

Simulation-Based Inference of KiDS-1000 Cosmic Shear

A not so “normal” beverage of choice seminar

Maximilian von Wietersheim-Kramsta

KiDS Busy Week Bochum - 26th September 2023

KiDS



Kiyam Lin



Nicolas Tessore



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Arthur Loureiro



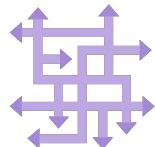
Robert Reischke



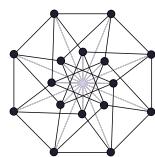
Angus Wright

Simulation-Based Inference (SBI)

a.k.a. likelihood-free inference or implicit likelihood inference



Signal and uncertainty modelling of arbitrary complexity



Requires a similar number of realisations as a numerical covariance

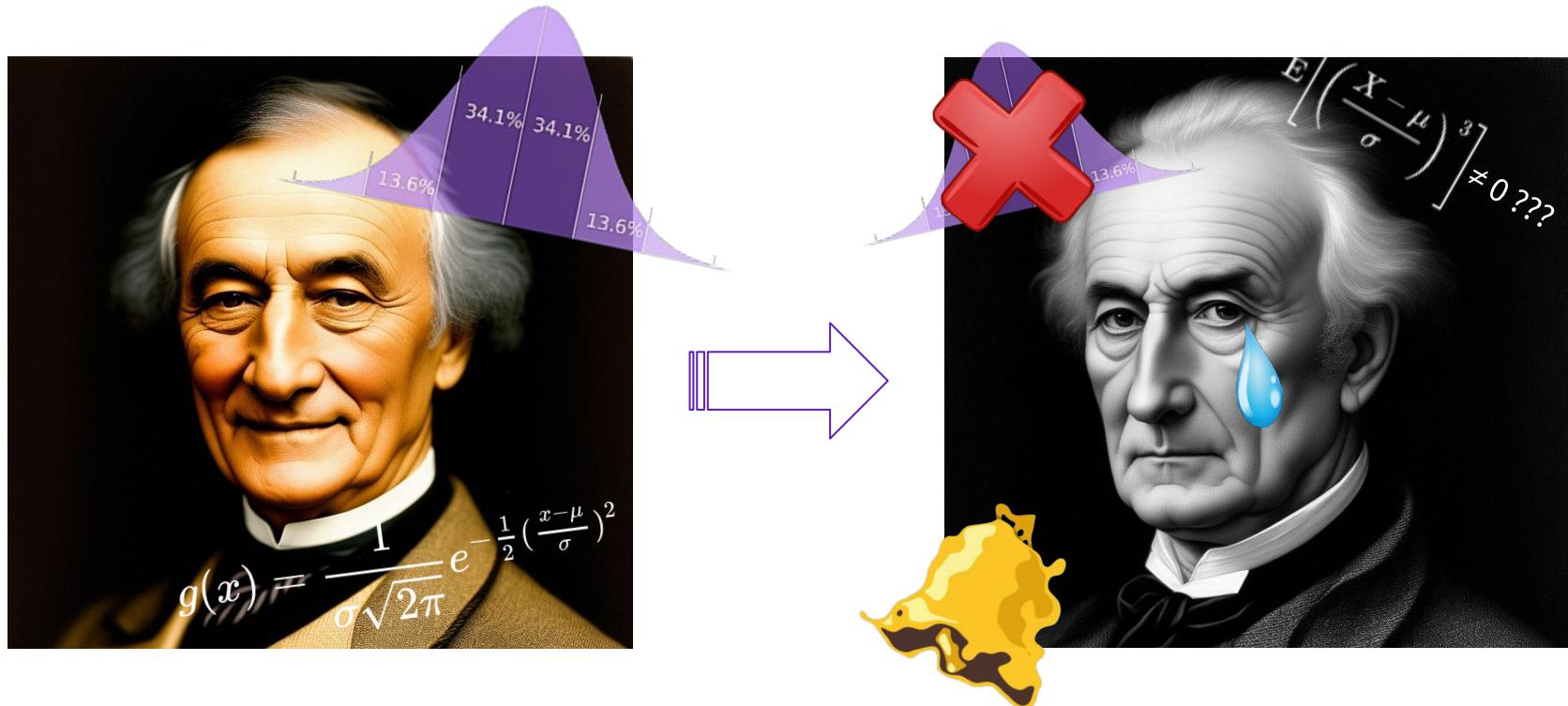
$t \rightarrow \Theta$

Bayesian uncertainty propagation from data to parameters

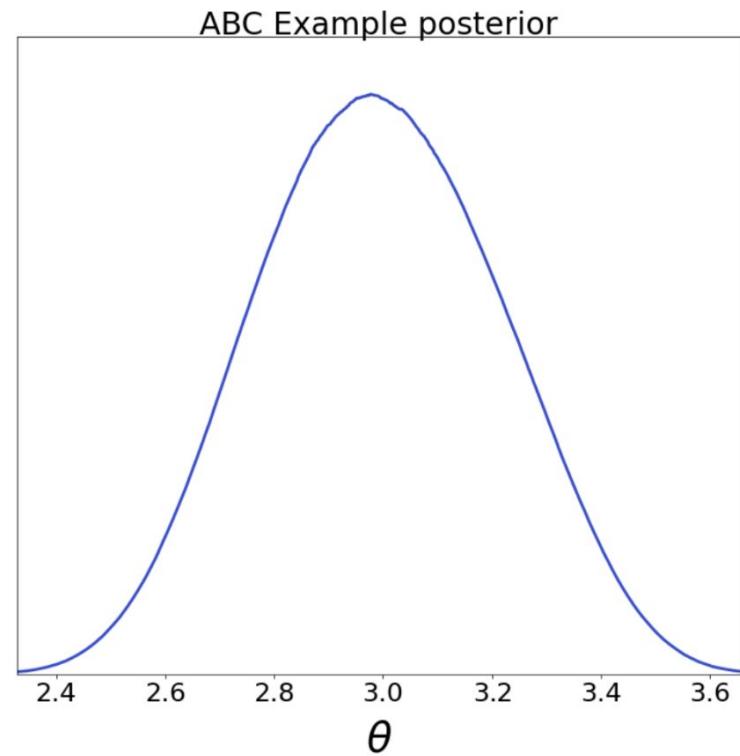
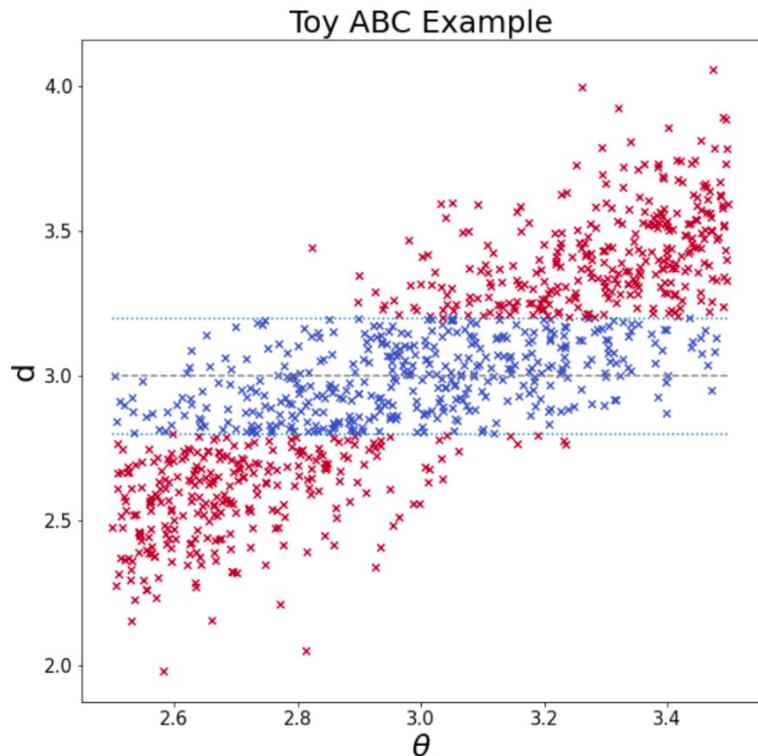


Likelihood can take an arbitrary form

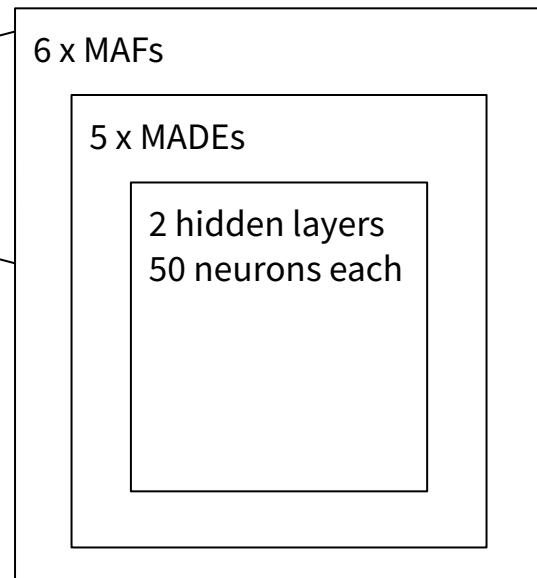
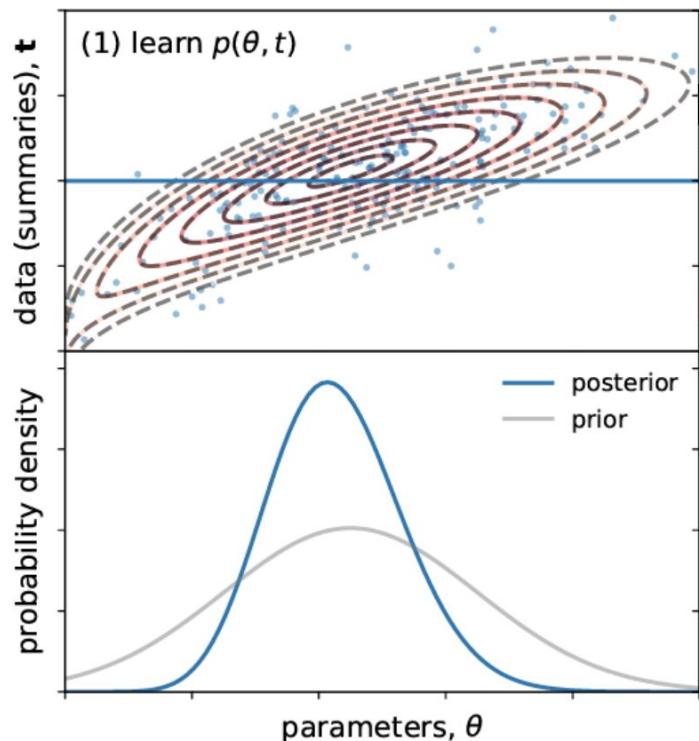
Dropping the assumption of Gaussianity...



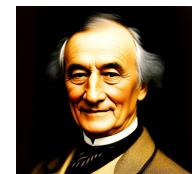
SBI: Approximate Bayesian Computation



SBI: Neural Density Estimation

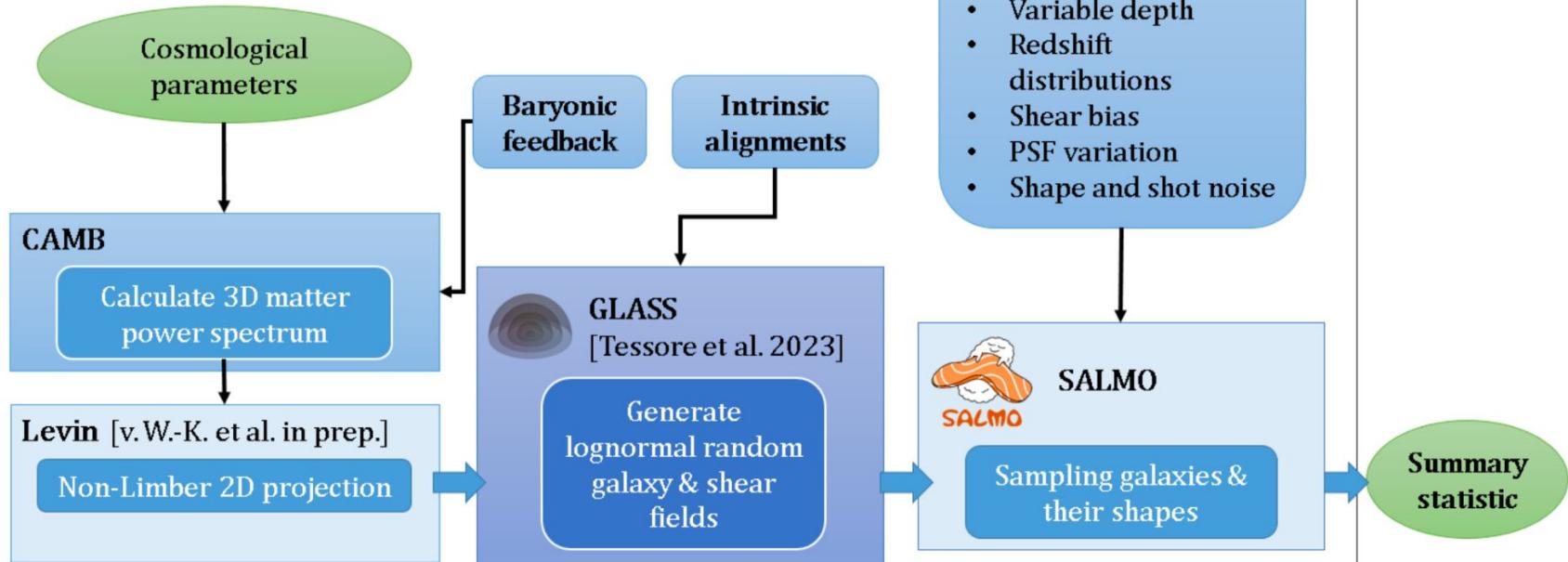


→ 6 x 5 x $|t|$ multivariate Gaussians, $P(t|\theta)$

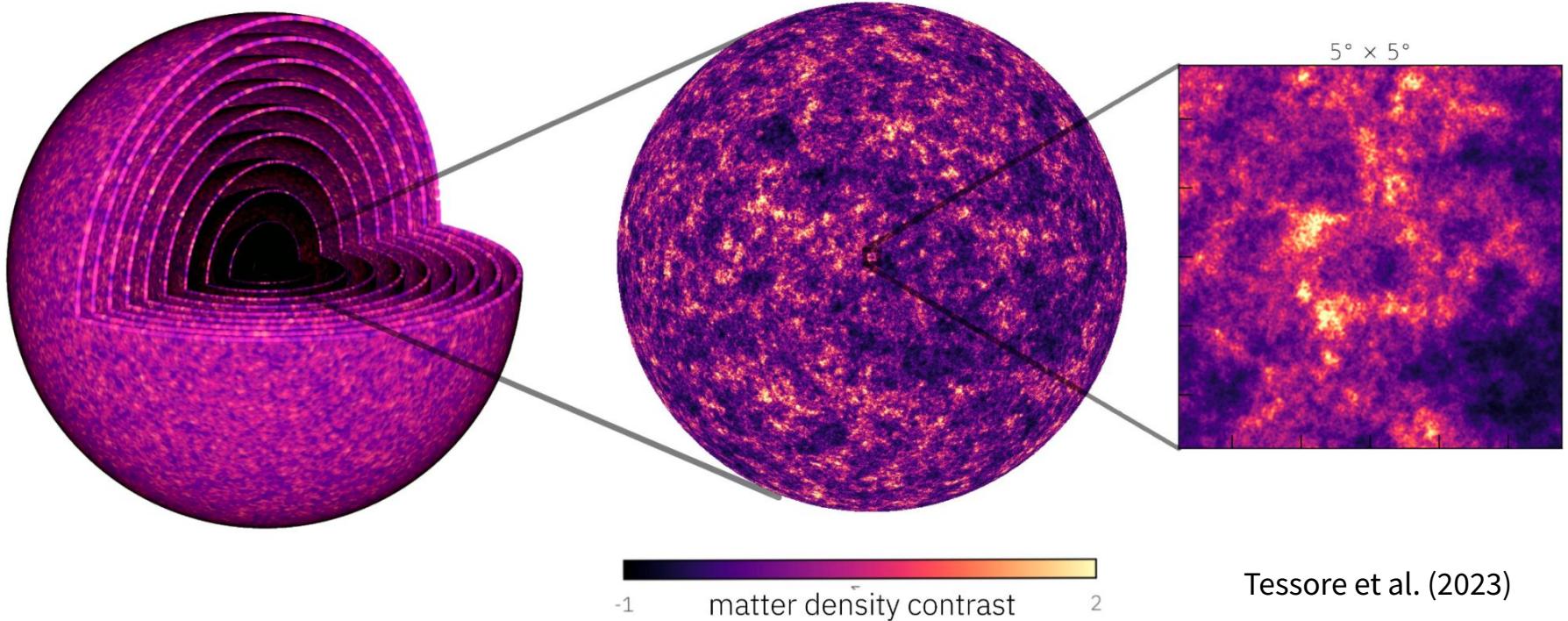


KiDS SBI

von Wietersheim-Kramsta et al. in prep



Generator for Large Scale Structure



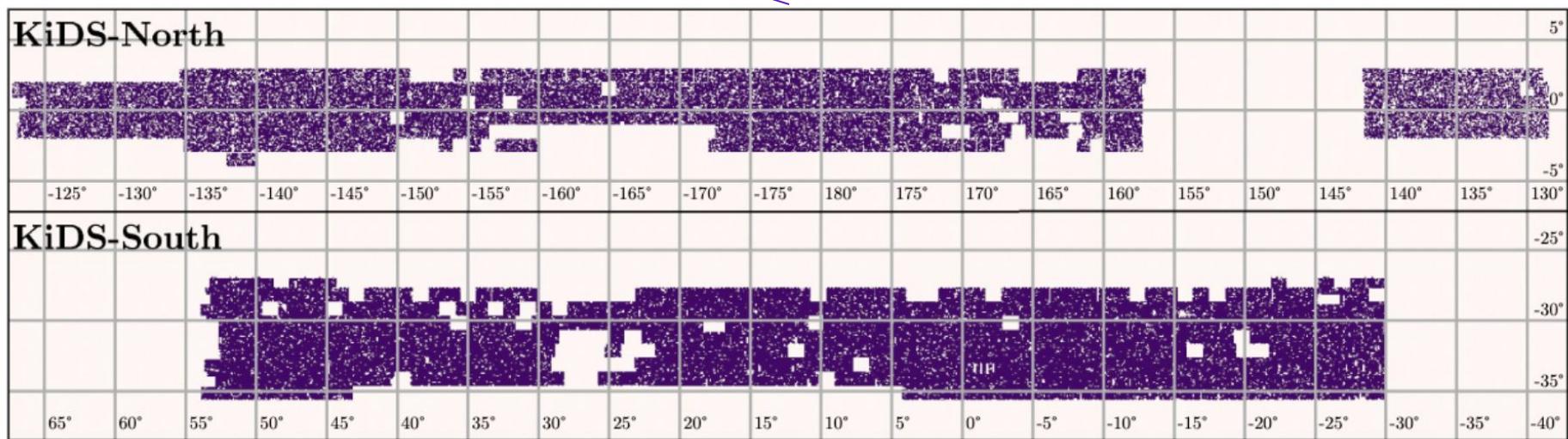
Tessore et al. (2023)

Galaxy sampling

$$\langle N_m^{(i)(p)} \rangle(\Theta) = w_m(\Omega_{\text{survey}}) \left[1 + b^{(i)} \delta^{(i)}(\theta_m; \Theta) \right] P_m(p|i) n_{\text{gal},m}^{(p)} A_{\text{pix},m}$$

Annotations pointing to the equation:

- Shell: points to the first term $w_m(\Omega_{\text{survey}})$
- Tomographic bin: points to the second term $\left[1 + b^{(i)} \delta^{(i)}(\theta_m; \Theta) \right]$
- Pixel: points to the third term $n_{\text{gal},m}^{(p)} A_{\text{pix},m}$
- Mask: points to the right side of the equation, indicating the survey mask.

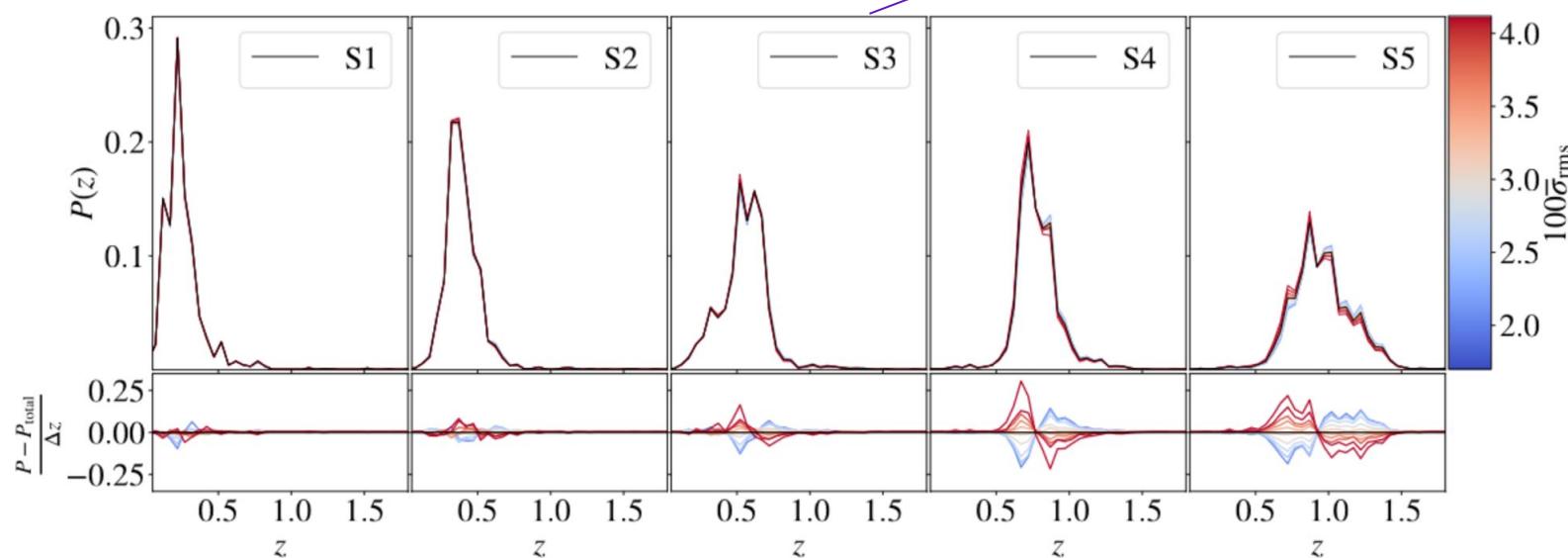


Galaxy sampling

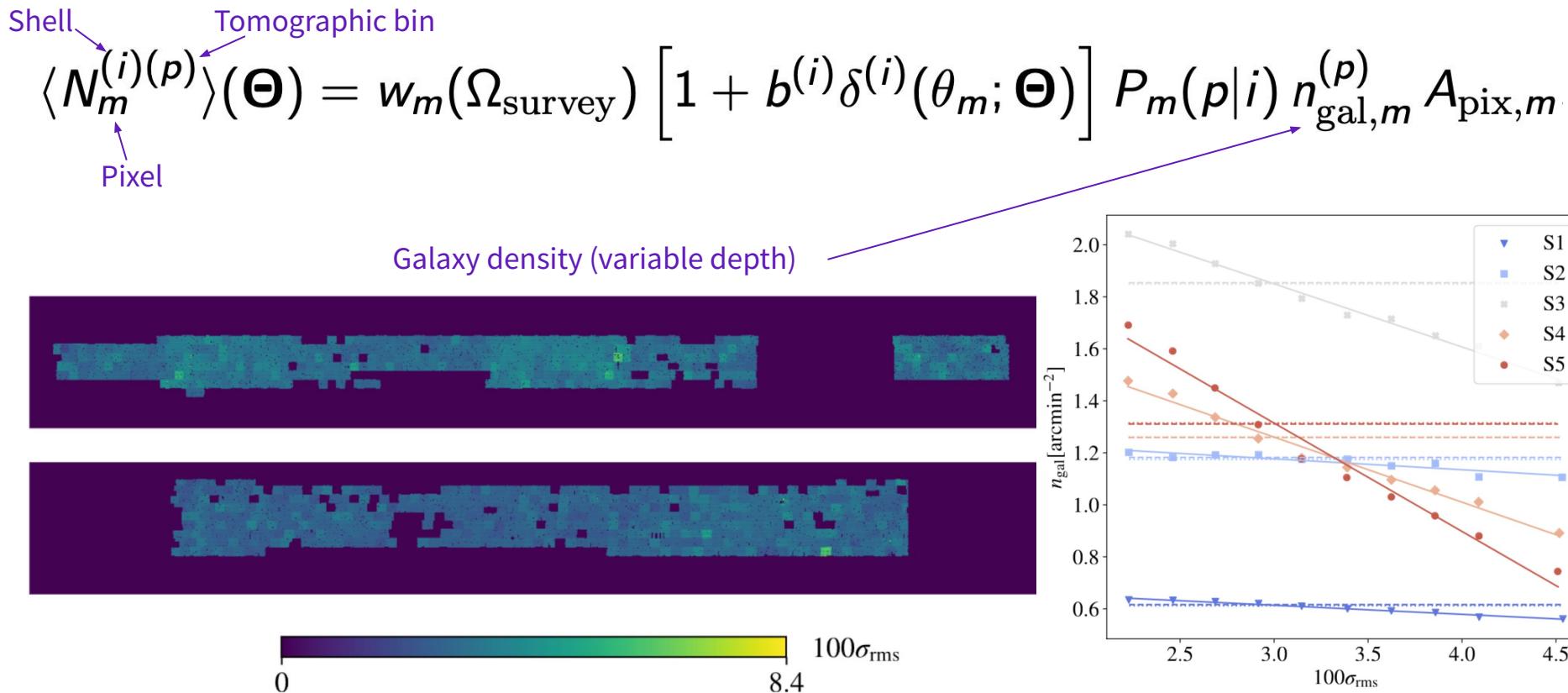
$$\langle N_m^{(i)(p)} \rangle(\Theta) = w_m(\Omega_{\text{survey}}) \left[1 + b^{(i)} \delta^{(i)}(\theta_m; \Theta) \right] P_m(p|i) n_{\text{gal},m}^{(p)} A_{\text{pix},m}$$

Shell
Tomographic bin
Pixel

Redshift distributions



Galaxy sampling

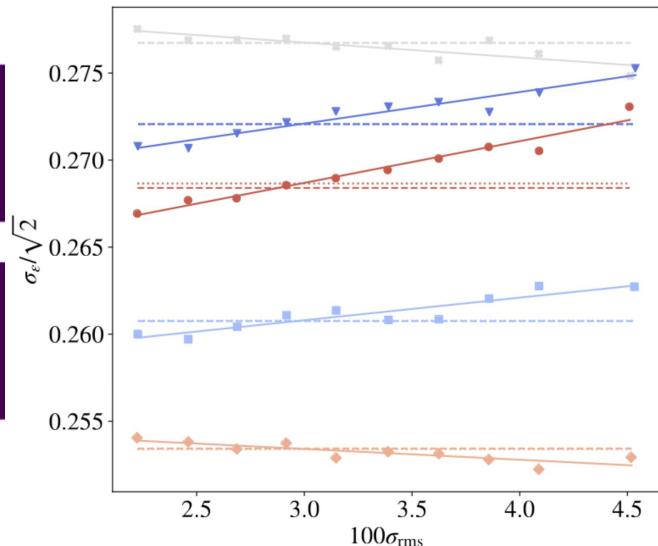
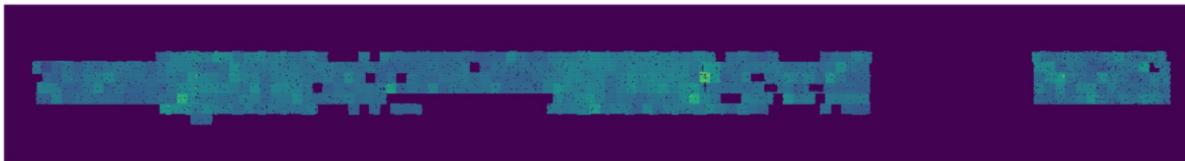


Galaxy shear

$$\epsilon_{\text{lensed}}(\Theta) = \frac{\epsilon_{\text{int}} + g(\Theta)}{1 + g^*(\Theta)\epsilon_{\text{int}}}$$

Intrinsic shapes
(variable depth)

Reduced shear

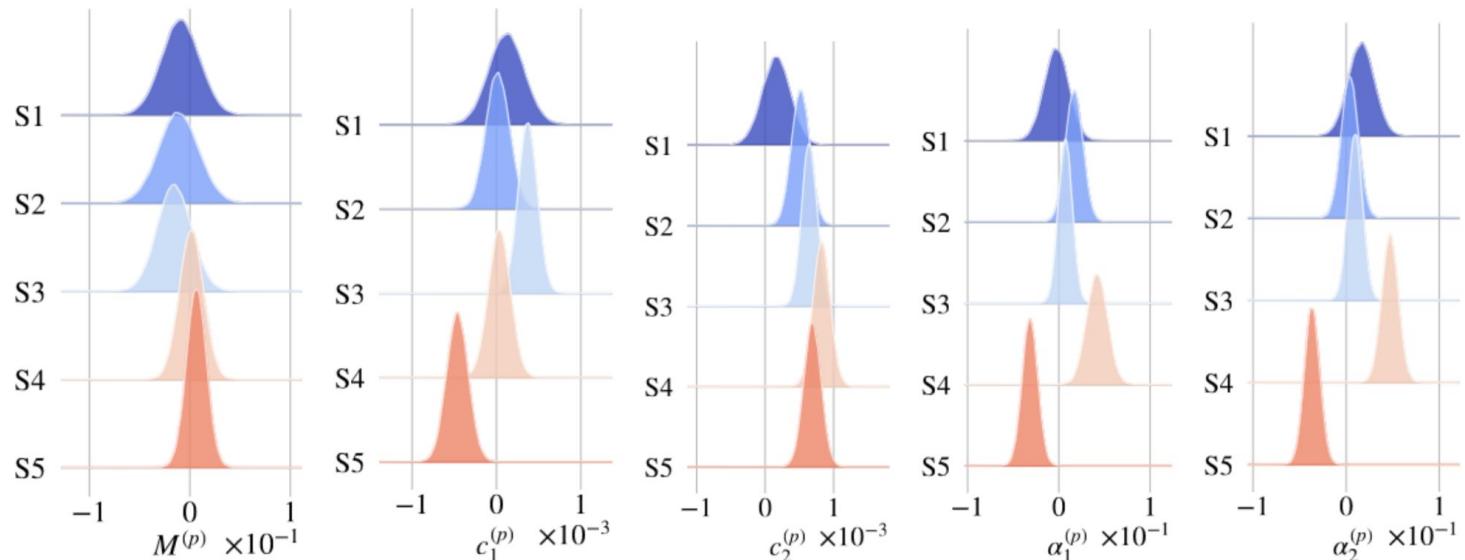


Galaxy shear

$$\epsilon_{\text{obs}}(p, m; \Theta) = (1 + M^{(p)}) \epsilon_{\text{lensed}}(\Theta) + \alpha^{(p)} \epsilon_{\text{PSF}}(m) + \beta^{(p)} \delta \epsilon_{\text{PSF}} + c^{(p)}$$

Annotations:

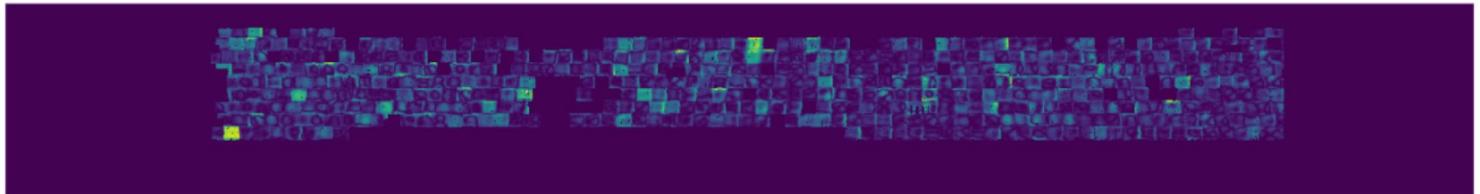
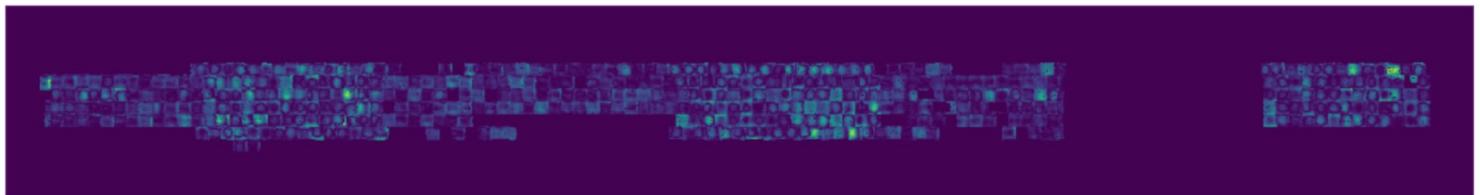
- Pixel → ϵ_{obs}
- Tomographic bin → p
- Multiplicative shear bias → $M^{(p)}$
- PSF shear bias → $\alpha^{(p)}$
- 0 → $\beta^{(p)}$
- Additive shear bias → $c^{(p)}$



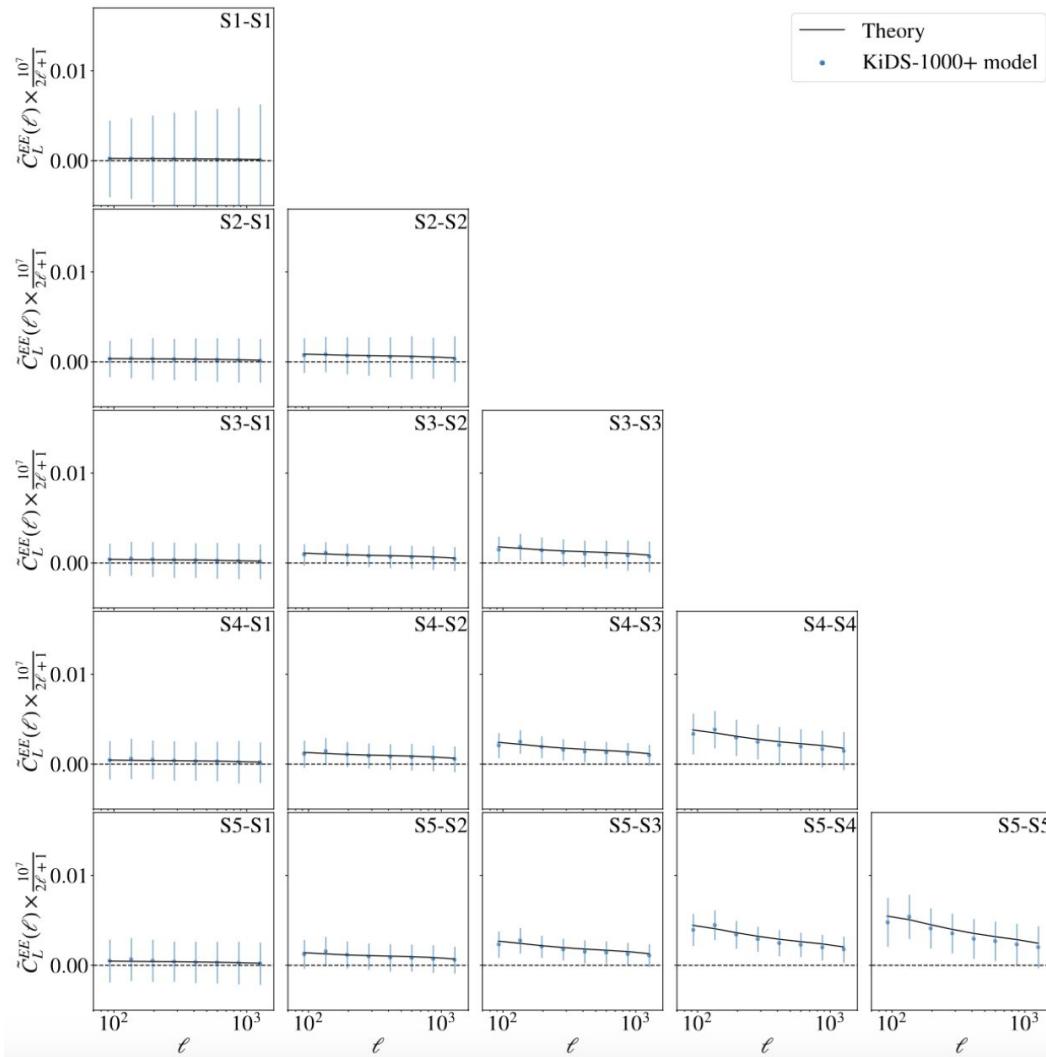
Galaxy shear

$$\epsilon_{\text{obs}}(p, m; \Theta) = (1 + M^{(p)}) \epsilon_{\text{lensed}}(\Theta) + \alpha^{(p)} \epsilon_{\text{PSF}}(m) + \beta^{(p)} \delta \epsilon_{\text{PSF}} + c^{(p)}$$

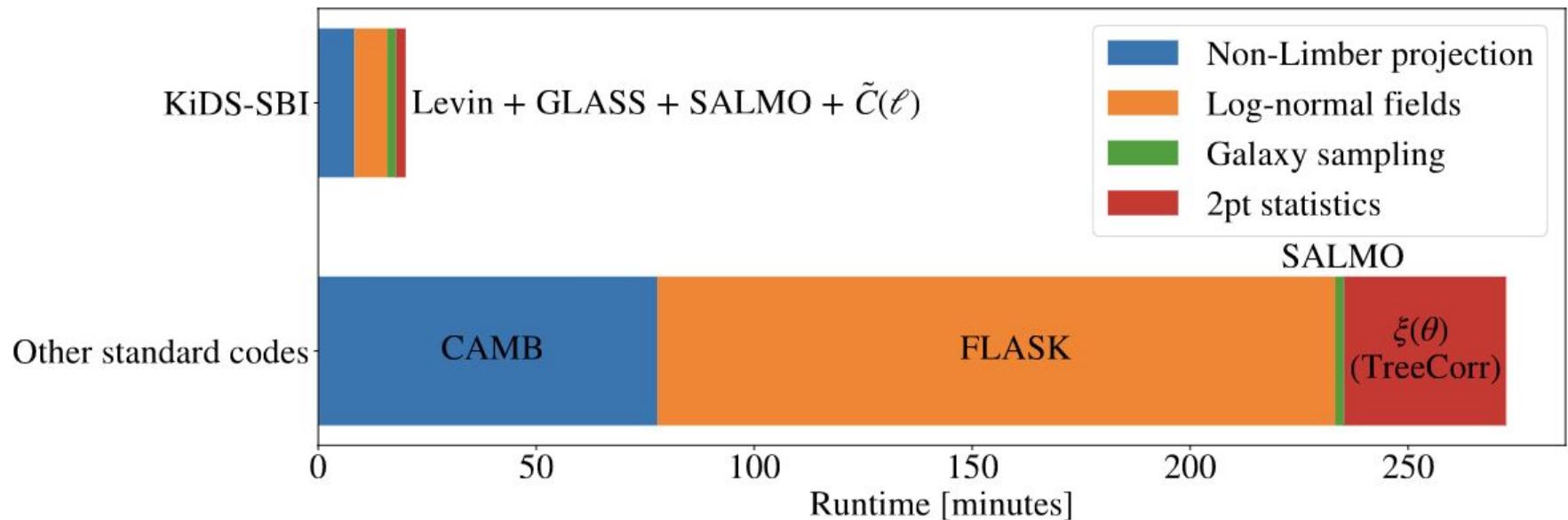
Pixel
Tomographic bin
PSF shear bias
0

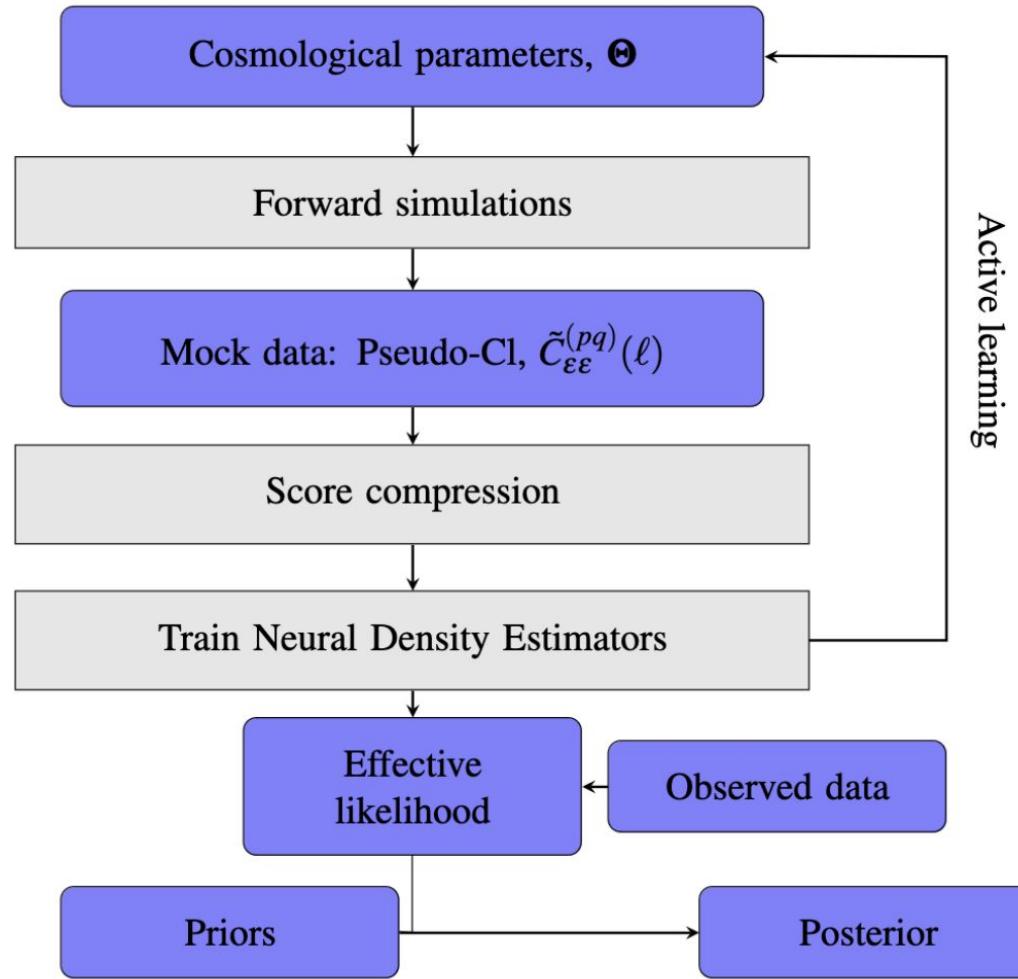


2pt statistics: pseudo-Cl_s



Forward simulations



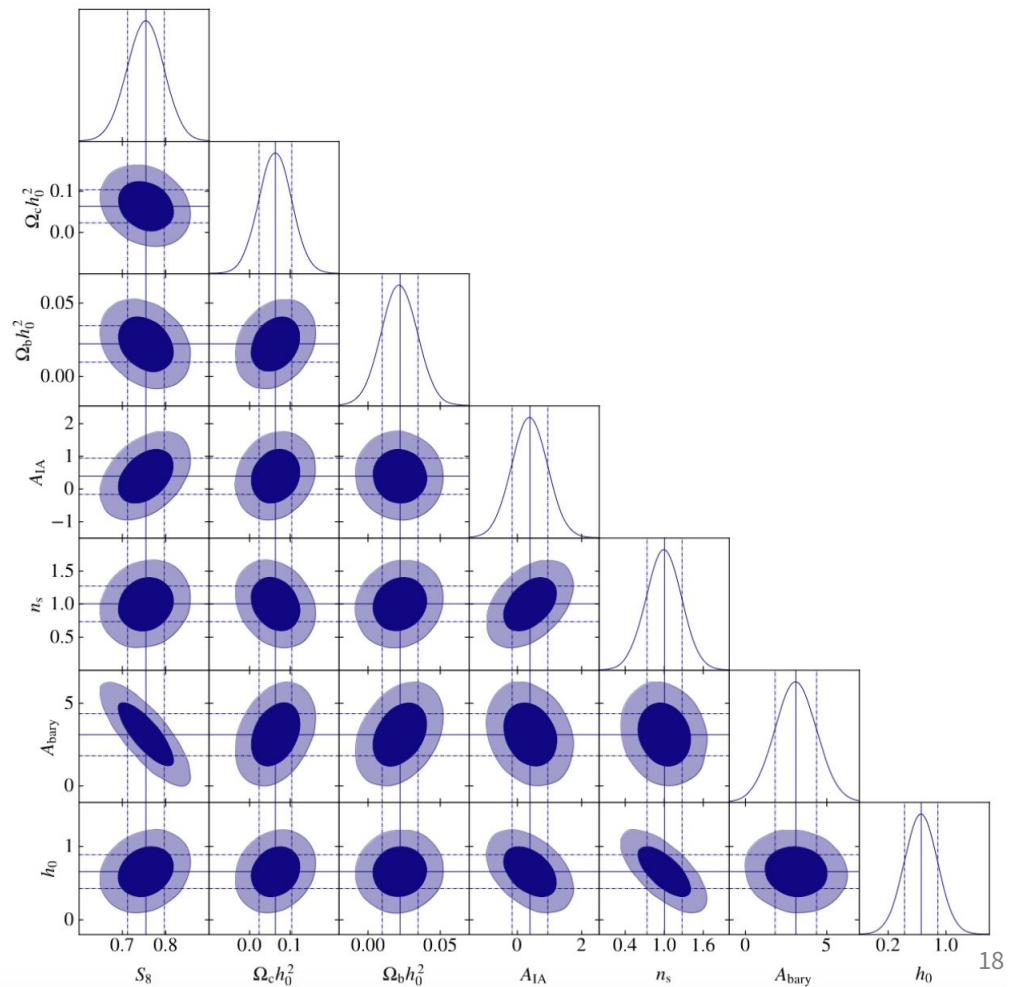


Score Compression

Compress \mathbf{t} down to $|\boldsymbol{\theta}|$

$$\mathbf{t} \equiv \nabla \mathcal{L}_*$$

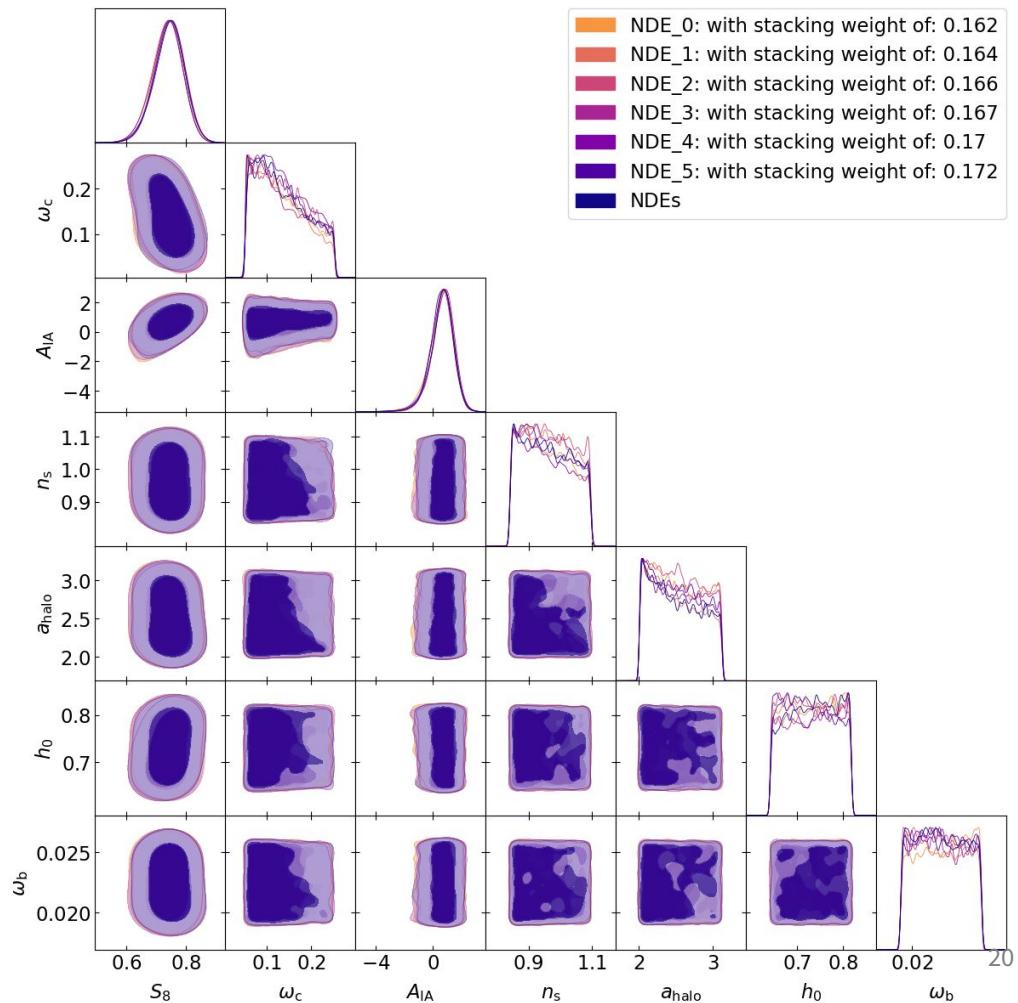
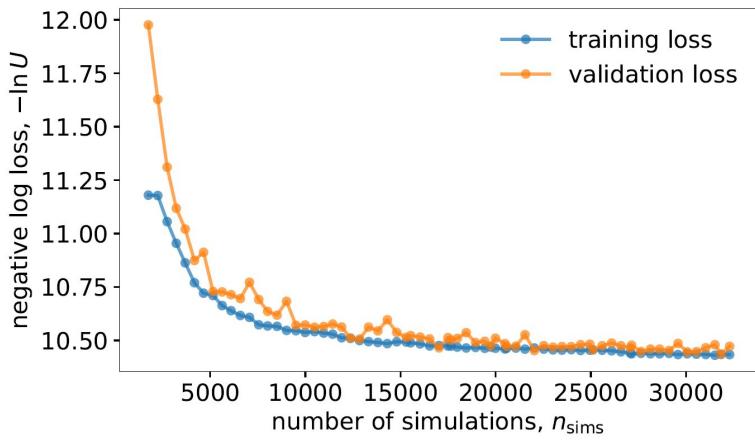
Implicitly marginalise over $\delta\mathbf{z}$



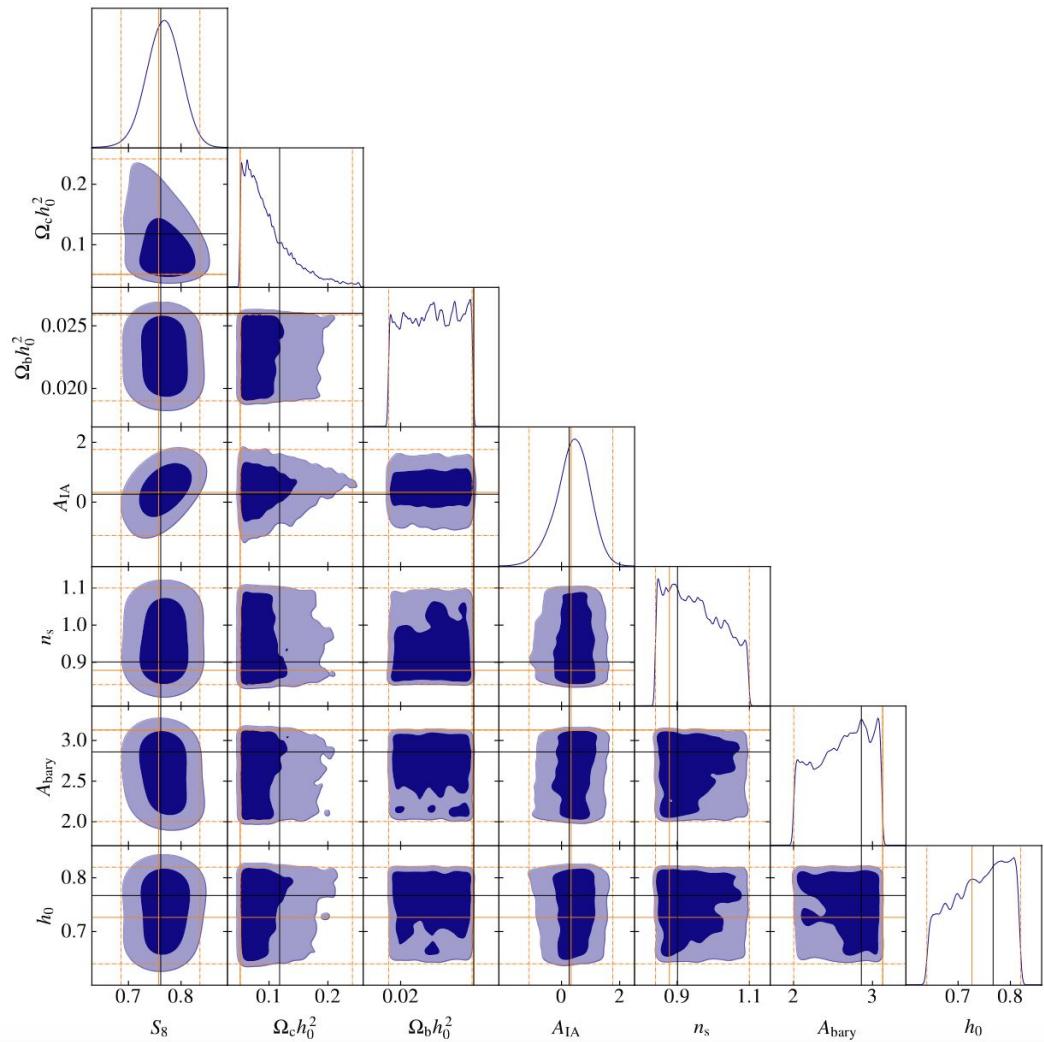
Priors

Parameter	Symbol	Prior type	Prior parameters
Density fluctuation amp.	S_8	Flat	[0.1, 1.3]
Hubble constant	h_0	Flat	[0.64, 0.82]
Cold dark matter density	ω_c	Flat	[0.051, 0.255]
Baryonic matter density	ω_b	Flat	[0.019, 0.026]
Scalar spectral index	n_s	Flat	[0.84, 1.1]
Intrinsic alignment amp.	A_{IA}	Flat	[-6, 6]
Baryon feedback amp.	A_{bary}	Flat	[2, 3.13]
Redshift displacement	δ_z	Gaussian	$\mathcal{N}(\mathbf{0}, \mathbf{C}_z)$

NDEs

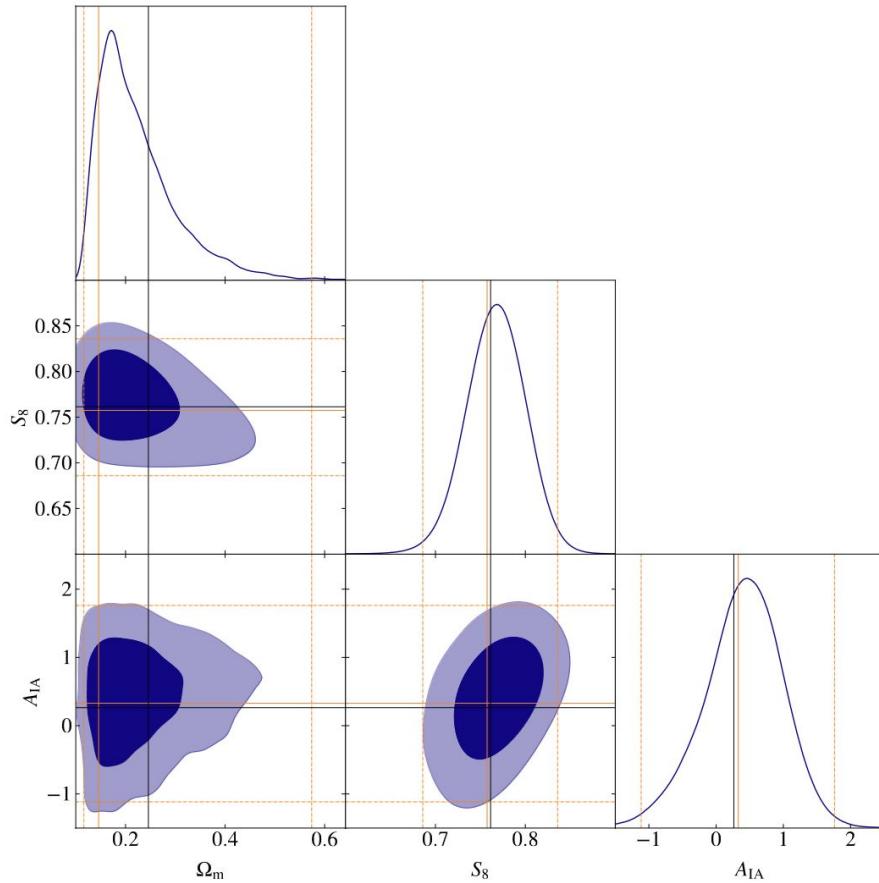


Posterior from mock data

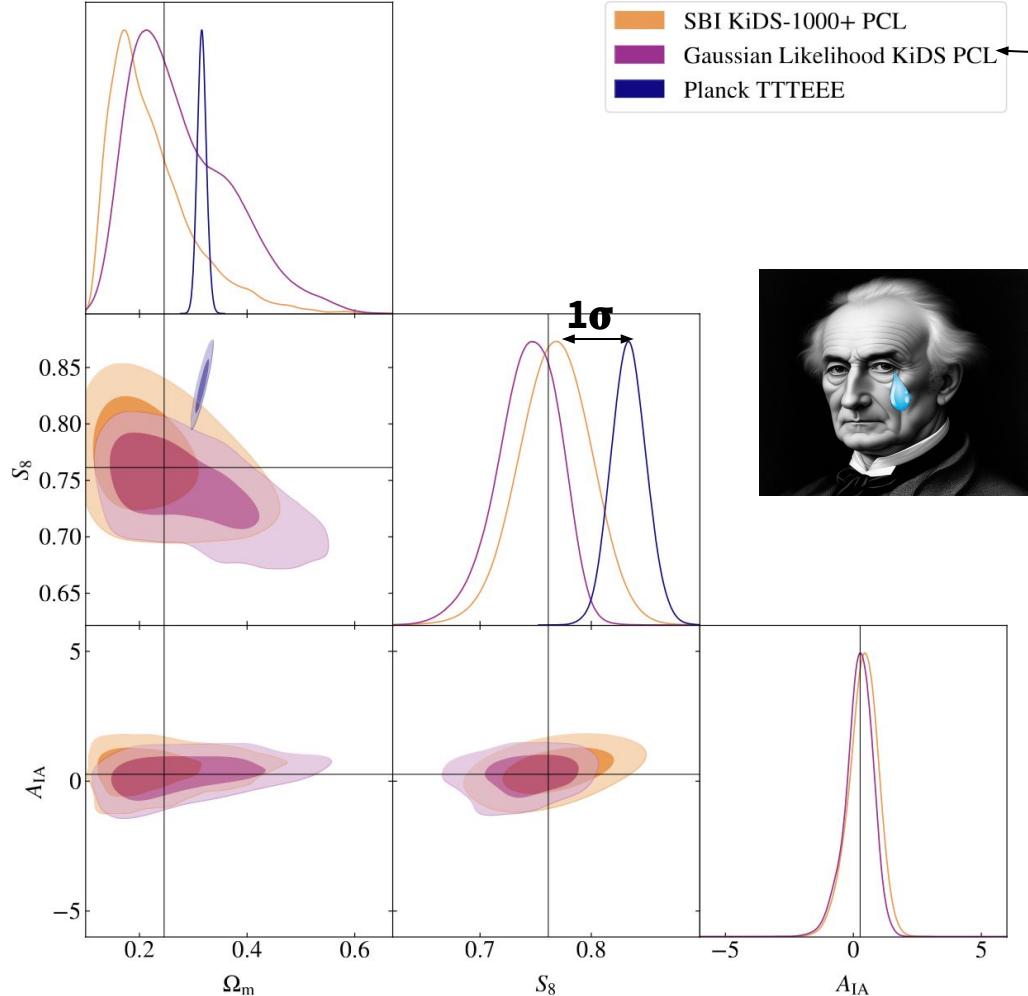


Posterior from mock data

Parameter	Mock truth	MAP \pm PJ-HPD from KiDS-SBI
S_8	0.761	$0.757^{+0.078}_{-0.072}$
σ_8	0.842	$1.086^{+0.118}_{-0.544}$
Ω_m	0.245	$0.145^{+0.428}_{-0.030}$
h_0	0.767	$0.726^{+0.093}_{-0.086}$
ω_c	0.118	$0.050^{+0.191}_{-0.001}$
ω_b	0.026	$0.025^{+0.001}_{-0.007}$
n_s	0.901	$0.878^{+0.221}_{-0.038}$
A_{IA}	0.264	$0.329^{+1.432}_{-1.445}$
A_{bary}	2.859	$3.129^{+0.001}_{-1.128}$

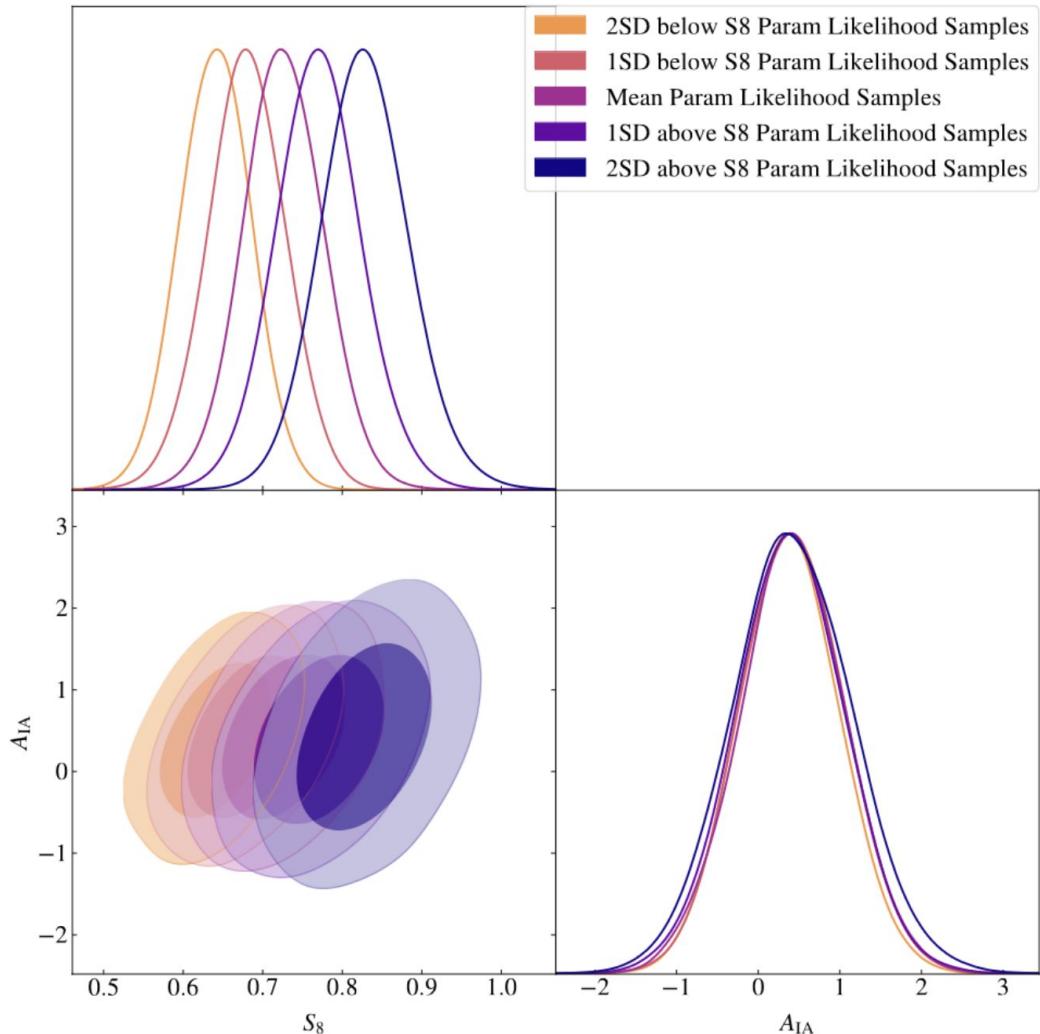


Comparison

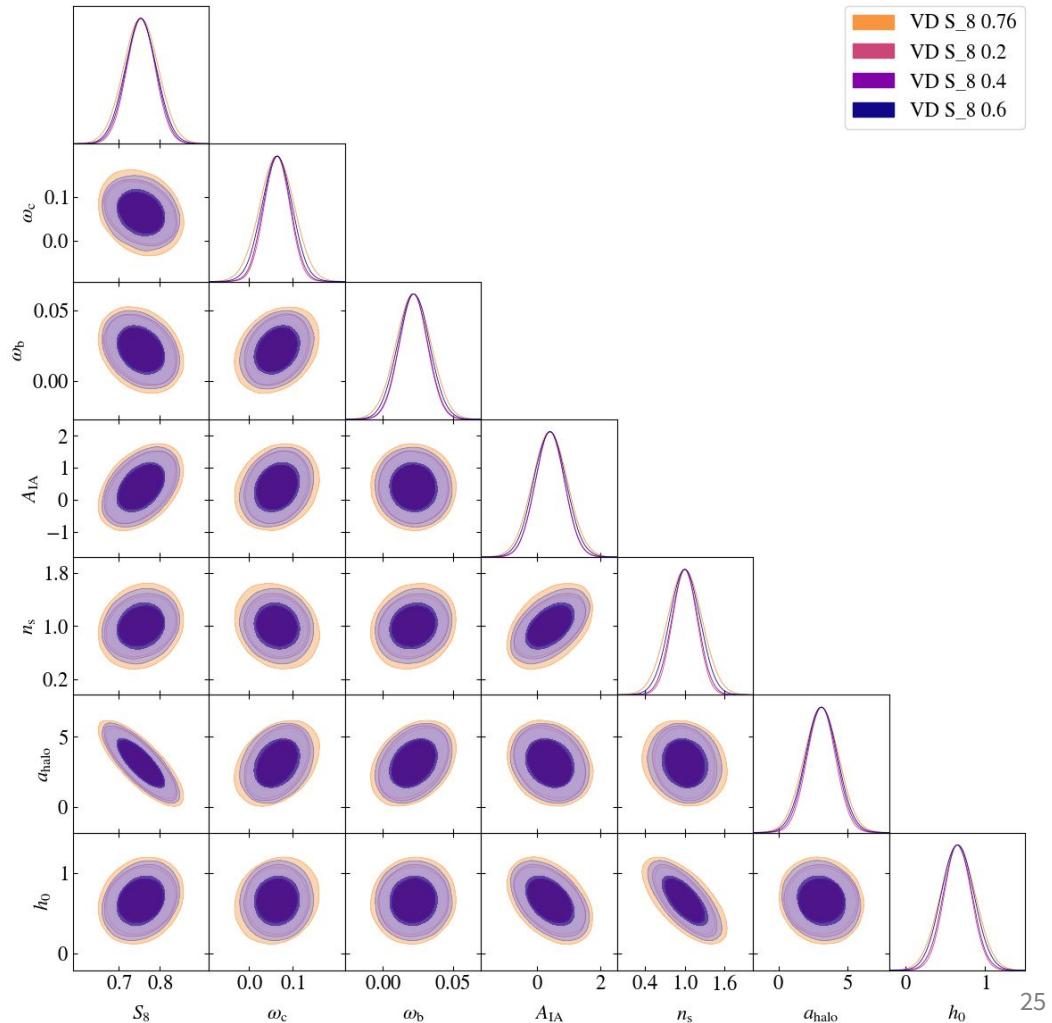


Origins of non-Gaussianity

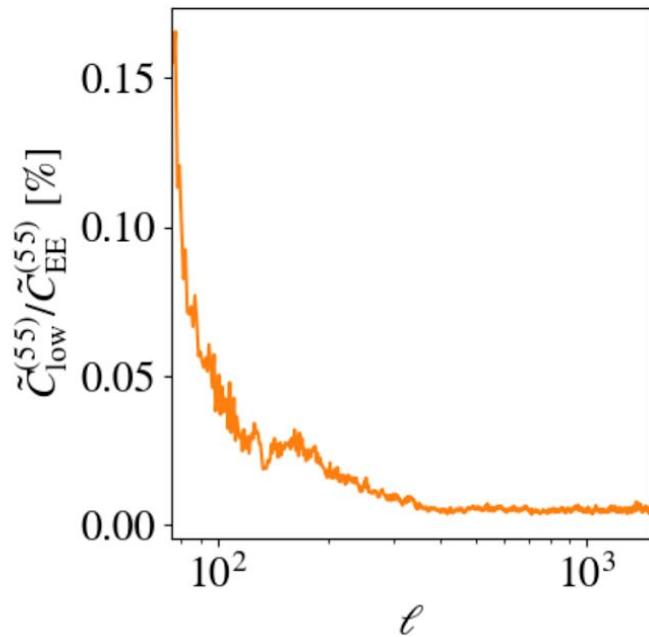
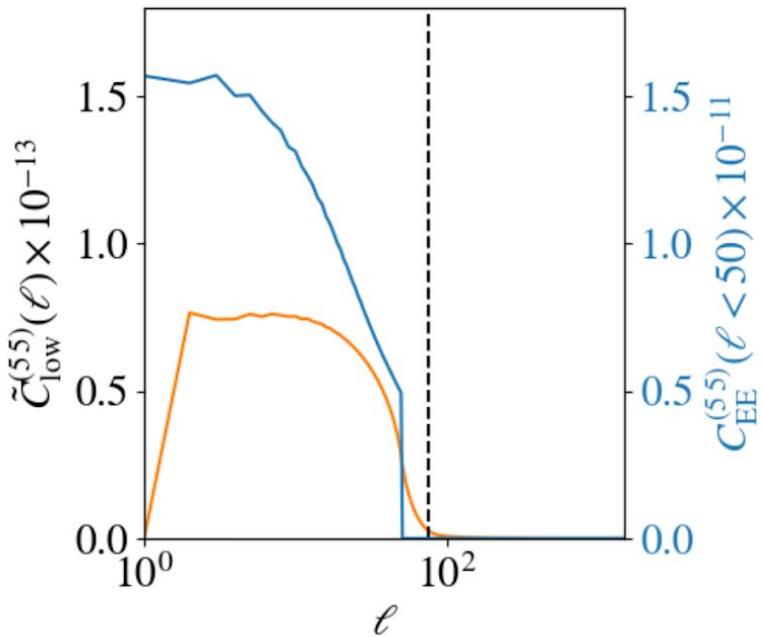
S_8	σ_{S_8}	$\sigma_{A_{\text{IA}}}$
0.650	0.045	0.62
0.701	0.049	0.64
0.761	0.051	0.66
0.802	0.054	0.68
0.851	0.056	0.75



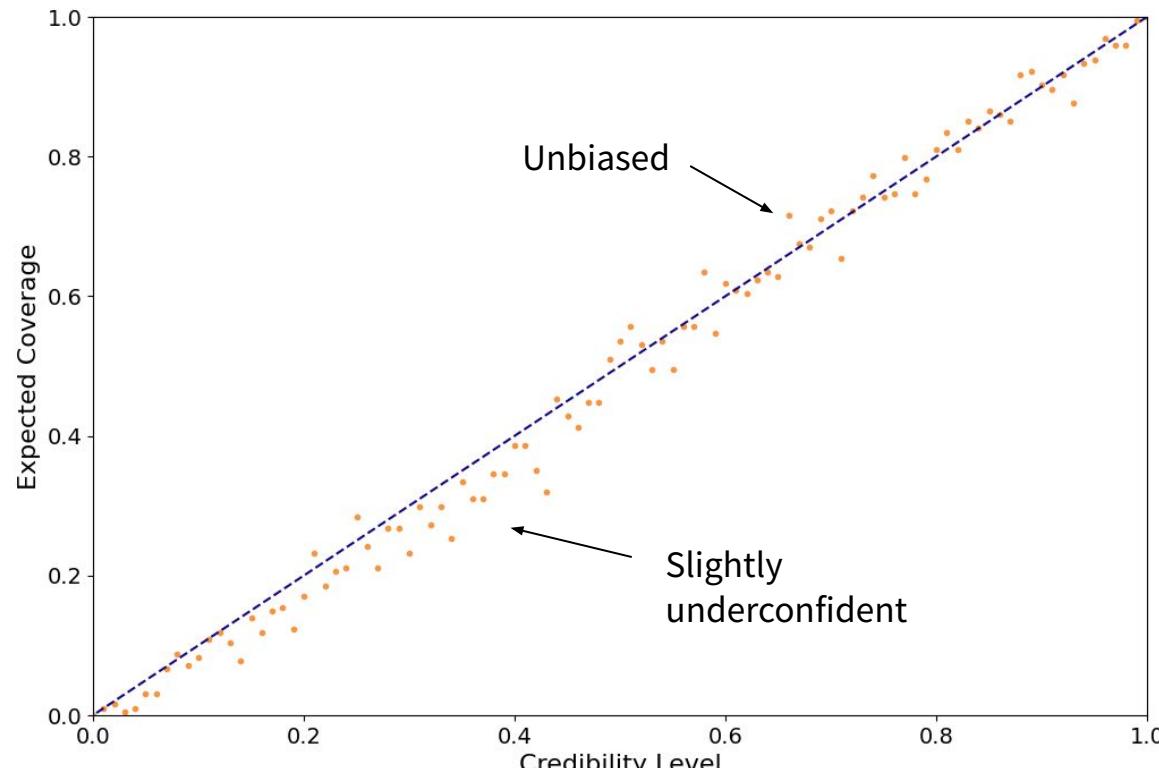
Tests: Fisher forecasts with S_8



Tests: low-ell modes?



Tests: Coverage Test



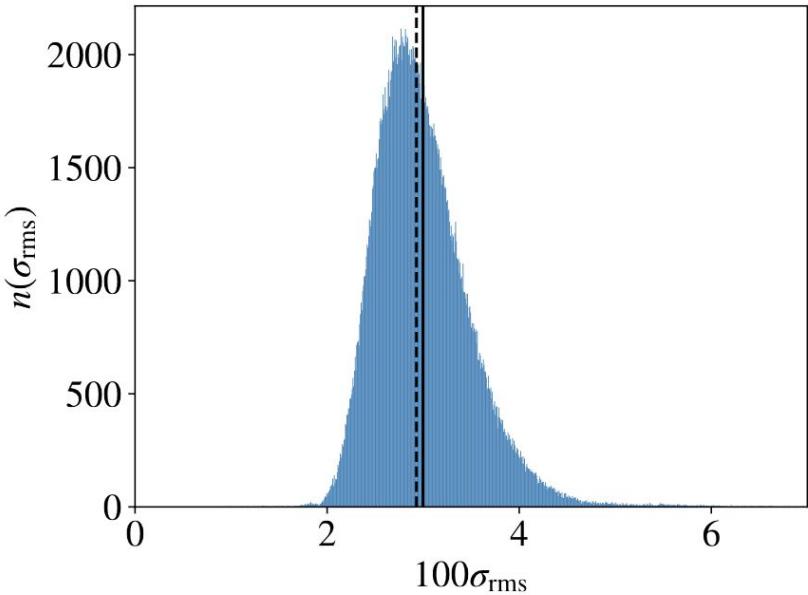
Based on method from Lemos et al. (2023a)

Lin et al. (in prep.)

Conclusions

- If these results remain, it implies a 1σ tension in S_8 between KiDS-1000 and Planck 2018
- The cosmic shear 2PCF likelihood is roughly Gaussian at a given cosmology, but varies considerably with S_8 , likely due to cosmic variance
- But more tests are needed... Any ideas?

Appendix: variable depth shape noise



$$\Delta\sigma_{\text{rms}} = -7 \times 10^{-4}$$

