Backstepping control of a differential drive robot

Kinematic

$$\dot{\chi}_c = \int \cos \theta$$

$$\dot{\theta} = \omega$$

$$X = \begin{pmatrix} x_c \\ y_c \\ \theta \end{pmatrix}, \quad u = \begin{pmatrix} v \\ w \end{pmatrix}$$

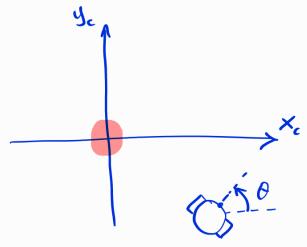
$$\dot{\chi}_c = \int \cos\theta$$

$$\dot{y}_c = \delta \sin \theta$$

$$\dot{\theta} = \omega$$

$$\dot{S} = \frac{1}{m}F$$

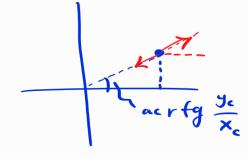
$$\mathcal{Z} = \begin{pmatrix} x_c \\ y_c \\ \theta \\ \mathcal{S} \end{pmatrix}, \quad \alpha = \begin{pmatrix} F \\ M \end{pmatrix}$$



IF candidate:

$$L := \frac{1}{2} \left(\times_c^2 + y_c^2 + \left(\theta - ant \frac{y_c}{x_c} \right)^2 \right)$$

Illustration



$$\mathcal{L} = \chi_{c} \dot{\chi}_{c} + y_{c} \dot{y}_{c} + \left(\theta - \operatorname{arctg} \frac{y_{c}}{\chi_{c}}\right) \left(\dot{\theta} - \frac{\dot{y}_{c} \chi_{c} - \dot{\chi}_{c} y}{\chi_{c}^{2} + y_{c}^{2}}\right)$$

$$= \int X_c \cos\theta + \int Y_c \sin\theta +$$

$$\left(\theta - are \frac{1}{3} \frac{y_e}{x_e}\right) \left(w - \frac{\int x_e \sin \theta - \int y_e \cos \theta}{x_e^2 + y_e^2}\right)$$

Hint: case distinction on
$$\theta = \sqrt{\frac{y_c}{x_c}}$$

1.
$$\theta \neq \operatorname{arcty} \frac{y_c}{x_c}$$

$$\omega \leftarrow -\operatorname{sign}(\theta - \operatorname{arcty} \frac{y_c}{x_c})$$

$$V \leftarrow 0$$

2.
$$\theta = \text{anty } \frac{y_c}{x_c}$$

$$L = \int X_c \cos\theta + \int y_c \sin\theta = \int (x_c \cos\theta + y_c \sin\theta)$$

$$\omega \leftarrow 0$$

$$\cos\left(\operatorname{arcty}\frac{y_c}{x_c}\right) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{y_c^2}{x_c^2}}}$$

$$Sin\left(arctg \frac{4e}{x_c}\right) = \frac{4e/x_c}{\sqrt{1+\frac{4e^2/x_c^2}{x_c^2}}}$$

So,
$$\dot{L} = \frac{\int}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{y_c^2}{\chi_c^2}}} \left(\chi_c + \frac{y_c^2}{\chi_c} \right) = \frac{\int}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{y_c^2}{\chi_c^2}}} \left(\frac{\chi_c^2 + y_c^2}{\chi_c} \right)$$

=) (another option) $\int \leftarrow -sign(\chi_c)$

He that control law (policy), for instance:

 $u \leftarrow \min_{x \neq x \neq c} \dot{L} = \min_{x \neq x \neq c} \langle \nabla \dot{L}, \dot{\chi} \rangle$
 $u \leftarrow \lim_{x \neq x \neq c} \dot{L} = \min_{x \neq x \neq c} \langle \nabla \dot{L}, \dot{\chi} \rangle$

Let's call this policy $\rho(x)$

Dynamic robot: $a \leftarrow -K(u - \rho(x))$