

In [11]:

```
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Let's have a look at the data frame again
print(df_cleaned)
```

	age_group	sex	wine_frequency	wine_amount \
0	35-44	2	1 or 2 times in the last year	One glass/ container
1	85-94	2	2 to 3 times a month	One glass/ container
2	25-34	2	1 or 2 times in the last year	One glass/ container
3	65-74	2	Once a week	One glass/ container
4	55-64	2	3 to 6 times in the last year	One glass/ container
...
14556	18-24	2	3 to 6 times in the last year	One glass/ container
14557	18-24	1	1 or 2 times in the last year	One glass/ container
14558	45-54	1	2 to 3 times a month	One glass/ container
14559	18-24	1	1 or 2 times in the last year	Two glasses/ containers
14560	18-24	2	1 or 2 times in the last year	One glass/ container

	income_category	noofwines
0	\$50,000 to \$59,999	1
1	\$20,000 to \$24,999	1
2	\$60,000 to \$69,999	1
3	\$15,000 to \$19,999	1
4	\$40,000 to \$49,999	1
...
14556	Less than \$5,000	1
14557	Less than \$5,000	1
14558	\$15,000 to \$19,999	1
14559	Less than \$5,000	2
14560	Less than \$5,000	1

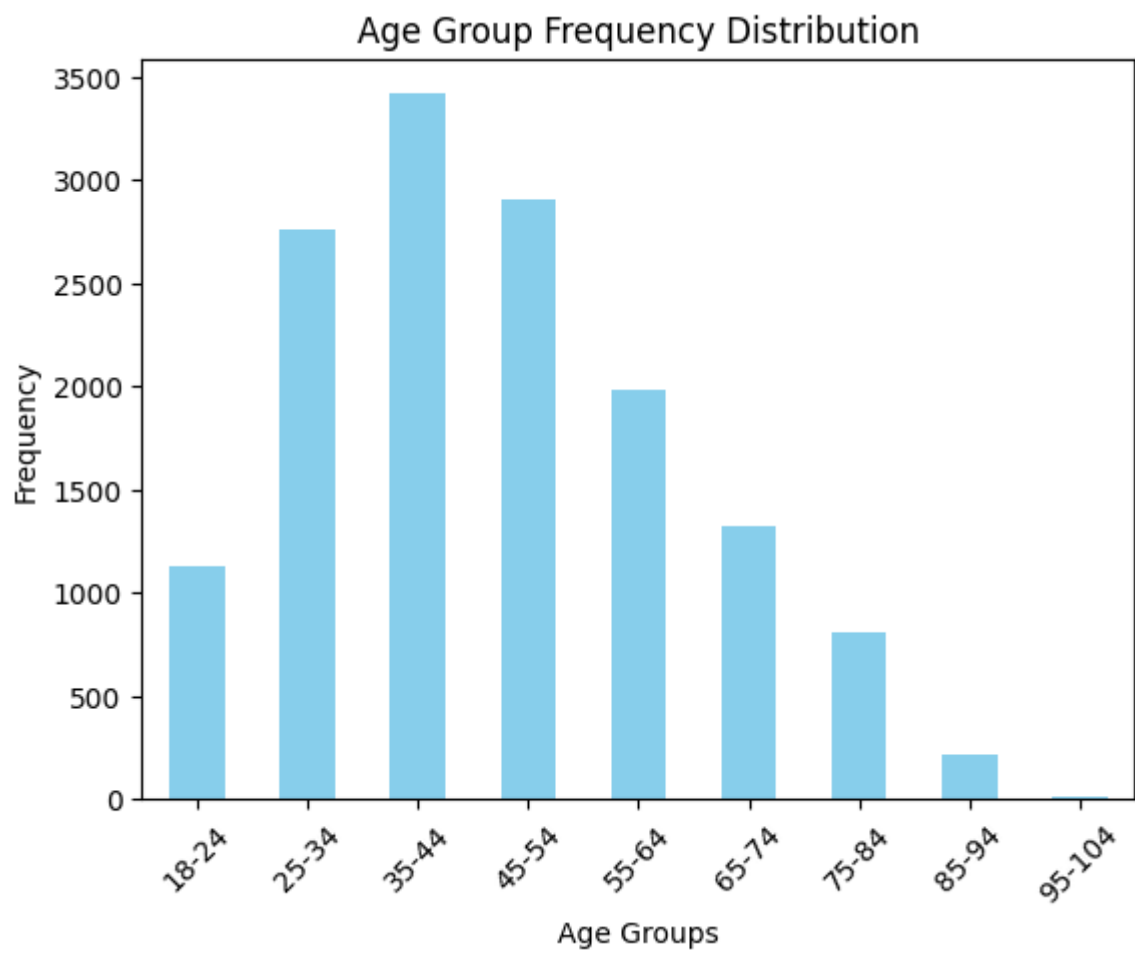
[14561 rows x 6 columns]

Generating the univariate graph to illustrate the distributions of week 2

In [2]:

```
# Plotting the Age Group Frequency Distribution
labels = ['18-24', '25-34', '35-44', '45-54', '55-64', '65-74', '75-84', '85-94', '95-104']
age_group = df_cleaned['age_group'].value_counts().reindex(labels, fill_value=0).sort_index()

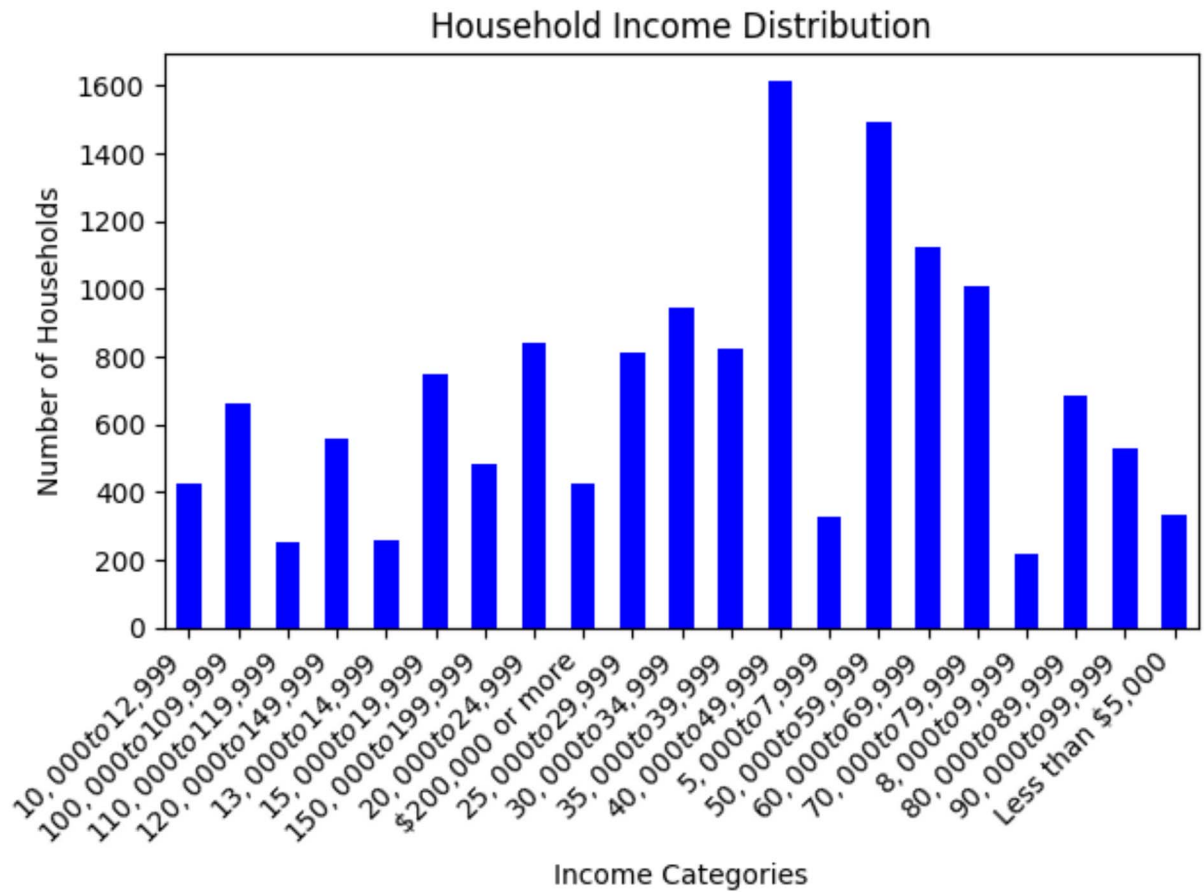
age_group.plot(kind='bar', color='skyblue')
plt.title('Age Group Frequency Distribution')
plt.xlabel('Age Groups')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.show()
```



```
In [3]: # Plotting the Income Category Frequency Distribution
income_labels = ['Less than $5,000',
                 '$5,000 to $7,999',
                 '$8,000 to $9,999',
                 '$10,000 to $12,999',
                 '$13,000 to $14,999',
                 '$15,000 to $19,999',
                 '$20,000 to $24,999',
                 '$25,000 to $29,999',
                 '$30,000 to $34,999',
                 '$35,000 to $39,999',
                 '$40,000 to $49,999',
                 '$50,000 to $59,999',
                 '$60,000 to $69,999',
                 '$70,000 to $79,999',
                 '$80,000 to $89,999',
                 '$90,000 to $99,999',
                 '$100,000 to $109,999',
                 '$110,000 to $119,999',
                 '$120,000 to $149,999',
                 '$150,000 to $199,999',
                 '$200,000 or more']

income_data = df_cleaned['income_category'].value_counts().reindex(income_labels, fill_value=0)

income_data.plot(kind='bar', color='blue')
plt.title('Household Income Distribution')
plt.xlabel('Income Categories')
plt.ylabel('Number of Households')
plt.xticks(rotation=45, ha='right')
plt.tight_layout() # Adjust Layout to make room for x-axis Labels
plt.show()
```

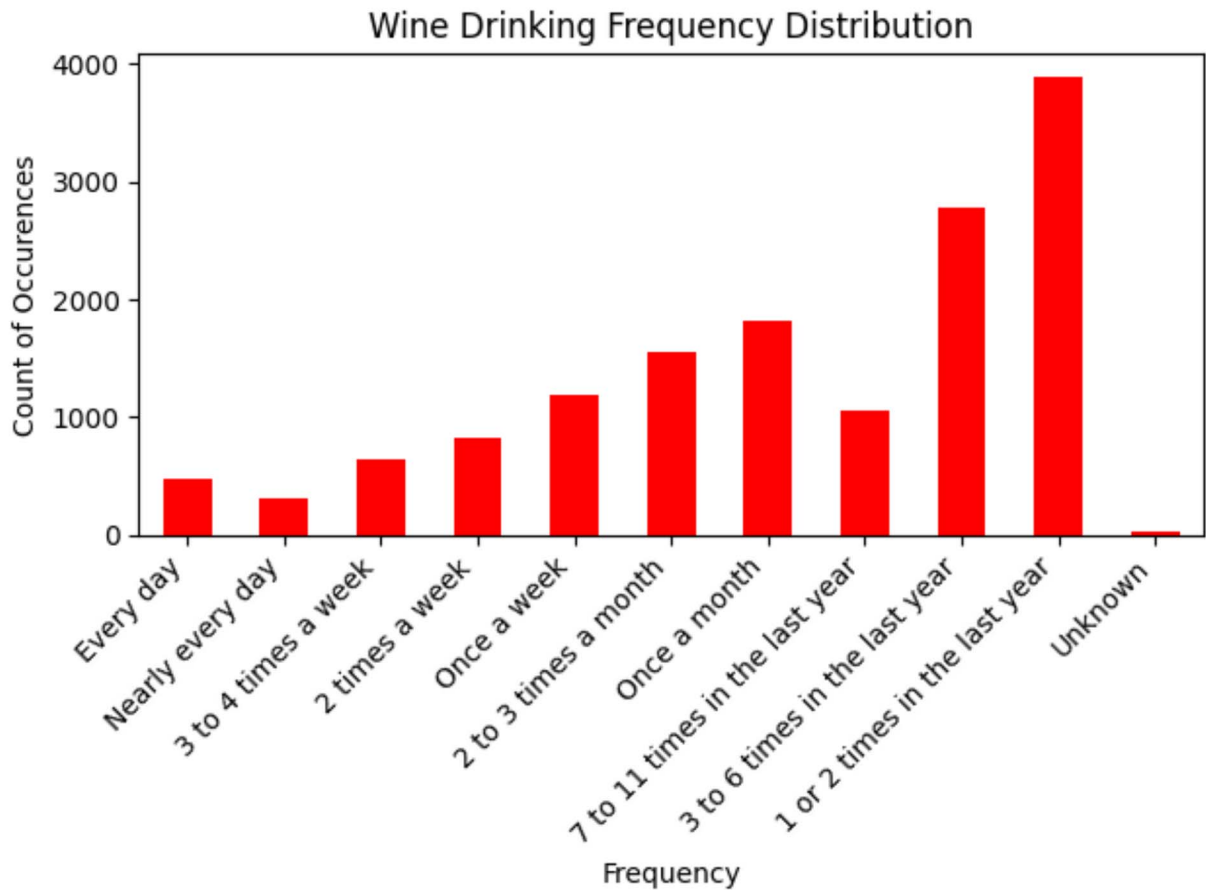


In [4]:

```
# Plotting the Wine Drinking Frequency Distribution
wine_freq_labels = ['Every day', 'Nearly every day',
                    '3 to 4 times a week', '2 times a week',
                    'Once a week', '2 to 3 times a month',
                    'Once a month', '7 to 11 times in the last year',
                    '3 to 6 times in the last year', '1 or 2 times in the last',
                    'Unknown']

wine_freq_data = df_cleaned['wine_frequency'].value_counts().reindex(wine_freq_labels)

wine_freq_data.plot(kind='bar', color='red')
plt.title('Wine Drinking Frequency Distribution')
plt.xlabel('Frequency')
plt.ylabel('Count of Occurences')
plt.xticks(rotation=45, ha='right')
plt.tight_layout() # Adjust layout to make room for x-axis labels
plt.show()
```

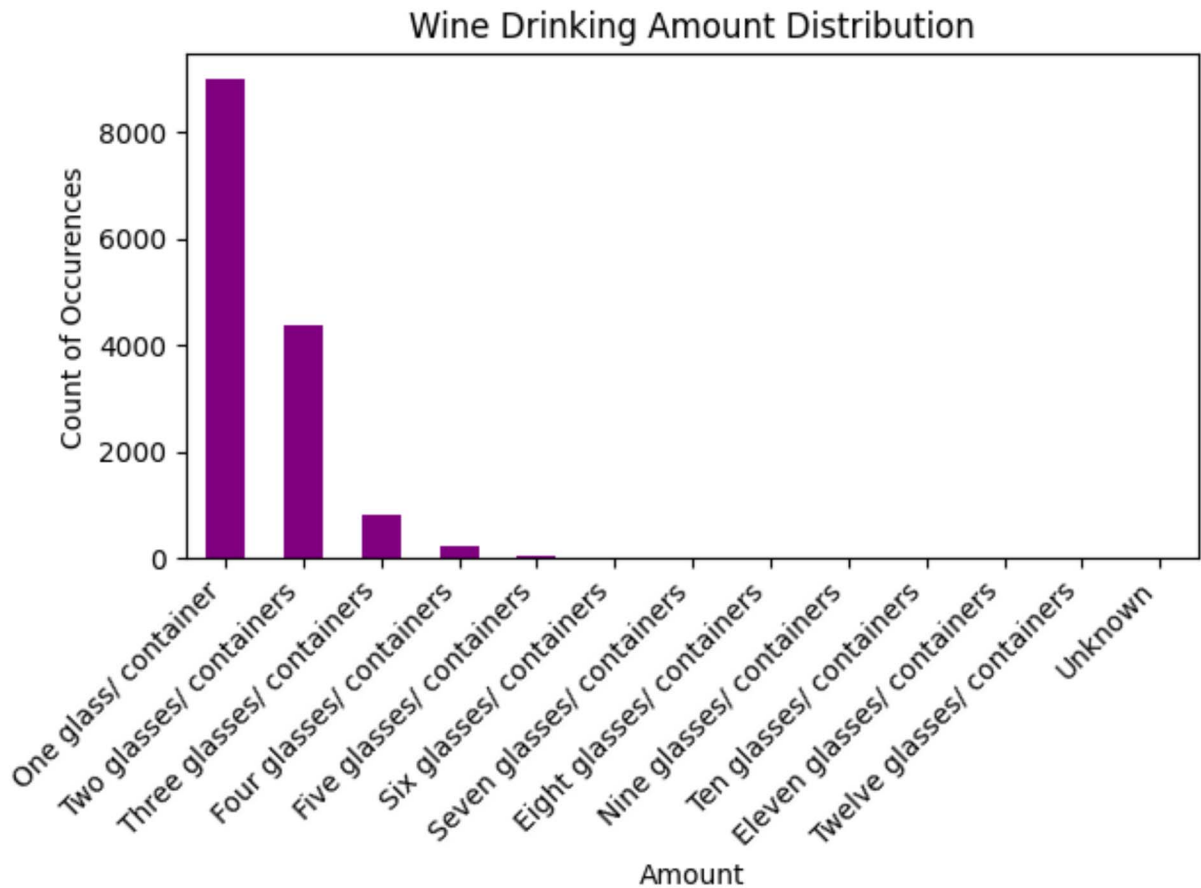


In [5]:

```
# Plotting the Wine Drinking Amount Distribution
wine_amount_labels = ['One glass/ container',
    'Two glasses/ containers',
    'Three glasses/ containers',
    'Four glasses/ containers',
    'Five glasses/ containers',
    'Six glasses/ containers',
    'Seven glasses/ containers',
    'Eight glasses/ containers',
    'Nine glasses/ containers',
    'Ten glasses/ containers',
    'Eleven glasses/ containers',
    'Twelve glasses/ containers',
    'Unknown']

wine_amount_data = df_cleaned['wine_amount'].value_counts().reindex(wine_amount_labels)

wine_amount_data.plot(kind='bar', color='purple')
plt.title('Wine Drinking Amount Distribution')
plt.xlabel('Amount')
plt.ylabel('Count of Occurences')
plt.xticks(rotation=45, ha='right')
plt.tight_layout() # Adjust Layout to make room for x-axis Labels
plt.show()
```



In [14]:

```
# Remove the 99 category ("Unknown") from the data, since it does not benefit the analysis
df_cleaned = df_cleaned[~(df_cleaned['noofwines'] == 99)]

# Group by Age Group and Number of Glasses/Containers
age_wine_quantity_distribution = df_cleaned.groupby(['age_group', 'noofwines']).size()

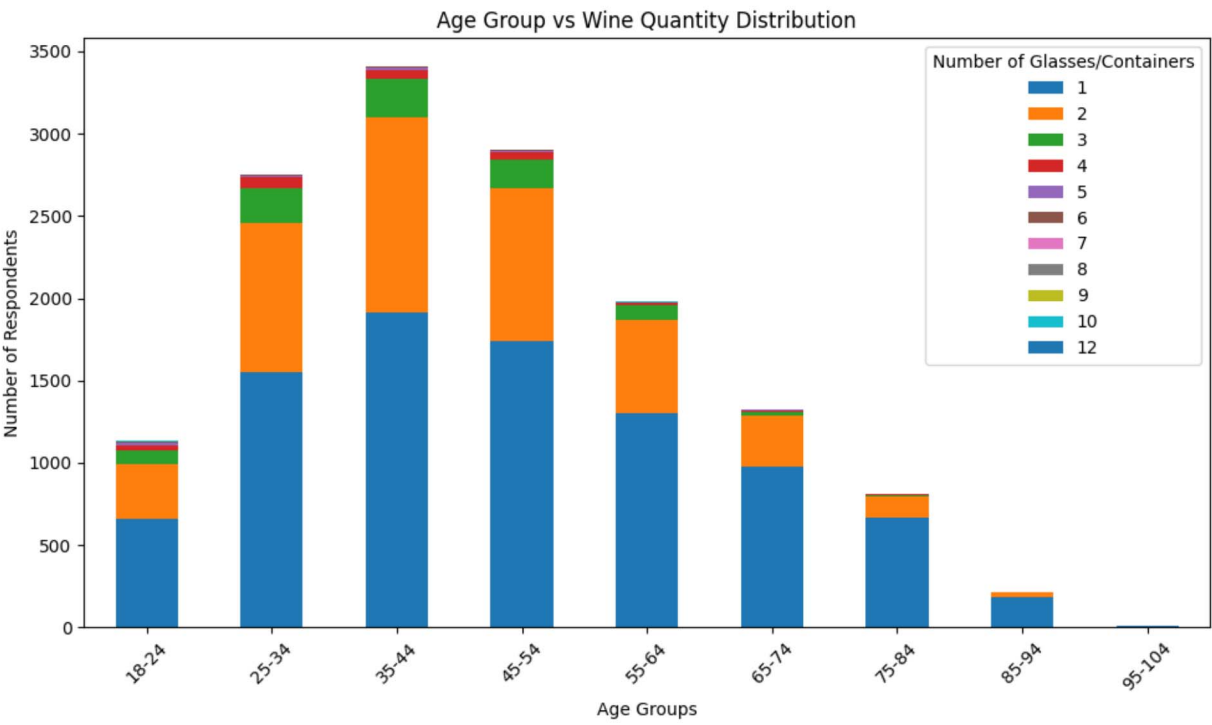
print("Age and Wine Quantity Distribution:")
print(age_wine_quantity_distribution)

# Visualize the distribution
age_wine_quantity_distribution.plot(kind='bar', stacked=True, figsize=(10, 6))
plt.title('Age Group vs Wine Quantity Distribution')
plt.xlabel('Age Groups')
plt.ylabel('Number of Respondents')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.legend(title='Number of Glasses/Containers')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

Age and Wine Quantity Distribution:

noofwines	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	12
age_group											
18-24	662	328	88	26	17	3	2	1	1	4	0
25-34	1552	906	210	66	11	7	1	0	1	1	0
35-44	1913	1190	231	55	13	4	1	2	0	0	1
45-54	1738	934	167	46	11	5	1	1	0	1	0
55-64	1298	572	87	14	4	1	0	1	0	1	0
65-74	979	306	27	7	2	0	1	0	0	0	0
75-84	669	124	10	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	0

85-94	187	24	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
95-104	6	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



In []: