

Waste & Value

Part 1 of ObjectWind Lean Software Development series *

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* Lean Software Development, by Mary Poppendieck www.ObjectWind.com



ObjectWind Software

- Lean Development Project Services
 - Your team, or
 - Delivered applications
- **Training**
 - OO Design
 - Process Improvement
 - Unit Testing
 - Fitnesse Testing
 - Extreme Programming

- - Chartering
 - Reviews
 - Implementation
 - Lessons Learned
 - Extreme Programming

Dilbert





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Success Stories

- ♦ Wal-Mart
- Procter & Gamble
- ♦ South West Air
- Jet Blue
- ♦ Toyota
- Dell Computer
- Used Lean-Thinking
 - to transform their industry



Why do we build software?

◆ To make **Profit!**

♦ Profit == Revenue – Expense

◆ Revenue from Delivered Perceived <u>Value</u>

◆ Expense = Material + Labor + <u>Waste</u>



Value

- ♦ What is the Value?
- What makes money for the Customer
 - Lines of Code Written?
 - J2EE? .NET?
 - Reusable Book-keeping Framework?
 - First draft Design Document?
 - Well reviewed Design Document?
 - Ruby script written and in production in 10 hours to track baseball stats for talent scouts?



Real Value

- Not Technology
- Usable and actually Used
- Must be in production
- Focus on <u>Usage</u>
 - Fitness for Use
 - Compliance to Specification
- Who judges Fitness for Use?



That's a waste of time?

- Things I've heard:
 - In-process testing ... is a waste of time.
 - Cleaning-up ugly code ... iawot.
 - Finding abstractions ... iawot.
 - Collaborative problem solving iawot.
 - Communication among programmers ... iawot.



Waste

- Partially Finished Work
- Extra Features
- Extra Process Steps
- ◆ Task Switching
- Waiting
- Motion
- Defects
- Management Activities



Partially Finished Work

- A feature only makes money in production
- ♦ Risk > 0% that might not deliver
- Ties up resources
- Becomes obsolete (4% per month)
- ◆ Revenue Expense of that feature
- ◆ To do: define complete, small tasks, that provide real value. And deliver.



Extra Features

- ♦ *Just in case* programming
- Just in case requirements
 - Standish Group Study: 45% feature not used
- ◆ Last chance before requirements are frozen, so stick everything in as high priority!
- More complexity creates more expense starting NOW
 - More code to be tracked and understood
 - Why is this here?
- ♦ To do: Focus on the current needs.
 - Build it clean and well-tested. Deliver.



Task Switching

- Multiple projects cause interrupts.
- Interrupts leave partially finished work
- Switch over time in not Zero
- Switch over time adds no value
- ◆ To do two project fast, do one at a time
- Do one task at a time to completion. Deliver.



Waiting

- Waiting for
 - project kick-off
 - Design review
 - Decision meetings
 - Answers from a person sick at home
- While waiting the real world changes
- ♦ Value is not delivered
- Missed opportunity to make Profits
- ♦ To do: Apply Queuing Theory.
 - Overlapping skills. Smaller deliveries.



Motion

- ♦ I'm going upstairs to see the test results
- Going to find information is waste
- Moving Documents between groups
 - Requirements sent to Designers
 - Designs sent to programmers
- Manual Testing
- Manual Build/Deploy Process
- ♦ To do: Automate everything
 - Build Information Radiators



Defects

... yawn ...

Amount of waste

- = impact of defect * time undiscovered
- To do: Find defects as they are coded
 - Use Test First Development
- Strong positive correlation between number of auto-tests written and programmer productivity



Management Activities

- Value of Project tracking and control?
- Lots of tracking means too much work
- ♦ Too little focus
- More project tracking supports
 - Greater task switching ...
 - Leads to more partially finished work ...
 - Leads to more waiting ...
 - Encourages more features "just in case" ...
- ◆ <u>To do: Be wary when adding management activities and tracking software</u>.



Software In Process (SIP)

- Average days between specifying a feature and its availability
- From Requirements
- ◆ To Deployment in Production



SIP example 1

- Marketing asks development for Feature Q.
- Development produces an installation CD four months later
- ◆ SIP ~= 120



What does SIP tell us?

- Rollup metric indicating levels of
 - Value
 - Waste
- Low SIP shows ability to deliver real value quickly
- High SIP not necessarily bad



SIP example 2

- 3 applications into production
- Web portals
- very complex employee transition management
- Delivers every 2 weeks to production
- ◆ SIP ~10
 - One Defect in last 9 months



SIP example 3

- www.lifeware.ch
- ◆ 4000 tests run with every change
- Changes go into production every evening
- Only needed workflows implemented
- Policy redemption not coded until requested
- Low cost of operation
- \bullet SIP = 1



To do

- Calculate your project SIP
- ♦ What would change to cut that in half?
- Which types of Waste are most obvious ?



Waste

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Tools* (topics in the series)

- Seeing Waste
- Value Stream Mapping
- Feedback
- Iterations
- Pull Systems
- Queuing Theory
- Cost Of Delay
- Systems Thinking
- Parallel ProblemSolving

- Empower the team
- Motivation
- Leadership
- Expertise
- Perceived Integrity
- Conceptual Integrity
- Unit Testing
- Fitness Testing
- Refactoring



See the Waste ...

Be the Value !!!

- References:
 - Lean Software Development
 - Mary Poppendieck
 - Managing Software For Growth
 - Roy Miller
 - Extreme Programming Explained
 - Kent Beck



1-day Workshop Outline

Morning

- Why a Software Process
- What is waste? Value?
- [Case Study: Recognizing Waste & Value]
- The 4 Values of XP
- Process overview: A day in the life of XP
- Practices of XP

Customer Practices

Team Practices

Programmer Practices

Industrial Practices

(one of the following as time
 allows)

- 1- Growing Complex Systems
- 2- Case Studies
- 3- Limits of XP

Afternoon

- Charters and Retrospectives
- [Exercise] Write Project Charter
- Iteration & Release Planning

Development/Manufacturing Planning

- [Exercise] Planning
- [Exercise] Iteration #1
- [Exercise] Retrospective #1
- [Exercise] Iteration #2
- [Exercise] Retrospective #2
 (as time allows)
- Overview of Common Tools:

 RUP XP-Plug in

 Fitnesse, xUnit,

 Refactoring, Code control,

 Auto Build, wiki