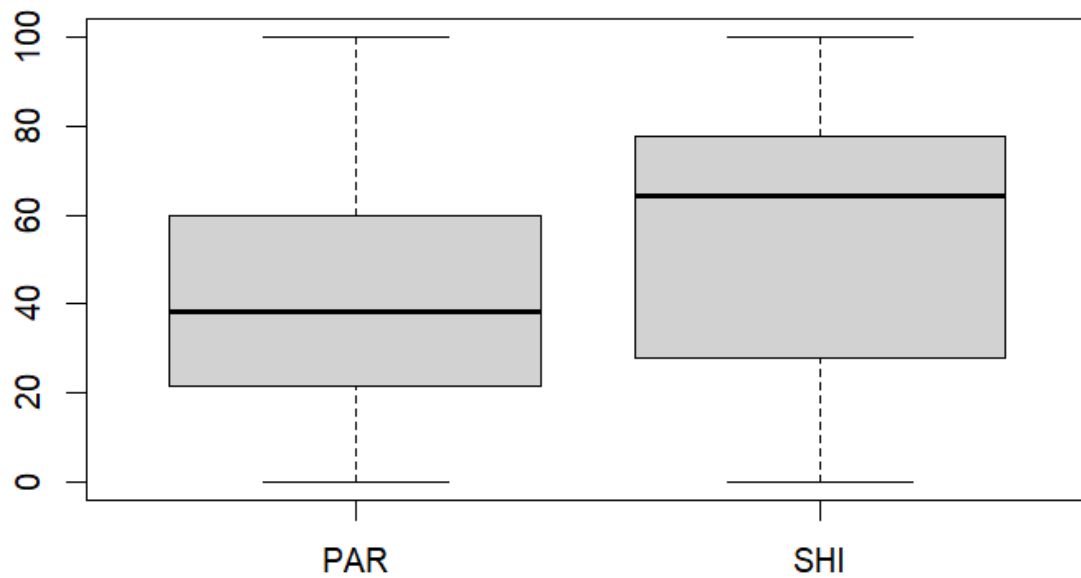


Variable Summaries:

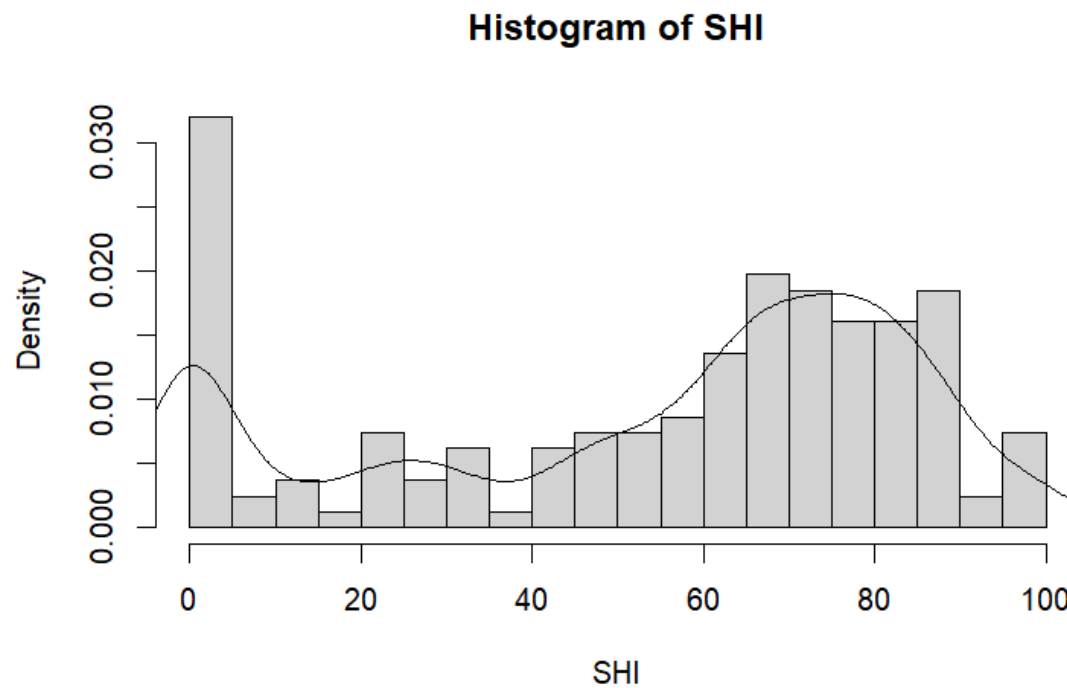
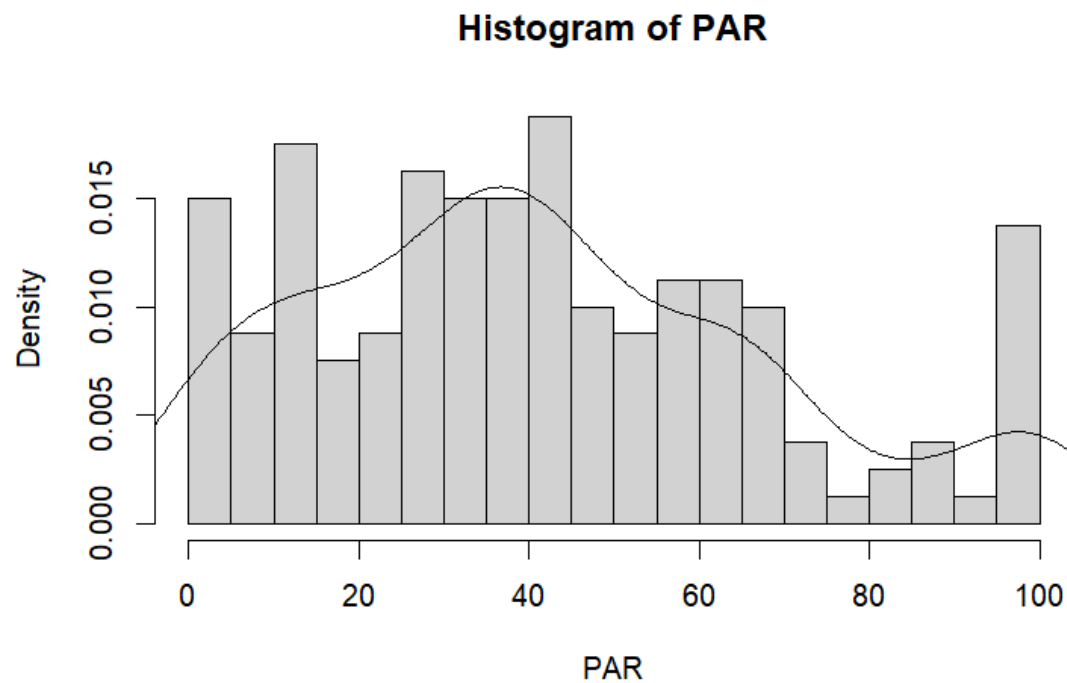
```
> summary(PAR)
  Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
  0.00  22.00   38.25   41.41   59.58   100.00

> summary(SHI)
  Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
  0.00  28.38   64.45   53.83   77.80   100.00
```

Variable Box Plots:

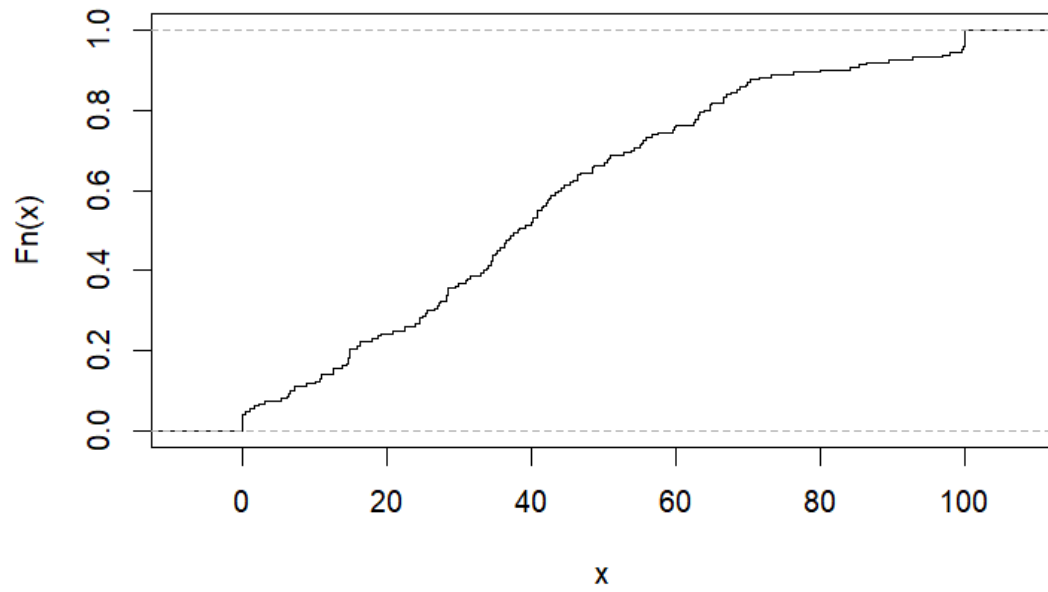


Histogram with overlaid theoretical probability distributions

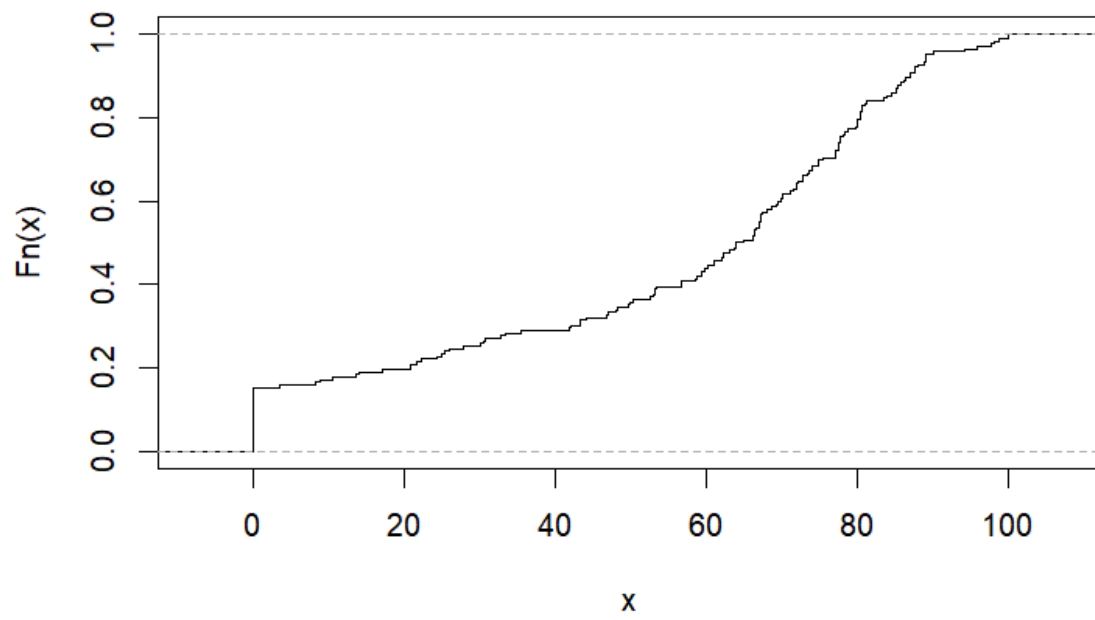


ECDF plots

ecdf(PAR)

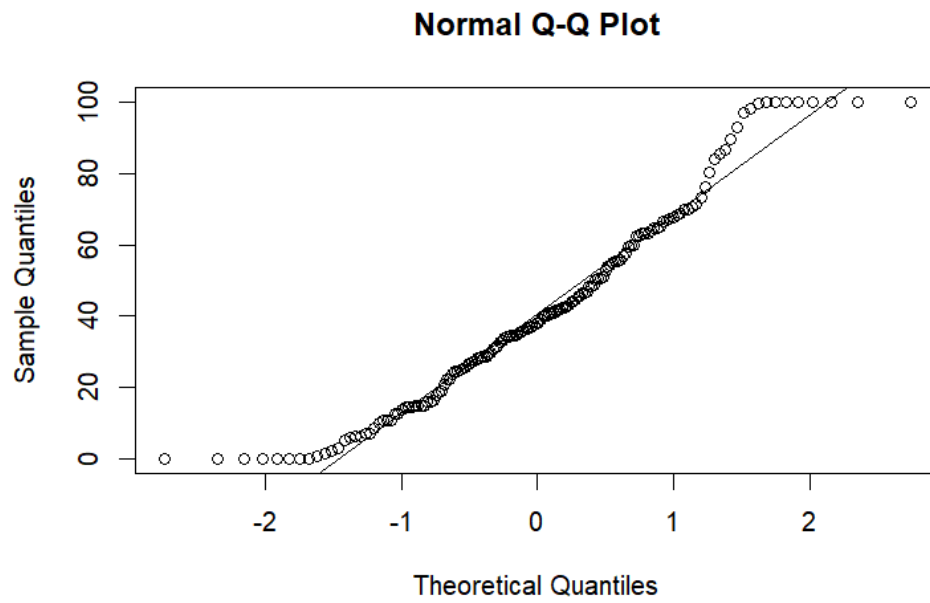


ecdf(SHI)

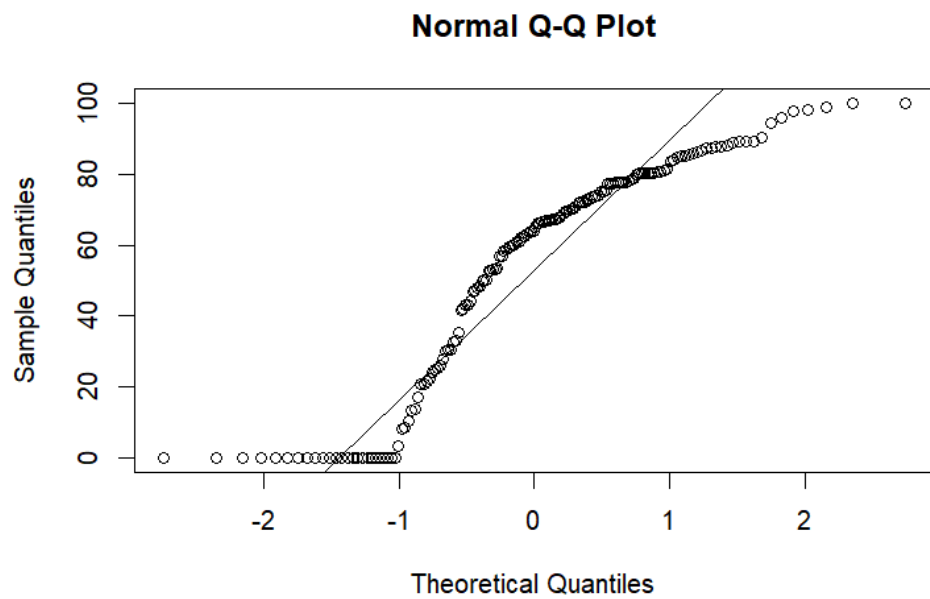


QQ plots against normal distribution

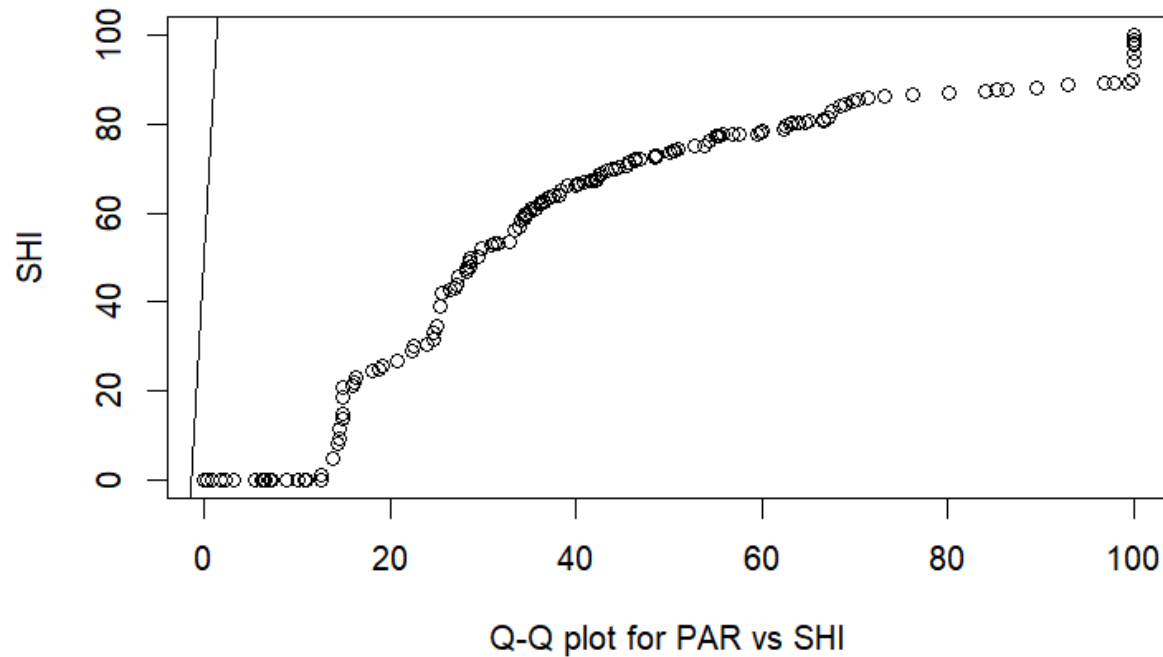
PAR:



SHI:



QQ Plot against Each other



Normality Tests

```
> shapiro.test(PAR)
```

Shapiro-Wilk normality test

data: PAR

W = 0.95572, p-value = 5.779e-05

```
> shapiro.test(SHI)
```

Shapiro-Wilk normality test

data: SHI

W = 0.88508, p-value = 7.118e-10

Statistical Tests for same distribution

```
> # Statistical test for variables having same distribution
> ks.test(PAR, SHI)
```

Asymptotic two-sample Kolmogorov-Smirnov test

data: PAR and SHI
D = 0.33634, p-value = 2.463e-08
alternative hypothesis: two-sided

Warning message:
In ks.test.default(PAR, SHI) :
p-value will be approximate in the presence of ties

```
> wilcox.test(PAR,SHI)
```

Wilcoxon rank sum test with continuity correction

data: PAR and SHI
W = 9560.5, p-value = 4.673e-05
alternative hypothesis: true location shift is not equal to 0

Variance Tests

```
> # Variance tests
> var.test(PAR,SHI)
```

F test to compare two variances

data: PAR and SHI
F = 0.75198, num df = 159, denom df = 161, p-value = 0.07248
alternative hypothesis: true ratio of variances is not equal to 1
95 percent confidence interval:
0.5510611 1.0264554
sample estimates:
ratio of variances
0.7519751

```
> t.test(PAR,SHI)
```

Welch Two Sample t-test

data: PAR and SHI
t = -3.8316, df = 314.74, p-value = 0.0001537
alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
95 percent confidence interval:
-18.804664 -6.044503
sample estimates:
mean of x mean of y
41.40875 53.83333