PSet Assignment #1

1 Softmax

- a) Trivial
- b) Code

2 Neural Network Basics

a) $\forall x \in \mathbb{R}, \ \sigma(x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-x}}$ $\forall x \in \mathbb{R}:$

$$\nabla \sigma(x) = \frac{e^{-x}}{(1 + e^{-x})^2}$$
$$= (\frac{1}{\sigma(x)} - 1)\sigma(x)^2$$
$$= (1 - \sigma(x))\sigma(x)$$
$$= \sigma(-x)\sigma(x)$$

b) $\mathbf{y} \in \mathbb{R}^n$, $\exists k \in \llbracket 1, n \rrbracket \quad \mathbf{y} = \mathbf{e}_k$. Therefore

$$\forall \theta \in \mathbb{R}^n \quad CE(\boldsymbol{y}, \hat{\boldsymbol{y}}) = -\log(\hat{y_k}) = -\theta_k + \log(\sum_{i=1}^n e^{\theta_i})$$

Then $\forall \theta \in \mathbb{R}^n$:

$$\nabla_{\theta} CE(\boldsymbol{y}, \hat{\boldsymbol{y}}) = \hat{\boldsymbol{y}} - \boldsymbol{y}$$

c) $m{h} = \sigma(m{x}m{W}_1 + m{b}_1)$ $\hat{m{y}} = \operatorname{softmax}(m{h}m{W}_2 + m{b}_2)$

 $\forall \boldsymbol{x} \in \mathbb{R}^n$:

$$\begin{split} \nabla_x CE(\boldsymbol{y}, \hat{\boldsymbol{y}}) &= \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial CE(\boldsymbol{y}, \hat{\boldsymbol{y}})}{\partial x_i} \boldsymbol{e}_i \\ &= \nabla_{\theta} CE(\boldsymbol{y}, \hat{\boldsymbol{y}}) \cdot (\frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \boldsymbol{x}})^{\top} \\ \forall i \in \llbracket 1, D_x \rrbracket, \forall j \in \llbracket 1, D_y \rrbracket \quad (\frac{\partial \theta_j}{\partial x_i}) &= (\frac{\partial (\sum_{l=1}^h h_l(W_2)_{lj} + (b_2)_j)}{\partial x_i}) \\ &= (\frac{\partial (\sum_{l=1}^h h_l(W_2)_{lj} + (b_2)_j)}{\partial x_i}) \\ &= (\frac{\partial (\sum_{l=1}^h \sigma(\sum_{m=1}^{D_x} x_m(W_1)_{ml} + (b1)_l)(W_2)_{lj})}{\partial x_i}) \\ &= (\sum_{l=1}^h (W_1)_{il} \sigma'(\sum_{m=1}^{D_x} x_m(W_1)_{ml} + (b1)_l)(W_2)_{lj})) \\ &= (\boldsymbol{W}_1)_{i.} \cdot (\boldsymbol{h}' * (\boldsymbol{W}_2)_{.j}) \end{split}$$
Then $\nabla_x CE(\boldsymbol{y}, \hat{\boldsymbol{y}}) = (\hat{\boldsymbol{y}} - \boldsymbol{y}) \boldsymbol{W}_2^{\top} \boldsymbol{D} \boldsymbol{W}_1^{\top} \text{ where } \boldsymbol{D} = \operatorname{diag}(\sigma'(\boldsymbol{x} \boldsymbol{W}_1 + \boldsymbol{b}_1)) \end{split}$

- d) There are $H(1+D_x) + D_y(1+H)$ parameters.
- e) Code
- f) Code
- g) Code

3 word2vec

a) $\hat{\boldsymbol{y}}_o = p(\boldsymbol{o}|\boldsymbol{c}) = \frac{\exp(\boldsymbol{u}_o^\top \boldsymbol{v}_c)}{\sum_{w=1}^W \exp(\boldsymbol{u}_w^\top \boldsymbol{v}_c)}$. We can rewrite $\hat{\boldsymbol{y}}_o$ as follows:

$$\hat{\boldsymbol{y}}_o = \operatorname{softmax}(\boldsymbol{U}^{\top} \boldsymbol{v}_c)_o \quad \text{where } \boldsymbol{U} = [\boldsymbol{u}_1, ..., \boldsymbol{u}_W]$$

Therefore, if $\mathbf{y} = \mathbf{e}_o$, then $\forall \mathbf{v}_c \in \mathbb{R}^n$

$$\nabla_{\boldsymbol{v}_c} CE(\boldsymbol{y}, \hat{\boldsymbol{y}}) = \boldsymbol{U} \nabla_{\boldsymbol{U}^\top \boldsymbol{v}_c} CE(\boldsymbol{y}, \hat{\boldsymbol{y}})$$
$$= \boldsymbol{U}(\hat{\boldsymbol{y}} - \boldsymbol{y})$$

b) • If $w \neq o$:

$$\begin{split} \nabla_{\boldsymbol{u}_w} CE(\boldsymbol{y}, \hat{\boldsymbol{y}}) &= (\frac{\partial (\boldsymbol{U}^\top \boldsymbol{v}_c)}{\partial \boldsymbol{u}_w})^\top (\hat{\boldsymbol{y}} - \boldsymbol{y}) \\ &= (\sum_{i=1}^W \frac{\partial ((\boldsymbol{u}_i^\top \boldsymbol{v}_c) \boldsymbol{e}_i)}{\partial \boldsymbol{u}_w})^\top (\hat{\boldsymbol{y}} - \boldsymbol{y}) \\ &= \hat{\boldsymbol{y}}_w \cdot \boldsymbol{v}_c \end{split}$$

• If w = o:

$$\nabla_{\boldsymbol{u}_o} CE(\boldsymbol{y}, \hat{\boldsymbol{y}}) = (\hat{\boldsymbol{y}}_o - 1) \cdot \boldsymbol{v}_c$$

- c) Now $J_{\text{neg-sample}}(\boldsymbol{o}, \boldsymbol{v}_c, \boldsymbol{U}) = -\log((\sigma(\boldsymbol{u}_o^{\top} \boldsymbol{v}_c)) \sum_{k=1}^K \log(\sigma(-\boldsymbol{u}_k^{\top} \boldsymbol{v}_c))$
 - $\forall \boldsymbol{v}_c \in \mathbb{R}^n$

$$\begin{split} \nabla_{\boldsymbol{v}_c} CE(\boldsymbol{y}, \hat{\boldsymbol{y}}) &= -\frac{\sigma(-\boldsymbol{u}_o^\top \boldsymbol{v}_c) \sigma(\boldsymbol{u}_o^\top \boldsymbol{v}_c)}{\sigma(\boldsymbol{u}_o^\top \boldsymbol{v}_c)} \boldsymbol{u}_o + \sum_{k=1}^K \frac{\sigma(-\boldsymbol{u}_k^\top \boldsymbol{v}_c)) \sigma(\boldsymbol{u}_k^\top \boldsymbol{v}_c)}{\sigma(-\boldsymbol{u}_k^\top \boldsymbol{v}_c)} \boldsymbol{u}_k \\ &= -\sigma(-\boldsymbol{u}_o^\top \boldsymbol{v}_c) \boldsymbol{u}_o + \sum_{k=1}^K \sigma(\boldsymbol{u}_k^\top \boldsymbol{v}_c) \boldsymbol{u}_k \end{split}$$

• If $w \neq o$:

$$\nabla_{\boldsymbol{u}_w} CE(\boldsymbol{y}, \hat{\boldsymbol{y}}) = \sigma(\boldsymbol{u}_w^\top \boldsymbol{v}_c) \boldsymbol{v}_c$$

• If w = o:

$$\nabla_{\boldsymbol{u}_o} CE(\boldsymbol{y}, \hat{\boldsymbol{y}}) = -\sigma(-\boldsymbol{u}_o^{\top} \boldsymbol{v}_c) \boldsymbol{v}_c$$

- d) $J_{\text{skip-gram}}(\text{word}_{c-m...c+m}) = \sum_{-m \leq j \leq m, j \neq 0} F(\boldsymbol{w}_{c+j}, \boldsymbol{v}_c)$
 - $\forall \boldsymbol{v}_c \in \mathbb{R}^n$

$$\nabla_{\boldsymbol{v}_c} J = \sum_{-m \le j \le m, j \ne 0} \frac{\partial F(\boldsymbol{w}_{c+j}, \boldsymbol{v}_c)}{\partial \boldsymbol{v}_c}$$

•

$$\nabla_{\boldsymbol{u}_w} J = \sum_{-m \le j \le m, j \ne 0} \frac{\partial F(\boldsymbol{w}_{c+j}, \boldsymbol{v}_c)}{\partial \boldsymbol{u}_w}$$

$$J_{\text{CBOW}}(\text{word}_{c-m...c+m}) = F(\boldsymbol{w}_c, \hat{\boldsymbol{v}}) \text{ with } \hat{\boldsymbol{v}} = \sum_{-m \leq j \leq m, j \neq 0} \boldsymbol{v}_{c+j}$$

 $\nabla_{\boldsymbol{v}_c} J = \vec{0}$

•

$$\nabla_{\boldsymbol{u}_w} J = \frac{\partial F(\boldsymbol{w}_c, \hat{\boldsymbol{v}})}{\partial \boldsymbol{u}_w}$$

- e) Code
- f) Code
- g) Code
- h) Code

4 Sentiment Analysis

- a) Code
- b) Blah blah blah ... Over Fitting ... Blah blah blah more Bias for less Variance ... Blah blah blah
- c) Code
- d) Code