

# Software Requirements Specification

Version 3.0

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Mount Vernon Department of Watershed Software Upgrade Project

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# 1. Introduction

## 1.1 Preface

This document is meant for stakeholders and those involved in developing the software. While this is the third version of the document, it is the first to be shown to stakeholders.

## 1.2 Scope of the Project

The Mount Vernon Department of Watershed is moving to a different data management platform. They are only able to transfer 3 years worth of their data to the new system. The purpose of this project is to build an archive access system for administrators of the Department of Watershed which will store the remaining customer data. This system will be designed to allow engineers and staffers to search for accounts by account number or address, and view those records through a secure web portal. The system may also include functionality to automatically generate reports in a human-readable and accessible format. The records in the system are designed to be archival, and thus are read-only. Additionally, we will implement functionality to create and administer user accounts.

## 1.3 Glossary

Term	Definition
Active actors	Types of people interacting with the final software system
Active entry	The account displayed after a search is made and a record is requested
Cooperating System	The working system

Database	Collection of all information monitored by the system
Docker®	A containerization technology that allows specialized applications to be run inside of a dedicated environment, regardless of the host
Field	A cell within a form
Host	The server or computer that the software runs on
CMI® UtyX©	The existing records database system, to be retired
Entry	An account number along with the information associated with it
Software Requirements Specification	A document that completely describes all of the functions of a proposed system and the constraints under which it must operate. For example, this document
Stakeholder	Any person with an interest in the project who is not a developer
User	Any person using the system to view entries

#### **1.4 References**

IEEE. *IEEE Std 830-1998 IEEE Recommended Practice for Software Requirements Specifications*. IEEE Computer Society, 1998.

#### **1.5 Overview of the Document**

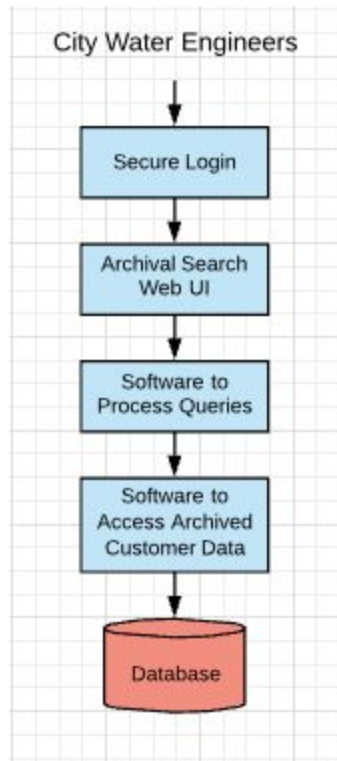
The Overall Description section of this document gives an overview of the functionality of the product. It describes the informal requirements and is used to establish a context for the technical requirements specification given later.

The Requirement Specification section is written primarily for the developers and describes, in technical terms, the details of the functionality of the product.

Both sections of the document describe the same software product in its entirety, but are intended for different audiences and thus use different language.

## 2. Overall Description

### 2.1 System Environment



The archive access system has two active actors (User and Administrator) and one cooperating system. Both the Users and the Administrator may access the system over the secure intranet portal. Any User interactions must be carried out through this web portal. The Administrator may access information through the web portal but must make changes through the secure command line. The operations that they may choose to execute shall be provided in a documentation manual, along with all syntactical resources for command-line interface executions.

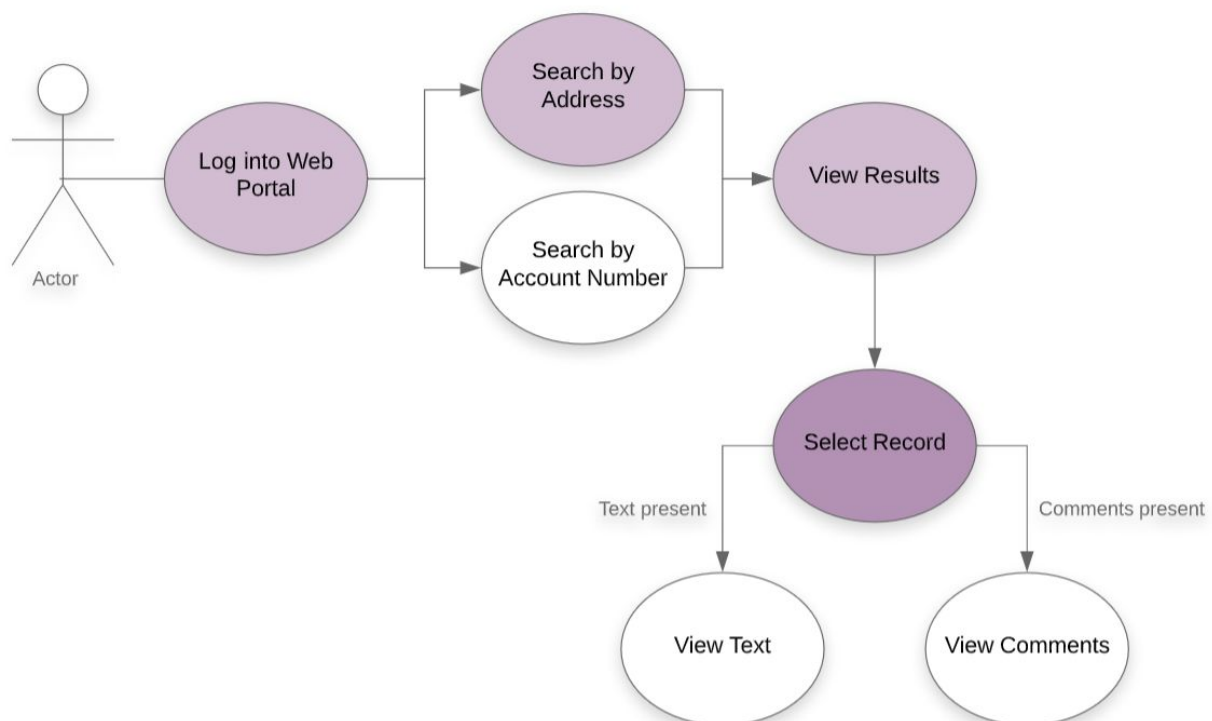
## 2.2 Functional Requirements Specification

This section outlines the use cases for each of the active Users separately. The system's main actor is the Administrator, while the standard User only has one use case.

The specifications for each case are provided on the next few pages:

### 2.2.1 User Use Case

Use case: Search record



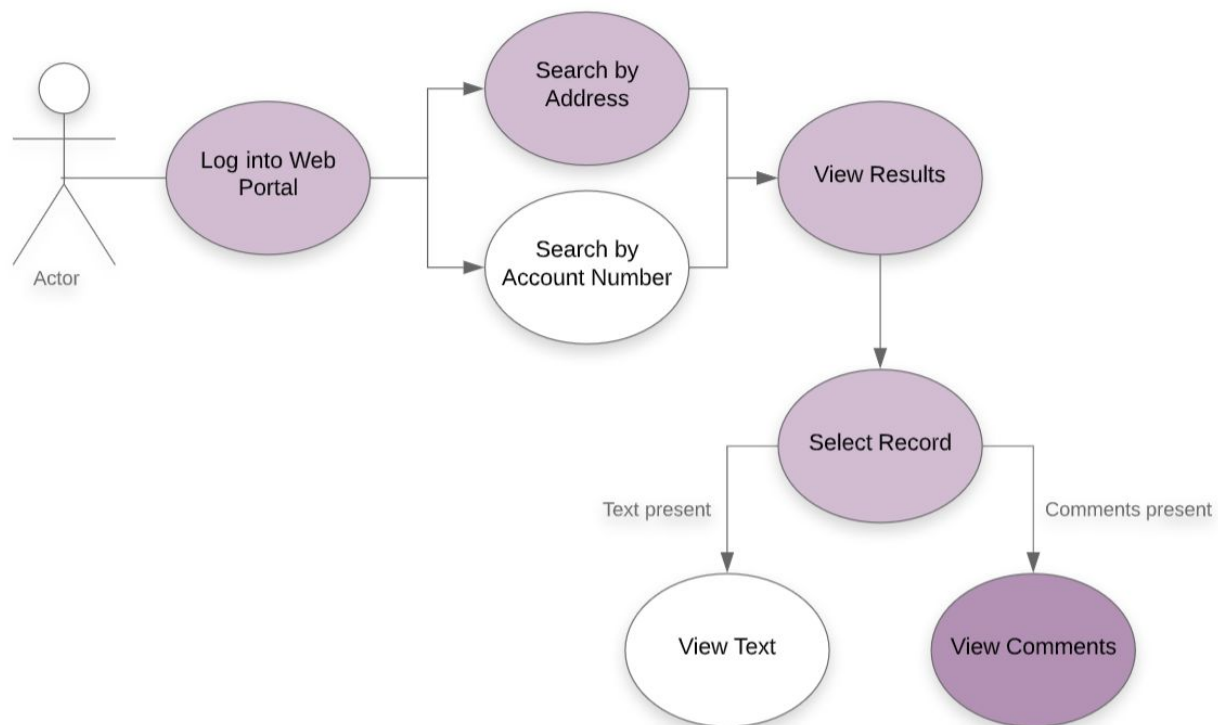
The user accesses the web portal, logs in, searches for a record, selects a record, and views it.

Step-by-Step Description:

Before this use case can be initiated, the User has already accessed the web portal.

1. The User logs in using their legitimate username and password.
2. The system, by default, displays a search page.
3. The User chooses to search by address or account number.
4. The system presents all applicable matches given the provided keywords.
5. The User chooses to open a select account.
6. The system provides the requested account information.

### Use Case: View Comments



The user accesses the web portal, logs in, searches for a record, selects a record, and chooses to view comments.

#### Step-by-Step Description:

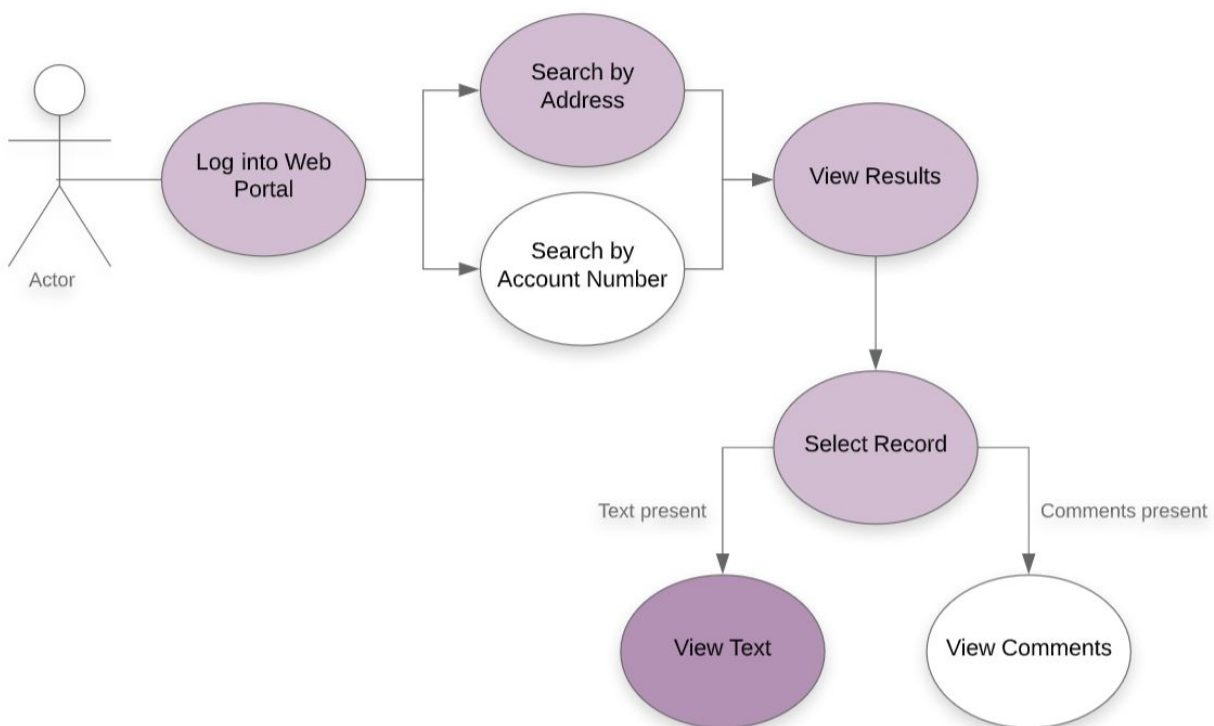
Before this use case can be initiated, the User has already accessed the web portal.

1. The User logs in using their legitimate username and password.



2. The system, by default, displays a search page.
3. The User chooses to search by address or account number.
4. The system presents all applicable matches given the provided keywords.
5. The User chooses to open a select account.
6. The system provides the requested account information, along with an option to view comments associated with that account.
7. The User chooses to view comments.

#### Use Case: View Text



The user accesses the web portal, logs in, searches for a record, selects a record, and chooses to view text.

#### Step-by-Step Description:

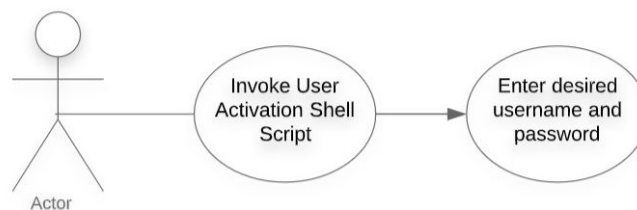
Before this use case can be initiated, the User has already accessed the web portal.

1. The User logs in using their legitimate username and password.
2. The system, by default, displays a search page.

3. The User chooses to search by address or account number.
4. The system presents all applicable matches given the provided keywords.
5. The User chooses to open a select account.
6. The system provides the requested account information, along with an option to view the text associated with that account.
7. The User chooses to view the text.

### 2.2.2 Administrator Use Cases

#### Use Case: Add User



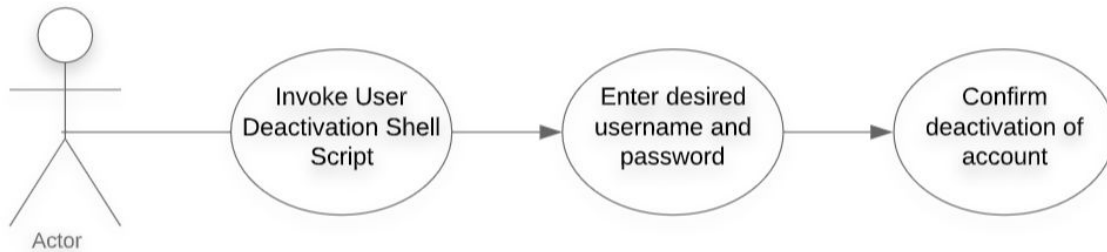
The system administrator accesses the Docker® container and runs a pre-made shell script by passing in select arguments.

#### Initial Step-by-Step Description:

Before this use case can be initiated, the Administrator must have already accessed the correct directory with the shell script.

1. The Administrator invokes the shell script with root permissions, using the command "sudo".
2. The system returns the arguments which must be filled.
3. The Administrator furnishes a username and a password.
4. The system will add the username and password to all applicable files (.htaccess) and inform the Administrator that the actions have been carried out.

## Use Case: Deactivate user



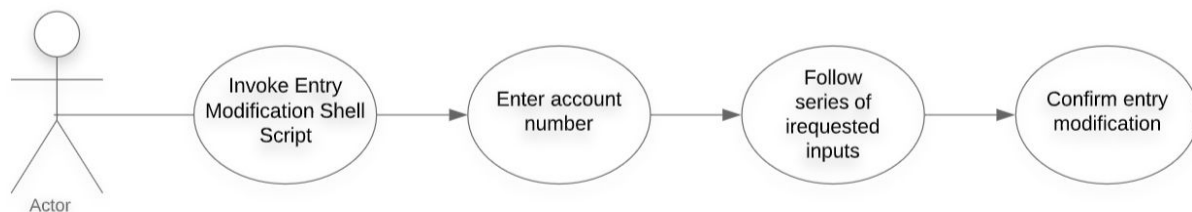
The system administrator accesses the Docker® container and runs a pre-made shell script to deactivate users by passing in select arguments.

### Initial Step-by-Step Description:

Before this use case can be initiated, the Administrator has already accessed the correct directory with the shell script.

1. The Administrator invokes the shell script with root permissions, using the command "sudo".
2. The system returns the arguments which must be filled.
3. The Administrator furnishes a username, user type, and a password.
4. The system will ask whether the Administrator would really like to deactivate the user.
5. The Administrator confirms the deactivation.
6. The system will deactivate the entry in the access file and inform the Administrator that the actions have been carried out.

## Use Case: Modify entry in the read-only database



### Brief Description:

The system administrator accesses the Docker® container and runs a pre-made shell script to append the database entry by passing in select arguments.

### Initial Step-by-Step Description:

Before this use case can be initiated, the Administrator already knows the account number to be modified and has accessed the correct directory with the script.

1. The Administrator invokes the keyboard-interactive prompts with root permissions, using the command sudo.
2. The system asks for the account number that must be modified.
3. The Administrator enters the account number exactly as it shows in the web portal.
4. The system will request that the new information be inputted in a keyboard-interactive environment, one parameter at a time.
5. The Administrator provides the information, one parameter at a time.
6. The system will ask whether the Administrator would really like to carry out the data append operation with another keyboard-interactive prompt.
7. The Administrator confirms the append operation.
8. The system appends the entry and informs the Administrator that the actions have been carried out.

### **2.3 User Characteristics**

The Users are expected to be able to use a search engine. The main screen of the database access web portal will have typical search functionality.

The Administrator is expected to be reasonably literate with command-line interface and to be able to type in provided commands. To aid in this, the developers have elected to provide a documentation booklet with reasonably comprehensive information describing how to administer the system.

### **2.4 Non-Functional Requirements**

The archive access system will be in a Docker® container on a server with a high-speed Ethernet connection to all client devices. The physical machine to be used will be determined by the City of Mount Vernon. The software developed here assumes the use of a modern web-browser, such as Google Chrome, Mozilla Firefox, or Microsoft Edge for connection between the web portal and the server. The speed of the User's connection will depend on the hardware used, rather than the characteristics of the system.

The administration console will run in an emulated terminal and will contain limited self-help documentation. For more information, the Administrator is encouraged to consult the provided, full documentation.

### 3. Requirements Specification

#### 3.1 External Interface Requirements

There shall be no links to external systems.

#### 3.2 Functional Requirements

##### 3.2.1 User Record Access

<b>Use Case Name</b>	User Record Access
<b>XRef</b>	Section 2.2.1, User Record Access
<b>Trigger</b>	A User chooses to make a search
<b>Precondition</b>	The User has accessed the web portal.
<b>Basic Path</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. The User logs in using their legitimate username and password.</li><li>2. The system, by default, displays a search page.</li><li>3. The User chooses to search by address or account number (if search by account, skip to Step 6)</li><li>4. The system presents all applicable matches given the provided keywords (If account search, skip to Step 6).</li><li>5. The User chooses to open a select account.</li><li>6. The system provides the requested account information.</li></ol>
<b>Alternative Paths</b>	None.
<b>Postcondition</b>	The User is presented with matching entries based on their search parameters.
<b>Exception Paths</b>	The User can abandon or terminate the operation at any time with no ill effect.
<b>Other</b>	

##### 3.2.2 Administrative user addition

<b>Use Case Name</b>	User addition
<b>XRef</b>	Section 2.2.2, User addition
<b>Trigger</b>	The Administrator invokes the user addition script.
<b>Precondition</b>	The Administrator has accessed and authenticated to an emulated terminal over secure shell.

<b>Basic Path</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The Administrator invokes the shell script with root permissions, using sudo.</li> <li>2. The system returns the arguments which must be filled.</li> <li>3. The Administrator furnishes a username, user type, and a password.</li> <li>4. The system will add the username and password to all applicable files (.htaccess) and inform the Administrator that the actions have been carried out.</li> </ol>
<b>Alternative Paths</b>	None.
<b>Postcondition</b>	The Administrator is presented with a notification that actions have been executed.
<b>Exception Paths</b>	The Administrator can terminate the operation at any time.
<b>Other</b>	

### 3.2.3 Administrative user deactivation

<b>Use Case Name</b>	User deactivation
<b>XRef</b>	Section 2.2.3, User deactivation
<b>Trigger</b>	The Administrator invokes the user deactivation script.
<b>Precondition</b>	The Administrator has accessed and authenticated to an emulated terminal over secure shell.
<b>Basic Path</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The Administrator invokes the shell script with root permissions, using sudo.</li> <li>2. The system returns the arguments which must be filled.</li> <li>3. The Administrator furnishes a username.</li> <li>4. The system prompts the Administrator to confirm that they want to deactivate the user.</li> <li>5. The system will deactivate the entry in the access file and inform the Administrator that the actions have been carried out.</li> </ol>
<b>Alternative Paths</b>	None.
<b>Postcondition</b>	The Administrator is presented with a notification that actions have been executed.
<b>Exception Paths</b>	The Administrator can terminate the operation at any time.
<b>Other</b>	

### 3.2.5 Administrative R-- (read-only) Modify

<b>Use Case Name</b>	Database modification operation
<b>XRef</b>	Section 2.2.5, Database modification operation
<b>Trigger</b>	The Administrator invokes the database modification

	operation script.
<b>Precondition</b>	The Administrator has accessed and authenticated to an emulated terminal over secure shell.
<b>Basic Path</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The Administrator invokes the keyboard-interactive prompts with root permissions, using sudo.</li> <li>2. The system asks for the account number that must be modified.</li> <li>3. The Administrator enters the account number exactly as it is shown in the web portal.</li> <li>4. The system will request that the new information be inputted in a keyboard-interactive environment, one parameter at a time.</li> <li>5. The Administrator provides the information, one parameter at a time.</li> <li>6. The system prompts the Administrator to confirm that they would really like to carry out the data modification operation.</li> <li>7. The Administrator confirms the modification operation.</li> <li>8. The system modifies the entry and informs the Administrator that the actions have been carried out.</li> </ol>
<b>Alternative Paths</b>	None.
<b>Postcondition</b>	<p>The Administrator is presented with a notification that actions have been executed.</p> <p>The database now contains the modified version of the relevant entry.</p>
<b>Exception Paths</b>	The Administrator can terminate the operation at any time during or before confirmation.
<b>Other</b>	

### **3.3 Proposed Non-Functional Requirements**

#### **3.3.1 Logical Structure of the Data**

The details of the data structure are not yet available in the current stage of development. With some known information, an idea of the logical structure of the data to be stored in the internal information database is proposed below.



KEY	ACCTNO	ACCTSTAT	ADDRESS	NAME	CITY	STATE	ZIP	EMAIL	PHONE
1	101*20*1	A	1550 OLD DELWARE RD	WATER TREATMENT PLANT	MOUNT VERNON	OH	43050	waterclacacding@mountvernonohio.org	
2	08*56*6	A	531 COSHOCTON AVE	GOLDNER, KRISTEN & MATT (SA)	MOUNT VERNON	OH	43050	kristengoldner@yahoo.com	740-485-5440

It is currently known that there are other unknown and known entries such as Date of Birth (DoB) and Cell number (Cell#), and that not all accounts have an entry value.

### 3.3.2 Security

The server on which the Docker® container resides will have its own security protocol to prevent unauthorized Read/Write/eXecute access. All permissions are restricted by system policy. The administrative console also has its own security protocol. The Administrator is required to have root rights to make changes, and must furnish their password.

### 3.3.3 Proposed Technology Stack

We will architect and build the software according to our recommended technology stack.

Function	Technology
<b>Server-Side Programming Language</b>	C++14
<b>Client-Side Programming Language</b>	HTML5, CSS3, jQuery
<b>Database</b>	MySQL 5.6
<b>Web Server</b>	Apache 2.x.x OR Nginx 1.x.x
<b>Local Hosting Hypervisor</b>	Oracle VirtualBox 6
<b>Guest Operating System</b>	Ubuntu Server 18.04 LTS
<b>Containerization Technology</b>	Docker®, running Kubernetes® microservices
<b>Cloud Storage</b>	None recommended
<b>Content Delivery Network (CDN)</b>	None recommended
<b>Session &amp; Cache Storage</b>	None recommended
<b>Version Control System</b>	Git

For security reasons, local hosting is recommended for hosting the platform, and the minimum server requirements are as mentioned below.

- LAMP Stack - [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/LAMP\\_\(software\\_bundle\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/LAMP_(software_bundle))
- Operating System - Linux x86, x86-64
- PHP version 7.0 or greater - <http://php.net>
- MySQL version 5.6 or greater - <https://www.mysql.com/>
- Apache 2.x.x (mod\_rewrite module enabled, <https://httpd.apache.org/>) OR Nginx 1.x.x (<https://www.nginx.com/resources/wiki/>)
- Required PHP extensions
  - OpenSSL
  - XML
  - Ctype
  - JSON
- Docker® 18 or greater - <https://www.docker.com/>

For better performance, reliability, security, and scalability, we suggest the following:

- Securing the website by SSL certificate.

We recommend deploying the software solution in a virtual machine, using the Oracle VirtualBox hypervisor. This would allow you to run Unix executable files on your Windows Server-based servers. We are only supporting deployments on bare metal with Windows Server 2012 or later, Ubuntu Server 16.04 LTS (xenial) or 18.04 LTS (bionic), Debian 10 (buster), and CentOS 7.

We are unable to support macOS Server deployments and will not support Windows Server 2008 or earlier. If your server environments are still running on Windows Server

2008 or earlier, we require you to upgrade to Server 2012 or later, in order to receive the latest security and feature updates from Microsoft.

## 4. Appendices

### 1.1 Appendix 1.General System Diagram

