# Package 'membershipfunction'

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Type Package

Title Membership Fuzzy Functions classes
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<b>Description</b> Diferente Membership Fuzzy Functions classes are modeled.  MembershipFunction is the ancestral virtual S4 class with the heirs BellMF, GaussianMF and NormalizedGaussianMF.
License GPL (>=2)
<b>Depends</b> methods
Collate 'MembershipFunction.R' 'MembershipFunction-getset.R''MembershipFunction-print.R' 'MembershipFunction-show.R''BellMF.R' 'GaussianMF.R' 'NormalizedGaussianMF.R''MembershipFunction-derivateMF.R''MembershipFunction-evaluateMF.R'  R topics documented:
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2 BellMF-class

BellMF-class

Bell Membership Function S4 class

## **Description**

Represent a concrete Bell shaped Membership Function S4 class with parameters a, b, c. Slots inherited of MembershipFunction class and related functions (show, print, derivateMF, evaluateMF, [ and [<-).

## **Details**

parameters named numeric vector with parameters of Membership Function

nParameters integer with the number of parameters for validity check

name character with the description of the membership funtion

expression expression object just to display purpouses

#### Note

derivateMF, evaluateMF are extended. Prototype is defined and validityis inherited.

## See Also

GaussianMF-class and NormalizedGaussianMF-class

```
#BellMF example I
bell <- new(Class="BellMF")#A bell membership function with default prototype (a=1, b=1,c=0)
bell
evaluateMF(object=bell, x=0)#The membership of x in the bell, should be 1
derivateMF(object=bell, x=0, i=1)#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 0
derivateMF(object=bell, x=0, i="a")#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be also 0
#BellMF example II
bell2 <- new(Class="BellMF",parameters=c(a=4,b=1,c=-10))#A bell membership function with parameters (a=4,b=1,c=-1
bell2
evaluateMF(object=bell2, x=0)#The membership of x in the bell, should be 0.137931
derivateMF(object=bell2, x=0, i=1)#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 0.05945303
derivateMF(object=bell2, x=0, i="a")#The derivate on "a" at x=0, should be 0.05945303</pre>
```

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derivateMF derivate membership function

**Description** 

Derivate de membership of x with respect to i of MembershipFunction object hiers.

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'MembershipFunction'
derivateMF(object, x, i)

## S4 method for signature 'BellMF'
derivateMF(object, x, i)

## S4 method for signature 'GaussianMF'
derivateMF(object, x, i)

## S4 method for signature 'NormalizedGaussianMF'
derivateMF(object, x, i)
```

#### **Arguments**

object	MembershipFunction class heirs
x	numeric of the MembershipFunction to be evaluated
i	index of the ith parameter to partially derivate

#### Value

numeric with the value obtained from the ith derivative at x

## See Also

MembershipFunction-class and evaluateMF

```
#BellMF example I
bell <- new(Class="BellMF")#A bell membership function with default prototype (a=1, b=1,c=0)
bell
evaluateMF(object=bell, x=0)#The membership of x in the bell, should be 1
derivateMF(object=bell, x=0, i=1)#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 0
derivateMF(object=bell, x=0, i="a")#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be also 0
#BellMF example II
bell2 <- new(Class="BellMF",parameters=c(a=4,b=1,c=-10))#A bell membership function with parameters (a=4,b=1,c=-10)
bell2
evaluateMF(object=bell2, x=0)#The membership of x in the bell, should be 0.137931
derivateMF(object=bell2, x=0, i=1)#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 0.05945303</pre>
```

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```
derivateMF(object=bell2, x=0, i="a")#The derivate on "a" at x=0, should be 0.05945303
#GaussianMF example I
gaussian <- new(Class="GaussianMF")#A gaussian membership function with default prototype (mu=0, sigma=1)
gaussian
evaluateMF(object=gaussian, x=0)#The membership of x in the gaussian, should be 1/sqrt(2*pi) = 0.3989423
derivateMF(object=gaussian, x=0, i=1)#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 0
derivateMF(object=gaussian, x=0, i="mu")#The derivate on "mu" parameter at x, should be 0
#GaussianMF example II
gaussian2 <- new(Class="GaussianMF",parameters=c(mu=0,sigma=1))#A gaussian membership function with paramateres (
gaussian2
evaluateMF(object=gaussian2, x=0)#The membership of x in the gaussian, should be 1/sqrt(2*pi) = 0.3989423
derivateMF(object=gaussian2, x=0, i=1)#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 0
derivateMF(object=gaussian2, x=0, i="mu")#The derivate on "mu" parameter at x, should be 0
#NormalizedGaussianMF example I
normalizedGaussian <- new(Class="NormalizedGaussianMF")#A normalized gaussian membership function with default pa
normalizedGaussian
evaluateMF(object=normalizedGaussian, x=0)#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 1
derivateMF(object=normalizedGaussian, x=0, i=1)#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 0
derivateMF(object=normalizedGaussian, x=0, i="mu")#The derivate on "mu" parameter at x, should be 0
#NormalizedGaussianMF example II
normalizedGaussian2 <- new(Class="NormalizedGaussianMF",parameters=c(mu=0,sigma=1))#A normalized gaussian member
normalizedGaussian2
evaluateMF(object=normalizedGaussian2, x=0)#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 1
derivateMF(object=normalizedGaussian2, x=0, i=1)#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 0
derivateMF(object=normalizedGaussian2, x=0, i="mu")#The derivate on "mu" parameter at x, should be 0
```

evaluateMF

evaluateMF evaluate membership

#### **Description**

Evaluate de membership of x to the object MembershipFunction hiers.

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'MembershipFunction'
evaluateMF(object, x)

## S4 method for signature 'BellMF'
evaluateMF(object, x)

## S4 method for signature 'GaussianMF'
evaluateMF(object, x)

## S4 method for signature 'NormalizedGaussianMF'
evaluateMF(object, x)
```

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## **Arguments**

object MembershipFunction class heirs
x numeric of the MembershipFunction to be evaluated

#### Value

0 <= numeric <=1 with the obtained membership value

#### See Also

MembershipFunction-class and derivateMF

```
#BellMF example I
bell <- new(Class="BellMF")#A bell membership function with default prototype (a=1, b=1,c=0)
evaluateMF(object=bell, x=0)#The membership of x in the bell, should be 1
derivateMF(object=bell, x=0, i=1)#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 0
derivateMF(object=bell, x=0, i="a")#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be also 0
#BellMF example II
bell2 <- new(Class="BellMF",parameters=c(a=4,b=1,c=-10))#A bell membership function with parameters (a=4,b=1,c=-1
bell2
evaluateMF(object=bell2, x=0)#The membership of x in the bell, should be 0.137931
derivateMF(object=bell2, x=0, i=1)#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 0.05945303
derivateMF(object=bell2, x=0, i="a")#The derivate on "a" at x=0, should be 0.05945303
#GaussianMF example I
gaussian <- new(Class="GaussianMF")#A gaussian membership function with default prototype (mu=0, sigma=1)
gaussian
evaluateMF(object=gaussian, x=0)#The membership of x in the gaussian, should be 1/sqrt(2*pi) = 0.3989423
derivateMF(object=gaussian, x=0, i=1)#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 0
derivateMF(object=gaussian, x=0, i="mu")#The derivate on "mu" parameter at x, should be 0
#GaussianMF example II
gaussian2 <- new(Class="GaussianMF",parameters=c(mu=0,sigma=1))#A gaussian membership function with paramateres (
gaussian2
evaluateMF(object=gaussian2, x=0)#The membership of x in the gaussian, should be 1/sqrt(2*pi) = 0.3989423
derivateMF(object=gaussian2, x=0, i=1)#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 0
derivateMF(object=gaussian2, x=0, i="mu")#The derivate on "mu" parameter at x, should be 0
#NormalizedGaussianMF example I
normalizedGaussian <- new(Class="NormalizedGaussianMF")#A normalized gaussian membership function with default pa
normalizedGaussian
evaluateMF(object=normalizedGaussian, x=0)#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 1
derivateMF(object=normalizedGaussian, x=0, i=1)#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 0
derivateMF(object=normalizedGaussian, x=0, i="mu")#The derivate on "mu" parameter at x, should be 0
#NormalizedGaussianMF example II
normalizedGaussian2 <- new(Class="NormalizedGaussianMF",parameters=c(mu=0,sigma=1))#A normalized gaussian member
normalizedGaussian2
evaluateMF(object=normalizedGaussian2, x=0)#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 1
derivateMF(object=normalizedGaussian2, x=0, i=1)#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 0
derivateMF(object=normalizedGaussian2, x=0, i="mu")\#The derivate on "mu" parameter at x, should be 0
```

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extract-methods	Modiffy membership function parameters
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## Description

Get/set membership function parameters. Usage: object[i] or object[i] <- value

#### **Arguments**

object MembershipFunction class heirs

i numeric or character to access parameters vector [i]

value numeric parameter/s values

drop For matrices and arrays. If TRUE the result is coerced to the lowest possible

dimension (see the examples). This only works for extracting elements, not for

the replacement. See drop for further details.

## Value

numeric parameter/s in the case of object[i]

object MembershipFunction object in the case of object[i]<- value

#### See Also

MembershipFunction-class

GaussianMF-class GaussianMF Membership Function S4 class

## Description

Represent a concrete GaussianMF shaped Membership Function S4 class with parameters mu, sigma. Slots inherited of MembershipFunction class and related functions (show, print, derivateMF, evaluateMF, [ and [<-).

## **Details**

parameters named numeric vector with parameters of Membership Function
nParameters integer with the number of parameters for validity check
name character with the description of the membership funtion
expression expression object just to display purpouses

#### Note

derivateMF, evaluateMF are extended. Prototype is defined and validity is inherited.

#### See Also

BellMF-class and NormalizedGaussianMF-class

## **Examples**

```
#GaussianMF example I
gaussian <- new(Class="GaussianMF")#A gaussian membership function with default prototype (mu=0, sigma=1)
gaussian
evaluateMF(object=gaussian, x=0)#The membership of x in the gaussian, should be 1/sqrt(2*pi) = 0.3989423
derivateMF(object=gaussian, x=0, i=1)#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 0
derivateMF(object=gaussian, x=0, i="mu")#The derivate on "mu" parameter at x, should be 0
#GaussianMF example II
gaussian2 <- new(Class="GaussianMF",parameters=c(mu=0,sigma=1))#A gaussian membership function with paramateres (gaussian2
evaluateMF(object=gaussian2, x=0)#The membership of x in the gaussian, should be 1/sqrt(2*pi) = 0.3989423
derivateMF(object=gaussian2, x=0, i=1)#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 0
derivateMF(object=gaussian2, x=0, i="mu")#The derivate on "mu" parameter at x, should be 0
```

MembershipFunction-class

MembershipFunction S4 class

## **Description**

Represent a generic virtual S4 MembershipFunction class, for fuzzy further redefinition. The actual subclases availables are GaussianMF, NormalizedGaussianMF, BellMF

#### **Details**

```
    parameters named numeric vector with parameters of Membership Function
    nParameters integer with the number of parameters for validity check
    name character with the description of the membership funtion
    expression expression object just to display purpouses
```

#### Note

```
validity: nParameters == length(parameters) and parameters != NA and names(parameters)!="". show/print: generic output of the object. "[", "[<-": getter and setter of the parameters values. evaluateMF: return membership value at x. derivateMF: return the derivate membership at x.
```

## See Also

BellMF-class, GaussianMF-class or NormalizedGaussianMF-class

NormalizedGaussianMF-class

NormalizedGaussianMF Membership Function S4 class

## **Description**

Represent a concrete NormalizedGaussianMF shaped [0,1] Membership Function S4 class with parameters mu, sigma. Slots inherited of MembershipFunction class and related functions (show, print, derivateMF, evaluateMF, [ and [<-).

#### **Details**

parameters named numeric vector with parameters of Membership Function

nParameters integer with the number of parameters for validity check

name character with the description of the membership funtion

expression expression object just to display purpouses

#### Note

derivateMF, evaluateMF are extended. Prototype is defined and validity is inherited.

#### See Also

BellMF-class and GaussianMF-class

```
#NormalizedGaussianMF example I normalizedGaussian <- new(Class="NormalizedGaussianMF")#A normalized gaussian membership function with default panormalizedGaussian evaluateMF(object=normalizedGaussian, x=0)#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 1 derivateMF(object=normalizedGaussian, x=0, i=1)#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 0 derivateMF(object=normalizedGaussian, x=0, i="mu")#The derivate on "mu" parameter at x, should be 0 #NormalizedGaussianMF example II normalizedGaussian2 <- new(Class="NormalizedGaussianMF",parameters=c(mu=0,sigma=1))#A normalized gaussian member normalizedGaussian2 evaluateMF(object=normalizedGaussian2, x=0)#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 1 derivateMF(object=normalizedGaussian2, x=0, i=1)#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 0 derivateMF(object=normalizedGaussian2, x=0, i="mu")#The derivate on "mu" parameter at x, should be 0
```

print, MembershipFunction-method

Print a MembershipFunction object

## **Description**

Generic Print Method for MembershipFunction class and descendants. Usage: print(x, ...)

## Arguments

x MembershipFunction class object

... not used but included for generic print comparitibility

## Value

console output of the object

## See Also

MembershipFunction-class

show, MembershipFunction-method

Show a MembershipFunction object

## Description

Generic display method for MembershipFunction class and its descendants. Usage: show(object)

## **Arguments**

object MembershipFunction class object

## Value

console output of the object

## See Also

MembershipFunction-class

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