body size data:

```
augWing <- read.csv("../data/emergence/raw/AugustWingLength.csv", stringsAsFactors = F)
octWing <- read.csv("../data/emergence/raw/OctoberWingLength.csv", stringsAsFactors = F)

#convert to mm & clean
augWing$mm <- augWing$Bars*augWing$Conversion.mm.bars.
octWing$mm <- octWing$Bars*octWing$Conversion.bars.mm.

octWing$site <- as.factor(substr(as.character(octWing$TrayCode), 1, 2))
augWing$site <- as.factor(substr(as.character(augWing$TrayCode), 1, 2))

getClass <- function(monthDf){
  monthDf$class <- NULL
  for (i in 1:nrow(monthDf)){
    if (substr(monthDf$site[i], 1,1)=="R"){
      monthDf$class[i] <- "Rural"
    }
  }
}
```

```

    if (substr(monthDf$site[i], 1,1)=="S"){
      monthDf$class[i] <- "Suburban"
    }
    if (substr(monthDf$site[i], 1,1)=="U"){
      monthDf$class[i] <- "Urban"
    }
  }
  monthDf$class <- as.factor(monthDf$class)
  return(monthDf)
}

augWing <- getClass(augWing)
octWing <- getClass(octWing)

octWing$block <- "Fall"
augWing$block <- "Summer"

augWing$Date <- as.Date(as.character(augWing$Date), format="%m/%d/%Y")
octWing$Date <- as.Date(as.character(octWing$Date), format="%m/%d/%Y")

#add day of experiment
augWing$Exp_Day <- as.numeric(augWing$Date-as.Date("2016-08-01", format="%Y-%m-%d"))
octWing$Exp_Day <- as.numeric(octWing$Date-as.Date("2016-09-26", format="%Y-%m-%d"))

#rename traycode column to match
colnames(augWing)[1] <- "Tray_Code"
colnames(octWing)[1] <- "Tray_Code"

#combine
fallWing <- octWing %>%
  dplyr::select(block, class, Site_Code=site, Tray_Code, Exp_Day, mm)

summerWing <- augWing %>%
  dplyr::select(block, class, Site_Code=site, Tray_Code, Exp_Day, mm)

allWing <- rbind(summerWing, fallWing)
allWing$block<- factor(allWing$block, levels=c("Summer", "Fall"))

#drop outlier in S2 (wing size =1.56 mm)
allWing <- allWing %>%
  filter(mm>1.6)

```

## Land Class x Season

### Model Selection

```

#model selection by AIC and logLik
m0 <- lmer(mm~1 + (1|Site_Code),
            data=allWing)
m1 <- lmer(mm ~ block + (1|Site_Code),
            data=allWing)

m2 <- lmer(mm ~ class + (1|Site_Code),

```

```

data=allWing)

m3 <- lmer(mm ~ class + block + (1|Site_Code),
           data=allWing)

m4 <- lmer(mm ~ class*block + (1|Site_Code),
           data=allWing)

modelSums <- do.call(rbind, lapply(list(m0,m1,m2,m3, m4), broom::glance))
modelSums #m0 is best

```

```

##      sigma  logLik      AIC      BIC deviance df.residual
## 1 0.1782356 80.15274 -154.3055 -143.2243 -165.6758      294
## 2 0.1776557 78.44084 -148.8817 -134.1067 -167.9672      293
## 3 0.1782550 76.79547 -143.5909 -125.1223 -165.8069      292
## 4 0.1776747 75.26388 -138.5278 -116.3654 -168.4225      291
## 5 0.1741417 78.38996 -140.7799 -111.2301 -183.3942      289

```

```

AICc(m0, m1,m2,m3, m4) #still m0

```

```

##      df      AICc
## m0  3 -154.2236
## m1  4 -148.7447
## m2  5 -143.3848
## m3  6 -138.2381
## m4  8 -140.2799

```

```

wingMod <- lmer(mm~1 +(1|Site_Code),
               data=allWing)
summary(wingMod)

```

```

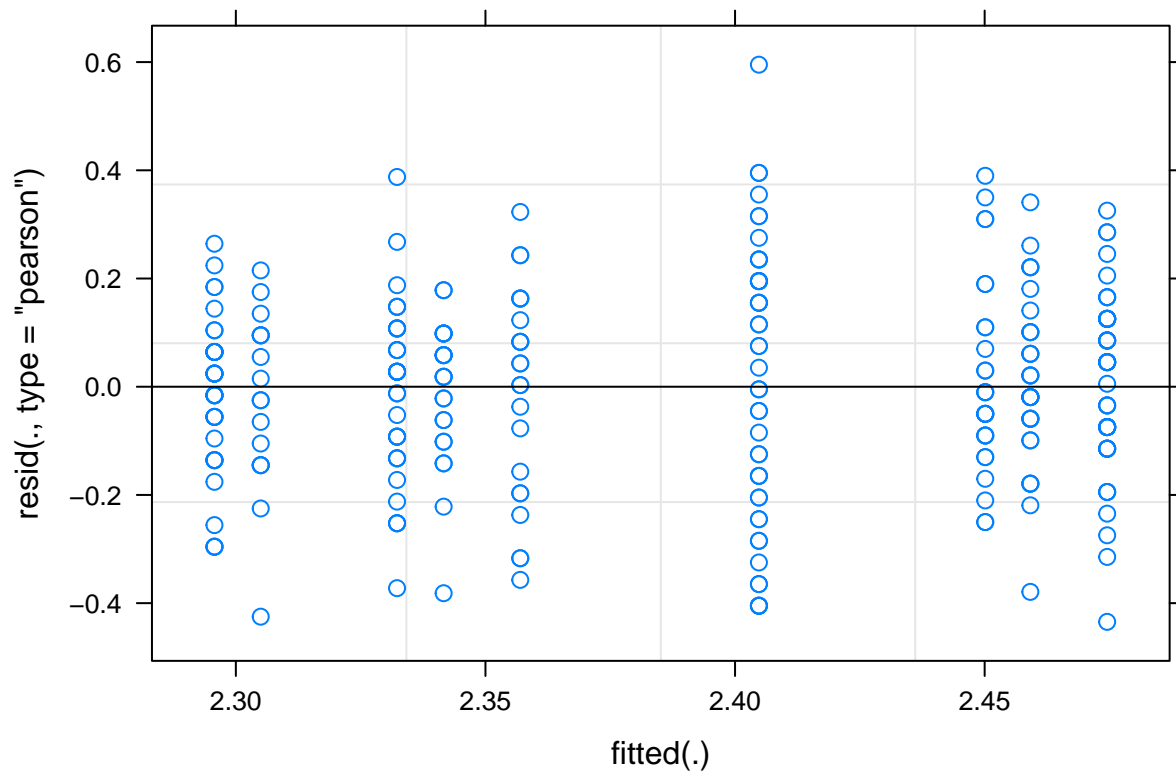
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula: mm ~ 1 + (1 | Site_Code)
##      Data: allWing
##
## REML criterion at convergence: -160.3
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.4380 -0.6426  0.1031  0.6165  3.3395
##
## Random effects:
##      Groups      Name      Variance Std.Dev.
## Site_Code (Intercept) 0.005613 0.07492
## Residual              0.031768 0.17824
## Number of obs: 297, groups: Site_Code, 9
##
## Fixed effects:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value
## (Intercept)  2.38002    0.02724   87.39

```

```

plot(wingMod)

```



## Microclimate

Load Data:

```
climate <- read.csv(file='../data/microclimate/clean/2016TrialsAdultCleaned.csv', stringsAsFactors = F)

climate$Day <- as.Date(climate$Day, format="%Y-%m-%d")
climate$Site_Code <- as.factor(climate$Site_ID)
climate$Tray_Code <- as.factor(climate$Tray_ID)

getClimate <- function(indMosq, climateDF=climate, season){
  #' This is a function to apply over the rows of the octWing and augWing data frames. Must have climat

  #' @param indMosq row of the dataframe for each individual mosquito
  #' @param climateDF the dataframe containing climate data every 10 minutes
  #' @param season, either "summer" or "fall"
  #' @returns formatted data with climate and winglength for the individual mosquito

  #get date range
  startDate <- ifelse(season=="Summer", "2016-08-01", "2016-09-26")
  startDate <- as.Date(startDate, format="%Y-%m-%d")
  endDate <- indMosq$Date

  #subset temperature data
  try(climSubset <- climateDF %>%
    filter(Tray_Code==as.character(indMosq$Tray_Code)) %>%
    filter(Day>startDate & Day<endDate),
```

```

    silent=T)

    #now take mean temperature
    tempMean <- climSubset %>%
      summarise(Tmean=mean(Temp, na.rm=T))

    # if (nrow(climSubset)<1000){
    #   climSubset <- climate %>%
    #     filter(Site_ID==indMosq$site) %>%
    #     filter(Day>startDate & Day<endDate)
    # }

    #merge this all together
    #mosqFormat <- cbind(indMosq[,c('block','class','site','Tray_ID','Exp_Day', 'mm')], Tmean=tempMean$Tm

    return(tempMean$Tmean)
  }

  augWing$Temp <- NA
  for(i in 1:nrow(augWing)){
    indMosq <- augWing[i,]
    augWing$Temp[i] <- getClimate(indMosq, season="Summer")
  }

  octWing$Temp <- NA
  for(i in 1:nrow(octWing)){
    indMosq <- octWing[i,]
    octWing$Temp[i] <- getClimate(indMosq, season="Fall")
  }

  #combine
  fallWing <- octWing %>%
    dplyr::select(block, class, Site_Code=site, Tray_Code, Exp_Day, mm, Temp)

  summerWing <- augWing %>%
    dplyr::select(block, class, Site_Code=site, Tray_Code, Exp_Day, mm, Temp)

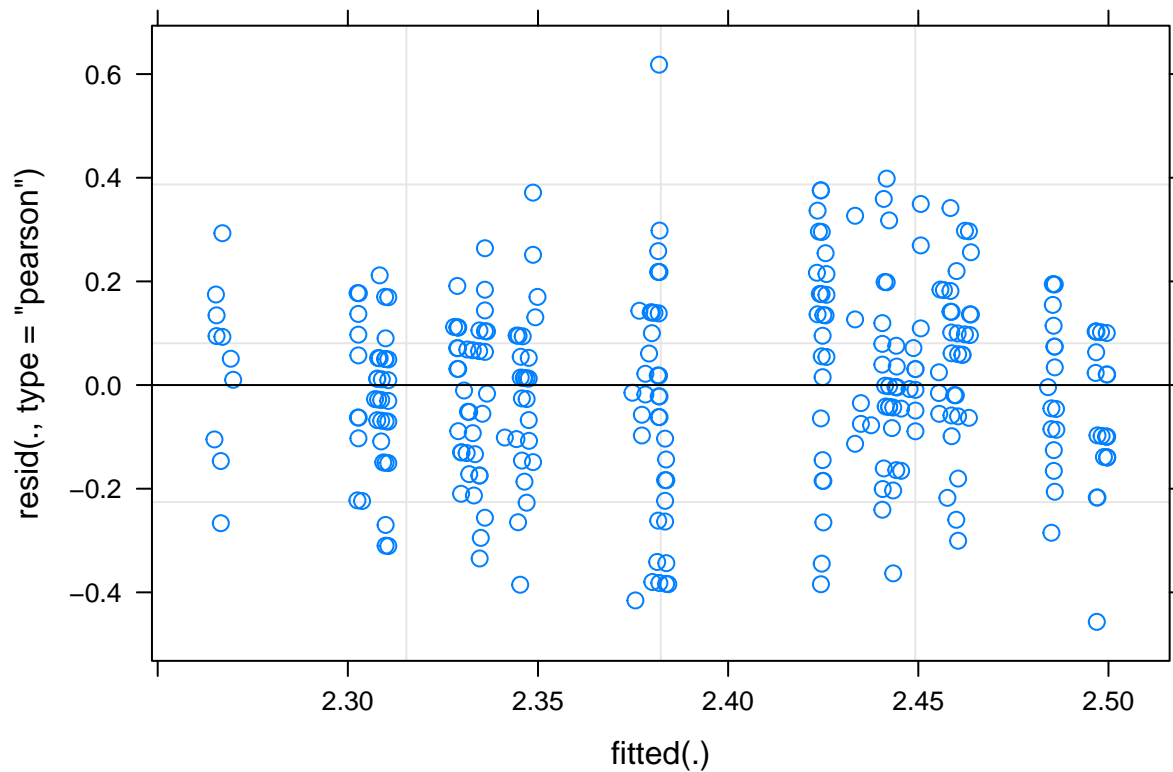
  allWing <- rbind(summerWing, fallWing)
  allWing$block<- factor(allWing$block, levels=c("Summer", "Fall"))

  #drop outlier in S2 (wing size =1.56 mm)
  allWing <- allWing %>%
    filter(mm>1.6)

  Statistics:

  wingModTemp <- lmer(mm~Temp+(1|Site_Code),
                      data=allWing)
  plot(wingModTemp)

```



```
summary(wingModTemp)
```

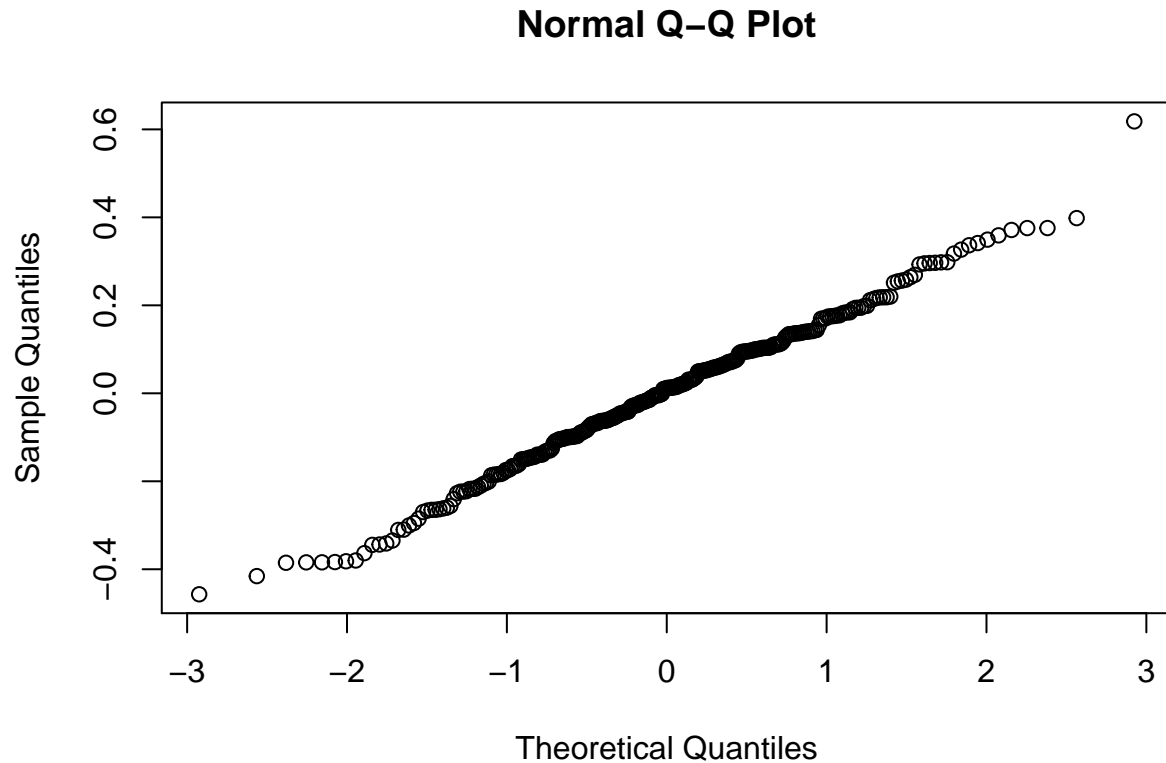
```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula: mm ~ Temp + (1 | Site_Code)
## Data: allWing
##
## REML criterion at convergence: -151.5
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.5796 -0.5915  0.0659  0.6242  3.4898
##
## Random effects:
## Groups   Name                Variance Std.Dev.
## Site_Code (Intercept) 0.005402 0.0735
## Residual              0.031376 0.1771
## Number of obs: 290, groups: Site_Code, 9
##
## Fixed effects:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value
## (Intercept) 2.253964   0.074292  30.339
## Temp        0.005917   0.003142   1.883
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##      (Intr)
## Temp -0.932
```

```
confint(wingModTemp) #no effect of temperature
```

```
##              2.5 %      97.5 %
```

```
## .sig01      0.0397126866 0.12624823
## .sigma      0.1631525337 0.19248521
## (Intercept) 2.1094289217 2.40017384
## Temp       -0.0003154784 0.01203926
```

```
qqnorm(resid(wingModTemp))
```



Plot

```
ggplot(data=allWing, aes(x=Temp, y=mm)) +
  geom_point(aes(col=factor(class), shape=factor(block))) +
  geom_smooth(method="lm")+
  theme_fivethirtyeight() +
  theme(panel.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
        plot.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
        legend.key = element_blank())+
  theme(legend.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA)) +
  theme(axis.title = element_text(), axis.title.x = element_text()) +
  ylab("Uninfected Wing Size")+
  xlab("Mean Temperature (C)") +
  scale_color_manual(values=c(colR, colS, colU), name="Class", labels=c("Rural", "Suburban", "Urban"))+
  #scale_alpha_discrete(range=c(1,0.3), name="Season", labels=c("Fall", "Summer"), guide=guide_legend(r
  scale_shape_discrete(name="Season", labels=c("Fall", "Summer"), guide=guide_legend(reverse=T)) +
  theme(legend.position="right", legend.direction="vertical")+
  guides(shape=F)
```

## Growth Rate

Format and merge data



```

#calculate means per Exp_Day and Tray
growthWing <- allWing %>%
  dplyr::group_by(block,class,Site_Code,Tray_Code, Exp_Day) %>%
  dplyr::summarise(meanWing=mean(mm, na.rm=T)) %>%
  dplyr::ungroup()

growthWing$class <- tolower(growthWing$class)

#merge with emergence data
allEmerg$class <- allEmerg$Class
levels(allEmerg$class) <- c("Rural", "Suburban", "Urban")
levels(allEmerg$block) <- c("Summer", "Fall")
growthDF <- merge(allEmerg, growthWing, by=c("block", "class", "Site_Code", "Tray_Code", "Exp_Day"), all=

trayMeans <- allWing %>%
  dplyr::group_by(block, Tray_Code) %>%
  dplyr::summarise(meanWing=mean(mm, na.rm=T))

#fill in missing with mean of tray during that block
for (i in 1:nrow(growthDF)){
  if (is.na(growthDF$meanWing[i])){
    temp <- trayMeans$meanWing[trayMeans$block==growthDF$block[i] & trayMeans$Tray_Code==growthDF$Tray_Code[i]]
    if (length(temp)==0) next
    growthDF$meanWing[i] <- temp
  } else next
}

#some trays had no mosquitoes emerge that weren't infected, so we take the site level mean for them

siteMeans <- allWing %>%
  dplyr::group_by(Site_Code, block) %>%
  dplyr::summarise(meanWing=mean(mm, na.rm=T))

for (i in 1:nrow(growthDF)){
  if (is.na(growthDF$meanWing[i])){
    temp <- siteMeans$meanWing[siteMeans$block==growthDF$block[i] & siteMeans$Site_Code==growthDF$Site_Code[i]]
    if (length(temp)==0) next
    growthDF$meanWing[i] <- temp
  } else next
}

growthDF$Fwx <- -121.240 + (78.02 * growthDF$meanWing)
growthDF$AxFwx <- growthDF$Num_Emerge*growthDF$Fwx
growthDF$xAxFwx <- growthDF$Exp_Day*growthDF$AxFwx

#get sum per day
growthDF2 <- growthDF %>%
  dplyr::group_by(block, Tray_Code, class, Site_Code) %>%
  dplyr::summarise(xAxFwx = sum(xAxFwx), AxFwx=sum(AxFwx))

growthDF2 <- growthDF2 %>%
  mutate(r=(log((1/50)*xAxFwx))/(14+(xAxFwx/AxFwx))) %>%
  ungroup()

```

## Plot

Adjust factor names for plotting:

```
levels(emergTray$block) <- c("Summer", "Fall")
levels(emergTray$Class) <- c("Rural", "Suburban", "Urban")

levels(survTray$block) <- c("Summer", "Fall")
levels(survTray$Class) <- c("Rural", "Suburban", "Urban")
```

Three panel survival, emergence and growth rate

```
#png(file="figures/formS/survEmergenceGrowth.png", width = 4, height=7, units="in", res=500, family="sans")
```

```
survPlot <- ggplot(data=survTray, aes(x=Class, y=(survival*100)))+
  geom_boxplot(aes(fill=Class), width=0.4)+
  scale_fill_manual(values=c(colR, colS, colU), labels=c("Rural", "Suburban", "Urban"))+
  facet_wrap(~block, ncol=2)+
  ylab("Percent Survival")+
  theme_fivethirtyeight() +
  theme(panel.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
        plot.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
        legend.key = element_blank(),
        panel.grid.major.x = element_blank(),
        legend.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
        axis.title = element_text(),
        axis.title.x = element_text(),
        axis.title.y=element_text(),
        #strip.background = element_blank(),
        strip.text.x = element_text(size=12),
        axis.line=element_line(color=axisColor, size=0.5),
        panel.grid = element_blank(),
        axis.text.y=element_text(size=12),
        axis.text.x=element_text(size=12))+
  theme(axis.title.x = element_blank(),
        axis.text.x = element_blank(),
        axis.title.y= element_text(size=10),
        strip.text = element_text(size=10))+
  theme(legend.position="none")
```

*#Emergence Plot*

```
emergePlot <- ggplot(emergTray, aes(x=Class, y=devRate))+
  geom_boxplot(aes(fill=Class), width=0.4)+
  scale_fill_manual(values=c(colR, colS, colU), labels=c("Rural", "Suburban", "Urban"))+
  facet_wrap(~block, ncol=2)+
  ylab("Development Rate")+
  theme_fivethirtyeight() +
  theme(panel.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
        plot.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
        legend.key = element_blank(),
        panel.grid.major.x = element_blank(),
        legend.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
        axis.title = element_text(),
        axis.title.x = element_text(),
        axis.title.y=element_text(),
```

```

    #strip.background = element_blank(),
    strip.text.x = element_text(size=12),
    axis.line=element_line(color=axisColor, size=0.5),
    panel.grid = element_blank(),
    axis.text.y=element_text(size=12),
    axis.text.x=element_text(size=12))+
  theme(legend.position="none") +
  theme(strip.background = element_blank(),
    strip.text.x = element_blank()) +
  theme(axis.title.x = element_blank(),
    axis.text.x = element_blank(),
    axis.title.y= element_text(size=10))

growthPlot <- ggplot(data=growthDF2, aes(x=class, y=r))+
  geom_boxplot(aes(fill=class), width=0.4)+
  scale_fill_manual(values=c(colR, colS, colU), labels=c("Rural", "Suburban", "Urban"))+
  facet_wrap(~block, ncol=2)+
  theme_fivethirtyeight() +
  theme(panel.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
    plot.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
    legend.key = element_blank(),
    panel.grid.major.x = element_blank(),
    legend.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
    axis.title = element_text(),
    axis.title.x = element_text(),
    axis.title.y=element_text(),
    #strip.background = element_blank(),
    strip.text.x = element_text(size=12),
    axis.line=element_line(color=axisColor, size=0.5),
    panel.grid = element_blank(),
    axis.text.y=element_text(size=12),
    axis.text.x=element_text(size=12))+
  theme(legend.position="none") +
  theme(strip.background = element_blank(),
    strip.text.x = element_blank()) +
  ylab("Per Capita Growth\nRate (r')")+
  xlab("Land Class") +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(size=10)) +
  theme(axis.title = element_text(size=12),
    axis.title.y= element_text(size=10))

plot_grid(survPlot, emergePlot, growthPlot,
  labels=c("A", "B", "C"),
  nrow=3,
  align='v')

#dev.off()

```

## Statistics

### Season x Land Class

#### Model Selection

```
#model selection by AIC and logLik
m1 <- lmer(r ~ block + (1|Site_Code),
           data=growthDF2)

m2 <- lmer(r ~ class + (1|Site_Code),
           data=growthDF2)

m3 <- lmer(r ~ block + class + (1|Site_Code),
           data=growthDF2)

m4 <- lmer(r ~ block*class + (1|Site_Code),
           data=growthDF2)

modelSums <- do.call(rbind, lapply(list(m1,m2,m3, m4), broom::glance))
modelSums #m1 is best
```

	##	sigma	logLik	AIC	BIC	deviance	df.residual
## 1	0.02317469	150.8876	-293.7752	-284.7812	-319.0258		66
## 2	0.04934191	101.7433	-193.4867	-182.2442	-225.4769		65
## 3	0.02317408	144.3205	-276.6410	-263.1500	-319.4812		64
## 4	0.02304346	138.7162	-261.4324	-243.4445	-322.2346		62

```
AICc(m1,m2,m3, m4) #still m1
```

	##	df	AICc
## m1	4	-293.1598	
## m2	5	-192.5492	
## m3	6	-275.3076	
## m4	8	-259.0718	

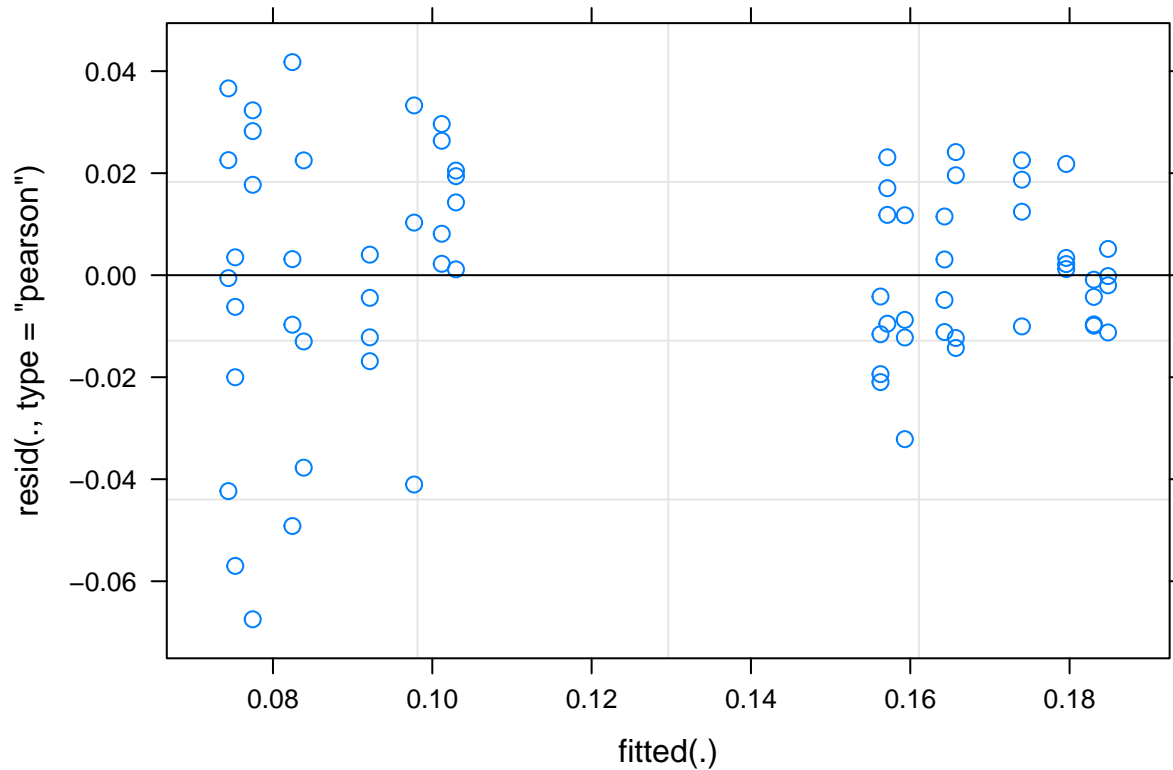
```
growthModSeason <- lmer(r~ block+ (1|Site_Code),
                        data=growthDF2)
```

```
summary(growthModSeason)
```

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula: r ~ block + (1 | Site_Code)
## Data: growthDF2
##
## REML criterion at convergence: -301.8
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.91104 -0.48351  0.05068  0.75767  1.80245
##
## Random effects:
## Groups   Name                Variance Std.Dev.
## Site_Code (Intercept) 0.0001764 0.01328
## Residual              0.0005371 0.02317
## Number of obs: 70, groups: Site_Code, 9
```

```
##
## Fixed effects:
##           Estimate Std. Error t value
## (Intercept) 0.169354  0.005876  28.82
## blockFall   -0.081859  0.005548 -14.75
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##           (Intr)
## blockFall -0.458
```

```
plot(growthModSeason)
```



```
tidy(growthModSeason)
```

```
##           term      estimate  std.error statistic    group
## 1      (Intercept) 0.16935442 0.005875706  28.82282    fixed
## 2      blockFall  -0.08185939 0.005548448 -14.75356    fixed
## 3 sd_(Intercept).Site_Code 0.01328340      NA      NA Site_Code
## 4 sd_Observation.Residual 0.02317469      NA      NA Residual
```

```
car::Anova(growthModSeason) #Wald test
```

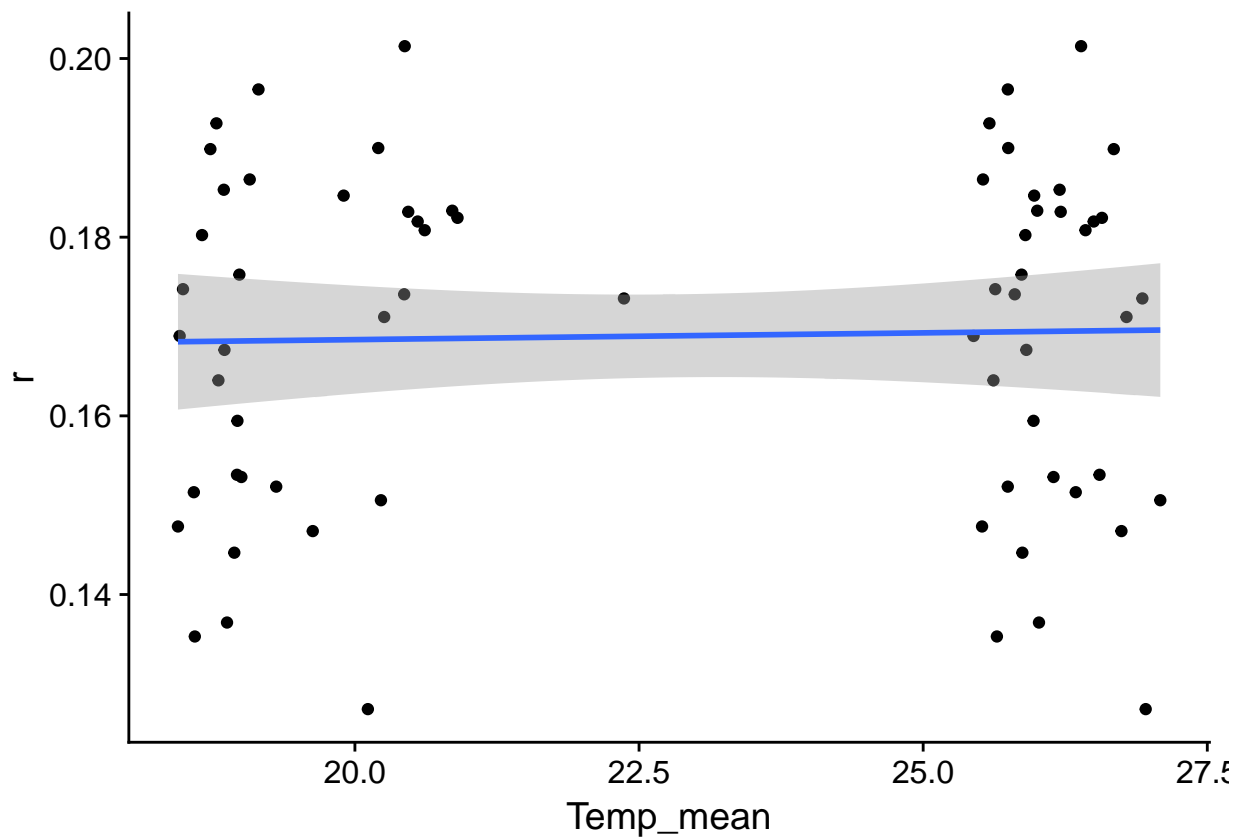
```
## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II Wald chisquare tests)
##
## Response: r
##           Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## block 217.67  1  < 2.2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
confint(growthModSeason) #profiled confidence interval
```

```
##                2.5 %      97.5 %
## .sig01         0.005098632 0.02410232
## .sigma         0.019439256 0.02774893
## (Intercept)    0.157555871 0.18115298
## blockFall     -0.092829521 -0.07091747
```

## Microclimate

```
levels(allClim$block) <- factor(as.character(allClim$block), levels=c("Summer", "Fall"))
#get temperature data
growthTemp <- merge(growthDF2, allClim, by.x=c("block","Tray_Code"), by.y=c("block", "Tray_ID"))
ggplot(data=growthTemp, aes(x=Temp_mean, y=r))+
  geom_point()+
  geom_smooth(method="lm")
```



```
growthTempMod <- lm(r~Temp_mean,
                     data=growthTemp)
summary(growthTempMod)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = r ~ Temp_mean, data = growthTemp)
##
## Residuals:
```

```
##           Min           1Q       Median           3Q           Max
## -0.042414 -0.016481  0.004224  0.014253  0.032784
##
## Coefficients:
##             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 0.1655056  0.0158639   10.43 1.34e-15 ***
## Temp_mean   0.0001513  0.0006878    0.22  0.827
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.01919 on 66 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.0007328, Adjusted R-squared:  -0.01441
## F-statistic: 0.0484 on 1 and 66 DF, p-value: 0.8266
```

```
anova(growthTempMod)
```

```
## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Response: r
##           Df      Sum Sq   Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## Temp_mean  1 0.0000178 1.782e-05  0.0484 0.8266
## Residuals 66 0.0243013 3.682e-04
```

## Vectorial Capacity

Arrange temperature data by hour for rate summation

```
climS <- climate[climate$Day >="2016-08-01" & climate$Day <="2016-09-03",]
climS$Block <- "summer"

climF <- climate[climate$Day >="2016-09-26" & climate$Day <="2016-11-08",]
climF$Block <- "fall"

#bind back together
climAll <- rbind(climS, climF)
climAll$Date <- as.POSIXct(climAll$Date)
climAll$Hour <- lubridate::hour(climAll$Date)

parameters <- dplyr::select(climAll, Block, Class, Site_ID, Tray_ID, Temp, Day, Hour)
```

Calculated set at 27C constant (x=27):

Briere:  $y \sim a * x * (x - t_0) * (t_{max} - x)^{(1/2)}$  Quad:  $y \sim a * (x-t_0) * (x-T_{max})$

```
parameters <- unique(dplyr::select(climAll, Block, Class, Site_ID))
#a -- bite rate
parameters$a <- ((1.93/10000)*27*(27-10.25)*((38.32-27)^0.5))
#adjust negatives
parameters$a[parameters$a<0] <- 0
parameters$a[is.na(parameters$a)] <- 0

# PDR - parasite development rate
parameters$PDR <- ((1.09/10000)*27*(27-10.39)*((43.05-27)^0.5))
#adjust negatives
parameters$PDR[parameters$PDR<0] <- 0
```

```

parameters$PDR[is.na(parameters$PDR)] <- 0

# lf - mosquito lifespan
parameters$lf <- -1.43*(27- 13.41)*(27-31.51)
#adjust for zeros
parameters$lf[parameters$lf<0] <- 0
parameters$lf[is.na(parameters$lf)] <- 0

# we will then calculate the mean and se for these parameters per site and hour, then sum them up for a
library(dplyr)

paramRate <- parameters

paramRate <- dplyr::rename(paramRate, Site_Code=Site_ID)
paramRate <- dplyr::rename(paramRate, block=Block)

## u - daily probability of mosquito mortality
paramRate$mu <- 1/paramRate$lf

paramRate$block <- tolower(paramRate$block)
paramRate$class <- tolower(paramRate$class)

paramRateOld <- paramRate

```

Combine with field measured fecundity, survival, development rate and vector competence:

```

#EFD: from wing length
EFD <- allWing %>%
  group_by(block, Class=class, Site_Code) %>%
  dplyr::summarise(wingL=mean(mm, na.rm=T)) %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  mutate(fecundity=-121.240 + (78.02*wingL))
EFD$block <- tolower(EFD$block)
EFD$class <- tolower(EFD$class)

#pEA: larval survival
pEA <- survSumm %>%
  group_by(block, Class, Site_Code) %>%
  dplyr::summarise(pEA=mean((percSurv/50), na.rm=T))
pEA$block <- tolower(pEA$block)
pEA$class <- tolower(pEA$class)

#MDR: emergence rate (day-1)
MDR <- emergTray %>%
  group_by(block, Class, Site_Code) %>%
  dplyr::summarise(MDR=mean(devRate, na.rm=T))
MDR$block <- tolower(MDR$block)
MDR$class <- tolower(MDR$class)

#bc
bc <- seasonInfSite %>%
  dplyr::select(block, Class=class, Site_Code=site, bc=Saliva_mean)
bc$block <- tolower(bc$block)
bc$class <- tolower(bc$class)

```



Merge traits together

```
paramRate <- full_join(paramRate, EFD, by=c("block", "Class", "Site_Code"))
paramRate <- full_join(paramRate, pEA, by=c("block", "Class", "Site_Code"))
paramRate <- full_join(paramRate, MDR, by=c("block", "Class", "Site_Code"))
paramRate <- full_join(paramRate, bc, by=c("block", "Class", "Site_Code"))
```

Calculate EFD

```
paramRate$EFD <- paramRate$fecundity*paramRate$a
```

Calculate VC w/o carry-over effects

```
paramNoCOE <- dplyr::select(climAll, Block, Class, Site_ID, Tray_ID, Temp, Day, Hour)
```

*#based on model*

```
paramNoCOE$fecundity2 <- ((4.88/100)*27*(27-8.02)*((35.65-27)^0.5))/24
```

```
paramNoCOE$fecundity2[paramNoCOE$fecundity2<0] <- 0
```

```
paramNoCOE$fecundity2[is.na(paramNoCOE$fecundity2)] <- 0
```

```
paramNoCOE$bc2 <- (((7.35/10000)*27*(27-15.84)*((36.40-27)^0.5)) * ((4.39/10000)*27*(27-3.62)*((36.82-27)^0.5)))/24
```

```
paramNoCOE$bc2[paramNoCOE$bc2<0] <- 0
```

```
paramNoCOE$bc2[is.na(paramNoCOE$bc2)] <- 0
```

*#take mean of each hour and sum up*

```
library(dplyr)
```

```
paramRateNoCOE <- paramNoCOE %>%
```

```
  group_by(Block, Class, Site_ID, Hour) %>%
```

```
  dplyr::select(-Temp, -Day, -Tray_ID) %>%
```

```
  summarise_all(funs(mean(.,na.rm=T))) %>%
```

```
  ungroup() %>%
```

```
  group_by(Block, Class, Site_ID) %>%
```

```
  summarise_all(funs(sum)) %>%
```

```
  ungroup()
```

```
paramRateNoCOE <- dplyr::rename(paramRateNoCOE, Site_Code=Site_ID)
```

```
paramRateNoCOE <- dplyr::rename(paramRateNoCOE, block=Block)
```

```
paramRateNoCOE$Class <- tolower(paramRateNoCOE$Class)
```

Merge w/ and w/o carry-over effects together

```
paramAll <- full_join(paramRate, paramRateNoCOE, by=c("block", "Class", "Site_Code"))
```

*#calculate EFD*

```
paramAll$EFD2 <- paramAll$fecundity2*paramAll$a
```

Calculate VC from traits (VCnoCOE is w/o carry-over)

```
paramAll <- mutate(paramAll,
```

```
  VC=((a^2)*bc*(exp(-mu/PDR))*EFD*pEA*(MDR^2))/((mu^2)))
```

```
paramAll <- mutate(paramAll,
```

```
  VCnoCOE=((a^2)*bc2*(exp(-mu/PDR))*EFD2*pEA*(MDR^2))/((mu^2)))
```

## Plotting

Add Temperature Back in For Comparison Plots

```
siteTemps <- dplyr::select(seasonInfSite, block, site, class, Temp_mean_mean)
levels(paramAll$Class) <- c("Rural", "Suburban", "Urban")
VCplot <- merge(paramAll, siteTemps, by.x=c("block", "Site_Code"), by.y=c("block", "site"))
VCplot <- VCplot %>%
  dplyr::select(block, Class, Site_Code, VC, VCnoCOE, Temp_mean_mean) %>%
  mutate(VCdiff=(VC-VCnoCOE)/VCnoCOE*100)
VCplot$block <- factor(VCplot$block, levels=c("summer", "fall"))
```

Comparison Line Plot

```
#pdf(file="figures/formS/VCxTemp.pdf", width = 4, height=4, family="sans")

VCxTempPlot <- ggplot(data=VCplot, aes(x=Temp_mean_mean))+
  geom_smooth(aes(y=VC, color="WithCOE"), method="lm", show.legend=F)+
  geom_smooth(aes(y=VCnoCOE, color="WithoutCOE"), method="lm", show.legend=F)+
  geom_smooth(aes(y=VC, color="WithCOE"), method="lm", fill=NA)+
  geom_smooth(aes(y=VCnoCOE, color="WithoutCOE"), method="lm", fill=NA)+
  geom_point(aes(y=VC, color="WithCOE")) +
  geom_point(aes(y=VCnoCOE, color="WithoutCOE"))+
  coord_cartesian(ylim=c(0,40))+
  theme_fivethirtyeight()+
  theme(panel.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
        plot.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
        legend.key = element_blank(),
        legend.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
        legend.position="bottom",
        legend.direction="horizontal",
        axis.title = element_text(),
        legend.text=element_text(size=8),
        legend.title = element_text(size=10),
        axis.line=element_line(color="gray40", size=0.5),
        panel.grid = element_blank())+
  guides(colour=guide_legend(title.position="top", title.hjust=0.5))+
  xlab("Temperature (C)")+
  ylab("Vectorial Capacity")+
  scale_colour_manual(name="Calculation Type",
                      #values=c(WithCOE="#af8dc3", WithoutCOE="#7fbf7b"),
                      values=c(WithCOE="black", WithoutCOE="gray55"),
                      labels=c("With COEs", "Without COEs"))

VCxTempPlot
#dev.off()
```

```
#get mean and se summary
VCplotsumm <- VCplot %>%
  dplyr::select(-Site_Code) %>%
  gather(calc, value, VC, VCnoCOE, VCdiff) %>%
  group_by(block, Class, calc) %>%
  dplyr::summarise_all(funs(mean=mean(., na.rm=T), se=sd(./sqrt(n())))) %>%
  ungroup()
#add in facet labels
VCplotsumm$labels <- case_when(
```

```

VCplotsumm$calc=="VC" ~ "With COEs" ,
VCplotsumm$calc=="VCnoCOE" ~ "No COEs",
VCplotsumm$calc=="VCdiff" ~ "Difference due to COEs"
)
VCplotsumm$labels <- factor(VCplotsumm$labels, levels=c("No COEs", "With COEs", "Difference due to COEs"))
#order factor
VCplotsumm$calc <- factor(VCplotsumm$calc, levels=c("VCnoCOE", "VC", "VCdiff"))

```

Panel Plots with Bar Graphs

```

noCOEplot <- ggplot(data=VCplotsumm[VCplotsumm$labels=="No COEs",], aes(x=factor(Class), group=block)) +
  geom_bar(stat='identity',
    aes(y=value_mean, fill=Class, alpha=block, color=Class),
    position=position_dodge(0.9),
    width=0.7) +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin=value_mean-value_se, ymax=value_mean+value_se),
    position=position_dodge(0.9),
    width=0.4,
    color=errorColor)+
  ylim(0,50)+
  #facet_wrap(~labels, nrow=3) +
  #theme_fivethirtyeight() +
  ylab("Vectorial Capacity")+
  xlab("Land Class")+
  #theme_fivethirtyeight() +
  scale_x_discrete(labels=c("Rural", "Suburban", "Urban"))+
  scale_fill_manual(values=c(colR, colS, colU),
    labels=c("Rural", "Suburban", "Urban")) +
  scale_color_manual(values=c(colR, colS, colU))+
  scale_alpha_discrete(range=c(1,0),
    name="Season",
    guide=guide_legend(),
    labels=c("Summer", "Fall"))+
  #geom_hline(aes(yintercept=0))+
  guides(fill=F, alpha=F, color=F)+
  theme(panel.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
    plot.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
    legend.key = element_blank(),
    legend.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
    legend.position="right",
    axis.title.y=element_text(size=12),
    axis.title.x = element_blank(),
    axis.text.x = element_text(size=10),
    legend.text=element_text(size=6),
    legend.title = element_text(size=8),
    legend.key.size = unit(0.1, "in"),
    legend.direction = "vertical",
    legend.box = "vertical",
    panel.grid.major.x = element_blank(),
    panel.grid.major.y=element_blank(),
    strip.background = element_blank(),
    axis.ticks=element_blank(),
    axis.line=element_line(color=axisColor)) +
  theme(strip.text.x = element_text()) #this has to be separate for some reason?

```

noCOEplot

```
withCOEplot <- ggplot(data=VCplotsumm[VCplotsumm$labels=="With COEs",], aes(x=factor(Class), group=block),
  geom_bar(stat='identity',
    aes(y=value_mean, fill=Class, alpha=block, color=Class),
    position=position_dodge(0.9),
    width=0.7) +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin=value_mean-value_se, ymax=value_mean+value_se),
    position=position_dodge(0.9),
    width=0.4,
    color=errorColor)+
  ylim(0,50)+
  #facet_wrap(~labels, nrow=3) +
  ylab("Vectorial Capacity")+
  xlab("Land Class")+
  #theme_fivethirtyeight() +
  scale_x_discrete(labels=c("Rural", "Suburban", "Urban"))+
  scale_fill_manual(values=c(colR, colS, colU),
    labels=c("Rural", "Suburban", "Urban")) +
  scale_color_manual(values=c(colR, colS, colU))+
  scale_alpha_discrete(range=c(1,0),
    name="Season",
    guide=guide_legend(),
    labels=c("Summer", "Fall"))+
  #geom_hline(aes(yintercept=0))+
  guides(color=F, fill=F, alpha=F)+
  theme(panel.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
    plot.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
    legend.key = element_blank(),
    legend.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
    legend.position="right",
    axis.title.y=element_text(size=12),
    axis.title.x = element_blank(),
    axis.text.x = element_text(size=10),
    legend.text=element_text(size=6),
    legend.title = element_text(size=8),
    legend.key.size = unit(0.1, "in"),
    legend.direction = "vertical",
    legend.box = "vertical",
    panel.grid.major.x = element_blank(),
    panel.grid.major=element_blank(),
    strip.background = element_blank(),
    axis.line = element_line(color=axisColor),
    axis.ticks=element_blank()) +
  theme(strip.text.x = element_text()) #this has to be seperate for some reason?
```

withCOEplot

```
diffPlot <- ggplot(data=VCplotsumm[VCplotsumm$labels=="Difference due to COEs",], aes(x=factor(Class),
  geom_bar(stat='identity',
    aes(y=value_mean, fill=Class, alpha=block, color=Class),
    position=position_dodge(0.9),
    width=0.7) +
```

```

geom_errorbar(aes(ymin=value_mean-value_se, ymax=value_mean+value_se),
              position=position_dodge(0.9),
              width=0.4,
              color=errorColor)+
#theme_fivethirtyeight() +
ylab("Change in VC") +
xlab("Land Class") +
scale_x_discrete(labels=c("Rural", "Suburban", "Urban"))+
scale_fill_manual(values=c(colR, colS, colU),
                  labels=c("Rural", "Suburban", "Urban")) +
scale_color_manual(values=c(colR, colS, colU))+
scale_alpha_discrete(range=c(1,0),
                     name="Season",
                     guide=guide_legend(),
                     labels=c("Summer", "Fall"))+
geom_hline(aes(yintercept=0))+
guides(color=F, alpha=guide_legend(override.aes=list(color=axisColor)))+
theme(panel.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
      plot.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
      legend.key = element_blank(),
      legend.background = element_rect(fill = "transparent", colour = NA),
      legend.position="bottom",
      axis.title.y = element_text(size=12),
      axis.title.x = element_text(size=12),
      axis.text.x = element_text(size=10),
      legend.text=element_text(size=8),
      legend.title = element_text(size=12),
      legend.key.size = unit(0.1, "in"),
      legend.direction = "horizontal",
      legend.box = "vertical",
      panel.grid.major.x = element_blank(),
      panel.grid.major.y=element_blank(),
      strip.background = element_blank(),
      axis.ticks=element_blank(),
      axis.line = element_line(color=axisColor)) +
theme(strip.text.x = element_text()) #this has to be seperate for some reason?
diffPlot

```

Use cowplot to combine the three bar graphs and VC over temp chart.

```

#pdf(file="figures/forMS/VCPlot.pdf", width = 10, height=7, family="sans")

ggdraw()+
draw_plot(VCxTempPlot, x=0, y=0, width=0.7, height=1)+
draw_plot(noCOEplot, x=0.7, y=0.72, width=0.3, height=0.28)+
draw_plot(withCOEplot, x=0.7, y=0.44, width=0.3, height=0.28)+
draw_plot(diffPlot, x=0.685, y=0, width=0.3, height=0.44)+
draw_plot_label(label=c("A", "B", "C", "D"),
                x=c(0,0.67,0.67,0.67),
                y=c(1,1,0.72,0.44))

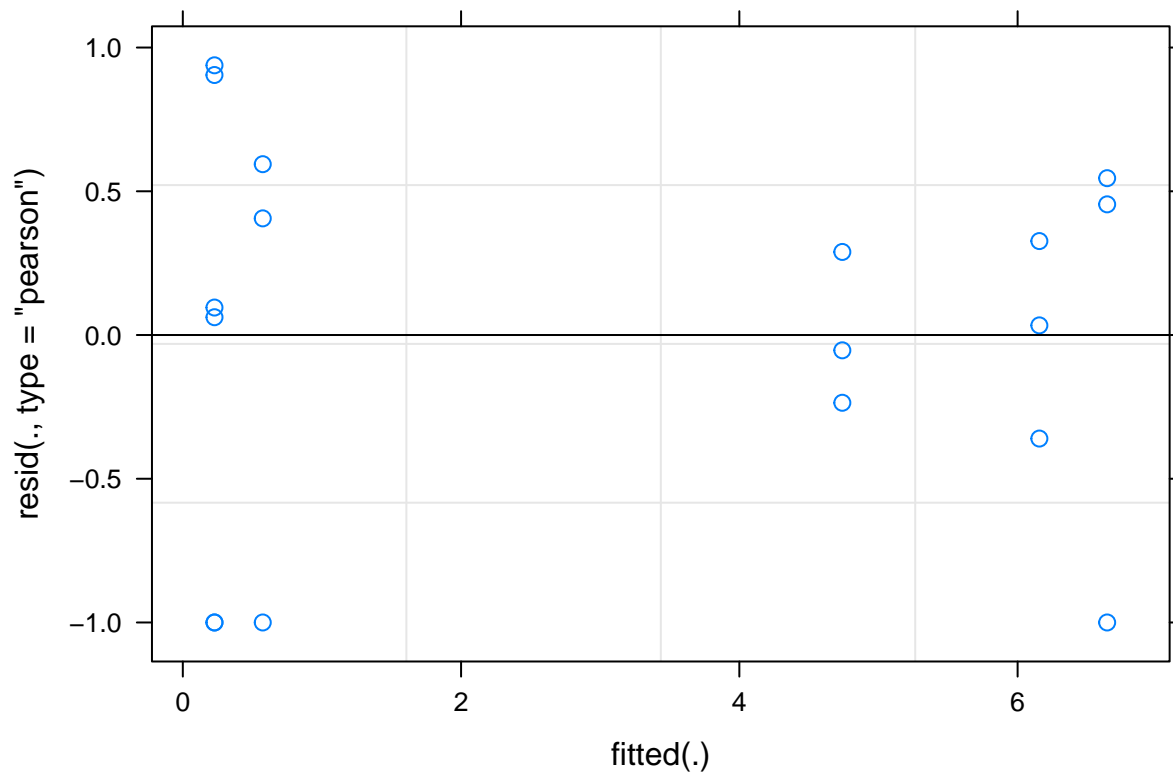
#dev.off()

```

## Statistics

```
VCplot$VCforStats <- VCplot$VC+0.000000001
VCplot$VCforStatsnoCOE <- VCplot$VCnoCOE+0.000000001
VCclass <- glmer(VCforStats~Class*block+ (1|Site_Code),
                 data=VCplot,
                 family=Gamma())

plot(VCclass)
```



```
summary(VCclass)
```

```
## Generalized linear mixed model fit by maximum likelihood (Laplace
## Approximation) [glmerMod]
## Family: Gamma ( inverse )
## Formula: VCforStats ~ Class * block + (1 | Site_Code)
## Data: VCplot
##
##      AIC      BIC    logLik deviance df.resid
##    -21.3    -14.2     18.6    -37.3      10
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.5908 -0.5236  0.1252  0.7036  1.4925
##
## Random effects:
##  Groups   Name                Variance Std.Dev.
## Site_Code (Intercept) 0.0000    0.0000
## Residual              0.3951    0.6286
```

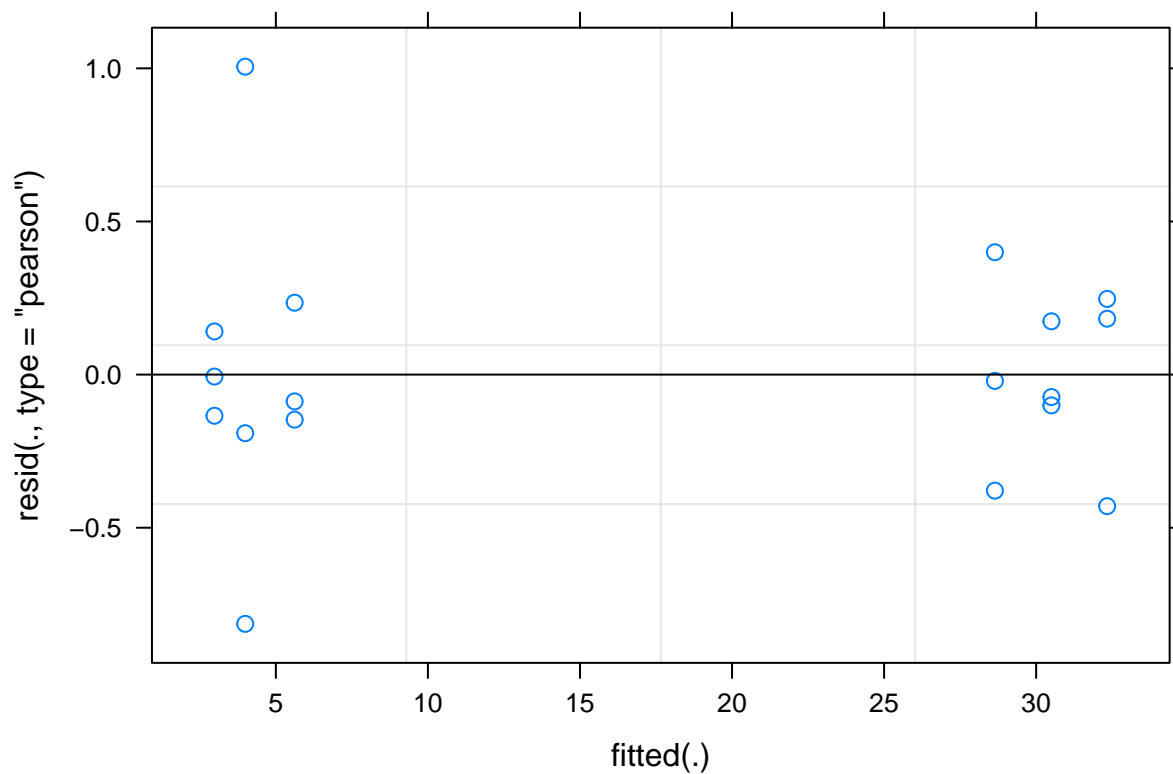
```
## Number of obs: 18, groups: Site_Code, 9
##
## Fixed effects:
##
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)      0.21097    0.28460   0.741   0.459
## Classsuburban    -0.04853    0.35919  -0.135   0.893
## Classurban       -0.06044    0.34962  -0.173   0.863
## blockfall        4.18018    5.93087   0.705   0.481
## Classsuburban:blockfall 0.05330    8.39037   0.006   0.995
## Classurban:blockfall -2.59022    6.38198  -0.406   0.685
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##              (Intr) Clsssb Clssrb blkfl Clsss:
## Classsubrbn -0.792
## Classurban  -0.814  0.645
## blockfall   -0.048  0.038  0.039
## Clsssubrbn:b 0.034 -0.043 -0.028 -0.707
## Clssrbn:blc  0.045 -0.035 -0.055 -0.929  0.657

car::Anova(VCclass)

## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II Wald chisquare tests)
##
## Response: VCforStats
##              Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## Class         0.0400  2    0.9802
## block         1.1650  1    0.2804
## Class:block   0.2958  2    0.8625

VCclassnoCOE <- glmer(VCforStatsnoCOE~Class*block+ (1|Site_Code),
  data=VCplot,
  family=Gamma())

plot(VCclassnoCOE)
```



```
summary(VCclassnoCOE)
```

```
## Generalized linear mixed model fit by maximum likelihood (Laplace
## Approximation) [glmerMod]
## Family: Gamma ( inverse )
## Formula: VCforStatsnoCOE ~ Class * block + (1 | Site_Code)
## Data: VCplot
##
##      AIC      BIC   logLik deviance df.resid
##    122.2    129.3    -53.1    106.2      10
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.2014 -0.3893 -0.1272  0.4879  2.7192
##
## Random effects:
##  Groups      Name                Variance Std.Dev.
## Site_Code (Intercept) 0.0000     0.0000
## Residual              0.1367     0.3697
## Number of obs: 18, groups: Site_Code, 9
##
## Fixed effects:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)    0.032784  0.007897   4.152  3.3e-05 ***
## Classsuburban    0.002126  0.011536   0.184  0.853751
## Classurban      -0.001858  0.010856  -0.171  0.864088
## blockfall        0.302685  0.081193   3.728  0.000193 ***
## Classsuburban:blockfall -0.087132  0.101503  -0.858  0.390666
## Classurban:blockfall -0.155630  0.092118  -1.689  0.091132 .
```



```

## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##           (Intr) Clsssrb Clssrb blkfl Clsss:
## Classsubrbn -0.685
## Classurban  -0.727  0.498
## blockfall   -0.097  0.067  0.071
## Clsssbrbn:b  0.078 -0.114 -0.057 -0.800
## Clssrbn:blc  0.086 -0.059 -0.118 -0.881  0.705

car::Anova(VCclassnoCOE)

## Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II Wald chisquare tests)
##
## Response: VCforStatsnoCOE
##           Chisq Df Pr(>Chisq)
## Class       0.2985  2    0.8614
## block      34.7659  1  3.718e-09 ***
## Class:block  3.0744  2    0.2150
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
#make long for comparison of with and without carry-over
VClong <- VCplot %>%
  gather(COE, value, VC, VCnoCOE)

VTemp <- lm(value~Temp_mean_mean*COE, data=VClong)
#plot(VTemp)
summary(VTemp)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = value ~ Temp_mean_mean * COE, data = VClong)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -14.3372  -1.3931   0.4208   1.1874  10.8765
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)    -15.2797     8.1697  -1.870  0.0706 .
## Temp_mean_mean     0.8017     0.3527   2.273  0.0299 *
## COEVCnoCOE     -57.0284    11.5537  -4.936 2.39e-05 ***
## Temp_mean_mean:COEVCnoCOE  3.1099     0.4988   6.234 5.52e-07 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 4.984 on 32 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.8631, Adjusted R-squared:  0.8502
## F-statistic: 67.24 on 3 and 32 DF,  p-value: 6.578e-14

## Vectorial Capacity (w carry over) across Temp
VTempCOE <- lm(VCforStats~Temp_mean_mean, data=VCplot)
#plot(VTempCOE)
summary(VTempCOE)

```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = VCforStats ~ Temp_mean_mean, data = VCplot)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -6.2585 -1.3362  0.2381  0.8065  4.4154
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)   -15.2797     3.9592  -3.859 0.001388 **
## Temp_mean_mean  0.8017     0.1709   4.690 0.000246 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 2.415 on 16 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.5789, Adjusted R-squared:  0.5526
## F-statistic: 21.99 on 1 and 16 DF,  p-value: 0.000246
```