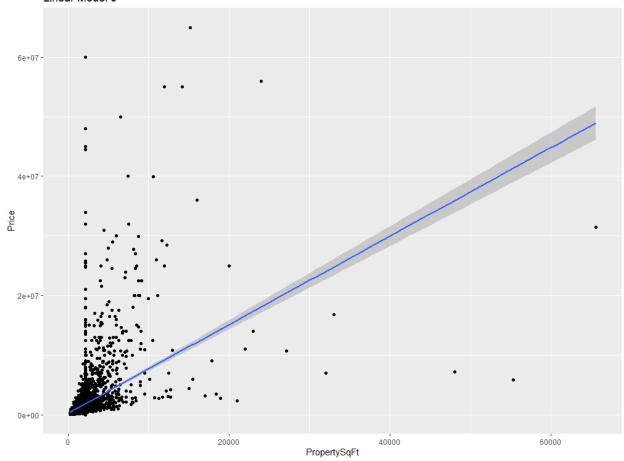
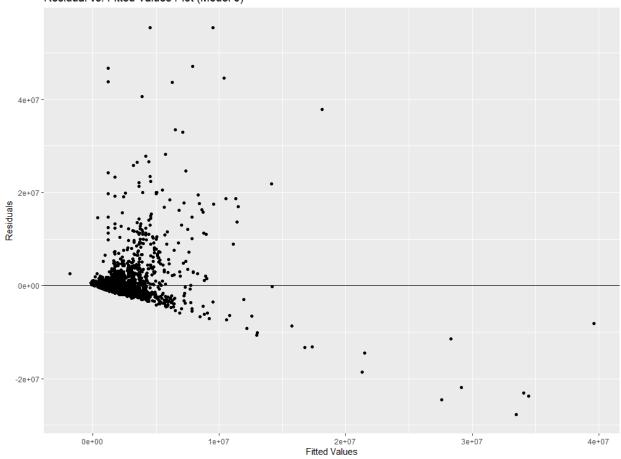
Linear Model 0:

```
> house_lin_model0 <- lm(Price~., NY_House_DF)</pre>
> summary(house_lin_model0)
call:
lm(formula = Price ~ ., data = NY_House_DF)
Residuals:
      Min
                 1Q
                      Median
-17896336 -1279874
                     -428920
                                 621343 47629493
Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                                            <2e-16 ***
(Intercept) -3.502e+07 6.215e+05 -56.345
PropertySqFt 3.179e+02 1.990e+01 15.977
Beds -2.120e+05 2.433e+04 -8.713
                                             <2e-16 ***
                                             <2e-16 ***
                                            0.0946 .
Bath
             5.884e+04 3.519e+04 1.672
LogPrice
             6.161e+06 1.092e+05 56.405
                                            <2e-16 ***
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' '1
Residual standard error: 2769000 on 4794 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.5366, Adjusted R-squared: 0.5362
F-statistic: 1388 on 4 and 4794 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

Linear Model 0



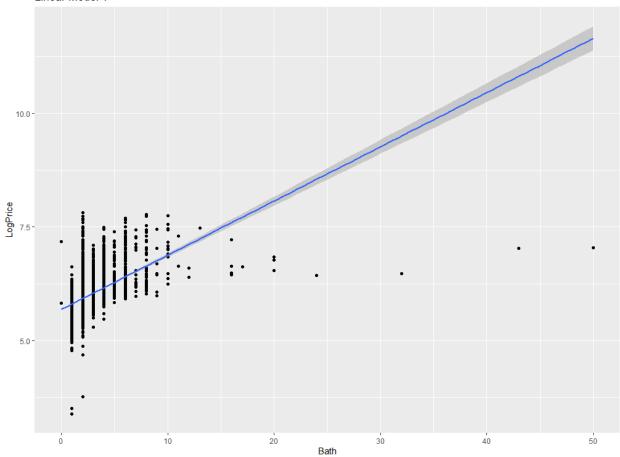




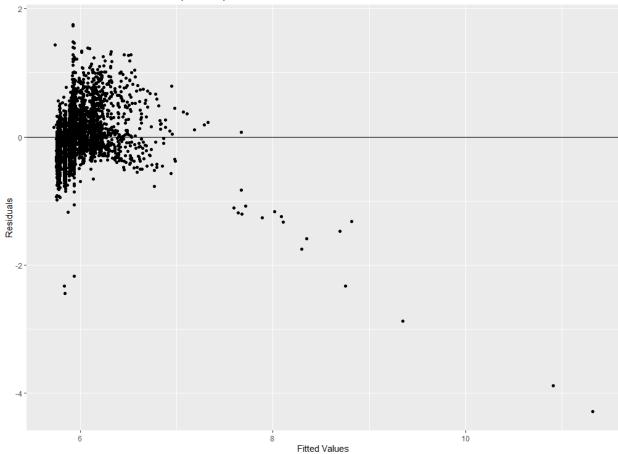
Linear Model 2:

```
> # Create model with log price
> NY_House_DF$LogPrice <- log10(NY_House_DF$Price)
> # Repeat Linear Model Now
> house_lin_model1 <- lm(LogPrice~Bath + Beds + PropertySqFt, NY_House_DF)</pre>
> summary(house_lin_model1)
lm(formula = LogPrice ~ Bath + Beds + PropertySqFt, data = NY_House_DF)
Residuals:
   Min
            1Q Median
                           3Q
                                  Max
-4.2819 -0.2033 -0.0327 0.1691 1.7573
Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept)
            5.656e+00 8.988e-03 629.267 <2e-16 ***
             9.927e-02 4.426e-03 22.428
                                           <2e-16 ***
Beds
            -5.952e-03 3.216e-03 -1.851 0.0643 .
PropertySqFt 4.546e-05 2.547e-06 17.846 <2e-16 ***
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' '1
Residual standard error: 0.3661 on 4795 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.3187, Adjusted R-squared: 0.3183
F-statistic: 747.7 on 3 and 4795 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

Linear Model 1



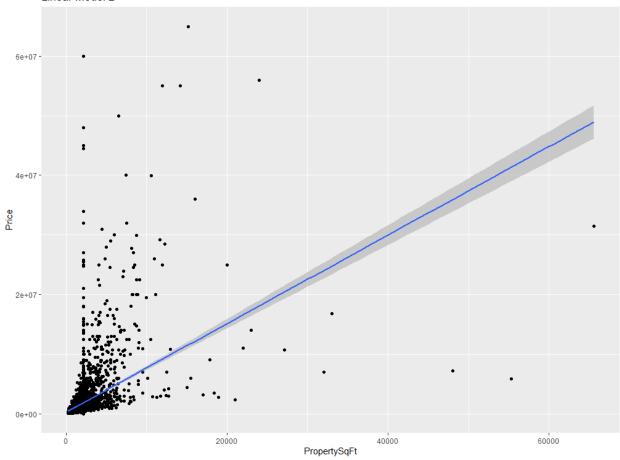




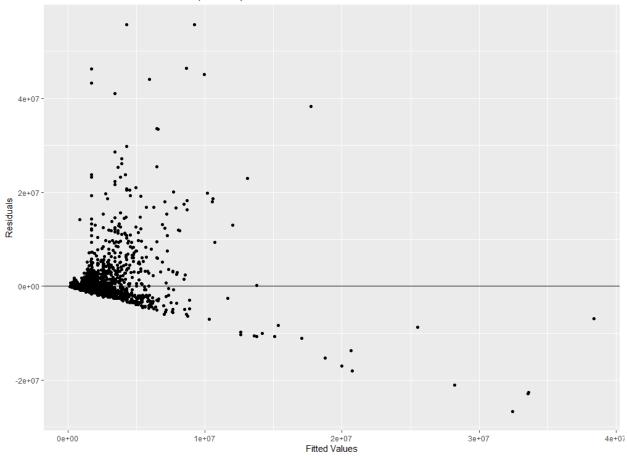
Linear Model 2:

```
> # Remove beds because they have been insignificant
> house_lin_model2 <- lm(Price~Bath + PropertySqFt, NY_House_DF)
> summary(house_lin_model2)
call:
lm(formula = Price ~ Bath + PropertySqFt, data = NY_House_DF)
Residuals:
                     Median
     Min
                1Q
                                    3Q
                                            Max
-26618097
           -998904
                     -543599
                                -29804 55747307
Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
            -387730.27 83917.00 -4.62 3.93e-06 ***
(Intercept)
                         30242.00
                                  14.04 < 2e-16 ***
Bath
             424643.85
                            24.88
                                  23.24 < 2e-16 ***
PropertySqFt
                578.36
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' '1
Residual standard error: 3594000 on 4796 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.2189, Adjusted R-squared: 0.2186
F-statistic: 672.1 on 2 and 4796 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

Linear Model 2







Analysis:

I think the best model is the model with all 3 features unedited. Though the log predictor looks to fit the data better visually, it has worse statistical values like p-value and r squared. Additionally, we can see that removing features like bed makes the model worse despite the feature itself being seemingly insignificant.